DAILY CLIPPER

WM. WALMS.....Publisher.

MONDAY, AUG. 28, 1865.

TO ADVERTISERS.

The following exhibit of our regular rates will be found of service:

1 Square	1 Time	$ 50
"	2 Times	75
"	3 "	1.00
"	1 Week	1.75
"	1 Month	6.00
"	3 Months	16.00
"	6 "	15.00
"	1 Year	30.00

ONE SQUARE CONTAINS SIX LINES OF SPACE.

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

[Correspondence of the Baltimore Clipper.]

"'Tis Fifty Years Since!"—Degenerate Scions of a Noble Stock—A Loyal Journalist of Two Wars—A Season Yet Among Us—Stuart's "Washington"—Mrs. Madison's Presence of Mind—The Ladies of Her Line ages, &c., &c

WASHINGTON, August 25, 1865.

In recalling the story of the occupation of Washington by the British, fifty-one years ago this day, it is remarkable how many names rise to memory that are still familiar in our mouths as household words. Among the civilians there was first the President, James Madison; there were the Cabinet officers, James Monroe, Secretary of State; General John Armstrong, Secretary of War; George Washington Campbell, of Tennessee, Secretary of the Treasury; Richard Rush, Attorney General. In the navy there were Commodores Tingey and Barney. In the army, the names of Winder, Magruder, Pinckney, Merrick, Doughty, Burch, Williams, Seaton, Beall, Miller, Carroll, Mason &c., &c., sound like the acquaintances of to-day.

Alas! that some of them are borne by men who, in these days, turned their arms against the life of the government, and only a year ago would have gladly given over the Capital, as gallantly defended by their kinsmen in 1814 against a foreign foe, to the tender mercies of domestic traitors and insurgents.

In this connection, it may interest some to state that Mr. Campbell who, as Secretary of the Treasury, was so earnest and active in urging measures of defence, became afterwards Minister of the United States to Russia. He married, previously, Miss Stoddart, of Georgetown. A daughter was born to them at St. Petersburg, to whom they gave the Russian name, Larinka. This lady, a woman of remarkable grace and beauty, inherited large wealth from her father and her first husband, whose name was Brown. At the breaking out of the rebellion, she lived in a large and magnificent mansion in Nashville opposite the capitol. During the war the rich and accomplished widow became the wife of General Ewell, the same who, a day or two ago, was here soliciting a pardon from President Johnson! Such are the vicissitudes of fortune. How should the images of the revered and illustrious men of 1814 overawe and rebuke the actors who have forgotten the noble stock from which the scions, or on which they were engrafted!

It is a grateful duty to refer, however, to the fact that several of these names have gained additional honor from the continued and persistent patriotism of their present representatives. First and foremost, let me, as a newspaper man for forty years (my first contribution having been sent in 1825), mention William Winston Seaton, the surviving partner of that great old firm who conducted the National Intelligencer for more than half a century with unrivalled ability and universal respect. I saw this venerable gentleman today walking, up Seventh street, hale, hearty and alert, as thousands of our countrymen will rejoice to learn, and unite with me in the fervent prayer, *"Serus in cœlum redeat"*

In 1814 the National Intelligencer was the only source of regular information to the country at large concerning the proceedings of the Government, and the events impending at Washington. It was the confidential organ of Mr. Madison, and had been through out the ablest and most zealous advocate of the war. Mr. Gales happened to be absent on a visit to his parental home in North Carolina; but his partner and brother-in-law, Colonel Seaton, was on hand with his company, (Davidson's Infantry.) Being unable to capture the clamorous editors, the British Commander determined to turn down the printing office and its contents. From this purpose he was only turned by the entreaties of some ladies in the adjoining houses—but he vented his spleen against the editors by removing to the street the library of several hundred volumes, all the types and presses and printing materials, and there making a bonfire of the whole. The scene of this grand exploit was nearly in front of the present Metropolitan Hotel, (Brown's) on Pennsylvania avenue. The buildings of the Intelligencer, on 7th street, became the publication office some time after; and the floors have been trod, perhaps, by a greater number of eminent men than those of any other publication office in the world.

The visitors at the White House cannot fail to notice in the Red Parlor (where Mrs. Patterson and Mrs. Stover, the amiable and popular daughters of a worthy President, are now accustomed to receive,—and where the hours always pass away pleasantly,)—the full length portrait of Washington by Stuart. The preservation of this inestimable picture is due to Mrs. Madison alone.

After having left the Executive Mansion upon the approach of the British incendiaries, she thought of this valuable picture, and insisted upon turning her carriage back. With a pair of scissors she cut the canvas from the frame, rolled it up, placed it in her carriage, and bore it off in safety. She, therein, showed a presence of mind, which, had it been shared by all then in authority, might perhaps have saved the nation from the mortification of seeing the Metropolis occupied even for a single day by foreign foes. Mrs. Madison was a sister of Mr. Cutts, the Comptroller of the Treasury at that period.

"Miss Cutts" seems to be a name destined to be made known and by political distinction. The first and most brilliant was merged in that of Mrs. Madison—the second, after decorating and cheering the home of young manhood, blazed along the firmament of political glory in conjunction with the star of Douglas—and now there is a third whose name has been immortalized and endeared by CAMPBELL, in his tale of Wyoming, for name's sake of this heroine,—

"Whose beauty was the love of Pennsylvania's shore!"

but this young star is just rising upon our metropolitan sphere, and bears the sign, not of MADISON, but of JEFFERSON!

The character and doings of Rear Admiral Cockburn (pronounced uniformly in Europe Coburn) and of that dashing Irish General Ross, while here, I must postpone for want of room to night. A LOOKER ON

ARISTOCRATIC MAGNANIMITY.—The Duke of Buccleuch is one of the wealthiest of the Scottish peers. His estates are of vast extent, and his income correspondingly large. Lately his steward, a Mr. Woodward, died, and—if the English papers be correct—left his personal property, amounting to £30,000, to the Duke.

The noble and wealthy peer accepted the bequest of his fanatical servant; but, we are told, "he granted to the widow an annuity of five hundred pounds a year." Of course on Mrs Woodward's death this annuity ceases, and the Duke retains all the Woodward property. Even at the rate of three per centum the interest on the bequest amounts to nearly double the amount of the annuity; and so the Laird of Buccleuch makes a good thing out of the dying affection of his "faithful servant."

☞ The strike of the journeymen moulders, of Detroit, which commenced on the first of May last, terminated on Tuesday by those of the employers who have held out, offering to pay the wages asked by their workmen.

THE TRUE STORY OF THE CAPTURE OF JEFF. DAVIS.

A writer in the Atlantic Monthly for September gives an account of the capture of the rebel chief, which he asserts to be "literally true to the minutest detail." Although the subject has been worn somewhat threadbare in its various manipulations, we take the following extract from the account:

DAVIS IN WOMAN'S CLOTHES.

Andrew Bee, a private of Company L, went to the entrance of Davis's tent, and was met by Mrs. Davis, "bareheaded and barefoot," as he describes her, who, putting her hand on his arm, said:

"Please don't go in there till my daughter gets herself dressed!"

Andrew thereupon drew back, and in a few minutes a young lady (Miss Howell) and another person, bent over as with age, wearing a lady's "water-proof" gathered at the waist, with a shawl drawn over the head, and carrying a tin pail, appeared and ask to go to "the run" for water. Mrs. Davis also appears and says:

"For God's sake let my old mother go to get some water!"

No objections being made, they passed out. But sharp eyes were upon the singular looking "old mother." Suddenly Corporal Munyer, of Company C, and others at the same instant, discovered that the "old mother" was wearing very heavy boots for an aged female, and the corporal exclaimed:

"That is not a woman! Don't you see the boots!" and, spurring his horse forward and cocking his carbine, compelled the withdrawal of the shawl, and disclosed Jeff. Davis.

As if stung by this discovery of his unmanliness, Jeff. struck an attitude, and cried out:

"Is there a man among you? If there is, let me see him!"

"Yes," said the corporal, "I am one; and if you stir, I will blow your brains out!"

"I know my fate, and might as well die here."

But his wife threw her arms around his neck, and kept herself between him and the threatening corporal.

No harm, however, was done him, and he was generally kindly spoken to; he was only stripped of his female attire

As a man, he was dressed in a complete suit of gray, a light felt hat and high cavalry boots, with a gray beard of about six weeks' growth covering his face.

He said he thought that our government was too magnanimous to hunt women and children that way.

When Colonel Pritchard told him that he would do the best he could for his comfort, he answered:

"I ask no favors of you."

To which surly reply the Colonel courteously responded by assuring him of kind treatment.

* * * The prisoners having finished the breakfast which their servants were allowed to prepare for them, we, joyful at our success, though saddened by the price so cruelly exacted, took up the line of march for Macon. Lieutenant Colonel Harnden and his tired 'boys,' sharing in the general feeling, led the way.

A POLITICAL TEA PARTY OF QUEENS.

Late news from Europe state that the Queen Dowager of Prussia has gone to Ischl. While there she will probably meet her royal sisters, of whom one is the Queen of Saxony, another the mother of the Emperor of Austria, and the third the wife of Duke Maximilian of Bavaria, and mother of the Empress of Austria.—Should the meeting take place, and the conversation of the royal ladies, as may perhaps be presumed in the present emergency, touch upon politics, their efforts will be undoubtedly devoted to the preservation of peace and the continuance of a conservative policy in the wide and wise States of Germany. The Queen Dowager belongs to that part of the royal family which looks with mixed feelings upon the energetic policy of Herr Von Bismark against so eminently conservative a power as Austria, and which has begun to think a modification of it desirable."

Another report gives these items about two other royal ladies:

"The telegraph brings to Paris a report current at Madrid that the talked of interview between the Queen of Spain and the Emperor and Empress of the French will not take place. Looking only to common probability, the chances have always seemed against it. The scandal of the Spanish court has of late been great, and the Spanish papers have applied to Isabella such censures and epithets as would seem incredible if translated. All this must be well known at the Tuileries, and it is unlikely that this moment would be selected to show attention and countenance to a sovereign who has forfeited the respect of her subjects."

CRIME BY MAGNETISM—A CURIOUS CHARGE.

The readers of Hawthorne will remember the fanciful idea of the author in the "House of Seven Gables," whereby young Maule, the carpenter, holds a malign magnetic influence over the beautiful Alice Pyncheon. A similar case in real life has occurred in France lately, if the statement of a correspondent of the London Times may be believed:

"An extraordinary and I believe an unprecedented case has just been tried at the Assize Court of the Var. A young man of twenty-four, named Castellan, presented himself at the house of a respectable farmer named Hugues, and pretending to be deaf and dumb, obtained supper and a night's lodging. In the morning he persuaded the farmer's daughter, a modest girl of twenty six, to run away with him, and the indictment alleged that he obtained an irresistible influence over her entirely by means of magnetism. The moment she came to her senses she was filled with remorse, but whenever he magnetized her she was a mere instrument in his hands, and submitted to whatever he told her

Three doctors of Toulon gave their opinion in accordance with that of Dr. Tardieu, of Paris, and many other medical men of the highest reputation, that it is possible by means of what is called magnetism to obtain such influence over a young girl as completely to annihilate her will. Castellan boasted of this magnetic power while standing at the bar, and offered to magnetize the presiding judge. He actually tried to magnetize the Procureur Imperial, and frightened him so much that he angrily ordered the prisoner to lower his eyes. Being found guilty by the jury, he was sentenced to twelve years' imprisonment with hard labor."

FIRE IN LYNCHBURG, VA.—LOSS FROM $100,000 TO $150,000.

The Lynchburg papers of yesterday give the particulars of the most destructive fire that ever occurred in that city.—It occurred on Thursday night, originating on Main street, and destroyed property to the amount of $100,000 to $150,000. The burnt buildings were all three stories in height, with granite fronts, and were in the most business part of the city. Large amounts of cotton and tobacco were destroyed. The Republican says:

The buildings, we learn, were all insured. We noticed nearly all of the military officials on the ground, including General Curtis, all of whom rendered efficient service; and too much praise cannot be awarded the firemen and soldiery for their efforts to subdue the flames—the soldiers also acting as guards for the protection of the property which was placed in the streets.

COLLAPSE OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY IN MINNESOTA.—The State Convention of the Democrats in Minnesota assembled at St Paul's last week, and adjourned without nominating a ticket. The Goodhue Republican declares the reason as follows:

"The great Democratic party of Minnesota have met in council, and squelched cat. On the 16th the invisible entity assembled in a spirituous sense, and after two days' waiting for a quorum, adjourned until the 1th day of September, at which time, if a quorum can be found sober enough to get into council, it is believed by some they will try to nominate a State ticket."

☞ The formal recognition of Prince Alfred of England as heir to the Duchy of Saxe Coburg, took place at the capital of that State on the 6th of August, being the 21st anniversary of his birthday.

[COMMUNICATED.]

ALTOONA, PA., Aug. 23, 1865

Editor Clipper:—I have lately traveled more than 2000 miles by railroad, but have never seen any attempt to degrade our returned soldiers to the ranks of the colored people till yesterday. At Calvert Station at 9 A. M., all the blue coats who had not shoulder straps were compelled to take the car with the colored people, and sit on benches without cushions; some of the soldiers just out of the hospitals, and one of them needing a comfortable seat much more than many who had all available comfort; this too, by a railroad company whoowes more to the prowess of those soldiers than any other. For in the case of the N. C. R. R., the protection of the soldiers saved the road. In the case of the B. & O. R. R., they only tried to save it. The latter road considers the war worn veteran as a man; the former as "a nigger." I for one protest against this odious discrimination, and shall make it known to the friends of the soldier through the Cincinnati and St. Louis papers. JUSTICE.

THE WRECK OF THE BROTHER JONATHAN.

NEW YORK, August 26.—The Alta Californian of San Francisco, of the morning of 33 instant, has been received by private hand, and contains the following important intelligence by telegraph:

Crescent City, July 30th, via Jacksonville, August 2.—The steamer Brother Jonathan struck a sunken rock off St. George's Point, eight or ten miles west from here at 1 30 P. M., to-day.

All on board were lost except seventeen adults and three children. Boats have gone to the rescue, but there are no hopes of saving more.

Two boats swamped alongside of the ship, and three boats were left on board.

The following are the names of those saved:—James Patterson, third officer; David Farrell, steerage steward; Henry Miller, baker; Patrick Linn, fireman; Wm. Loney, fireman; Wm. E. Shield, waiter; Wm. Moran, waiter; Mrs. Mary Ann Tweedle, Mrs. Minna Bernhart and child, Mrs. Martha E. Wilder, Mrs. Martha Steel and child, and four colored seamen.

LATER.

Boats have returned, having seen nothing of the wreck. We give up all hopes of saving any more passengers.

Officer Patterson reports that Brigadier Gen. Wright, when last seen on board, had a life preserver in his hand

The New York papers of Saturday contain the following information concerning the disaster:

The California steamer yesterday brings intelligence of a fearful disaster on the Pacific coast.

The steamer Brother Jonathan on her way from San Francisco to Columbia river, was lost near Camp Lincoln on the 30th of July last. Between two hundred and three hundred passengers were lost—only fourteen men and one woman surviving. The Alta Californian of the 31 instant, contains the following particulars:

"The steamship Brother Jonathan had the engines which were in the steamship Atlantic, which dragged her anchors, drifted on shore and was wrecked at Fisher's Island, Long Island Sound, on Thanksgiving night, November, 1846. She was cut down and rebuilt under the supervision of Captain Aaron M. Burns, in this city, two years since, and was considered one of the staunchest vessels afloat in the waters of the Pacific. The Brother Jonathan was owned by the California Steam Navigation Company. She left here on Friday last, at 10 A. M., under command of Captain S. J. De Wolfe. We learn that the only staff officer who went up with Gen. Wright was Lieut. E. D. Waite, his adjutant. Mrs. Wright accompanied her husband. The General, as has heretofore been announced through the columns of this journal, was on his way to Fort Vancouver, to take command of the Department of the Columbia, to which he had lately been assigned by the General Government.

PASSENGER LIST.

The following is a list of the passengers as far as could be ascertained:

Brig. Gen. Wright, U. S. A., and wife; Lt. E. D. Waite, U. S. A.; Mary Berry, S. Meyer, D McHendle, A. L. Styles and wife, W. M. Logan and servant, James Nesbit, James E. Trites, M Crawford, T. Dawson, Miss Mary Place, Mrs. Stackpole, infant and child; J. Well, A. Ingraham, M. D., U. S. A.; James P. Richards, Victor Smith, Miss E. P. Snow, James Connell, J. G Gay and wife, Miss N. Shuser, M. F. Hetron, G. W. Pollock, C. C. Northrop, J. C. Hunsacker, Mrs. A. C. Brooks, Miss Hensley, D. Crandall, Mrs. Fountiani, child, Mrs Anna Craig, Mrs. Lee and infant, Governor A. C. Henry, L. G. Tuttle, B. H. Stone, wife and infant; Captain Chaddock, U. S. R S; Mrs. John C. Keenan and seven ladies, S B. Morgan, S. N. Buckey wife and child; Miss Forbes, Charles N Beldon, Albert Micklet, George Wedekind, Joseph Berton, Thomas Moyle and wife, Robert M. Frazier, John R. Craig, William Billimisky, J. S. Binn, Mrs. Woodlock, Conrad Adams, Frederick A. Pound, Gilman Clindruaid, Jas Lynch, William Logan and wife, D. C. Powell, wife and four children; A. A. Stone, wife and infant; Mrs. J. Stanford, Mrs. James Church, Mrs. Wendell and child, P. Lefer, J. S. Geddes, B. Matherson, Mrs Luckey and two children, Major E. W. Eddy, U. S. A.; G Canel, Moses Beitler, Joseph Orsell, H Defennie, George W. Annis, J. Strong, S. P. Craig, Mary A. Tweedle, Patrick Dwyer, John Adams, R. S. Manly, two Indians, Henry Abram, Thomas Gullan, C. Bisner, and Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express Messenger.

FROM NEW ORLEANS AND TEXAS

BROWNSVILLE, August 16.—The railway to connect Brazos with Brownsville has been commenced, and several miles of track have been laid The telegraph line will also be completed in a few days.—Brownsville is growing amazingly, and a lucrative trade has been commenced with the Mexican rancheros on the Upper Rio Grande. The political news is not important.

New Orleans, August 21.—The ship Francis B. Cutting cleared from Mobile for Liverpool, with a cotton cargo valued at $460,000, being the first cargo shipped to a foreign port since the occupation.

General Woods has issued an order forbidding cotton in Alabama being taken from the plantations or warehouses for the present.

Gov. Parsons has proclaimed against cotton and horse stealing, and providing for the reorganization and sitting of the Courts to suppress these crimes.

An office to procure white labor from Europe has been opened in Mobile.

Sales of cotton to day, 1750 bales at unchanged prices. Sales for the week, 15,000 bales; exports, 17,000. Stock, 90,000. Sugar and molasses dull and drooping.

BURIAL.—Under this caption the Annapolis Republican tells the following story, which we are constrained to believe is not true:

"We understand that an association of stone cutters from Baltimore went on an excursion to West River on Thursday last, on the steamer Pioneer, and while on their way back to Baltimore, severely beat a person, unknown to us, on the boat, and then threw him overboard, compelling him to swim two miles to save his life, which he did."

ATTEMPTED ROBBERY.—An attempt was made on Thursday night last, to rob the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad ticket office, in this place. The burglar entered the window of the ladies' room above Swalm's store by a fire-escape, and forced open the ticket window through which he entered the office. Not being able to break open the iron safe, in which several thousand dollars were deposited, he amused himself by scattering tickets over the floor. A lot of paper was burned in one corner of the room, we think it is thought was done for the purpose of firing the building.—*Ellicott's Mills Record.*

IS TOO MUCH OF A HURRY.—A young respectable married woman, in New York, took creosote to poison herself, because her brute of a husband, in the heat of temper, called her an ugly name, implying infidelity on her part. The reputable husband, when he saw what his unreasoning anger had caused his wife to do, disclaimed his belief in the charge he had made, the wife regretted the act, but the poison did its work.

☞ The Providence Journal says:—"The telegraph is the means of speedy transfer of words. A despatch which reached us yesterday announced that a silver ware manufactory was *burglarized*. We shall probably soon hear that the owner of the factory was *murdered*, or at least *pickpocketed*."

☞ Woman are employed altogether in the Royal (London) Segar Factory.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Criminal Court—Judge Bond:—The following business occupied the attention of the Court on Saturday:

James Busey and Thomas Mountgarty, plotting and beating a negro, and resisting Policeman Dunaker and Kelso—each fined $10 with costs. Ambrose Hicks, assaulting a colored man named Brown; fined $10 with costs. William Richardson, assaulting an unknown colored man—fined $40 and committed to jail in default of payment of fine and costs. Herman and Catherine Steidtman assaulting each other, not guilty. Joseph F. Baker, assaulting Gabriel Cearer, failing to appear, his recognizance were declared forfeited. John Sinclair, per assaulting and throwing a brick at John H Naylor; not guilty. Sabina Cooper and Sarah Walker, assaulting each other; ordered to pay their own costs. Peter Sabeskie, William Stone, John P. Cullahan, Richard J Sewell and James Stinger, plotting and rioting Policeman Bastrau, Garéner and Simpson—fines, bowed and Morrison each fined $5 with costs, and the cases of the others party heard and postponed until Saturday next. George Hanke, in treating and causing the death of a horse belonging to Michael Dean—case sent to the grand jury. Lawrence Murphy, horsewhipping a daughter, 8 years old, of Mrs. Susan Parr; held over until defendant's witnesses testify. William Hagan, assaulting and striking officer Bateman; adjudged guilty and each afterwards settled. Samuel Donahue, drunk and assaulting John Harte; fined $1 with costs and sent to jail for two months John Holland, assaulting and kicking his wife Catharine; case dismissed. John Hennerre, assaulting Mary McKeever; delivery are 2,000 bbls. New Mess, seller's option, September, at $21@21 50, the sales, cash and regular, are 4,000 bbls, at $20 25@ 0 50 for Old Mess; $21 50@21 62½ for New do., most holders asking $22 75. $21 12½@21 25 for Prime Mess, and $21 for Thin Mess. Beef is in moderate request at previous rates; sales of 450 bbls. at $9@11 for Plain Mess; $14@15 for Extra do., and $6@9 for State Mess. Tierce Beef is dull at previous rates Beef Hams are dull, and prices are nominal. Cut Meats are inactive, and in absence of sales are nominal. Bacon is dull and nominal. Lard is in good demand, and choice qualities are quite firm; sales of 575 bbls. and tcs., at 21¾@22c. for fair to prime St. am; 23¾@24c. for Kettle Rendered, and 22¾@23c. for small lots of choice.

SUGARS.—The stock is in the hands of refiners and the trade has become very much reduced, and in anticipation of the Autumn business, they are now buying freely; the demand to-day has been moderate, and the sales very large; prices are higher and close very strong at the improvement; we quote: Fair to Good Refining 11¾@ 12¼c; sales of 3 500 hds. at 12¾@12¾c. for Cuba, and 13c. for Porto Rico and 93 boxes Havana at 12¾@13c. Refined are strong at 19¾c. for Crushed, Granulated and Ground

RICE.—Grass seeds are full and unsettled—Rough Flax Seed is in better demand and prices are decidedly higher; sales at $2 85@2 75 ₩ bush of 56 lbs.

TOBACCO.—The market is unchanged; sales of 450 hhds Kentucky at 5@17c; 300 cases Seed Leaf at 6@34c currency, and 212 bales Havana at 11@34c gold, in bond.

WHISKY.—The market is a shade firmer and is fairly active, sales of 300 bbls at $2 19¾@2 20 for Western.

MARKETS.

PHILADELPHIA, August 25.—Flour is 25 cents higher; Western $9@9 25. Red Wheat $2 15@ 2 25; White $2 30@2 45 Corn is 1 cent higher; Yellow $1 06@1 08; mixed higher at the closer Sugar is 1/8c higher. Whiskey is steady at $2 20 @2 22.

MEDICAL.

HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES.

HUMPHREY'S SPECIFIC HOMŒOPATHIC REMEDIES have proved, from the most ample experience, an entire success—simple, prompt, efficient and reliable. They are the only medicines perfectly adapted to popular use. They have received the highest praise from the Profession, the Press and the People, and will always render satisfaction.

No.	Prices of single boxes—cents.
1	Cures Fever, Congestion and Inflammation	$
2	Cures Worm Fever, Worm Colic, &c	
3	Cures Colic, Teething, Crying of Infants	
4	Cures Diarrhœa of Children or Adults	
5	Cures Dysentery, Bloody Flux, Colic	
6	Cures Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Nausea	
7	Cures Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis	
8	Cures Tooth ache, Face-ache, Neuralgia	
9	Cures Head-aches, Sick Head-aches, Vertigo	
10	Cures Dyspepsia, Weak or Bilious Stomach	
11	Cures Suppressed, Scanty or Painful Periods	
12	Cures Profuse Periods and Leucorrhœa	
13	Cures Croup, Hoarse Cough, Bad Breathing	
14	Cures Salt Rheum, Eruptions, Erysipelas	
15	Cures Rheumatism and Rheumatic Pains	
16	Cures Piles, Internal or Blind or Bleeding	
17	Cures Ophthalmy, Weak or Inflamed Eyes	
18	Cures Catarrh, Acute, Chronic, Dry or Flowing	
19	Cures Whooping Cough	
20	Cures Asthma, Oppressed, Difficult Breathing	
21	Cures Ear Diseases and Impaired Hearing	
22	Cures Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swellings	
23	Cures General Debility or Nervous Weakness	
24	Cures Dropsy, Fluid Accumulations	
25	Cures Sea-Sickness, Sickness from Riding	
26	Cures Urinary Diseases, Gravel, Renal Calculi	
27	Cures Involuntary Discharges and Nervous Debility	
28	Cures Sore Mouth or Canker of adults and children	
29	Cures Urinary Incontinence and Wetting the Bed	
30	Cures Painful Periods, Premature or Spasmodic	
31	Cures Sufferings at Change of Life, Flushes	
32	Cures Epilepsy and Spasms, Chorea, St. Vitt	

PRICE.

Case of thirty-five vials in morocco case, and Book	$ 10 00
Case of 20 large vials, in morocco & Book	7 00
Case of twenty large vials in morocco and Book	5 00
Case of twenty large vials, plain case and Book	5 00
Case of fifteen Boxes, Nos. 1 to 15, and Book	3 50
Case of any six Boxes, Nos. 1 to 15, and Book	1 25
Single Boxes, with directions, 25 cents, 50 cents, or $1.	

WM. H. READ,
167 Baltimore street,
One door below Calvert,
Agent for Maryland and D. C.

☞ The article forwarded to any place on receipt of price. jy 8-MTh&Sm

LEGAL NOTICES.

ASSESSORS' NOTICE OF APPEALS.

THIRD DISTRICT OF MARYLAND.
OFFICE 243 WEST BALTIMORE ST.,
OVER HARRIMAN'S EXPRESS

Citizens of the 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th and 20th Wards of Baltimore City.

TAKE NOTICE.

All Income Tax payers and all others concerned in errors in assessments and enumerations of Incomes, Licenses and articles returned in Schedule A, and returned by the various Assistant Assessors in the District and Wards above named upon the Annual List for 1865,

ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED,

That I shall receive and determine appeals relative to any erroneous or excessive valuations, assessments enumerations, &c., made by the said Assessors of the Third District of Maryland, returned in the Annual List for 1865, at my office, No. 243 WEST BALTIMORE STREET, only from the 25th to the 30th days of August inclusive, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 3 P. M. The lists and proceedings of the Assistant Assessors will be open for inspection. The law provides "that no appeal shall be allowed to any party after he shall have been duly assessed and the annual list containing the assessment has been transmitted to the Collector of the District And also specifically that no such appeal shall be made in writing, and shall specify the particular cause, matter or thing respecting which a decision is requested, and shall moreover state the ground or principle of error complained of."

JOS J. STEWART,
Assessor Third District Maryland.
aug28-th&s1 aug11-th&s1

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Baltimore city, letters of administration on the estate of JABEZ F. MANAHAN, late of said city, deceased.

All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the TWELFTH OF FEBRUARY, 1866, they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

All persons indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this second day of August, 1865.

SARAH A. MANAHAN,
Administratrix.
aug4-law6w*

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT application will be made to the Register of the City of Baltimore for the renewal of CERTIFICATE OF BALTIMORE CITY STOCK, (five million loan), No. 301, dated the 1st day of July, 1865, for two thousand dollars, standing in the name of John Armstrong, the same having been mislaid, stolen or lost.

ANN ARMSTRONG,
jy18-law1m* ADELINA ARMSTRONG.

HANCE'S SARSAPARILLA IN QUART BOTTLES.—All who wish to take a good article of sarsaparilla, would do well to try Hance's. It will be found, on trial, to be quite as good, if not better than any before the public. It is prepared from the genuine Honduras Sarsaparilla, Burdock Root, Liquorice Wine, and several other articles of a highly depurative nature. Price $1 50 per bottle, or six bottles for $6 50. For sale by

SETH S. HANCE,
108 Baltimore street.
d1-eo3m

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

MONEY AND STOCKS.

The transactions in gold in this market on Saturday were light, in unison with the general tone of the market all week. It opened at an advance of ¼ over the closing sale on the day previous—selling at 144, but closed at a decline of ¼ on the opening sale. Government stocks manifest considerable activity, new 5-20's selling for 103, an advance of ¼, and old at 106¾, an advance of ¼; 7-30's, second series, sold for 99¾, an advance of ¾; third series commanding the same figure. 10 cent 1st's, 1870, were disposed of at 90, an advance of ¼. 150 shares Northern Central Railroad at 43 was the only sale effected in that branch of stock. Mining stock was not very active on Saturday. Mine Hill sold for 170, an advance of 5, Copper Hill from 210 to 215, the latter figure an advance of 5 over the concluding sale on Friday.

SALES AT THE BALTIMORE STOCK BOARD.
Furnished by Leonard J. Towson, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 22 South Street.

AUG. 26.

$ 660 American Gold (large)	144
2,500 do do (large)	144¼
60 do do (large)	143¾
40 Silver	125
10,000 U. S. 5-20's	103¼
1,000 U. S. 5-20's new	103¼
2,000 do do old	106¾
2,000 U. S. 7-30's 2d series	99¾
450 do do 3d series	99¾
1,000 Baltimore City 6's,	101
100 shares N. Central R. R	43
500 shares Mineral Hill, c	1 75
1,000 shares Copper Hill b30	2 10
900 do do	2 12

Prices—Bucks and Bundels N. Y., Aug. 26.
BY TELEGRAPH.
Furnished by L. J. Towson, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 22 South Street.

	1st Brd. 11	2d Brd.
	Today.	Yesterday.
United States 6's, 1881, Coupon	106¾	106¾
" 5-20's	106¾	106¾
" " in currency	104	104¾
American Gold	144	143¾
Tennessee 6's	74¾	74¾
North Carolina 6's	71	71
Virginia 6's	71	71
Canton Company	38¾	38¾
Cumberland Coal and Iron Co.	61¾	61¾
Quicksilver	54¾	54¾
New York Central Railroad	93¾	93¾
Erie Railway Company	77¾	77
" " Preferred	89	82
Hudson River Railroad	109¾	109¾
Harlem Railroad		
Reading Railroad	105¾	105¾
Michigan Central Railroad	106	106¾
Michigan S. and N. Ind R. R.	64¾	64
Illinois Central Railroad	93	93
Cleveland and Pittsburg R. R.	71	71
Chicago and Northwestern R.	37¾	37¾
" " Preferred	61¾	61¾
Cleveland and Toledo Railroad	101	100
Chicago and Rock Island R. R.	107¾	107¾
Milwaukee & Prairie du Chien	45¾	45¾
Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago	97¾	96¾
St. Louis, Alton & Terre Haute	31	
Type of the Market	Firm.	Firm.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25, 1865.

ASHES.—The market was quiet, but prices were steady at our previous quotations—$7 25 for Pots and $7 62½ for Pearls.

COFFEE.—The market was quiet and prices were firm, and on prime grades of nearly all descriptions there has been no change Rates of 150 bags Maracaibo at 32½c, and 1,000 bags Cape at 18c. paid, duty paid.

COTTON.—Was in good demand, but prices are rather more in the buyer's favor; the inquiry is both from spinners and exporters. We quote: Middlings at 64@65c, the sales comprising 2 200 bales; the receipts for the week are 10,623 bales.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The demand for Western and State Flour is more active for the home and provincial trade, and prices are 5@15 cents better; the sales are 17,500 bbls at $7 25@7 35 for Superfine State; $7 75@8 10 for Extra State; $8 15@8 60 for Fancy State, $7 75@9 20 for Shipping Ohio; $8 75@ 11 for Trade and Family brands; and $11 75@ 16 25 for St Louis Extras. Canadian Flour is 5 cents better, and is in moderate demand; sales of 450 bbls at $7 90@8 25 for low grades of Extra; and $8 40@10 50 for Trade and Family Extras Southern Flour is in fair request and is a shade firmer; sales of 900 bbls at $9 65@10 20 for mixed to good Superfine Country Baltimore, &c., and $10 35@14 for Trade and Family brands. Rye Flour is quiet, but prices are firm; sales of 100 bbls at $5 45@6 25. Corn Meal is in fair demand; sales of 250 bbls at $3 15 for Jersey, and $3 30 for Brandywine.

GRAIN.—The Wheat market has advanced 1 cent on White Western, and is fairly active, closing very firm—the demand is in part for milling, but chiefly speculative—the sales are 114 000 bushels at $1 54@1 57 for Chicago Spring; $1 56 @1 58 for Milwaukee Club; $1 58@1 65 for Amber do., the latter rate in store; $2 05@2 10 for Red Western, and $2 12½@2 15 for Amber do.—Barley is dull, and prices are nominal. Barley malt is quiet, but firm at $1 45. Corn is in more active demand, and prices have advanced 1@1 cent W bushel—the sales are 75,000 bushels Western at 69¾@74 cents, and State at 78@80 cents. Rye is in good request, and prices are firm—the sales are 6,000 bushels Western at 94 cents Corn is decidedly more active, and prices are 1¾@2 cents better—the sales are 127,000 bushels Unsound at 94 cts.; Western Mixed at 95¾@97c.

PROVISIONS.—The Pork market has been only in moderate demand, and prices are without any change, closing firm; the sales for future delivery are 2,000 bbls. New Mess, seller's option, September, at $21@21 50, the sales, cash and regular, are 4,000 bbls. at $20 25@ 0 50 for Old Mess; $21 50@21 62½ for New do., most holders asking $22 75. $21 12½@21 25 for Prime Mess, and $21 for Thin Mess. Beef is in moderate request at previous rates; sales of 450 bbls. at $9@11 for Plain Mess; $14@15 for Extra do., and $6@9 for State Mess. Tierce Beef is dull at previous rates Beef Hams are dull, and prices are nominal. Cut Meats are inactive, and in absence of sales are nominal. Bacon is dull and nominal. Lard is in good demand, and choice qualities are quite firm; sales of 575 bbls. and tcs., at 21¾@22c. for fair to prime St. am; 23¾@24c. for Kettle Rendered, and 22¾@23c. for small lots of choice.

SUGARS.—The stock is in the hands of refiners and the trade has become very much reduced, and in anticipation of the Autumn business, they are now buying freely; the demand to-day has been moderate, and the sales very large; prices are higher and close very strong at the improvement; we quote: Fair to Good Refining 11¾@ 12¼c; sales of 3 500 hds. at 12¾@12¾c. for Cuba, and 13c. for Porto Rico and 93 boxes Havana at 12¾@13c. Refined are strong at 19¾c. for Crushed, Granulated and Ground

RICE.—Grass seeds are full and unsettled—Rough Flax Seed is in better demand and prices are decidedly higher; sales at $2 85@2 75 ₩ bush of 56 lbs.

TOBACCO.—The market is unchanged; sales of 450 hhds Kentucky at 5@17c; 300 cases Seed Leaf at 6@34c currency, and 212 bales Havana at 11@34c gold, in bond.

WHISKY.—The market is a shade firmer and is fairly active, sales of 300 bbls at $2 19¾@2 20 for Western.

MARKETS.

PHILADELPHIA, August 25.—Flour is 25 cents higher; Western $9@9 25. Red Wheat $2 15@ 2 25; White $2 30@2 45 Corn is 1 cent higher; Yellow $1 06@1 08; mixed higher at the closer Sugar is