DAILY CLIPPER.

WM. WALES.....Publisher.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 26, 1865

TO ADVERTISERS.

The following exhibit of our regular rates will be found of service:

1 Square,	1 Time	$ 50
"	2 Times	75
"	3 "	1.00
"	1 Week	1.75
"	1 Month	6.00
"	3 Months	15.00
"	6 "	18.00
"	1 Year	30.00

ONE SQUARE CONTAINS SIX LINES OF SPACE.

A GRAND OLD POEM.

Who shall judge a man from manners?
Who shall know him by his dress?
Paupers may be fit for princes,
Princes fit for something less.
Crumpled shirt and dirty jacket
May beclie no the golden ore
Of the deepest thoughts and feelings—
Satin vests could do no more.

There are springs of crystal nectar
Ever welling out of stone;
There are purple beds and golden,
Hidden, crushed and overgrown:
God, who counts by souls, not dresses,
Loves and prospers you and me,
While he va nes throughout the highest
But as pebbles in the sea.

Man, upraised above his fellows,
Oft forgets his fellows then.
Masters, rulers, lords, remember,
That your meanest kind are men—
Men by labor, men by feeling,
Men by thought, and men by fame,
Claiming equal rights to sunshine,
In a man's enabling name.

There are foam-embroidered oceans,
There are little well-tried rills,
There are feeble inch-high saplings,
There are cedars on the hills:
God, who counts by souls, not stations,
Loves and prospers you and me;
For, to him, all vain distinctions
Are as pebbles in the sea.

Telling hands alone are builders,
Of nature's wealth or fame;
Titled laziness is pensioned,
Fed and fattened on the same;
By the sweat of others' foreheads,
Living only to rejoice,
While the poor man's outraged freedom
Vainly lifted up its voice.

Truth and justice are eternal,
Born with love'iness and light,
Secret wrongs shall never prosper,
While there is a sunny right;
God, whose world-heard voice is singing
Boundless love to you and me,
Sinks oppression with its titles,
As the pebbles in the sea.

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

Correspondence of the Baltimore Clipper.]

WASHINGTON, July 24, 1865.

After a brief season of relaxation, during which I have enjoyed the opportunity of taking a look at men and things north of the Metropolis, I resume my pleasant intercourse with the readers of the Clipper.

It was so cool on Saturday night that, on the agreeable journey from New York to Washington, a cloth coat and light cloak were not unpleasant in the well ventilated cars.—But oh! what a change came over us when we reached the hot and dusty streets of this city. There is nothing to be desired to add to the comfort or expedition of the through train between the two metropolitan cities of Washington and New York. A refined and thorough bred party of experienced tourists, with whom I had the advantage of coming on, were equally impressed with the great merits of this route, and with the courtesy and attention of all the agents and employees of the companies that have to do with the connecting roads. We rushed over the distance literally lolling on the cushions of comfort, speed and safety.

The projected communication between Baltimore and Europe, by a line of trans Atlantic steamships, entered largely into the conversation of some enlightened passengers; and it is manifest that this noble enterprise, so creditable to the public spirit of Mr. John W. Garrett and the great corporation over which he so worthily presides, has awakened a deep interest among many distinguished citizens beyond the boundaries of Maryland.

A gentleman from New York having casually intimated that the attempt to establish a direct trans-Atlantic line from Baltimore would be a failure, in consequence of our close proximity to New York, called out you, humble servant in a brief exposition of the recommendations of Baltimore as the *entrepot*, and of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad as the chief line of transit for European trade to the West, and those great and invaluable markets of the South and Southwest, which the return to peace has opened up. This subject deserves, however, an elaborate presentation by some one who has leisure to collect all the data. A good pamphlet embodying all the information for the business men and working classes of Europe which they may most need, written in a plain, terse, and condensed style, would be a most acceptable present to thousands at home and abroad, who feel their interest in Free Maryland growing day by day, as they have seen her steadily advancing in prosperity and social and domestic happiness, ever since the removal of the one solitary stigma upon her escutcheon,—the sole obstacle, too, against natural advantages which she possesses from her geographical position, and her immense wealth and resources.

The superiority of compensated free labor over the slave system has received fresh and striking illustration from what has already occurred, since the concurrence of our State in the constitutional amendment rendering the soil of the United States incapable of bearing any other human tread than that of the feet of freemen. Perhaps, in no single feature will this superiority be more forcibly exhibited than in the increased attractiveness of Maryland for immigrants from Europe. I take occasion to say that this subject: compensated free labor forms the topic of the under current of a new novel of Maryland life, by a young lady of Washington, thoroughly acquainted from childhood with all the phases of existence in various parts of the "Sunny South," and especially in the best parts of Maryland. She sailed in the steamship China from Boston for Liverpool on the 15th, and it is not doubted that she will achieve a reputation in the literary world by this tale of the times, drawn from her own observations, and vivified by her own prolific fancy and delicate fleshing. Her letters may be looked for with the interest that must attach to the observations of a lady well acquainted with both the Old and the New World, (for she has already spent two years in Europe,) and particularly conversant with society in Washington, and personally acquainted with most of the eminent personages of different parties who have figured here of late years.

A LOOKER ON AT THE CAPITOL.

A BENEFITTER FOR BRANDY IN CASES OF EXHAUSTION.—In the "Transactions of the Connecticut Society," London, Dr. Druitt recommends for this purpose lean beef, chopped up, enclosed in a jar and subjected for an hour or more to heat, when it will separate into three portions, fat, fibre and liquid essence.—Strain off the last, and separate the fat by means of blotting paper, when a clear amber liquid is obtained of an intensely aromatic smell and flavor, very stimulating to the brain. Different samples of meat yield different quantities of it, and contains a valuable proportion of gelatinous matter. It yields on evaporation about one sixteenth of solid residue, which soon effervesces on exposure to the air from the saline matters contained. This is not intended as a substitute for common beef tea, but it is recommended as an auxiliary to and a partial substitute for brandy in all cases of great exhaustion or weakness, attended with cerebral depression. It is free from bulk, and exerts a rapid stimulating power over the brain. In the sequelæ of severe and exhausting labor, it is invaluable.

FORTY THREE MORE PASSENGERS SAVED FROM THE WM. NELSON.—The ship Mercury, which has arrived at Havre from New York, reports having picked up, on the 24th of June, thirty eight passengers from a boat of the burned ship William Nelson and five other passengers from pieces of the wreck floating in the vicinity. A buoy was seen near by, which it is expected succeeded in saving more liver.

AFFAIRS IN HOWARD COUNTY.—We copy the following from the Ellicott's Mills Record:

Attempt at Murder by a Negro.—On Monday afternoon, as Mr. Matthew Daily was returning home from his labors on the turnpike, he was accosted by a negro man named Archer Baller, said to have been a soldier, who put several questions to him as to the nature of his work, his pay, &c., and which were answered politely. Just as Mr. Daily was turning into the lane leading to his house, just beyond St. Charles' College, where the old pump stands, the negro insisted upon his going further, when, upon being refused, he deliberately drew a revolver and shot Mr. Daily through the abdomen, the ball passing entirely through the body, coming out above the hip. Dr. Hezekiah Linthicum was in attendance and rendered him medical aid. The negro was arrested and is now confined in the jail. The last report is, the wounded man is getting better.

Charitable Bequests.—Mrs. Sarah M. Waring, late of Howard county, deceased, in her last will and testament, bequeathed five hundred dollars to the Vestry of St. John's Episcopal Church, Howard county, Md., and five hundred dollars to the Rev. Hugh Harrison, in trust, to apply the same as he may deem best to promote the interest of the Baltimore City Missions, attached to the Protestant Episcopal Church, or to such other charitable purpose as he may think proper.

Farm Sold.—The fine farm owned by Mr. A. Buckwalter, situated one mile from Ilchester, containing 70 acres of land, was sold to Judge Giles, of Baltimore, this week for $9,500.

AFFAIRS IN QUEEN ANNE'S COUNTY.—We copy the subjoined items from the Centreville Citizen:

Fire.—We regret to learn that the dwelling house and smoke house of Mr. Isaac Mason, residing near Ruthsburg, in Queen Anne's county, was entirely destroyed by fire at a late hour on Friday night last.—Mr. M in addition to the houses, lost all his and his family's clothes, together with his entire household furniture, excepting two beds. We understand the family made a narrow escape with their lives.—The loss is roughly estimated at $3,000, upon which there was a partial insurance. Two small negro boys were arrested by Constable Satterfield on Saturday evening, and we learn they have since confessed they are the incendiaries.

Lead Sale.—P. B. Hopper, Esq., Trustee, sold on Saturday, the tract of land called the Mason farm, containing 325 acres, for $14,75 per acre. Mordical Price, purchaser.

John B Brown, Esq., Trustee, sold on Tuesday last, the Mummey farm, situate in Spaniard's Neck, containing over 200 acres, at $45,75 per acre. Col. John R. Emory purchaser.

The Wheat Crop.—Most of our farmers are engaged in threshing their wheat, and we understand the crop is not turning out as well as expected. The yield will hardly be an average one—if any body knows what that is.

STATE COTTON RELEASED IN NORTH CAROLINA.

A Raleigh paper says: "It appears that the State of North Carolina had several hundred bales of cotton at the close of war and at the surrender of the State by Gen. Joseph E Johnston as a portion of his department. Soon after the surrender this cotton was taken in charge by the agents of the United States Treasury Department, as it was alleged that the cotton had been purchased to be used by the State in payment for clothes, arms and provisions for her soldiers. Large numbers of bales, we believe, had been shipped to New York, and most likely had been sold for the benefit of the United States.

"But when full and fair representation was made to the President of the true financial condition of North Carolina, he ordered her cotton to be restored to her, and the proceeds of all that had been sold to be paid to her agents.

"Thus, by the kind interference of the President, our State is again in possession of ample funds to begin her civil government. The expenses of the convention and the legislature that must follow it can be paid without inconvenience to any one, and if it should turn out to be absolutely necessary, it may be that enough of this money can be appropriated to pay the present United States taxes on lands; it will prove more economical to do so than to allow the citizens' lands to be forced into market and sacrified to meet the demands of the tax gatherers."

WHAT IS CITRON?—By citron we do not mean that variety of watermelon which in itself is a hard, green and taste less thing, but which by the addition of sufficient sugar and flavoring is sometimes made to serve as a sweetmeat, but that dark, fragrant, candied citron, which is found in the stores, and which the housekeepers use when they wish to accomplish anything unusual in the way of cakes. The citron of the shops is the candied rind of a fruit closely related to the orange and lemon—the Citrus medica. The tree, which is of medium size, is a native of Asia, and is now cultivated in the warm climates generally. The fruit is in general shape like the lemon, but very rough and knotty on the surface.—It is quite large, and is said to sometimes attain to the weight of twenty pounds. The rind is remarkably thick and out of all proportion to the size of the pulp.—The pulp is very acid, like that of the lemon, and the outer portion of the rind contains numerous little receptacles filled with an aromatic oil which communicates its flavor to the preserve, and is also extracted for use in perfumery. The rind is preserved in syrup, dried and packed in boxes for exportation. It is said that the rind is sometimes imported, pickled in salt and candied after it reaches here.—The citron is mentioned by Pliny and other ancient writers, and it is supposed to be the fruit called apple in our translation of the Scriptures.—*American Agriculturist.*

VERY TRUE.—A very intelligent rebel officer of this State, who has recently taken the oath of amnesty, remarked recently:—"There will be a great deal of suffering among some of my old rebel friends."

"Why so?" inquired his friend.

"Because they have been taught to believe that all useful work was degrading, and beneath a gentleman, and they have not energy enough to support themselves since their slaves have ceased to take care of them, and furnish them with food and clothing. I was raised to hard work, and can take care of myself. All the indolent rebels will vote for pro-slavery candidates."

"And will you not vote for the same ticket?"

"No. I look on these pro-slavery candidates as the very worst enemies that I have. A man who travels over the State lamenting the death of slavery is crying over spilt milk, and is disturbing the peace to no purpose, except to get into office."—*Nashville Press.*

NOT CERTAIN.—A correspondent at Somerville, Fayette county, informs us that affairs in that county are still very unsettled. The old secession spirit is still alive and has not been enough to acquiesce in inevitable destiny. On the 4th of July, two citizens, named Walker and Amis, raised a national flag on the court house, but a party of paroled rebel soldiers tore it down and destroyed it. This act was acquiesced in by the citizens of Somerville generally, and since that many have said that they didn't intend that a flag should be raised in Somerville. While affairs are in this condition, the great body of the people have taken neither the oath of allegiance nor the amnesty oath, and they say they will not take either even to save their property from confiscation. We are inclined to believe that this picture is overdrawn, and that Somerville will come to her senses despite present appearances.—*Memphis Bulletin, July 14.*

"WHAT WAS THAT?"—A drayman was driving up Fourth street from the levee, yesterday, with a very heavy load. When near Main street, his horses stalled; he plied whip and belabored to make them pull, when the lead horse threw a rock with his hind foot, somehow or other, and it struck a gentleman who was passing in the back of the head, knocking him senseless upon the sidewalk. His first exclamation on recovering was, "What was that?" He walked off, and when last seen he was going. We suppose by this time he is gone.—*Low Jour.*

☞ The English servants, it seems, are displaying all the faults of the age—individualism, independence, love of money, love of dress, and love of "company." Queer if they didn't. Like master, like man. Servants are human.

MAXIMILIAN AND THE POPE.

(Reuter's Telegrams to the London Times, July 19.)

ROME, July 12, 1865.—Senor Velez quez, the Minister of the Emperor Maximilian at Rome, gave a diplomatic dinner to day. Cardinal Antonelli, in order to be able to decline the invitation, gave a grand entertainment at the same time to the Pope and the Cardinals, and simultaneously the announcement appeared in the official journal that the Papal Nuncio had been recalled from Mexico.

Senor Velasquez had ordered a *Te Deum* to celebrate the fete of St. Maximilian, but the Cardinal Vicar directed the clergy to refuse a church for this ceremony.

EVENING, via Marseilles.—It is rumored that, in consequence of Cardinal Antonelli and those personages belonging to the Papal Court who had been invited having declined to be present at the banquet given by the Mexican Ambassador, the Mexican Embassy at Rome will shortly be withdrawn.

Martial Law Proclaimed at Springfield, Illinois.

The Chicago Tribune, of July 22d, has the following: "The city of Springfield is overrun with blacklegs, burglars, garroters and harlots (male and female), who have congregated to rob the soldiers as they are paid off and mustered out, of their hard-earned wages. They have turned the city into such a Pandemonium that the Mayor, unable to stay the flood of crime, has requested General Cook, with the military force under his command, to undertake the government of the city, and to deal with the villains in a summary manner. General Cook has consented to do so, and yesterday took possession of the city with a few companies of soldiers, who are acting as patrolmen or military police. We trust that General Cook will do his work thoroughly, and make such an example of these miscreants that they will wish they had met his soldiers on the field of battle rather than in the streets of Springfield."

A PRINCE LIKE OTHER PEOPLE.—The residence of the Prince of Wales, in London, recently took fire, whereupon the Prince, with a noble contempt of appearances, took off his coat, and helped to bear along buckets of water to put the fire out. The fact that a prince could appear in his shirtsleeves and usefully employ himself when his own house was in danger of destruction, is a subject of great congratulation for his royal condescension.

TO LEAVE THE COUNTRY.—Lieut.-Col. Wm. E. Mulford, of the rebel army, formerly of Indiana, is permitted by the President to leave the United States, never to return.

MINIATURE ALMANAC FOR 1865.

JULY.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon's Phases.
24-Monday	4 50	7 10	JULY.
25-Tuesday	4 51	7 9	D. H. M.
26-Wednesday	4 52	7 8	First qr 20 2 3
27-Thursday	4 52	7 8	Full 28 3 20
28-Friday	4 53	7 7	Last qr 15 11 22m
29-Saturday	4 54	7 6	New 22 1 22m
30-Sunday	4 55	7 5	

MARINE AFFAIRS.

PORT OF BALTIMORE, July 25, 1865.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Protens, Lennox, from New York mdse to B & O R R. Brought up Capt Kean of bark Lapwing, from Rio Janeiro, and passed off the Patuxent river, Br brig Mississippi, from Demerara.

Steamer Idaho, Holmes, from Moorehead City, N C—to O M Jackson & Co.

Steamer Georgeanna, Pearson, from Norfolk, Va—to M N Falls.

Steamer George Leary, Blakeman, fm Norfolk—A W Shaw.

Steamer Lancaster, Tomlinson, fm Havre de Grace—to Jos Jas Taylor.

Steamer John S Shriver, Dennis, fm Philadelphia—mdse to J A Shriver.

Bark St Agnes, (Br) from Norfolk for repairs—to P de Marguindo.

Bark Lapwing, Kean, from Rio Janeiro has 17th coffee to H Thomas & Co. Left bark Adelaide Pendergast, for New York.

Brig Mississippi, (Br) White, from Demerara 9th inst—sugar and molasses to W H Perot. Passed off York Spit on Sunday inst, brig Muscovado, hence for Demerara, beating down.

Schr Willie, Staples, from Matanzas—sugar and molasses to Stirling & Ahrens.

CLEARED.

Steamer Wm Kennedy, Hallett, Boston via Norfolk.

Steamer Georgeanna, Pearson, Norfolk, Va.

Steamer George Leary, Blakeman, Norfolk, via Fortress Monroe.

Steamer Matilda, Kirwan, Fredericksburg, Va.

Steamer Mary Washington, Gourley, Patuxent river.

Steamer Charlotte Vanderbilt, Colmary, Alexandria and Washington.

Steamer John S Shriver, Dennis, Philadelphia.

SPOKEN.

Bark I C Jones, (Br) Shaw, from Cardiff for Baltimore, was spoken 12 M, lat 37 58, lon 74 45.

ARRIVALS FROM BALTIMORE.

Bark Hadley, Snow, Boston, 24th inst

Schr J T Boyd, Robbins, Fortress Monroe, 23d inst.

Schr E W Pratt, Kendrich, Fortress Monroe, 23d inst.

Schr Mountain Avenue, Rogers, Boston, 22d inst.

CLEARANCES FROM BALTIMORE.

Steamer Elizabeth, Fowler, New York, 24th inst.

Schr James House, Gage, Boston, 22d inst.

BY TELEGRAPH.

[To Baltimore Exchange and News Room.]

Ship Adolphine, (Br) Meyerdieck, hence, arrived at Bremen, 6th inst

Ship Leo, ——, entered outward at Liverpool, 8th inst for Baltimore.

Bark George & Henry, Walker, cleared at Guayaquil May 20th, for Valparaise.

MEMORANDA.

The "Carrie," Wilson, sailed from Liverpool, 10th inst for Baltimore

Bark Talisman, (Br) Baffie, sailed from Rio Janeiro 16th June for St Thomas.

Bark Adelaide Pendergast, (Br) Lanfare, was loading at Rio Janeiro, June 17th, for New York.

Bark Aurora, (Ital) Cherico, hence, in the Texel 5th inst.

Brig B C Wright, Hawthorn, cleared at New Orleans 12th, for Mobile.

Brig Sarah E Beatty, (Br) McCamon, from Dorchester, N B, for Baltimore, sailed from Holmes' Hole 21st inst.

Schr Flyaway, Matthews, hence for Boston, sailed from Newport 21st inst.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

SALE AT THE BALTIMORE STOCK BOARD.

Furnished by Leonard J. Tormey, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 22 South Street.

July 25, 1865.

5,000 American Gold (large)	143
5,000 do do (large)	144⅞
1,500 do do (large)	143⅞
5,000 do do (large)	143⅞
500 do do (large)	143⅞
73 Silver	137
1,000 U. S. 5-20's old	104⅜
250 do	104
50 shares Howard Bank	10⅞
4 shares Marine Bank	24⅞
20 shares Union Bank	74
1,500 Baltimore City 6's, '90	100⅞
100 shares Balto. and Ohio R. R.	115
100 shares Copper Hill	310
2,000 N. C. R. R. b'ds	88

SECOND BOARD.

1,000 American Gold (large)	143⅞
1,000 do do (small)	143⅞
3,540 U. S. 5-20's	104⅜
3,000 N. C. R. W. b'ds	88

Prices of Stocks and Bonds in N. Y., July 25, BY TELEGRAPH.

Furnished by L. J. Tormey, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 22 South Street.

	1st B'd.	2d B'd.
United States 6's, 1881, Coupon	106⅞	106⅞
" " 5-20's	104⅞	104⅞
" " in currency	97⅞	97⅞
American Gold	143	143
Tennessee 6's	71⅞	71⅞
North Carolina 6's	56	..
Missouri 6's	71⅞	72
Canton Company	38⅞	39
Cumberland Coal and Iron Co.	41⅞	41⅞
Quicksilver	55⅞	56⅞
New York Central Railroad	94	94
Erie Railway Company	56	57⅞
" " Preferred	66	67
Hudson River Railroad	107⅞	107⅞
Harlem Railroad	..	..
Reading Railroad	102⅞	103
Michigan Central Railroad	107	107
Michigan S. and N. Ind R. R.	63⅞	63⅞
Illinois Central Railroad	128⅞	128
Cleveland and Pittsburg R. R.	67⅞	67⅞
Chicago and Northwestern R.	26⅞	26
" " Preferred	60⅞	61⅞
Cleveland and Toledo Railroad	..	100
Chicago and Rock Island R. R.	105⅞	105⅞
Milwaukee & Prairie du Chien	37⅞	34
Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago	97⅞	97⅞
St. Louis, Alton & Terre Haute	24	24

Tone of the Market.—Irregular.

By Telegraph from New York, 4 o'clock P. M.

American Gold	..
Erie	55⅞
Southern	63⅞
C. & N. Western	26
Rock Island	106⅞
Fort Wayne	97⅞
Cumberland	42
Pittsburg	67⅞
N. Y. Central	93⅞
Hudson River Railroad	108⅞
Reading	104⅞

Tone of the market, Strong

At Evening Stock Exchange, 10 o'clock, P. M. Furnished by L. J. Tormey, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 22 South street.

American Gold	143⅞
Erie Railway Company	59⅞
Hudson	108⅞
Reading	104
Michigan S. and N. Indiana Railroad	64⅞
Chicago and Northwestern R. R.	27⅞
" " Preferred	61⅞
Cumberland	41⅞
New York Central	94⅞
Chicago and Rock Island Railroad	107
Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad	68⅞
Fort Wayne	98⅞
Ohio and Miss. certificates	24⅞
Quicksilver	56⅞

Tone of the market—firm

RAILROAD NOTICES.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

YORK ROAD RAILWAY.

Cars will leave the corner of NORTH and BALTIMORE STS. at every hour from 7 A. M. to 7 P. M., with the exception of 12 noon, and the corner of Eutaw and Lanvale streets at every hour from 7 15 A. M. to 7 15 P. M., with the exception of 12 15 noon, connecting with the York Road Cars at North avenue.

Leave Towsontown at every hour from 6 A. M. to 7 P. M., with the exception of 12 noon. jy7-tf

CATONSVILLE RAILWAY SPRING AND SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after MONDAY, May 1st, 1865, Cars will run hourly from 6 A. M. to 7 P. M., and at 9 P. M., daily, Sundays excepted; on Sunday, hourly, from 7 A. M., to 9 P. M.

Passengers to and from Ellicott's Mills will leave daily, Sundays included, at 7, 9 and 11 A. M., and 2, 4 and 6 P. M.

Office west end of Baltimore street.

WM. W. ORNDORFF, Secretary.

apr15-tm

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILROAD SUMMER SCHEDULE.

On and after Sunday, May 28th, 1865, TRAINS NORTHWARD.

Parkton Accommodation, No. 1	7 00 A. M.
Mail	9 00 "
Harrisburg Accommodation	2 20 P. M.
Parkton Accommodation, No. 3	3 00 "
Pittsburg and Erie Express	5 00 "
Pittsburg and Elmira Express	10 00 "

TRAINS SOUTHWARD.

Pittsburg, Elmira and Erie Express	7 00 A. M.
Parkton Accommodation, No. 2	8 10 "
Harrisburg Accommodation	12 30 P. M.
Mail	3 30 "
Parkton Accommodation, No. 4	7 00 "
Pittsburg Express through without change of cars.	

Express Train leaves daily at 10 00.

Express Train at 8.00 daily, except Saturdays, for Harrisburg, Pittsburg and Erie.

Express at 10.00 P. M., Sundays, for Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the West only, arrives daily, except Mondays.

Express at 3.00 P. M. leaves daily except Saturdays.

Mail daily, except Sundays. Harrisburg Accommodation leaves daily, except Sundays. Mail and Express will not stop between Baltimore and Parkton.

Mail and Express Trains make close connections with the Pennsylvania Central Railroad at Harrisburg for Pittsburg, Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Fort Wayne, Chicago, and all points in the great West, and at Elmira with the New York and Erie Railroad for all points in Northern, Central and Western New York.

For further information, apply at Calvert Station.

J. N. DUBARRY, General Superintendent.

ED. S. YOUNG, General Freight and Passenger Agent.

my27-tf

NEW ARRANGEMENT

PHILADELPHIA, WILMINGTON AND BALTIMORE RAILROAD.

On and after THURSDAY, June 1st, trains will leave President street Depot as follows, viz:

Way Mail Train for Philadelphia and Way Stations, at 8.25 A. M.

Express Train for New York only at 9.30 A. M.

Express Train for Philadelphia and New York at 1.10 P. M.

Way Mail Train for Philadelphia and Way Stations at 4.25 P. M.

Express Train for Philadelphia and Way Stations at 6.35 P. M.

Express Train for Philadelphia and New York at 9.25 P. M.

The above Trains leave DAILY, (except Sundays).

ON SUNDAYS:

For New York at 7.30 P. M. and for Philadelphia at 9.25 P. M.

For Salisbury and intermediate points on the Delaware Railroad take the 9.25 p. m., and for Dover, Delaware, take the 1.10 p. m. train.

WM. CRAWFORD, Agent

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THE BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD

On and after MONDAY, April 24th, 1865, two daily trains will be run between Baltimore and Wheeling and Parkersburg, as follows:

MAIL TRAIN will leave Baltimore daily (except Sunday) at 9 A. M.

EXPRESS TRAIN will leave daily (including Sundays) at 9.40 P. M.

Both trains connect at Bel Air and Parkersburg for all points West, Southwest and Northwest.

FREDERICK ACCOMMODATION TRAIN West leaves Baltimore at 4 P. M.

Has—Leaves Frederick at 7 A. M., daily, (Sundays excepted.)

THE ELLICOTT'S MILLS TRAIN leaves Baltimore at 6 30 and 9 30 A. M., and 1.40 and 4.50 P. M., and Ellicott's Mills at 7.40 A. M. and 11 A. M., and 2.40 and 6 40 P. M.

FOR WASHINGTON.

Leave Baltimore at 4.30, 7.00, 6.30, and 9.00 a. m. and 3.30, and 6.00 p. m. On Sundays at 4.30, 9.00 a. m. and 3.30 and 6 p. m. Leave Washington at 6.15, 9.15, 11.15 a. m., 1.00, 4.30, and 6.45 p. m. On Sundays at 8.15 and 11.15 a.m., and 3 p. m. Take 6.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m. train only from Baltimore and the 6.15 a. m. and 3.00 p. m. Washington stop at way points. The 7 and 9.30 a. m. and 6 p. m. from Baltimore, and the 6.15 and 8.15 a. m. and 4.30 p. m. trains from Washington, connect at Relay with trains to Annapolis.

For further information, inquire at every station, or of ALEX. SHAW, Agent at Calvert station, or at the Depot office.

JAS. L. ROBERTS, Master of Transportation.

JAS. A. GEARY, General Agent. jy26-tf

MEDICAL.

CAPSULES OF MATICO VEGETALIS.

ALSO—LIQUID EXTRACT OF MATICO,

GRIMAULT & CO., Chemists, in Paris.

These elegant preparations effect rapid and extraordinary cures of recent and old and severe gonorrhœas. They are used in all the Hospitals of Paris by the most celebrated physicians, and are found greatly superior to all preparations of Copaiba, Cubebette and mineral remedies.

The liquid extract is used in recent cases, and the Capsules in the more chronic, and where all other remedies have failed. These preparations will always effect a cure.

DEPOT:

In Paris, GRIMAULT & CO., 45 Rue Richelieu.

New York, BECKER, 129 Grand st.

Baltimore, ANDREWS & THOMPSON, 5 West st. jy14-lawsm

HANCE'S COUGH CONFECTIONS.

HANCE'S COUGH CONFECTIONS

CLEAR VOICE IS THE BEAUTY OF SPEECH.

WHY SUFFER FROM HOARSENESS, WHY SUFFER FROM COUGH, WHY SUFFER FROM SORE THROAT when a single box of HANCE'S COUGH CONFECTIONS Will give almost instantaneous relief! They generally relieve a Cough or Cold in TEN MINUTES! And their continued use will prove successful in curing it.

They are specially recommended to Clergymen.

They are specially recommended to Lecturers.

They are specially recommended to Actors.

They are specially recommended to Public Speakers of all descriptions.

They are specially recommended to Singers.

They are specially recommended to Consumptives.

They are specially recommended to all who suffer from Coughs, Colds or Hoarseness.

I have no hesitancy in saying to any one who is suffering from any of the above-named complaints, try these Cough Confections at once, the experiment only costs twenty-five cents and in most instances they will give immediate relief; in fact, they must be used to be appreciated. Being compounded of active though harmless ingredients, the trial can always be made with safety; and the results will be such, in almost every instance, as to satisfy the sufferer that he has at length procured the right article.

Hance's Cough Confections are prepared and sold by

SETH S. HANCE, 100 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md.

GREAT SARSAPARILLA DEPOT.

Where can be had, at all times, the following celebrated Sarsaparillas:

S. P. TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA.
OLD JACOB TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA.
DR. GUYSOTT'S SARSAPARILLA.
DR. JOHN BULL'S SARSAPARILLA.
A. H. BULL'S SARSAPARILLA.
SANDS' SARSAPARILLA.
BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA.
HANCE'S SARSAPARILLA.
PELLETIER'S SARSAPARILLA.
SANDS' IODINE OF SARSAPARILLA.
STAHL'S SARSAPARILLA.

SETH S. HANCE, 100 Baltimore street.

AMERICAN CONSTITUTION.

IN PERUVIAN SYRUP,

A PROTECTED SOLUTION OF THE PROTOXIDE OF IRON,

Infusing Strength, Vigor and New Life into the whole system, and building up AN IRON CONSTITUTION.

SETH W. FOWLE & CO., 18 Tremont st., Boston.

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Sold by SETH S. HANCE, 100 Baltimore street.

MEDICAL.

PHARMUM'S COUGH CANDY!

"HE THAT HATH AN EAR TO HEAR, LET HIM HEAR."

BALTIMORE, Nov. 13, 1864.

The duties of my business have exposed me to coughs, colds and asthma and pulmonary affections. I have been relieved of the power of attending to the duties of my profession, and should have been, had it not been for the benign effects of your MEDICATED CANDY. I tried it but a few hours before I began to reap the advantages of its effects.

MY COUGH AND HOARSENESS LEFT ME—MY LUNGS ARE HEALED.

And my appetite greatly improved. I therefore have no hesitation in adding my testimony to that of the many who have experienced the benefits of your valuable Cough Candy.

WILLIAM BERCHER.

Price 25 cents per package, or three packages for $1.

☞ Sold by SETH S. HANCE, 100 Baltimore street, and SWEETZER & CO., corner Charles and Pratt streets. del-eo3m

DR. CHALMER'S SANATIVE TINCTURE, FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD AND CURING NERVOUS DISEASES.

Price $1 per bottle.

When the blood is impure, and its circulation thereby becomes dull and sluggish, this TINCTURE, by its purifying properties, will impart a more energetic and natural action, increasing thereby the power of the secretive and distributive organs. It relieves, with wonderful rapidity, every disorder incident to the digestive apparatus; restores the appetite; renews the strength; hardens the muscles; braces the nerves; gives elasticity to the spirit; recruits the mental energies; banishes despondency; imparts the agitated frame a more robust appearance; allays irritation; calms the disturbed imagination, builds up the shattered constitution, and maybe taken without fear by the young or old, the robust or feeble, with equal advantage. The insalubrious resulting from late hours, or too close application to labor of any kind, is quickly removed by its active agency, and those engaged in sedentary occupations, and subject to inconveniencies therefrom, will find it a safe and healthy stimulant. For sale by

SETH S. HANCE, 100 Baltimore street.

del-eo3m

MINISTERS AND LECTURERS, LAWYERS AND AUCTIONEERS, SENATORS AND REPRESENTATIVES

Should use HANCE'S COUGH CONFECTIONS, For Strengthening and Giving a Round Full, Fleshy Tone to Their Voices, they will find them unsurpassed.

HANCE'S COUGH CONFECTIONS Are prepared and sold by

SETH S. HANCE, 100 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md.

Price 25 cents per box, or three boxes for $1. They can be sent by mail, postage free, for three cent stamps. [illegible] 100 Baltimore street.

HAIR DYES! HAIR DYES!

Hair Dye!
Hair Dye! Hair Dye!
HAIR DYES!

All the popular Hair Dyes of the day, among which will be found the following—

Bachelor's Hair Dye!
Lee's Hair Dye!
Christadoro's Hair Dye!
Mathew's Hair Dye!
Jones' Hair Dye!
Hamilton's Hair Dye!

These, together, with all the various HAIR COLORING FLUIDS.

For sale by SETH S. HANCE, d1-eo3m 100 Baltimore street.

DYSPEPSIA CURED BY HAMILTON'S GREAT VIRGINIA REMEDY.

Read the following certificates from a well-known citizen:

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 19, 1864.

DR. J. L. HAMILTON:

Dear Sir:—I have used your Great Virginia Remedy with entire success. I was for years seriously affected with Dyspepsia, in the worst form; I was persuaded to try Hamilton's Great Virginia Remedy; by its use I was entirely relieved of Headache, Palpitation of the Heart, Nauseated Stomach, great Nervous Debility of the System, Depression of Spirits, Loss of Appetite, &c.

Yours, very respectfully,

JOS. H. TATLOW, No. 11 South street.

Price $1.25 per bottle, or six for $6.50.

For sale by SETH S. HANCE, jy21-lawsw 100 Baltimore street.

THE BALTIMORE WEEKLY CLIPPER, THE CHEAPEST NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

The undersigned would call the attention of all desirous of having a good Weekly Journal to the

BALTIMORE WEEKLY CLIPPER,

one of the largest and cheapest Papers published in this or any other State.

At a time like the present, when every one is anxious to be thoroughly posted as to the events of the war, and when almost every arrival from abroad brings some new and startling revelation in regard to the condition of European Governments, no person who wishes to keep up with these events should be without the means of doing so.

CHEAPNESS,

when everything else almost has advanced in price more than one hundred per cent., is also a great requisite; and so it is, that notwithstanding the high price of paper and other printing materials, the undersigned proposes to furnish the

WEEKLY CLIPPER

at the low price of

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Let those who need such a paper, remember that for this comparatively small amount, they are furnished

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of closely printed matter per week—that this comprises DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN NEWS, LITERARY, SCIENTIFIC AND AGRICULTURAL ARTICLES, information concerning the MARKETS, the FINANCES, EDITORIALS ON CURRENT TOPICS, ETC., and all given in a clear impression and on good paper, not excelled by any issue of the same class in the whole country.

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Let the friends of the paper in the country, recollect also that a

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accurate and reliable, will be amongst the matters furnished, something which *alone* would justify them in investing the small amount required for one year.

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