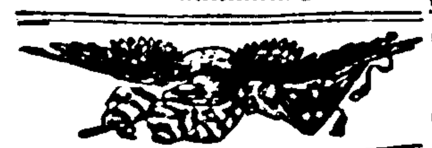
# DAILY CLIPPER.

WM. WALES ..............Publisher.



THURSDAY, MARCH 9, 1865.

## TO ADVERTISERS.

The following exhibit of our regular rates will be found of service:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 Square | 1 Time | $ 50 |
| " | 2 Times | 75 |
| " | 3 " | 1.00 |
| " | 1 Week | 1.75 |
| " | 1 Month | 4.00 |
| " | 3 Months | 10.00 |
| " | 6 " | 16.00 |
| " | 1 Year | 30.00 |

ONE SQUARE CONTAINS SIX LINES OF SPACE.

[Reported for the Baltimore Clipper.]

### U. S. SENATE—EXTRA SESSION.

WASHINGTON, March 8.

The Senate met, Mr. Foster, President pro tem. in the chair.

On motion of Mr. Foster, a Committee on Mines and Mining, consisting of seven, was added to the Standing Committees of the Senate.

Mr. Foot submitted an order, which was agreed to, that the Senate will to-morrow, at half past 12 o'clock, proceed to the election of a chaplain.

Mr. Anthony moved that the Senate proceed to the election of Standing Committees, which was agreed to, and the process by ballot dispensed with. He submitted the following list, which was adopted:

Foreign Relations—Mr. Sumner, chairman; Doolittle, Harris, Foot, Wade, Davis, Johnson.

Finance—Mr. Fessenden, chairman; Sherman, Howe, Cowan, Van Winkle, Henderson, Guthrie.

Commerce—Mr. Chandler, chairman; Morrill, Morgan, Sprague, Lane of Kansas, Nesmith, Doolittle.

Manufactures—Mr. Sprague, chairman; Dixon, Pomeroy, Riddle, Wright.

Agriculture—Mr. Sherman, chairman; Lane, of Kansas, Harlan, Wilson, Guthrie.

Military Affairs and the Militia—Mr. Wilson, chairman; Lane, of Indiana, Howard, Nesmith, Morgan, Clark, Brown.

Naval Affairs—Mr. Grimes, chairman; Anthony, Willey, Ramsey, Cragin, Nye, Hendricks.

Judiciary—Mr. Trumbull, chairman; Harris, Collamer, Sherman, Johnson, Williams, Hendricks.

Post Offices and Post Roads—Mr. Collamer, chairman; Dixon, Ramsey, Conness, Buckalew, Pomeroy, Van Winkle.

Pensions—Mr. Foster, chairman; Lane of Indiana, Van Winkle, Foot, Stewart, Yates, Buckalew.

Revolutionary Claims—Mr. Ramsey, chairman; Chandler, Wilson, Nesmith, Wright.

Claims—Mr. Clark, chairman; Howe, Pomeroy, Anthony, Williams, Norton, Davis.

Public Lands—Mr. Harlan, chairman; Pomeroy, Morrill, Sprague, Stewart, Hendricks, Wright.

Private Land Claims—Mr. Harris, chairman; Sumner, Howard, Williams, Riddle.

Indian Affairs—Mr. Doolittle, chairman; Lane, of Kansas, Harlan, Nesmith, Foot, Trumbull, Buckalew.

District of Columbia—Mr. Dixon, chairman; Morrill, Wade, Willey, Henderson, Yates, Riddle.

Patents and the Patent Office—Mr. Cowan, chairman; Lane, of Indiana, Clark, Norton, Guthrie.

Public Buildings and Grounds—Mr. Foot, chairman; Brown, Trumbull, Grimes, Hendricks.

Territories—Mr. Wade, chairman; Lane of Kansas, Yates, Nye, Norton, Cragin, Davis.

On the Pacific Railroad—Mr. Howard, chairman; Johnson, Harlan, Sherman, Morgan, Conness, Brown, Yates, Cragin.

To Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate—Mr. Morrill, chairman; Ramsey, Henderson.

Engrossed Bills—Mr. Lane of Ind., chairman; Sumner, Willey.

Mines and Mining—Mr. Conness, chairman; Stewart, Chandler, Morgan, Fessenden, Guthrie, Buckalew.

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEES.

Joint Committee on Printing on the part of the Senate—Mr. Anthony, chairman, Riddle, Brown.

Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills on the part of the Senate—Mr. Howe, chairman; Cowan, Nye.

Joint Committee on the Library on the part of the Senate—Mr. Collamer, chairman; Johnson, Howard.

The Senate resumed, as the business in order, the question of the reception of the credentials of W. D. Snow, Senatorial claimant from Arkansas—on the objection raised by Mr. Howard.

Mr. Davis addressed the Senate against the admission of Mr. Snow to a seat. He had no doubt that if Mr. Stevens, Vice President of the Confederate Government, or Mr. Toombs, were to present themselves here, with certificates from Georgia, claiming seats as Senators from that State, no Senator present would think of admitting them.

Several messages in writing were received from the President, whereupon

Mr. Sumner moved that the Senate go into Executive session.

Mr. Lane, of Kansas, said he would first like to have a vote on the question pending.

Mr. Grimes suggested that the Senate go into Executive session and refer the communications from the President.

Mr. Lane, of Kansas, acquiesced in this suggestion.

Mr. Anthony, from the Committee on Printing, reported in favor of printing 10,000 copies of the agricultural report for the use of the Senate, and 5,000 of the same for the use of the Agricultural Department—also, 5,000 additional copies of the Smithsonian report for 1864, and also 10,000 copies of the [illegible] report of the Patent Office for 1864—all of which was agreed to.

The Senate then went into executive session, and after a short time spent therein, the doors were reopened, when

Mr. Davis resumed his remarks, saying that though the Supreme Court differed on some points, they unanimously agreed that this being a civil war, the United States are entitled to all and every belligerent right, as if a foreign war existed between separate and independent nations.

Mr. Lane, of Kansas, in reply, said the Executive Department and the Senate had recognized the State of Arkansas, by the appointment therein of United States Judges, Attorneys and Marshals.

Mr. Davis, resuming, said his position was this: Arkansas, by the President's Proclamation, and the acts of Congress, is declared to be a State in insurrection, and to remove her from that position, the same authority must formally declare she is not in a state of insurrection; but in amity with the United States, and therefore entitled to be treated as a State in the Union.

Mr. Trumbull said he did not see any difficulty in receiving any respectful paper, as thereby the Senate did not commit itself to the object proposed to be accomplished.

Mr. Sumner said there were three points which might severally be decided; first, to refuse to receive the credentials; second, to receive and lay on the table; and third to receive and refer them.

Mr. Lane said that when he himself came here a claimant in 1856, to represent the free State organization under the Topeka Convention, his credentials were received by the pro-slavery Democratic Senate; and although he was not admitted to a seat here, he did not follow up his application by asking for pay and mileage.

Mr. Sumner—We know the Senator to be an honorable man, and that he represented a great cause, which did not suffer in his hands.

Mr. Lane. That cause originated and gave strength and character to the Republican party, and led to the overthrow of the pro-slavery organization of the country; and now, as a politician, I notify the Senator that if the heresy is to be insisted on that rebels are to be consulted in reconstructing States, and if it be insisted the insurrectionary States are outside the Union, my opinion is our party will be overthrown, just as the pro-slavery party was overthrown by the free State party in 1856.

Mr. Sumner said he was not insensible to the cause the Senator at that time represented, nor was he insensible to the rights of loyal citizens anywhere. But the Senator had no patent right to sensibility.

The credentials were then referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Sumner then asked the reference of his resolution, which was read for information as follows:

*Resolved*, That where a State has been declared to be in insurrection, no person can be recognized as Senator from such State, until the recurrence of three several conditions. First, the cessation of all armed hostility to the United States within the limits of said States, secondly, the adoption by such State of a constitution of government, republican in form, and not repugnant to the Constitution and laws of the United States; and thirdly, an act of Congress declaring that the people of such State are entitled to representation in the Congress of the United States.

Mr. Lane objected to the consideration of the resolution, therefore it went over.

The chair laid before the Senate a message from the President, enclosing a letter from the Secretary of State. The Senate had requested the President to return to them a joint resolution prohibiting the payment of money's to land grant railroads, and which had been presented to the President for his approval by mistake, but from which he withheld his signature. The official reply to the Senate's request is, in substance as follows: That the right of either House at a subsequent Congress, to recall any bill or resolution, may be regarded as questionable under the act of 1853, which makes no provision for any case similar to that under consideration. The law requires copies and originals of all documents to be filed in the State Department not otherwise provided for. To keep such papers rather than return them to the Senate has been the uniform practice from the foundation of the Government.

Mr. Clark said the President in this matter had acted wisely. The answer was deemed satisfactory.

Mr. Lane, of Kansas, called up the resolution to pay the claimants of seats from Arkansas and Louisiana, and it was referred, under the rules, to the Committee on Contingent Expenses.

On motion of Mr. Wade, the Senate adj'd.

[Reported for the Baltimore Clipper.]

### LEGISLATURE OF MARYLAND.

ANNAPOLIS, March 7.

SENATE—[*Evening Session.*]—The House returned the bill amending the charter of the Western Maryland Railroad Company, endorsed, "amendment non-concurred in."

On motion of Mr. Orr, a message was sent to the House returning the bill, and suggesting an informality in the reconsideration of it, after the House had concurred in the Senate amendment and passed the bill as amended.

Mr. Mound moved to reconsider the vote by which the Senate bill was passed, entitled "An act to amend the act passed March 10th, 1862, chapter 231, conferring certain powers on the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore in relation to levying and collecting taxes for the purpose of defraying the expenses of the municipal government so as more clearly to exempt certain property from taxation for such purposes," which was decided in the affirmative, and the bill recommitted.

[This bill reverses the decision rendered by Hon. Judge King, in the case of the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore vs Wm. Fisher & Sons, and exempts securities and bonds owned in the counties from taxation in the city.]

*Senate Bills Passed*—Providing for the completion of the restoration of the burnt records of Baltimore county. Providing for the registration of births, marriages and deaths in this State.

*Governor Bradford's House*—The bill to reimburse Governor A W Bradford for the destruction of his private property by the rebels, in July, 1864, was read the second time.

Mr. Carroll moved to fill the blank with forty thousand dollars to be paid the Governor, which was determined in the negative—ayes 5, nays 11.

Mr. Trail moved to insert the sum of thirty thousand dollars, which was determined in the affirmative.

Mr. Jenkins moved to add an amendment to compensate all others who have suffered losses from the accidents and necessities of war, which was determined in the negative, only Messrs. Jenkins, Lansdale and Mackall voting in the affirmative.

Pending the consideration of the bill the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES—*Evening Session.*—The Judiciary Committee reported unfavorably upon the petition of citizens of Baltimore for a change in the mechanics' lien law.

The bill to compensate the bailiffs of Baltimore for collecting State taxes was reported unfavorably by the Judiciary Committee, and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

*Leaves Obtained to Report Bills.*—By Mr. Anderson, providing for the payment of the State's proportion to the Soldiers' National Cemetery. By Mr. Soper, to incorporate the McKendree Coal Oil Company. By Mr. Darling, to provide for the adoption of destitute children. By Mr. Soper, amending laws relative to the education of the dumb. By Mr. Wills, to pay Josiah Jump, of Caroline county, certain fees due him. By Mr. Pennington, regulating the sale of liquor at Cecil. By Mr. Pilkington, to incorporate the Colored Caulker's Trade Union Protective Association.

*Favorable Reports of Committees.*—On the bill authorizing proceedings on the part of the State against the Baltimore and Washington, Baltimore and Yorktown, and Baltimore and Hartford Turnpike Companies.—Giving the directors of the Maryland penitentiary the power of appointing the warden of that institution, instead of the Governor, as at present. Providing for the removal of insane convicts from the penitentiary. Rewarding convicts for good behavior, deducting time from the term of their sentence.

*Bills Passed*—House bill incorporating the Locust Point Company of Baltimore, as amended by the Senate. Authorizing the payment of bounties to certain veterans of Allegany county who enlisted in 1863. Senate bill authorizing the appointment of collectors of taxes in Baltimore county. House bill to pay the State's proportion of the expenses incurred in the purchase, etc., of the National Cemetery at Gettysburg, &c.

ANNAPOLIS, March 8.

SENATE.—*Bills Presented*—By Mr. Lansdale, from citizens of Montgomery county, to amend the law relating to the competency of witnesses. By Mr. Davis, of Washington county, to be indemnified for losses from the military. By Mr. Pettipot, from Benjamin Deford, to be refunded $3,000 paid by him to the National Cemetery.

*Leaves to Report Bills*—By Mr. Trail, directing a re-assessment of non-dividend paying stocks, bonds and securities. By Mr. Tome, to amend sections 124 and 125 of article 81, relating to revenue and taxes; also, to amend the law relating to clerks of courts.

*Bills Reported*—By Mr. Trail, from the Committee on the Judiciary, to amend the law relating to brokers; ordered to be printed. By Mr. Clark, from the Committee on the Judiciary, to amend the law taxing billiard tables, with an amendment taxing one table $100, and every additional table $50, which was adopted. By Mr. Tome, from the Committee on Claims, to pay D. M. Moore and Job Haynes certain claims. By Mr. Davis, in favor of [illegible] McAfee, a deaf mute. By Mr. Hollyday, from a select committee on the re-assessment of property, reported that the committee were unable to agree. Mr. Ahr offered an order that the Committee on Finance be instructed to report a bill providing for the reassessment of the property of the State; which was laid over.

*Bills Read a Second Time*—Relating to the Superannuated Fund Society. Resolution repealing the 6th section of the 8th article of the Constitution relating to the $6,000,000 school fund. To amend the 24th article of the law relating to corporations. Prohibiting the sale of liquor near Federalsburg.—Making uniform the fees of officers. Relating to taxes on executors, and administrators, commissions. Amending the laws relating to appeals. Incorporating the Empire Coal Company.

*Bills Passed.*—Incorporating Cecil Lodge of Odd Fellows. Incorporating Newton, Worcester county. Requiring attorneys and practitioners of law to take the oath of allegiance. Incorporating the Baltimore and Hampden Passenger Railway Company. To change the name of Fanny Parker to F. P. Beakey. To make uniform the fees of justices of the peace. For the sale of the Gallison Meeting House in Baltimore county. Relating to running at large of stock in Anne Arundel county. Changing the name of Z. O. Simmons to John Simmons. Changing the name of Mary Hicks to H. H. Eaton. Making valid the official acts of certain justices of the peace and constables. Relating to conveyancing.

*State and National Banks.*—The President presented a communication from the Hon. Alexander Randall, Attorney General, in response to an order of the Senate, giving a lengthy opinion in relation to State banks, and their powers, &c, in connection with their organization as National banks, &c.—The Attorney General states in substance that the State has no power to prevent any State bank from organizing under the National currency act, except as a stockholder, when owning over one-third of its stock.—The State, *as a creditor*, has a right to priority of payment, when no lien exists over all other creditors of a debtor by virtue of the State's prerogative as sovereign.

The priority which the State now has will be lost when any State bank is converted into a national bank, as the government of the United States will be entitled to those priorities and preferences. The State can exercise no control over said State banks when converted into national institutions. The right to enforce the school tax will no longer exist. State banks can organize as national banks without first distributing their funds among the stockholders, but their debts and liabilities must first be paid.

The Senate adjourned until to-morrow.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.—The Speaker presented a communication from the Baltimore and Fredericktown Turnpike Company, in response to an order of the House, giving the rates of toll on said road. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

*Petitions Presented.*—By Mr. Rinehart, from Jacob Taylor and others, of Frederick county; protesting against the payment of extra mileage to certain members, &c. By Mr. Smith, of Allegany county, from the Union Bank of Baltimore, to be refunded money advanced for school purposes to first election district of Baltimore county. By Mr. Coulter, from citizens of Washington county, to be indemnified for losses sustained from the military operations of the rebel and Union armies, &c. By Mr. Watkins, from citizens of Montgomery county, a similar petition.

*Leaves to Report Bills*—By Mr. Hazen, to incorporate the Maryland Floating Dock and Marine Railway Company. By Pilkington, to incorporate the Colored Caulkers' Trades Union of Baltimore city. By Mr. Stone, for the relief of superannuated negroes.

*Favorable Reports of Committees*—By Mr. Anderson, from Committee on Judiciary, to amend the law relating to the land estate.—Also, to authorize county commissioners to repair roads, bridges, and sell or lease unused county property for other purposes. Also, to authorize county commissioners to regulate boundaries of election districts and change the places of voting. By Mr. Jones, from Committee on Corporations, to amend the charter of the Mount Carbon Coal and Iron Company. Also, to incorporate the Maryland Coal, Coal Oil and Iron Associated Company. Also, to incorporate the Maiden's Choice Passenger Railway Company. Also, to amend the law relating to Bladensburg. Also, to incorporate the Warren Manufacturing Company of Baltimore county. Also, to authorize the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company to build a railroad from a point on the line of its road within the State of Maryland, between Knoxville and the Monocacy Junction, through Frederick and Montgomery counties, to the boundary of the District of Columbia, so as to make a direct communication with the city of Washington. Also, Senate bill to incorporate the Annapolis Water Company. Also, Senate bill to amend the charter of the Potomac Mining Company. By Mr. Peteet, from committee on claims, to authorize the clerk of the Superior Court to pay Thomas A Kennard a claim for services as clerk. Also, to pay Peter W. Crain for legal services. By Mr. Kirk, from Committee on Inspections, to amend the law relating to inspection of liquors in Baltimore city. Also, to provide for the inspection and gauging of coal oil in Baltimore city. By Mr. Rider, from a select committee, to provide for the creation of a new county out of portions of Worcester and Somerset counties, to be called Wicomico county. By Mr. Pilkington, from Committee on Registration, relating to the registration of voters in this State; which was made the order of the day for Wednesday next. By Mr. Darling, from a select committee, for the adoption of children. By Mr. Hoffman, relating to the office of register of wills of Baltimore county.

*Reassessment of the Property of the State.*—Mr. Mackey, from the joint select committee on the reassessment of the property of the State, reported that the committee were divided upon the subject of adopting either a specie basis or a currency basis, and that the committee ask an expression of the sense of the House upon the subject. Mr. Miller, of Anne Arundel, offered an order instructing the committee to report a bill providing for a reassessment of all real and personal property of the State on a specie basis. Mr. Rinehart moved to amend the order by striking out the word "specie" and inserting "currency."

Mr. Miller stated that it was probable that the State would shortly have to pay a direct tax upon its property to the General Government, and a currency basis would operate to the great disadvantage of the State. Also, that if there should shortly be a return to specie payments in this State a currency basis of assessment would operate injuriously to tax-payers. The amendment was rejected by yeas 11, nays 61, and the order for a reassessment on a specie basis was adopted, after considerable discussion, by yeas 57, nays—Messrs. Bartol, Cairns, Darling, Fooks, Holloway, Jones, Lee of Baltimore, Malone, Males, Pilkington, Rider, Silver, Smith of Dorchester, Stewart and Warner—15.

Mr. Pilkington explained his vote by stating that he was opposed to any reassessment at the present time.

The resolutions of Mr. Valliant, soliciting the Governor to pardon all persons in the Penitentiary upon conviction of enticing slaves to run away from their masters, were passed—yeas 35, nays 28.

The bill to repeal the law requiring salted fish to be reinspected in Baltimore city, was taken up on its second reading. A motion to strike out the enacting clause was lost.

*The Senatorial Contest.*—The Speaker stated that he was informed by the committee of investigation under the order of the house yesterday, relating to frauds connected with the Senatorial contest, that they would not be ready to report until 7 o'clock P. M., as two witnesses (one from Baltimore and one from Washington) were expected by the evening cars.

Mr. Pilkington moved that the House take a recess until 6 P. M., and the committee of investigation be required to report before 7 o'clock, which was adopted.

The investigating committee reported that there was no foundation whatever for the charges of bribery in connection with the Senatorial contest. A caucus last night nominated Mr. Creswell by 43 votes. J. Bozman Kerr received 11 votes; A. H. Evans 11. Mr. Cox's name was not presented. W.

### MARYLAND ITEMS.

[From the Frederick Examiner.]

SALE OF PROPERTY.—The large and spacious residence of Mrs. Baugher, situated on East Church street, Frederick, was sold at private sale week before last, to Col. George R. Dennis for ten thousand dollars.

William B. Tabler, Auctioneer, sold on account of Hugh McAleer, Esq., his dwelling house and lot, in East Patrick street, for $5,500; purchaser, Dr. James T. Johnson; also, on account of Jos. W. L. Carty, Esq., Trustee, for the sale of the real estate of Christian Getzendanner, deceased, the small house and lot in South Market street, opposite United States Hotel, for $1,535, purchaser, John Himbury, Esq.

CONFISCATION.—William Price, Esq., District Attorney, has instituted proceedings in the United States District Court, Baltimore city, against the estate, comprising money and personal property of Robert M. Taylor, of this city. This man Taylor, it will be remembered, was with Early's gang of marauders during their visit to this city in July last, but was killed soon after their expulsion from the State. The proceeds accruing from the confiscation of his estate should be appropriated, we think, to indemnify our citizens for rebel spoliation, or given to the Banks he assisted in robbing.

POST OFFICE AFFAIRS.—Route No 3234 Rockville to Frederick, Md, Francis Curran, contractor, will end at Ijamsville, in lieu of Frederick, and three additional trips per week are ordered between Clarksburg and Ijamsville.

### RUSSIA AND THE UNITED STATES.

That for which Americans hold Alexander II. in peculiar honor, is his great act of emancipation. They recognize this as the truest heroism displayed in the Old World for many a century. That young man, so unexpectedly called to the throne, and hardly as yet firmly seated upon it, convoking the nobles of his empire, heads of houses whose power and fame had been coeval with the empire, opening before them a plan of making an end of a system which had enabled them to lord it absolutely over twenty-two millions of their fellow-men, enduring calmly their exclamations of amazement, their prophecies of personal ruin, their ominous outgivings of rebellion, until, as the midnight hour struck, he dismisses them with the simple words:

"Gentlemen, what imperial power created, imperial power shall destroy;" and then, on the morrow, going almost single handed toward the execution of this gigantic task—that young potentate, we say, will stand out as immeasurably the grandest European figure of the century. The sovereign people of the United States, midway in their own work of emancipation, are proud to hail Alexander II as the Great Emancipator.

But the Emperor of Russia has excited in the American bosom a warmer feeling yet by his staunch friendship through all the terrible trials of this rebellion. While the Western Powers of Europe have openly sympathized with our domestic enemies, and have pursued a policy which has all the while largely given them material aid and comfort, the Russian Emperor has never afforded them the least countenance.

Refusing in the beginning to join England and France in recognizing the so-called Confederacy as a belligerent power, he has ever since observed the obligations of international comity with perfect faith; and on all fitting occasions has not hesitated, through his ministers and envoys, to express his fervent desire for such an issue of the conflict as shall preserve the Union. Americans cannot forget this. They would have the meanest of human blood in their veins if the remembrance of it did not make them glow with kindly feelings. Russian friendship has stood the extreme ordeal, where almost every other European friendship has failed. It will henceforth be prized accordingly.

But yet again the approach of the time when the two great nations will be brought into the closest proximity by the great Siberian telegraph is calculated to generate new ties. The cession to Russia by China of the privilege of navigating the great river Amoor, will prove of vast value in enabling her to extend her trade and commerce eastward; and must have a great effect, as well as the telegraph, in interlinking the commercial interests of the two countries.

CALEB CUSHING'S LEARNING.—When the Hon. Caleb Cushing was Attorney General of the United States, he was said to be the only member of the Cabinet able to converse in any language but his own. At a diplomatic dinner in Washington, given by M. Bodisco, the Russian Minister, he conversed in French with M. Sartiges, the French Ambassador; in Spanish with Don Calderon; in Dutch with Baron Von Gerolt; in Portuguese with De Figanere, and in the purest Italian with the representative of the Two Sicilies. The distinguished party were delighted, and some thought the Yankee polyglot could have added the Chinese had a representative of the Celestials been present.

☞ General McClellan arrived at Rome early in February, and at the latest advices was the guest of a relative whose house is the headquarters of the anti-slavery residents of the Eternal City.

## LOCAL AFFAIRS.

*The New York Life Insurance Company.*—The increasing business of this Company is exhibited in the statement of its last year's transactions, which will be found in full in another part of our paper. By this it appears that the assets, which, on the 1st of January, 1864, amounted to $2,653,537 92, are swollen to $3,658,755 35 on the 1st of January of the current year, an increase in the current year of upwards of a million. This brilliant result has enabled the trustees to declare a scrip dividend of fifty per cent upon all participating life policies; also to direct the payment of the fifth and final instalment of twenty per cent, on dividends of 1850 to 1860, inclusive, and the redemption in full of those declared in 1861 and in 1862. During the year 4,905 new policies were issued, averaging, exclusive of Sundays, nearly eighteen policies per diem, insuring an amount of $13,147,558. This interesting fact shows not only how popular and general life insurance is becoming, but how deeply the attention of insurants are directed towards this association. The company has been in operation nearly a quarter of a century, and if its affairs continue to be guided by the same sagacity, forethought and sound judgment that have placed it in its present lofty position, we predict that no future year will be less flourishing than the past.—E. J. Richardson & Sons, No. 9 North street, are agents for the Company.

*Inquest.*—Coroner Thomson Tuesday night held an inquest at the public house of Joseph Owens, corner of Light and Montgomery streets, over the body of a soldier, name unknown, supposed to have belonged to the 93d New York Volunteers, whose death, according to the verdict of the jury empanneled in the case, was caused by poison at the hands of some person or persons unknown. He was found lying on the pavement at the above corner, and removed into the house, where Doctors Webster and Peck rendered their services, but they were unavailing to prolong life. The body was taken in charge by the military authorities and interred. Owens, the proprietor of the house, was arrested by the Government officers and has been sent to the fort.

*The Late Senator Hicks.*—The committee of the City Council have extended an invitation to the Masonic Fraternity, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and citizens generally, to unite in the procession to escort the remains of the deceased patriot and Senator, Thomas Holliday Hicks, to the wharf of the steamer, by which they will be conveyed to Dorchester county. It is requisite that all intending to join in the escort should meet at the Maryland Institute at 6 o'clock this morning, as the remains will leave there at 7 o'clk.

*Fined.*—Captain J. Sears, Irey Baker and Charles Gordon, for being engaged in painting a vessel on Sunday, in violation of section 179, of article 30, Public General Laws, were arraigned before Justice Whalen by officer Graham, and each fined $5 with costs. John Bennett, for violating section 49, of ordinance 18, relating to the health of the city, was arraigned by officer Harrison before the same Justice, and fined $20 with costs.

*Entered on His Duties.*—Mr. Oliver D'may, the newly appointed Port Warden, has entered on the discharge of the duties of the position, and appointed Mr. John M. Jones (member of the First Branch City Council from the Eighteenth Ward) as clerk.

## AMUSEMENTS.

*Holliday Street Theatre.*—The benefit of Miss Alice Gray, last night, was a grand affair. The house was filled to its utmost capacity, and the fair beneficiary was in her happiest mood. Mrs. Wilkins, who kindly volunteered for the occasion, made a decided hit, and impressed the audience with the fact that she has few, if any, superiors in the tragic world.

To-night Mr. Forrest will appear in his great character of Spartacus, in the play of the Gladiator. On Friday evening next Mr. Forrest will make his last appearance in this city.

*Front Street Theatre.*—The beautiful play, entitled "Connla Shogah," will be presented again to-night at the Front. It is an attractive play, and should be witnessed by those fond of the sensational.

*Concert.*—The concert of M'lle De Katow, which is to take place at the New Assembly Rooms on Saturday night next, will be the grand event of the season. Talent of a superior order has been engaged, and a rare musical treat will be presented.

## COURT PROCEEDINGS.

*Criminal Court—Judge Bond.*—John L. Thomas, Esq., State's Attorney, prosecuting, assisted by Benjamin Price, Esq. The following business was transacted in this Court yesterday:

State vs. William H. Wagner, indicted for the murder of Christian Wiesels, by shooting him through the head, on the night of the 24th of December last, while at a ball which was progressing at Wiesels' lager beer house, on Fell's Point. A number of witnesses for the State and defence were examined and the evidence was somewhat conflicting. The testimony was concluded about 3½ o'clock, when a recess was taken for one hour. Upon the reassembling of the court the counsel went before the jury. A. Stirling, Esq. appeared for the defence.

The case was ably argued by the respective counsel, and the indictment handed to the jury about seven o'clock, who, after an absence of about three quarters of an hour, rendered a verdict of guilty of murder in the second degree, and recommended the prisoner to the clemency of the Court.

Adjourned until this morning.

*United States District Court.*—Before the Hon. Judge Giles. The following business occupied the attention of this Court yesterday:

The United States vs. George W. Sanders, indictment for making false returns to the Assessor of Internal Revenue. Judgment by default for want of plea.

Same vs. four barrels and one demijohn of apple brandy, and two stills, boiler, cap, crown and fixtures, the property of James P. Russell, of Dorchester county, Maryland, seized by T. McCullough, Collector of Internal Revenue for the First District of Maryland, on account of non compliance with the acts of Congress in furnishing proper returns, &c. Proclamation having been made and no parties appearing, judgment of condemnation by default decreed by the Court.

Same vs. ten bales of blankets and seventeen bales of blankets, seized by James L. McPhail, Provost Marshal, in the city of Baltimore, on the 10th day of May, 1864, being about to be conveyed from Maryland to a part of Virginia then in insurrection—same decree.

Same vs. Wolf Springer, indictment for making false returns to the Assessor of Internal Revenue in the manufacture of clothing—judgment by default for want of plea.

Adjourned until to-day.

*Court of Common Pleas.*—Before Judge King. The following business was transacted in this court on yesterday:

George W. Gail and Christian Ax vs. the President, Directors and Company of Bank of Baltimore, garnishees of the City Bank of New York. Before reported. Verdict on first issue for plaintiffs for $350. Verdict on second issue against garnishees for plaintiffs for $250.

John Nevins and Andrew Lowry vs. J D Hendricks and W O Hendricks. Appeal from Forrester. On trial.

Elmer Hewitt, use of Isaac George, vs the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore; garnishees of Henry R Reynolds. Judgment of non pros.

Wm Falconer vs Joseph W Jenkins, trading as Poland, Jenkins & Co, garnishees of James King. Entered off.

[*Reported for the Baltimore Clipper.*]

TOWSONTOWN, March 8th, 1865.

*The Orphans' Court for Baltimore County.*—Before the Hon. Judges Falls, Standiford and Merryman, was in session to-day and transacted the following business:

Letters of administration were granted on the estate of Joshua W. Ofcader to Thomas Mellor, and the remainder of the day occupied in the passing of accounts, &c. Adjourned until Tuesday next.

The County Commissioners, Messrs. Cockey, McCauley, and Button—were in session again to-day and occupied with the signing of orders, &c. They will invite proposals for the county bonds, issued for the payment of bounty to volunteers, &c. They have adjourned over until their regular monthly meeting, that proposals for bonds can be directed to the President, J. F. Cockey, Esq., at Cockeysville Baltimore county.

The Circuit Court for Baltimore County was not in session to-day, it having adjourned over until Monday, the 20th instant, on account of Judge Grason being absent at Annapolis attending the contested election case of the Baltimore County Judgeship. Several witnesses yet remain to be examined in said case, and it is supposed it will occupy all of the coming week before it is finally settled by the Legislature.

The "Towsontown Literary Association," of which John M Wheeler, Esq., is the President, meets to-night at the Odd Fellows' Hall, for the purpose of debate. The subject for discussion will be, "Which Exerts the Greater Influence over Human Actions, the Hope of Reward or the Fear of Punishment."

☞ A bounty jumper, who was one of a lot of recruits, in Illinois, was on his way to join his regiment, and when near Springfield, leaped from the car window while the train was moving fifteen miles an hour. The guard on the platform saw him and fired; a Lieutenant and two soldiers leaped off and gave chase, firing at him. He was brought down by four balls in his body, from the effects of which he soon died. His pocket contained five forged discharges.

### NOW.

The earth looks a desolate mother,—
The Princess betrayed as of old,
The ermine stripped from her shoulders,
And her bosom all naked and cold.

But a smile breaks out from her anguish,—
For she feels, with a glad unrest,
The throb of the unborn summer
Under her bare, brown breast.

INTEO.

### ARMING THE NEGROES IN THE SOUTH.

The rebel House now has certainly "been and gone and done it." It has passed a law calling three hundred thousand negroes into the field, but, in order to satisfy the objections of the Gulf State Senators, freedom is not offered as part reward for their services. The rebel representatives are fools, or think the negroes such. The idea that men will fight to fasten chains upon their own limbs, never could have entered the brain of any man, other than one so daft as to attempt, in the nineteenth century, to found a government on the Western Hemisphere, with its basis slavery. Knaves the rebel leaders have abundantly proved themselves to be, and now they have shown themselves fools. This last call on Sambo for help needs only one more condition. It is that from the pay of each negro a sum should be deducted to form a fund from which the value of any one of their number who shall die in service, shall be paid to his owner. That feature would make the bill complete.

☞ A public subscription has been set on foot for the mother of Jules Gerard, the lion killer, who, at the age of eighty, is in a hospital at Nice, and in a totally destitute circumstances.

### MINIATURE ALMANAC FOR 1865.

| March. | Sun rises. | Sun sets. | Moon's Phases. MARCH. | D. | H. | M. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 6-Monday | 6 19 | 5 41 | | | | |
| 7-Tuesday | 6 17 | 5 43 | | | | |
| 8-Wednesday | 6 16 | 5 44 | New | 27 | 12 | 27m |
| 9-Thursday | 6 15 | 5 45 | First qr | 4 | 7 | 19m |
| 10-Friday | 6 13 | 5 47 | Full | 12 | 5 | 41m |
| 11-Saturday | 6 12 | 5 48 | Last qr | 20 | 7 | 25m |
| 12-Sunday | 6 11 | 5 49 | | | | |

## MARINE AFFAIRS.

PORT OF BALTIMORE, March 8, 1865.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Louisiana, Porter, from Norfolk—to M N Falls.

Steamer Quinnebaug, Jerome, from New York—mdze. to W. Rhoads & Son.

Ship Macaulay, Rodgers, from St Thomas, ballast to A. Schumacher & Co. Left February 15th; arrived in Capes March 4th; was off Capes from February 27th with dense fog.

Brig Henry Means, Hall, before reported in Hampton Roads from Havana, with loss of spars by collision—towed up by steam tug May Queen. Captain Tunkin, of the tug reports no vessels in the bay bound up.

Schr Josiah Whitehouse, Jones, from City Point—to Kelsey & Gray.

Schr Sam'l Fish, Davis, from City Point—to Kelsey & Gray.

Schr Frank Herbert, Berry, from N. York—mdze. to Kelsey & Gray.

CLEARED.

Steamer Louisiana, Porter, Norfolk.

MEMORANDA.

Bark Manitou, (Br.) North, hence for Cienfuegos, went to sea 4th inst; brig Harry, (Br.) Knight, for Matanzas, and schr Willie, Staples, for Sagua, do 5th; bark Justina, Walker, for Rio Janeiro; brigs Muscovado, (Br.) Snead, for Demerara; Volante, (Arg.) Reirs, for Pernambuco; Neva, Talbot, for Havana, and schr Jonas Smith, Sedgeley, for Cardenas, do 6th.

## FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

SALE AT THE BALTIMORE STOCK BOARD.
*Furnished by Leonard J. Tormey, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 22 South Street.*
*March 8, 1865.*

1,500 American Gold (large) ............198
11,9[illegible] do do (large) ............197¾
500 do do (large) b30 ............198⅛
2,000 do do (large) s2 ............197⅞
400 do do (large) ............197⅞
5,400 do do (large) s15 ............197⅞
3,000 do do (large) b2 ............197⅞
5,000 do do (large) s10 ............197⅛
3,1[illegible]0 do do (large) cbk ............197⅝
2,500 do do (large) b10 ............197¾
7,200 do do (large) b30 ............197¼
500 do do (large) s4 ............197¼
9,000 U. S. 5-20's old ............111⅛
6,000 do do (new) ............110¼
1,000 do do (new) b3 ............110¾
500 Baltimore City 6's, '90 ............100⅛
500 shares Laurel Coal & Oil Co b30 ... 5.60
500 do do do ............5.55
300 shares Bare Hill Co. b5 ............2.00
100 shares Chesapeake Oil Co. ............4.25
500 shares Balto. Chrome b30 ............2.40
500 do do do b30 ............2.40
3,500 shares Pennsylvania Oil Co. ............2.60
500 do do do b30 ............2.45
1,000 do do do s5 ............2.55
500 do do do b30 ............2.45
1,000 do do do ............2.50
3,200 do do do b30 ............2.50
1,000 do do do ............2.45
500 do do do b30 ............2.45
100 do do do ............1.00
500 shares Am. Gas Coal Co. ............1.85
500 do do do ............1.85
500 shares Atlantic Coal Co b30 ............1.50
500 shares Springfield Mining Co ............95

Prices of Stocks and Bonds in N. Y., March 8.
BY TELEGRAPH.
*Through L. J. Tormey, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 22 South Street.*

| | 1st B'd. To-day | 2d B'd. Yesterday. |
|---|---|---|
| United States 6's, 1881, Coupon | 111 | 111 |
| " " 5-20's | 111⅝ | 111⅝ |
| " " in currency | 99⅝ | 99⅝ |
| American Gold | 197¼ | 197⅝ |
| Tennessee 6's | 57 | 55 |
| North Carolina 6's | .. | .. |
| Missouri 6's | 66⅛ | 65¾ |
| Canton Company | 35 | 31¾ |
| Cumberland Coal and Iron Co. | 72¾ | 70½ |
| Quicksilver | 81 | 81¾ |
| New York Central Railroad | 107 | 106¾ |
| [illegible] | 67⅞ | 67½ |
| " " Preferred | | |
| Hudson River Railroad | 114¾ | 114 |
| Harlem Railroad | .. | .. |
| Reading Railroad | 112 | 110¾ |
| Michigan Central Railroad | 109 | 109¾ |
| Michigan S. and N. Ind R. R. | 66¾ | 64¾ |
| Illinois Central Railroad | 118 | 117¾ |
| Cleveland and Pittsburg R. R. | 77¾ | 77¾ |
| Chicago and Northwestern R. | 33¾ | 33¾ |
| " " Preferred | 62¾ | 62⅞ |
| Cleveland and Toledo Railroad | .. | 109 |
| Chicago and Rock Island R. R. | 95 | 94¾ |
| Milwaukee & Prairie du Chien | .. | 41 |
| Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago | 92¾ | 92 |
| St. Louis, Alton & Terre Haute | 35 | .. |
| Tone of the Market | Steady. | Irregular. |

At Evening Stock Exchange, 10 o'clock, P. M. Furnished by L. J. Tormey, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 22 South street.

American Gold ............195⅞
Erie Railway Company ............65
Hudson River Railroad ............111⅛
Reading ............109¾
Michigan S. and N. Indiana Railroad ............65⅝
Chicago and Northwestern R. R. ............32⅝
" " Preferred ............62½
New York Central ............105⅛
Cumberland ............67½
Chicago and Rock Island Railroad ............94¾
Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad ............75
Fort Wayne ............91¾
Ohio and Miss. certificates ............2[illegible]
Mariposa ............16
Tone of the market—Heavy.

### BALTIMORE MARKET.

March 8, 1865.

COFFEE—Rio remains firm and in some demand at 20½ a 21¾ cents, gold.

FLOUR.—Demand unimportant and market unsettled. We quote:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Howard Street Super | $11 00 | @11 12½ |
| " " Shipping Ex. | 11 50 | @00 00 |
| " " Retailing Ex. | 11 62½ | @00 00 |
| " " Family | 12 50 | @00 00 |
| Ohio Super | 11 00 | @00 00 |
| " Shipping Extra | 11 50 | @00 00 |
| " Retailing Extra | 11 62½ | @00 00 |
| " Family | 12 25 | @00 00 |
| City Mills Standard Super | 11 00 | @00 00 |
| " " Ship. brands Extra | 12 25 | @00 00 |
| Baltimore Family | 13 50 | @00 00 |
| " High-grades Extra | 13 50 | @00 00 |

*Rye Flour*—Sales of first quality reported at $8 37½. Market heavy.

*Corn Meal.*—Nothing doing; kiln-dried City Mills held at $7 50.

GRAIN.—Market well supplied and demand slow for most varieties. Sales on the Corn Exchange comprised 1,600 bushels common and good white Wheat at $2 50 a 2 60. 4,000 bushels ordinary to very good red Wheat at $2 40 a 2 5[illegible], 900 bushels damp and prime white and yellow Corn at $1 5[illegible] a 1 5[illegible]; 4,000 bushels Oats at 90 a 9[illegible] cts. weight, and 100 bushels Rye at $1 70 per bushel.

PROVISIONS.—Market inactive and prices unchanged. We quote as follows: Mess Pork at $3[illegible].50 per bbl; Bacon Shoulders at 21 [illegible]; Sides at [illegible]; new Sugar-cured Hams at 24½ a 25 cts; Western Lard in bbls. at 21½ cents; Baltimore refined at [illegible] cents. Bulk Shoulders at [illegible] cents, and Sides at 20 cents.

MOLASSES.—Demand very limited. We quote new Clayed Cuba 70 a 75; Muscovado 75 a 80 cents; English Island at 70 a 80 cents, and Porto Rico 9[illegible] a 100 cts.

SALT.—Demand slow.—From store we quote Ground Alum $1 00 a 2 10, ordinary brands of fine $4 30 a 4 40 per sack, and Turk's Island $1 00 per bushel.

SEEDS.—Clover continues in fair request and steady at $1[illegible] a 14.25. Timothy we quote $4 50 a 6 75. Flaxseed is heavy and nominal at $3 40 a 3 50.

SUGARS—Transactions in both refining and grocery descriptions are to a fair extent and prices steady, viz.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Cuba and E. I. fair to good ref'g | $16 00 | @17 00 |
| " " good gr'y | 17 0[illegible] | @1[illegible] 50 |
| " " prime gr'y | 19 00 | @19 50 |
| Porto Rico fair to good grocery | 1[illegible] 00 | @20 00 |
| " " prime to choice gr'y | 21 00 | @22 50 |

WHISKY—Prices are lower—sales being reported at $2 [illegible]9.

### NEW YORK MARKETS

NEW YORK, March 8.—Cotton dull, sales at [illegible] cents. Flour has advanced 10 cents; sales 7,500 bbls. State, $9 [illegible] a 9 [illegible], Ohio, $10 [illegible] a 11 [illegible]; Southern $[illegible] a [illegible] 50. Wheat has declined 2 cents, sales 23,000 bushels—Chicago Spring $[illegible], Milwaukee Club $2 10, Michigan, $2 3[illegible] a 2 40. Corn is unsettled; sales 10,200 bushels—New Southern $1 7[illegible] a 1 79. Beef is steady. Pork heavy; sales of 5,000 bbls Mess at $3[illegible] a 3[illegible] 25. Lard quiet; sales of 1,400 lbs at 19½ a [illegible] cents. Whisky closed dull at $2 2[illegible] a 2 27. Groceries are quiet. Naval stores quiet. Petroleum quiet. Freights dull. Gold 197.

## OFFICIAL.

### LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES

*Passed at the Second Session of the Thirty Eighth Congress.*

[PUBLIC—No. 32.]

An Act to facilitate the collection of certain debts due the United States.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That in all cases where debts are due from postmasters, mail contractors, or other officers, agents, or employees of the Post Office Department, who are in default or delinquency, a warrant of attachment may issue against all property, real and personal, possessions, and rights legal, equitable, and contingent, belonging to such officer and his sureties, or either of them, in the following cases:

First. When any such officer, agent, or employee, and his sureties, or either of them, has, within the meaning of the act of July seventeen, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, chapter one hundred and ninety-five, and the proclamation of the President in pursuance thereof, dated the twenty fifth day of July, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, participated in, aided, abetted, or countenanced any rebellion against the United States.

Second. When such officer, agent, or employee, and his sureties, or either of them, is a non resident of the district where such officer was appointed, or has departed from such district for the purpose of residing permanently out of such district or of defrauding the United States, or of avoiding the service of civil process.

Third. When such officer or his sureties, or either of them, has conveyed away or is about to convey away his property, or any part thereof, or has removed or is about to remove his property, or any part thereof, from the district wherein the same is situated, with intent to defraud the United States.—And where such removal has taken place, certified copies of the warrant may be sent to the marshal of any other district into which such property may have been removed, under which certified copies it shall be lawful for such marshal to seize such property and convey it to some convenient point within the jurisdiction of the court from which the warrant originally issued. Alias warrants may issue upon due application, and the validity of the warrant first issued shall continue until the return day thereof.

SEC 2. *And be it further enacted*, That application for such warrant may be made by any district attorney or assistant district attorney or any other person authorized by the Postmaster General, before any judge, or, in his absence, before any clerk of any court of the United States having original jurisdiction of the cause of action. Such application shall be made upon an affidavit of the applicant, or some other credible person, stating the existence of either of the grounds of attachment enumerated in the first section of this act, and upon production of legal evidence of the debt. Upon such application, and upon due order of any judge of the court, or in the absence of any judge, without such order, the clerk shall issue a warrant for the attachment of all the property of any kind belonging to the party or parties specified in the affidavit, which warrant shall be executed with all possible despatch by the marshal, who shall take the property attached, if personal, into his custody, and hold the same subject to all interlocutory or final orders of the court.

SEC 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the party or parties whose property is attached may, at any time within twenty days before return day of the warrant, on giving to the district attorney notice of his intention, file a plea in abatement, traversing the allegations of the affidavit, or denying the ownership of the property attached in the defendants, or either of them, in which case the court may, upon application of either party, order an immediate trial by jury of the issues raised by the affidavit and plea. But the parties may, by consent, waive a trial by jury, in which case the court shall decide the issues raised by the affidavit and plea. Any party claiming ownership of the property attached and a specific return of the same shall be confined to the remedy afforded by this act, but his right to an action of trespass or other action for damages shall not be impaired thereby.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That when the property attached shall be sold on any interlocutory order of the court, or when it shall be producing any revenue, the money arising from such sale or revenue shall be invested in securities of the United States, under the order of the court, and all accretions shall be held subject to the order of the court.

SEC 5. *And be it further enacted*, That immediately upon the execution of the warrant of attachment the marshal shall cause due publication of such attachment to be made, in the case of absconding debtors or adherents of the rebellion, for two months, and in case of non residents for four months. Such publication shall be made in some newspaper or newspapers within the district where the property attached is situated, and the details of such publication shall be regulated in each case by the order under which the warrant is issued.

SEC. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That after the first publication of such notice of attachment in all the newspapers required by this or any subsequent act, every person indebted to the defendants, or either of them, and having knowledge of such notice, whose property is liable to attachment, and every person having possession of any property belonging to such defendants, or either of them, and having knowledge, as aforesaid, shall account and answer for the amount of such debt and for the value of such property, and any disposal or attempt to dispose of any such property, to the injury of the United States, shall be illegal and void. When the person or persons so indebted to or having possession of the property of such defendants, or either of them, shall be known to the district attorney or the marshal, it shall be the duty of such officer to see that personal notice of such attachment is served upon such persons, as in cases of garnishees; but the want of such notice shall not invalidate the attachment.

SEC. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That upon application of the party whose property has been attached, the court or any judge thereof may discharge the warrant of attachment as to the property of the applicant: *Provided*, That such applicant shall enter into and execute to the United States a good and sufficient penal bond in double the amount of the value of the property attached, conditioned for the return of said property, or to answer any judgment which may be rendered by the court in the premises, which bond shall be approved by the court or any judge thereof.

SEC 8. *And be it further enacted*, That the fees, costs and expenses of issuing and serving the warrants of attachment authorized by this act shall be regulated as far as possible by the existing laws of the United States, and the rules of court made in pursuance thereof. In the case of preliminary trials as to the validity of the attachment or the right of property, clerks' and marshal's fees shall be the same as in ordinary cases, and the docket fee of the district attorney shall be ten dollars.

SEC 9. *And be it further enacted*, That this act shall not be construed so as to limit or abridge in any manner such rights of the United States as have accrued or been allowed in any district under the former practice of the United States courts or the adoption of State laws by said courts.

*Approved*, February 23, 1865.


HANCE'S COUGH CONFECTIONS.

HANCE'S COUGH CONFECTIONS.

HANCE'S COUGH CONFECTIONS.

*A CLEAR VOICE IS THE BEAUTY OF SPEECH.*

WHY SUFFER FROM HOARSENESS,
WHY SUFFER FROM COUGH,
WHY SUFFER FROM SORE THROAT!
when a single box of
HANCE'S
COUGH CONFECTIONS
Will give almost instantaneous relief!
They generally relieve Cough or Cold in
TEN MINUTES,
And their continued use will prove successful in curing it.

They are specially recommended to Clergymen.

They are specially recommended to Lecturers.

They are specially recommended to Auctioneers.

They are specially recommended to Public Speakers of all descriptions.

They are specially recommended to Singers.

They are specially recommended to Consumptives.

They are specially recommended to all who suffer from Coughs, Colds or Hoarseness.

I have no hesitancy in saying to any one who is suffering from any of the above-named complaints, try these Cough Confections at once, the experiment only costs twenty-five cents, and in most instances they will give immediate relief; in fact, they must be used to be appreciated. Being compounded of active though harmless ingredients, the trial can always be made with safety; and the results will be such, in almost every instance, as to satisfy the sufferer that he has at length procured the right article.

Hance's Cough Confections are prepared and sold by
SETH S. HANCE,
108 Baltimore street,
d1-eo3m Baltimore, Md.


THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Baltimore city, letters of administration on the estate of HENRY PECK, late of said city, deceased.

All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 27th day of August, 1865, they may otherwise by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 27th day of February, 1865.

ELIZABETH PECK,
mh7-law4w Executrix.


## MEDICAL.

DR. BRADSHAW'S INVIGORATING CORDIAL.

DR. BRADSHAW'S INVIGORATING CORDIAL.
FOR GENERAL WEAKNESS.

DR. BRADSHAW'S INVIGORATING CORDIAL.
FOR NERVOUS DISEASES.

DR. BRADSHAW'S INVIGORATING CORDIAL.
FOR PAIN IN THE BACK.

DR. BRADSHAW'S INVIGORATING CORDIAL
CURES DEBILITATED SUFFERERS

DR. BRADSHAW'S INVIGORATING CORDIAL, For General Debility, Loss of Muscular Energy, Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Weakness, Obstructions, Female Complaints, and all other diseases arising from excess and imprudences in life, and removing all improper discharges from the Bladder, Kidneys or other organs, from whatever cause they may have originated, and no matter of how long standing, giving health and vigor to the frame and bloom to the pallid cheek.

JOY TO THE AFFLICTED.

It cures Nervous and Debilitated Sufferers, and removes all the Symptoms, among which will be found Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, General Weakness, Horror of Disease, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Dreadful Horror of Death, Night Sweats, Cold Feet, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Languor, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, often Enormous Appetite with Dyspeptic Symptoms, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Pallid Countenance and Eruption of the Face, Pain in the Back, Heaviness of the Eyelids, frequently Black Spots flying before the Eyes, with temporary Suffusion and Loss of Sight; want of Attention, Great Mobility, Restlessness, with Horror of Society. Nothing is more desirable to such patients than solitude, and nothing they more dread for fear of themselves; no repose of manner, no earnestness, no speculation, but a hurried transition from one question to another. Effects upon both mind and body can be rectified, and the nervous system healthfully invigorated, where the qualifications of manhood have been impaired.

Price $2 per bottle; two bottles for $5; four bottles for $10; six bottles $12; ten bottles $20; twelve bottles $21.

For sale by SETH S. HANCE,
d1-eo3m 108 Baltimore street.

HANCE'S Sarsaparilla or Blood Pills.

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Hance's Sarsaparilla or Blood Pills.

Hance's Sarsaparilla or Blood Pills.

Hance's Sarsaparilla or Blood Pills.

Hance's Sarsaparilla,
Vegetable or Blood Pills.
For Purifying the Blood.

BALTIMORE, June 29, 1860.

This is to certify that I was afflicted with a violent pain in the breast and right arm which I suppose proceeded from the impure state of my blood. I was recommended to take Hance's Sarsaparilla or Blood Pills, and after taking one box the pain was entirely removed from my breast and arm. I found them extremely gentle in their operation, and would recommend them to every person in want of a mild purgative.

PATRICK ROCHE,
No. 25 Conway street,
between Howard and Eutaw.

In purchasing these Pills let me add
ONE WORD OF CAUTION.

Always ask for HANCE'S PILLS, and purchase of none but those advertised as agents, and if convenient call and see the proprietor himself.

For sale by SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore street, and SWEETZER & CO., corner of Charles and Pratt streets. del eo3m

HANCE'S CHEMICAL HAIR RESTORATIVE.

Hance's Chemical Hair Restorative.
Hance's Chemical Hair Restorative.
Hance's Chemical Hair Restorative.
Hance's Chemical Hair Restorative.
Prevents hair from falling out.

Hance's Chemical Hair Restorative
Causes it to grow on bald heads.

Hance's Chemical Hair Restorative
Prevents hair turning gray.

Hance's Chemical Hair Restorative
Permanently removes Dandruff.

Hance's Chemical Hair Restorative
Gives hair lustre and beauty.

Hance's Chemical Hair Restorative
Renders harsh hair soft and glossy.

Hance's Chemical Hair Restorative
Cures all diseases of the scalp.

Hance's Chemical Hair Restorative
The best hair dressing for children.

Prepared only by SETH S. HANCE,
108 Baltimore street.

Price $1 per bottle.
For sale by SETH S. HANCE,
del eo3m 108 Baltimore street.

BARNUM'S COUGH CANDY!

"HE THAT HATH AN EAR TO HEAR, LET HIM HEAR."

BALTIMORE, Nov. 13, 1856.

The duties of my business have exposed me to coughs, colds and asthma and pulmonary affections. I have been deprived of the power of attending to the duties of my profession, and should have been, had it not been for the benign effects of your MEDICATED CANDY. I tried it but a few hours before I began to reap the advantages of its effects.

MY COUGH AND HOARSENESS LEFT ME—MY LUNGS ARE HEALED.

And my appetite greatly improved. I therefore have no hesitation in adding my testimony to that of the many who have experienced the benefits of your valuable Cough Candy.

WILLIAM MERCER.

Price 35 cents per package, or three packages for $1.

☞Sold by SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore street, and SWEETZER & CO., corner Charles and Pratt streets. del-eo3m

DR. CHALMER'S
SANATIVE TINCTURE,
FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD AND CURING NERVOUS DISEASES.
Price $1 per bottle.

When the blood is impure, and its circulation thereby becomes dull and sluggish, this TINCTURE, by its purifying properties, will impart a more energetic and natural action, increasing thereby the power of the secretive and distributive organs. It relieves, with wonderful rapidity, every disorder incident to the digestive apparatus; restores the appetite; renews the strength; hardens the muscles; braces the nerves; gives elasticity to the spirit; recruits the mental energies; banishes despondency; imparts to the attenuated frame a more robust appearance; allays irritation; calms the disturbed imagination, builds up the shattered constitution, and may be taken without fear by the young or old, the robust or feeble, with equal advantage. The lassitude resulting from late hours, or too close application to labor of any kind, is quickly removed by its action, and ladies engaged in sedentary occupations, and subject to inconveniencies therefrom, will find it a safe and healthy stimulant. For sale by

SETH S. HANCE,
del-eo3m 108 Baltimore street.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.

The combination of ingredients in these Pills is the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and cannot do harm to the most delicate; certain in correcting all irregularities, Painful Menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, hysterics, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a PREMATURE GRAVE. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline. These pills form the finest preparation ever put forward with immediate and persistent success.

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Well known as the
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This preparation is unequalled as a Rejuvenator and Restorer of wasted or inert functions.

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Persons who, by imprudence, have lost their NATURAL VIGOR, will find a speedy and permanent cure in the

BIOKRENE.

The FEEBLE, the LANGUID, the DESPAIRING, the OLD should give this valuable discovery a trial; it will be found totally different from all other articles for the same purposes.

TO FEMALES.—This preparation is invaluable in nervous weaknesses of all kinds, as it will restore the wasted strength with wonderful permanence.

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I am happy to add my testimony to the great value of the "London Hair Color Restorer," which restored my hair to its original dark color, and the hue appears to be permanent. I am satisfied that the preparation is nothing like a dye, but operates upon the secretions. It is also a beautiful hair dressing, and promotes the growth. I purchased the first bottle from Edward B. Garrigues, Druggist, Tenth and Coates streets, who can also testify my hair was very gray when I commenced its use.

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—AND—
MOUSTACHES.

Those who are without these appendages to the face and desire them, would do well to try a bottle of DR. LAFONT'S CAPILLARY COMPOUND. It will force the hair to grow on the smoothest face, and has even been known to produce a fine set of Whiskers and Moustache in six weeks.

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COLORIFIC.
*For Coloring the Hair to a Beautiful Brown or Black.*

Applied without wash or preparation; will not crisp the Hair or Whiskers like a dye; leaves it soft and glossy, promoting its growth; particularly adapted to ladies' use whose hair is prematurely gray.

Guaranteed as represented. Try it.
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