DAILY CLIPPER.

WM. WALKS.....Publisher.

WASHINGTON, MAY 13, 1865.

MONDAY, MAY 15, 1865

TO ADVERTISERS.

The following exhibit of our regular rates will be found of service:

1 Square	1 Time	$ 50
"	2 Times	75
"	3 "	1.00
"	1 Week	1.75
"	1 Month	4.00
"	3 Months	10.00
"	6 "	18.00
"	1 Year	30.00

ONE SQUARE CONTAINS SIX LINES OF SPACE.

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

[Correspondence of the Baltimore Clipper.]

WASHINGTON, May 13, 1865.

Mutterings of Opposition—Our Pilot will Weather the Storm.

Already we hear the mutterings against President Johnson's Administration, of that same capious and truculent criticism with which Mr. Lincoln's was assailed;—especially at the beginning of his term. There is a class of journals in our large cities that seem to think it necessary to vindicate their claim to *independence* by arbitrary and unjust censures upon particular measures of the Government they profess in a general way to support. They boast of their plain dealing, honest expression of opinion, &c., &c.,—while dealing the hardest blows in their power at the men and measures of the Administration. Now, in private life, one of your so-called "plain-dealers" is usually the most disagreeable fellow in the whole company—the bore of every society that tolerates him. He must speak his mind, forsooth. He is a sincere, frank fellow, and an honest; and must say his say, or spill—no matter whether in season or out of season;—and whether it injures his friends or no.

Just so with our Pitindexters of the New York press. They are so terribly afraid that they will not be thought opinionative and independent enough that they seem resolved to sneer and taunt and jeer and censure and denounce in very wantonness, as if to display their powers of mischief-making. Surely this is very pitiable; but, if the journals in question imagine that, by this arbitrary and reckless course, they can produce any impression upon Andrew Johnson, or effect any purpose of his, they will find that they are "dealing" with one of whose temper and resolution they have yet much to learn.

The President has too much political sagacity and experience not to be able to measure and appreciate exactly the object and motive of these strictures, and the calibre and aspirations of their authors.

The attacks upon the Secretary of War are barely indicatious, ungrateful and unfeeling just now, when the American people have reason to be profoundly thankful to the merciful Providence that shielded Edwin M. Stanton from the death blow which was prepared for him that fatal Friday night.

He, too, understands and can afford to disregard the criticisms of the plain dealers—Conscious of his steady hearted devotion to the country, and holding aloft the banner of "Liberty to the Republic," he can challenge the scrutiny and defy the malice of those would be organs of popular opinion.

To those who may feel any solicitude on account of the mutterings of dissent, which already begin to vibrate through the partisan atmosphere, let me give the assurance that we have the good fortune to possess at the helm a pilot who has not been unaccustomed to storms and tempests, and is therefore, not likely to be disturbed by these slight flaws and transient cross currents.

A few days ago, in conversation with some familiar friends, allusion having been made to the fact that every administration, "were it anyone as the angels in Heaven!" might expect factious resistance, the President said, with great feeling, "I intend to do my duty—opposition we will of course have—and we may be called to exert some powerful opposition,—but I intend to do what I believe to be right."

The American people will receive this declaration in the spirit wherein it was given. It illustrates the difference between the representative of the noble spirits of the South who had faith in the dignity of labor, and the patricians by birth. His guiding principle is a sense of duty, which has made him true to every obligation in every relation of life; there was a scorn of what they styled *honor*, (rarely so called)—which led them to rebel, to and treason, and finally involved them in irretrievable disaster and ruin.

A LOOKER-ON AT THE CAPITAL.

From North Carolina.

GREENSBORO', N. C., May 5—Captain J. Myers, Ordnance Officer, who is detailed to receipt for ordnance received by the United States from Johnston's army, states that he received nearly 9,000 stand of arms. He thinks he will be able to gather up a few more, and will probably receive 10,000 cannon.

Many of the men surrendered left at once with their arms, taking their horses and equipments; and it is stated that they took some of their light artillery with them. Like an army of locusts, Johnston's men are absorbing everything in the shape of food, horses and plunder, to be found in the country through which they pass.

Governor Vance left here yesterday for his home in Buncombe county, having failed to obtain permission from General Schofield to return to Raleigh to resume his functions as Governor of North Carolina.

Governor Graham, Hon. John A. Gilmer and Hon. Bedford Brown waited on Gen. Schofield at this place, a few days since, and asked permission to go to Washington to see if they could not prevail upon the President to continue Gov. Vance and the present Legislature in power, and also to see if they could not secure gradual instead of immediate emancipation, which request was respectfully declined.

If a new election is ordered Governor Vance's friends, who compose the wealth and aristocracy of the State, say they will run him against Mr. Holden, on the gradual emancipation platform, and are confident of success.

The order of General Schofield, proclaiming freedom to the slaves of the State, has created a great sensation here and elsewhere, as it was unexpected by the leading slaveholders, who hoped to hold on to them under the gradual emancipation system.

RALEIGH, May 9.—Chief Justice Chase will go down the coast to New Orleans, and thence up the Mississippi, and back to Washington. His visit is of a judicial character.

From him it is ascertained that the Administration will continue military rule in the rebellious States until they are thoroughly reconciled to immediate emancipation and the policy of the Government, which gives great satisfaction here.

FROM CANADA.

MONTREAL, May 12—Saunders, in an address to the people of Europe, styles the proclamation of President Johnson for the capture of the rebel conspirators as mendacious and ferocious, and says conclusive testimony will be sent to Europe that it is founded on forged papers and subborned testimony.

FROM BERMUDA.

NEW YORK, May 12—The brig Excelsior, from Bermuda, reports that on the day of President Lincoln's funeral all the courts on the island were closed. The flags were displayed at half-mast and draped in mourning.

TENNESSEE GUERILLAS SHRINKING.

NASHVILLE, May 11.—The guerilla organizations are availing themselves of Gen. Thomas' order, and coming in rapidly. No formidable body of guerillas now remain in the State.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

The Westminster Bank Robbery.—The robbery of the Bank of Westminster of $21,000, and partial burning of the barn of Mr. John C. Frizzell, the cashier, on the 27th ultimo, have been published in the daily papers. The fact of the robbery occurring within a few minutes after the fire, caused suspicion to fall upon Mr. Frizzell, who was arrested and arraigned before Justice Miller, of the county, on the charge of committing the robbery. A large number of witnesses were examined, but the Justice concluded to dismiss the case. The same witnesses went before the grand jury of the county, which has found two indictments against Mr. Frizzell, one for robbery of the bank and the other for setting fire to his own barn. On Saturday he gave bail to answer the last indictment, having on the previous day given security to await trial on the first charge.—The evidence, it is learned, is altogether circumstantial, and it is not certain that the indictments will be sustained on the trial of the case.

One witness observed him at the barn, which is located a short distance from the bank, about five minutes before the fire alarm. He was then engaged in pumping water out of the well into a trough, which was regarded as a very singular proceeding, inasmuch as he had no horses or cattle. He left and returned to the bank, where he sat on the steps with a youth, until a man from the direction of the barn ran down the street, beckoning with his hand. Mr. Frizzell went to the barn, first locking the door of the bank. After the fire, which occasioned damage to the amount of about $25, had been extinguished, he returned to the bank. Immediately on entering he discovered a bundle of notes on the floor, and found the keeper or hasp of the door broken—He immediately exclaimed that the bank had been robbed of $21,000. The witness alleges that he had not counted the money remaining in the institution when he made this declaration.

Another witness living opposite the bank, stated that he was in a position during the time in which the above matters occurred, to notice all occurring about the vicinity, and alleges that from the moment of the alarm up to the time of the re-opening of the bank, no other person than Mr. Frizzell and the youth who went to the fire, appeared at the institution. The testimony of other witnesses corroborating the above was received also. Police detectives Francis W. Gray and John W. Smith of this city, were charged with the task of investigating the matter connected with the robbery, and have been engaged ever since the affair.

The Military Commission.—The trial of Jno. W. McGue, a rebel guerilla, and member of Mosby's command, was completed on Friday before the Military Commission, of which Col. Bowman is President, and Major W. P. Lord, Judge Advocate. The principal charge, under which the accused was held, was that of murder. The trial has excited much interest, on account of the youth of the prisoner, the nature of his crime and his connection with the notorious guerilla band, under Mosby. Particulars of the occurrence have been made public. All the evidence having been heard, Messrs. Willis and Whitney read and presented their defences. The weak points of a very strong and full prosecution, the palliating circumstances adduced by the defence, and the respectable social connection and youth of the accused, were made the basis of an able argument by Milton Whitney, Esq. He was followed by John Willis, Esq., associate counsel. These defences produced a marked impression on the court. The Commission having decided upon the punishment to be meted out for the crime, the prisoner was handcuffed and remanded to jail, where he awaits with sincere pentitence the announcement of his fate. Yesterday the record, consisting of two hundred closely written pages, or nearly sixteen hundred folios, was sent to headquarters for careful examination and approval. The record also, in the case of Samuel White, of this city, was sent yesterday to Gen. Sickles' headquarters. The sentence will be made public in the coming week.

Over fifty prisoners yet remain in the city jail and in Major Wiegel's office, awaiting a trial by Military Commission. It is probable, however, in view of the sudden collapsing of the rebellion, and of the fact that necessarily extensive demands the existence of these courts longer than within a few days, all political criminals will be transferred for trial to the civil courts. Orders to that effect might have been issued before this, had not the murder of President Lincoln intervened. Not, at all events, until the remains at Washington are cold and disposed of before a Military Commission, will the jurisdiction of civil tribunals extend over the enemy, over all offenders.

1st Lieut. G. W. D. Kirby, of the 6th United States Infantry, it is understood, will be relieved from attendance as a member of this Commission, and in a few days will be assigned to duty at Harper's Ferry in connection with the mustering out of volunteer troops.

Capt. W. H. Seager, of the 24 New York Cavalry, has been absent several sessions in consequence of severe indisposition. The Commission resumes its labors to-morrow morning at half-past ten o'clock.

Drowning Casualty.—On Saturday morning the body of Thomas Davis, a hand on board the canal Starlight, of Manokin River, Somerset county, was found floating in the harbor near the drawbridge, lower end of Jones' Falls, and taken on shore, where Coroner Brewer held an inquest. The jury rendered a verdict of accidental drowning. It was subsequently ascertained that on Monday night he had acted as groomsman for a friend from the same county, who was married at a house in this city. Davis left the house at 11 o'clock that night to return to his boat, and is supposed to have mistaken his way and fallen overboard. He was about 25 years old, and unmarried. His parents reside on St Peter's Creek, near Princess Anne, Somerset county.

In the afternoon the body of Charles Neal, a sailor, was found floating on the water of the back basin. Neal had formerly been in the British navy, and was on board the Eggington steamer Stag, which was captured some months since in attempting to run the blockade off Wilmington. His wife was sent to Point Lookout, and after staying there five months took the oath, and was released on the 7th of this month. He came to this city on his way to England. How or when he fell into the water was not ascertained. His discharge from the British service was found in his pocket, with two $20 gold, $16 in money, a greater $10 gold piece, a house in Bermuda, and two drafts payable in Liverpool for £15 sterling each. There were some papers in his pocket, from which it appeared that his father resides in Cheshire, England. An inquest was held by Coroner Sparklin, the jury rendering a verdict of accidental drowning.

Shortly after 11 o'clock yesterday morning, the body of William Steel, likely a member of Company 72 Veteran Reserve Corps, was found floating in the Back Basin. An inquest was held by Coroner Brewer, the jury rendering a verdict of accidental drowning. The deceased was 25 years of age, a resident of Hoboken, N. J. The body was removed to the Jarvis Hospital.

Large Life Insurance.—Mr. Thomas D. Johnston, agent of the Mutual Life Insurance Company, of New York, has received an application for insurance on our wealthiest citizen for an insurance of $200,000 on his life. The amount will be divided in policies of $70,000 and $10,000 each, in well known and responsible companies. The Mutual Life Insurance Company has refunded an excess of policy of $20,000 payable to the assured with his share of the accumulated profits of the Company, in his attained, the age of 65, on a policy issued. We believe this is the largest amount ever insured on one life in this country. Mr. Johnston has issued a number of our citizens to the extent of $40,000 and $50,000 each, but none so large as the above.

Morning to Housekeepers.—At a late hour of Friday night, Policeman Seymour, of the Middle District, while patrolling his beat, observed on Cathedral street a security, who, on his approach hastily ran away, leaving on the sidewalk a bunch mixtures of small size, a bed quilt and two pieces of figured calico. The articles were removed by the officer to the station, where they was claimed on Saturday. They had been stolen from the rear of a house in the street and to the dwelling of Mr. David Bilgely, No. 130 Cathedral street.

Charge of Stabbing.—Andrew Morris, private of the 7th New York artillery regiment, was arrested on Saturday night, on suspicion of having stabbed Wm. Johnson, of Hancock's Veteran Army Corps, on Friday morning, on Davis street, near Foundry. The accused was lodged in the station house to await an examination before Justice Spicer. Johnson still lies in a critical condition.

Mustered Out of Service.—On Friday, Capt. R. H. Oakley, 1st U. S. Infantry, Assistant Commissary of Musters, 8th Army Corps, mustered out of service the men remaining at Camp Bradford, including all officers, assistants, as well as drafted men. The camp is now under charge of Col. Washburn, of the Veteran Reserve Corps, who has several companies under his command.

Indicted for Murder.—The grand jury of Carroll county have indicted Messrs. Henry H. Wampler, William H. Roll, John Hokes, Jesse Marter and Peter H. Brown, citizens of Westminster, for the murder of Johnson Shaw, the editor and proprietor of the Westminster Democrat, a violent secessionist. They have all given bail to await trial.

Hackney Coach Fare.—M. McDonnell, who is charged with a violation of Section 141, of Article 4, Revised Code of Public General Laws, was arraigned on Saturday, his offence being a violation of the law in regard to hackney coach fare, as required by the Act of Assembly.—Justice Shewacre fined him $10 and costs.

Hand Crushed.—On Saturday night last, James Ward, a lad, residing on Aliquippa street, near McDonald, had his left hand crushed while attending a machine used for dressing iron screws. One of the fingers was so badly crushed that it had to be amputated. Dr. Wayson is attending the child.

List of Burgess.—The following soldiers of the 8th Maryland Maryland Volunteers, died in the miserable prison pen at Andersonville, Ga: George Buckley, Company B, May 27, 1864; Wm White, private, C, March 3; Jas Hollup, do C, Sept. 6; Wm E Wertham, do C, Jan. 10; Richard Yieldtall, do C, April 8; Thos Fairbrank, do C, May 28; John Wise, corporal, Company D, March 27; John Tyson, private, do D, March 19;——Kuth, do E,——; Jas Rank, do E, March 28; Lewis Clark, do E, April 1; William Snooks, do E, May 4; Allen Gordon, do E, May 20; Chas Turner, do E, May 25; Francis Seagurser, corporal F, March 25; Wm. H Curry, do F, April 30; H W Curry, do F, Dec 30; Jas Kelly, do F, July 25; Samuel Webster, corporal, G, April 10; Edward Tindall, corporal G, May 28; John Hakesly, private, April 30; Noah Myers, private, G, May 4; Levi Spence, private, G, May 18; Hanson Mace, private, H, April 13, 1864; John Smith, sergeant, H; Daniel Uttick, private, H, May 28; Robert Sneborough, private, April 3; Ed. Coombs, private, May 10.

There were taken to Andersonville 73 members of the 8th regiment, and but eight of them are alive—six of this number have reached Camp Parole, Annapolis. Their names are sergeants Wm. H. R. Watts, C. A. Moore, Wm. T. Bricen, and privates W. Lyles, Chas. H. Dr, John H. Dirr, Daniel Connolly and Andrew Connolly.

Charge of False Pretences.—On Saturday a soldier named Thomas Pickland was arrested by policeman Kuhn, on the charge of obtaining money under false pretences from Philip T. Dawson. He was committed to jail by Justice Spicer, to await the action of the Grand Jury. Thomas had obtained all his city and State bounty money except $15, for which the City Register had given him a certificate that the balance was to be paid upon his honorable discharge from the service. After being mustered out, he went to Mr. Thompson, stating that he had lost the certificate but he had procured another one. Soon after, meeting Mr. Dawson, he offered and sold him the original certificate for $50. On the presentation for payment of the certificate, Mr. D was informed that the duplicate one had been paid previously.

Resumption of a Steamboat Route.—The staunch and popular steamer Columbia, which for a number of years, made regular trips between Baltimore, Washington, Alexandria and Georgetown, via Chesapeake and Potomac, is expect resuming her former travel, which was suspended in consequence of the national difficulties. The Columbia will be under command of her former officers, viz: J. Harpen, captain, and P. Kavanagh, and will probably leave here next Saturday. She is now upon the marine railway of Messrs. John T. Leady & Bro., undergoing some necessary improvements consequent upon her protracted service in the transportation department.

The Lager Beer Brewers.—During the past week quite a difficulty has come to pass between the manufacturers of lager beer and the retailers of that beverage, which arises from the fact of an increased price demanded for it by the brewers. It appears from an official statement that the latter have advanced the price to $15 per barrel, which is an increase of $3 upon the price recently paid. The proprietors of the restaurants to the number of three hundred, have held a meeting and declared their unwillingness to purchase any more except upon the former terms, and the consequences in challenge to the beer of them are now selling ale instead of lager.

Testimonial of Esteem.—The Board of Fire Commissioners have presented to Mr. C. W. Wahers, for several years president of the Board, an elegantly finished badge, made of the purest gold, and containing on the reverse side an inscription in testimony of the valued services which he rendered the paid fire department. The badge was presented to Mr. by Mr. Henry Fulton, Secretary of the Board, who, in a communication, conveyed the highest regards for him as one of the best officers of the department. Mr. Walker rendered services gratuitously, and his resignation is regretted by the most experienced men of the department.

Disappearance of an Old Landmark.—Workmen have been engaged during the past week in demolishing a frame building known as the New Jerusalem or First Swedenborgian Church, and situated on the corner of Baltimore and Exeter streets. The property is owned by Mr. Odion, who designs improving thereon by the erection there on of two handsome buildings, to be occupied in part as stores. Many of the old citizens will recollect the old worship by the venerable Father Hargrove's ministerial efforts in propagating the religious principles of Emanuel Swedenborg.

Highway Robbery.—James A. Bell, a resident of New York city, while walking along Bond street, near Lancaster, at one o'clock yesterday morning, was approached by two men, one of whom enquired the time of day, and upon Mr. Bell exposing his watch, one of the footpads knocked him down while the other snatched the time-piece from the time that Bell's old region his feet the thieves made good their escape with their booty.

The Joker Gone.—On last Saturday night J. H. Henderson and Henry Gobert, sailors, were arrested, charged with swindling J. H. Morris out of a silver watch. The accused made a bet with Morris that they could write several pieces of string in a few seconds in such a manner that the trick could not be discovered. Morris staked his watch, and as a consequence lost it. The sharpers were committed to jail for court by Justice Shewacre.

Serious Accident.—On Saturday afternoon James Cahill, a young man, was seriously injured at the corner of Fayette and Wolfe street, by being thrown from a horse. His skull was fractured and several of his ribs broken. He was carried into the dwelling of Mrs. Eggleston, where his injuries were received, after which he was removed to his home, 226 East Baltimore street.

Search for a Supposed Burglar.—At a late hour on Friday night, the watchman in the Eutaw House, observed a man attempting to unlock the doors of several rooms. Upon finding that his movements were observed, the burglar ran to the third story of the Hotel and managed to escape recognition, notwithstanding a thorough search of the rooms was instituted.

Infanticide.—On Saturday Coroner Thomas held an inquest at the Southern police station, over a colored male child cut in two, which was found by a policeman on Eden lane, near Fremont street. The jury rendered a verdict of death by the hands of some parties unknown.

Reward and No Questions Asked.—A reward of $500 is offered for the return of a pocket book which was lost on Friday in this city. See advertisement.

AMUSEMENTS.

Holliday St. Theatre.—The engagement of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Kean—which has excited more than ordinary interest among the lovers of the dramatic art in its purity—commence this evening. These eminent artists are recognized as the head of that grand race of actors of which Garrick, the Kembles, Mrs. Siddons and Edmund Kean were such shining lights, and the profound impression which they create wherever they have appeared shows how much their imperishable genius is appreciated. They will appear for the eight nights only—the pieces selected for to-night being Shakspeare's tragedy of Henry VIII, in which Mr. Kean renders the character of Cardinal Wolsey in a truly grand and impressionable manner; it is described as one of those efforts of histrionic skill which is beyond the power of the ordinary pen to render full justice to. Mrs. Kean is also great in the character of Queen Katherine, which she portrays in the most majestic and splendid manner. They will be supported by Mr. Chapman, Mr. G. Everett and Mr. J. F. Cathcart, who are attached to their suite, and who are all artists of much ability, while the organ accompany of the theatre is said to the general efficiency. They will also appear as Mr. and Mrs. Oakley, in Coleman's comedy of the "Jealous Wife"—thus giving an opportunity to see them both in tragedy and comedy on the same evening. The prices are quite a most brilliant one, and we may look for a season in every way satisfactory. A number of choice seats have already been sold, but there are seters still remaining which can be had at the box office of the theatre.

"The California Gem."—Miss Lotta, the incomparable, continues to attract and delight nightly thousands of our citizens by her matchless representations at the Front Street Theatre. The bewildering dramatic talents and wonderful dancing of the "Gem" are sufficient to make the eye of an antiquarian sparkle with pleasure. To-night she appears as "Fanchon, the Republican of the Queen's Street." The pieces will be produced in a splendid manner, the scenery presenting counterparts of Bernuda's Hotel, the Battle Monument and Oldmann's Hotel. The last scene will represent a lake formed of pure glass, around and above which will be seen objects of the fairy world. The entire cast of the play is extremely evaluation of the talent, and lively humor, the attractions and Z nave drill and dance by nineteen beautiful young ladies.

Sigmor Blitz.—This gifted illusionist, after an absence of several years, make his first appearance at the Institute to-night, in one of the delightful entertainments. He will introduce his wonderful canary birds, which are the most wonderful performers ever presented to the public. The Sign Circle, and other entertainments will be introduced in the magnificent manner for which he is so well known to the public. These will be exhibited on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday afternoons.

Grand Concert.—On Wednesday evening next, Mr. Theodore Hablenan, principal of the Grand Opera, assisted by Mrs. Natalie Pfeister, Miss Pauline Cartier, Mr. H. Steinecke and Mr. Adolph Neuendorff, will give a grand concert at the *New Assembly Rooms*, at which can be secured at the music store of Henry McCaffrey, 205 Baltimore street.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Criminal Court.—Judge Bond.—The following business occupied the attention of this Court on Saturday:

Alexander Diffy, charged with beating Cornelius Kerner, case dismissed by the court. Wm. Michaels, beating George Shaffer, fined $5. Wm. Dilly, beating his horse in a brutal manner, not guilty. Catherine Kane, charged with throwing hot water over Ann Stifer, fined $1 and costs. Ann Evans, beating John W. Corwin with a frying pan, case dismissed by the court. Mary J. Baldwin, striking officer Craven, not guilty. Pierce Cahill, beating John Burke, fined $1. Richard Knox, assault charge, not guilty. John Burke and wife, beating Pierce Cahill, not guilty, proceeding witnesses to pay costs. Nelson Cary, negro, threatening to shoot Wm. Whitlinson, not guilty. Samuel Talbott, negro, charged with biting off the end of the nose of Friby John, negro, fined $7 and costs. Friby Johns, charged with chewing the thumb of Talbott, fined $2 and costs. Geo. Maxwell, beating James Clark with a whip, case compromised. Geo. Carl, beating Aaron Harman, fined $10 and costs. Henry Gross, beating Hannah Gross, fined $5, and committed to jail for 3 days. Daniel Kane, beating August and Wm D. Filler, not guilty. Matilda Stier, beating Miss Ellen Kane, not guilty. John Marsh, beating E. J. Delpeine, case dismissed. George Eats and Lewis Murray, assault case, compromised. Robert Raggles and John J. Lewis, striking officer Peregoy, case dismissed. George T. Evans, indecent exposure, fined $1 and costs. John Higgins, beating John McCormick, case dismissed. Jas Woods, beating Henrietta Reed, colored, fined 25 cents and committed to jail for one week.

Superior Court.—Before Hon. Judge Martin. The following business occupied the attention of this Court on Saturday:

Wm. H. Primrose vs. William A. Fisher, Theodore Motts, Charles W. George, James Carey Coale, Jos. Thomas and Charles Shipley constituting the Board of Managers of the London Park Cemetery Company. Application for a mandamus to compel the Board to hold an election on the third Tuesday of May for a new Board. The present managers were elected by the stockholders on the third Tuesday of May, 1864, for twelve months. The total number of shares of the Cemetery Company in the hands of stockholders is 1,424, of which the petitioner owns 459. On the 14th of January last the three last named, with Mr. Shipley, met and resolved that the annual election should take place on the second Tuesday of November of each year. The defendants in their answer allege the existence of fraud perpetrated by members of former Boards, which are now the subject of equity suits instituted by the Company, and charge that it is the object of the petitioner, in conjunction with the perpetrators of these frauds, to get possession of the Company in order to dismiss the suits. The petitioner, and the sheriff with him, it is admitted own a majority of the stock. The case was submitted and a verdict in favor of the plaintiffs rendered.

Court of Common Pleas.—Before Judge Kidg.—The following business was transacted in this court on Saturday:

Peter Gelat vs. Ernest Horst—appeal from Sheriff's court; dismissed.

W. D. Durham vs. Dennis Bigley—appeal from Dedbee. Judgment reversed.

John T. Hicks vs. Wm. Noland—appeal from Wilson; two cases. Judgment reversed.

Samuel Ellinger vs. S. W. Berford—appeal from Mabbe. Judgment reversed.

Thomas H. Backe vs. Lane & Kreger—appeal from Logan. Judgment reversed and attachment dissolved.

[Reported for the Baltimore Clipper.]

COURT OF APPEALS OF MARYLAND

APRIL TERM—1865.

ANNAPOLIS, May 12, 1865.

No 92—Office Docket—Walter Bolingales vs John S. Baldwin and wife, et al.—an appeal from the Circuit Court for Harford county; in equity. Justice Bartol delivered the opinion of the Court. Decrees of the Circuit Court affirmed in part and reversed in part, the appellant to pay the cost of this appeal and cause remanded. Chief Justice Bowie and Justice Weld delivered separate opinions concurring in part and dissenting in part.

No further arguments will be heard till Tuesday, the 23d inst., when No. 40 on the printed calendar will be heard, after which the Court will call Nos 9, 15, 16 and 142, and then proceed with the special docket.

MARYLAND ITEMS.

DEATH FROM HYDROPHOBIA.—A child the daughter of Mr. Samuel Miller, living about two miles of Elkton, died on Friday week last from hydrophobia. About two weeks previous her father was at his spring house, when a strange cat rubbed her head against his boot leg, and followed him to his house. There it took a seat on the window sill, and was apparently as quiet and as tame as possible. In a little while, the child, about eight years old, went and touched it with her hand, the cat quickly bit at it—jumped out of the window and ran off, when a dog seized and shook it. The bite was not larger than a mere scratch with a pin, and nothing was thought of it by the family. In a few days after the child was attacked with spasms. Several physicians were sent for and the dread malady was by this time manifest. All the remedies known were resorted to, but of course with little hope.

At times the child was sensible, and it was extremely affecting and painful to those near her to witness her calmness and resignation. She would not allow her mother to leave the bedside; and when made acquainted with the fact that death was not far off, asked to be buried in her little silk dress with her gaiters; expressing a wish that her mother should use her pleasure as to putting her little gold medallion upon her, but to keep it if she desires, and urged that no white be placed about her corpse at all. It was observed that anything white taken near her caused her painful sensations, and sometimes brought on spasms. We know how fond a family becomes of a dog or a cat; but it is doubtful whether they are not altogether a useless affair. Would it not be better to make a pet of a lamb or some thing that is not so liable to this terrible disease at the mention of which every one shudders?—*Cecil Whig.*

DEATH OF REV. JOSEPH T. BROWN.—We are seldom called upon to record the death of one more generally beloved by a large and increasing circle of friends than this reverend and venerable gentleman. The news of his sudden demise reached us directly after he died, and saddened the hearts and moistened the eyes of his many friends in this vicinity. His gentlemanly deportment, sociableness and friendly intercourse with all those with whom he mingled, won for him universal respect and esteem, and his death will be regretted throughout the community. In '62 he was appointed Chaplain of the 6th Maryland regiment; was captured at the battle of Winchester; taken to Richmond, and shared all the indescribable horrors of Libby Prison for several months, which greatly impaired his health, which he never afterwards, we believe, fully recovered. His late illness was of short duration; and in the 50th year of his age died this good and beloved man, mourned by many endeared by nature's ties and lamented by numbers of personal friends. His remains were consigned to their last resting place, on Wednesday afternoon last, attended by several of his brother clergy, and a large concourse of people.—*Cecil Whig.*

SHEEP KILLED.—Mr. T. Drennen had thirteen or fourteen fine sheep killed by dogs, on his farm about one mile from town, one night last week. Among the number killed was a superior Cotswold ram. If our farmers expect to meet with success in sheep raising, they had better at once commence shooting every dog they find trespassing on their premises. Should this course be pursued for a short time, the crop of worthless dogs would be considerably reduced. Strychnine is an excellent remedy for worthless curs.—*Cecil Whig.*

ANOTHER HORRIBLE STEAM MILL ACCIDENT.—On Thursday last Andrew Towers, assistant miller at the Easton steam mill, was engaged in tightening a screw near the saw, when his knee came in contact with it, which severed the leg at the knee, sawed off one bone and one artery. This is the fourth accident of this kind that has occurred in this mill since it was built. Towers was a young man and we learn leaves a widowed mother.—*Easton Gazette.*

REV. MR. VAN BOKELIN, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, paid our county a short visit the past week.—On Thursday night he delivered an address in the court-room in Easton, explaining the working of the new school system, but owing to the inclemency of the weather, the attendance was not large. We shall endeavor to give this subject a more lengthy notice next week.—*Easton Gazette.*

HAIL STORM.—A severe hail storm visited the neighborhood of Middletown, Del., doing considerable damage to the wheat crop. Hail stones fell six inches in circumference. We had a slight sprinkle of the icy shower in this vicinity, doing no damage however.—*Cecil Whig.*

...From Mexico.

MAXIMILIAN GETTING IN TROUBLE.

NEW YORK, May 13—The steamer Liberty, from Havana on the 6th, has arrived, bringing advices from the City of Mexico to the 27th ult., and Vera Cruz to the 23, confirming the reported capture of Saltillo and Monterey by the Liberals, besides an announcement that the Liberals are gaining ground in every direction. A forced loan of $100,000 was imposed upon the French and Imperialists in Saltillo and Monterey.—It was reported that Juarez would establish himself at Monterey.

Maximilian on reaching Orizaba heard of the fall of Richmond and the capitulation of Lee, whereupon it is said he hastened back to Mexico and dispatched his chief of cabinet Elvin, to the United States, who arrived at Havana in time to take the steamer Corsica. There were various reports as to his mission. President Juarez had entered Palaada and seized all the munitions held by merchants there. Colonel Dupin is en route for the State of Tobasco with four hundred men. A naval expedition is also on the way hither.

Several of Maximilian's Governors have pronounced against him, and the semi-official journal Estaffette indicates that there is great opposition to him.

General Mejia had announced that he could not hold Matamoras without assistance, and reinforcements were sent. It is said that rebel deserters are joining Cortinas.

☞ The Belgian Government has decided on a secret mission, to send an ambassador to Maximilian.

MINIATURE ALMANAC FOR 1865.

MAY.	Sun rises	Sun sets.	Moon's Phases.	MAY.	D.	H.	M.
15-Monday	4 52	7 7					
16-Tuesday	4 51	7 8		First qr	2	11	3m
17-Wednesday	4 51	7 9		Full	10	3	22 a
18-Thursday	4 50	7 10		Last qr	18	1	2m
19-Friday	4 50	7 10		New	24	5	48 a
20-Saturday	4 49	7 11					
21-Sunday	4 48	7 12					

MARINE AFFAIRS.

PORT OF BALTIMORE, May 13, 1865.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Louisiana, Porter, from Norfolk—to M N Falls.

Steamer Lancaster, Tomlinson, fm Havre de Grace—to Jos Jas Taylor.

Steamer F W Brune, Foster, from New York—mdse to J A Shriver.

Steamer John S Shriver, Dennis, fm Philadelphia—mdse to J A Shriver.

CLEARED.

Steamer Louisiana, Porter, Norfolk.

Steamer Lancaster, Tomlinson, Havre de Grace.

Steamer Wm Woodward, Cundiff, New York.

Steamer John S Shriver, Dennis, Philadelphia.

SAILED.

Brig Lark, Rio Grande.

ARRIVALS FROM BALTIMORE.

Brig Maria Wheeler, Wheeler, Beaufort, N C, 9th inst.

Sch Cherub, Bailey, Gardiner, Me, 6th instant.

Sch Annie J Russell, Hodges, Hartford, 10th inst.

CLEARANCES FOR BALTIMORE.

Steamer Artisan, Lizz, New York, 12th instant.

Ship Chrystal, Fredericks, New York, 11th inst.

Brig Sea Foam, Coombs, Bangor, 8th inst.

Schr Mott Bedell, Bedell, New York, 12th instant.

MEMORANDA.

Ship Corsair, Card, 25 days from Liverpool, arrived at Philadelphia 12th inst.

Ship Washington Berry, hence 11th Jan, at Panama 2d inst—arr 29th ult discharg.

Brig Chas N Williams, Thompson, from Key West, arrived at Matanzas 7th ult, and was loading molasses 1st inst for Philadelphia.

Brig Dudley, Carter, from Charleston, arrived at Philadelphia, 12th inst.

Schr Alquiza, Watts, hence for Boston, arrived at Holmes' Hole, 10th inst.

Schs James Henry, Church, hence for Gardiner, arrived at Holmes' Hole, 10th inst.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

MONETARY.

The gold market in this city on Saturday last was steady, opening and closing at 1[illegible]¾, and despite the shipment of nearly one million of specie to Europe, the premium did not advance as was asserted on Friday. A heavy exchange dealer doing business in New York, informed us that large amounts of specie will have to be shipped to Europe to meet the demands of April, unless heavy orders are brought by the next steamer for our Government loan, which is as applicable as coin for export.

Baltimore City 6s, 1890, on Saturday sold at par, and 6s at 99. Bank and Railroad were but little enquired after, and no attention whatever paid to the fancies. The subscriptions to the seven-thirty loan in this city since Friday has been large, but is minimized by that intensity of feeling which prevailed on Thursday and Friday. Those who subscribed on Saturday were chiefly persons of small means, the "uppercrust" having secured their quotas in the early part of the week.

In New York the Stock market was dull and heavy, being at least two percent. lower than the closing prices of Friday. There appears to be an equally divided opinion among the stock brokers relative to an advance or retrograde movement in Stocks, and the wary ones are scanning the financial horizon with extreme caution. The New York bears obtained the advantage on Saturday and hammered the market with savage delight.

The sudden excitement in Erie Stock is about to find a rival (if rumors are to be relied upon) in New York Central, as speculators are calculating on a great increase of profits arising from this stock. On Saturday it sold at 90, at which figure the holder drives eight per cent. profit upon par value of his investment. One year ago the Central was sold at $1 40, but this was an unnatural inflation.

Money continues in fair supply at six per cent., and now that the Government is about to disburse large amounts to contractors, we may look for a cheap and well supplied market this week.

New York and Philadelphia exchange on Saturday was dull at par in this city.

Messrs. Johnston Brothers, bankers, Baltimore street, on Saturday received the following telegram in reference to the Seven-Thirty Loan:

"PHILADELPHIA, May 13, 865.

"*Johnston Brothers, Baltimore.*

"If you want any more of the present series, be quick; think to-day will clean it, certain, Monday.

JAY COOKE & CO."

The above lines are significant, and need no comment.

In relation to the loan, the N. Y. Herald, of Saturday last, says:

"Some apprehension exists that a partial stringency may be felt in the money market in consequence of forthcoming Treasury drafts upon Mr. Jay Cooke's agents. It is estimated that the Treasury will draw in the aggregate all over the country, at the rate of ten million a day for a few days. If so, a marked falling off in subscriptions to the seven-thirty loan may follow, as the reduction of balances in the hands of the agents will make the latter stop ordering any more notes than just their financial experience, and cause them to call in a portion of their advances on seven-thirties and gold bonds. But in view of the vast amount of our money now afloat, a stringent money market can only be produced by distress; and it is to the interest, which it is also the wish of the government to keep the money market easy and free as possible from all disturbing causes. There is no probability that the Treasury drafts, even if they prove to be as large as is supposed, should create any stringency; but there are parties in the bear interest who may try to exaggerate effects and get up a panic without reason.

It is not flattering to Wall street intelligence, but it is no more or less true, that Wall street rumors, for the most part, are only idle as a flock of sheep. They will growl in the market, and the market is as capricious and scatter-brained as the great majority of those who make the market. Those bears who professed to sell the battle after all, and "smell a rat" sooner than their neighbors have been exacting higher rates of interest to-day than were before current, or has high as seven per cent has been paid for loans on government collaterals, but the general rate has been five. The subscriptions to the loan have been so enormous of late that an unusually large amount of funds has accumulated with the agents, and they can easily bear to be drawn upon, and rather heavily, too."

SALE AT THE BALTIMORE STOCK BOARD.

Furnished by Leonard J. Farmer, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 21 South Street.

Sales at Board, May 13, 1865.

4000 American Gold (mixed)		129¾
10,000 do do (large)		129¾
5,000 do do (large)		129¾
1,000 do do (large)