DAILY CLIPPER.

WM. WALES.....Publisher.

TUESDAY, AUG. 1, 1865.

TO ADVERTISERS.

The following exhibit of our regular rates will be found of service:

1 Square	1 Time	$ 50
"	2 Times	75
"	3 "	1.00
"	1 Week	1.75
"	1 Month	6.00
"	3 Months	10.00
"	6 "	15.00
"	1 Year	20.00

ONE SQUARE CONTAINS SIX LINES OF SPACE.

THE STATUE OF CLAY.

—o—

"Make me a statue," said the King,
"Of marble white as snow;
It must be pure enough to stand
Before my throne, at my right hand,
The niche is waiting, go!"

The sculptor heard the King's command,
And went upon his way:
He had no marble, but he went,
With willing hands, and high intent,
To mould his thoughts in clay.

Day after day he wrought the clay,
But knew not what he wrought:
He sought the help of heart and brain,
He sought not mark the riddle plain,
It lay beyond his thought.

To-day the statue seemed to grow,
To-morrow it stood still:
The third day, all was well again:
Thus, year by year, in joy and pain,
He wrought his Master's will.

At last his life long work was done—
It was a happy day:
He took his statue to the King,
But trembled like a guilty thing,
Because it was but clay!

"Where is my statue?" asked the King.
"Here, Lord!" the sculptor said.
"But I commanded marble." "True,
But looking that, what could I do
But mould in clay instead?"

"Thou shalt not unrewarded go,
Since thou has done the best;
Thy statue shall acceptance win,
It shall be as it should have been,
For I will do the rest."

He touched the statue, and it changed;
The clay fell off, and lo!
A marble shape before him stands,
The perfect work of heavenly hands,
An angel pure as snow!

CATTLE PLAGUE IN THE MISSISIPPI BIBOTTOM.

[From the Memphis Bulletin, 25th]

We learn from a gentleman who has just returned from a visit to Phillips and Crittenden counties, Arkansas, that the planters in the Mississippi bottoms have been, and are still, suffering severe loss by the death of their horses, mules, cattle and hogs, by a most singular disease which is carrying them off in great numbers.

In the early part of the summer, an incredible number of black gnats made their appearance in the bottoms, and attacked, not only cattle and horses, but also birds, wild turkeys, deer and other game with such ferocity, as to kill, in a short time, quite a number of animals.

After the disappearance of the gnats, a disease broke out among the cattle, horses and hogs, and has been raging for some time, and is still prevailing, though the indications now are that the epidemic—for such it appears to be—is abating.—This disease resembles very closely erysipelas, the attacked swelling up, sometimes, under the breast, at other times on the side, but more frequently under the throat, and dying generally in from 24 to 48 hours after being attacked. Our informant conversed with several intelligent planters who have been great sufferers by this strange disease, among them a physician eminent in his profession, and all of them concurred in the opinion that it was closely allied to erysipelas, and also that the visitation of the gnats in the early part of the summer had some influence in producing the disease.

It is thought that the great amount of poison which was necessarily absorbed into the system by the bite of the gnat—which is a most poisonous insect—is developing itself in the disease which is now ravaging the whole animal race in that region. Some cases, when taken in time, are cured by precisely the same treatment practiced in cases of erysipelas, painting with anodyne the affected parts having a fine effect.

The losses of stock, especially of hogs, has been very great. One planter in Walnut Bend has lost over two hundred hogs and seven horses and mules, besides oxen and milk cows. Another living a short distance above the one named, has lost thirteen mules and horses, and hogs and cattle in proportion. This is only two of many similar instances of losses sustained.

On Saturday morning it was reported that two men, who had been treating their cattle for the prevailing disease, had been similarly attacked, their throats swelling up in an alarming manner.

EX-GOV. LETCHER AND UNITED STATES LAWS

In a letter written from Lexington, Virginia, on dingy, dirty brown paper, with no fly leaf, by John Letcher, who signs himself "Ex-Governor of Virginia," he begs Secretary Seward to furnish him a copy of the laws passed by the United States Congress since 1860, as not a copy can be found in the county in which he resides. The request was referred by Secretary Seward to Secretary Harlan, of the Interior Department, who has directed that copies of the laws be forwarded to Letcher, as requested. He is not entitled to them as a right, being simply a private citizen, but under the peculiar circumstances of the case, and being desirous to enlighten the citizens of the rebellious States as to what laws have been passed by our Congress during the period these States were under the control of the Jeff Davis usurpation, Secretary Harlan has exercised the discretionary power vested in him in such cases, and sent the books.

AMERICANISM IS ENGLAND.

The following is an extract of a private letter from an American in London to a gentleman of New York, of July 2:

"Of course you will have seen that President Lincoln's assassination caused a most complete, as well as sudden, revolution in England in regard to our country, and the fact that our Government went on as though nothing had occurred, was so unexpected to the masses here, who had looked for anything, from a military dictatorship to complete anarchy, that America and republican institutions are now as much a source of wonder and surprise, and of confidence, too, as they were a few days before of contempt and jeer. I assure you we few Americans here never felt occasion to let our nationality be known, and we feel as though we have no occasion to be ashamed of it. In fact, I feel extremely proud of it to-day. I was, long before I left, fully impressed with the idea that, after all, Lincoln was the best man for our country, and I was deeply grieved at his sudden and tragic death."

HIS FUNERAL.—A correspondent of an English paper, translates the following:—"On Sunday morning last, I had the pleasure of witnessing a most interesting ceremony, which I desire to record for the benefit of your readers; and if Dr. Cumming, the Times' bee master, happens to be one of them, I would particularly commend it to his notice. Whilst walking with a friend in a garden near Falkirk, we observed two bees issuing from one of the hives, bearing between them the body of a defunct comrade, with which they flew for a distance of ten yards. We followed them closely, and noted the care with which they selected a convenient hole at the side of the gravel walk—the tenderness with which they committed the body, head downward, to the earth—and the solicitude with which they afterward pushed against it two little stones, doubtless 'in memoriam.' Their task being ended, they paused for about a minute, perhaps to drop over the grave of their friend a sympathizing tear, when they flew away, and as John Bunyan says in his dream, 'I saw them no more.'"

SOUTHERN EMIGRATION.—The people in the Southern seaboard having so generally destroyed Northern emigration, a colonization agency, or bureau, is being established in some of the northern cities to aid in this object. The object of this agency is to give to intending emigrants to any part of the South, accurate and detailed information concerning the region, its climate, &c., the prices of lands and food, and the opportunities which offer there for labor of different kinds, together with the expenses attending removal and settlement.

☞ At one of the grand balls in London this season three hundred ladies appeared without crinolines.

[For the Clipper.]

BALTIMORE, MD., July 31, 1865.

Editor of the Clipper: In perusing the columns of your paper this morning, I noticed an article of "news," copied from a Philadelphia paper, in relation to a defalcation in the commissary department in this city to the amount of three hundred thousand dollars, which is not true, as the accounts having passed through the War Department, and all money papers passed the Treasury Department as correct.

Permit me, if not encroaching too much on your time and not occupying too much space in your columns, to make a few statements additional, which will relieve the minds of the Captain's friends and those of unbiased people.

On the 18th day of February the Captain took charge of this Depot, since which time he has been relieved on account of resignation. "Not according to request."

During the time he had charge I was a clerk in his employ, and have been connected with the Commissary Department since May 1862, at which time I was an acting commissary in the army. Though I was only from August 1864, to July 1865, with the department, and from experience flatter myself to know some little of the workings of the department.

The question may arise amongst many what position I held to know these things in relation to the case above referred to, and how I know any thing of the Captain's business. I can answer them by saying that proposals were offered at the offices—sealed—said seals were generally broken by my hands—and the lowest bid in all cases accepted, unless bids were offered on sample—then they were examined by the Chief Inspector; if he erred in judgment it was not the Captain's fault—the Chief Inspector being too conscientious to give a decision adverse to his own feelings."

I can conscientiously say that all workings of the department were honest and fair to all concerned. I have no interest in doing this only to protect the honor and character of an absent friend.

Now if you wish to know what is really and truly the cause I will state it in one word—Politics!

Capt. Wells wished to identify himself with this city and State. He worked hard, raised by subscription a large sum of money to further Mr. Sterling's interest in the last Mayoralty campaign; also, did all that he could to place Mr. J. A. J. Creswell in the United States Senate. Opposing politicians and disappointed contractors only have raised the hue and cry to defeat the party and make capital of an honest man's name during his absence."

The Captain has gone to Europe, which we all know, but to attend a case of severe illness in his own family. His wife and daughter are still in this city. The above facts I know to be true, and can answer any or all questions which any one may see fit to ask.

Respectfully yours,

L. ODEN FULLER,
Baltimore, Md.

THE STORY OF A REBEL ADVENTURER.

The St. Louis Republican says: "Clinton C. Burbridge, whom the fortunes of war much less than his own freaks of fancy have given a newspaper notoriety, has been brought here in custody from Bowling Green, Pike county, whither he was sent from this city to answer a charge of 'murder in the first degree,' an indictment for which was found against him by the Grand Jury at the April term of the Circuit Court for that county. The circumstances out of which this charge has grown occurred at Ashley, in Pike county, in the latter part of August, 1862.

"Early one morning at that period an attempt was made by a party of one hundred and twenty-five or one hundred and thirty men, calling themselves Confederates, to capture something like a hundred United States muskets in possession of some militia at that place. It was expected to seize these arms by strategy and without any struggle. In this they were foiled. The guard got wind of their coming, giving time for some nineteen persons to gain the armory and adjacent buildings. From these they fired upon the advancing guerillas, killing two outright, and mortally wounding two others, who were left behind by their decamping comrades, who were compelled to flee. It was said some twelve or fifteen others had been mortally wounded.

"Of the persons in the armory, a mere frame shell, one was mortally wounded, and another seriously, while every man in the building, which was riddled with bullets, was touched in his person or clothing by a ball. Another of the militia was killed outright, on the edge of the village, by one of three or four men who were supposed to have been stationed there as pickets. The Confederates, or guerillas, were commanded by a person named Snyder, styling himself as Major Clint, as he is familiarly known in Pike county, was with this party, but in what capacity has never been publicly known. Most probably he was a sort of 'high private,' as he is said to have been elsewhere.

"From his connection with this affair grows the indictment for murder, upon which he was sent up to be tried on the 20th instant, at a special term called for that purpose. He was not tried, however, but obtained a change of venue to St Louis county.

"Some weeks prior to the Ashley affair, as we are informed, Clint was with a party one night, in the country, engaged in an exploit somewhat fashionable about that period, of gathering up arms, &c., from the farmers, for the use of the Confederacy. They secured several, and came near running, in the dark, upon a squad of Colonel Smart's cavalry and some citizens, who were out in search of the party, which was known to be in the southern part of the county. At Prairieville, early next morning, a part of Col. Smart's squad overhauled a portion of the party, severely wounding and capturing one of the men, who had in his hands at the time a gun taken the night before.—The rest of them escaped, though several of them lost their horses and equipments, among whom was Clint, whose fleet little mare, not being quite fleet enough to outrun a bullet, was abandoned, and he took to the brush.

"After lying in Gratiot some months, Clint was tried, as many of our readers may remember, by a military commission for being a spy and bushwhacker, found guilty and sentenced to be shot. The General in command of the department disapproved the sentence. He was a second time tried and sentenced to the Missouri Penitentiary for ten years. Thither he was sent in January last, to be pardoned out soon after by President Lincoln. His relations and friends, it is said, urged him to leave Missouri and go to New York or California, furnishing him with the means to do so. Clint, however, preferred remaining in St. Louis, and did so, hearing which the Grand Jury of Pike county found the indictment alluded to against him, and had him arrested and confined in jail here until Monday last."

NEW ASSIGNMENTS.—The following assignments of General officers have been made by the President:

Major General G. M. Dodge, U. S. Volunteers, to the general command of all the United States forces serving in Kansas, Colorado, Nebraska, Montana, and that portion of Dacotah lying west and south of the Missouri; headquarters in the field.

Major General Alfred Pleasanton, U. S. Vols., to the command of the District of Wisconsin; headquarters at Milwaukie.

Brig. Gen. T. C. H Smith, U. S. Vols., to the command of the District of Missouri; headquarters at St. Louis.

Brig. Gen. J. A. Williamson, U. S. Vols., to duty on the plains, under command of Major General G. M. Dodge.

DICK TAYLOR.—It is understood here to-day that this rebel General Dick Taylor, who left Washington on Saturday, has gone to Fortress Monroe instead of New York as reported, with a permit from the President to visit Jeff. Davis, his brother-in-law. Taylor professes repentance for his evil ways, and promises to become a good and loyal citizen. He is expected to return on Wednesday.—*Star, 31st.*

INTERNAL REVENUE.—The receipts from internal revenue for the present month up to Saturday night amounts to $20,000,000. It is estimated that the receipts from this source for the next three months will be about $1,000,000 a day.—The annual income tax which fell due on the 1st of July is now coming in and will swell the receipts per day to that figure until November next.—*Star.*

☞ A modest young girl, having visited the Fifth Avenue Hotel very frequently with a bandbox, bringing home, as she said, bonnets to the ladies stopping there, suspicion was aroused, and her box being opened, was found to contain a pair of men's boots. The mystery of many robberies from the rooms of the guests was thus explained, and the girl was arrested. Her depredations, as far as has been ascertained, consist of about forty pairs of boots and shoes, ten pairs of sheets, a number of pillow cases, half a dozen ticks, a dozen towels, a large amount of jewelry, &c.

☞ Louis Estell, a resident of Camden, New Jersey, aged sixty five years, has been arrested on a charge of bigamy. It is alleged that he has no less than five wives living in Camden, Burlington and Cumberland counties.

MINIATURE ALMANAC FOR 1866.

August.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon's Phases.	
			August.	h. m.
31-Monday	4 56	7 0		
1-Tuesday	4 57	7 2		
2-Wednesday	4 58	7 1	Full	7 19 Ev
3-Thursday	4 59	7 1	Last qr	13 4 41m
4-Friday	5 0	7 0	New	21 2 16 n
5-Saturday	5 1	6 59	First qr	29 6 45 n
6-Sunday	5 2	6 58		

MARINE AFFAIRS.

PORT OF BALTIMORE, July 31, 1865.

ARRIVED.

Steamship Neptune, Flagg, New York, mdse, to B & O RR.

Steamer Georgeana, Pearson, Norfolk, M N Falls.

Steamer George Leary, Blakeman, fm Norfolk—A W Shaw.

Steaming Whittaker, Mann, fm Havre de Grace, with barges in tow, to J J Taylor.

Barge Laurel, Wood, from New York—mdse to J A Shriver.

Barge Consolidated, Bean, from Havre de Grace—ice to T J Cochran & Co.

Barge Stella, Cook, from Havre de Grace—ice to T J Cochran & Co.

Barge Charles Davis, ——, from Havre de Grace, ice, to W H Oler.

Schr E W Pratt, Kendrick, from Fortress Monroe, to Kelsey & Gray.

CLEARED.

Steamer Georgeanna, Pearson, Norfolk, Va—M N Falls.

Steamer George Leary, Blakeman, Norfolk, via Fortress Monroe.

Steamer Fanny Cadwallader, Pierson, New York, J A Shriver.

Steamer Henry L Gaw, Iler, Philadelphia, —J A Shriver.

SAILED

Brig Frances Jane, St John's, P R, in tow of Emma.

Ship David Stewart, Cadiz, in tow of Emma.

Brig Georgia, Newitas.

CLEARANCES FOR BALTIMORE.

Steamship Glaucus Wiles, New York, 29th instant.

Schr Agility, (Br) Pye, Halifax, 24th inst.

Schr Antietam, Rich, New York, 29th inst.

Schr E Merwin Matthews, New York, 29th instant.

ARRIVALS FROM BALTIMORE.

Steamship Wm Kennedy, Hallett, Boston, via Norfolk, 28th instant.

Schr O M Pettit, Clark, Boston, 29th inst.

Schr M M Freeman, Howe, 29th inst.

MEMORANDA.

Bark Edward Everett, Harding, from Georgetown, D C, arrived at Boston 19th instant.

Brig L C Watts, hence, before reported ashore at Robinson's Hole, was breaking up at latest accounts, and would probably prove a total loss. Schr Osceola arrived at Holmes' Hole 19th inst, with rails, anchors, chains, &c, from the wreck.

Brigs Isabella Jewett, Reed, for Portland; S C Shaw, (Br) Shaw, for Yarmouth, N S both hence, went to sea 23d inst; brig Chattanooga, (Lsn) for St John's, P R, do 25th; Muscovado, (Br) Sleed, for Demerara, do 25th, and bark Nellie Fenwick, (Br) Willcrap, for Rio Janeiro, do 28th.

Schr Alice, from Cienfuegos, was below New Orleans, 20th inst.

Schr Frederick Warren, Robinson, hence for Portland, arrived at Holmes' Hole 28th instant.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

MONEY AND STOCKS.

There were several large sales of gold made in this market yesterday but with rather a downward tendency, opening at 143¾, being 1¾ below the closing sale on Saturday. The closing sales made to-day were at 143¾. United States 5-20's, new, sold at 105¾, and old at 106¾, being an advance of ⅛ on last sales of old. United States 10-40's brought 96¾. Bank stock was not much sought for. Ten shares of Union at 74, and 11 shares of Bank of Baltimore at 104¾. Railroad shares were the only sales effected. City 6's sold readily and at an advance of 1 cent on the last sale. Mining stock was rather in demand. The sale of 3,000 shares Copper Hill being made at 210, and 250 shares Santa Clara ranging at 1¾ to 1¾. North Carolina Railroad Bonds were sold readily, 8,000 shares being disposed of at 67, an advance of ⅝ over Saturday's sales.

SALE AT THE BALTIMORE STOCK BOARD.

Furnished by Leonard J. Tormey, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 22 South Street.

July 31, 1865.

10,000 American Gold (large)		143¾
11,443 do do (large)		143¾
5,100 do do (large) b3		143¾
2,800 do do (large) b2		143¾
5,400 do do (large)		143¾
7,470 do do (large) c		143¾
100 U. S. 10-40's		96¾
500 U. S. 5-20's new		105¾
1,000 do old		106¾
10 shares Union Bank		74
11 shares Bank of Baltimore		104¾
6,142 Baltimore City 6's, '90		100¼
100 shares Santa Clara		1¾
50 do do	b30	1¾
100 do do		1¾
3,000 shares Copper Hill	b30	210
8,000 N. C. R. R. b'ds		67

Prices of Stocks and Bonds in N. Y., July 31.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Furnish L. J. Tormey, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 22 South Street.

	1st B'd.	2d B'd.
United States 6's, 1881, Coupon	108¾	109
" " 5-20's	107¾	108
" " " in currency	105¾	105¾
American Gold	142	140¾
Tennessee 6's	71¾	71
North Carolina 6's	70	70
Missouri 6's	39	39
Canton Company	41	41
Cumberland Coal and Iron Co.	41¾	42
Quicksilver	53¾	53
New York Central Railroad	94	91
Erie Railway Company	91	91¾
" Preferred	97	98
Hudson River Railroad	110¾	111
Harlem Railroad		103¾
Reading Railroad	104	105¾
Michigan Central Railroad	137	136
Michigan S. and N. Ind R. R.	64¾	64¾
Illinois Central Railroad	127¾	128¾
Cleveland and Pittsburg R. R.	62	62¾
Chicago and Northwestern R.	28¾	28¾
" Preferred	60	60¾
Cleveland and Toledo Railroad		107¾
Chicago and Rock Island R. R.	107¾	
Milwaukee & Prairie du Chien	39	36¾
Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago	96¾	
St. Louis, Alton & Terre Haute		
Tone of the market	Weak.	Firm

At Evening Stock Exchange, 10 o'clock, P. M. Furnished by L. J. Tormey, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 22 South street.

American Gold	144
Erie Railway Company	90¾
Hudson	111¾
Reading	103¾
Michigan S. and N. Indiana Railroad	64¾
Chicago and Northwestern R. R.	28¾
" " Preferred	60¾
Cumberland	40¾
New York Central	94¾
Chicago and Rock Island Railroad	107¾
Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad	62
Fort Wayne	97
Ohio and Miss. certificates	25
Quicksilver	53¾

Tone of the market—very dull.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

July 31, 1865.

COFFEE—Rio is quiet but unchanged, common to strictly prime selling at 20¾@21 cents, gold, according to quality.

FLOUR—Market very firm without much activity, the demand being confined almost entirely to the requirements of the local trade. Included in the sales of the week were sales of Howard Street Super at $8.50@8.75; Extra do. at $9@9.50 per bbl. Prices nominal as follows at the close:

Howard Street Super	8 25	@ 8.25
" " Extra	9 25	@ 9.50
" " Retailing Ex.	9 50	@ 9 00
" " Family	10 50	@ 11.00
Ohio Super	8.00	@ 8.50
" Shipping Extra	9 00	@ 9.25
" Retailing Extra	9 25	@ 9.00
" Family	10.50	@ 9.00
City Mills Standard Super	8 50	@ 9 00
" " Ship. brands Extra	11 00	@10.00
Baltimore Family	13 50	@00.00
" " High-grades Extra	11 50	@00.00

Rye Flour—First quality dull at $8.25.

Corn Meal.—Sales of City Mills at $5.

GRAIN—Wheat is lower. Sales prime Red Western at $2 20@2.30, do. white $2.40@2 55; Corn at 95@99 cts. for white; and yellow do. 99@99 cents and Oats at 37@40 cts. weight.

MOLASSES.—Quotations nominal, viz: Cuba at 38@40 cents, Muscovado do. in hhds., 42@50 cents, English Island 45@70 cents, and Porto Rico 50@75 cents.

PROVISIONS.—Sales Pork 25 cents; Sides at 19¾@19¾ cts. and Sugar-cured Hams at 20¾@21 cts; new prime Mess Pork sold at $24@24.50, and no closed steady. Western Lard remains nominal at 20¾@21 cts., and Western refined at 20¾ cts.

SALT.—Sales of Ground Alum reported at $2.90@3.25, and Marshall's Fine at $1.90@3 25.

Market quiet.

SUGARS.—Market firm for all grades. We quote:

Cuba and E. L. fair to good	rea'g	11.75@12.25
" " "	good gr'y	12.50@13.00
" " "	prime gr'y	13.50@14.50
Porto Rico fair to good	grocery	12.50@13.50
" " prime to choice	gr'y	14.25@15 00

WHISKY.—Western is held at $2.25, with small sales reported at that figure.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, July 29, 1865.

ASHES—The market is inactive at $7.50@7 62½ for Pots, and $8 for Pearls.

COFFEE—Has been in moderate request within our range; Java at 28½@29 cents; Rio at 19@21 cents; Laguayra at 19½@20 cents; St. Domingo at 17½@18c; Native Ceylon at 22½@23c. W in gold.

COTTON—Has been in demand at buoyant prices—Middlings 64¾@65c W lb.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—State and Western Flour has been less active, at a reduction of 10@25c W bbl, the market closing in favor of buyers. Sales are footed up about 14,000 bbls, including very inferior to choice State and Western, at $6 10@6 70; superfine State and Western, at $6 75@7 00; poor to choice Extra State, at $6 75@7 50, chiefly at $7 05@7; round-hoop extra Ohio, inferior to good shipping brands, (which are very scarce,) at $8 15@8 35 W bbl. South-ern Flour has been quiet and depressed. Sales since our last, 450 bbls, at $7 70@8 75 for poor to good, and $8 75@12 25 for good to very choice extra brands W bbl. Canadian Flour is heavier and lower. Sales 400 bbls. Extra at $7 60@8 25 per bbl. Rye Flour is scarce and in demand, including Superfine at $6@6 25 W bbl. Corn Meal is in request at $4 90@5 for Jersey; and $4 75@5 00 for Brandywine, W bbl. Sales 1,000 bbls.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in brisk speculative demand at a further advance in prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 9,750 bbls, in lots, at $23 25@23 50, closing at $23 62½ for New Mess; $23 50 for Prime—Mess; $20@20 50 for Prime, per bbl.; also 3,250 bbls. New Mess, August delivery, sellers' option, $23@23 37½ per bbl. Cut Meats continue in demand at 19c@19½c. for Hams, and 19½c @20c. for Hams. Sales equal to 350 pkgs. Bacon rates quiet, to-day. Lard is less active, but firm. Sales 1,000 tcs. and bbls., at 19c @19½c., the latter rate for very choice; kettle-rendered, per lb. Beef is in lively demand, at $19@$24 for Extra Mess; $6 50@$12 for Plain Mess. Sales 1,500 bbls. Tierce Beef rules quiet. Butter is in fair demand at 27c. @33c. for poor to prime, and 35c.@40c. for fancy State, and 40c.@47c. for Western, per lb. Cheese is more salable at 9c @15½c. for poor to very choice, per lb.

GRAIN—Wheat has been in less demand, though prices have declined 2@3 cts. per bushel. Sales of 78,000 bushels, including White Western at $2 15; Amber Western at $2 20@$2 18; Red State at $2 05; Amber State at $2 15@$2; Red State at $1 95; Amber Spring at $1 90; Chicago Spring and Milwaukee Club at $1 58@1 55. Corn has been heavy and lower. Sales of 60,000 bushels at 94@99 cts. for sound. Rye is steady at 127@129 cts. for sound Mixed Western, closing at 90@91 cts. Western Oats have been in demand at from 64@65 cts. per bushel. Barley and Barley Malt have been quiet, including Western, at 90@95 cts. per bushel. Nothing new in Barley or Barley Malt.

SUGAR.—Have been in moderate demand at uniform prices. Sales since our last, 750 hhds Cuba, &c., at 11¾@12 cents per lb. Refined Sugars continue in request at 13@20 cents per lb.

TALLOW—Sales 250,000 lbs. at 10¾@12 cts for very inferior to choice; 7,340 lbs. Stearine at 22 cents, and 5,000 lbs. Grease at 14 cents per lb.

WHISKEY—Sales 450 bbls, in lots, at $2 15@2 18.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

NEW YORK, July 31.—Cotton is quiet; sales of 1,100 bales at 43 cents. Flour has declined 10@25 cents; sales of 19,000 bbls; State $6@7; Ohio $9 15@9 95; Southern $7 75@12 25. Wheat has declined 2@10 cents; sales 33,000 bushels; Western 155 cents; Amber Milwaukee 156c.—Corn has declined 4 cents; sales 80,000 bushels mixed 90@91 cents. Pork heavy; sales of 19,000 bbls at $24@25. Lard is firm; sales of 1,000 bbls at 19¾@20¼ cents. Whiskey is firm at 17½@18 cents. Sugar is heavy; Porto Rico 13¾ cents; Muscovado 12¾@13¼ cents; Havana 11½ cents. Naval Stores quiet. Petroleum quiet. Freights quiet.

MARKETS.

PHILADELPHIA, July 31—Noon.—Flour is firm. Super $7 25; extra $8 25@8 50; Red Wheat $2 25, white $2 45. Yellow Corn $1 05. Whiskey is 5 cents higher. Sales at $1 25.

CINCINNATI, July 31.—Flour is unsettled and was offered to-day at $8. Whiskey sold at $2 17 and closed at $2 20, with buyers at 192. Provisions closed quiet.

CHICAGO, July 31.—Flour closed dull.—Wheat firm at a decline of 1@2 cents; sales at 119@121 cents; Red at 119@120 cents. St. Louis Wheat 15th inst, with rails, anchors, chains, &c, from the wreck.

Brigs Isabella Jewett, Reed, for Portland; S C Shaw, (Br) Shaw, for Yarmouth, N S both hence, went to sea 23d inst; brig Chattanooga, (Lsn) for St John's, P R, do 25th; Muscovado, (Br) Sleed, for Demerara, do 25th, and bark Nellie Fenwick, (Br) Willcrap, for Rio Janeiro, do 28th.

Schr Alice, from Cienfuegos, was below New Orleans, 20th inst.

Schr Frederick Warren, Robinson, hence for Portland, arrived at Holmes' Hole 28th instant.

REAL ESTATE.

STATE AGENCY
FOR THE
DISTRIBUTION OF INFORMATION
CONCERNING
FARMS IN MARYLAND.

MARYLAND FARMS FOR SALE
IN EVERY COUNTY.
From $1,000 to $60,000 and Upwards.

The following is a partial list of Farms I have now for sale, comprising some of the most valuable Tracts and Finest Estates in Maryland:

FARM of 285 acres situated in Howard county, on the county road three miles west of the Relay House, 10 miles from the city of Baltimore. It is approached from the Washington turnpike on the south and from the county road from the west and north. The land is in good condition, twenty-five bushels of wheat per acre and other crops in proportion, have been raised; has an abundance of pure spring water and is considered one of the healthiest places in the State; has an abundant supply of fruit of all kinds, about 2,500 trees just coming into bearing this season. The garden of about 5 acres has a large supply of grapes of various kinds; raspberries, Lawton blackberries, gooseberries, currants, strawberries, dwarf pears, &c., &c. Two never failing streams of pure spring water pass through the place, watering every field, one of which supplies a large pond from which the ice house is supplied with ice. The improvements are a stone enough cottage dwelling, house 34 by 40 feet with very large back buildings built in the most substantial manner yearly age by the then owner for his own occupancy, and no expense having been spared to make it complete in every respect. A wide piazza extends the whole front of the house. The first floor consists of a parlor, sitting room, dining room, library room, a large and substantial fire proof safe, and wide hall running through the centre of the house, a late room, large winter and summer kitchens, and wood house on same level. Second floor contains six large chambers in main building, two bed rooms, bath room, &c., in back building; every room except the parlor have large and very convenient closets; hot and cold water throughout the house, bells in each room, also gas pipes throughout the house; a large, dry cellar under the whole house; Chelsea's largest size furnace, heats the entire house; cooking range, &c., in kitchen; in short, every convenience usually found in a modern built house. The house stands on an elevated position from which nearly all parts of the farm, and from its roof the city of Baltimore, as well as the surrounding country for miles, can be seen, and is surrounded by oak, hickory and other shade trees of large size, as well as a profusion of evergreens. The other improvements consist of an ice house 20 feet square, now filled with the purest ice, winter and summer dairy, one of the best constructed barns in the county, 61 by 50 feet, which is supplied with water, overseer's house, gate house, &c. The barn and corn crib are of recent construction and considered to be superior.

FARM OF 189 ACRES on Mill Creek, two miles from Annapolis City, under cultivation, balance in timber. The soil is rich, and adapted to the growth of grain, fruit and vegetables. Would make a fine truck farm. The improvements are, dwelling house of five rooms, and manager's house, of four rooms, fine barn, corn-house, cattle-shed, stable for ten horses, ample feed and harness rooms, carriage house and house for farm hands. The improvements are mostly new. There are three pumps of fine water on the premises, and the whole is enclosed with good fences. There is a fine orchard of the dwelling, with young fruit and ornamental trees. Within half mile of the place is an Episcopal and Methodist Church, Postoffice and School-house. Price $100 per acre.

FARM of 430 acres in Howard county, 12 miles from Baltimore, on the Washington railroad near Jessup's Cut. 250 acres in under cultivation and the balance lying immediately adjacent to the railroad, is susceptible of easy cultivation. This tract will be divided into three farms if desirable, one of 150, one of 120, and the balance containing the improvements, sold separately. Has an excellent water power and facilities for milling. Improvements are a good dwelling and outhouses. Price $30,000. Terms easy.

FARM of 400 acres on or at the mouth of the Threadhaven river, where it empties into the Chesapeake Bay; 300 acres of the best wheat or corn land, or any kind of cereal, and about 100 acres of valuable timber. Improved by a fine mansion erected at a cost of $10,000, and all necessary out-buildings. Contains plenty of good water. Three oyster coves, two of the best ducking points in the State, with a plenty of all kinds of fish within fifty yards of the door. Price $100 per acre—liberal reduction for cash.

DESIRABLE RESIDENCE on the sea side seven miles from Snow Hill, Worcester county, opposite the residence of Hon. Henry Phillips; very handsome dwelling, large and comfortable, about 14 acres of fine arable land attached; growing fruit of the choicest description; about 6 acres wooded land. Price $2,500.

FARM of 1,011 acres, near Cove Point Light House, in Calvert county, fifty miles from Baltimore, and nearly in sight of the landings of the Chesapeake line of steamers; 400 acres under cultivation, and balance in oak, hickory and chestnut timber. Improved by a good Dwelling and Barn, good fencing, &c. Price $13 an acre.

FARM of 60 acres, about two miles southwest of Unity, in Montgomery county. Improvements consist of Dwelling, Stable, &c., in tolerable good condition. The principal attraction of the place is its excellent adaptation for Mills of any kind; at present a small Grist mill on the premises. Rented last year for $220.

FARM of 115 acres, 14 miles from Baltimore, on the Reisterstown road, near Lake's Mills, Baltimore county; 85 acres arable, balance in good timber. Improved by a good Frame Dwelling, Stone Spring House, &c.—Excellent water in every field. Price $8,000. Terms easy.

FARM of 572 acres on the Annapolis and Elk Ridge Railroad, at the station known as Patuxent furnace, 2¾ miles from junction of the Patuxent branch railroad, at the head of Patuxent river; 440 acres are under cultivation, and the balance is in young timber. The land is of excellent quality, and the site unsurpassed in point of beauty and scenery. Two apple orchards and other fruit trees are on the place. An unsurpassed water power site for a factory, with race and mill-dam complete, formerly used for a large iron furnace. Improvements consist of a large and substantially built mansion house, with a fourteen feet wide hall, and piazza in front, surrounded by green trees. The house contains 14 or 15 rooms, and was built at a cost of $9,000. The other improvements are a store at the Station, rented for $400, barns, tobacco houses, &c. The whole improvements worth $25,000.

FARM of 500 acres, situated 30 miles south of Washington, very near the Potomac river and within half a mile of Clymont wharves. The steamboats are running from there to Baltimore and Washington every day.

The soil is of fine and productive character, well adapted to the growth of Corn, Wheat and Tobacco, Melons and Fruit, and every kind of vegetables—it is also within a splendid market garden. Four hundred acres are of arable land, and the other portion in oak, chesnut, cedar and pine. The Farm abounds in springs of never-failing water; it is situated in a healthy and pleasant neighborhood, convenient to churches of all denominations, post office, &c. It has on it a good Dwelling House, good Out Buildings, such as a fine large Barn Stables, Corn House, Granary, Servant's quarters, good quarters for laborers, Meat House, Ice House, and all other necessary buildings. There is also a fine site for a Grist Mill, with a stream of never-failing water. Price $60 per acre, cash.

320 ACRES PINE TIMBER LAND in the Pine region west of Frostburg, in Allegany county. The improvements are a house and barn, 45 acres cleared and fenced, about 100 acres heavily timbered with white pine hemlock and that very rare and valuable timber known as Tamarack, it grows to great height, combined lightness with strength, and especially valuable for boat oars, ship masts, saw mills, carriages and gates, and large frames; water power sufficient for sawing purposes is on it, and as abundant as any lumber around it; it only accessable through it. The price is about $15 per acre; if sold soon a little less would buy it. At the present rates that pine timber is bringing, sawed up in a few years will exhaust it nearly, and that remains must become valuable. This tract especially so from the quality of the timber and other natural advantages, extensive borings for Petroleum are about to commence in the immediate region, and it is as good a tract for oil as any other in the county, but in the offer for sale nothing is claimed for it upon that score.

FARM of 137¾ acres, 2¾ miles from Hood's Mills and same distance from Sykesville, being on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, it is also distant 4 miles from the Frederick turnpike, which lies North, and 3 miles from the Berry road lying North, within a mile or two of three good county grist mills, stores, smiths, and wheel-wights' shops, and distant 25 miles from Baltimore. Natural features of the place are improved by lime and salt, 110 acres cleared and in cultivation, now growing fair crops of wheat, rye, corn, oats, potatoes and grass, divided into six fields, supplied with pure water, (as also the house,) and all under good fencing, and some extra trains on the annapolis road.

For further information, tickets of every kind, &c., apply to J. T. ANGLAND, Agent, at Camden Station, or at the Ticket office.

W. E. SMITH,
Master of Transportation.
W. M. COOLE, General Ticket Agent. jy28-tf

MEDICAL.

PHARAOH'S COUGH CANDY!

"HE THAT HATH AN EAR TO HEAR, LET HIM HEAR."

BALTIMORE, Nov. 13, 1864.

The duties of my business have exposed me to coughs, colds and asthma and pulmonary affections. I have been deprived of the power of attending to the duties of my profession, and should have been, had it not been for the benign effects of your KEDIVIA CANDY. I tried it but a few hours before I began to reap the advantages of its effects.

MY COUGH AND HOARSENESS LEFT ME—MY LUNGS ARE HEALED

And my appetite greatly improved. I therefore have no hesitation in adding my testimony to that of the many who have experienced