

# BALTIMORE

"THE UNION, THE CONSTITUTION, AND THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE LAWS."

VOLUME L.—NUMBER 108.

BALTIMORE, MONDAY MORNING, MAY 8, 1865.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

## Latest News by Telegraph

### TO THE BALTIMORE CLIPPER.

**LATE NEWS FROM EUROPE**

**Arrival of the Steamer America.**

**EFFECT OF LEE'S SURRENDER IN EUROPE.**

**THE END OF THE WAR CONCEDED.**

**The Terms Considered Honorable.**

**America ranks among the First Military Nations.**

**ARRIVAL OF THE HIBERNIAN.**

**Reception of the News of the Assassination.**

**PROFOUND SENSATION THROUGHOUT EUROPE.**

**The Crime Universally Denounced.**

**MANIFESTATIONS OF SORROW.**

**Action of the British Parliament.**

**Great Meetings in London and Liverpool.**

**The Italian Chamber Draped in Mourning.**

**ASTOUNDING INFAMY.**

**Plot to Infect Northern Cities.**

**INVESTIGATION AT BERMUDE.**

**TRADE WITH THE SOUTH.**

**The Regulations of the Treasury Department.**

**ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER AMERICA.**

**NEW YORK, May 7th.**—The steamer America, from Southampton on the 26th ultimo, has arrived. The steamer Asia arrived on the 22d and the City of Dublin on the 24th.

The news of the assassination of President Lincoln had not reached England when the America sailed.

The news of the surrender of Lee's army to Grant had created a great excitement in Europe.

The London Times says:—"The end has come at last, and the great American war is virtually closed by General Lee's surrender of the Virginia army. The tone of the correspondence between Generals Grant and Lee is honorable to both. The conditions were such as to do credit for an overmatched army to accept. Not even Napoleon's grand army could count a series of more brilliant victories than the army of Virginia. They were victorious until victory was no longer to be achieved by human valour, and then they fell with honor.

Two years ago Lee might have escaped to Lynchburg. But now the Federal Government has now the Corps of Cavalry and Artillery, the Federal army is entitled to rank among the very first military nations. All attempts to establish a Southern Confederacy must be abandoned.

The Times of Tuesday says:—"With the defeat of the South the greatest difficulties of the Federal Government are cleared up. After the restoration of the South to obedience, an overwhelming prospect will open before Mr. Lincoln's administration. Much lies between the conquest of the South and the restoration of the Union. In the face of political problems of unexampled difficulty to be confronted, such questions as the registration of the census, reforming the tariff and management of the national debt, important as they are in themselves, may appear insignificant."

Notwithstanding the strong sympathy felt for the South at Liverpool, the intelligence of Lee's surrender was received with great satisfaction, causing an increased confidence in commercial circles.

FRANCE.

Count Walewski has been appointed President of the Corps Legislatif.

The American Ambassador would be received by the Emperor and Empress.

RUSSIA.

The Czarowitz died at Nice on Sunday. The Queen, Princess Dowager, and the Queen of Denmark were with him.

Belgium.

A meeting of citizens held at Brussels was followed by a demonstration in the streets. The news of the restoration of the United States Constitution, where the Congress received a denunciation and a speech. A congratulatory telegram followed.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

London, April 28.—Cottons closed at 914.00. United States 5 1/2 @ 62 1/2.

Liverpool, April 26.—Cottons have advanced. Wheat 61. Provisions firm and advancing.

STILL LATER.—ARRIVAL OF THE HIBERNIAN.

Port Au Prince, May 6, via Galles May 7th.—The steamer Hibernian from Liverpool on the 27th via Londonderry on the 29th ult., arrived at this point at 2 30 this afternoon en route for Quebec.

The news of the assassination of President Lincoln and attempted assassination of Secretary Seward had reached England, producing a profound sensation and exciting forth expressions everywhere of earnest sympathy and respect.

In the House of Lords, on Thursday night, Earl Russell, on behalf of Lord Palmerston, announced the death of President Lincoln, and gave notice that they would, on the 1st of May, move an address to the Queen, expressing the sorrow and indignation felt at the assassination of President Lincoln, and praying Her Majesty to convey that expression of feeling to the American Government.

Two great meetings had been held in Liverpool, which, after appropriate speeches had been delivered, adopted unanimously, resolutions expressive of the horror and deep sorrow felt at the assassination of the President of the United States.

The Commercial body of London had held a meeting and adopted similar resolutions to those adopted in Liverpool. The various official bodies in the various towns and provinces, had likewise held meetings and passed appropriate resolutions.

The American citizens in London assembled in Grosvenor Hall, in invitation to meet again on Monday, the 1st of May, when Minister Adams would preside at a mass meeting of American citizens to be held at St. James' Hall.

The Italian Chamber of Deputies has adopted an address to the people of America, expressing their grief at the assassination of President Lincoln, and the Chamber was draped in its honor.

A writer states that the most profound sensation was occasioned there by the announcement of the dreadful news from America, and universal regret and indignation was expressed there at the assassination.

GENERAL ORDER.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—The following order has been issued from the War Department:—

WASHINGTON, May 7th.—Ordered, that all prisoners of war who were captured by the army of the United States, and who are held in the various cities and districts of the Southern States, shall be treated with the same humanity and consideration as the prisoners of war who are held in the various cities and districts of the Northern States.

**From California.**

**A Large Emigration Expected.**—Measure to protect the route—a Testimonial Fund to Mrs. Lincoln.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 3.—General McDowell is moving several companies of troops for the protection of the land routes to Idaho, along which the Indians are troublesome. Stations will be established at certain points of Northern California and Nevada, and the cavalry will patrol and protect the routes. A large emigration to Idaho is expected.

A movement has been started here for a dollar subscription to a fund for a testimonial to Mrs. Lincoln. It is also proposed to build a monument to Lincoln's memory.

The receipts of treasure at the mint for the last ten days are about 32,000 ounces of gold and 12,000 ounces of silver.

The Board of Supervisors are considering a resolution for asking authority from the Legislature to give the Government one of its city squares for a new mint building.

Sailed, steamer Constitution, for Panama, with a large number of passengers for New York, and \$50,000 in gold, of which \$367,000 goes to New York. Arrived, ship Panama, from New York.

**THE HARRIS COURT MARTIAL.**

THE COURT MARTIAL of which Major General Foster is President, which resumed the trial of Benjamin G. Harris. The Judge Advocate stated that the Cavalry Sergeant (of the witnesses,) awaiting their arrival the Court had adjourned from day to day, had not been found, owing to the movement of troops in the lower country. No one could be certain where he was, but the authorities, not being in possession of his full name, and as the Government had exercised all reasonable diligence in trying to find him, the Judge Advocate did not feel justified in postponing the case further, but the Court adjourned on the testimony of Sergeant Robert R. Stuart, Co. C, 11th Regiment Veteran Reserve Corps.

The Judge Advocate stated, and testified that on the 27th of April he was detained with six men to proceed to the residence of Benjamin G. Harris for the purpose of arresting him. He stated that he was left alone in charge of the prisoner about two hours, during which time he had no conversation with him, and did not know what he was arrested for.

The latter clause of the evidence was ruled out by the Judge Advocate, and the prisoner said that he did not testify what he said to the Court, but that he had no conversation with him, and did not know what he was arrested for.

The witness proceeded, and that Mr. Harris told him that he was arrested before the arrest, and that he was arrested before the arrest, and that he was arrested before the arrest.

The witness said that he did not know what he was arrested for, and that he did not know what he was arrested for.

**South America.**

**IMPORTATION GRANT TO THE PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY.**

NEW YORK, May 5.—By the steamer Corica we have Panama dated to the 26th ult.

The Panama Railroad Company has secured a new contract with Colombia, which only needs the sanction of Congress to become a law. It secures perpetual franchise of the road, and no other road is to be built within 150,000 metres on either side. The Company pays \$500,000 and issues 15,000 shares of \$100 each.

The Company is to transport the Government mails, troops, armaments, &c., gratis, and charge ten per cent. less for the transportation of soldiers, and five per cent. less for other passengers for which they are to pay the fares. The lands necessary are conceded.

A French company has secured the exclusive privilege to construct a canal across the Isthmus.

From Chill it is learned that there is a prospect of a rupture between Chile and Argentina in consequence of claims made by the latter for the treatment of her feet on its way to Peru.

The whole Southern portion of Peru is in a state of revolution against the Government. There is but little hope that the President will be able to maintain his position.

The United States gunboat Waters left Aspinwall on the 15th ult., and the United States steamer State of Georgia arrived on the 15th ult.

**FROM NEW ORLEANS.**

**THE VICTORY OF THE MOBILE.**

NEW ORLEANS, April 22, via Cairo May 5.—A number of rebel officers, ranking from Colonel down to Lieutenants, recently captured at Mobile, arrived here today.

The river continues rising. A break occurred through the levee six miles below Algiers, but was repaired today. But the Times' correspondent says that the country on the east side of the river, from Tonica Landing to Bayou Sara, was completely inundated for a distance of thirty-five miles, causing great suffering. Most of the inhabitants are in a starving condition, and a great number have abandoned their homes in consequence of the overflow. The levees in giving way daily and the Mobile News learns that a daily line of steamers is about to be established between Mobile and New Orleans, arrangements for that purpose being nearly completed.

The Mobile News of the 27th ult. learns that the rebel rams Nashville and Morgan and five steamers are at Demopolis, Mo. There are no rebel troops except Mayberry's guerrillas, between Mobile and Demopolis. The demoralisation in the rebel army and navy in that region is very great.

The steamship Morning Star arrived here today.

**CONDITION OF SECRETARY NEWELL AND HIS SON.**

WASHINGTON, May 6, 9 P. M.

Hon. E. M. Stanton, Secretary of War: Sir, I have the honor to report that the Secretary of State is better than at this time since his injury. Mr. F. Seward's condition is most encouraging.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant, J. K. Weaver, Surgeon General.

**REDUCTION OF GOVERNMENT EXPENSES.**

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Since the promulgation of the recent orders for a reduction of expenses, the Quartermaster's Department has effected a reduction of its ordinary expenses on ocean and coastwise transport service of thirty-five thousand dollars per day, which is a saving of more than a million dollars per month.

**MAIL FACILITIES ON THE MISSISSIPPI.**

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The Postmaster General has sent an agent to St. Louis, who will be there on the 15th inst., to arrange for the transportation of the mails on the Mississippi river and its tributaries.

**JEFF. DAVIS IMPLICATED.**

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Inquirer makes the following statement:—"The confession of Harold on Booth's body, taken, beyond cavil, the plot and its full execution upon Jeff. Davis and his Canada Commissioners."

**FROM NEW ORLEANS.**

NEW ORLEANS, May 6.—The United States gunboat Florida, from New Orleans on the 27th, being Captain Reid and other officers of the ram Webb, captured below New Orleans.

**FLIGHT OF BAUNDERS AND TUCKER.**

MONTEAL, May 6.—Geo. N. Saunders and Beverly Tucker have disappeared from this city, and it is reported that they have gone in the direction of Halifax.

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**

**THE TRIAL OF THE ASSASSIN.**