DAILY CLIPPER

WM. WALES.....Publisher.

FRIDAY, MARCH 3, 1865.

TO ADVERTISERS.

The following exhibit of our regular rates will be found of service:

1 Square	1 Time	$ 50
"	2 Times	75
"	3 "	1.00
"	1 Week	1.75
"	1 Month	6.00
"	3 Months	10.00
"	6 "	18.00
"	1 Year	30.00

ONE SQUARE CONTAINS SIX LINES OF SPACE.

[Reported for the Baltimore Clipper.]

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

38th Congress—2d Session.

WASHINGTON, March 2, 1865.

SENATE.—Mr. Sherman presented a petition from rectifiers of spirits in relation to the duty on spirits; and Mr. Sumner presented several petitions for the equality of all men before the law.

Mr. Sumner presented the memorial of the Legislature of West Virginia, asking aid from Congress to enable that State to emancipate her slaves.

Mr. Wilson, from the Military Committee, made a report upon the memorial of the President and Secretary of the Board of Commissioners of the Soldiers National Cemetery Association, praying an appropriation for the erection of a monument over the remains of soldiers who fell at Gettysburg. The report shows that the sum of $65,000 has been contributed throughout the country, and that $50,000 more are required, because of an advance in prices of labor and material. It warmly commends the patriotic effort, with an intimation that Congress may, at a future time, properly be expected to contribute something, the committee declare that a regard for economy and the public welfare render present action inexpedient.

Mr. Trumbull, from the Judiciary Committee, asked to be discharged from the further consideration of petitions for the recognition of God in the Constitution of the United States. The Committee deem it unnecessary to make the asked for amendment, as the Supreme Being is already recognized in the Constitution in the requirement of oaths and the protection of the free exercise of religious opinions.

Mr. Hale offered a resolution, to return as irrelevant, the communication received from the Navy Department yesterday, in reply to a resolution of the Senate, making inquiry as to detectives employed by the Department, and alleged orders to look into transactions of any member of Congress in investigating navy yard affairs.

Mr. Clark called up the House bill for the relief of A O Armes, making appropriation to pay for the destruction of his house at Annandale, Fairfax county, Virginia, by order of the military commander, because of its convenience to the enemy as an assailing point upon our forces.

Mr. Sherman moved to reduce the appropriation to $9 000, and Mr. Nesmith moved to amend by making Mr. Armes a donation of $1 000, as he was an old man and depended now on his friends.

The bill was then postponed until to-morrow.

The report of the conference committee on the army appropriation bill (which had been agreed to by the House,) was received and read.

Mr. Trumbull objected to that provision which requires that no money expended under the act shall be applied to the payment of the bills of Central Railroad for the transportation of troops and army stores. He said no reason was assigned for this in the provision, and no other road was mentioned, and nothing said about land grants. The rolling stock of the Illinois Central Road cost $11,600,000, while the land grant, when made by the United States, was worth only about $7,000,000.

The yeas and nays were called on the adoption of the report, and it was rejected—yeas 13, nays 20.

On motion of Mr. Trumbull, the Senate insisted on its amendments, and a further committee of conference was appointed.

Mr. Powell presented the credentials of Hon. James Guthrie, of Kentucky, Senator elect from the 4th of March next.

Mr. Doolittle presented the certificate of election of Michael Hahn as Senator elect from Louisiana.

Mr. Davis objected to the reception of the certificate.

On motion of Mr. Trumbull, the whole subject was laid on the table.

The consideration of the internal tax bill was resumed.

The pending question was on the proposition increasing the rate of letter postage from three to five cents after the 1st of July next, which was disagreed to.

The Finance Committee amendment exempting State and local bank circulation from taxation, when not exceeding five per cent. of the declared capital, was amended so as to make it ten per cent., the same to apply where the bank has been turned into a National bank, with the assumption of the liabilities of the old bank and the redemption of the bills. In this form, the amendment was adopted.

The section imposing a tax of one half of one per cent. on sales was adopted, the yeas having 29 and the nays 20, the chair giving the casting vote affirmatively.

The Finance Committee's amendment for the appointment of a commission of three to inquire and report upon the subject of the section, was adopted.

An amendment, after considerable debate, was adopted, repealing the fishing bounties from and after the abrogation of the Reciprocity treaty.

Mr. Anthony offered an amendment, in effect giving the preference to any existing local banks with a capital of $75,000, which may apply before the first day of July next to become National Banks. He said the object was to induce the State banks to come into the new system before the time stated, as it therefore let them have the preference over new organizations.

Mr. Van Winkle moved to amend the amendment so as to allow State banks with branches to become National Banks, with their branches, which was agreed to.

Mr. Anthony's amendment, as thus amended, was adopted.

Mr. Johnson offered an amendment exempting fertilizers from the addition of one fifth or 20 per cent. of the rates now imposed in section 94 of the act to which this act is an amendment.

Mr. Clark moved an amendment making the tax on tobacco twisted by hand, for chewing or smoking, and sold for consumption, thirty-five cents per pound, which was adopted.

On Mr. Clark's motion also an amendment was adopted, making the tax on smoking tobacco made with all the stems in, or twice tobacco, including all the scraps, known as fine cut chewing, thirty cents per pound; also, on all smoking tobacco made exclusively of leaf, forty cents per pound.

On fine cut chewing tobacco, whether manufactured with the stems in or not, or however cured, whether loose, in bulk, or in rolls, packages, papers, wrappers and boxes, the House rate of forty cents per pound was retained.

Mr. Cowan moved to strike out the section providing for the inspection of petroleum before its removal for sale, which was agreed to; and on his motion also, the rate of two cents per gallon as a tax on crude petroleum was struck out, and one dollar per barrel of not more than 40 gallons, inserted.

Mr. Cowan offered an amendment that no miners who receipts are less than $1,000 a year, shall be required to take out a license. Adopted.

Mr. Sumner offered an amendment to strike out the section of the original bill requiring foreign insurance agents to pay a license of $50. He explained that another section levied a license of $10 on all insurance agents, and the discrimination was unfair. Adopted. After reading of the bill having been gone through with, the bill was reported to the Senate, when the chair announced such features as had been reserved for a separate vote, could not be acted on.

Mr. Collamer called for a separate vote on the committee's amendment taxing Savings banks, which have no capital stock and whose business is confined to receiving deposits and loaning the same on interest for the benefit of depositors.

The amendment was concurred in, yeas 22, nays 20.

On striking out the 5th section of the original bill taxing every National or State bank or association or banker ten per cent. on the amount of notes of State Banks, paid out by them, the vote was yea 19, nays 21. So the section stands, and it was amended so as to make the tax take effect after the 1st of July, 1866, instead of 1st of January of that year.

The section imposing a tax on sales of one-half of one per cent. was reaffirmed by a vote of 22, to 17.

The amendment (a new section) repealing the fishing bounties from and after the abrogation of the reciprocity treaty with Britain, which by its terms was to take effect from the 15th instant, was rejected, yeas 18, nays 20.

The Senate reaffirmed its disagreement to the Finance Committee amendment to put an additional duty of 20 per cent. on tobacco, snuff, segars, cigarettes, and cheroots.

Mr. Wilson offered an amendment that no war income tax shall be assessed upon officers of the army and navy during the present rebellion—which was rejected.

Mr. Hendricks removed the committee's amendment for increasing letter postage from 3 to 5 cents.

The amendment was rejected—yeas 13, nays 29.

The House offered an amendment equalizing the pay of clerks of Commissioners and Collectors of Internal Revenue, which was adopted.

Then, at quarter to 7 o'clock, the bill, as amended, was passed.

Mr. Grimes called up the House bill increasing the pay of midshipmen in the navy to $30 per year, and it was passed.

Mr. Wilson called up the joint resolution relating to the employment of officer's servants, with an amendment that soldiers of the volunteer service shall have the same allowances for clothing as the regulars.

Mr. Lane offered an amendment that when any officer at the head of a bureau accepts a higher rank than is provided by law for such position he thereby forfeits his position as head of the bureau, which was adopted.

Mr. Sumner offered an amendment that no drafted person shall be exempted from furnishing a substitute in the navy, unless he presents such substitute in person at some naval recruiting station, which was adopted.

The resolution, as amended, was then passed.

The Senate agreed to the action of the House allowing the Committee on the Conduct of the War to act for ninety days after the adjournment of Congress.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—Mr. Cox called up the report heretofore submitted by him from the Committee on Rules, to amend 74th rule of the Committee on Rules, to amend 74th rule so as to add to standing committees to be appointed at the commencement of each Congress, and to consist of nine members each, a committee on Appropriations to take into consideration all executive communications, and such other propositions in regard to carrying on the several Departments of the Government, as may be presented and referred to them by the House. The Committee on Ways and Means being thus divided, it is made their duty to take into consideration all reports of the Treasury Department, and such other propositions relative to raising revenue and providing ways and means for the support of the Government as shall be presented, or shall come in question and be referred to them by the House, and to report their opinion thereon by bill or otherwise. The amendment also provides for a standing committee on banks and banking, and on the Pacific Railroad and defining their duties.

Mr. Cox said the object was still to preserve the Committee of Ways and Means, but it was evident that that committee had much more labor to perform than any one committee could possibly do satisfactorily.

The report was agreed to.

The House in committee resumed the consideration of the civil and miscellaneous appropriation bill.

Mr. Davis, of Maryland, offered an amendment, that no person shall be tried by military commission or court martial, where the civil courts are open, excepting persons actually mustered into the military service of the United States, and rebel emissaries charged with being spies; all proceedings contrary to this provision heretofore had are declared void; and all persons not subject to trial by military commission or court martial shall be forthwith delivered to the civil authorities for trial by civil courts.

Mr. Washburne raised a question of order that the amendment was not germain to the bill.

The chair sustained the point, but upon the vote being taken the committee reversed the decision of the chair.

Mr. Kernan trusted the amendment would be adopted. Without raising party feeling by referring to the many cases of outrage, he hoped the amendment would be adopted.

Mr. Dawes, of Massachusetts, said there having been a special committee to examine into frauds and contracts, he had united in reporting a bill, which became a law, subjecting such offenders to trial by Court Martial. It was an extreme measure, but he felt it was necessary to check what seemed to be a great evil.

Mr. Schenck would vote for the resolution if that part affecting past action could be stricken out, and let the law provide for the future only.

Mr. Stevens expressed regret that Mr. Davis had at this late hour of the session brought before the House a measure of such importance, when there were already pending so many great measures that will demand every hour of the time left before the end of the session.

Mr. Davis said he had not had a proper opportunity to present the matter before, and it was not too late to make a move in the direction, nor would it be until the voice of liberty ceased to be heard. This was no party question. General McClellan himself had signed the first order of the objectionable character. The people had first clamored for arbitrary arrests, and popular clamor had sanctioned violations of the Constitution.—Every man now feels that there must be a stop put to this, for there is now no law in the land. If the law shall be repealed, let us carry the authority down to the bottom of the evil; let us discharge those who have been illegally tried and convicted. Men have turned grey under this persecution.

The amendment was carried by yeas 74, nays 64. Applause followed the announcement of the vote.

The House adjourned until seven o'clock, P. M.

EVENING SESSION.

HOUSE.—The civil and miscellaneous appropriation bill being up, Mr. Schenck unsuccessfully endeavored to strike out Mr. Davis' amendment which had been agreed to before recess.

A number of dollars was added to the civil bill to supply deficiencies.

On motion of Mr. Schenck, an amendment was made that the commutation of clothing to the volunteer shall be the same as that of the regular army.

The House adopted an amendment increasing the pay of the clerks of Congress and the Departments, and increasing the pay of Congressmen 25 per cent.

Mr. Morrill moved to amend that an increase shall not take effect till January, 1870, and not then if before that time the proposition shall be rejected. (Laughter.)

These amendments were rejected.

The committee then rose, and the House proceeded to consider the bill by sections.

On motion of Mr. Davis, the House—80 against 64—concurred in the first part of his amendment, which forbids the trial of civilians by military commission, and struck out the latter part vacating all proceedings of such commissions where civilians had heretofore been tried for offences cognizable in the civil courts.

The bill as thus amended, was passed, yeas 92, nays 34.

Mr. Wilson, from the Joint Committee to wait on the Vice President elect, and inform him of his election, reported that they had performed that duty, and received a verbal answer from Mr. Johnson accepting the trust thus reposed.

Mr. Stevens, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported the Senate bill, with House amendments, to collect direct taxes in insurrectionary districts, which was passed. The same committee reported the House internal revenue tax bill, with Senate amendments, which were non concurred in and referred to a committee of conference.

[Reported for the Baltimore Clipper.]

LEGISLATURE OF MARYLAND.

ANNAPOLIS, March 2, 1-35.

SENATE.—Present, Lieut. Gov. Cox, president, and 19 members.

The bill relating to the burnt records in Baltimore county was verbally amended on motion of Mr. Philpot, and ordered to a third reading.

Leases Obtained to Report Bills.—By Mr. Tome, to amend section 106 of article 81 of general laws. Also, to pay Wm. J. Jewell for painting, which was reported and passed. By Mr. Trail, to repeal the election law requiring the United States Senator to be elected from the Eastern shore. By Mr. Philpot, to amend section 3 of article 3 of local law of Baltimore county relating to collectors. By Mr. Ohr, relating to the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal.

The committee unanimously recommended an amendment to the constitution by the adoption of a joint resolution repealing section 6 of article 8 of the constitution.

[The resolution, if passed, will require to be ratified by the next General Assembly.]

Bill Passed.—Relating to the power of the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore. [Authorizing the Mayor and City Council to tax the personal property of non-residents.]

The Senate adjourned.

The New Milton School Fund.—Mr. Trail, from the joint committee on Education, to which was referred a resolution directing an inquiry into the necessity or expediency of creating a school fund of $6,000,000, by an annual tax of five cents on every one hundred dollars, &c., and of modifying the State Constitution, &c., made a lengthy report therein. The committee say they have come to the conclusion that the accumulation of such an enormous fund is unwise and not demanded by any probable necessity; and that it is grossly unjust to the present generation whom it will burden for many years to come with an extremely onerous tax: That upon a basis of three hundred millions under the new assessment, it will require 20 years to accumulate the fund. The constitution requires up to pay $360,000 per annum for the education of our own children, and an additional $150 000 per annum for thirty years for the benefit of poverty.

Bills Reported.—By Mr. Mantd, from the Committee on the Judiciary, regulating the fees of justices of the peace, with an amendment in the form of a new bill, which was ordered to be printed. By Mr. Carroll, from the Committee on Corporations, to amend the general law relating to corporations; also, to incorporate the Delaware Valley and Sweet Air Turnpike Company. By Mr. Ohr, from the select committee making an appropriation in aid of the Home of the Friendless, which was passed. By Mr. Stephens, to change the time of holding the courts of Harford and Cecil counties, which was passed. By Mr. Billingslea, of Carroll, relating to the sheriff of Carroll county, which was passed. By Mr. Davis, of Caroline, to prohibit the sale of liquors in Federalsburg. Also, to require the county commissioners of Caroline to levy a bounty fund for soldiers, which was rejected, reconsidered and recommitted.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.—Present, Hon. J. M. Frazier, Speaker, and 63 members.

Petitions Presented.—By Mr. McCullough, from 54 farmers of Cecil county, for a repeal of the law requiring the inspection and weighing of grain in Baltimore city: By Mr. Williams, for a law to legalize dredging for oysters in Patuxent river. By Mr. Garrison, from livery stable keepers and others, for a law regulating the keeping of horses at livery. By Mr. McCauley, to authorize the sale of certain lands in Montgomery, and investing the proceeds for purposes of education.—By Mr. Hynes, from Anthony Kitze and others, of Baltimore city, protesting against interesting the fees of wood-coiders. By Mr. Smith, of Allegany, to amend the charter of the Mount Carlo Coal and Iron Company:—By Mr. Anderson, to amend the election laws. By Mr. Morris, to incorporate the Baltimore and Liberty Turnpike Company of Carroll county. By Mr. Jones, to incorporate the Baltimore Warehouse and Security Company. By Mr. Miller, of Washington, to incorporate the Baltimore United Hotel Proprietors' Brewing and Malting Company. By Mr. Poteet, to compensate R. J. Gittings for professional services. By Mr. Miller, of Anne Arundel, to carry into effect the constitutional provision relating to usury. By Mr. Williams, to amend the law relating to public roads in Calvert county. By Mr. Roper, to amend the law relating to the penitentiary—two bills. Also, to amend the penitentiary law so as to provide for the cases of insane convicts. By Mr. Valliant, to amend the general law relating to apprentices; referred to the Committee on Colored Population. Also, to amend the charter of the corporation of Oxford.

Favorable Reports of Committees.—By Mr. Poteet, from the Committee on Claims, to pay the claims of Bisco & Co., McDowell, Robertson & Co., and others. By Mr. Jones, from the Committee on Corporations, to incorporate the Manor and Monkton Turnpike Company, in Baltimore county.

Reports from Select Committees.—By Mr. Poteet, to amend the law relating to wild fowl. By Mr. Nairne, relating to the register of wills of Worcester county. By Mr. Miles, from the Baltimore city delegation, to authorize the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore to build a new city hall. By Mr. Hoffman, to pay the Visitors of Baltimore county almshouses. By Mr. Williams, to incorporate the Calvert Hotel and Improvement Company. By Mr. Miles, to amend the law relating to the abatement of nuisances. By Mr. Robinson, relating to livery stables in Annapolis.

Eastern Shore Senator.—Mr. Anderson reported a bill to repeal the provision of the election law requiring one of the Senators of the United States from this State, to be selected from the Eastern Shore, which was read a second time. A motion to suspend the rules to give the bill a third reading was lost.

The Bounty Bill.—The Senate bill to amend the law recently passed, to provide bounties to soldiers from this State, &c., so as to authorize the county to be paid to volunteers who have been drafted, &c., was amended and passed, and returned to the Senate for its concurrence.

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Bills Passed.—To pay James Sullivan and others certain claims, (with an amendment striking out the claim of S. M. Lawder, of Baltimore city.) The bill to pay former bailiffs of the collector's office in Baltimore city for the collection of State taxes in arrears was amended and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

The House adjourned until to-morrow at 12 o'clock.

[A Union caucus will be held to-night to nominate a State Librarian and Baltimore City Police Commissioner.]

THE CITY COUNCIL.

FIRST BRANCH, March 23, 1865.—James Young, Esq., President.

Mr. Kappert presented a petition from Starr Hoyle, asking permission to erect a frame shed adjoining the drawbridge; referred.

Mr. Hatch presented a petition from Jerome Bonaparte, asking permission to attach a bow window to his premises on Centre street; referred.

Mr. Freeman presented a petition from the superintendents of lamplighters, asking for an increase of compensation; referred.

Mr. Gorsuch submitted a resolution granting permission to Edward Wilkers & Co., to erect a steam engine on Hughes' Quay; also a resolution granting permission to Hufer & Co., to erect a steam engine on their premises, No. 24 Marion street; laid on the table.

An invitation was received from the Rev. H. Dunning, inviting the members of the City Council to attend a lecture to be delivered by Hon. W. D. Kelly, M. C., of Pennsylvania, on Monday evening next, in the church, corner of Green and German streets; accepted.

Mr. Gorsuch called up the ordinance relative to the erection of frame sheds or buildings; passed.

Mr. Cox called up the ordinance making provision for the support of insane paupers in the Maryland Hospital and Mount Hope Institution; passed.

The chair called up the resolution to place a gas lamp on the corner of Thompson and Young streets; adopted.

Mr. Cox called up the ordinance increasing the pay of the superintendents of streets and street scavengers; passed. Adjourned.

SECOND BRANCH.—Daniel Harvey, Esq., President.

There was received from the First Branch, a resolution requesting the representatives of Baltimore city in the General Assembly of the State to use their influence in order that the case of the Mayor and City Council vs. Victor Clunet, in the matter of opening Holliday streets may be speedily tried by the Court of Appeals.

A communication was received from the First Branch stating that Messrs. Ewalt, Forman and Gorsuch had been appointed a committee on the part of the branch to take charge of the remains of Governor Hicks whilst in this city. The President announced that Messrs. Valiant, Moore and McClymon would act on the part of the Second Branch.

The resolution in relation to the system of public school education was received from the First Branch, read, and adopted. The committee on the subject will, it is understood, proceed to Annapolis whenever notified by the Public School Commissioners.

The resolution appropriating the sum of $1000 for the improvement of the bed of Hughes street, was received from the First Branch, and read.

An invitation from the Rev. H. Dunning, Pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church, for the Council to attend a lecture to be delivered on next Monday evening by Hon. Judge Kelly, of Philadelphia. Accepted.

Mr. Moore called up the bill providing for the keeping of insane paupers in the Maryland Hospital and the Mount Hope Institution, and appropriating the sum of $250 per annum for each, which was read and passed. Adjourned.

THE SPRINGFIELD ARMORY.—The barrel-grinders at the water shops in the Springfield Armory all gave their two week's notice of quitting a few days ago. They had to pay $1.70 to the Government for every barrel they spoil in grinding, but lately ascertained that the authorities, on account of the large number of barrels spoiled in going through this process, had raised the sum to $2.75, this change to take effect from the first of January. The workmen claim that this is unreasonable, inasmuch as the quality of the stock which has been used of late is much poorer than formerly, and that this and not their carelessness is in fault. If the disagreement is not adjusted some difficulty may be found in filling the places of the strikers, as the job is by no means an easy one to learn, while it is notoriously unhealthy. There are now about three hundred and thirty thousand muskets at the armory. No shipment of arms has been made for several weeks, and there is no immediate prospect of any.—*Springfield Republican.*

CONFISCATION OF RELEASE.—About a week ago we alluded to the fact of the release of a number of Washington and Baltimore merchants tried by General Doubleday's military commission, for selling goods to blockade runners. The War Department directed that in consideration of the punishment already undergone by Jas. H. Wheeden, Meyer Wallack, Louis Heilbrun, Thomas W. Johnson, Philip Wallack, Samuel Hallbrun, Robert M. Hutton, Charles E. Waters and Jno. H. Hennage, they can be released from further imprisonment during their good behavior, under their respective sentences, and that they engage in no illicit trade nor furnish any aid or comfort to the enemies of the United States, and hold no intercourse with them during the same.—*Washington Star.*

AMUSEMENTS.

Jack Cade.—Despite the disagreeable character of the weather last night, Mr. Forrest was greeted by a large audience. The play of Jack Cade, or the Kentish Rebellion, was produced in a magnificent manner, and Mr. Forrest as the bondman, electrified the audience by his wonderful histrionic abilities. The same play will be presented to-night.—Among the additions to the company at the Holliday, since the engagement of Mr. Forrest, we have noticed with pleasure the efforts of Mr. C. Hess, a young gentleman of pleasing address, and who exhibits germs of talent that will, in a short time, place him in a proud position before the public. His voice is pleasant, his reading and gestures excellent, and his dressing faultless. Miss Annie Wheelock, the favorite actress of the Holliday, will take a benefit on Saturday night next.

Front Street Theatre.—Mr. Barney Williams will take his first benefit to-night at the Front Street Theatre, and will present to his admirers an avalanche of merriment. The plays selected will be those of the Bold Boy of the Mountain, Law for Ladies, and Yankee Modesty, or Irish Assurance. During the evening, Mrs. Williams will appear in eight different characters, and sing a number of songs, and execute several beautiful dances. A family matinee will be observed on Saturday next.

Grand Concert.—Our citizens will learn with pleasure that Mdlle. de Katow, the Russian violoncellist, assisted by other first class artists, will give a grand concert on Saturday evening, 11th instant, at the New Assembly Rooms. The concert at the Monumental Assembly, a few nights since, was a great success. The audience was large and brilliant, and evinced most unmistakably its satisfaction with the performances. Mdle. de Katow is a performer of superb taste and ability—her mastery of that difficult instrument, the violoncello, being probably as great as can be obtained by any player not possessed of masculine strength. Her execution and expression are artistic. On the occasion of the concert alluded to above, the great charm of the entertainment was the exquisite playing of Mr. Wehli. This gentleman showed himself a true artist both in feeling and education. Thoroughly conversant with every difficulty in execution, with extraordinary power and independence in his left hand, and with great evenness, delicacy and brilliancy of touch, he certainly took the audience completely by surprise. Mr. Wehli's solos were all of his own composition, and display great musical fancy. Two of his most pleasing pieces, transcriptions of "Robin Adair" and "Oft in the Stilly Night," were given as encores, and were fragrant with melody and freshness. His fantasia on "Lucia," for left hand alone, was a marvellous exhibition of dexterity, and, though such compositions hardly belong to the genuine domain of art, it was interesting as a monument of skill and study. Seats for the concert on Saturday evening next can be secured at the music store of Mr. Henry McCaffrey, on Baltimore street, between Light and Charles sts.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Court of Common Pleas.—Before Judge King. The following business was transacted in this court on yesterday:

George E. Gordon, William H. Lupton vs. A. B. Abell; before reported. Verdict for plaintiffs. Motion for arrest of judgment moved.

Andrew Bager vs. John M. Denson. Verdict for defendant.

Jacob Fifer vs. J. L. Crim. Off.

William T. Rice vs. Marine Insurance Company; action to recover a claim balance of $442.60 on a policy of insurance of $5,000, on the schooner M. N. Turner. On trial.

Superior Court.—Before Hon. Judge Martin. The following business occupied the attention of this court on yesterday:

Haston vs. Trimble; before reported. On trial.

COURT OF APPEALS OF MARYLAND.

JANUARY TERM—1865.

ANNAPOLIS, March 1st, 1865.

No. 15 —Hugh E Spencer vs. Isaac Varhers, et al—an appeal from the equity side of the Circuit Court for Harford county. This cause was argued by O. Miller for the plaintiff and H. W. Archer for the appellee.

CHEAP CHILDREN.—It should be kept before the people that babies caught to be plump. A letter from Berlin contains the following on the subject:

"To one who has just come from America, I think hardly anything is so striking as to see such multitudes of children from six years of age down to a year old, so jolly, plump and healthy. Look at the first five hundred you meet, and that universal American nuisance, a crying baby, is not to be seen. Why should they cry? They have plenty of simple food—no devouring of pound cake. If the child asks for bread, they do not give him such a stone; have plenty of fresh air and play here, and sleep in their plump nurses' arms and wake and sleep again. The children certainly do not look so delicately beautiful as with us—fairer, but frail and fair—still, were I a parent, I should thank God for the honest, round, rosy, plump faces of these children."

There is something wrong about children that are not chubby, and something wrong about children that are not full of fun and good humor.

A scout in Missouri has achieved distinction by killing seven bushwhackers, during his recent scout in Oregon county.

MINIATURE ALMANAC FOR 1865.

MARCH.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon's Phases.	MARCH.	D.	H.	M.
27-Monday	6 29	5 31					
28-Tuesday	6 28	5 32					
1-Wednesday	6 25	5 33		New	27	12	27m
2-Thursday	6 24	5 35		First qr	4	7	1m
3-Friday	6 23	5 37		Full	12	5	41m
4-Saturday	6 21	5 39		Last qr	20	7	35m
5-Sunday	6 20	5 40					

MARINE AFFAIRS.

PORT OF BALTIMORE, March 2, 1865.

ARRIVED.

Schr Etta G Fogg, Newcomb, from Boston—potatoes and onions to W D Macy.

Schr Winged Racer, Snow, from Boston—potatoes and fish to Kelsey & Gray.

CLEARED.

Steamer Georgeanna, Pearson, Norfolk, Va.

Steamer Sea Gull, Walden, New York.

BELOW.

Ship Auguste, (Brem) Von Harten, from Corrunna, Spain—ballast to Grelden, Helling & Wehrhane, brig Chowan, (Br) from Sagua la Grande, and S B Johnson, from (unpaged) Trinidad.

Brig Julie, (Pr) from Porto Rico—to Kirkland, Chase & Co.

SAILED.

Bark Nellie Fenwick, (Br) Rio Janeiro—in tow of steamtug Vigilant.

Brig Harvy, (Br) Atalanzas—in tow of the steamtug May Queen.

SPOKEN.

Schr Pendora, from Belfast for Baltimore, Friday morning, off Cape Henlopen.

CLEARANCES FOR BALTIMORE.

Steamer Falcon, Alrich, New York, 1st instant.

Ship Macaulay, Rodgers, St Thomas, 16th ultimo.

Schr Clara, Crowell, Boston, 25th ult.

Schr James Freeman, Young, Portland, 25th ult.

Schr Susan, Sears, Georgetown, D C, 24th ult.

ARRIVALS FROM BALTIMORE.

Brig Redwing, Lennon, Rio Janeiro, 11th Jan.

ASHORE.

An unknown brig is ashore on Cape Henry—Reported by the Baltimore pilots.

MEMORANDA.

Bark Elverton, (Br) Smith, for West Indies, and brig Howard, (Br) Howard, Delaware for Liverpool, both hence, went to sea from anchorage.

Brig Joshua, Walker, for Rio Janeiro, and brig Mary Ovalle, for Demerara, both hence, were anchored in Hampton Roads last night—Reported by the Baltimore pilots.

Brig W A Drew, Hatch, for New York, cleared at Savannah 18th inst.

Brig Roseway Belle, (Br) Miller, hence, was at Dominica, 16th ult, dl cg.

Schr Grapeshot, Snow, sailed from Providence 27th ult, for Warren to load for Baltimore.

Schrs (unpaged) M C Durfee, Grinnell, and Carlton Jayne, Sabbin, both hence for Fall River, were at the entrance of Mt Hope Bay, below Bristol, R I, 25th ult.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

SALE AT THE BALTIMORE STOCK BOARD.

Furnished by Leonard J. Tormey, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 21 South Street.

March 2, 1865.

$ 100	American Gold	197
7,000	do do (large)	10
500	do do (small)	10
6,000	do do (large)	10
10,000	do do (large)	10
1,700	U. S. 5-20's	110
1,000	do do (old)	110
11	shares Marine Bank	12
21	shares Bank of Baltimore	3
3	shares Mechanics' Bank	70
100	shares City Stocks, 90	1
50	shares Mineral Hill	1
100	do do do 30	1
2,350	shares Atlantic Coal Co	1
100	shares Santa Clara	2
500	shares Pennsylvania Oil Co	2
800	do do do 830	2
	SECOND BOARD.	
1,300	American Gold (large)	19
1,300	do do (large)	19
500	do do (large)	19
500	do do (large)	19
5,000	do do (large)	19
5,000	do do (large)	19
5,000	do do (large)	19
1,700	U. S. 5-20's	110
1,500	do do	110
10,000	U. S. 7-30's	100
5,000	U. S. 1 year Certificates	90
28	shares Balto. and Ohio R. R	104
500	shares Mineral Hill Min. Co	1

Prices of Stocks and Bonds in N. Y., March 2.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Through L. J. Tormey, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 21 South Street.

	1st B'd.	2d B'd.
United States 6's, 1881, Coupon	110¾	110
" " 5-20's	110½	110⅜
" " in currency	99¼	99⅜
American Gold	197¾	197⅞
Tennessee 6's	..	..
North Carolina 6's	56	55
Missouri 6's	64¾	65
Quaker Company	24¾	24¾
Cumberland Coal and Iron Co.	76¾	75
Quicksilver	79⅞	80
New York Central Railroad	116	115⅞
Erie Railway Company	70¾	71¼
" " Preferred	90	..
Hudson River Railroad	111¼	112
Harlem Railroad	..	..
Reading Railroad	111⅞	111⅞
Michigan Central Railroad	110⅞	111
Michigan S. and N. Ind R. R.	65⅞	66
Illinois Central Railroad	117⅞	117⅞
Cleveland and Pittsburg R. R.	77¾	78
Chicago and North western	32⅞	32⅞
" " Preferred	61¾	62⅞
Cleveland and Toledo Railroad	111⅞	111
Chicago and Rock Island R. R.	95⅞	95⅞
Milwaukee & Prairie du Chien	..	..
Michigan Southern, Ft. Wayne & Chicago	93⅞	93⅞
St. Louis, Alton & Terre Haute	..	..
Tone of the Market	Steady.	Rallying.

By Telegraph from New York, 4 o'clock P. M.

American Gold	198
Erie	70¾
Reading	112¾
Michigan Southern	64
C. & N. Western	32¾
Rock Island	95¾
Fort Wayne	93¾
Cumberland	67¾
Pittsburg	77¾
N. Y. Central	112
Reading	113¾

Tone of the market, Steady.

At Evening Stock Exchange, 10 o'clock, P. M. Furnished by L. J. Tormey, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 21 South street.

American Gold	197¾
Erie Railway Company	71¾
Hudson River Railroad	113¾
Reading	112¾
Michigan S. and N. Indiana Railroad	65¾
Chicago and Northwestern R. R	31
" " Preferred	63¾
New York Central	1 2¾
Cumberland	67¾
Chicago and Rock Island Railroad	95¾
Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad	78¾
Fort Wayne	..

Tone of the market—Dull.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

March 2, 1865.

COFFEE—Rio continues dull and nominal at to-day's quotations for gold.

FLOUR.—Small sales reported at $11 12¾ @11 25 for Superfine, and at $11 62½ for Extra. Market heavy and prices nominal at the close, viz:

Howard Street Super	$11 12¾	$11 25
" " Shipping Ex.	11 50	$11 62½
" " Retailing Ex.	11 75	$00 00
" " Family	12 50	$13 00
Ohio Super	11 00	$11 12¾
" Shipping Extra	11 50	$11 62½
" Retailing Extra	11 62½	$00 00
" Family	12 25	$12 50
City Mills Standard Super	11