DAILY CLIPPER.

WM. WALKS.....Publisher.

SATURDAY, JUNE 17, 1865.

TO ADVERTISERS.

The following exhibit of our regular rates will be found of service:

1 Square	1 Time	$ 50
"	2 Times	75
"	2 "	1.00
"	1 Week	1.75
"	1 Month	4.00
"	3 Months	10.00
"	6 "	18.00
"	1 Year	30.00

ONE SQUARE CONTAINS SIX LINES OF SPACE.

[COMMUNICATED.]

WESTERN MARYLAND RAILROAD EXTENSION.

A large and decidedly spirited meeting, as we learn, was held at Emmittsburg, Md., on Thursday afternoon, in reference to the extension of the Western Maryland Railroad to Hagerstown. The meeting assembled at two o'clock P. M., in the Female Academy. There was quite a full attendance of the most influential and wealthy citizens of that region.—The meeting was called to order by appointing Joshua Motter, Esq., President, and a gentleman whose name we could not learn, secretary. Captain Robt. Irwin, President of the road, was present, and addressed the assemblage in a speech of considerable length. He fully set forth the object of the meeting, stating that the Company had left it to the choice of the people of Emmittsburg and the citizens of Mechanisburg, which should secure the road.

Two routes, one running through or near each town, had been surveyed, but neither permanently located from the west bank of the Monocacy to the mountain, and that those who subscribed most liberally would secure the advantages of the road. He, therefore, urged them to be up and doing if they desired to win the prize. He also, in his practical and straight forward way, explained the advantages that must result from the opening of the road. He was heard throughout with marked attention.

John Wills, Esq., of Baltimore, was also present, and being introduced to the meeting spoke nearly an hour, setting forth the advantages to the people of Emmittsburg and vicinity of securing the extension of this enterprise. Mr. W. demonstrated by facts and figures that the road, when completed, would pay a handsome dividend to stockholders, besides enhancing the value of property along the route. He also paid a beautiful tribute to the Sisters of Charity at St. Joseph's, designating them earth's angels of mercy, and spoke of the great advantages the opening of this railway must be to these celebrated institutions, St. Joseph's and Mount St. Mary's.

Mr. W. urged in strong terms upon the people of Emmittsburg to subscribe at once, without delay, and liberally, if they desired to attract this road to their town. He like wise spoke of the return of peace and of the prospects of plenty of money, cheap labor, and abundance thereof. In this connection he instanced the unbounded confidence of our people in the Government, by their eager and enormous subscription to its bonds, stating by way of illustration, and somewhat facetiously, that if the matter of subscribing to the extension of the Western Maryland Railroad were left to Jay Cooke, he would raise the required amount in less than one day. He styled the distinguished banker the Rothschilds of America. Mr. W. was heard with profound attention.

There were some gentlemen present from Hagerstown, amongst whom were Philip Uswald and C. Artz, Esqrs., leading friends of the work. Mr. Oswald made a brief speech, and gave a very encouraging account of the progress making in subscriptions by the citizens of Washington county towards this extension. They are determined to know no such word as fail. Joseph S. Gitt, Esq., engineer of the road, was also present and explained his recent survey very satisfactorily. Several other gentlemen made brief speeches. The meeting was decidedly spirited and enthusiastic, producing a most favorable impression. After being in session nearly three hours, and appointing committees to proceed at once to procure stock subscriptions, it adjourned.

[COMMUNICATED.]

The ladies of the "Maryland Home Association" met at the Assembly Rooms on Thursday morning.

A great many of our people do not know that such an institution is among us, and for their information we make the following statement. "The Home" is a chartered institution. The number of male managers are sixty. The ladies were invited to take part in the work. They were constituted a standing committee to report to the managers what was needful for the convenience and comfort of the inmates, and to supply the delicacies which the sick and suffering require. Under such circumstances, one would suppose the "Home" might have become what its name suggests, a comfortable shelter for our disabled soldiers, and an honor to our State.

Not so—the Legislature made no appropriation; what the sixty managers have done we know not; but we do know that, so far as effective operation is concerned, it it had not been for the efforts of the ladies branch, the "Home" would before this time have been extinct. Its managers are ashamed to show with shame as we record the fact, that many who have fought and bled to preserve our *homes*, are now living in the Almshouse because we had no room to accommodate them nor money to supply their needs

An invitation was extended to the City Council to visit "The Home," that they might see our narrow limits and give us an appropriation wherewith we could enlarge our borders and take in the wretched who apply to us for succor. The First Branch responded favorably by its vote; the Second Branch *failed it*—what it will do remains to be seen.

The majority of "The Ladies' Christian Committee" failed to buy to obtain the proceeds of "The Festival" partly for the relief of "The Home." They succeeded, and the meal in the barrel and the oil in the cruse are now replenished for a season.

The object of the ladies is to mete out these means judiciously and economically until the State takes some action in the matter. In order that they may not again be reduced to such extremity, they propose to add to their membership and thus bring in increased assistance.

Let it not be said that while thousands of dollars are sent to relieve the South, we are neglecting our own household and becoming linked to cursed Nile and patriotic cause.

We pen this article to solicit the co-operation of all loyal ladies in this home work, and cordially invite them to be present with us at the New Assembly Rooms on next Monday morning, 19th instant, at 11 o'clock.

Baltimore, June 16th, 1865.

AN INDIAN WAR THREATENED.

A letter from Senator Doolittle, at Fort Larned, to the Hon. James Harlan, Secretary of the Interior, expresses apprehensions of an extensive Indian war in Upper Arkansas. The Cheyennes, Kiowas, Camanches and Arrapahoes, numbering five to seven thousand warriors, are all banded together to make war on the exposed settlements. The Senator believes that peace can be made with the chiefs if justice is done them. They have lost confidence in the whites from the cowardly butchery of the Cheyennes on Land Creek, an affair in which the blame was on our side.

The Cheyennes are for war to the knife. Senator Doolittle has asked for authority to offer indemnity to them for their losses at Land Creek, because it is just. If we offer it, and they refuse it, he thinks we may detach the other tribes from them, and weaken the forces of the hostile tribes, and prevent an extensive war, which will cost millions of dollars and sacrifice hundreds of lives. The attention of the Secretary of War has been called to the subject.

EXTRA BILLY SMITH.

A Richmond correspondent says:

After several days sojourning in the city, departed for his home in Fauquier county. The quondam Governor, since his arrival in the city, has been undemonstrative, having nothing to say on the question of reconstruction, or on any other subjects except matters concerning him personally. On his grievances he has been garrulous if not eloquent, and seems to consider himself a very ill used individual. A story was floating around Richmond, in very respectable circles, that the spoons and other silver belonging to the Executive Mansion had disappeared about the same time with Superfluous William, and the inference was general that it had borne him company in his flight from the capital, but the late Governor denies the impeachment in toto, and as the story cannot be proved his word must be taken, hence it appears that Smith never took the silver, and that it was lost, if lost at all, in the general riot of that terrible April morning.

FAREWELL ORDER OF GENERAL GEARY.

The following general order has been issued by Brevet Major General J. W. Geary to the troops forming the 2d Division of 20th Army Corps. Portions of the Eastern troops in this division have been transferred to the 3d brigade, Bartlett's division, in General Augur's Corps, commanded by Brevet Brigadier General Mindil:

HEADQ'RS 2D DIV., 20TH ARMY CORPS,
NEAR BLADENSBURG, MD.,
June 6th, 1865.

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 23:

The time for the dissolution of this division is now at hand. Before we separate from that organization under whose guiding star most of us have marched and fought for years, your General feels it right and just to address you a parting word.

It may be safely asserted that no organization in any army has a prouder record, or has passed through more arduous, varied and bloody campaigns.

To remind us of this we have but to enumerate the battles in which all, or most of us, have participated. Rich Mountain, Carrack's Ford, Second Bull Run, Winchester, Port Republic, Bolivar, Cedar Mountain, Antietam, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, Wauhatchie, Lookout Mountain, Missionary Ridge, Ringgold, Mill Creek Gap, Resaca, New Hope Church, Pine Hill, Muddy Creek, Noses Creek, Rollis' Farm, Kenesaw, Peach Tree Creek, Atlanta, Savannah, and the labors, exposure, and the dangers of the Georgia and Carolina campaigns are lettered on your banners, while the part you have bravely borne in scores of actions small in note in this war, but equal to battles in other days, is attested by hundreds of scars on your persons, and by the remembrances of our "heroic dead" throughout Maryland, Virginia, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Georgia, Alabama, North and South Carolina.

Veterans, truly, all of you; men of whom your country is proud, and who are now prouder than ever of your country, your children, grand children, and great grand children will have painted among long before your heroic deeds shall be forgotten or the memories of that great struggle through which we have stood shoulder to shoulder, and swept from the Atlantic to the Mississippi, and back again to the Atlantic, shall cease to nerve our descendants to nobler deeds and braver actions. Your country has been saved, and yours is no small share in the glorious right to be proud of the result.

A few months or years hence and those of us who survive will again be citizens of the *noblest, freest, and grandest nation on the globe*. Noble, because her nobility are her common people, who have saved her in the years of peril. Free, because truth, mighty and prevailing, by God's national purifier, the sword has made her free. Proud, because, unaided and countenanced by other nations, she has demonstrated to the world that the people who educate all their youth," and make all their laws, can, with the strong arms of their educated youth, enforce their laws, maintain their integrity, and pay their debt.

Be justly proud of our common record and of our common country.

Cherish with the memories of the banner under which you gloriously fought and won the victory, the badge of our Union, the spotless star, emblem of honor and glory.

Soldiers, comrades, farewell. May the memories of our fallen heroes, stricken down by thousands at our sides, hallow our parting and consecrate our devotion to our God, our country, and each other.

By command of Brevet Maj. Gen. John W. Geary. W. T. FORNES,
Ass't Adj't General.

THE FREEDMAN'S BUREAU—IMPORTANT OFFICIAL ORDER.

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, June 7, 1865.—General Orders, No. 110.—The following order of the President of the United States, in relation to transfer of abandoned lands, funds and property set apart for the use of freedmen to the Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen and Abandoned Lands, is published for the information and guidance of all concerned:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, D. C., June 2, 1865.—Whereas, by an act of Congress, approved March 3, 1865, there was established in the War Department a Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen and Abandoned Lands, and to which, in accordance with the said act of Congress, is committed the supervision and management of all abandoned lands, and the control of all subjects relating to refugees and freedmen from rebel States, or from any district of country within the territory embraced in the operations of the army, under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the head of the bureau, and approved by the President; and whereas it appears that the management of abandoned lands, and subjects relating to refugees and freedmen, as aforesaid, have been, and still are, by orders based on military exigencies, or legislation based on previous statutes, partly in the hands of military officers disconnected with said bureau, and partly in charge of officers of the Treasury Department; it is therefore *Ordered*, That all officers of the Treasury Department, all military officers, and all others in the service of the United States, turn over to the authorized officers of said bureau all abandoned lands and property contemplated in said act of Congress, approved March third, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, establishing the Board of Refugees, Freedmen and Abandoned Lands, that they may now be under or within their control. They will also turn over to such officers all funds collected by tax or otherwise for the benefit of refugees or freedmen, or accruing from abandoned lands or property set apart for their use, and will transfer to them all official records connected with the administration of affairs which pertain to said bureau.

ANDREW JOHNSON.

By order of the Secretary of War.
E. D. TOWNSEND, Asst. Adjt. Gen.

AFFAIRS IN NORFOLK.

The correspondent of the Philadelphia Enquirer says:—

It is very seldom that the denizens of a city or town under martial law do honor to their Provost Marshals. We had this *rara avis* in Portsmouth last evening. The citizens of our sister city repaired to the residence of their Provost Marshal, Major Cunningham, of the Thirteenth New York Artillery, and entertained him with a choice selection of vocal and instrumental music After the *al fresco* concert the Major threw open his doors and invited in the citizens who did him honor. The tables were spread, and the company sat down to discuss the good things the Major had provided Major Cunningham retires from the office of Provost Marshal of Portsmouth. The newly-elected Mayor will preside over the destinies of Portsmouth in the future. The serenade was intended as a farewell by the citizens who originated and participated in it.

A HARD CASE.—A lady presented herself at the Quartermaster's office, yesterday, requesting transportation to Fayetteville, N. C. She had come from Richmond, where she had buried a brother, who died of a wound received in the rebel army. He was the last of five all killed fighting the battles of treason and slavery. She was a widow. Her husband was killed at Malvern Hills, fighting in the rebel army. Fayetteville was her home before the war, and there she has an only child, the last of her kindred. Transportation was provided at once, and a sum of money was made up for her by those who heard her affecting story. It is remarked that whenever our enemies are in sorrow or distress they seek aid and relief at the hands of Government officials or noted Union men. They go where they are sure of active sympathy, and so may it always be.

DRINK FOR RAVAGES.—The Albany Argus relates a semi-comic case of a dyer's revenge. Henry Schmitz is a dyer; Albert Ouloff a musician. The dyer had a grudge against the musician, and determined to punish him by blacking his hair, and, while dancing, he sprinkled Ouloff's sauerkraut and threw a vial of coloring liquid into his hair, and then rubbed it into the hair with his hands. Ouloff's hair is naturally of a grayish color, and now it is a bright scarlet. It certainly contains a very odd and by no means a handsome appearance, and seems to feel his humiliation keenly, as it appears that, although the offence was committed last week, he did not venture out until yesterday.

HARVEST.—We learn that some of our farmers have already commenced cutting their wheat, and it is expected that by the first of the coming week nearly all of them will be engaged in securing this crop. The wheat harvest is unusually early this season, but it is now almost certain that not over half a crop will be realized in this county. The causes assigned for this partial failure are the fly, rust, and smut, which are represented in some localities to be so destructive as to render the wheat scarcely worth cutting.—*St. Mary's Gazette.*

☞ We have had some specimens of "red tape" in our army, but not equal to a recent instance in the British army in India, where the entire clothing roll of a regiment was returned a distance of two thousand miles, because there was a regulation in it for "two sergeant majors' overalls," instead of "two overalls, sergeant majors." In the meantime the regiment was reduced to wear rags.

MINIATURE ALMANAC FOR 1865.

JUNE.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon's Phases.			
			JUNE.	D.	H.	M.
12-Monday	4 34	7 24	First qr	10	8	48 e
13-Tuesday	4 34	7 24	Full	9	4	40m
14-Wednesday	4 35	7 25	Last qr	16	6	52m
15-Thursday	4 35	7 25	New	23	2	54m
16-Friday	4 35	7 25				
17-Saturday	4 35	7 25				
18-Sunday	4 35	7 25				

MARINE AFFAIRS.

PORT OF BALTIMORE, June 16, 1865.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Louisiana, Porter, from Norfolk—to M N Falls.

Steamer James T Brady, Landis, from Norfolk—to A W Shaw.

Steamer Artizan, Young, from New York—mdse to J A Shriver.

Steamer Richard Willing, Cundiff, from Philadelphia—mdse to J A Shriver.

Barge Alice, Meeklins, from New York—mdse to J A Shriver.

CLEARED.

Steamer Louisiana, Porter, Norfolk.

Steamer James T Brady, Landis, Norfolk.

Steamer Express, Ryther, Alexandria and Washington.

Steamer Wenonah, Dawes, Fredericksburg, Va.

Steamer Fanny Cadwallader, Pierson, New York.

Steamer Richard Willing, Cundiff, Philadelphia.

ARRIVALS FROM BALTIMORE.

Schr October, ——, Bath, 12th inst.

Schr Active, Sharman, Boston, 14th inst.

Schr J H Hay, Chase, New York, 15th inst.

CLEARANCES FOR BALTIMORE.

Steamer Elizabeth, Fowler, New York, 16th instant.

Schr J W Bacon, Philadelphia, 15th inst.

MEMORANDA.

Brig George E Prescott, Roberts, from Nanticoke River, Md. arrived at Kennebunkport 13th instant.

Schr Mechanic, Rea, sailed from Sullivan, Me. 10th inst for Baltimore.

Schr R H Ostego, Roberts, from Manticoke River, Md, arrived at Kennebunkport 13th instant.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

SALES AT THE BALTIMORE STOCK BOARD.

Reported by Leonard A. Torsney, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 22 South Street.

June 16, 1865.

2,113 American Gold (mixed)			141
71,800	do	do (large)	141⅞
32,600	do	do (large)	141⅞
20,000	do	do (large) s10	141⅞
3,000	do	do (large)	141⅞
21,000	do	do (large) s10	141⅞
10,000	do	do (large) s20	144
3,000	do	do (large) b10	141⅞
3,000	do	do (large)	141⅞
5,000	do	do (large) b5	141⅞
1,900 U. S. 5-20's			103
1,000	do	do	103⅞
1,000 Baltimore and Ohio RR b'ds, '65			100
15 shares Franklin Bank			17⅞
50 shares City Passenger R.			17⅞
25 shares Md. Fire Insurance Co.			13⅞
300 shares Md. Anthracite Coal Co.			23
100 do	do	do s30	23⅞
200 do	do	do b30	23⅞
500 do	do	do b30	23⅞
125 shares Santa Clara			19
200 do	do	do	19⅞
100 do	do	do s60 b30	19⅞
100 do	do	do s60 b30	19⅞
1,000 shares Copper Hill		b30	2.20
1,000 do	do	do	2.20
SECOND BOARD.			
10,000 American Gold (large)		s10	142
5,000 do	do	(large) s15	142⅞
23,000 do	do	(large) s10	142⅞
2,200 do	do	(large)	142⅞
5,000 do	do	(large)	142⅞
5,000 do	do	(large) s15	142⅞
5,000 do	do	(large) s15	142⅞
50 shares Pennsylvania Rail		s30 b30	50
100 shares N. Central R. R.			45⅞

Prices of Stocks and Bonds in N. Y., June 16.

Through L. J. Tormey, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 22 South Street.

United States 6s, 1881, coupon	108⅞	108⅞
" " 5-20's	103	103
" " in currency	99⅞	99⅞
American Gold	141⅞	142
Tennessee 6's	73⅞	--
North Carolina 6's	73	--
Missouri 6's	70⅞	--
Canton Company	38	38
Cumberland Coal and Iron Co.	42⅞	--
Quicksilver	51	51⅞
New York Central Railroad	93	94
Erie Railway Company	73⅞	73⅞
" Preferred	83	83
Hudson River Railroad	107	107⅞
Harlem Railroad	--	58
Reading Railroad	86⅞	86
Michigan Central Railroad	111	111
Michigan S. and N. Ind R. R.	65⅞	64⅞
Illinois Central Railroad	142⅞	142
Cleveland and Pittsburg R. R.	67⅞	67⅞
Chicago and North W. R.	28⅞	28⅞
" " Preferred	55⅞	54⅞
Cleveland and Toledo Railroad	--	--
Chicago and Rock Island R. R.	99⅞	99⅞
Milwaukee & Prairie du Chien	57⅞	--
Illinois Central and Chicago, Burlington and Quincy	96⅞	96
Chicago, Alton & Terre Haute	--	--
Stocks active at the close	Weak.	Heavy.

By Telegraph from New York, 4o'clock P. M.

American Gold	--
Erie	73
Southern	--
U. S. 6's, 1881, coupon	108⅞
Illinois Central	95⅞
Rock Island	99⅞
Fort Wayne	97
Cumberland	41⅞
Pittsburg	67⅞
N. Y. Central	94⅞
Hudson River Railroad	108⅞
Reading	86⅞

Tone of the market, Firm

At Evening Stock Exchange, 10 o'clock, P. M. Furnished by L. J. Tormey, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 22 South street.

American Gold	141⅞
Erie Railway Company	73⅞
Hudson	109
Reading	86⅞
Michigan S. and N. Indiana Railroad	65
Chicago and Northwestern R. R.	28⅞
" " Preferred	55⅞
Cumberland	42⅞
New York Central Railroad	94⅞
Chicago and Rock Island Railroad	99⅞
Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad	69⅞
Fort Wayne	98⅞
Ohio and Mississippi certificates	58⅞
Quicksilver	52

Tone of the market—Steady.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

June 16, 1865.

COFFEE—Transactions have been limited to small lots taken by the trade at 22@22⅞ cents, gold.

FLOUR.—To-day the market opened flat and sales of 100 bbls good Ohio Extra were reported at $7.75@7.87⅞ and 100 bbls good Howard Street Super at $7.75 per bbl. We quote:

Howard Street Super	$7.62⅞@	7.75
" " Shipping Ex.	9.00 @	8.12⅞
" " Retailing Ex.	9.25 @	9.50
" " Family	9.50 @	9.60
Ohio Super	7.50 @	7.62⅞
" Shipping Extra	7.75 @	8.00
" Retailing Extra	8.00 @	8.50
" Family	9.00 @	9.00
City Mills Standard Super	7.62⅞ @	8.00
" " Ship. brands Extra	9.50 @	9.75
Baltimore Family	11.00 @	00.00
" " High grades Extra	12.50 @	00.00

Rye Flour—First quality dull at $5.75.

Corn Meal.—Sales of City Mills at $5.12⅞.

GRAIN.—Demand fair. Sales of prime Red Wheat at $1.55@1.65, ordinary do at $1.45@1.50 for White; and yellow do. 90@93 cents. and Oats at 75@76 cts. weight.

MOLASSES.—Quotations nominal, viz: Clayed Cuba 38@40 cents, Muscovado do. in hhds., 45@50 cents, English Island 45@70 cents, and Porto Rico 50@75 cents.

PROVISIONS.—Market is active—Bacon Shoulders at 14⅞ cents; Hides at 18@19 cts, and Sugar-cured Hams at 22@23 cts; we quote prime Mess Pork sold at $26.62⅞@30, and closed steady. Western Lard remains nominal, at 18 cts, and Baltimore refined at 22 cts.

SALT.—Sales of Ground Alum reported at $1.60@1.70, and Marshall's Fine at $2.60@2.70 Market quiet.

GUNPOWDER.—Market firm for all grades. We quote:

Blasting and Rifle, fair to good rem'g	$11.00@	11.50
" " " good gr'y	11.50@	12.00
" " " prime gr'y	12.50@	13.25
Portland Rifle fair to good gr'y	11.50@	12.25
" " prime to choice gr'y	12.50@	13.00

WHISKY.—Western nominal at $2.06@2.10. Market steady.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 15, 1865.

ASHES.—The market is moderately firm and active—sales at $7.25@7.50 for Pots, and $7.75@8.50 for Pearls.

COTTON.—The market remains very dull, and prices are nominal.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The market for Western and State Flour opened better, with a good demand, but ere the close, under a decline in gold and advancing freights, prices fell off, and quotations are nominally the same as yesterday; the sale is now 12,000 bbls. at $5.70@$6 for Superfine State; $6.05@$6.20 for Extra State; $6.25@$6.35 for Fancy State; $6.50@$6.70 for the low grades of Western Extra; $6.90@7.15 for Shipping Ohio; $7.25@$7.35 for Trade do; $8.40@9.00 for Family brands, and $8.40@$10.50 for St. Louis Extras. Canadian Flour opened firm but closed dull for the low grades but steady for Family do., sales of 350 bbls. at $6.40@$7.75 for the low grades of Extra, and $8.00@$9.50 for Family Extra. Southern Flour is moderately active and firmer, but closed dull; sales of 600 bbls. at $7.35@$8 for mixed to good Superfine Country Baltimore do., and $7.40@$10.25 for trade and family brands. Rye Flour is in fair supply, in good demand and firm; sales of 300 bbls. at $5.50@$5.80. Corn Meal is more active and firm; sales of 1,100 bbls. Jersey at $4.75, and Western on private terms.

GRAIN.—The Wheat market opened 2@3 cts. per bushel better, but under some advance in freights and less firmness in gold, drew dull, the inquiry is mainly for milling; since Change hours the market has been fairly active and prices have improved owing to the advance in gold; the sales are 37,000 bushels, including 10,000 bushels Chicago Spring, at $1.41@$1.45, 21,000 bushels Racine Spring, at $1.30@$1.43, 7,000 bushels Milwaukee Club, at $1.45, 5,000 bushels Amber do. at $1.46, 4,800 bushels Red Western, at $1.56, and 19,000 bush. Amber do. at $1.77@$1.80. Barley is dull and prices are unsettled, malting Malts dull, generally held above the views of buyers. Oats are fairly active and better, the supply is limited; the sales are 61,000 bushels. Canadian at 68@70c; Western at 77@78c on the spot, and 77c to arrive; new held higher. Rye is dull. Western is held at 86@87c; State at 90@97c. Corn is scarce, in good demand, and prices are 2@4c higher, and are quite unsettled; the sales are 43,000 bushels, including Unsound at 60@63c; Western Mixed at 90@92c, the latter for a part of a cargo, and do White at 92@95c.

PROVISIONS.—At the opening of Change the market was steady, but subsequently prices fell off, and at the close are heavy; for future delivery we hear of sales of 1,000 bbls. Mess, seller June, at $28, 3 days' notice; 2,000 bbls. do., buyer June, at $29, 1 day notice, and 1,000 bbls. do., seller August, at $29; the sales, cash and regular, are 10,000 bbls. at $25.50 for Old Mess; $26 for Reinspected do.; $26.25@26.75 for New Mess, and $26@26.50 for Prime Mess. At Change and all the afternoon the market has been quiet, sales being made at $26.25@26.37⅞ for New Mess, and 500 bbls. do., seller 20 days, at $27.50. Beef is dull and heavy, but prices are unchanged—sales of 200 bbls. at $9.50@$13.50 for Plain Mess, and $18@18.50 for Extra do. Tierce Beef is in less active demand, but prices are steady. Beef Hams are steady and fairly active; sales of 125 bbls. at $27.50@28 for Western. Cut Meats are scarce and in good request; prices are firmer; sales of 400 pkgs. at 12@12½c. for Dry Salted Shoulders; 16½c. for do. Hams, and 17@17½c. for Pickled do.; also, 30,000 lb Bellies at 17c. Bacon is firm and moderately active; sales of 700 boxes at 15½c. for Shoulders Ribbed, and 15½c. for Long Clear. Lard is more active and firmer; sales of 2,200 bbls. and tcs at 15⅞@17½c. for No. 1; 18@18½c. for Fair to Prime Steam, and 19@19½c. for Kettle Rendered, the latter rate for Choice.

SUGARS.—Raw Sugars have again been in good demand and somewhat excited, owing to the continued advance in gold. At the close prices are somewhat unsettled, but fair to good Refining may be quoted at full prices; sales of 1,150 hhds. part grocery Cuba at 12½@12¾c; Porto Rico at 15⅞, and 1,140 boxes Havana on private terms. Refined are in demand and firmer, closing at 19½@19¾c for Hards.

SEEDS.—Grass Seeds are neglected and prices are entirely nominal. Rough Flax Seed is not very active, but prices are better; sales at $2.10@$2.25 ⅞ bushel.

WHISKY.—The market is dull and unsettled; sales of 250 bbls at $2.05@2.06 for Western. Leading and well known brands will not sell to any extent at present prices.

PROPOSALS

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS,
May 29, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS for each class separately, endorsed "Proposals for Class No. (name the class) for the Navy Yard at (name the yard)," will be received at this office until the 2d June next, at 1 o'clock P. M., at which hour the opening of the bids will be commenced for furnishing and delivering at the Navy Yards named the materials and articles embraced in printed schedules, which, with full instructions, will be furnished on application, and sent by mail, if so requested, to parties desiring to offer. In order to secure any or all of the classes named therein, by the commandants of the several navy yards, for the classes for the yards under their command, or by the navy agent nearest the spot, or by the Bureau for any or all of the yards.

In consequence of recent orders to retrench Government expenses, priority of right in the supply of articles named in the schedule for navy yards, excepting for building materials, machinery, coal and Naval Asylum, will be required or received, but bidders will state the prices and carefully estimate the amounts on all the articles named in the schedules, in order that the bids may be uniform.

To prevent confusion and mistakes in sealing the offers, no bid will be received which contains offers for more than one yard in one envelope; nor any bid which is not perfect and complete in itself according to the terms of offer and guaranty, nor any bid individual of a firm unless signed bid and contract.

Bidders are hereby cautioned and particularly notified that their offers must be in the hands of the proper officer of the Bureau in time to reach their destination before the time expires for receiving them; *no bid will be considered which shall be received after the period stated*, nor will allowance be made for *failures of the mail*. All offers must be accompanied by the bidder's license, or a certified copy thereof.

To guard against offers being opened before the time appointed, bidders are requested to endorse on the envelope, above the address, and draw a line under the endorsement, thus:

"*Proposals for Class No. (name the class) for the Navy Yard at (name the yard).*"

"To the Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, Washington, D. C."

Blank forms and forms of offer, with copies of the laws bearing on the subject, will be furnished by commandants of yards, navy agents, and the Bureau, on application to all or either of them.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Class No 1, Bricks; class No 2, Stone; class No 3, Yellow pine lumber; class No 4, Oak and hard wood; class No 6, White pine spruce, juniper and cypress; class No 7, Lime, hair and plaster; class No 8, Cement; class No 9, Gravel and sand; class No 10, State; class No 11, Iron, iron nails and spikes; class No 12, Steel; class No 13, Paints, oils and glass; class No 14, Files; class No 15, Paints, oil and glass; class No 16, Ship chandlery; class No 17, Hardware; class No 18, Stationery; class No 19, Hay and straw; class No 20, Firewood; class No 21, Provender; class No 22, Charcoal; class No 23, Heating, packing and hose; class No 24, Sperm and lubricating oils; class No 25, Iron work, piping, &c; class No 26, Augers; class No 27, Anthracite coal; class No 29, Bituminous Cumberland coal; class No 30, Sand Bituminous Broad top coal and Pictou; class No 32, Machinery and tools.

NEW YORK

Class No 1, Bricks; class No 2, Stone; class No 3, Yellow pine lumber; class No 4, Oak and hard wood; class No 5, Oak and hard wood; class No 6, White pine, spruce, juniper, and cypress; class No 7, Lime, hair and plaster; class No 8, Cement; class No 9, Gravel and sand; class No 10, State; class No 11, Iron, iron nails and spikes; class No 12, Steel; class No 13, Paints, oils and glass; class No 14, Files; class No 15, Paints, oil and glass; class No 16, Ship chandlery; class No 17, Hardware; class No 18, Stationery; class No 19, Hay and straw; class No 20, Firewood; class No 21, Provender; class No 22, Charcoal; class No 23, Heating, packing and hose; class No 24, Sperm and lubricating oils; class No 25, Iron work, piping, &c; class No 26, Augers; class No 27, Anthracite coal; class No 29, Bituminous Cumberland coal; class No 30, Sand Bituminous Broad top coal and Pictou; class No 32, Machinery and tools.

PENSACOLA, FLA.

Class No 1, Bricks; class No 3, Oak and hard wood; class No 6, White pine, spruce, juniper, and cypress; class No 7, Lime, hair and plaster; class No 8, Cement; class No 9, Gravel and sand; class No 10, State; class No 11, Iron, iron nails and spikes; class No 12, Steel; class No 13, Paints, oil and glass; class No 15, Paints, oil and glass; class No 16, Ship chandlery; class No 17, Hardware; class No 18, Stationery; class No 20, Hay and straw; class No 21, Provender; class No 22, Charcoal; class No 23, Heating, packing and hose; class No 24, Sperm and lubricating oils; class No 26, Augers; class No 27, Anthracite coal; class No 29, Bituminous Cumberland coal; class No 30, Sand Bituminous Broad top coal and Pictou; class N 32, Machinery and tools.

NORFOLK.

Class No 1, Bricks; class No 2, Stone; class No 3, Yellow pine timber; class No 4, Yellow pine lumber; class No 5, Oak and hard wood; class No 6, White pine, spruce, juniper, and cypress; class No 7, Lime, hair and plaster; class No 8, Cement; class No 9, Gravel and sand; class No 10, State; class No 11, Iron, iron nails and spikes; class No 12, Steel; class No 13, Paints, oils and glass; class No 14, Files; class No 15, Paints, oil and glass; class No 16, Ship chandlery; class No 17, Hardware; class No 18, Stationery; class No 19, Hay and straw; class No 20, Firewood; class No 21, Provender; class No 22, Charcoal; class No 23, Heating, packing and hose; class No 24, Sperm and lubricating oils; class No 25, Iron work, piping, &c; class No 26, Augers; class No 27, Anthracite coal; class No 29, Bituminous Cumberland coal; class No 30, Sand Bituminous Broad top coal and Pictou; class N 32, Machinery and tools.

BIOKRENE

Cures Impotency, General Debility, Nervous Incapacity, Dyspepsia, Depression, Loss of Appetite, Low Spirits, Weakness of the Organs of Generation, Imbecility, Mental Indolence, Emaciation, Ennui. It has a most delightful, desirable and novel effect upon the Nervous System, and all who are in any way prostrated by Nervous Disability are earnestly advised to seek a cure in this most excellent and unequalled preparation.

Persons who, by imprudence, have lost their NATURAL VIGOR, will find a speedy and permanent cure in the

BIOKRENE

The FEEBLE, the LANGUID, the DESPAIRING, the OLD should give this valuable discovery a trial; it will be found totally different from all other articles for the same purposes.

TO FEMALES.—This preparation is invaluable in nervous weaknesses of all kinds, as it will restore the waste strength with wonderful permanence.

It is also a grand tonic, and will give relief in Dyspepsia with the first dose. A brief persistance in its use will renovate the stomach to a degree of perfect health and banish Dyspepsia forever.

One Dollar per bottle. Sold by SETH S. HANCE, 189 Baltimore street, and Druggists generally.

Sent by express anywhere, by addressing

HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors,
6d-3moo 81 Cedar street, New York.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF BALTIMORE CITY.—Term 1865.—AMANDA M. HOVEY vs. DARIUS A. HOVEY, JACOB R. LANSING and LANSING J. LANSING.—The object of this suit is to obtain possession and control of certain leasehold property in the city of Baltimore belonging to the complainant. The bill of and supplemental bill state that on or about the 6th day of July, 1858, the complainant was the true and lawful owner, in her own right, of sundry parcels of ground lying in the city of Baltimore; that in contemplation of marriage with one Darius A. Hovey, she united with said Darius A. Hovey to execute and did execute a deed to Amos Hoopes, of said parcels of property to have and to hold the same, to the said Amos Hoopes, his heirs, executors, administrators and assigns in trust and confidence, nevertheless for the proper use, benefit and behoof of the said Amanda M. Williams, her heirs, executors, administrators and assigns until the said intended marriage shall be duly had and solemnized, and from and immediately after the solemnization thereof, then in trust for the sole and separate use of the said Amanda M., so that she be suffered and permitted at all times to have, hold, possess and enjoy all the estate and property hereby conveyed and assigned, and the rents, issues and income thereof, to receive and take, and the same to appropriate to her own separate use and benefit, or to apply to her own separate use and benefit, or to such other uses and purposes as she may think proper, with full power to the said Amanda M. to sell, dispose of and convey, &c., to that effect, the said trust, property and premises, nor the rents, issues, income and profits thereof, or any part of the same, shall at any time, or in any manner, be subject to the power, disposal or control of the said intended husband of the said Amanda M. Williams, nor be in any wise liable or bound for or by his debts, contracts or engagements, &c. That among said property was a lot of ground on Pratt street, and another lot on Argyle street, in said city; that said Amos Hoopes died in September, 1864, but neither he nor this complainant had at any time done any act to encumber said property, or to divest the complainant of any of her rights therein; that in the absence of the complainants the defendants combined and conspired to deprive and defraud her of her said property, and to that end instituted, or caused to be instituted, some process or proceeding in the name of said Jacob S. Lansing against said Darius A. Hovey and the complainant, under which they procured some judgment against or condemnation of said lots of ground, which were afterwards, without valuable consideration, conveyed to said Lansing J. Lansing, who claims to hold the same and to