

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

FOR NPS USE ONLY
RECEIVED
DATE ENTERED

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS
TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS

1 NAME

HISTORIC St. Luke's Church

AND/OR COMMON

St. Luke's P.E. Church, Church Hill

2 LOCATION

STREET & NUMB West side Maryland Route 213, at its intersection with
Maryland Route 19

CITY, TOWN

Church Hill

NOT FOR PUBLICATION
CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT
First

STATE

Maryland

VICINITY OF
CODE
24

COUNTY CODE
Queen Anne's 035

3 CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESENT USE
<input type="checkbox"/> DISTRICT	<input type="checkbox"/> PUBLIC	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OCCUPIED	<input type="checkbox"/> AGRICULTURE <input type="checkbox"/> MUSEUM
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BUILDING(S)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PRIVATE	<input type="checkbox"/> UNOCCUPIED	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMERCIAL <input type="checkbox"/> PARK
<input type="checkbox"/> STRUCTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> BOTH	<input type="checkbox"/> WORK IN PROGRESS	<input type="checkbox"/> EDUCATIONAL <input type="checkbox"/> PRIVATE RESIDENCE
<input type="checkbox"/> SITE	<input type="checkbox"/> PUBLIC ACQUISITION	<input type="checkbox"/> ACCESSIBLE	<input type="checkbox"/> ENTERTAINMENT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> RELIGIOUS
<input type="checkbox"/> OBJECT	<input type="checkbox"/> IN PROCESS	<input type="checkbox"/> YES: RESTRICTED	<input type="checkbox"/> GOVERNMENT <input type="checkbox"/> SCIENTIFIC
	<input type="checkbox"/> BEING CONSIDERED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES: UNRESTRICTED	<input type="checkbox"/> INDUSTRIAL <input type="checkbox"/> TRANSPORTATION
		<input type="checkbox"/> NO	<input type="checkbox"/> MILITARY <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER:

4 OWNER OF PROPERTY

NAME

Wardens and Vestry of St. Luke's Episcopal Parish

STREET & NUMBER

c/o The Rev. William E. Ticknor, Church Lane

CITY, TOWN

Church Hill

VICINITY OF

STATE

Maryland 21623

5 LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION

COURTHOUSE,
REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.

Queen Anne's County Courthouse

STREET & NUMBER

CITY, TOWN

Centreville

Maryland 21617

6 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

TITLE

DATE

FEDERAL STATE COUNTY LOCAL

DEPOSITORY FOR
SURVEY RECORDS

CITY, TOWN

STATE

7 DESCRIPTION

QA-51

CONDITION		CHECK ONE	CHECK ONE
<input type="checkbox"/> EXCELLENT	<input type="checkbox"/> DETERIORATED	<input type="checkbox"/> UNALTERED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ORIGINAL SITE
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GOOD-exterior	<input type="checkbox"/> RUINS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ALTERED	<input type="checkbox"/> MOVED DATE _____
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FAIR-interior	<input type="checkbox"/> UNEXPOSED		

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

St. Luke's Episcopal Church stands on the west side of Old Maryland Route 213 at its intersection with Maryland Route 19 in the town of Church Hill, Queen Anne's County, Maryland. Built between 1729 and 1732, the church is one story high, five bays long and three bays wide, with brick exterior walls laid in Flemish bond with glazed headers. Narrow buttresses separate the windows on the side; the tall windows, topped with semi-circular brick arches, have twenty-two-over-sixteen sash, and were originally partially shuttered. The church was constructed with three entrances: large doors in the centers of the north and south walls, and a smaller slaves' entrance in the west end. The side entrances have been converted into windows, however, and the west door enlarged to form the main entrance. Its double doors with fanlight give access to a square Italianate tower that was added in 1881, and which features narrow, recessed windows on its second-story level, decorative brickwork below the cornice and a low hip roof. The gambrel roof of the main structure is distinctive in itself, and its use on the semi-circular apse, as well, is an unusual feature on the Eastern Shore. It is covered with cypress shingles and has a simple wooden cornice. The roof originally featured a bell cote on the west gable that supported a 180-pound bell; this was removed, however, only ten years after the building was completed.

The interior of St. Luke's has been considerably altered in the course of several renovations. Its aisle plan was originally more complex, with two aisles running the length of the building, and bisected by another aisle connecting the north and south doors. The tall pulpit with reading desk below was located on the north wall, immediately to the east of the north entrance. Brick tiles were used to pave the aisles, and the floors of the forty-four box pews were paved with stone. The interior walls were plastered and the ceiling barrel-vaulted then, as now, but a slave gallery stood at the west end of the church.

In 1841, a wooden floor and double-hung sash were installed in the church, and the roof and pews were reconditioned. Heavily damaged by its use as a billet for Union Cavalry during the Civil War, St. Luke's was thoroughly renovated in 1881: on the outside, the entrance tower was added, the north and south doors were eliminated, and new windows with stained glass were installed. The current seating plan was instituted, with a single center aisle and walnut bench pews; the slave gallery was removed, the chancel furniture replaced, and wainscoting added. St. Luke's was partially restored to its 18th cent. appearance in 1957, when small-paned sash with clear glass replaced the nineteenth-century stained glass. The church sits on a well-landscaped two acres, sharing the property with a small cemetery and an early nineteenth-century brick schoolhouse that is used as a parish house. In excellent repair, St. Luke's is an active church and is open to visitors.

PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW			
<input type="checkbox"/> PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNITY PLANNING	<input type="checkbox"/> LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> RELIGION
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400-1499	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> CONSERVATION	<input type="checkbox"/> LAW	<input type="checkbox"/> SCIENCE
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500-1599	<input type="checkbox"/> AGRICULTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> ECONOMICS	<input type="checkbox"/> LITERATURE	<input type="checkbox"/> SCULPTURE
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> EDUCATION	<input type="checkbox"/> MILITARY	<input type="checkbox"/> SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> ART	<input type="checkbox"/> ENGINEERING	<input type="checkbox"/> MUSIC	<input type="checkbox"/> THEATER
<input type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMERCE	<input type="checkbox"/> EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> PHILOSOPHY	<input type="checkbox"/> TRANSPORTATION
<input type="checkbox"/> 1900-	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNICATIONS	<input type="checkbox"/> INDUSTRY	<input type="checkbox"/> POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER (SPECIFY)
		<input type="checkbox"/> INVENTION		

SPECIFIC DATES Sept. 1730-1732

BUILDER/ARCHITECT Rev. John Lang (Rector)

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

One of the oldest colonial Episcopal churches still in use, St. Luke's Church in Church Hill, Queen Anne's County, Maryland, is interesting both from the standpoint of architecture and of history. The design of the building, featuring a gambrel roof, high barrel vault ceiling and semi-circular apse, is unusual for the period: only two other eighteenth-century Maryland churches, for instance, incorporate the semi-circular apse, known at the time as the "circle". This was a medieval holdover, of sorts, and frowned upon by proponents of the academic style. St. Luke's is made more distinctive by the use of a gambrel roof on both the main structure and the apse.

From the late seventeenth century, this had been the site of one of the three chapels of ease of St. Pauls' parish. A simple log building, called the "Up River Chapel", was sufficient for the needs of the inhabitants of the area around present-day Church Hill. By 1728, however, the local population had outgrown the chapel, and the incumbent's once-monthly visits. Two hundred fifty-four Queen Anne's County inhabitants of St. Paul's Parish petitioned the Maryland Assembly in that year, seeking the establishment of a new parish. Their request was granted, and in 1729 the Reverend John Lang was sent from England to supervise the erection of St. Luke's parish and the new parish church. Area residents raised the money for the building by subscription. When completed in 1732, St. Luke's Church had cost 140,000 pounds of tobacco, or about 584 pounds sterling. It was built on a hill near the head of Southeast Creek, a tributary of the Chester River, in the northern part of Queen Anne's County. There was no town at this early date but gradually the hill came to be called Church Hill, and a village of the same name grew up around the parish church.

St. Luke's was used regularly until 1791, when it was virtually abandoned for thirty-two years; once again between 1830 and 1840 the church was not in use. Since 1841, however, when a revival and renovation took place, St. Luke's has been continuously staffed, and has had an active congregation. The extant parish records, preserved in the county courthouse in Centreville and at the Hall of Records in Annapolis, reflect this uneven history.

See continuation sheet #1

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

FOR NPS USE ONLY

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DATE ENTERED

St. Luke's Church
Queen Anne's County
Maryland

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 8

PAGE 1

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE (continued)

The church was used as a billet for a company of Union Cavalry during the Civil War; it is said that at this time the original window panes were broken and the pews and pulpit used for firewood. In 1881 the church was considerably altered in the course of another renovation: the last twenty years have seen some efforts at restoring the church and grounds to their eighteenth-century appearance.

On the same property stands a small brick building which is used as a parish house. Built in 1817 as a schoolhouse, the building still contains blackboards and benches of that era, and is reputed to be the oldest school in Queen Anne's County.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

QA-51

Church Records, Hall of Records, Annapolis
 Emory, Frederic, ed. Queen Anne's County, Maryland. Baltimore: The
 Maryland Historical Society, 1950.

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY 2 acres

UTM REFERENCES

A	1, 8	4, 1, 4, 7, 6, 0	4, 3, 3, 2, 8, 0, 0	B			
	ZONE	EASTING	NORTHING		ZONE	EASTING	NORTHING
C				D			

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE

11 FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE	8/76	bjn	Intern
ORGANIZATION	Mrs. Robert B. Hilleary, President/Randolph M. Cornell,		Summer
STREET & NUMBER	Episcopal Churchwoman of St. Luke's/Maryland Historical Trust	DATE	758-0897
CITY OR TOWN	Waltham Farm/21 State Circle	TELEPHONE	267-1438
	Centreville/Annapolis	STATE	Maryland 21617/21401

12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION

THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:

NATIONAL STATE LOCAL

As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.

STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE

John N. Pearce 4/14/77

TITLE

DATE

FOR NPS USE ONLY

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER

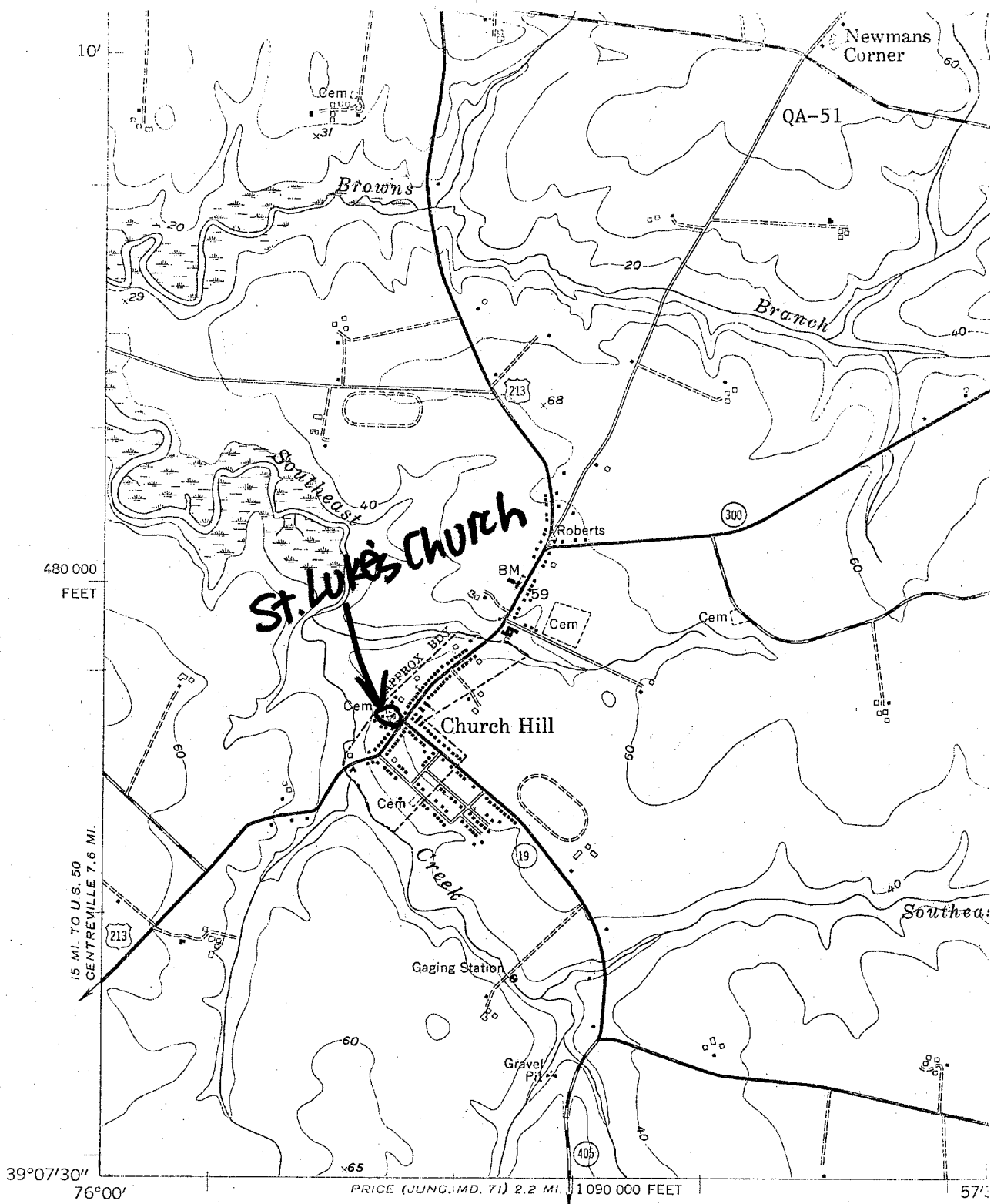
DATE

DIRECTOR, OFFICE OF ARCHEOLOGY AND HISTORIC PRESERVATION

ATTEST:

DATE

KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER



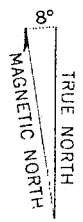
(CENTREVILLE)

Mapped by the Army Map Service
 Edited and published by the Geological Survey
 Control by USGS and USC&GS

Church Hill Quad

Culture and drainage in part compiled from aerial photographs taken 1942. Topography by planetable surveys 1944
 Culture revised by the Geological Survey 1958
 Hydrography compiled from USC&GS chart 548 (1953)

Polyconic projection. 1927 North American datum
 10,000-foot grid based on Maryland coordinate system
 1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid ticks, zone 18, shown in blue



APPROXIMATE MEAN DECLINATION, 1958

MHT

INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

1 NAME

HISTORIC

St. Luke's Church

AND/OR COMMON

St. Luke's P.E. Church, Church Hill

2 LOCATION

STREET & NUMBER West side Maryland Route 213, at its intersection with
Maryland Route 19

CITY, TOWN

Church Hill

___ VICINITY OF

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

1st

STATE

Maryland

COUNTY

Queen Anne's

3 CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESENT USE
<input type="checkbox"/> DISTRICT	<input type="checkbox"/> PUBLIC	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OCCUPIED	<input type="checkbox"/> AGRICULTURE <input type="checkbox"/> MUSEUM
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BUILDING(S)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PRIVATE	<input type="checkbox"/> UNOCCUPIED	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMERCIAL <input type="checkbox"/> PARK
<input type="checkbox"/> STRUCTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> BOTH	<input type="checkbox"/> WORK IN PROGRESS	<input type="checkbox"/> EDUCATIONAL <input type="checkbox"/> PRIVATE RESIDENCE
<input type="checkbox"/> SITE	<input type="checkbox"/> PUBLIC ACQUISITION	<input type="checkbox"/> ACCESSIBLE	<input type="checkbox"/> ENTERTAINMENT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> RELIGIOUS
<input type="checkbox"/> OBJECT	<input type="checkbox"/> IN PROCESS	<input type="checkbox"/> YES: RESTRICTED	<input type="checkbox"/> GOVERNMENT <input type="checkbox"/> SCIENTIFIC
	<input type="checkbox"/> BEING CONSIDERED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES: UNRESTRICTED	<input type="checkbox"/> INDUSTRIAL <input type="checkbox"/> TRANSPORTATION
		<input type="checkbox"/> NO	<input type="checkbox"/> MILITARY <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER:

4 OWNER OF PROPERTY

NAME Wardens and Vestry of St. Luke's Episcopal Parish

Telephone #:

STREET & NUMBER

c/o The Rev. William E. Ticknor, Church Lane

CITY, TOWN

Church Hill

___ VICINITY OF

STATE, zip code

Maryland 21623

5 LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION

COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC Queen Anne's County Courthouse

Liber #:

Folio #:

STREET & NUMBER

Courthouse Square

CITY, TOWN

Centreville

STATE

Maryland

6 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

TITLE

DATE

___ FEDERAL ___ STATE ___ COUNTY ___ LOCAL

DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS

CITY, TOWN

STATE

7 DESCRIPTION

QA51

CONDITION		CHECK ONE	CHECK ONE
<input type="checkbox"/> EXCELLENT	<input type="checkbox"/> DETERIORATED	<input type="checkbox"/> UNALTERED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ORIGINAL SITE
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GOOD exterior	<input type="checkbox"/> RUINS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ALTERED	<input type="checkbox"/> MOVED DATE _____
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FAIR interior	<input type="checkbox"/> UNEXPOSED		

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

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CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

CONTINUATION SHEET

7.1 DESCRIPTION

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In 1841, a wooden floor and double-hung sash were installed in the church, and the roof and pews were reconditioned. Heavily damaged by its use as a billet for Union Cavalry during the Civil War, St. Luke's was thoroughly renovated in 1881: on the outside, the entrance tower was added, the north and south doors

CONTINUATION SHEET

7.2 DESCRIPTION

were eliminated, and new windows with stained glass were installed. The current seating plan was instituted, with a single center aisle and walnut bench pews; the slave gallery was removed, the chancel furniture replaced, and wainscoting added. St. Luke's was partially restored to its 18th century appearance in 1957, when small-paned sash with clear glass replaced the nineteenth-century stained glass. The church sits on a well-landscaped two acres, sharing the property with a small cemetery and an early nineteenth-century brick schoolhouse that is used as a parish house. In excellent repair, St. Luke's is an active church and is open to visitors.

PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW			
PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNITY PLANNING	<input type="checkbox"/> LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> RELIGION
1400-1499	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> CONSERVATION	<input type="checkbox"/> LAW	<input type="checkbox"/> SCIENCE
1500-1599	<input type="checkbox"/> AGRICULTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> ECONOMICS	<input type="checkbox"/> LITERATURE	<input type="checkbox"/> SCULPTURE
1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> EDUCATION	<input type="checkbox"/> MILITARY	<input type="checkbox"/> SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> ART	<input type="checkbox"/> ENGINEERING	<input type="checkbox"/> MUSIC	<input type="checkbox"/> THEATER
1800-1899	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMERCE	<input type="checkbox"/> EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> PHILOSOPHY	<input type="checkbox"/> TRANSPORTATION
1900-	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNICATIONS	<input type="checkbox"/> INDUSTRY	<input type="checkbox"/> POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER (SPECIFY)
		<input type="checkbox"/> INVENTION		

SPECIFIC DATES Sept. 1730-1732

BUILDER/ARCHITECT Rev. John Lang (Rector)

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

One of the oldest colonial Episcopal churches still in use, St. Luke's Church in Church Hill, Queen Anne's County, Maryland, is interesting both from the standpoint of architecture and of history. The design of the building, featuring a gambrel roof, high barrel vault ceiling and semi-circular apse, is unusual for the period: only two other eighteenth-century Maryland churches, for instance, incorporate the semi-circular apse, known at the time as the "circle". This was a medieval holdover, of sorts, and frowned upon by proponents of the academic style. St. Luke's is made more distinctive by the use of a gambrel roof on both the main structure and the apse.

From the late seventeenth century, this had been the site of one of the three chapels of ease of St. Pauls' parish. A simple log building, called the "Up River Chapel", was sufficient for

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

CONTINUATION SHEET

8.1 STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

the needs of the inhabitants of the area around present-day Church Hill. By 1728, however, the local population had outgrown the chapel, and the incumbent's once-monthly visits. Two hundred fifty-four Queen Anne's County inhabitants of St. Paul's Parish petitioned the Maryland Assembly in that year, seeking the establishment of a new parish. Their request was granted, and in 1729 the Reverend John Lang was sent from England to supervise the erection of St. Luke's parish and the new parish church. Area residents raised the money for the building by subscription. When completed in 1732, St. Luke's Church had cost 140,000 pounds of tobacco, or about 584 pounds sterling. It was built on a hill near the head of Southeast Creek, a tributary of the Chester River, in the northern part of Queen Anne's County. There was no town at this early date but gradually the hill came to be called Church Hill, and a village of the same name grew up around the parish church.

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CONTINUATION SHEET

8.2 STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

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The church was used as a billet for a company of Union Cavalry during the Civil War; it is said that at this time the original window panes were broken and the pews and pulpit used for firewood. In 1881 the church was considerably altered in the course of another renovation: the last twenty years have seen some efforts at restoring the church and grounds to their eighteenth-century appearance.

On the same property stands a small brick building which is used as a parish house. Built in 1817 as a schoolhouse, the building still contains blackboards and benches of that era, and is reputed to be the oldest school in Queen Anne's County.

NOTE: Since this form was prepared in 1976 it has been determined that the Centreville Academy (QA-141), constructed circa 1803, predates the Church Hill Academy (QA-52). For more information, refer to the survey material collected for these two buildings.

Orlando Ridout V 9/10/82

QA-51

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Church Records, Hall of Records, Annapolis.

Emory, Frederic, ed. Queen Anne's County, Maryland. Baltimore:

The Maryland Historical Society, 1950.

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY _____

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE _____ COUNTY _____

STATE _____ COUNTY _____

11 FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE

8/76

Mrs. Robert B. Hilleary, President/Randolph M. Cornell, Intern Summer

ORGANIZATION

DATE

758-0897

Episcopal Churchwoman of St. Luke's/Maryland Historical Trust

STREET & NUMBER

TELEPHONE

267-1438

Waltham Farm/21 State Circle

CITY OR TOWN

STATE

Centreville/Annapolis

Maryland 21617/21401

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

RETURN TO: Maryland Historical Trust
The Shaw House, 21 State Circle
Annapolis, Maryland 21401
(301) 267-1438

QA-51

St. Luke's Episcopal
Church

Mary McCarthy
Spring/Summer 2003
Digital color photo on file at MHT

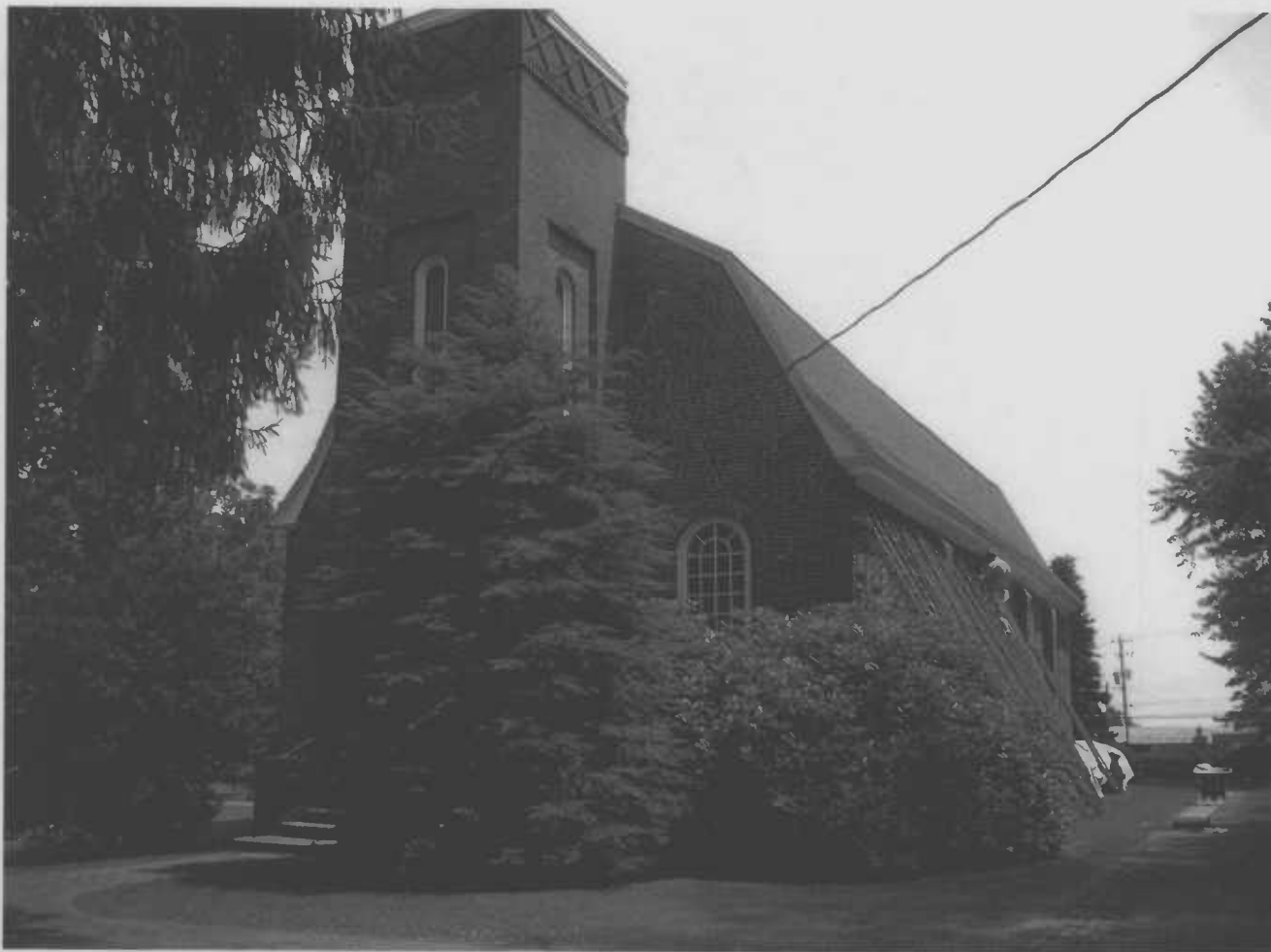


QA-51

St. Luke's

Episcopal Church

Mary McCarthy
Spring/Summer 2003
Digital color photo on file at MHT





QA-51 St. Luke's Church
East

MOB 6/1983



QA-51 St. Luke's Church
North

MOB 6/1983