DAILY CLIPPER.

WM. WALES.....Publisher.

THURSDAY, APRIL 27, 1865.

TO ADVERTISERS.

The following exhibit of our regular rates will be found of service:

1 Square	1 Time	$ 50
"	2 Times	75
"	3 "	1.00
"	1 Week	1.75
"	1 Month	4.00
"	3 Months	10.00
"	6 "	18.00
"	1 Year	30.00

ONE SQUARE CONTAINS SIX LINES OF SPACE.

GENERAL GRANT.

[From the Syracuse (N. Y.) Journal.]

The following is the poem, by Miss Lillie Fuller, read at the high School celebration on Monday evening, to which we referred in our notice of the meeting in the The Journal of Tuesday:

From the green hills of New England and the sounding woods of Maine,
From the river and the forest, from the mountain and the plain,
From the waves of blue Atlantic to the mysticland of rye,
From the chain of boundless lakes to the bayous' winding shore,
From the scarred soil of Virginia, stained with noblest patriot blood,
From the fair old Western prairies, where the Mississippi flood
Flows by the walls of Vicksburg, now humbled to the dust,
Floats the gladsome hymn of triumph to the "God in whom we trust."
From the heart of every patriot swells the rising, jovial chant,
And Columbia's blessing falls upon the head of General Grant.

A myriad thundering cannon the joyful story telling,
The echoing peal of merry bells in acclamation swelling,
The warm blood bounding in our veins, the gladness in our eyes,
Where unbidden tears of gratitude and thankfulness arise;
The banner floating proudly, their stars and stripes unfurled,
Unchanged, unstained, and peerless, to the eyes of all the world;
The eagle! bird of freedom's land! soaring, the sun-beams kissing,
With pinions strong, and flight secure, and not one bright plume missing.
Each accords new symphonies, more sweet, to the glad victorious chant,
And brings another laurel leaf for the victor's crown of fame.

From the altars of Columbia, incense floats up through the air
Laden with the joy of millions, with the blessings and the prayer;
And the goddess of our country once again stands forth to save,
Proclaims our land once more secure, one glad, exultant wave
Of triumph sweeps across the land; the nation, free once more,
Shakes off the dust of battle, all its clamor and its roar,
And the olive branch of peace buds and blooms once more again,
With the round of bells and booming guns mingle the shouts of men,
As rises the shout of triumph, the grand, the deafening chant
Every heart calls down a blessing on the head of peerless Grant.

Some fireside circles, broken, grieve for those beneath the sod,
But they mourn us softly through their tears, "For country and for God!"
And amid the moans of anguish, the weary, aching pain,
There comes a spirit voice that whispers, "I did not die in vain."
In vain? No never! for each patriot that, upon the field of strife,
Fell by the Minie rifle, and yielded up his life,
Has helped to make our country, what it shall ever be,
Now and through the coming years, the proud "land of the free"
And our flag hangs gently, softly, and mingle with the chant—
Tears for our fallen soldiers who were led by General Grant.

But they need our tears no longer, their epitaph is "graved
On the tablets of that country they so nobly died to save,
And as long as God and Union are our Country's happy lot,
As long as daylight comes and goes and the harvest faithfulness,
As long as on our Country's flag remains a crimson bar,
So long the memory of these men, these bravest men that fell,
Shall live within our heart of hearts, and coming years shall tell
How they fell in glorious battle, and a wreath of glory plant
Round the memory of the gallant dead like that we weave for Grant.

And from the heavenly city they are watching us to-night;
Side by side with Washington, their glory in the sight.
May God look down upon us, the "author of all Good,"
And bless our rescued land from its baptism in blood,
And through all the coming ages may we never cease to forget
That to Him our thanks are ever due, and pray that He will yet
Vouchsafe to guide and guard us, be with us ever more,
And make us nobler, truer, better, than we ever were before;
And may angel voices join us and swell the glorious chant,
And God look down from Heaven and bless our General Grant.

April 10, 1865.

[Correspondence of the Baltimore Clipper.]

TOWSONTOWN, April 26, 1865.

At a meeting of the citizens of Baltimore county, held in the Court House at Towsontown, on Monday evening, 24th instant, to take into consideration the return of paroled soldiers and other characters who left the county during the war and took an active part in the rebellion. John M. Wheeler, Esq., was called to the chair and Captain L. M. Haverstick appointed secretary.

After the Chairman had stated the object of the meeting, the following named gentlemen were appointed a committee to prepare resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting: John H. Longnecker, Esq., Major Wm. E. George, and Messrs. Jos. H. Wright, S. F. Forsyth and J. Armacost. The committee reported the following preamble and resolutions which were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, Since the beginning of this wicked rebellion certain persons have voluntarily left Baltimore county and entered the armies of the so-called Confederate States, or in other capacities have given active aid and support to the rebellion; and

Whereas, Many of these men have at various times returned as robbers, murderers, and incendiaries, stealing the property and destroying the houses of loyal citizens of the county, being specially chosen for this work on account of their superior knowledge of the county and of the people; and

Whereas, Their wicked cause being now completely overthrown, some of these men have lately returned to our midst, not as humble penitents for the awful crimes they have committed, but treasonable in language, and insolent in conduct, rendering themselves thereby exceedingly obnoxious to their loyal neighbors, and endangering the peace and good order of society; therefore,

Resolved, That we do hereby enter our earnest protest against the privileges assumed by these obnoxious traitors, in whatever capacity they may have been serving the rebellion.

Resolved, That the proper authorities be earnestly requested to take such action in the case as may be necessary to secure the loyal people of the county against insult and harm from this class of people, and to preserve the peace and good order of society, and that if in their wisdom they are proper, entirely to prohibit them from being in our midst.

Resolved, That while we do not presume to dictate to the authorities nor intend to encourage lawlessness, taking into consideration the sufferings endured by the Union men of other portions of the State in common with ourselves, we have entire sympathy with the spirit manifested elsewhere against the return of these pestilent rebels.

Resolved, That a copy of these proceedings be sent to Major General Lew. Wallace, commanding this Department. Signed by

JOHN M. WHEELER, Chairman.
L. M. HAVERSTICK, Secretary.

DISTRESSING ACCIDENT.—The Valley Register records a distressing and fatal accident which happened on Sunday evening of last week in the vicinity of Middletown. An interesting little son, it says, aged seven years, of Mr. H. A. Schildknecht, accidentally hung himself while playing with a strap fastened to a door. There is in Mr. Schildknecht's dwelling a door which leads into the basement or kitchen, which opens over a pair of steps; to the outside knob or latch of this door there was tied a strap of a foot or more in length, which was used to fasten the door. In the temporary absence of the mother, who had gone to an up stairs window to watch the approach of her husband from church in the place, the little boy playfully placed his back against the door and pulled the strap over his head. The door then opened, swung the little fellow off the top step, and left him dangling, and when the terror stricken mother returned to the room a few moments after, she found her little darling dead. It was only a few minutes after this sad occurrence until the father returned, to find the little son whom he had left but a little while ago well and happy, a corpse.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

Resolutions by the Aged Guard.—At a meeting of the Aged Guard of '62, of the city of Baltimore, held at the old City Hall, April 19, 1865, the following expression of their sentiments and feelings on the assassination of the Excellency, Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States, was ordered to be published:

An atrocious crime has been committed in our midst; the great, the noble, the magnanimous, kind hearted, and too forgiving President, Abraham Lincoln, has been, in a most unworthy and dastardly manner, murdered by he-rider and connivance of traitors.

While we acknowledge the retributive hand of an Almighty and Righteous God, in thus afflicting us for our national sins, we also recognize our national duty to drive from our soil the men who have been mainly instrumental in bringing on this great people this heart-crushing calamity!

We here tender to the deeply afflicted widow of our beloved President, and to all the bereaved members of his highly honored family our heartfelt condolence; hoping and praying that the Father of Mercies and God of all consolation and grace, will sustain and comfort them under their overwhelming sorrow.

With the honorable Secretary of State and with his suffering family, we would sympathise and affectionately express our deep sorrow for the portion of this great crime inflicted upon them; praying to Him with whom are the issues from death, to grant unto them a speedy and perfect restoration; may the highly valued life of the honorable William H. Seward be preserved for many years as honor and blessing to his country.

We must here congratulate the loyal citizens of our whole country, on having such a worthy successor to the lamented President Lincoln as Andrew Johnson, who said in the debate of the United States in 1861, in the face of the Traitors: "Let it be engraven on every heart, that Treason is a crime and Traitors should suffer the penalty!" and further, "The halter to intelligent and influential Traitors, but the honest boy, the deluded man, who has been deceived into the Rebel ranks, I would extend lenicncy." The stability and future permanency of our Union, demand the rigid enforcement of these principles, and no better man is needed than Andrew Johnson to carry them out.

Pledging our lives in conformity and obedience to law, to do whatever is necessary and in our power, to crush out this wicked rebellion, and to put down all who give aid and comfort to those engaged therein, we order that these, our sincere expressions of condolence and sympathy, and this our firm resolution, be most respectfully presented to Mrs. Lincoln and family; to the honorable William H. Seward and family, and to his Excellency Andrew Johnson, President of the United States.

All of which is respectfully submitted,
SAMUEL CHILD, Captain.
JOHN W. WOODS, Secretary.

Laying a Corner Stone.—The ceremonies of laying the corner stone of the Wilder Monument, on North Broadway, were observed yesterday afternoon. The members of the Order, without regalia, assembled at their hall on Gay street, and marched to the spot where the monument is to be erected, reaching the place at half past three o'clock. At four o'clock the Grand Master of Maryland called upon the Rev. Doctor McCron, Grand Chaplain, to ask the Divine blessing upon the proposed monument. The prayer was as follows:

"Almighty God! Gracious preserver and wise governor of the universe, we have assembled here to-day upon an interesting and important occasion to us as Order we are about to lay here a corner stone upon which to raise a memorial shaft to the father and founder of our affiliation in this New World. We would, Gracious Father, approach thy throne, humbly imploring thy blessing upon this work of filial and fraternal love; we would deeply feel the solemnity of the occasion, for we shall here pledge ourselves before Thee, and proclaim to the world that we erect this memorial commemorating the good deeds of a worthy Sire, and the rise and progress of a system of human benefaction founded upon the great principles given by Thee to man. Enable us, Heavenly Father, to begin it, to complete it, and to keep it sacred to the purposes of our Order. May thy blessing ever rest upon us as we go forward in the midst of life's cares and vicissitudes, practising truly and correctly unto the virtues and graces which we as Odd Fellows, prepare to follow and illustrate. May Heaven's smile be on us, as Thou must be right by thy Divine Power, and in all things of Thee overrule our thoughts and deeds to Thy greater glory and the good of our fellow men—Amen."

The Grand Master then delivered the oration, closing with an invitation to the M. W. Grand Sire to officiate in laying the stone. The Grand Sire then descended from the platform to the stone and read a list of the articles to be deposited in the stone, when the box was deposited in its place and the top of the stone strongly secured.

In adjusting the stone the Grand Sire remarked—"In this ship I lay this stone, earnestly praying that while it remains its place among its fellows on this firm base, the brethren throughout our domain may be firmly bound in bonds fraternal." To which the assembly responded, "so may it be."

The Grand Sire then strewed flowers upon the stone, uttering the following words:

"In this, I lay this stone, earnestly praying that all underlin and supports this monument, so may love lie at the bottom of our hearts, and support the whole superstructure of our lives." To which the assembly responded: "May God in his mercy grant it."

The Grand Sire then strewed wheat, saying: "In the name of truth I lay this stone, praying that truth and right may be known and established everywhere, and that as they rest firmly upon the Rock of Ages, so this memorial-pile, here to be raised, may rest firmly upon this stone, and the storms of time shall not prevail against it." Response by the assembly: "So may it be!"

The Grand Sire then gave three blows of the gavel upon the stone, and uttered the following words: "In the name of benevolence and charity I lay this stone, and may God in his mercy grant that it may never be removed so long as benevolence and charity are dear to the hearts of men!" Response by the assembly: "May God in his mercy grant."

At this point the architect delivered the trowel and mortar to the Grand Sire, who proceeded to fix the stone, remarking, "as this cement binds together the stones of this monument, so may the cement of brotherly affection bind us together during all the days of our lives here below; and so may the cement of Divine Love, in our Father's good time, unite us living stones in the Temple above, the "house not made with hands eternal in the heavens."

Responded to by the assembly, "so may it be." The Grand Sire then returned to his place upon the platform when the Grand Master delivered the following proclamation:—"By direction of the R. W. Grand Sire of the Grand Lodge of the United States, I declare this corner-stone duly laid, according to regular and ancient form; and to a shaft that is to rise upon it consecrated and devoted to the memory of Thos. Wilder, and commemorative of the successful introduction of the principles and work of Odd-Fellowship upon this continent."

The Grand Chaplain then delivered the following prayer, after which the members of the order retired to the Hall on Gay street.

All Mighty and all Merciful Architect of Heaven and Earth, who spake, and it was done, who commanded and it stood fast, speak—we pray Thee, the words of encouragement—by the Spirit, to animate and strengthen us, that we shall build upon this corner-stone a memorial of fraternal love, that they may trust in Thee, and command, we beseech Thee, the resources of Thy servants, that their strength and spirit fail not until they complete this monument, and duly dedicate it. May it rise firm upon this foundation, complete in its adjustments, and beautiful in all its proportions.

Bless, O! God of Grace, the laborers herein with Thy protection, that they may work in safety and repose in peace with Thy spirit; that they may labor together in harmony and love with Thy salvation; that having wrought together on earth, they may hereafter rest together in the smiles of Thy favor forever. And bless, O Heavenly Father, our widespread fraternity everywhere, with Thy power to guide, Thy power to aid, and Thy love to bless their works to their own edification and the welfare of our race. Build up each member thereof on that great foundation, that corner stone elect, precious, which thou hast laid in Zion, and make him a blessing and a praise in Thy sight forever more. Graciously and tenderly be with the poor and needy, the stranger and him who has no help; with the widow, whose God thou art; and with the orphan, to whom thou art especially a father. Bless all classes and conditions of men, according to their various wants and the abundance of Thy goodness and mercy.

Be pleased, O! our Father, to remember us individually in much mercy. Forgive our sins, redeem us from iniquity; make us zealous and fruitful in good works; and finally, save us and the world with an everlasting salvation, that we may ascribe unto Thee all praise and blessing, honor and glory, in a day without night, and a *world without end*. Amen.

A Collision.—On Tuesday evening a buggy containing James Payne and a young lady collided with city car No. 17, on Gay street, causing a wreck of the carriage and severe injury to the lady. The car was also badly damaged. Payne was arrested upon the charge of reckless driving, and fined $5 and costs by Justice Spicer.

Internal Revenue Taxes.—Persons paying monthly taxes to the collectors of internal revenue would do well to remember that the recent act of Congress makes it imperative to pay on or before the last day of the month, without notice, and requires collectors to add ten per cent. to all bills that lay over.

Manufactories in South Baltimore.—But few persons are aware of the vast amount of capital invested in manufactories in South Baltimore, and the number of persons employed. The shipping interest alone employs upwards of five hundred persons, the coal interest upwards of one thousand, and the iron and other works large numbers. While strolling through the above locality yesterday morning we visited the extensive works of the Baltimore Chrome Works, situated at the foot of Hughes street. Although in its infancy, the enterprise bids fair to rank among the most popular manufacturing interests of our city. The works now turn out forty casks of chrome per week, and with the additions now being made, double that quantity will be manufactured. The ore used is from the mine of the Baltimore Chrome Company, situated in Harford county, a few miles from this city, and is pronounced by geologists to be the finest ore in the world—a fact attested by the manufactured chrome, which is shipped to all parts of the world. There are but two chrome manufactories in the United States, and these are located in this city. The stock of the Baltimore Chrome Company is eagerly sought after by capitalists, and commands a good price.

Election of Officers.—At a meeting of the members of the Maryland Institute held last night, the following officers were elected:

President—John F. Meredith. Vice Presidents—G. W. Bentley and W. W. Maughlin. Recording Secretary—James Young. Corresponding Secretary—N. H. Thayer. Treasurer—Hugh Bilten.

Board of Managers.—Thomas Trimble, Richard C. Mason, F. W. King, George H. Rodgers, Josiah Reynolds, A. G. Mott, William M. Ives, F. L. Shaffer, Jr., Isaac S. George, Henry McShane, John Dukehart, C. Lewis Dunlap, John H. Tucker, E. W. Robinson, R. R. Rose, H. C. Lurabee, V. O. Karlebson, Woodward Abrahams, John S. Gilmas, J. A. Needler, R. C. Potts, S. A. Ewalt, Samuel C. Taylor, William Henry Johnson.

Obnoxious Persons.—Major General Wallace yesterday issued the following order:

The attention of citizens in this Department is respectfully invited to General Order No. 87, issued this day from these Headquarters, on the subject of paroled rebel officers, soldiers and citizens. In view of that measure, the undersigned asks loyal people in this Department to act with the moderation that has distinguished them throughout the trying circumstances of the rebellion, and to have confidence that the order mentioned will be vigorously enforced by the civil and military authorities.

They are also earnestly requested to contribute to the enforcement of the order by promptly giving to the nearest Provost Marshal or Policeman such information of the whereabouts of obnoxious persons as they may at any time chance to obtain. If they will do this, they are assured that the common object can and will be lawfully and peacefully attained.

Requires Cleansing.—We visited the Centre Market yesterday and heard numerous complaints of the unclean condition of that great mart. That portion occupied by the butchers emitted anything but a pleasant smell, while the dirt and grease upon the floor of the market resemble somewhat a skating pond, so actively did persons slide about. The keeper of the market has no hose to use in the washing out of the place, the proper authorities having failed to provide him with the required article.

The Northern Central Railway.—The bridge damaged by the late heavy freshet having been repaired, the road is now in good working order to Elmira. Passengers are now conveyed, without delay, to Erie, Pa., and Elmira, N. Y. In a few days the double track will be completed from Parkton to Glen Rock, which renders both sides of what is known as Bar mit No. 1.

Presentation.—Judge Gleason, of Dakota Territory, was made the recipient on last night of a very handsome gold headed cane by the Republican Association of this city. The presentation speech was made by James F. Wagner, Esq., and the gift was in fitting terms acknowledged by Judge Gleason, who will leave for the field of his official labors in the West in a day or two.

Destructive.—Whatham Daley, a member of the 1st regiment New Hampshire cavalry, was arrested on Tuesday, charged with breaking the fixtures in the bar room of Geo. Begley. The accused was committed for the action of Col. Woolley.

Stealing a Goose.—Matilda Smith was arrested on Tuesday night, charged with stealing a goose, the property of Caroline Shaffer. After a hearing the accused was released, the evidence in the case failing to criminate her.

Stealing Kegs.—Charles Wagner and Walter Scott were arrested on Tuesday, charged with stealing a keg filled with rags from the Camden street depot. Justice Dryden committed the accused to jail for Court.

For Court.—A. Vermey was arrested on Tuesday night, charged with beating Michael McGuy. Justice Whitely committed the accused for court.

AMUSEMENTS.

East Lynne.—This heart-touching domestic drama rendered intensely interesting by the lofty genius of Miss Lucille Western, will be presented to night at the Holliday for the last time. Last evening, during the death scene of the little son of Lady Isabel, the anguish of Miss Western was rendered with such a vividity that upwards of one half of the large audience was moved to tears. The scene was the most graphic and life like we ever witnessed in the mimic world. Those of our readers who have failed to witness the truthful portrayal of characters by Miss Lucille, should bear in mind, that her engagement closes on Saturday evening next, when she will make her last appearance in this city for many years, as she leaves New York in the early part of June for Europe. Her Farewell benefit will take place to morrow night, on which occasion a performance of peculiar interest will be given.

The California Gem.—That petite embodiment of all that is lovely, bewitching and attractive, Miss Lotta, has completely turned the heads of our amusement seekers by her unexampled versatility of talents. Not only has the public been astonished by her histrionic abilities, but her sisters and brothers of the profession have witnessed, in her rendition of "Topsy," stage beauties that cause them to forsake the green-room at night and clamor about the wings, in order to gize upon her matchless delineations. Her harp playing, fancy and jig dancing not only surprise but bewilders the most accomplished in such pursuits. Reader fail not to witness Miss Lotta, the paragon of beauty and all that is interesting. Uncle Tom will performed on Saturday afternoon.

Presentation Concerts.—The great event of yesterday was the excitement attending the advertisements in the papers giving in detail a series of Gift Concerts to take place at the Maryland Institute. The enterprise is a most novel one, and we can assure our readers that every word contained in the prospectus will be faithfully adhered to by the managers of the concerts. We are personally acquainted with the gentleman who have the matter in charge, and we can assure our readers that every thing mentioned in the programme will be performed. To-morrow morning a large wagon filled with rich jewelry, ice pitchers, cake baskets, breakfast and dinner castors, goblets, butter dishes, drinking cups, syrup cans, tea and table spoons, forks, and hundreds of other useful articles will be distributed to the public at the differ ent premises stated in the advertisement. This may appear as humbuggery, but we assure our readers that the articles will be distributed promiscuously to the public free of charge. For full particulars of this novel enterprise a glance at the advertisement is solicited.

The Concert on Friday.—The grand vocal concert which is to take place to-morrow night, at the New Assembly Rooms, will be a superb musical festival. The best talent in our city has volunteered, and several ladies and gentlemen, who have never before appeared in public, will lend their valuable assistance on the occasion. Professor Kerr is well known to our musical citizens, and we expect to witness on Friday night a compliment extended to him commensurate with his musical abilities and gentlemanly deportment.

THE CITY COUNCIL.

FIRST BRANCH, April 26, 1865.—James Young, Esq., in the chair.

Mr. Hatch called up the resolution in relation to the sending of a letter to Gen. Morris, relative to Dr. Bullock and other gentlemen, and excusing a reply to the letter of Dr. Bullock to Gen. Wallace, in answer to the action of the City Council, had on Tuesday afternoon.

The sending of the letter to General Wallace gave rise to a warm discussion, which terminated in the adoption of the resolution.

Several matters were received from the Second Branch, passed on Tuesday by that Branch, in relation to certain dilapidated pavements. Concurred in.

Mr. Cox submitted a resolution of inquiry to the Register of Wills, relative to the attendance at Court of the Judges of the Orphan's Court. Adopted.

Mr. Cox called up the ordinance relative to the tax for 1865. Laid over. Adjourned.

SECOND BRANCH.—Daniel Harvey, Esq., President.

There was no business of moment transacted in this Branch yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Hiram George, a young lady residing in Stoneham, Mass., has lost a husband, three brothers and a brother-in law in different battles of the present rebellion. The husband was killed about four months ago.

Mr. Knapp, of Onondaga, has a cow he has refused $300 for. From her milk during the ten months ending March 1st 1865 633 lbs. of butter were made—an average of 14½ lbs. a week.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

City Circuit Court.—Judge Alexander.—The following business was transacted in this Court on yesterday.

Jno. McKim Marriott and others—petition asking that John McKim Marriott may be appointed trustee, in the place of David T. and John S. McKim, deceased, and that a certain lot of ground may be leased.

Jacob F. Fapp vs. John W. Fapp and others—petition asking for the sale of certain leasehold property.

Mary M. Kraft vs James H. Kraft—petition for divorce *a vinculo matrimonii*.

J. T. Comegys vs. M. O. Brown. Motion to dissolve injunction argued, and injunction dissolved.

There was no business of consequence transacted in the other courts.

[*Reported for the Baltimore Clipper.*]

TOWSONTOWN, April 26, 1865.

Circuit Court for Baltimore County.—Before Hon. D. C. H. Emory. John T. Ensor, Esq., prosecuting attorney for the State.

The case of Patrick Donnelly, by Ann Donnelly, his next friend, vs. The Northern Central Railway Company, which was set for trial to day, was continued until the next term, on account of the absence of an important witness on the part of the plaintiff.

The case of Marshal vs Slater, which was also set for to day, was postponed until to-morrow morning.

Margaretta Uebel vs. August Stapf—action for damages for breach of promise of marriage. Amount of damages claimed by plaintiff is $5,000. On trial before a jury.—Several witnesses were examined in this case, and several very interesting "love letters" read to the jury, with which the Court was occupied all day; case not concluded. Messrs. T. A. Hopkins and Wm. Nagle for plaintiff. R. B. Bearman, Esq., for defendant.

Court adjourned until to-morrow (Thursday) morning 10 o'clock.

In the Orphans' Court, before the Hon. Judges Falls, Standiford and Merryman, the will of Solomon Bullock was admitted to probate. K.

"BEELZEBUB" SPEAKS.

On Friday the trial of the great Navy gun "Beelzebub" took place at the proving ground of the Fort Pitt Works on the Pennsylvania Railroad. It is well known, both here and abroad, that in ordnance we have especially excelled, and the boasted superiority of the Armstrong gun has been eclipsed by that of the great Army gun, whose mighty reverberations in New York harbor have excited the remark and surprise of the most experienced inventors of Europe. The trial of the great Army gun was made famous in the history of warfare, from the fact that there are no iron or staunchly built wooden walls that can successfully resist its ponderous shots of more than one thousand pounds.

The grand trial of the 20 inch gun which took place at Fort Hamilton, New York harbor, last summer, we reported at the time. That gun measured 21 feet 8 inches, and has a diameter of bore of 20 inches. The navy gun "Beelzebub", of which we now speak, has the following dimensions:

Extreme length, 18 feet.
Largest diameter, 5 feet 19 inches.
Largest diameter at muzzle, 2 feet 8 inches.
Depth of chamber, 14 feet 5 inches.
Diameter of bore, 20 inches.
Weight completed, 98,815 pounds.
Charge of powder, 125 pounds.
Weight of ball, 1,000 pounds.

This immense gun was conveyed to the proving grounds last week. By means of the admirable machinery provided, it required but a brief time to arrange the gun in position for testing. A side track of rails was built down to a convenient spot of ground, which has a rocky bluff in front. By means of a powerful engine, suitably provided with shafting, the heaviest guns are specially placed in position for testing. The spot from which the guns are discharged is less than one hundred and fifty feet from the rocky bank into which the solid metal is discharged. No more admirable position for the testing of guns could have been selected, and the mechanical arrangement of the purpose is well adapted.

The great navy gun, the "Beelzebub," was cast at the Fort Pitt Works, of Mr. C. Knapp, on May 5, 1864, about four months succeeding the casting of the first 20-inch gun, and is nearly four feet shorter, but has the same bore, and is intended to possess the same relative capacity.

It has been in course of completion nearly ten months, and was placed in position for trial for the first time on Thursday. It was suspended by the trunnions, breech, and muzzle, the sling having been constructed for the special purpose.—"Beelzebub" was charged with a first instalment of sixty pounds of powder, and more gently than a 6 pounder belched it forth again. Two successive charges of the same amount of powder, the last accompanied by a solid shot, weighing 1080 pounds, were discharged. The gun at each discharge vibrated about one-half its length in its slings, and was quickly brought to, by a corps of some dozen workmen.

On Friday the heavier charges were tried. Eighty pounds of the usual heavy rock powder were thrust into "Beelzebub's" capacious maw, and the 1080 pound solid shot was sent down to keep it there. The manner of loading, it may be here remarked, is not so expeditious as may hereafter be expected when placed on ship board. Notwithstanding the great weight of the gun, the size of the charge, and the magnitude of the solid shot, the loading of the monster cannon was accomplished in a briefer space than would require us to write the account. Three 80 pound charges were fired, and, as an old salt remarked, they were "beautiful to hear." To a sensitive tympanum the shock of this gun is pleasant in comparison with that produced by a 9 inch Dahlgren.

A charge of one hundred pounds was next introduced, the solid shot sent home, the percussion arranged, when Mr. James Knapp pulled the lanyard. The ball struck the stony bank, and tons of rock fell into the cavern, already existing from similar ponderous blows.

This time the gun recoiled about two-thirds of its length in the sling, and the concussion scarcely differed from that experienced with the eighty pound charges. A second charge of one hundred pounds was fired, and immediately after the recoil, a wrought iron bolt, three inches in thickness, suddenly snapped, and the breach-band broke, letting the enormous mass to the ground, crushing, as if they were made of timber, the T rail beneath.

This sudden accident brought the test to a conclusion. Captain Yard, United States Navy, who superintended the test, expressed himself highly gratified with it. The gun had given its duty so far as the preliminary examination was concerned, and the accident that brought it to a termination before the final charge was fired—but one remaining to complete it—was regretted by all present.—*Pittsburg Commercial.*

DR. VALENTINE MOTT.—We regret to learn that Dr. Valentine Mott, the eminent and well known surgeon of this city, was taken seriously ill on Saturday last, and still continues in a very low state. Very little hope is entertained of his recovery. He has already attained the age of eighty years or more.—*N. York Herald, 26.*

MARINE AFFAIRS.

PORT OF BALTIMORE, April 26, 1865.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Adelaide, Cannon, from Old Point, to M. N. Falk.
Steamer Lancaster, Tomlinson, fm Havre de Grace—to Jos Jas Taylor.
Steamer Richard Willing, Cundiff, from Philadelphia—mdse to J A Shriver.
Bark Seneca, (Arg) Lewis, from New York 3 days—ballast to S H Travers.
Schr Lucy W Alexander, Jacobson, from Halifax—molasses and fish to J G Yates & Co.

CLEARED.

Steamer Adelaide, Cannon, Old Point, Va.
Steamer Lancaster, Tomlinson, Havre de Grace.
Steamer Wm Woodward, Cundiff, New York.
Steamer Richard Willing, Cundiff, Philadelphia.

SAILED.

Ship Grey Eagle, Rio Janeiro.
Brig Olga, Philadelphia.

ARRIVALS FROM BALTIMORE.

Brig H Means, Hall, Richmond, Va, 25th instant.

MEMORANDA.

Bark Parthian (Br) Butler, from London for Buenos Ayres, sailed from Mount's Bay, 8th inst.
Schr R H Colson, Roberts, from Bucksport for Baltimore, arrived at Gloucester, 21st instant.
Schr Sarah A Hammond, hence for Boston, sailed from Holmes' Hole 24th.
Schr R P Chase, Collins, hence for Frankfort, arrived at Holmes' Hole 24th.
Schr Telegraph, Kemp, from Boston, arrived at Norfolk 20th.

MINIATURE ALMANAC FOR 1865.

APRIL.	Sun Rises.	Sun sets.	Moon's Phases.
24-Monday	5 15	6 42	APRIL.
25-Tuesday	5 14	6 44	D. H. M.
26-Wednesday	5 12	6 47	First qr 2 6 5m
27-Thursday	5 12	6 48	Full 11 11 27m
28-Friday	5 11	6 49	Last qr 18 6 19m
29-Saturday	5 10	6 50	New 25 9 12m
30-Sunday	5 9	6 52	

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

MONETARY.

The chief feature of the market yesterday was a revival in Government loans. The entire stock list however improved, and a buoyant feeling prevailed throughout the day. This was expected after the depression of the last week incident upon the funeral obsequies of the late lamented Chief Magistrate of our nation. In New York and Philadelphia the demand for the 7-30 loan is so great that it is confidently predicted that the entire amount of the new issue of three hundred millions will be absorbed within ninety days. At the end of that time it is quite probable that the Government will no longer be a borrower, or, if so, certainly not at the high rate of interest at which it is now borrowing.

In view of the total disruption of the Southern Confederacy, as called, by the surrender or annihilation of its only one remaining army under Johnston, and the re-establishment of peaceful pursuit throughout the land, with the consequent diminishing of the hitherto vast expenses of the war, the Government will be able to make better terms with those from whom it borrows. The necessity for money by the sale of loans is not now so urgent, and may in a few months be almost entirely removed.

At the Baltimore Board yesterday morning $107,750 in gold was sold, the greater portion at sellers op. den. At the afternoon session $47,225 changed hands, making the sales during the day $164,975. The 5-20's advanced 1 per cent, the 81 bonds sold at 80. City 6's advanced ¼, City Passenger Railway ¼, Laurel 15 cents, Springfield 5 cents, and Rudisalle 5 cents. The Copper Stocks of North Carolina are being freely agitated and heavy transactions in that quarter may be looked for at any moment. We conversed with a gentleman yesterday, recently from that State, and who was identified with the mining interest before the breaking out of the war, and he informed us that it will require but a small expenditure of capital to place all of the mines in first class working order.

Our remarks on yesterday in relation to Canton, appear to have been well grounded, as capitalist yesterday were freely buying all shares that were offered, several lots having been purchased during the afternoon at 32½. In New York yesterday 5-20's advanced 1%, and the entire stock list experienced a great excitement, the rates advancing from two to four per cent. Speculators in that city are looking for a speedy and substantial rise in all sound railroad securities in this country, the prophecy being based upon the fact of the vast amount of currency now being put upon the market by the national Banks, it being asserted that the amount now being issued is at the rate of $3,000,000 a day. Money in New York is difficult to loan on call at 8 per cent, and croakers affirm that another inflation similar to the one witnessed in March 1864, will again be experienced in money circles.

Money in Baltimore yesterday was not so plenty as in New York, but ruled easy at 6 per cent. The Government is now disbursing freely, which materially assists the money market.

The Secretary of the Treasury gives notice that he will be prepared to commence, through the various assistant treasurers of the United States, the disbursements of the semi-annual interest due May 1, on the five-twenty bonds, on the 27th inst.

SALE AT THE BALTIMORE STOCK BOARD.

Furnished by Leonard J. Tormey, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 22 South Street.

April 26, 1865.

14,450 American Gold (large)	151
9,000 do do (daily bts)	151
300 do do (large)	150⅞
1,800 do do (large)	151
17,000 do do (large) s13	150
23,650 do do (large)	150⅞
45,000 do do (large) s10	150⅞
500 do do (large) s5	150⅞
1,000 U. S. 6's, '81	109
8,000 U. S. 5-20's	103
275 shares City Passenger R.	18
1,050 shares Balto. & N. Carolina	45
1,500 do do do	50
300 shares Guilford Min. Co.	60
500 do do do b3	60
500 North State	30
600 shares Rudisell Min. Co.	70
550 shares Springfield Mining Co.	.60

SECOND BOARD.

5,735 American Gold (large)	150
4,000 do do (large)	150⅛
20,000 do do (large)	150⅛
15,000 do do (large) s13	150
5,000 do do (large) s10	150⅛
500 shares Pennsylvania Oil Co	95
500 do do b30	95
300 do do do	.95
500 shares Springfield Min. Co.	65
500 North State	30
500 shares Rudisell Min. Co.	70
500 shares Laurel Coal & Oil Co b30	5.00

Prices of Stocks and Bonds in N. Y., April 26.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Through L. J. Tormey, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 22 South Street.

	1st B'd.	2d B'd.
United States 6's, 1881, Coupon	109⅞	109⅞
" " 5-20's	103⅞	103⅞
" " " in currency	98	98⅞
American Gold	151	..
Tennessee 6's	60⅞	60
North Carolina 6's	70	..
Missouri 6's	64	63
Canton Company	33⅞	37
Cumberland Coal and Iron Co.	51	52
Quicksilver	65⅞	66⅞
New York Central Railroad	100	100⅞
Erie Railway (Company)	80⅞	81
" " Preferred	90	91
Hudson River Railroad	109⅞	112⅞
Harlem Railroad	..	..
Reading Railroad	109	109⅞
Michigan Central Railroad	111	112⅞
Michigan S. and N. Ind R. R.	69⅞	70⅞
Illinois Central Railroad	115⅞	116⅞
Cleveland and Pittsburg R. R.	79	79⅞
Chicago and Northwestern R.	34⅞	34⅞
" " Preferred	65	63⅞
Cleveland and Toledo Railroad	103	..
Chicago and Rock Island R. R.	98⅞	99⅞
Milwaukee & Prairie du Chien	39	38
Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago	98⅞	100
St. Louis, Alton & Terre Haute	34	36

Tone of the market.....Strong. Firm.

At Evening Stock Exchange, 10 o'clock, P. M. Furnished by L. J. Tormey, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 22 South street.

American Gold	150⅞
Erie Railway Company	84⅞
Hudson River Railroad	113⅞
Reading	110
Michigan S. and N. Indiana Railroad	71⅞
Chicago and Northwestern R. R.	34⅞
" " Preferred	65
New York Central	101⅞
Cumberland	50⅞
Chicago and Rock Island Railroad	100⅞
Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad	79⅞
Mariposa	14⅞
Ohio and Miss. certificates	19⅞
Quicksilver	66⅞

Tone of the market—Stiff.
Gold after call, 150.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

April 26, 1865.

COFFEE—Rio continues in good demand and firm at 35 a 36 cents, gold.

FLOUR.—We have only to note sales of 200 bbls. Howard Street Super at $5 12½, and 100 bbls common Ohio Extra at the same figure. We give range of prices as follows:

Howard Street Super	$8 12½	@ 8