

Capsule Summary

Jonesville Historic District (Montgomery County #17/8)
North of Poolesville, between Dawsonville and Beallsville,
off Route 28

Poolesville, Maryland

Private - 1870's - 1925

Jonesville's significance is based on its history as an early black settlement in Montgomery County. Descendants of some of the original settlers still live in the community, which was named Jonesville in honor of its founders, Erasmus Jones and Richard Jones, who presumably were brothers. The first tract of 9 1/8 acres was purchased in 1866 by Erasmus Jones and the community is located on part of Aix la Chappelle, a nearby plantation where Erasmus and Richard Jones may have worked.

In the late 1800's and early 1900's other black families settled in the Jonesville community. Many were either descendants of Erasmus and Richard Jones or had married into the family. Included were the families of Basil Bailey, Mary Genus, Horace Genus, Thomas Harper, Levin Hall, George Martin, Henry Noland, and Perry Davis.

Institutions such as churches and schools did not develop within Jonesville itself, probably because it was less accessible than the nearby Jerusalem community, located along

Jerusalem Road and the Beallsville-Poolesville Road. For this reason the members of the Jonesville community belonged to churches in Jerusalem, attended school in Jerusalem, and were probably members of the Loving Charity Society there.

Jonesville's older dwellings are significant because, although there have been extensive alterations over the years, they still reflect the transitions in housing of black landowning families from the period after emancipation through the 20th century and, indeed, up to the present.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

M:17-8

INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

1 NAME

HISTORIC Jonesville Historic District(#17-8)

AND/OR COMMON -

2 LOCATION

STREET & NUMBER (Off Route 28)
North of Poolesville, between Dawsonville and Beallsville

CITY, TOWN CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

VICINITY OF Poolesville 8th

STATE Maryland COUNTY Montgomery

3 CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESENT USE
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DISTRICT	<input type="checkbox"/> PUBLIC	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OCCUPIED	<input type="checkbox"/> AGRICULTURE <input type="checkbox"/> MUSEUM
<input type="checkbox"/> BUILDING(S)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PRIVATE	<input type="checkbox"/> UNOCCUPIED	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMERCIAL <input type="checkbox"/> PARK
<input type="checkbox"/> STRUCTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> BOTH	<input type="checkbox"/> WORK IN PROGRESS	<input type="checkbox"/> EDUCATIONAL <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PRIVATE RESIDENCE
<input type="checkbox"/> SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	<input type="checkbox"/> ENTERTAINMENT <input type="checkbox"/> RELIGIOUS
<input type="checkbox"/> OBJECT	<input type="checkbox"/> IN PROCESS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES: RESTRICTED	<input type="checkbox"/> GOVERNMENT <input type="checkbox"/> SCIENTIFIC
	<input type="checkbox"/> BEING CONSIDERED	<input type="checkbox"/> YES: UNRESTRICTED	<input type="checkbox"/> INDUSTRIAL <input type="checkbox"/> TRANSPORTATION
		<input type="checkbox"/> NO	<input type="checkbox"/> MILITARY <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER

4 OWNER OF PROPERTY

NAME Various Telephone #:

STREET & NUMBER

CITY, TOWN STATE, zip code

VICINITY OF

5 LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION

COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC. Montgomery County Courthouse

Liber #:

Folio #:

STREET & NUMBER Monroe Street

CITY, TOWN Rockville, Md. STATE Md.

6 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

TITLE Montgomery County Inventory of Historic Sites

DATE 1979 FEDERAL STATE COUNTY LOCAL

DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS N. NCPPPC, Park Historian's Office, Mont. Ct.

CITY, TOWN Rockville, Md. STATE

7 DESCRIPTION

M:17-8

CONDITION		CHECK ONE	CHECK ONE
<input type="checkbox"/> EXCELLENT	<input type="checkbox"/> DETERIORATED	<input type="checkbox"/> UNALTERED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ORIGINAL SITE
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GOOD	<input type="checkbox"/> RUINS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ALTERED	<input type="checkbox"/> MOVED DATE _____
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FAIR	<input type="checkbox"/> UNEXPOSED		

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

See attached description

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

8 SIGNIFICANCE

M:17-8

PERIOD		AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW				
<input type="checkbox"/> PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNITY PLANNING	<input type="checkbox"/> LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> RELIGION		
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400-1499	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> CONSERVATION	<input type="checkbox"/> LAW	<input type="checkbox"/> SCIENCE		
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500-1599	<input type="checkbox"/> AGRICULTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> ECONOMICS	<input type="checkbox"/> LITERATURE	<input type="checkbox"/> SCULPTURE		
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> EDUCATION	<input type="checkbox"/> MILITARY	<input type="checkbox"/> SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN		
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> ART	<input type="checkbox"/> ENGINEERING	<input type="checkbox"/> MUSIC	<input type="checkbox"/> THEATER		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMERCE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> PHILOSOPHY	<input type="checkbox"/> TRANSPORTATION		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1900-	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNICATIONS	<input type="checkbox"/> INDUSTRY	<input type="checkbox"/> POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OTHER (SPECIFY)	Black History	
		<input type="checkbox"/> INVENTION				

SPECIFIC DATES

1870's-1925

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

-

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

See attached statement

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Land and Tax Records, Montgomery County Courthouse
Scharf's History of Western Maryland
McDaniel, George W. Black Historical Resources in Upper
Western Montgomery County

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY _____

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE COUNTY

STATE COUNTY

11 FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE

Lois Snyderman

April 18, 1985

ORGANIZATION

DATE

Montgomery County Historic Preservation Commission

STREET & NUMBER

TELEPHONE

Monroe Street

CITY OR TOWN

STATE

Rockville, Md.

Maryland

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

RETURN TO: Maryland Historical Trust
The Shaw House, 21 State Circle
Annapolis, Maryland 21401
(301) 267-1438

M:17-8

To: The Montgomery County Historic Preservation Commission

From: Lois Snyderman

Subject: Jonesville Historic District (17-8)

Date: April 18, 1985

The historic "boundaries" of Jonesville, as indicated by McDaniel in his Black Historical Resources, are outlined on the enclosed Tax Map by a jagged line. The lots on which existing historic structures are located have been shaded-in.

The absence of a significant "grouping" of historic buildings makes it difficult to determine historic district boundaries.

*7. Description

The small community of Jonesville is situated north of Poolesville, between Beallsville and Dawsonville, just off of Route 28. It consists of approximately fifteen dwellings and about an equal number of outbuildings located primarily on Jonesville Road, Jonesville Terrace and Jonesville Court, a cul-de-sac off Jonesville Terrace. One of Jonesville's older dwellings is located on Cattail Lane and two others are on Cattail Road, which runs southwest from Route 28 and leads into the community.

The existing buildings in Jonesville are primarily of recent construction and include several mobile homes. Six of the dwellings, however, date from the late 19th or early 20th century, and three of the six are basically unaltered. The early settlement pattern - the cornfields, pastures and hayfields which existed in the early years of the twentieth century - (according to George W. McDaniel, in Black Historical Sources in Upper Western Montgomery County, Maryland, from which most of this material is taken) are no longer evident, but the area retains its rural character.

In 1979, when McDaniel did his survey of Jonesville for Sugarloaf Regional Trails, he wrote:

"Much of the land is either wooded or in residential lots. Thus its appearance today does not reflect its history, which extends back for more than a century. --- (In the early 20th century) Jonesville Road continued from Jerusalem Road to Cattail Road and the land was cleared so that the community was not an isolated cul-de-sac as it is today. As the map of the historical community in the first quarter of the 20th century (Map 7, attached) shows, the houses were surrounded by gardens and outbuildings and one could see all the way to Cattail Road." (pages 109, 110, Black Historical Sources).

The following dwellings (all listed in McDaniel's survey) are of historical significance. The Bailey House and the Owen's house, on Cattail Road, and the Mary Genus Davis house on Cattail Lane, are basically unaltered.

Elmer Jones House, 19008 Jonesville Terrace, c.1915-1925. A two-story, three-bay frame house with a side-gabled roof with a center peaked gable on the south (main) elevation. The original part of the structure is covered with German siding. Extensively altered to increase its size (like most of the older dwellings in Jonesville), a one-story shed-roofed addition runs the entire width of the south facade and there are smaller shed-roofed additions on both the north and east elevations. Several old outbuildings remain, including a hen house, a privy, and a hog pen.

The property on which the house is located has been owned by the

Jones family since 1866, when Erasmus Jones purchased a little over 9 acres from Thomas Hall. In 1913 Elmer Jones (the grandson of one of the founders of Jonesville) purchased one acre of the tract sold to Erasmus Jones in order to build the existing house, which is still owned by his descendants. (The current owner is Mr. Jones' granddaughter).

A carpenter, stone mason, bricklayer and cement finisher by trade, Elmer Jones erected the house himself, when he was in his late twenties or early thirties, with the help of his father and nephew. According to McDaniel, "the house is representative of the type built by the more prosperous landowners of that period in black communities throughout the county and the state".

(The Elmer Jones house is at the end of Jonesville Terrace, on the south side of the road).

Jones-Hall House, (also known as the Jones-Hall-Sims House), 6 Jonesville Terrace; c.1874. The original part of the house is of log construction and has two storys, three bays, and a side-gabled roof covered with tin. A two-story, two-bay, gable-roofed frame wing has been added at the rear and there is a flat-roofed, one-story addition on the east elevation. What was formerly a screened-in porch across the south (main) elevation has been enclosed to create a one-story shed-roofed addition across the full width of the main facade.

According to McDaniel, the house was probably built by Richard Jones, one of the founders of the Jonesville community, soon after he purchased a tract of 9 acres from the estate of Joseph Bruner in 1874. The 9 acres were part of Aix La Chapelle, a plantation which was located not far from the present-day community of Jonesville. The design and construction of the original log section of the house is similar to that found in other black communities in Montgomery County soon after emancipation, indicating that the Jones-Hall house was probably built at the time of the purchase of the land in 1874 or shortly thereafter. Descendants of the Jones and Hall families have owned the property for over a century.

(The Jones-Hall house is on the northwest corner of the intersection of Jonesville Court and Jonesville Terrace).

George M. Martin House, 127 Jonesville Court; c.1880's. The Martin house is basically a two-story, three-bay, gable-roofed frame house which has been considerably enlarged and covered with artificial siding. A two-story gable-roofed addition on the east elevation gives the structure an L- shape. There is a one-story, one-bay, shed-roofed addition across the width of the main (south) elevation and a similar addition at the rear of the house.

The property was probably purchased from the estate of George Bruner by George Martin in the late 1870's or 1880's, since other blacks in Jonesville were buying property from the Bruner estate at about the same

time. The house is representative of the type built by the more prosperous black landowners in the late nineteenth century.

(The Martin House stands at the end of Jonesville Court, on the east side of the road).

Mary (Genus) Davis House, north side of Cattail Lane, between Cattail Road and Jonesville Road; c.1870-1890. A very simple, small frame house, one-and-one-half stories, two-bays-by-one, gable-roofed, with a shed-roofed screened-in porch across the main (south) elevation. According to McDaniel, this is one of the oldest of the early black-owned houses in this part of the County. Its exterior is sheathed with tarpaper and it has two rooms, one up and one down.

The land on which the house sits was purchased by Mary Davis in the late 1800's. The house was occupied (as of 1979) by one of her descendants and the property is still owned by her heirs. The Genus family helped to found the Jonesville community.

Solomon Owens House, 18200 Cattail Road; c.1901. A handsome two-and-one-half-story, three-bay-by-one, center-entrance frame house with a side-gabled roof and a center peaked gable on the east (main) elevation. The gable-ends and center peaked gable have small windows. There are chimneys at each end of the roof, which is of seamed tin. The clapboard siding is unpainted, and the house appears to be unaltered, except for a small shed-roofed addition to the rear. There are several outbuildings.

The house was built for the family of Solomon Owens, one of the black landowners in this area at the turn-of-the-century. The property, a little over 2 acres, was purchased by Sarah Owens from John Tyler in 1901.

Basil Bailey House, west side of Cattail Road between Route 28 and Cattail Lane, c.1899. A two-story, three-bay-by-one frame house with a center entrance and a side-gabled roof covered with seamed tin. One gable end has a small window and the cornices are boxed. The house is covered with asbestos siding and is vacant. (As of March, 1985, the owner was occupying a mobile home directly behind the Bailey house).

According to interviews conducted by Mr. McDaniel, this was the home of Basil Bailey and his family around the turn of the century. The property was purchased by Mr. Bailey from the Hebron family in 1899 and the house was probably built about that time, judging by its style. Since Bailey was born in 1858 he may have been born a slave, in which case this house would be "a testament to his upward mobility".

(Both the Bailey and Owens dwellings are on the West side of Cattail Road, not far from the intersection of Cattail Road and Route 28).

*8 Statement of Significance

Jonesville

Jonesville's significance is based on its history as an early black settlement in Montgomery County; descendants of some of the original settlers still live in the community.

"Unlike the other (black) communities in this survey, Jonesville received its name from the founding families, Erasmus Jones and Richard Jones, who presumably were brothers. The first tract of 9 1/8 acres was purchased in 1866 by Erasmus Jones. The identity of Erasmus and the location of his house are not remembered. However, the home of Richard Jones still stands. He purchased nine acres in 1874 from the heirs of Joseph Bruner, a white farmer, whose residence was shown on the Martinet and Bond Map of Montgomery County of 1865. (attached). It was part of Aix la Chappelle, a plantation nearby where Erasmus and Richard Jones may have worked.

In the late 1800's and early 1900's other black families settled in the Jonesville community. They were either descendants of Erasmus and Richard Jones or had married into the family or were simply seeking available land. These people included the families of Basil Bailey, Mary Genus, Horace Genus, Thomas Harper, Levin Hall, George Martin, Henry Noland, and Perry Davis. The homes of Noland and Davis are shown on the Hopkins Atlas map of the Medley District (attached).

Institutions such as churches and schools did not develop within Jonesville itself, probably because it was less accessible than the nearby Jerusalem community located along Jerusalem Road and the Beallsville-Poolesville Road. For this reason the members of the Jonesville community belonged to the two churches in Jerusalem, attended school in Jerusalem, and were probably members of the Loving Charity Society there. --- Today the members of the Jonesville community still retain some of the traditional ways of life and are concerned about the preservation of their community's heritage." (George W. McDaniel, Black Historical Resources in Upper Western Montgomery County, Maryland, Sugarloaf Regional Trails, 1979).

In addition to the buildings described under *7, McDaniel also lists five sites that are of historical significance because they were once occupied by dwellings belonging to early settlers in the community. One of these structures, the late 18th century Harper family house, was dismantled in 1976 and reassembled at the Brookside Nature Center in Wheaton Regional Park as an example of "a pioneer cabin". (The Harper house was adjacent to the Mary Genus Davis house on Cattail Lane).

In discussing the significance of Jonesville's older dwellings, McDaniel describes how they changed in style and size over the years and

what these changes meant in terms of the development of the black community:

"The home of Richard Jones, later of Levin Hall, and now of the Sims family --- was like most log houses of black families after emancipation in Montgomery County. Plain in appearance, it stood two stories high and contained two rooms down and two up. Close by was the dwelling of Mary Genus Davis. A smaller frame house of one room down and one up, it still stands today. Next to it stood the home of Horace Genus, the son of Mary Genus Davis. Like the houses built by the second generation in other communities, it was a two story frame house with two rooms down and two up and had decorative features that were popular near the turn of the century. Similar in construction and design were the homes of Basil Bailey and Solomon Owen on Cattail Road (still standing). The third generation continued with these building traditions, as can be seen (from) the house constructed by Elmer Jones c.1925. Thus the houses in Jonesville reflect the transitions in housing of black landowning families from the period after emancipation through the 20th century and indeed up to the present". (Pages 110-113, Black Historical Resources).

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST WORKSHEET 1603295304

NOMINATION FORM for the NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES, NATIONAL PARKS SERVICE

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

1. NAME

COMMON: JONESVILLE AREA HOUSES

AND/OR HISTORIC: H. Noland Log House

2. LOCATION

STREET AND NUMBER: Cattail Road

CITY OR TOWN: Poolesville

STATE: Maryland COUNTY: Montgomery

3. CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY (Check One)	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	ACCESSIBLE TO THE PUBLIC
<input type="checkbox"/> District <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Building <input type="checkbox"/> Site <input type="checkbox"/> Structure <input type="checkbox"/> Object	<input type="checkbox"/> Public <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Private <input type="checkbox"/> Both	Public Acquisition: <input type="checkbox"/> In Process <input type="checkbox"/> Being Considered	<input type="checkbox"/> Occupied <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Unoccupied <input type="checkbox"/> Preservation work in progress
Yes: <input type="checkbox"/> Restricted <input type="checkbox"/> Unrestricted <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No			

PRESENT USE (Check One or More as Appropriate)

<input type="checkbox"/> Agricultural	<input type="checkbox"/> Government	<input type="checkbox"/> Park	<input type="checkbox"/> Transportation	<input type="checkbox"/> Comments
<input type="checkbox"/> Commercial	<input type="checkbox"/> Industrial	<input type="checkbox"/> Private Residence	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> Educational	<input type="checkbox"/> Military	<input type="checkbox"/> Religious	<u>Abandoned</u>	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> Entertainment	<input type="checkbox"/> Museum	<input type="checkbox"/> Scientific	_____	_____

4. OWNER OF PROPERTY

OWNER'S NAME:

STREET AND NUMBER:

CITY OR TOWN: STATE:

5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION

COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.: Montgomery County Courthouse

STREET AND NUMBER:

CITY OR TOWN: Rockville STATE: Maryland

Title Reference of Current Deed (Book & Pg. #):

6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

TITLE OF SURVEY: None

DATE OF SURVEY: Federal State County Local

DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS:

STREET AND NUMBER:

CITY OR TOWN: STATE:

7. DESCRIPTION

CONDITION	(Check One)					
	<input type="checkbox"/> Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Good	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Deteriorated	<input type="checkbox"/> Ruins	<input type="checkbox"/> Unexposed
	(Check One)			(Check One)		
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Altered	<input type="checkbox"/> Unaltered	<input type="checkbox"/> Moved	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Original Site		

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (if known) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The house is a 1-1/2 story, log structure with a three bay facade. There is a central doorway; on the second floor the windows are at the eaves.

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

8. SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD (Check One or More as Appropriate)

- Pre-Columbian 16th Century 18th Century 20th Century
- 15th Century 17th Century 19th Century

SPECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicable and Known)

AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Check One or More as Appropriate)

- | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Aboriginal
<input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric
<input type="checkbox"/> Historic
<input type="checkbox"/> Agriculture
<input type="checkbox"/> Architecture
<input type="checkbox"/> Art
<input type="checkbox"/> Commerce
<input type="checkbox"/> Communications
<input type="checkbox"/> Conservation | <input type="checkbox"/> Education
<input type="checkbox"/> Engineering
<input type="checkbox"/> Industry
<input type="checkbox"/> Invention
<input type="checkbox"/> Landscape
<input type="checkbox"/> Architecture
<input type="checkbox"/> Literature
<input type="checkbox"/> Military
<input type="checkbox"/> Music | <input type="checkbox"/> Political
<input type="checkbox"/> Religion/Phi-
lasophy
<input type="checkbox"/> Science
<input type="checkbox"/> Sculpture
<input type="checkbox"/> Social/Human-
itarian
<input type="checkbox"/> Theater
<input type="checkbox"/> Transportation | <input type="checkbox"/> Urban Planning
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)
<hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> |
|--|--|---|--|

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Blank area for Major Bibliographical References.

10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING A RECTANGLE LOCATING THE PROPERTY			O R	LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING THE CENTER POINT OF A PROPERTY OF LESS THAN TEN ACRES		
CORNER	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE		LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	
	Degrees Minutes Seconds	Degrees Minutes Seconds		Degrees Minutes Seconds	Degrees Minutes Seconds	
NW	° ' "	° ' "		° ' "	° ' "	
NE	° ' "	° ' "		° ' "	° ' "	
SE	° ' "	° ' "		° ' "	° ' "	
SW	° ' "	° ' "		° ' "	° ' "	

APPROXIMATE ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY:

Acreage Justification:

Blank area for Acreage Justification.

11. FORM PREPARED BY

NAME AND TITLE:
Christopher Owens, Park Historian

ORGANIZATION: M-NCPPC

DATE: 10 May 74

STREET AND NUMBER:
8787 Georgia Avenue

CITY OR TOWN: Silver Spring

STATE: Maryland

12. State Liaison Officer Review: (Office Use Only)

Significance of this property is:

National State Local

Signature _____

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

April, 1985

M:17-8

Jonesville (17/8)

Property Owners (Historic properties)

Elmer Jones House, 19008 Jonesville Terrace

Hannah Jones et al
18401 Jonesville Rd.
Poolesville, Md. 20837

P.635, one acre
3959/734

Jones-Hall-Sims House, 6 Jonesville Terrace

Roland F. and V.D. Sims
5652 Whitfield Chapel Rd.
Apt. 304
Lanham, Md. 20801

P.497, two acres
3371/322

George H. Martin House, 127 Jonesville Court

Raleigh English et al
Jonesville Road
Poolesville, Md. 20837

P.390, 2.16 acres
4177/301

Solomon Owens house, 18200 Cattail Road

Sarah Owens
c/o Martha N. Johnson
18200 Cattail Rd.
Poolesville, Md. 20837

P. 890, 2.50 acres
TD 17/78

Mary Genus Davis House, north side of Cattail Lane, between
Cattail Road and Jonesville Road

Mary A. Davis heirs
Rt. 1
Box 2130
Poolesville, Md. 20837

P.689, .50 acres

April, 1985

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Jonesville (17/8)

Cont.

Property Owners

(Historic Properties)

Basil Bailey House, west side of Cattail Road, between
Route 28 and Cattail Lane

Mrs. M.V. Owens
18310 Cattail Road
Poolesville, Md. 20837

P.703, .50 acres
4204/14

Jonesville (17-8)

M:17-8

Owners of Non-historic property
or vacant land in area outlined on map

- P. 495, Jonesville Rd. (no imp.) 1.11 ac.
T.L. Heitmillier
3001 Beech St. N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20015
- P. 529, Jonesville Rd. (no imp) 1.00 ac.
Montgomery County
EDB 101 Monroe St.
Rockville, Md. 20850
- P.527, Jonesville Rd. (no imp.) 2.00 ac.
Montgomery County (see above)
- P.604, 18319 Jonesville Rd. 39985 F.
C.R. and D.M. Jackson
P.O. Box 193
Poolesville, Md. 20837
- P.606, 19012 Jonesville Terr. 1.28 ac.
S.H. Howard et al
3035 Dabee Diego Dr.
Escondido, CA 92025
- P.605, 18311 Jonesville Terr. 43560F.
A.E. and R. Coleman
c/o Mrs. Callie Thomas
Box 217
Dickerson, Md. 20842
- P.634, Jonesville Road (no imp.) 2.76 ac.
C.R. Jones
c/o Naomi Johnson
9160 Edmonston Rd. #201
Greenbelt, Md. 20770
- P. 735, Cattail Rd. (no imp) 7.69 ac.
H.W. pumphrey & D.J. Willard
P.O. Box 37
Poolesville, Md. 20837
- P. 679, Cattail Rd. 3.00 ac.
W.R. & K.J. Young
18316 Cattail Rd.
Poolesville, Md. 20837
- P. 783, 18300 Cattail Rd. 1.10 ac.
R.G. & C.S. West
24220 River Rd.
Dickerson, Md. 20842

Jonesville (17-8)

M:17-8

Non-historic property or vacant land

- P. 830: Jonesville Road (no imp.) 8.94 acres
E.M. Reid et al
c/o Mrs. Wilton Flowers
8172 Old Mill Rd.
Pasadena, Md. 21122
- P. 769: Jonesville Rd. (no imp.) 7.10 acres
H. Roland Heirs
c/o Elsie Johnson
74 William St.
Orange, N.J. 07050
- P. 717: Jonesville Road (no imp) .50 acres
E. Genus, Jr.
Poolesville, Md. 20837
- P. 691: Jonesville Road (no imp.) 1.35 acres
J & J Imes
18707 Jerusalem Church Rd.
Poolesville, Md. 20837

M:17-8 From: Black Historical Resources in Upper

WESTERN MONTGOMERY COUNTY BLACK HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

117 Western
Montgomery
County, Md
(McDaniel)

COMMUNITY: Jonesville

SITE	LOCATION ON TAX MAP	PRESENT PHYSICAL CONDITION	DATE OF CONSTRUCTION	HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANCE
1. Basil Bailey house M-17-8-1 ✓	CT 563 - p. 703	Fair	1899	Significant
2. Mary Genus Davis house M-17-8-2 ✓	CT 343 -p. 689	Fair	c. 1870-1890	Very Significant
3. Horace Genus house (Site) M-17-8-3	CT 343 -p. 717	Destroyed	c. 1911	Site
4. Thomas Harper house (Site) M-17-8-4	Wheaton Regional Park's Brookside Nature Center	Reconstructed	Late 18th cen. Early 19th century	Site
5. Jones-Hall-Sims house M-17-8-5 ✓	CT 43 - p. 497	Fair	c. 1874	Very Significant
6. Dennis & Henry Jones (Site) M-17-8-6	CT 343 -p. 529 ^{527&}	Destroyed	Unknown	Site
7. Elmer Jones house M-17-8-7 ✓	CT 343-p. 635 ^{634 &}	Good	1915-1925	Significant
8. Frank Jones house (Site) M-17-8-8	CT 43 - p. 495	Destroyed	c.1870- 1890	Site
9. George M. Martin house M-17-8-9 ✓	CT 43 - p. 390	Good	c. 1880s	Significant
10. Noland house (Site) M-17-8-10	CT 43 - p. 769	Destroyed	Late 1880s	Site
11. Solomon Owens house M-17-8-11 ✓	CT 343 - p. 890	Fair	c. 1901	Significant

M:17-8

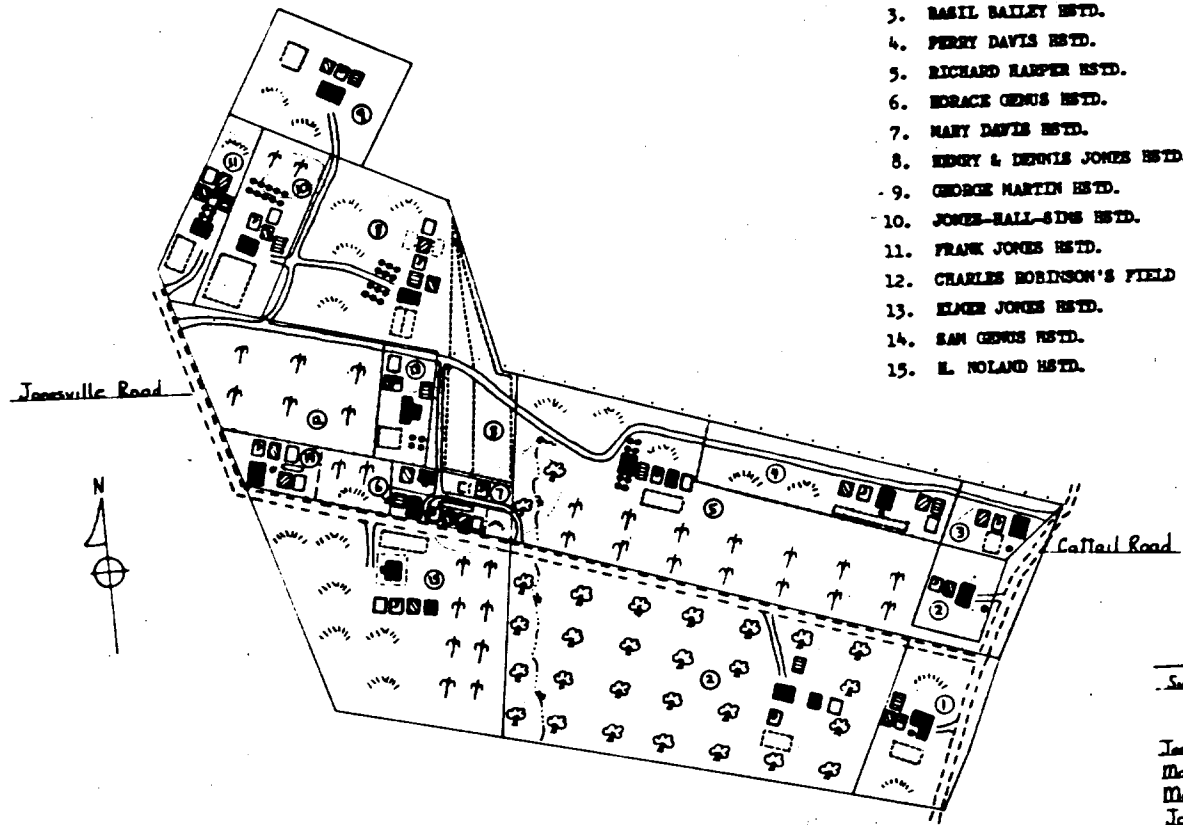
From: Black Historical Resources

(McDaniel)

Key

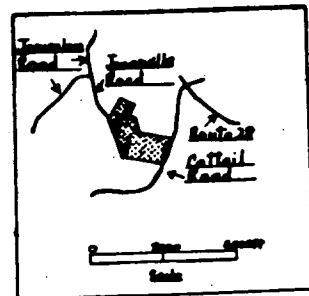
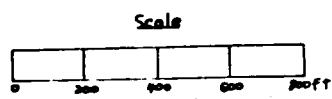
- | | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| 1. SOLOMON OWENS HSTD. | 2.50 AC. |
| 2. JOHN TYLER HSTD. | 10.66 AC. |
| 3. BASIL BAILEY HSTD. | 1.75 AC. |
| 4. PERRY DAVIS HSTD. | 3.00 AC. |
| 5. RICHARD HARPER HSTD. | 8.25 AC. |
| 6. HORACE GEMUS HSTD. | 1.00 AC. |
| 7. MARY DAVIS HSTD. | 1.00 AC. |
| 8. EDWY & DENNIS JONES HSTD. | 5.76 AC. |
| 9. GEORGE MARTIN HSTD. | 2.50 AC. |
| 10. JONES-BALL-SIMS HSTD. | 2.00 AC. |
| 11. FRANK JONES HSTD. | 1.13 AC. |
| 12. CHARLES ROBINSON'S FIELD | 3.00 AC. |
| 13. ELMER JONES HSTD. | 1.00 AC. |
| 14. SAM GEMUS HSTD. | 1.30 AC. |
| 15. E. NOLAND HSTD. | 7.75 AC. |

- CHURCH
- CEMETERY
- LODGE
- COMMUNITY CENTER
- STORE
- POST OFFICE
- SCHOOL
- DWELLING
- FRY
- STABLE
- HEAT HOUSE
- HEN HOUSE
- MILK HOUSE
- CORN/FEED HOUSE
- PIG PEN
- GARDEN
- PASTURE
- CORNFIELD
- HAY FIELD
- ORCHARD
- FOREST
- THICKET
- WELL
- SPRING
- STREAM
- POND
- PARCEL BOUNDARY
- FENCED PARCEL BDY.
- FENCE
- DIRT ROAD
- LANE
- PATH
- STREAM FLOW




































Source
 Steven Dealittle
 Sugarcreek Regional Trails

Oral Informants
 Joseph Harper
 Martha Johnson
 Macy Reed
 John Sims
 Charlie Turner



DWELLINGS AND OUTBUILDINGS NOT DRAWN TO SCALE
 HSTD. = HOMESTEAD PROP. = PROPERTY

MAP 7
 JONESVILLE COMMUNITY, c. 1900-1925

- CHURCH 
- CEMETERY 
- LODGE 
- COMMUNITY CENTER 
- STORE 
- POST OFFICE 
- SCHOOL 
- DWELLING 
- PRIVY 
- STABLE 
- MEAT HOUSE 
- HEN HOUSE 
- MILK HOUSE 
- CORN/FEED HOUSE 
- PIG PEN 
- GARDEN 
- PASTURE 
- CORNFIELD 
- HAY FIELD 
- ORCHARD 
- FOREST 
- THICKET 
- WELL 
- SPRING 
- STREAM 
- POND 
- PARCEL BOUNDARY 
- FENCED PARCEL BDY. 
- FENCE 
- DIRT ROAD 
- LANE 
- PATH 
- STREAM FLOW 

M: 17-8-8

M: 17-8-5

M: 17-8-7

M: 17-8-2

M: 17-8-3

M: 17-8-10

M: 17-8-9

M: 17-8-6

M: 17-8-4

M: 17-8-1

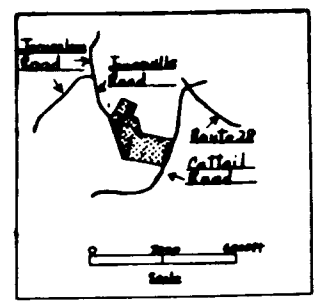
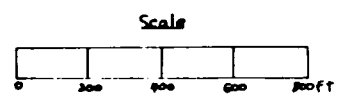
M: 17-8-11

Jonesville Road

Cattail Road

Source
Steve Donillo
Sugarloaf Regional Trails

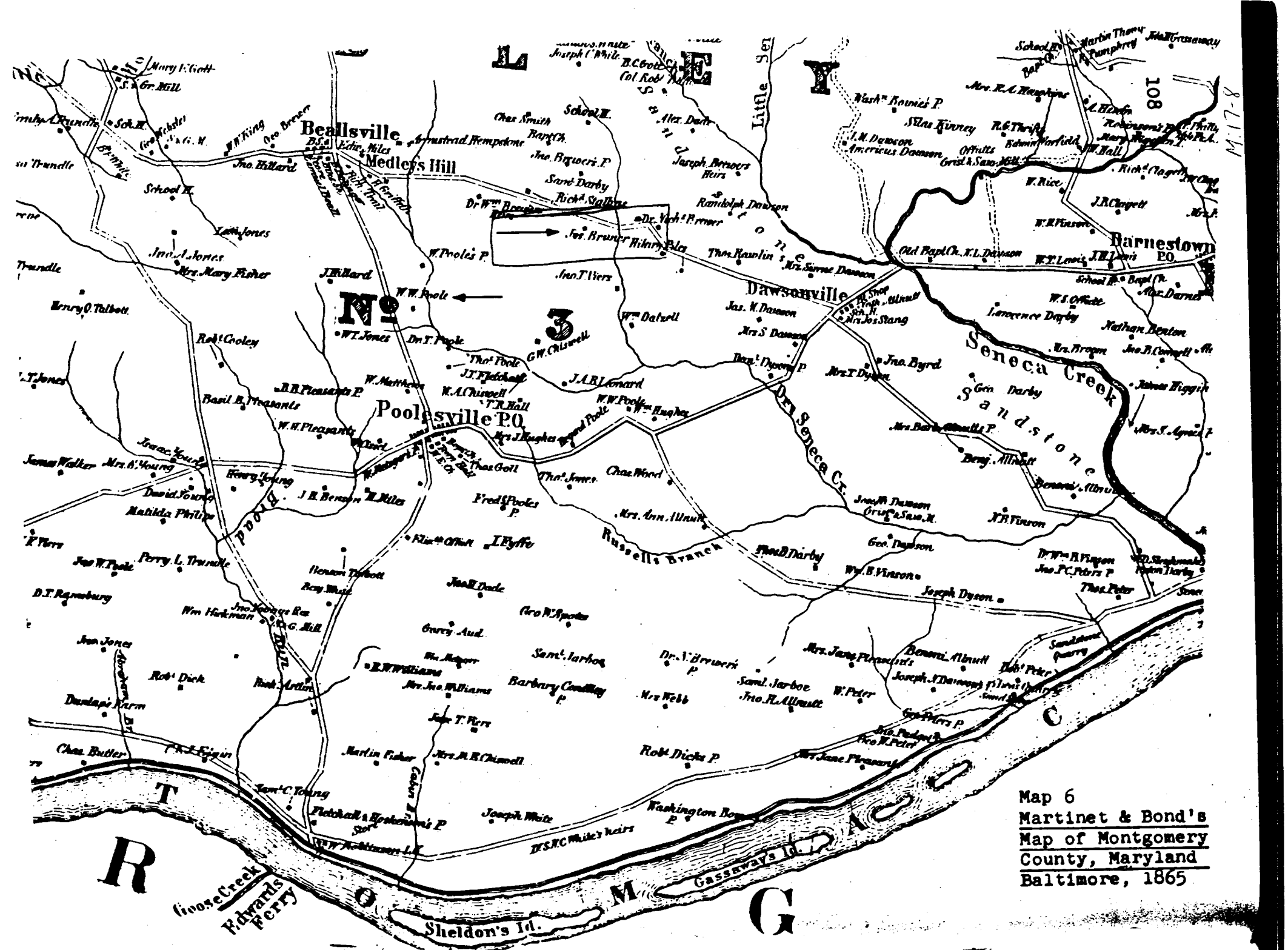
Oral Informants
Joseph Harper
Martha Johnson
Mary Reed
John Sims
Charlie Turner



- Key
- | | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| 1. SOLOMON OWENS HSTD. | 2.50 AC. |
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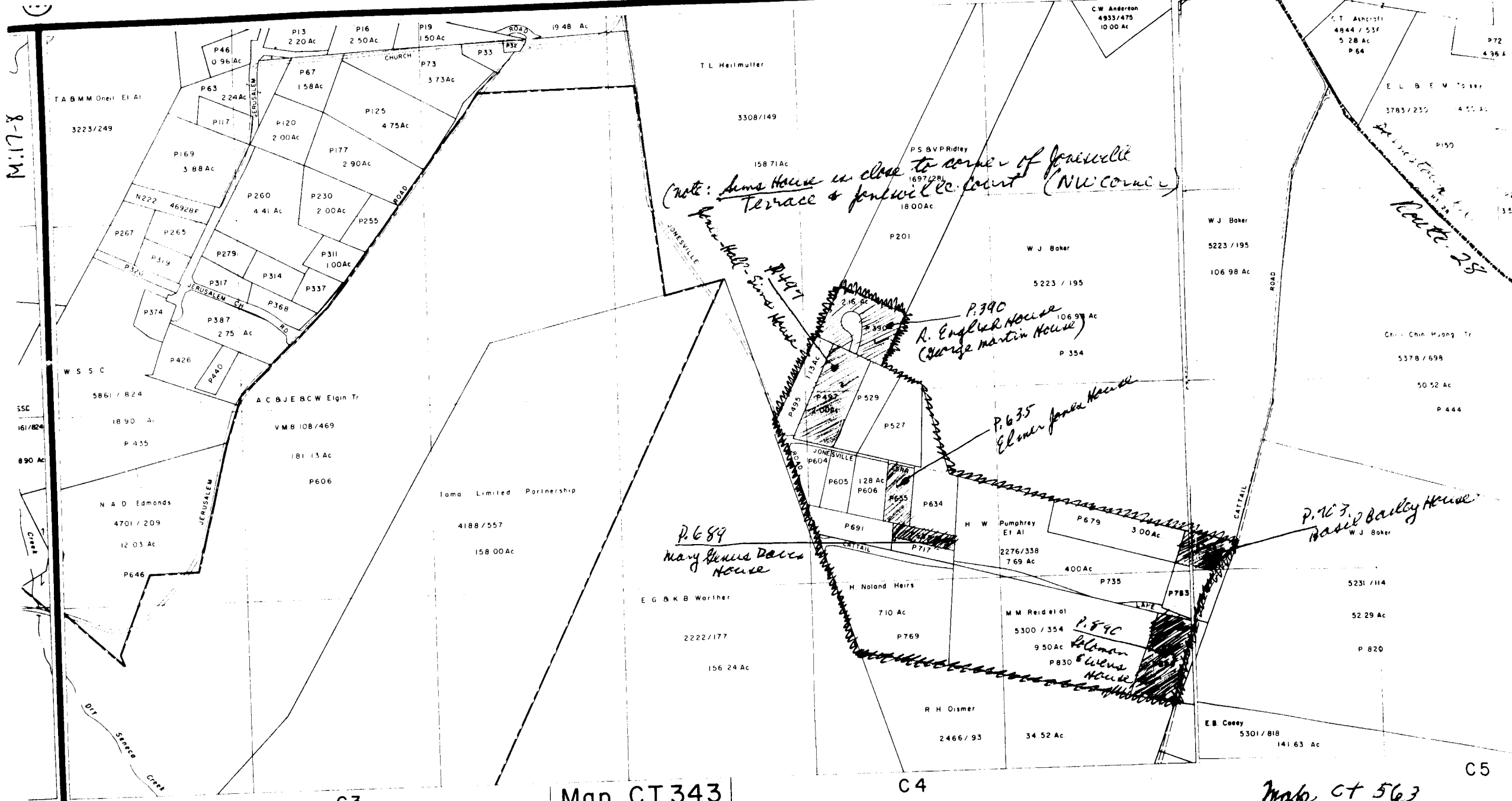
DWELLINGS AND OUTBUILDINGS NOT DRAWN TO SCALE
HSTD. = HOMESTEAD PROP. = PROPERTY

MAP 7
JONESVILLE COMMUNITY, c. 1900-1925



Map 6
 Martinet & Bond's
 Map of Montgomery
 County, Maryland
 Baltimore, 1865

M:17-8



Map CT343

Location: W S S C 225NW19 POOLESVILLE

Map CT 563

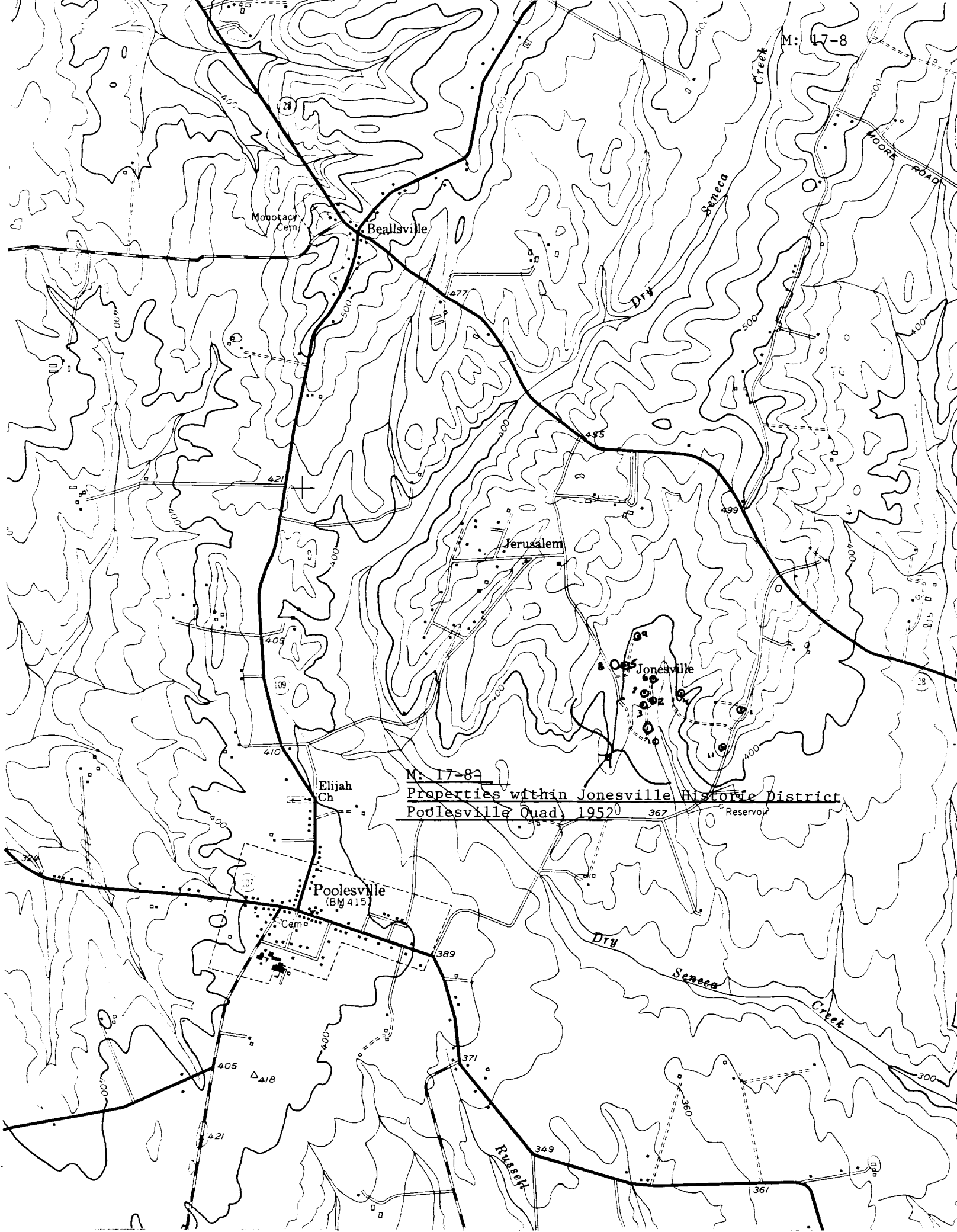
186

d DISTRICT

10A

10E





M: 17-8

Mortuary Cem

Beallsville

Creek

Seneca

MOORE ROAD

Dry

Jerusalem

Jonesville

Elijah Ch

M: 17-8

Properties within Jonesville Historic District
Poolesville Quad, 1952

Reservoir

Poolesville
(BY 415)

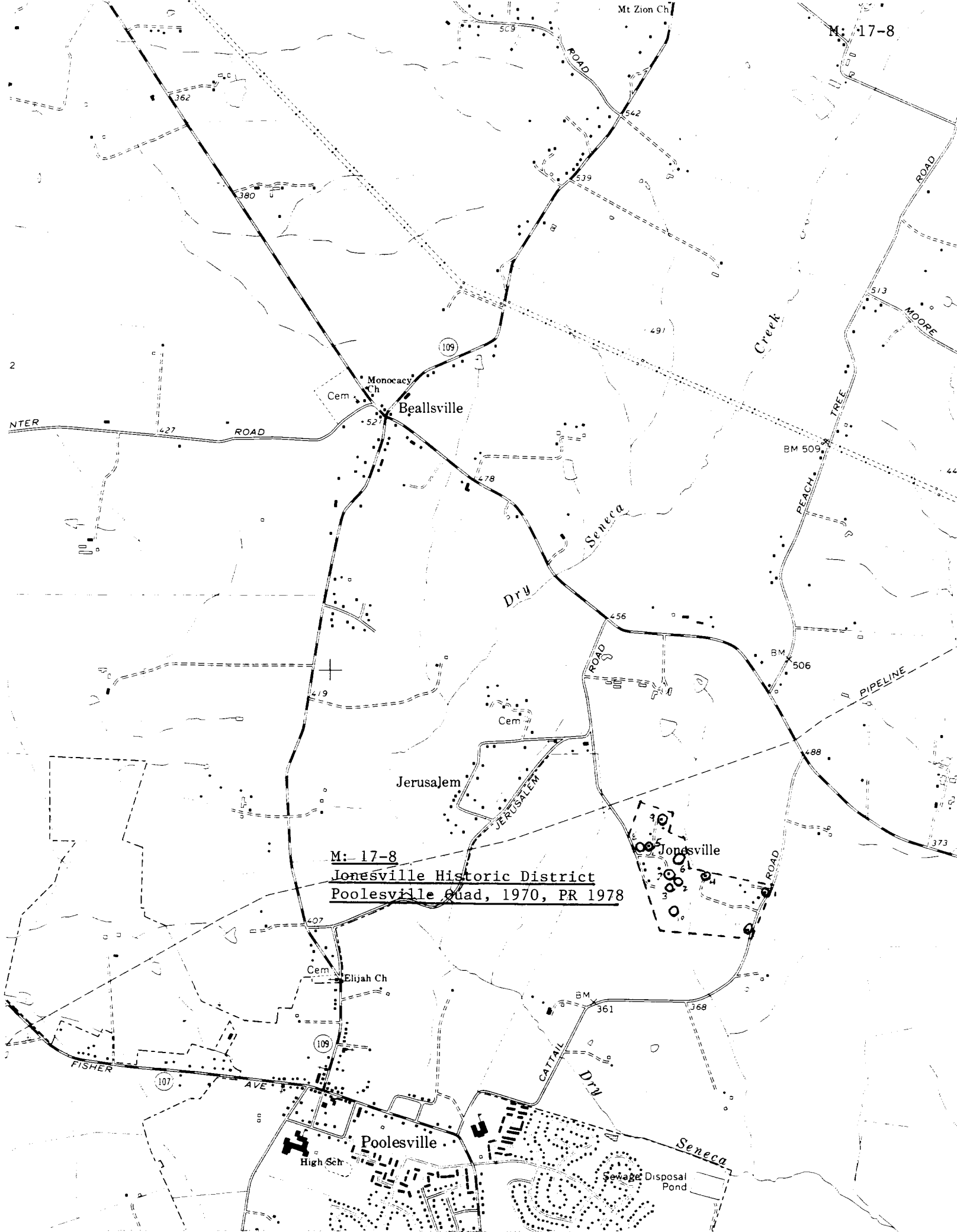
Cema

Dry

Seneca

Creek

Russell



M: 17-8
Jonesville Historic District
Poolesville Quad, 1970, PR 1978

M: 17-8

MOORE ROAD

Seneca Creek

Beallsville

Monotacy Cem

Dry

Jerusalem

Jonesville

M: 17-8

Jonesville Historic District

Poolsville Quad, 1952 367

Reservoir

Elijah Ch

Poolsville (By 415)

Cem

Dry

Seneca Creek

Russell

300

361

349

371

389

418

405

421

410

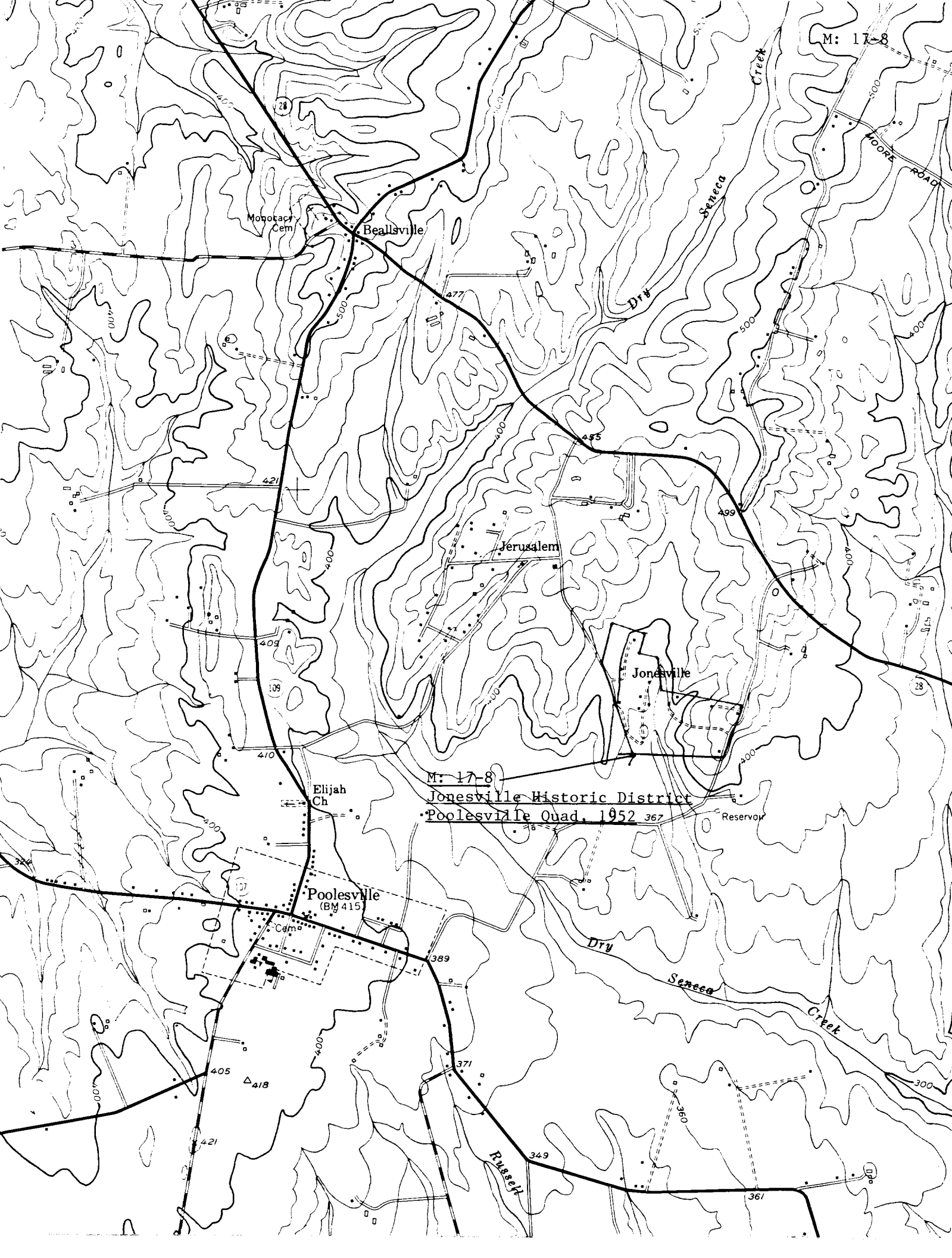
409

421

477

455

499





#17-8-11

NAME AVERAGE (NEGRO) DWELLING Solomon Owens House

LOCATION CATTAIL Rd (JONESVILLE) POOLSVILLE, Md

FACADE NE

PHOTO TAKEN 5/10/74 MDWYER



#17-8

NAME H. NOLAND ? LOG HOUSE

LOCATION CATTAIL Rd BEALLSVILLE, Md

FACADE E

PHOTO TAKEN 5/10/74 MDWYER



NAME OLD HOUSE IN JONESVILLE, Md. (NEGRO) #17-8

LOCATION JERUSALEM CH. Rd. BEALLSVILLE, Md.

FACADE S

PHOTO TAKEN 5/17/74 M DWYER



Name: Basil Bailey House (Jonesville H.D.) (17-8)

Location: West side Cattail Rd, between Rt. 28 and
Cattail Lane

Facade: East

Photo taken: March, 1985 (J. Snyderman)

23



Name: Jones-Hall-Lima House (Jonesville H.D.)
(17-8)

Location: Le Jonesville Terr.

Facade: West

Photo taken: March, 1985 (T. Kupperman)

JK

M. 17-8-5



Name: Elmer Jones House (Jonesville H.D.)
(17-8)

Location: 19008 Jonesville Terr

Facade: S^{outh} ~~W~~ (rear of house)

Photo Taken: March, 1985 (L. Snyperman)

29

(17-8-7)