BALTIMORE CLIPPER.

"THE UNION, THE CONSTITUTION, AND THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE LAWS."

VOLUME LI.—NUMBER 37. BALTIMORE, MONDAY MORNING, AUGUST 14, 1865. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Latest News by Telegraph TO THE BALTIMORE CLIPPER.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE MORAVIAN.

Nothing heard of the Great Eastern

PHOENIX BANK DEFALCATION.

Further Astounding Revelations.

THREE MORE ARRESTS MADE.

One of the Accused Commits Suicide in the Station House.

DISASTER ON LAKE HURON.

Collision between the "Meteor" and "Pewabic."

FROM 75 TO 100 LIVES LOST.

Names of the Lost Passengers.

A LIST OF THE PERSONS RESCUED.

ANOTHER TRAGEDY.

A Bigamist Shoots his Victim.

Washington Items.

WASHINGTON, August 12.—The President-to-day has a general reception, admitting, without distinction, all visitors having business with him. His health, as well as that of his family, is excellent, although the incessant demand upon his time by visitors, in addition to his regular duties, are so exhausting as at times to almost quite prostrate him with fatigue. The rush of the public to the Executive Mansion is without cessation, and a great portion of the business laid before the President, by its insignificance, is more annoying than the thoughtless parties presenting it can conceive.

Clarence Seward, who for some time past has been performing the duties of Assistant Secretary of State, has returned to New York, his professional interests requiring his attention in that city. Mr Conger, Chief of the Immigration Bureau, succeeds Mr. Seward as Acting Assistant Secretary.

The Deputy Commissioner of Internal Revenue has ruled that where receipts given to parties who deposit valuables with banks for safe keeping contain guaranties for the value of the same, such guaranties are held to be subject to stamp duty as agreements or contracts.

The President to-day pardoned Tift Nelson, John A. Davis and A. F. Tift, of Georgia, and George W. Mordecai and Wm. J. Hawkins, of North Carolina.

The issues of national currency for the past week amount to $3,804,520, making a total now in circulation of $169,592,960.

AN OFFICIAL CORRECTION.

Washington, August 13.—The Pacific Railroad bonds, amounting to $1,258,000, mentioned in the last official statement of the public debt, were issued to the Central Pacific Railroad of California, instead of the Union Pacific Railroad Company—the word Union was inserted in the statement by mistake, instead of Central. This correction is made by authority.

APPLICANTS FOR PARDON.

Thus far about two thousand applications for pardon under the proclamation of the President have been formally acted on by the Attorney General, but not more than one-fourth have been sent out by the State Department to the interested parties. The remainder await the signatures of the President and Secretary of State.

DELIVERY OF THE 7-30 BONDS.

The delivery of all the remaining 7-30 bonds will be made by the 25th instant.—The delay has been caused by the exhaustion of the blank forms of the smaller denominations, six or seven millions of which in amount have to be printed to meet the demand.

THE GOVERNMENT FINANCES.

Many unauthorized statements have been made concerning the intentions of the Secretary of the Treasury in regard to the finances, which are mere matters of conjecture. The Secretary has no present intention of visiting New York or any other city upon that business, nor does he contemplate any immediate change of policy, as the affairs of his Department are progressing comfortably.

VISITORS TO THE PRESIDENT—SOUTHERN APPLICANTS FOR PARDON.

The proportion of blacks who visit the Executive Mansion to see the President on business is not more than one in five hundred as compared with the whites. Among the latest arrivals of Southerners in quest of pardon, is Fayette McMullen, of Virginia. He was one of the fiercest secessionists, but now claims some merit for clinging to the reactionary party against Jefferson Davis. Mr. McMullen was formerly a member of the United States House of Representatives, and afterward was in the Rebel Congress.

EXTENSION OF THE POSTAL SERVICE.

The Postmaster General is gradually extending the postal service southward from Richmond, having just concluded contracts for the conveyance of the mails from that city to Petersburg, and from Petersburg to Weldon, North Carolina, twice a day. The entire distance is ninety miles.

STEAMER BURNED.

DETROIT, August 12.—The propellor Meteor took fire on Friday morning while in St. Mary's ship canal, and was scuttled and sunk in twelve feet of water. No lives were lost. The passengers lost all their effects. The Meteor is the same boat that collided with the Pewabic. Both boats are owned by Whiting & Co., of Detroit.

Later from Europe

FARTHER POINT, August 13th.—The steamer Moravian, from Liverpool for Quebec on the 3d instant, has passed this point.

She reports that nothing had been heard of the Great Eastern since noon of the 2d of August.

SECOND DESPATCH.

FARTHER POINT, August 13th.—The steamer Moravian, from Liverpool on the 3d via Londonderry on the 4th, has passed this point.

The following is the latest despatch received at Londonderry from London on the 4th:—

"Communication with the Great Eastern remains suspended, and nothing has been heard from her since noon of the 2d. Atlantic telegraph shares are nominal at 2½ to 3, and insurance rates on the cable have advanced to 50a60 guineas.

The latest despatches from the Great Eastern up to Wednesday morning, August 2, reported all going on well and 1,200 miles of the cable paid out.

On Wednesday evening the following was received, "Valentia, August 2, 8 P. M. Signals from the Great Eastern became unintelligible at noon, and there has been no communication with the ship since."

No information has been received as to the cause, which is unknown. At the closing of this summary nothing additional had transpired. The land line between Valentia has been out of order.

Atlantic telegraph shares (old) became quiet on the 31 and nominal, the quotation of the 31 being 400a500. Preference shares declined from ¾ premium to ¾ discount.

Jeremiah Townsend, a clerk of the Savings Bank at New Haven, Conn, who absconded last May with $100,000, has been cleverly captured in Liverpool by two Philadelphia detectives on arriving from that place from Havana via Southampton. Townsend sought to use a loaded revolver when captured, but was prevented. Nearly $99,000 of the stolen money was found in his possession. He sailed for New York in the steamer Etna, on the 21 inst, in the custody of his captors.

Satterthwaite's Circular of the evening of the 21, says:—A fair amount of business has been doing in American securities for the past week. U. S. 5-20's steadily declined for several days until they reached 67¾, from which they have rallied to 68¼.

The cattle disease is reported to be spreading rapidly in the vicinity of London, and serious ravages are noted. The Government has taken action to check the contagion, if possible.

PROGRESS OF THE CHOLERA.

Thirty cases of cholera are reported at Valencia, Spain. The cholera has also appeared in camp at Gibraltar.

THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

The London Herald says that the state of affairs in connection with the Atlantic cable led to an advance of the insurance premium from 25 guineas to 50 and 60 guineas. A very anxious feeling prevailed in the city and elsewhere with regard to the prospects of the cable. Up to midday on Wednesday the 2d inst., the signals received were singularly distinct. The Great Eastern was then very nearly two-thirds of the way to New Foundland. She was in the deepest water of the whole route, 2400 fathoms or a little over two and a half miles. It was at that time that the signals to Valentia became unintelligible and gradually ceased.

The Times infers that the disaster occurred after the cable left the vessel, from the fact that it was unknown to those on board, who were signalling their messages as usual when their signals became unintelligible at Valentia, and at last ceased entirely. As to the chances of recovering the impaired part of the cable and repairing it, it may be said that this process could not be accomplished at the rate of more than a quarter of a mile an hour, which the slightest wind or rough sea would at once put an end to. For such eventualities the Great Eastern is amply provided. She has several buoys on board, equal altogether to a weight of fifty tons, and she has at least five miles of powerful wire buoy ropes, which can support all that the buoys themselves can float.

COMMERCIAL ADVICES.

Liverpool, Aug. 4.—Cotton has declined ⅛d on American, and ⅛d on other descriptions.

Breadstuffs are flat. Wheat has declined 1d.

Provisions are steady. Bacon has an advancing tendency.

London, Aug. 4.—Consols closed at 89⅝a89¾ for money. Illinois Central Railroad, 78¼a79; Erie Railroad, 53¼a54; U. States 5-20's, 68.

From North Carolina.

RALEIGH, August 5.—Wealthy leaders of the late rebellion, who expect to control the coming State Convention and political affairs of North Carolina, have for the past five weeks been giving public dinners in many counties of this State to the returned members of the late rebel armies. A committee was appointed, funds raised and a day designated for a like display of hospitality at the county seat of this county, but as this looked like a public exhibition of approbation of rebel soldiers for their attempt to overthrow the Government, it was suppressed by Major Gen. Ruger.

From Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, Aug. 12.—Another effort to raise the frigate Congress will be made this evening at low water.

Seventy-five horses and mules belonging to the government were sold at Norfolk to-day at fair prices.

Col. A. P. Blunt, A. Q. M. at this post, was presented last evening with a valuable gold watch and chain, valued at $700. This elegant present was from his old friends at Norfolk, where he was formerly quartermaster.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 12.—Early this morning the Cohocksink Iron Works, on the Germantown road, were destroyed by fire. Result of accident. Loss over $20,000. Insured in the Royal Insurance Company.

From Tennessee.

ENFORCEMENT OF THE ELECTIVE FRANCHISE ACT.

NASHVILLE, August 11th.—The Press and Times of this morning publish the following:

The representatives elect in the respective districts are as follows:—N. G. Taylor, Upper East Tennessee, almost certainly; Knoxville District, Horace Maynard; Ass Faulkner over Stokes in the Chattanooga District; Nashville. W. B. Campbell; Clarksville, D. B. Thomas; West Tennessee, Colonel Hawkins over Etheridge. Faulkner, who, we fear, is elected over Stokes, will vote with Gov. Campbell and Mr. Thomas, if they get a chance to vote at all.

Maynard and Hawkins can be depended on as supporters of a liberal national policy, and we hope also Taylor. Dr. Leftwich is also reported to be a good Union man. The chances for the admission of our delegates are not very flattering.

The Union says Colonel Hawkins is undoubtedly elected. His majority, as far as heard from, is 1749.

NASHVILLE, August 12th.—Governor Brownlow has issued a proclamation propounding certain questions to the clerks of county courts and sheriffs, with a view of ascertaining whether or not the elective franchise act was fully complied with in conducting the recent election. Information has reached the State Department that in some counties it was erroneously construed, in others wilfully evaded, and in some instances totally disregarded.—The Governor invites all loyal citizens to communicate information relative to the question, and assures the loyal citizens of the State that no array of numbers, however great; no censure of disfranchised rebels, however loud; no combination of apostate Union men, however respected or valued, will prevent the execution of said law according to its substance and spirit.

MOVEMENTS OF GEN. GRANT.

DETROIT, August 12.—General Grant and suit arrived at the Central House, in this city, to-day, at half past 11 o'clock. The party immediately entered carriages and were conveyed to the Biddle House The streets through which the General passed were crowded with people, who greeted the distinguished visitor with loud and prolonged cheers. General Grant gives a reception at the Biddle House this P. M.

THE INDIAN COUNCIL.

ST. LOUIS, August 11.—The Democrat of this city publishes a special dispatch from Lawrence, Kansas, which says:—Major Hays, Chief Clerk of Indian Affairs in that city, has received orders to countermand the previous instructions to the courier, and order the agents to send delegations to Fort Smith, sixty miles below Fort Gibson. The grand Indian Council is to be held in front of Fort Smith, instead of Fort Gibson.

SEIZURE OF CIGARS.

BOSTON, Aug. 12.—The Boston Traveller states that the leading hotels of that city had been visited by the internal revenue officers, who seized all their stock of cigars for alleged violation of the revenue laws, and carried them to the United States court-house, where they were placed in the custody of the United States Marshal.

ARREST OF A COUNTERFEITER.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—A man named Wiseman was arrested to day with a large amount of counterfeit postal currency, the denomination of fifty cents, and counterfeit bills on the Webosset banks of Providence, in his possession. The arrest was made while he was negotiating their sale.

BURNING OF A CHURCH.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 12.—St. George's Methodist Church, in Fourth street, below Vine, one of the oldest in the city, was completely destroyed by fire at 10 o'clock this morning. Several adjacent dwellings were much injured by the fire and the great quantity of water thrown upon them.

THE GREAT EASTERN NOT ARRIVED.

ASPEY BAY, August 13, 7.30 P. M.—No news from the Great Eastern has yet been received.

GENERAL SHERMAN BEFORE THE REBELLION.

The New Orleans Picayune publishes two letters from General Sherman, dated December 18, 1860, and January 18, 1861, written while superintendent of the Military Academy of Louisiana, which clearly defines his position in respect to the rebellion, and puts at rest the report that he had preferred to remain neutral during any conflict which should arise between the National and State Governments.—These letters show that there was no doubt or hesitancy in General Sherman's mind as to his duty. He was then as decidedly Union as he has since proved himself to be. In the first letter he says he has repeatedly made known to the persons having authority in the Academy, that in the event of a severance of the relations hitherto existing between the Confederated States of this Union, he "would be forced to choose the old Union." His second letter is as follows:

LOUISIANA MILITARY ACADEMY, *Alexandria*, Jan. 18, 1861.—Gov Thomas O. Moore: Sir—As I occupy a quasi military position under the laws of this State, I deem it proper to acquaint you that I accepted such position when Louisiana was a State in the Union, and when the motto of this seminary was inscribed in marble over the main door, "By the liberality of the General Government. The Union esto perpetua."

Recent events foreshadow a great change and it becomes all men to choose. If Louisiana withdraws from the Federal Union, I prefer to maintain my allegiance to the old Constitution as long as a fragment of it survives, and my longer stay here would be a wrong in every sense of the word.

In that event, I beg you will send or appoint some authorized agent to take charge of the arms and munitions of war belonging to the State, or advise me what disposition should be made of them.

And furthermore, as President of the Board of Supervisors, I beg you to take immediate steps to relieve me as Superintendent the moment the State determines to secede, for on no earthly account will I do any act or think any thought hostile to or in defiance of the old Government of the United States.

With great respect,
Your friend and servant,
W. T. SHERMAN.

THE PHENIX BANK DEFALCATION.

The defalcation in the Phœnix Bank, New York, as its investigation progresses, is constantly bringing forth new revelations of the most astounding character.

About half past one o'clock on Thursday afternoon, special detective John H. McCarty, of the Twenty-ninth Precinct, proceeded to the office of Smith, Martin & Co., No. 3 Wall street, and arrested John H. Earle, on a charge of being concerned in the Phœnix Bank defalcation.—Earle made no denial of his complicity, but at once proceeded with the officer to the Bank. Here, in presence of John McKeon, Esq., and the bank officers, he confessed to having received $100,000 from Jenkins.

The first money he received was $50,000, which he supposed to be the property of Jenkins. When he received the second $50,000, he knew it had been purloined from the bank. On being interrogated as to what had become of the money, Earle said it had all been invested and sunk in stocks. Earle was then taken and locked up in in the Twenty-ninth Precinct Station House.

Acting upon information received from Earle, officer McCarty proceeded at half-past ten o'clock last night to No. 159 Bleecker street, and arrested a stylish-looking woman, calling herself Mrs. Brown, but whose real name is Genevieve Brown. She becoming conscious of Jenkins' position and defalcations, it is alleged, worked upon his fears till she had blackmailed him of nearly fifteen thousand dollars, besides a house full of costly furniture.

About an hour after the same officer arrested Brown, who, as was charged by Earle, helped Mrs. Brown in her blackmail operations. Previous to these arrests, Earle had been conveyed to the station house, searched, and everything taken from him. About one o'clock Brown was put in a cell by McCarty, who at the same time saw Earle and asked him how he felt. Earle said pretty well, and thought he would go to sleep. The officer then bid him good night, Earle's last good night on earth.

About half-past seven o'clock McCarty proceeded to the station-house for the purpose of fetching his prisoners to the Jefferson Market Police Court. He sent the doorman down to fetch them up. In a short time he returned, saying that he could not rouse Earle. McCarty rushed down stairs, and placing his hand on Earle's heart found that it had ceased to throb, and his pulse was motionless. On raising the prisoner the blood gushed from a large orifice in the neck. On the floor of the cell was found a small pocket knife, about two inches long, with the blade about three-quarters of an inch, and of the kind known as a lady's pocket-knife.

This instrument it is supposed was concealed on the inside of the lower lip, and Earle rushed to meet his Maker about four o'clock, as the doorman saw him awake about three. The deceased was determined on his death. He first cut a hole near the jugular vein, and pushing the knife in worked round and round till he made a hole in his neck about the size of a quarter of a dollar. As soon as death was ascertained, the body was removed to an upper floor and the coroner notified, and thus ends one phase, and probably the most tragical, in this bank case.

From another Reporter.

The deceased man Earle, it appears, laid down on the bench in the cell, the second one from the front window, with his head on a rug furnished to him through the kindness of the officer, and deliberately removing his hat and collar, and placing it beside him, committed the deed. He was heard moving as late as four o'clock A. M., and it seems, therefore, that the suicide was committed after that hour. Earle was about five feet five inches high, of dark complexion, with a large flowing beard, and was attired with much care. He had lost the upper part of the left foretinger.

When asked early in the evening by Sergeant Waters whether he wanted anything, he replied, "I feel so bad I do not care for anything just now."

When found by doorman Gillespie he laid with his head on the rug, in the midst of a pool of blood, the knife, a common-looking two bladed white handled penknife, beside him, and a copy of yesterday's paper near by. He had tried to sever the jugular first, but failing to do so at once, he cut through the Adam's apple, severed his windpipe, and thus put an end to his existence. The cell was under the constant observation of the officer in charge, and the presumption is that the unfortunate man bled to death.

DISASTER ON LAKE HURON.

DETROIT, Aug. 11.—The propellors Meteor and Pewabic collided on Wednesday night, in Thunder Bay, Lake Huron

The Pewabic was sunk in three minutes after the collision.

From seventy-five to one hundred lives were lost.

The boats were running at full speed, and struck with such terrible force as to crush in the entire bow of the Pewabic At the time the accident occurred it was scarcely dark, and the boats saw each other six miles apart. When approaching they exchanged signals, and the Pewabic bore off to pass, but the Meteor, for some unexplained reason, turned in the same direction and struck the Pewabic.

THE PASSENGERS.

A number of the passengers on board the Pewabic were killed by the crushing of her timbers.

A few jumped on board the Meteor before the Pewabic sunk.

Life boats were immediately lowered from the Meteor, and picked up those who were not carried down with the wreck

From one hundred and seventy-five to two hundred passengers were on board of the Pewabic at the time of the disaster. Seventy five of the passengers and twenty-three of the crew were saved.

The following are the names of the passengers known to be lost:—Miss F. Homer, Miss Frank Rider, Houghton; Miss Tyler, Tiffin, Ohio; Caroline M. Wright, Detroit; Mrs. Wm. Wells, Ann Harbor; wife and four children of Edward Levan, Canada East; wife, son and daughter of Henry Letchell, Lake Superior; Lewis James, Rockville; Miss Hannah Kelly, Illinois; William Ottell, Cleveland; Miss Julia Ramsey, Tiffin, Ohio; Mrs Hall and two children, Copper Harbor; A. O. Neal, Cleveland; Thos. Blackwell, Ontonagon; John Tracy, Cleveland.

Names of the crew that were lost:—Assistant engineer, R. G. Jackson and wife, Detroit; first cook, Samuel Bomles, Detroit; Greaser H. Choler, Cleveland; deck hand, James Riley, Cleveland; chambermaid, Maggie, Cleveland; third porter, watchman and bar tender.

Passengers saved:—J. Porter and wife, Elgin, Ohio; Mrs. Charles Mills, Elgin, Ohio; A. L. Foster, Churchill, Canada West; W. Kine, Canada West; W. Levan and three children, Canada West; Henry Mitchell, Lake Superior; Samuel Ananbroker, Port Huron; Eng. Peck, Newark, Ohio; A. W. Tilden, Cumberland, Ohio; Mr. Hotham, wife and child, Bridgewater, Mass; L. L. McKnight and wife, Detroit; Mrs. Commander Gardner, Detroit; Mrs. Ada Brush, Detroit; Kate C. Jones, New York; Edmund James, New York; Miss Mary M. Foote, New York; John Jeffards, New York; Mrs. Kaufman, Maritana, Ohio; Mrs. G. Naustation, Canada West; J. H. Ashmead, Hartford, Conn; Frank Marstadt, Detroit; Louis Slaser, Quebec; John Shields, Portage; Patrick McCann, Mass; J. D. Baker, Detroit; J. M. Buckens, Hamilton; T. B. Roberts, Ohio; B. Mercer, Columbus, Ohio; Wm. Moonson, New York; James Doyle, Eagle Harbor; John Bushen, Canada; John Blaser, Detroit; W. B. Mackeller, Ohio; John Fraser, Michigan; Daniel Graham, Michigan; Joseph Mortall, Portage, Michigan; Benjamin Bain, of Michigan; William Balk, of Canada; Michael Sullivan, of Michigan; Michael Graham, of Morguette, Wisconsin; Chas. A Abanant, of Canada; Michael Doyle, of Massachusetts; Jones Connell, of Eagle Harbor; H. A. Brano, of Canada West; W. McLean, of Canada; John Jameson, of Canada; Henry Knight, of Illinois; Theo. G. Lyster, of Detroit; Wm. E. Hull, of Copper Harbor; Dr. M. C. Lewis, of Cleveland, Ohio; Charles Harris, of West Hebron, N. Y.; Thomas Fitzgerald, of Philadelphia; John Brennan, James Rose, Thomas Blair, Andrew Flewers, Michael Sullivan and William Reid, of Cleveland; Mrs. C. M. Wright, of Detroit; Dr. S. H. Douglas, daughter and two sons, of Ann Arbor, Michigan; J. W. Cherry and wife, of Delaware, Ohio; J. Worman, wife and daughter, of Troy, Ohio.

The following of the crew were saved: Capt. George McKay, of Cleveland; First Mate George, of Cleveland; John McKay, of Cleveland, clerk; Charles A. Mack, of Detroit; together with the second engineer, steward, porter, second porter, deck sweeper and wheelsman.

ANOTHER TRAGEDY.

From the Cleveland Herald, of Thursday, we gather the particulars of a shocking murder, wherein a former inmate of the Penitentiary was the principal actor. The Herald says: Some six or seven years ago a man named J. W. Hughes, a Manxman, settled in this city as a practicing physician. He established himself on Ontario street, and was well known; was married and had a family. About eighteen months ago he secured an introduction into the family of Mr. Thomas Parsons, who has several fine daughters. He passed himself off as a single man, and succeeded in engaging the affections of Miss Tamsey Parsons, the second eldest daughter Taking her to Pittsburg he married her. In less than six weeks after this second marriage, the family of Miss Parsons discovered that the Doctor had another wife, and following him to Pittsburg, succeeded in arresting and inflicting him for bigamy.

He was convicted and sentenced to a term in the Allegheny Penitentiary, near Pittsburg. Through some unknown influence he was pardoned out after serving not more than five or six months. He returned to this city sometime during last spring and commenced business in an office on Ontario street.

Some three or four weeks ago he sent his first wife home to the Isle of Man.—No doubt as a preparatory measure toward the execution of his murderous purpose.

The first scene presented to us in this tragedy is at the carriage stand, corner of Bank and Superior streets, on Tuesday evening, August 8. About eight o'clock in the evening, Dr. J. W Hughes, accompanied by a man named Russell, who keeps a saloon on Ontario street, made application together to several of the carriage men to be conveyed to Bedford, in this county, about twelve miles from here, on the old Pittsburg road.

He succeeded in hiring a hackman by the name of Karr, who owns a carriage and span of horses. They left here about eight o'clock in the evening, we are told, and then proceeded to Bedford and waited for an opportunity to obtain an interview with Miss Tamsey Parsons, in which he was successful, as will be seen, and endeavored to prevail upon her to forsake her home and go with him. He informed her that he would give her a certain time in which to make up her mind as to her intention. She utterly refused to have anything more to say to him, and left

About two o'clock in the day he called at the residence of his intended victim and met her in the back garden. Approaching her he said:—"Tamsey, have you made up your mind to go?" She shook her head. Then the Doctor, pulling from his breast a little four-barrelled revolver, and with the words, "Good bye, Tamsey; we shall meet again across the big waters," upon his lips, deliberately took aim, shooting her through the head. His victim turned and reeled and while falling the cold blooded fiend fired again, the second ball also passing through her head and hurriedly consigning her to eternity.

Having committed the murder, Hughes took to his carriage, but abandoned it for the woods about five miles from Bedford. Officers and others were soon in pursuit, and it was not many hours before he was taken.

The citizens of Bedford and Newburg turned out en masse, joined by several returned soldiers, who were well armed, in search of the prisoner. The party with Constable Wells discovered him laying down in a thick clump of brush. Upon the approach of the pursuers he rose upon his knees and said he would surrender at once, handing over the fatal instrument with which he committed the atrocious deed.

He stated to the officers who had him in charge that he was fully cognizant of the penalty that attached to his fearful crime. When officer McKinstry remarked to him, "Doctor, this is a horrible crime you have been guilty of committing, he replied, "I am aware of it, but I have effected my object. I came from Cleveland with the avowed purpose of killing her, and I have done it."

FROM THE MISSISSIPPI.

CAIRO, Aug. 11.—Eighteen hundred and eleven bales of cotton arrived at Cairo yesterday; also, ninety one bales passed up for St Louis

The army worm is threatening the entire destruction of cotton in Wharton county, Texas. One field of two hundred acres was destroyed in one night.

The receipts of cotton at New Orleans for the week ending August 8 amounted to nineteen thousand four hundred and sixty-five bales; stock on hand sixty-six thousand five hundred and thirty-four bales.

The steamer Star, with three hundred and nine bales of cotton, was burned in the Red bayou tributary of the Red River two weeks since

The schooner Excelsior, from New Orleans for Matamoras, was wrecked on Brazos bar. She proved a total loss. The crew were saved.

During the storm at Natchez, on the 31st, several coal barges were sunk, including one containing twenty-two thousand bushels, and belonging to the Government.

AFFAIRS IN CECIL COUNTY.—We take the following from the Cecil Whig:

Arrest of a Parricide.—On Monday last Sheriff Price and Deputy Sheriff Janney, accompanied by two officers from Pennsylvania, succeeded in arresting Joseph Webster, near Battonwood Station, on the Philadelphia and Baltimore Railroad, a short distance from Oxford, Pennsylvania, and brought him to Elkton jail, where he was confined till Tuesday morning, when he was taken to Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, to await his trial for killing his father. Young Webster married a lady of this county, and hence the surprise that he might be somewhere in this neighborhood.

Land Sale.—Ann and Hannah Kirk have sold their farm of fifty acres, near B. M. House, to Peter J. Atkinson, of Camden, N. J., for $4,000

HOWARD COUNTY OFFICERS.—The Ellicott's Mills Record contains the following:

Sales of Town Property.—The Town Hall was sold at public sale on Tuesday last, for $3,150 Purchaser, M. Hannan. Mr. Joshua Taylor sold one of his dwellings, in this place, to Mr. Joseph Frissel for $1 100 The property of the late Alexander Walker was sold a few weeks ago for $1,350. Purchaser, Isaiah Kinsey.

Pardoned.—Among the pardons granted by the President, we notice the name of Gen. Allen Thomas, of the Confederate army, and a resident of this county.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

Robberies.—On Saturday a man named Robert Parsons was arrested by Policeman Spice on the charge of having robbed Frederick Nicholls, Jno. Myers and Johnson Shedaker, privates of the 196th Ohio Regiment, of $240 while at the lager beer place of George Kosmarks on Orchard street. Two others, named James Hutton and William Cleghorn, had previously been arrested on the same charge. Justice Shubaire committed Parsons to jail to await with his accomplices the action of the grand jury.

James Long was arrested by Policemen Gornall and McFadden on Saturday, on the charge of robbing Ezekiel Charles, of Dorchester county, of $40 while at Buck's Fulton House, on Pratt street, near Centre Market Space. The parties had agreed to swap pocket books, and on the exchange being made, a paper containing $100 in notes dropped from the pocket book belonging to Charles. It was picked up and opened by Long, who returned all excepting the above notes. Justice Spicer committed the accused to jail to await the action of the grand jury.

On Wednesday afternoon between the hours of 2 and 3 o'clock, the dwelling or cottage of Mr Wm. Turner, on Charles street avenue, a short distance from Camp Bradford, was entered and robbed of $161 in notes and two breastpins valued at $45, which were deposited in a bureau drawer. Detectives Hearn and Morgan yesterday arrested Jacob Stewart, Moses Roberts and Moses Powell, negroes, on the charge of having committed the robbery. An examination was had before Justice Spicer, resulting in the discharge of Powell, and committing of the other two to jail to await trial at court. Anna Roche was arrested on Saturday by Constable Hobbs on the charge of stealing a skirt and dress, valued at $10, the property of Mrs. Ann Dougherty, residing on Elbow Lane near Fremont street. Justice Findell committed her to jail to await the action of the grand jury.

Horrible Deed—Child Murder and Suicide. On Saturday night, about nine o'clock a most horrible deed was perpetrated at the lager beer house, No. 218 Alice Anna street, near Broadway, by William Tews, while in a deranged state. He left his wife to attend to the bar, there being twelve or fourteen persons in the room, and taking his youngest daughter, aged four months, proceeded up stairs to a back room, where he pointed a pistol immediately over the left eye of the child and discharged it. He then placed the muzzle of the weapon in his own mouth and discharged another barrel, the ball passing through the brain and killing him almost instantly. The report of the discharges attracted the attention of the men down stairs, one of whom suggested to Mrs. Tews that she should go up stairs and ascertain the cause. On proceeding up with some of the men it was found that the rooms were all locked. They were forced, and the bodies of Tews and the child found on the floor, the latter trying to crawl, while Tews made several convulsive movements, and expired soon after.—Captain Lyons, on receiving information of the terrible deed, hastened to the house and took charge of it. Physicians were summoned to attend both of the wounded. The ball was extracted by Dr. Dashiell from the back part of the head of the child, who it is supposed would die before morning. Coroner Sparklin held an inquest over the body of Tews, the jury rendering a verdict of death by his own hands. He was about 33 years old. The testimony showed that he had previously determined on ending his life. Domestic trouble is thought to have been the principal cause of the deed.

Holliday Street Theatre.—This evening the first representation of the star piece of the season, the dramatic story, "The Ice Witch, or the Knight of the Frozen Hand," will take place. The programme announces a display of splendor in scenery and elaborate machinery and mechanism which, combined with the energy and talent of the talented theatrical forces of Mr. Ford's troupe, and the assistance of new and favorite actors and actresses, must make the Ice Witch the crowning piece of this season. The drama is of mythologic or, rather, fairy character, interspersed with beautiful tableaux, ballet, sweet airs, and everything which delights ear and eye. The leading actress, Annie Hetrelling, has been engaged especially for this performance, and with the assistance of the beautiful and talented Fowler Sisters and the other members of Mr. Ford's excellent troupe, and Mr. Getz's dazzling new scenery, the public cannot but be charmed by the new production. Mr. Ford will certainly be rewarded for his spare efforts to satisfy his friends by an unsurpassed patronage.

Singular Charge—Result of Pocketing Money.—A colored man, named James Smith, while passing near the corner of Pratt and Hanover streets, on Saturday, picked up a $100 note, which, as subsequently appeared, had blown out of the Citizens' Bank window A number of persons collected around him, some of them demanding that he could give it up to them. Among others, Mr. William Heckrote claimed it as belonging to him, and on Smith showing some hesitancy at giving up the note, without proof, had him arrested by Policeman Jollis on the charge of stealing $100. Smith was taken to the office of Justice Johnson, who, in default of security, committed him, but subsequently on his producing bail, released Smith for trial at court.

Shooting Affair.—John Dwyer, a soldier, was arrested on Saturday afternoon by Policeman Linkemper on the charge of having shot at Elizabeth Brooks, (now Mrs. Elizabeth Thomas,) proprietress of house No 15 Bath street, with intent to kill, and was committed to jail by Justice Spicer to await the action of the grand jury. Dwyer, with a female named Susan Barber, had been out nearly all day together and returned to the house intoxicated. Mrs. Thomas attempted to drive her out, and while in the yard, Dwyer drew out a large navy revolver, one barrel of which he discharged at the lower portion of her person. The ball passed through her dress and under clothing, in close proximity to her ankle.

Gave Bail.—Charles Ockey, of Baltimore county, indicted by the Grand Jury of the United States District Court for treason, was arrested a week since by Deputy Marshal Cox, of the county, and handed over to the custody of the United States Marshal, who released him on the personal security of Mr. John O. Price, of the county, that he would make his appearance before the U. States Court and give the required bail. Yesterday Mr. Ockey appeared, and entered into recognizance jointly with Mr. Price in the sum of $10,000 for his appearance at the Circuit Court, which meets in November next, for trial. It is alleged that he was acting as sergeant in the command of Harry Gilmor.

Correction.—In our Saturday morning's issue there was a statement under the head of "theft of cattle," which we expressed as suspicious against Mr. Jacob Rice, as to his property in connection with the stolen cattle found on his premises. According to Mr. Rice's statement this is a misrepresentation of the facts, as he had, previously to his arrest, notified Messrs. Russell & Co. that the cattle were on his premises, and had given them an order to take the cattle away, he, at the time of his purchase, not being aware of the animals being stolen.

Pocket Picked on the Cars.—A gentleman named Mayer, while coming to this city from Wheeling on the cars of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, had his pocket picked of his wallet containing $600. A person was arrested on Saturday, by Detective Morgan, at Camden Station, but it was shown that he was not guilty, and was discharged by Justice Spicer.

Patents Received by Baltimoreans.—The following patents have been issued to Baltimoreans, for the week ending August 8th:—To R. H. Loomis, for improvement in cut-off valve gear; to Edward Fairbanks, assignor to himself and Levi Bowen, for improvement in oyster dredges; and to Robert Poole, assignor to himself and G. H. Hunt, for improvement in oil lamps.

Broke out of Towsontown Jail.—On Friday night Benjamin Kraft, Joseph Storm and Charles Hearlitz, indicted for robbing the dwelling of Mr. N. J. Worthington, on the Reisterstown road, of a considerable amount of specie; Joseph Kessinger, a white boy, Henry Magill and Bill Holliday, negroes, broke out of the Towsontown jail, and thus far have eluded the search made for them.

Non-Resident Peddler.—A man named F. Clem was arraigned on Saturday, before Justice Findell, by constable Irving, on the charge of peddling without license, he being a non resident He was offering samples of cloth for sale. The justice, in default of his producing security, committed him to jail to await the action of the grand jury.

Heavy Fine.—John McNally, for not having proper numbers on his vehicle, was arrested by policeman Widdefield and fined $20 and costs by Justice Spicer, on Saturday. The fine was remitted by Mayor Chapman.

Confidence Sharper Arrested.—On Saturday morning, at nine o'clock, policemen Trees and Witts were called on to arrest a man, giving his name as Frank Knapp, on the charge of having swindled Mr. H. T. Wilbaugh, merchant, of Bethel, Texas, while in Philadelphia last Monday, of $1,850.—Knapp made himself acquainted with Mr. Wilbaugh at the Fountain Hotel, in this city, and, finding that he had come East to purchase goods, proposed to accompany him to Philadelphia, where he stated he would take him where he could make his purchases at one half the cost of other places, and that there was to be a sale by order of the Government. After reaching that city he said that he had occasion to use $1,800, and offered Mr Wilbaugh a draft for $3,500, if he would loan him the desired amount. Mr. Wilbaugh finally consented and gave the money. Shortly afterwards Knapp made himself scarce. Mr. Wilbaugh finally came back to this city, and yesterday morning he observed the sharper at the jewelry establishment of Messrs. Geary & Weale, No. 177 Baltimore streets, where he had purchased a massive gold chain, costing $450. He obtained the services of a policeman, who lodged the accused in the Middle district station house, acquainting Marshal Carnlichael with the facts. An examination was to have been held in the evening before Justice Spicer, but the counsel for the accused, R. Lyon Rogers, Esq, agreed with John F. Fox, Esq., representing the State, to postpone it until this morning.

Larceny.—Michael McGuire was arrested on Saturday by policeman Robinson on the charge of having stolen a ham valued at $3 from the store of Mr. Peter Ferran, corner of Allegheny and Boston streets; Justice Whalen committed him to jail to await the action of the Grand Jury. A boy named Cornelius Harley was arrested by policeman Harrison on the charge of stealing a lot of solder, valued at $10, from the store of Mr. Edward G. Dey, corner of Pratt street and Broadway; Justice Whalen dismissed the case on account of the youth of the offender. Henry B. Food, belonging to the Artillery Regiment at Fort McHenry, was arrested on Saturday afternoon by policeman C. E. Barnes on the charge of having in his possession eleven yards of carpet, which he acknowledged having stolen; he was committed to jail for trial.

Shooting and Cutting Affray.—Yesterday evening, about six o'clock, two parties of belligerents, some fifteen men strong, met in a carrying ground located in the Northwestern section of the city, and entered into a melee by a certain individual named Knout attacking a former drummer boy, name unknown. John Sheppard took the part of the latter, when he was shot by Erick Dougherty through the body, the ball entering the right breast and passing out on the left, causing, it is feared, a mortal wound. In the evening fight Dougherty was stabbed by an unknown party in the neck. John Sheppard, who resides at No. 44 Howard street, was conveyed to the lager beer house of Mr. Frank, on Gilmor street, and from thence was taken in a hack to his residence. Officer White brought John Naylor and Samuel Barrett to the Western station house as witnesses.

Retail Market Prices.—Notwithstanding that the prices of the every day necessaries of life have somewhat lowered within the past few weeks, they still stand at an unusually high figure, which causes a heavy pressure on the poorer classes. If at time that in other cities the same complaints are uttered, yet there are also steps taken to remedy the evil. Thus the German mechanics of New York have formed an association, with a capital of $24,000, for the purpose of purchasing such articles in large quantities from the first hands and retailing them again at wholesale prices to the members. Our columns have previously directed the attention of our citizens and benevolent associations to this subject. Might not Baltimore also take action before the approaching winter brings again higher prices, besides its other burdens?

Fire.—The alarm was sounded last evening about 6 o'clock, by Sergeant C. C. Hatsey which was caused by the burning of a frame stable in the rear of No 70 North Schroeder street, the property of Mrs. Gossett. Loss $250, covered by insurance. The building is suppos