DAILY CLIPPER.

WM. WALKS.....Publisher.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 22, 1865

TO ADVERTISERS.

The following exhibit of our regular rates will be found of service:

1 Square 1 Time	$ 50
" 2 Times	75
" 3 "	1.00
" 1 Week	1.75
" 1 Month	4.00
" 3 Months	10.00
" 6 "	16.00
" 1 Year	20.00

ONE SQUARE CONTAINS SIX LINES OF SPACE.

[*Reported for the Baltimore Clipper.*]

LEGISLATURE OF MARYLAND.

ANNAPOLIS, March 20, 1865.

EVENING SESSION.

SENATE.—On motion of Mr. Turner, of Baltimore city, a message was sent to the House of Delegates asking the return to the Senate of the House bill passed on Saturday, repealing the law prohibiting the sale of liquor in Ellicott District of Somerset county, on the Tangier district of Somerset county, on account of a fraud which had been discovered by petitions names being suspended to a petition upon which the bill was passed and its passage secured.

Bills Passed.—Providing for the State's appropriation to erect a monument at the Soldiers' National Cemetery at Gettysburg. Legalizing the acts of the Commissioners of Somerset, Talbot and Worcester counties in borrowing money to relieve said counties from the draft. Amending section 207, article 30, of the General Laws, relating to "crimes and punishments." Providing for the improvement of the navigation of Fairlee creek, Kent county. Authorizing the Commissioners of Kent county to rent the State wharf at Gray's Inn creek, Kent county. Making uniform the fees of constables. Incorporating the Powhatan Manufacturing Company. Making valid certain acts of the Mayor and Council of Hagerstown. Amending the local laws of Washington county relating to markets. Incorporating the Oakland Coal, Iron, Mining and Manufacturing Company. Amending the Code of General Laws relating to testamentary law. House bill incorporating the Baltimore and Herring Run Railway Company, (with amendments requiring the cars to run to the Baltimore new Alms House, and prohibiting the cars from running on Sunday, in which the House concurred.)

The bill incorporating the Chesapeake and Potomac Canal Company, was referred to the Committee on Corporations.

EVENING SESSION.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.—*Bills Passed.*—House bill incorporating the Shade Run Coal Oil and Coal Company. House bill directing the commencement of proceedings to forfeit the charters of the Baltimore and Frederick, Baltimore and Harford, and Baltimore and York Turnpike Companies. House bill authorizing the commissioners of Queen Anne's county to levy taxes for the repair of the causeway at Crumpton. House bill extending the provisions of the Mechanics' lien law of Baltimore to boats and shipping generally. The House bill authorizing the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company to build a Railroad to Washington, connecting with the main stem at some point between Monocacy Junction and Knoxville. Senate bill to exempt stocks, bonds, mortgages, &c., of incorporated institutions in Baltimore city, owned by nonresidents of said city from taxation for city purposes. House bill providing for the education of the deaf and dumb at the Columbia Institute in Washington city. House bill providing for the removal of causes from one court to another. House bill incorporating the Corn and Flour Exchange of Baltimore. Senate bill to incorporate the Annapolis Water Company. Senate bill amending the local law of Baltimore city relating to the register of wills. Senate bill increasing the fare on the York road railway to six cents per mile, and thirty cents to Towsontown. Senate bill to provide for the compensation of the tenants of the burnt district of Baltimore county. Senate bill requiring all attorneys at law to take the oath of allegiance required by the Constitution. Senate bill relating to the Commissioners of Centreville. House bill fixing the compensation of jurors at $2 50 per day, and repealing all local laws on that subject. House bill to incorporate the Maryland Petroleum Company.

The bill to provide for the inspection of coal oil in Baltimore city was discussed and recommitted.

The Senate amendments to the bill to provide for special judges were concurred in.

ANNAPOLIS, March 21.

SENATE.—*Bills Passed.*—House bill incorporating the Spring Hill Coal Company.—House bill providing for the education of the Deaf and dumb. House bill to authorize the Baltimore United Fire Department to donate their property to the Aged Men's Home.—Senate bill providing for the instruction of the blind. House bill amending the local law of Frederick county. To pay Thos. Scott, Sheriff and James Revell for qualifications. House bill for the assent of United States land scrip for the benefit of the Maryland Agricultural College. The bill to incorporate the Shade Run Coal Oil Company was reported, and read a second time.

Contested Election.—Mr. Clay, from the Committee on Elections, made a report in the contested election case of Midgely vs. Graham, in the matter of the Circuit Judgeship of Baltimore county. The report is signed by Messrs Bateman, Hellman, Valliant and Worthington. The committee report a resolution that Richard Graham was not duly elected Judge of the eighth judicial circuit, he being disqualified under the provisions of the constitution. Mr. Lee, of Baltimore city, chairman of the committee stated that the report made was not authorized by the committee; that there had been no meeting of the committee called to make a report, Mr. Bateman stated that there was an evident intention on the part of some members of the committee to make no report at the present session, and that in consequence a majority of the committee had signed the report presented by himself. Mr. Anderson stated that the printed evidence in the case would be furnished the members to-day. The majority of the committee had a right to make a report therein, and he moved that the report of the committee be printed and made the order of the day for Tuesday next at 10 o'clock, which was adopted. Mr. Lee gave notice that he would make a minority report.

Registration of Voters.—Mr. Pitkington, from the committee on the subject, reported the bill to provide for the registration of the voters of this State, as required by the Constitution. It being on the second reading, Mr. Williams offered an amendment that the officers of registration shall be appointed from the respective election districts, which was rejected. Mr. Miller of Anne Arundel, offered amendments to the 5th section, providing the mode in which evidence as to disqualification under oath, under the Constitution, shall be taken, &c., and providing for a board of appeals, &c., which was rejected.

The consideration of this bill occupied the remainder of the morning session. The 4th section only having been reached. There were calls for the ayes and noes, from the minority of the House, on amendments, motions to adjourn and other motions, which occupied considerable time.

The bill contains 25 sections. It is stated that the majority intend to keep the House in session all day and night if necessary to get the bill through its second reading.

Bills Passed.—House bill extending the bonds given to the State by the Susquehanna and Tidewater Canal Company for arrears of and accruing interest ($11,000) one-half to be paid daily first, and the last Oct. first, 1865, when if not paid, the State's mortgage is to be foreclosed.

☞ The picture of Jaggo Dillaccia, the "Murderer of the Bishop of Liege," taken and the scene so powerfully described in Victor Hugo's "Quentin Durward," has been sold for $5,000.

☞ A number of breakdowns are reported in New York, the result of being bit by falling gold.

CIVIL GOVERNMENT RESTORED IN MISSOURI.

ST. LOUIS, March 20.—An important General Order from General Pope was published to-day, which is the first step towards giving practical effect to the views of his recent letter to the Governor.

It directs that as soon as Governor Fletcher shall receive information of the re-establishment of the courts and civil authority in any county or district the promiscuous exercise of martial law shall cease, and the Provost Marshals will be immediately released from all duties except those strictly military.

All prisoners in their custody charged with offences amenable to the civil tribunals, will be surrendered to these tribunals for trial, the military authorities reserving, however, the right to try by military commission such offenders as bushwhackers, guerillas and other outlaws, when they deem it advisable.

PREVENTION OF THE COTTON TRADE WITH THE REBELS.

CAIRO, March 20.—The steamer Belle of St. Louis, from Memphis, arrived today with eight hundred bales of cotton for St. Louis.

To prevent goods from being put into the enemy's lines by land or water, by means of fraudulent permits, Gen. Washburne has issue an order, which prohibits the permitting of goods to go beyond the lines of occupation, except to persons who actually come from beyond such lines and bring in cotton and other products, and dispose of the same to the Government's purchasing agents, abolishing the system by which enormous loads of goods have been allowed to leave Memphis to be traded by the enemy.

THE BRITISH ARMY AND NAVY.

The British army and navy estimates for the year 1865—6 have just been announced. The cost of the army is £11,317,477—a reduction of £435,000 from last year. Of the navy £10,222,224—a decrease of £316,000. Total estimates for the military and naval establishments for the coming year, £21,539,671; or in American currency, $123,005,355.

The small arms establishments has risen from £162,000 to £172,000, and the royal laboratory from £243,000 to £295,000. Another £10,000 is asked this year for the fortifications of the Mauritius, and with £20,000 more, it is said, the works will be completed. But there are other works which are only just begun. A sum of £35,000 is included in this year's estimates as the first instalment of £250,000 to be spent on the fortification of the Bermudas: a sum of £250,000 as a first instalment of £2,000,000 on the defences of Quebec: and the estimated cost of the defences of Nova Scotia, upon which £43,500 have already been expended, has risen to £100,000.

In the naval estimates, a million of dollars are appropriated for the completion of the iron clads El Toussin and El Monassir, which have cost heavily already.—The officers and seamen in the navy number 35,000. There are also 7,000 boys in the service and 7,000 men in the coastguard service against 7,200 last year, making the total 52,000. The marines number 17,000; namely, 9,000 for service afloat and 9,000 for service ashore, being 1,000 less than in 1864-5. The civilians for the coastguard service are 750 against 950, leaving the total force in the fleet and coastguard service 69,750, against 71,950 last year.

The navy consists of 540 vessels, classified as follows:

Steamships, 415, of which 357 are screw, and 58 paddle; 26 screw ships are building; 69 effective sailing ships are afloat; making the total of steam and sailing ships 510. The building of three line-of-battle ships, 1 corvette, 1 gun-vessels, and 1 gunboats are suspended. The classes into which these vessels are divided, deducting those which are suspended, are as follows: Screws—armor-plated ships, iron, third-rates, afloat, 6; building 3; ditto, iron, fourth-rates, afloat, 2; ditto, wood, third rates, afloat, 6, building 1; ditto, wood, fourth-rates, afloat, 1; armor plated cupola ships, fourth-rates, afloat, 4; ditto, corvettes, wood, sixth rates, afloat, 1, building 1; ditto, sloops, wood, afloat, 2; ditto, gunboats, iron, building 3; ditto, floating batteries, iron, afloat, 3; ditto, ditto, wood, afloat, 2; ships of the line, afloat, 55; frigates, afloat, 37, building 1; block ships, afloat, 6; corvettes, afloat, 26; sloops, afloat, 25, building 3; gun-vessels, afloat, 37; gunboats, afloat, 105, building 2; tenders, tugs, &c., afloat, 5; mortar ships, afloat, 4; troop and store ships, afloat, 15; yachts, afloat, 1. Paddle: Frigates, afloat, 6; sloops, afloat, 18; small vessels, afloat, 15; dispatch vessels, afloat, 1; tenders, &c., afloat, 10; troop and store ships, afloat, 1; yachts, afloat, 6.

GRACE IS THE FLAX SEASON.—I remember an article quite a very dear old friend once told me. She was rector of a parish in the north of Ireland, where, from the nature of the soil, the Church prevailing large tracts of unusual to find some two or three men taking rank and place among the congregation, and assuming, with the Episcopalians, somewhat the character of elders in the other community. One of these, a man of hitherto unblemished integrity, had been accused of some sharp practice in money-dealing, and the case was reported to the director. My friend sent for the man, narrated the charge, and anxiously asked, could it be possible that such an imputation could attach to him? "—for," said he, "I have refused to credit it, Matthew, nor shall I, till you yourself declare to me it is true." "And it is, your reverence," said he, submissively, and much sorrow-stricken, "It is just true, and there's no denying it!" But added he, with an effort, "it's unco' hard to be 'in grace' in the flax season."—*Blackwood's Magazine.*

FLORA TEMPLE.—Among the celebrated nags to appear on the Union race course on Long Island, New York, during the coming season, is Flora Temple, formerly owned by the late Wm. McDonald, Esq., of Baltimore. The N. Y. World says:

The little "Queen of the Trotting Turf," (Flora Temple,) will doubtless create a sensation upon her reappearance after two years rest. Whether she still retains her unequaled speed, (2 19¼,) is very questionable; nevertheless, although she is said to be in excellent condition. Most likely she will be again matched for large stakes against some of the fleetest-footed trotters on the American continent. The first trot of the season will come off at the Union course, on the 10th of April.

[COMMUNICATED.]

PATTERSON PARK HOSPITAL,
March 20th, 1865.

Mr. Editor:—It is a well known fact, and one admitted by all who have served in the Army of the United States, that no man can consume the rations allowed him by the Government, as it is amply sufficient in quantity and good in quality.

This hospital, I am told, is furnished by contract—all I can say is, I would very much like to be the contractor for a short time. I think it would soon make a fortune, as the allowance and quality of the food here is both small and very poor, so poor in fact that if it was not for the sutler's store attached to the concern, many of the poor, half starved soldiers from the Libby and other Southern prisons would undoubtedly starve outright—a little bread and some mixture they call coffee, without milk or sugar, being the everlasting breakfast; bad, tough beef, the sour bread and water the dinner, and ditto bread, with the *coffee*, for supper.

Now, sir, compare this diet with that allowed in any of the Philadelphia hospitals, or in fact with any other that is worked by Uncle Sam himself, and you will find that this place is far in the back ground of any of them, and I think it is time the evil was stopped in some way or other; and, if you see fit, you can publish this, so that the good citizens of Baltimore may know how we are treated in this establishment.

I am sir, yours, &c.,

ONE OF THE PARADED.

☞ A patent has lately been issued for a simple and portable stove in which coal oil may be economically used as a fuel. The invention consists in using with a coal oil lamp, of any suitable construction, a draught chimney, and draw arranged in such a manner that the heat evolved or radiated from the lamp may be advantageously employed for cooking or ordinary purposes.

☞ Since the death of the great Cardinal Wolsey, now more than three hundred years ago, no one of his successors has been buried in English soil until Cardinal Wiseman. The latter's funeral procession was of great length, and very imposing. There must have been full hundred or five hundred carriages in the procession.

AMUSEMENTS.

Holly Theatre.—The new play was produced last night in a magnificent manner and attracted an immense audience, every available seat in the Theatre being occupied half an hour before the rising of the curtain. The play possesses merits of the most striking character, and the beauties of the gifted authoress have been most admirably dramatized. Mrs D. P. Bowers as Emily, was superb and exhibited fresh genius. The fair actress was warmly applauded and encored. Mr. McCollom as Dr. Hastings, exhibited wonderful histrionic abilities and received his share of approval. Mrs. Wilkins as Aunt Gertrude, Mrs. Bishop, Mr. DuBois and Mr. Hall, also acquitted themselves in a handsome manner. The same play will be repeated to-night.

Italian Opera.—Manager Ford announces that he has effected an engagement with the celebrated Italian Opera Company, under the direction of the renowned Max Maretzek.—The company embraces the brightest stars of the operatic firmament, and our music loving citizens are promised a treat hitherto unknown in this city. The initial performance will be given on Monday night next. The sale of seats for the season of six nights will begin this morning at 9 o'clock, and continue during the week every morning from 9 to 11 o'clock. The sale of seats for single operas will commence on Monday next.

A Hearty Laugh.—A hearty laugh is an excellent antidote for the blues, and there is no person better calculated to excite the risibilities than Dr. B. Williams, who nightly lectures at the Institute. His discourses and experiments are interesting and exceedingly humorous. The Doctor will give his last exhibition on Saturday night.

Front Street Theatre.—The Wallack and Davenport combination will appear to night in the popular tragedy of Richard the Third, Messrs. Wallack and Davenport and Miss Rose Eytinge assuming the principal characters.

THE CITY COUNCIL.

FIRST BRANCH, March 21, 1865.—Present, James Young, President, and a quorum of members.

The petition of Charles Towson for permission to erect a bay window was referred.

Mr. Gorrech offered a resolution referring the petitions of several parties, for permission to alter and erect frame buildings, &c., to the City Commissioner; adopted.

The ordinance requiring vaccine physicians to sign certificates of vaccination, reported yesterday, was passed.

The resolution in favor of Isaac L. Jones was adopted.

The Chair appointed Messrs. Hatch, Lamdin and Gorman as the special committee to ascertain certain information respecting the almshouse.

The resolution appropriating $200 to repair the wall of Jones' Falls, near the foundry bridge, was adopted.

Mr. Cox, from the Committee on Ways and Means, submitted an ordinance appointing a collector of taxes, defining his duties and fixing the salaries of his department, which was read and laid over. Adjourned.

SECOND BRANCH.—Present, Daniel Harvey, Esq., President.

Dr. Moore called up the bounty ordinance, authorizing the sum of $200 to be paid to each and every person entering the service, which after being amended, passed. It provides that the sum shall be given to each person drafted or furnishing a substitute, upon evidence that such persons are accepted by the authorities of the United States.

Mr. Irelan moved to amend by striking out the words, "or furnishing substitutes," which was lost by the following vote: Yeas—Mr Irelan. Nays—Messrs. President, Barch, Robinson, Burke, Nalls, Moore, Valliant, McClymont and Taylor.

There was received from the First Branch an ordinance to facilitate the vaccination of children preparatory to their admission into public schools, and making it the duty of vaccine physicians to vaccinate the same. Read.

The report of the committee favorable to the petition of Isaac S. Jones, asking permission to erect a steam engine, &c., on Fort avenue, to refine petroleum, which was read and passed.

The resolution in favor of the 11 use of Refuge, appropriating the sum of $5,000 for the purpose of erecting workshops, was received from the First Branch, and read.

The report of the Committee of Fire Commissioners, favorable to the petition of R. C. Potts, to erect a steam engine on Holliday street, was called up, read and passed.

The Branch passed the resolution to investigate the subject of erecting the Central High School on Park street.

Messrs. Nalls, Moore and Robinson the committee.

The report favorable to the petition of Silverwood & Sherkelis, for permission to continue a railroad track, was read and passed. Adjourned.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

City Circuit Court.—Judge Alexander.—The following business was transacted in this Court yesterday:

Clara A. Ross vs. Abraham Miller. Decree passed ordering the sale of certain mortgaged property.

Ex parte Christopher A. Merge. Petition for divorce *a mensa et thoro.*

Christopher Rabong vs. John R. Larus.—Decree passed ordering Christopher Rabong, administrator of Wm. L. Rabong, deceased, to pay to John R. Larus, administrator of Wm. Tucker, deceased, $1,132, and the defendant deliver and execute a deed of a certain lot of ground to complainant.

George J. Gilmor vs. John B. Hall vs. Francis Capron and Edward Gupton. Petition praying for the sale of certain mortgaged property.

Charles C. Welby vs. Thomas Granniss.—Bill for the appointment of a receiver to wind the Tacony patent for raising sunken vessels, and for an account of the workings of said machine during the last year. Case argued.

Superior Court.—Before Hon. Judge Martin. The following business occupied the attention of this court on yesterday:

John Smith vs. The Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad Co. Settled.

Lewis F. Lannay vs. Walter Worthington—before reported. Rule to stay proceedings discharged.

Orphans' Court.—Before the Hon. Judges Audoun, Supple and Hoffman. The following business occupied the attention of this Court on yesterday:

Letters of administration on the estate of Elizabeth Gunter were granted to Elizabeth Brockhart.

United States District Court.—Before the Hon. Judge Giles. The following business occupied the attention of this Court yesterday:

The United States vs. John Vianne. Demurrer. Demurrer overruled.

Court of Common Pleas.—Before Judge King. The following business was transacted in this court yesterday:

John F. Haynie, tuttee, vs. J. Osterman. Os trial.

Gai & Ax vs. John O. Reid et al—before reported. Verdict for plaintiff for $238 15

[*Reported for the Baltimore Clipper.*]

TOWSONTOWN, March 21st, 1865.

Circuit Court for Baltimore County.—Before Hon. Richard Grason, Judge. John T. Ensor, Esq., prosecuting attorney for the State.

Judge Grason still being absent at Annapolis, no business was transacted in this court to day. The clerk, Mr Jno. H. Longnecker, ordered the court to be called and adjourned until to morrow morning 10 o'clock. Judge Grason has ordered the clerk to call and adjourn the court from day to day until he returns, which may be at any day. It is supposed the contested election case will soon be concluded, as it is expected the Legislature will adjourn on Friday next.

☞ There is said to have lately been discovered in Chili a mineral consisting of a mixture of iodine of lead with the oxide and chloride of that metal in such proportion as to contain ten per cent. of iodine. This mineral is believed to exist in considerable abundance, and if it really does so a great reduction in the commercial price of iodine must be a speedy result of its discovery. Such a result would be a great boon to the art of photography.

MARINE AFFAIRS.

PORT OF BALTIMORE, March 21, 1865.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Adelaide, Canton, from Norfolk—to M. S. Falls.

Steamer Josephine Thompson, Moore, fm New York—mdse to J A Shriver.

Steamer Henry L. Gaw, Iler, from Philadelphia—mdse to J A Shriver.

Bark Margaret V Hurg, Haines, from Valparaiso via Rio Janeiro, Jan 22d—coffee to order.

Schr Emma Bacon, Chase, from James river, Va—to R M Hesler.

CLEARED.

Steamer Adelaide, Cannon, Norfolk.

Steamer F W Brune, Foster, New York.

Steamer Henry L Gaw, Iler, Philadelphia.

COME UP.

Ship David Stewart, Peraltes, before reported at Swan Point, from Chesapeake, to C Morton Stewart—towed up by steaming Emma.

ARRIVALS FROM BALTIMORE.

Steamer Falcon, Alrich, New York, 20th instant.

Schr Silver Star, Holt, Savannah, 8th inst.

Schr Harriet Baker, Webber, Providence, 18th inst.

CLEARANCES FOR BALTIMORE.

Schr J H Horton, Price, Boston, 18th inst.

MEMORANDA.

Brig Undine, (Br) Willson, from Sisal, arrived at New York, 20th instant.

Brig Gilmor Meredith, Snow, remained at St Thomas 19th inst repairing.

MINIATURE ALMANAC FOR 1865.

MARCH.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon's Phases.
20-Monday	6 6	6 0	MARCH.
21-Tuesday	5 59	6 1	D. H. M.
22-Wednesday	5 57	6 2	New 27 12 37m
23-Thursday	5 56	6 4	First qr 4 7 19m
24-Friday	5 54	6 5	Full 12 5 41m
25-Saturday	5 53	6 7	Last qr 20 7 20m
26-Sunday	5 52	6 8	

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

SALE AT THE BALTIMORE STOCK BOARD.

Furnished by Leonard J. Tormey, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 21 South Street.

March 21, 1865.

357	American Gold (large)		152
3,000	do do (large)		155
1,000	do do (large)	s15	155
12,000	do do (large)	s10	157
11,000	do do (large)		157
5,000	do do (large)	b2	157
5,000	do do (large)	s3	157
5,000	do do (large)	b10	157⅛
5,000	do do (large)		157⅜
5,000	do do (large)	b15	157⅜
5,000	do do (large)	s10	158
5,000	do do (large)		159
5,000	do do (large)		159⅛
10,000	do do (large)	b10	159⅛
10,000	do do (large)	s10	159⅜
5,000	do do (large)	b3	159⅜
5,000	do do (large)		159⅝
2,000 U. S. 5-20's			104⅜
1,000 shares Pennsylvania Oil Co			1.40
200 shares Atlantic Coal Co			1.30
500 do do do			1.35
500 shares Laurel Coal & Oil Co			5.00
100 shares Canton Co.		s5	29⅛
200 do do do		b30	30⅜
100 do do do			30

SECOND BOARD.

10,000	American Gold (large)	b10	159⅜
6,000	do do (large)		159⅜
300	do do (large)		159
2,000	do do (large)	s10	159⅜
2,000	do do (large)	b10	159
500	U. S. 5-20's		104
200	shares Santa Clara		13
700	shares Atlantic Coal Co		1.35
300	shares Pennsylvania Oil Co		1.30

Prices of Stocks and Bonds in N. Y., March 20.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Through L. J. Tormey, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 21 South Street.

	1st B'd.	2d B'd.
United States 6's, 1861, Coupon	103⅜	103
" " 5-20's	101⅛	101⅜
" " in currency	97	96⅞
American Gold	156	156⅜
Tennessee 6's	48	..
North Carolina 6's	50	..
Missouri 6's	..	60
Canton Company	27	27
Cumberland Coal and Iron Co	34⅛	34
Quicksilver	61	63
New York Central Railroad	99⅞	99⅞
Erie Railway Company	58⅛	60
Preferred	79⅜	..
Hudson River Railroad	99⅞	100⅛
Harlem Railroad	..	..
Reading Railroad	96⅞	97
Michigan Central Railroad	96	99⅛
Michigan S. and N. Ind R. R.	55	57
Illinois Central Railroad	99⅞	101
Cleveland and Pittsburg R. R.	57⅞	58⅞
Chicago and Northwestern R.	21⅞	21⅞
" " Preferred	51⅞	50⅞
Cleveland and Toledo Railroad	..	90
Chicago and Rock Island R. R.	90⅞	90⅞
Milwaukee & Prairie du Chien	53⅞	..
Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago	91⅞	92⅛
St. Louis, Alton & Terre Haute	35	..
Tone of the Market	Firm.	Steady

By Telegraph from New York, 40 o'clock P. M.

American Gold	..
Erie	59⅞
Hudson	99⅞
Southern	56⅞
C. & N. Western	71
Rock Island	90⅞
Fort Wayne	92⅞
Cumberland	33⅞
Pittsburg	57
N. Y. Central	99⅞
Reading	96⅞

Tone of the market, Steady

BALTIMORE MARKET

MONDAY, March 21, 1865.

COFFEE—We hear of no sales and are unable to give reliable quotations in the present condition of the market.

FLOUR.—Market heavy and prices nominal. We quote:

Howard Street Super	$10 25	@10 00
" " Shipping Ex.	10 50	@10 00
" " Retailing Ex.	11 00	@11 50
" " Family	11 50	@12 00
Ohio Super	10 00	@10 00
" Shipping Extra	10 25	@10 00
" Retailing Extra	10 50	@11 00
" Family	11 50	@12 00
City Mills Standard Super	10 50	@10 00
" " Ship. brands Extra	11 75	@12 00
Baltimore Family	12 25	@00 00
" " Ship. brands Extra	12 00	@00 00

Rye Flour.—First quality dull at $7.75.

Corn Meal.—Sales of kiln-dried City Mills reported at $7.25.

GRAIN.—Wheat sells and sales extremely light. Transactions embraced ordinary to good White Wheat at $2 50@2 62, prime red at $2 46; dry White Corn at $1 45@1 48; ordinary to prime Yellow at $1 45, sound yellow at $1 41, and Oats at its usual weight.

PROVISIONS.—There is nothing of importance being done in this branch of trade and we omit our usual quotations.

MOLASSES.—Inquiry very limited and prices unsettled.

SEEDS.—Clover is steady at $17 00@17 25; Timothy nominal at $6 50 and Flaxseed at $2 30.

SUGARS.—Buyers look for lower prices and are not in the market. Prices nominal as follows: Refining Cuba and English Islands, 12@12½; grocery do. 13@13½; Porto Rico do. at 14@14½ cents, and Porto Rico do. at 16@20 cts.

WHISKY.—Sales reported at $2.27 Market inactive.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, March 21, 1865.

ASHES.—The market is inactive and prices are nominal.

COTTON.—The market remains very dull and heavy, closing nominal at about 57@60c. for Middlings; sales unimportant.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—Prices remain very on a good basis, but there is no activity. We have only to note 100 bags prime Rio at 21½c. gold.

FLOUR AND GRAIN.—The market for Western and State Flour is dull and very irregular, prices ranging lower for common and steady, while the Medium and better grades are 5@10c. lower, and dull at the close; the sales are 9,000 bbls. at $9.00@9.05 for Superfine State, $10.00@10.25 for Extra State, $9.50@9.60 for Fancy do, $10.20@10.40 for the low grades of Western Extra, $9.50@9.60 for Shipping brands, to $10.50@11.00 for Extra do, and $10.60@13.00 for St. Louis Extras. Southern Flour is steady, the supply is light, sales of 200 bbls. at $9.25@9.50 for the low grades of Extra, and $10.00@12.50 for Trade and Family brands. Corn Meal is quiet and steady, sales of 300 bbls. at $7.25 for Jersey. The Government contract was taken at $2.45@2.55 for Yellow, and $2.20@2.25 for White.

GRAIN.—The Wheat market is still unsettled; the demand is confined to our local millers; dealers are generally apart in their views; there is some inquiry for Canada Club, but the sales are 22,500 bushels at 190 cents for good Chicago Spring; Milwaukie Club on private terms, and 265 cents for White Michigan. Barley is quiet and prices nominal. Barley Malt quiet at 215@225 cents.—Oats are lower and unsettled at the close; the sales are 14,000 bushels Canadian at 100@102 cents; Western at 104@105½ cents; State and Jersey at 105@106 cents. Rye is inactive and nominal. Corn is better and in fair demand and is less plenty; the inquiry is in part for Albany; the sales are 17,000 bushels of every description, including Southern White at 150 cents; Southern Yellow at 154 cents, and New Yellow Jersey and Pennsylvania at 155@157 cents.

PROVISIONS.—No sales are reported and prices are nominally unchanged. A Government contract was awarded at 60 cts for Syrup.

PROVISIONS.—The market opened on Change this morning with sales at $20 25 for New Mess, but a heavy feeling prevailed and prices declined, and at the close no buyers could be found at $20, the inspection of Pork for export about 1,000 bbls. since Change and all the afternoon the market has been rapidly falling off in fact, something like a panic has prevailed and the last sales were reported at $19 87½@20 for New Mess in lots of 500 bbls; the to at sales of the day are about 3,000. In Old Mess one sale of 100 bbls was reported at $17 75. We note the following for delivery: Pork sold in the day, but now far above the market: 500 bbls New Mess, seller June, at $19 50. Beef is dull and heavy, prices have a downward tendency; the Government contract was awarded at $16 50 for Plain Mess, and $18 for Extra Mess; the sales to-day are 100 bbls at $16 50@17 for Plain Mess, and $17 50@21 for Extra Mess. Tierce Beef is dull as prices are entirely nominal. Beef Hams are dull and prices favor the buyer; the government contract was awarded at 19½c. Lard is dull and drooping; sales of 150 kegs at 18½c. for Shoulders, 17½c for Prime, and 100 kegs short Cut Hams to arrive at 11c. Bacon is easier, and very dull; sales of 175 boxes, part Saturday evening at 10c for Cumberland Cut, 10½c for Short Ribbed, and 10½c for Long Clear. Lard opened firmer, but closed dull and easier; sales of 1,000 bbls and tcs at 17½c. for No. 1 and 16½@16¾c for fair to prime steam and Kettle Rendered, the latter rate early in the day.

PETROLEUM.—Crude is a little firmer, but prices are without change, we quote at 5c. Refined is quiet at 25 cts for bonded, and 34 cts for free.

SUGARS.—There has been nothing of importance in the way of sales to-day, and the market closes heavy and nominal. Refined are neglected.

SEEDS.—The inquiry for Clover Seed is light, small sales at 23@24 cts. Timothy Seed is selling at $5 50@5 62½ per bushel. Rough Flaxseed is at $3 20@3 30 per bushel.

WHISKY.—The market is lower and prices are nominal, retail sales of Western at $2 27@2 29. The Government contract was awarded at 2 40@2 45.

[BY THE PARAGRAPH.]

NEW YORK, March 21.—Cotton is dull at 59@60 cts. Flour has declined 10@15 cents; sales of 16,500 bbls. State at $9 60@9 80, Ohio $9 35@10, Southern at $10 30@10 75. Wheat has declined 5@10 cents—sales of 21,000 bushels Milwaukee at $1 80, Amber Milwaukee $1 90. Corn is dull—sales of 11,500 bushels New Yellow at $1 56@1 57. Old Yellow $1 70. Provisions dull and prices lower—Pork has declined about $5 ⅌ bbl. Lard is dull—sales 1,000 bbls at 17½@18c. Whisky is dull at $2 40@2 42. Sugar is heavy—sales Porto Rico at 13 cts. Naval Stores quiet. Petroleum dull. Freights dull.

CATTLE MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA, March 21.—Owing to light receipts caused by the great freshet Beef cattle advanced 1 and 2 cents to day. Receipts 2,000 head. Quoted at 14 and 24 cts. Sheep active. Receipts 5,000 head; quoted at 8 and 14 cents. Hogs firm at 13 and 14½ cts. Receipts 2,000 head.

OFFICIAL.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES

Passed at the Second Session of the Thirty Eighth Congress.

[PUBLIC—No 52.]

AN ACT making appropriations for the naval service for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and they are hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty six:

For pay of commission, warrant, and petty officers and seamen, including the engineer corps of the navy, twenty-three million three hundred and twenty-seven thousand seven hundred and twenty-two dollars and fifty cents.

For the completion and repair of vessels of the navy, twenty-four million five hundred and thirty thousand dollars.

For the purchase of hemp and other materials for the navy, five hundred and seventy thousand dollars.

For fuel for the navy, and for the transportation and expenses thereof, seven million six hundred and eighty thousand dollars.

For bounties to seamen, one million dollars.

For the equipment of vessels in the navy, viz:

For the purchase of various articles of equipment, viz: canvas, leather, iron, cables and anchors, oil, furniture, galleys, and stores and for the payment of labor on articles manufactured in the navy yard, and for outfit stores in the masters', boatswains', and sail makers' department of vessels, five millions eight hundred thousand dollars.

For provisions for commission, warrant and petty officers and seamen, including engineers and marines attached to vessels for sea service, twelve million nine hundred and twenty three thousand two hundred and eighty dollars and seventy five cents.

For the construction, repair, wear and tear of machinery of vessels in commission, seventeen million one hundred and forty five thousand dollars.

For surgeon's necessaries and appliances for the sick and hurt of the navy, including the coast survey and engineer and marine corps, two hundred and twenty seven thousand nine hundred dollars.

For ordnance and ordnance stores, including labor and incidental expenses, eight million three hundred thousand dollars.

For navigation apparatus and supplies, and for purposes incidental to navigation, four hundred thousand dollars.

For clothing for the navy, one million dollars.

For contingent expenses of the navy, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS.

For contingent expenses that may accrue for the following purposes, viz: For freight and transportation; for printing, advertising, and stationery; for books, maps, models, and drawings; for the purchase and repair of fire engines; for machinery of every discription, and patent right to use the same; for repairs of steam engines and attendance; for purchase and maintenance of oxen and horses, and driving teams; for carts, timber wheels, and workmen's tools of every description for navy yard purposes; for telegrams and postage of letters on public service; for furniture for government offices and houses; for coals and other fuel; for candles, oil and gas; for cleaning and clearing up yards; for flags, awnings, and packing boxes; for pay of watchmen; for incidental labor at navy yards not applicable to any other appropriation; for rent of landing at Portsmouth, New Hampshire; for tolls and ferriages; for water tax; and for rent of stores and tenements, one million seven hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION.

For contingent expenses of the Bureau of Navigation, viz:

For freight and transportation of navigation materials, instruments, books, and stores; for postage on public letters; for telegraphing on public business; for advertising for proposals; for packing boxes and materials; for black books, forms and stationery at navigation offices; for maps, charts, drawings, and models; and for incidental expenses not applicable to any other appropriation, five thousand dollars.

BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR.

For contingent and incidental expenses, viz: For postage, drawings, and transportation of materials, seven thousand dollars.

BUREAU OF STEAM ENGINEERING.

For contingent expenses, viz:

For transportation of materials, printing, stationery, experiments, advertising, books, drawings, models, postage, and incidental expenses, eighty five thousand dollars.

BUREAU OF PROVISIONS AND CLOTHING.

For contingent expenses, viz:

For candles, freight to foreign stations, transportation from station to station within the United States, cooperage, pay of assistants to inspectors, advertising for proposals, printing paymasters' blanks, and stationery for cruising vessels, six hundred thousand dollars.

BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

For contingent expenses of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, seventy-five thousand dollars.

MARINE CORPS.

For pay of officers, non commissioned officers, musicians, privates, clerks, messengers, steward and cooks, and