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SATURDAY, FEB 18, 1865.

[Reported for the Baltimore Clipper.]

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

38th Congress—2d Session.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17, 1865.

SENATE.—Mr Willey presented the credentials of Joseph Segar, as a Senator elect from the State of Virginia, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Mr. Bowdin, which occurred last winter.

Mr. Sumner moved to refer the credentials to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Willey trusted they would not be referred. There was no reason why that should be done with Mr. Segar's credentials any more than with those of his predecessors.

Mr. Howard hoped the Senate would vote for the credentials. If the Union was to be saved it must be done through the means of just such credentials as these.

Mr. Foster said if the credentials were referred the committee would do no more than inquire if they were correct—if the seal of the State of Virginia was attached to them, and if they were in every respect conformable to law.

Mr. Trumbull said the Committee on the Judiciary would have other questions to decide than the mere formality of the credentials. It would have to decide whether the Legislature that elected Mr. Segar was the properly constituted body, whether it had a right to elect a Senator or not.

Mr. Howard favored the reference. Mr. Segar represented a political community at war with the United States, and in his opinion not entitled to Senators on this floor.

Mr. Sumner said that he regretted that a question of this magnitude had been precipitated in the Senate at this late period of the session, when there was so much public business that has yet to receive consideration.—The Senator from Michigan does not exaggerate its magnitude. It is much to be a Senator of the United States with all the powers and privileges pertaining to that office—powers and privileges, diplomatic and executive. And the question now is, whether all these extraordinary powers and privileges shall be recognized in the gentleman whose certificate has been sent to the Chair. He had thought it his duty, on hearing the certificate read, to move its reference to the Judiciary Committee. He was astonished that there could be any hesitation in making that reference. Senators who hesitate show an insensibility to the character of the question. Is the Senate, he asked, prepared to act blindfolded or with its eyes open? He insisted that on a question of this magnitude the Senate shall act with its eyes open—wide open.

Mr. Foster followed Mr. Sumner, taking the ground that the only question which the Constitution could give rise to would be whether the credentials were according to form of law, with the signature of the Governor and the seal of the State attached. If this was so, they must report favorably. The committee had no more right to say that Mr. Segar should not take his seat if his credentials were right, than they had to say that the Senator from Massachusetts, coming here with his credentials, was not entitled to a seat.

Mr. Sumner. Suppose it was matter of notoriety that I came into this chamber with a certificate from a body of men in Boston not more in character and numbers than a City Council, and not supported by public report to represent the State. I submit whether it would not be the duty of the Senate to inquire into their origin?

Mr. Foster. Certainly, Mr. President, I agree most decidedly in the case put by the Senator that it would be the duty of the Senate to do so. If the honorable Senator from here with credentials certified according to the usual form and signed by the Secretary of State of Massachusetts, with the seal of that noble Commonwealth attached to it, and certifying that he had been elected from such a date to such a date, and these credentials were in proper form, I submit to the Senator that in referring that document to our judiciary committee no such question as the Senator suggests would be raised before the committee or before the Senate. The committee would be charged with the duty of examining the document, and if they found it in due form they would say so to the Senate, and having said that they would say no more unless they travelled out of the record, to investigate whether the Senator had been duly elected by the legislature of the State or by the common council of Boston.

Mr. Howard, after some remarks opposed to the recognition of the rights of Virginia to representatives in the Senate, moved as an amendment to the motion to refer to the Judiciary Committee that the Committee be instructed to inquire and report upon the election and qualification of the claimant.

Mr. Wilson made some remarks, in which he stated that he was in favor of recognizing the State government of old Virginia. Her Senators had been heretofore admitted, and the question thus seemed to be settled.

Mr. Willey replied to the speech of Mr. Sumner, and stated that the Legislature of Virginia represented 210,000 loyal people, and its State government had been recognized by that of the United States, in the passage of the Confiscation amendment officially communicated to it for ratification.

Mr. Sherman said that the credentials of Mr. Segar purport that he was chosen Senator on the 8th of November last, and they have been held by him for more than 60 days, with the knowledge that the presentation would excite discussion. It was a grave political question, about which there were radical differences in the Senate, and he (Mr. S.) would ask whether it was reasonable now for the Senate to stop its deliberations upon the great bills of the session which were pressing for consideration, to give consideration to this question, which would excite debate?

The credentials of Mr. Segar were laid on the table.

Mr. Sumner asked unanimous consent for the immediate consideration of the following resolution:

Whereas, Certain persons have put in circulation the report that on the suppression of the rebellion, the rebel debt or loan may be recognized in whole or in part, by the United States; and whereas, such a report is calculated to give a false value to such rebel debt or loan; therefore,

Resolved, That Congress hereby declares that the rebel debt or loan is simply an agency of the rebellion, which the United States can never, under any circumstances, recognize in part or in any way.

Messrs. Saulsbury and McDougall both objected, and the resolution lies over under the rules.

At mention of Mr. Sherman it was resolved that the Senate take a recess, from 4½ o'clock to 7 P. M.

The Naval Appropriation bill came up as the unfinished business of yesterday, the pending question being on the amendment of Mr. Wade, to establish a Board of Admiralty.

Mr. Hale said he desired to take the occasion to conclude some remarks touching the management of the Navy Department, commenced by him some time since. He charged that the Navy Department had put spies and pimps upon his (Mr. Hale's) track last summer.

Mr. Grimes denied on the authority of Mr. Fox, the statement that the Navy Department had ever given instructions to any detective to examine the conduct of Mr. Hale or anything of the kind.

Mr. Hale had no more doubt that Mr. Fox would deny it than he had that Mr. Fox had given the instructions. He (Mr. Hale) could prove, if human testimony could prove anything, by men who had the confidence of the Navy Department, that if Mr. Fox was not the author of the identical paper containing the instructions about him (Hale) he gave the instructions, and made use of the classical phrase that he was going to camp Hale's tricks. Mr. Hale at length continued his strictures on the mismanagement of the Navy Department.

Mr. Saulsbury rose to thank Mr. Hale for his exposition of the frauds and corruptions of the Republican party, and proceeded to allude to the condition of the country under Democratic administration as compared with its present condition, saying fraud and corruption stalked abroad through the land.

Mr. Doolittle replied, saying that the Democratic party by name was a party of very modern origin, and proceeded to trace the history of parties in the country, from the origin of the Republican party in 1798 down to 1860.

Mr. Nye commenced to address the Senate, saying that he was one who had formerly been a democrat, and was not ashamed that he had left that party after it had fallen from its old glorious career and practice.

The hour of 4½ o'clock having arrived, the chair announced a recess till 7 P. M.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—Mr. Dawes, from the Committee on Elections, reported in favor of the claim of A. P. Field to a seat in the House, as representative from the Second District of Louisiana. Also, in favor of W. P. Mann as representative for Third District of that State.

The same Committee reported in favor of the claims of Messrs. Jacks and Johnson, as representatives respectively of the First and Third Congressional Districts of Arkansas.

Mr. Hale, from the Committee on Claims, reported the Senate bill for the relief of Henry A Brigham, Paymaster at the Arsenal in Watervliet.

The bill was passed by a vote of 74 ayes to 35 noes.

The House also passed—by ayes 83, noes 19—the bill for relief of George Wells & Bro., from payment of a penalty of $200 per day for each days' delay, after January 10, 1864, until the day when repairs on United States steamer "Albany" were completed.

The House refused to refer to the Court of Claims, the claims of F. P. Mi Pflar, for horses and beef cattle alleged to have been taken by United States troops, in Loudon county, Va., in 1861. Ayes 60, nays 70.

The House, in Committee of the Whole, resumed the consideration of the amendatory internal revenue tax law.

The pending amendment being a proposition to impose a tax on all stills was thoroughly discussed.

Mr. Odell in the course of his remarks said that our foreign trade, as shown by official statistics, for the quarter ending June 30, 1864, was as follows, viz: Imports, $128,814,559; add 45 premium upon gold, at 200, $16,155; add 5% premium upon gold, at 200, $102,316,152; add for profits, charges, freights, etc., 10 per cent., $31,451,454. Total value of imports when ready for sale, $344,698,317. Exports for same period, $349,666,060, making, with imports, $905,264,377. The settling, with imports, $905,264,377. The estimate is that goods are sold at least three times; this gives as the sales of the last year of foreign trade, $2,715,793,191. Upon this trade, alone a tax of ½ per cent. will yield $13,578,965.93. Manufactures of the country, by the census returns, show the value of the same in the States not in rebellion, to have been at former low prices, $175,650,000. This amount multiplied three times, as being sold, gives a total of $5,254,950,000, which at ½ per cent. tax would yield $26,272,750. Added to proceeds of sales upon foreign goods, makes a total of $39,852,715. This does not include sales of produce in any form.

The amendment imposing a tax of one-half of one per cent. was passed, by a vote of 58 ayes to 56 nays.

Mr. Wilson offered an amendment imposing a tax of ten per cent. upon the amount of any notes of State banks paid out by National Banks, after Dec. 31, 1865. The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. Schenck, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported a number of amendments to the Enrolment Act, which were ordered to be printed.

Mr. Stevens offered an amendment defining a gold broker to be one who deals in bullion or gold, paying therefor a price above the mint value, and requiring him to take out a license, for which he shall pay one thousand dollars. Dealing without this license is deemed a misdemeanor, and subjects the party to a penalty of $2,000. All sales of gold, for any other purpose than duties on imports and exports, to be taxed ten per centum.

Mr Stevens said the daily sales of gold in New York averages thirty millions of dollars. Tax on this would yield, under this amendment, a revenue to the government of $3,000,000 per day.

The amendment was passed; ayes 51, nays 43.

The Committee rose and the House adj'd

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LEGISLATURE OF MARYLAND.

ANNAPOLIS, Feb. 16, 1865.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.—[Evening Session.]—The following bills were read a second time: To amend the code relating to county commissioners. To increase the pay of the police force of Baltimore city. [The amendments of the committee as heretofore reported were adopted.]

Bills Passed.—To incorporate the Locust Point Company of the city of Baltimore.—[This bill was amended by providing that no stock shall be issued under this act until the debts and liabilities of the Locust Point Company as now organized shall be paid.] To prohibit the sale or giving away of spirituous or fermented liquors in the counties of this State on election days. To regulate and make uniform the fees of Justice of the Peace. To change the name of Mary Hicks, of Caroline county, to Fanny Homera Eaton. To repeal the law regulating the running at large of stock in and about the city of Annapolis. To amend the charter of the Dulaney Valley and Sweet Air Turnpike Company. To pay Thomas Donaldson for legal services. To provide for the execution, acknowledgment and recording of bonds of conveyance and other obligations to convey real estate, and to make valid such instruments as may have been before executed, or acknowledged and recorded. To change the names of Z. O. Simmons to John Zimmons. To make valid the official acts of justices of the peace and constables who failed to qualify in time under the new Constitution, and who have since been reappointed and qualified according to law. Senate bill making it larceny to take a slipe from a building.

Mr. Anderson, chairman of the committee on militia, reported a bill to provide for the organization and discipline of the military forces of the State. [This bill is the same in substance as the "regulations" lately issued by Governor Bradford in a general order, under the authority of the act of 1864.]

ANNAPOLIS, February 17.

SENATE.—Present, Lieutenant Governor Cox, President, and 19 Senators.

United States Senator.—Mr. Ohr offered a message to the House declining to concur in the proposition from the House to enter into a joint ballot for the election of United States Senator on Tuesday next, which was adopted—yeas 10, nays 9—(all the Union Senators voting yea.)

A message was received from the Executive officially informing the General Assembly of the decease of Senator Hicks, &c.—[The message was sent to the House.]

Orders Presented.—By Mr. Ohr, that the Treasurer report what payments have been made into the Treasury since 1841, by the Annapolis and Elk-ridge Company; adopted.

Mr Maund, from the Committee on Judicial Proceedings, reported joint resolutions subscribing to Cohen & Lee's Digest of English Statutes, now in force in Maryland.

Bills Reported.—By Mr. Tome, from Committee on Finance, in favor of E. F. Cambler. By Mr. Owen, from a select committee, to amend section 4, article 50, of General Laws. By Mr. McNeal, from select committee, relating to the streets of Easton, Talbot county. By Mr. Maund, from judiciary committee, to amend article 50 of General Laws.

Bills Read a Second Time.—Amending the local law of Dorchester county; to incorporate the Potomac Mining Company. The bill relating to the registration of births, deaths and marriages, was taken up and recommitted.

Bills Passed.—Relating to revenue and taxes; incorporating the German Fire Insurance Company of Baltimore city, with an amendment, in which the House concurred.

The Senate adjourned until Thursday next, (Wednesday, the 22d of February, being considered a holiday.

Leaves Obtained to Report Bills.—By Mr. Ohr, to incorporate the Coal, Iron and Oil Company of Allegany county; also, to incorporate the Meadow Coal Oil Company of Allegany county. By Mr. Maund, to amend the law relating to fees of notaries public; also, to amend section 10 of article 11 of the Code relating to the oath of attorneys and other practitioners of law. By Mr. Turner, to amend the charter of the South Baltimore Company. By Mr. Maund, to require an oath of allegiance to the United States to be taken by the officers and agents of corporations, as required by the Constitution.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.—*Petitions Presented.*—By Mr. Silver, from Wm. H. Thompson and others of Harford, for a turnpike to Churchville. By Mr. Hambleton, from Thomas A. Gaither, late clerk of the Circuit Court of Baltimore city, for certain compensation. By Mr. Markey, from the corporation of Frederick for authority to borrow $50,000 to pay the banks of Frederick city their portion of a loan of $200,000, advanced to pay the rebel General Early, to save the city and county from sack and plunder. By Mr. Anderson, from corporation of Hagerstown for authority to lease the town hall.

Mileage of Members.—Mr. Rinehart offered the following order:—"That the order passed this body instructing the Committee on Claims to adjust the mileage in accordance with the present existing law be rescinded, and that said committee be instructed to adjust the mileage in accordance with the act of 1849, chapter 178, &c., provided that the pay and mileage of each member shall be strictly the constitutional limit of $400." The Chair decided the order out of order, the instructions to the committee having been already in part executed, &c.

Mr. Rinehart appealed from the decision of the Chair, and the House sustained the Chair by yeas 56, nays 7.

Leaves to Report Bills.—By Mr. Blothower, to amend the law relating to the Maryland Blind Institution, and to appropriate a sum of money for the erection of a building for its use. By Mr. Harris, to incorporate the Hopswell Mining Company. By Mr. Wardwell, to incorporate the Shade Run Coal Oil and Coal Company. By Mr. Markey, to amend the local laws (sec. 310, art. 11,) of Frederick county; also, to amend art. 11 of the local laws of said county. By Mr. Harris, to increase the pay of the wood corders of the State. By Mr. Rittenhart, to repeal section 151 art. 30, of general criminal law. By Mr. Pilkington, to refund E. C. Small a sum of money paid in error. By Mr. Anderson, to authorize the incorporation of Hagerstown to lease the town hall.

Favorable Reports of Committees.—By Mr. Soper, from the Committee of Ways and Means, to amend the bounty law so as to make the bounties payable to the widows and heirs of deceased soldiers. By Mr. Jones, from the Committee on Internal Improvements, to incorporate the Baltimore, Harford and Cecil Railroad Company. By Mr. Willis, from the Committee on Internal Improvements, Senate bill to amend the charter of the Philadelphia and Baltimore Central Railroad Company.—

By Mr. Foster, from the Committee on Claims, reported an order to pay the Speaker of the House a per diem of ten dollars. Mr. Rinehart moved that the pay be fixed at seven dollars per day, which was rejected, and the report of the Committee was adopted—yeas 49, nays 11.

The Constitution provides that the President of the Senate shall receive the same compensation as the Speaker of the House.

The House took a recess until 7½ o'clock

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

Court Martial Orders.—The following orders have been issued by Gen. Morris:

A General Court Martial is hereby appointed to meet in the city of Baltimore on the 19th inst., or as soon thereafter as practicable for the trial of Private Enrree Ellsworth, Company A, 23d Regiment Veteran Reserve Corps, and such other prisoners as may be brought before it. Detail for the Court—Lieut.-Col. W. H. W. Rose, 31st United States Colored troops, Capt. L. M. M. Marsh, 10th Virginia Volunteers, Captain J. McCowry, 155th New York Volunteers, Capt. Theo D. Norris, 170th New York Volunteers, Capt. Wm. Hyser, 6th Michigan Cavalry, Second Lieut. J. T. Cunningham, 184th New York Volunteers. Major W. P. Lord, 1st Delaware Cavalry, is appointed Judge Advocate of the Court. No other officers than those named can be assembled without manifest injury to the service. Should any of the officers named in this order be prevented from attending, the Court will nevertheless proceed to and continue the business before it, provided the number of members present be not less than the minimum prescribed by law.

A general court martial is hereby appointed to meet in the city of Baltimore on the 20th instant, or as soon thereafter as practicable, for the trial of private Patrick Lyden, Co "B," 8th United States Infantry, and such other prisoners as may be brought before it. Detail for the Court.—Lieut. Colonel John R. Edie, 8th U. S. Infantry; Captain F. W. Alexander, Baltimore Battery Lt. Artillery; Captain W. G. Egerton, 11th U. S. Infantry; Captain E. W. F. Read, 8th United States Infantry; 1st Lieut. P. H. Remington, 8th U. S. Infantry; 2d Lieut. G. S. Aikes, 8th United States Infantry. Captain G. E. Head, 11th U. S. Infantry, is appointed Judge Advocate of the court. No other officers than those named can be assembled without manifest injury to the service. Should any of the officers named in this order be prevented from attending, the Court will nevertheless proceed to and continue the business before it, provided the number of members present be not less than the minimum prescribed by law.

The Sunday School Union.—The ninth anniversary of the Maryland Sunday School Union was held on last Tuesday evening in the Central Church with admirable tacts.—The choir led the singing; prayer by the Rev. Dr. Martin; reading of the Scripture by Rev. J. T. Murray. The annual reports of the Treasurer and Missionary Secretary were presented, and after some introductory remarks by the President, G. S. Griffith, Esq., the Rev. Dr. Newton, of Philadelphia, was introduced, and delivered an admirable address on the missionary aspect of the Sunday School work, which will be published in the annual report. This society has been very successful in its operations during the past year. Seven missionaries were engaged to plant schools in destitute places, who have organized 98 schools, and brought more than 11,000 neglected children under religious instruction in the State; $5,017 98 were collected for Sunday Schools in Maryland, and upwards of $1,000 was raised by special contributions to meet the urgent appeals for aid from many parts of Virginia. Compared with former years this is encouraging, but there are still nearly 5,000 children in Maryland destitute of Sabbath School instruction. The Society will not relax in its efforts until the whole State is supplied with Sabbath Schools; we must bring them in, and tell them of Jesus.

Visit to the Jail.—Both branches of the City Council yesterday morning made their annual visit to the City Jail, for the purpose of examining the books of the institution and inspecting the manner in which the Jail has been conducted during the past year. The books, as kept by Mr. David Gowan, clerk, were found to be correct, and a high compliment was paid to that gentleman for his correctness. Capt. Thomas C. James, the efficient warden of the jail, conducted the visitors through the institution, and everything was found to be in the most perfect keeping. There are at present in the jail 152 city prisoners and 92 government prisoners, making a total of 244. After the visitors had carefully examined all points of interest about the building they were invited by Capt. James to partake of a most excellent dinner. Those of our readers who have experienced the good fortune of indulging in a dinner gotten up by the Captain can form an idea as to the feast partaken of yesterday. The following are the officers of the jail:

Board of Visitors: Charles Bridgely, Edward L. Thomas, Charles Dunlap, W. W. Simpson, Thos H. Miles. Warden: Thomas C. James. Clerk: David Gowan. Physician: Dr. John F. Powell. Deputy Wardens. S. H. Price, A. J. Burke, James A. Passmy, James Wright, John W. Sindall, James Watson, John Carnes, W. W. Woodward. Engineers: H Hughes, William Perdul. Baker: Benjamin Sanders. Matron: Elizabeth Deiter.

Rebel Prisoners.—During the past week several thousand rebel prisoners from Camp Douglas and Camp Chase have passed through our city en route for Fortress Monroe for the purpose of being exchanged. Yesterday there arrived from Camp Chase, Columbus, Ohio, 500 prisoners. They were marched to Fort McHenry, where they will be detained until transportation for Fortress Monroe can be obtained. Among the prisoners yesterday, were Col. Morris and Major Steele, of Kentucky. They were permitted to leave in the Old Point steamer yesterday.

Disorderly Females.—Angeline Redfield and Josephine Kersey, were arrested on Thursday night, charged with being disorderly. The female Redfield was also charged with assaulting and threatening Miss Kersey. Justice Whalen released them on security to keep the peace.

Reasonably Discharged.—Erhart Miller, who has been confined in jail for the past four weeks, on the charge of being a suspicious character, and James Furmilder, arrested a few weeks since on the charge of relating a provost guard, were yesterday discharged from the military prison yesterday.

Dangerously Injured.—Henry Coles, an employee at the Bolton depot, was seriously injured on Thursday afternoon, while attempting to couple two cars. He was caught between the bumpers and injured internally. He received the attention of Dr. Greentree.

Obstructing the Footway.—Geo. Allen and Frank Murnanagan were arrested on Thursday charged with obstructing the foot way. Justice Dryden fined them each $1 and costs, and committed Murnanagan to jail in default of paying the fine.

Supposed Theft.—Nathan Roberts was arrested on Thursday night charged with having in his possession a quantity of ten supposed to have been stolen. The accused was locked up in the Central station house for a hearing.

Theft of Money.—Maria Dorsey, colored, was arrested on Thursday night, charged with stealing $15, the property of John H. Hutchinson. Justice Dryden committed her to jail to await the action of the Grand Jury.

Bogus Detectives.—Charles H. Silvers and Irvin Carter were arrested on Friday, charged with acting as Government detectives, without authority. They were handed over to Capt. Wiegel, for a hearing.

AMUSEMENTS.

A Musical Novelty.—The ever enterprising, impressive Max Strakosch, just returned from Europe, has brought with him a most charming novelty in the person of a Mdlle. Helene De Katow, a lady violoncellist, who has been delighting the most critical audiences on the continent with her admirable manipulation of that favorite instrument. Mdlle. De Katow is spoken of as possessing gifts of the highest order, and it will be quite a sensation to see a young and handsome lady handling an instrument heretofore deemed fit only for masculine fingers. The lady in question is now performing at Niblo's, New York, to large audiences, and the critics seem to be equally enraptured with the beauty of her person, and the charm of her playing. It may add also to the public interest which is taken in Mdlle. De Katow, to know that she is the daughter of an eminent Russian statesman, who has been exiled for his liberal political sentiments. It will be seen by the advertisement, that this lady, assisted by Mr. Perring, the favorite tenor, Miss Laura Harris, and other notabilities, will give a concert on Wednesday evening next, at the New Assembly Rooms, the sale of tickets for which will commence to day at McCaffrey's music store.

The Seventh Representation.—The Workmen of Baltimore, or the Cause of Drink, will be presented at the Front street Theatre to-night for the seventh time. The desire to witness this great creation of the genius of Miss Keene continues unabated, and new beauties are observable in the play each time that it is presented. It is prolific in exciting scenes, beautiful tableaux, situations, &c.

Second Reading.—Mr. James Murdoch will give his second reading to-night at the Assembly Rooms. The reading on Thursday night was a grand success, the large saloon of the Assembly Rooms being crowded with the wealth and intelligence of our city. Persons who contemplate visiting the Assembly Rooms tonight, should secure their seats this morning, as the desire to hear Mr. Murdoch is very great.

The Streets of New York.—This excellent drama will be offered to our play goers this afternoon at the Holliday street Theatre. Poverty and rascality are the prominent features in this drama. Our lady readers should not fail to witness this highly interesting production. The Streets of New York will also be presented at night.

Family Matters.—The exciting and truthful picture of the Workmen of Baltimore will be presented this afternoon at the Front Street Theatre. This will prove an excellent opportunity for the ladies to witness the most effective domestic play ever presented to our citizens.

THE CITY COUNCIL.

FIRST BRANCH, February 17, 1865.—James Young, Esq., President.

Mr. Evans submitted resolutions adverse to the petitions of Dr. Greentree, and Guy & Co., laid on the table.

Mr. Hatch called up the ordinance providing for the storage of coal oil. This ordinance provides that no person shall store in any one house more than twenty barrels of oil, under a penalty of $5 for each barrel exceeding twenty for every day such excess shall continue, provided that no proprietor or agent of a manufacturing or refining establishment of coal oil or benzine, now in operation within the limits of the city, shall be liable to the penalty above named, who shall satisfy the Mayor and City Council that such establishment is not dangerous to the lives and property of others. After considerable discussion the bill was postponed until Tuesday afternoon next.

The ordinance repealing the ordinance relative to the bonds of the Pittsburg and Connelsville Railroad, was received from the Second Branch and adopted. Also the ordinance relative to filling the quota of the city under the late call for 300 000 men; laid on the table.

Mr. Wagner submitted a petition from Dr. M. Cole, asking permission to alter a frame house, No. 86 Exeter street; referred.

Mr. Jones called up the resolutions in relation to the death of Senator Hicks; adopted.

Mr. Keyser called up the resolution approving of the course of Mayor Chapman in appointing a receiver for the Baltimore and Connelsville Railroad; adopted.

Mr. Evans submitted a resolution appointing a committee to inquire into certain alleged charges in the management of the Police and Fire Alarm Telegraph; laid on the table.

Mr. Foreman submitted a resolution to remove a pump on Pennsylvania avenue; referred.

Mr. Dinsey submitted a resolution to place fire stoves in certain localities; referred.

Mr. Gorsuch called up the resolution granting permission to C. Monmeier to repair two frame houses on Washington street; adopted.

Adjourned until Monday.

SECOND BRANCH.—Daniel Harvey, Esq., President.

Mr. Irelan called up the bill No. 27, entitled an ordinance to repeal section third of ordinance No. 29, of the annual ordinances of 1856, entitled an ordinance to guarantee the bonds of the Pittsburg and Connelsville Railroad Company.

Mr. Robert moved that the bill lie on the table until printed, which was negatived, when the bill passed.

The bill authorizing the leasing of a lot of ground on the corner of Columbia and Scott streets, for the purpose of erecting a public school building; which was called up, read and passed.

The report of the committee unfavorable to the petition of Nicholas Gatch and others, in relation to stalls in the Belair market, was called up and adopted. Also, the report of the committee adverse to the building of a new market house and town hall on Forrest street. Adjourned.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Criminal Court.—Judge Bond.—Robt. C. Barry, Esq., (in consequence of the continued illness of John L. Thomas, Jr., Esq.,) prosecuting. The following business occupied the attention of this court yesterday:

Ellen Lurcyn alias Forts, indicted for keeping a bawdy house, corner of Amity and Boyd streets; fined $10 and costs. Richard Gavett, colored, indicted for the larceny of one barrel of flour, valued at $10, the property of Morris Schwarb, was tried before the Court and acquitted. Peter McFadden, alias Brickleman, indicted for assaulting, with intent to commit a robbery on her husband, by stabbing him in the head with a knife, was adjudged guilty of a common assault, and fined $70 and costs.—Susan Lemmon, colored, indicted for the larceny of a quantity of wearing apparel, the property of John W. D. Pratt; was tried before the Court and adjudged guilty. Henry Lewis, indicted for the larceny of 900 feet of lumber from Henry Dannettel & Co., and also Charles H. Abhan, indicted for receiving the same, knowing it to have been stolen, were tried before the Court and adjudged not guilty; Adjourned.

Orphans' Court.—Before the Hon. Judges Audoun, Supplee and Hoffman. The following business occupied the attention of this court yesterday:

The will of Michael Gaffney was admitted to probate, and letters testamentary on his estate granted to Mary Ann Gaffney. Letters testamentary were granted on the estate of James Mair to Patrick Gibson, John Boyd and William H. Hinkley, and on the estate of Garrison Draper to Thomas H Miller. Letters of administration were granted on the estate of Martin B. Rittenhouse to Henry F. Garey, and on the estate of Mary Wright to William R. Monroe.

Superior Court.—Before Hon. Judge Martin The following business occupied the attention of this court on yesterday:

Isaac DeFord and others vs. Jos. Ford vs. Geo. A. Ford.—Settlement or judgment laid in the hands of the Mechanics' Bank; motion to quash. This case was concluded yesterday, and the motion to quash was granted. The Court decided that the funds attached were the property of the Government and not of the defendant, and therefore that the attachment could not lie. An appeal will be taken.

Assignment for Monday from 650 to 696.

Court of Common Pleas.—Before Judge Kerr. The following business was transacted in this court on yesterday:

Wm. W. Taylor and Borst F. Gardner, vs A. B Saltzbacher. Verdict for plaintiffs for $266 95.

Assignment to-day from 79 to 110.

[*Reported for the Baltimore Clipper.*]

COURT OF APPEALS OF MARYLAND.

JANUARY TERM—1865.

ANNAPOLIS, Feb. 16, 1865.

No. 14—Walter Billingslea vs. John S. Baldwin and wife et al. An appeal from the equity side of the Circuit Court for Harford county. This cause was argued and concluded by O. Miller for the appellant, and H. W. Archer for the appellee.

MINIATURE ALMANAC FOR 1865.

FEBRUARY.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon's Phases.
			FEBRUARY.
			D. H. M.
13-Monday....	6 47	5 13	First qr 7 8 8 a
14-Tuesday....	6 45	5 15	New 15 3 3 a
15-Wednesday	6 43	5 16	First qr 22 2 8 m
16-Thursday...	6 42	5 17	Full 10 11 28 m
17-Friday....	6 41	5 18	Last qr 19 4 37 a
18-Saturday...	6 39	5 19	
19-Sunday....	6 39	5 21	

MARINE AFFAIRS.

PORT OF BALTIMORE, February 17, 1865.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Louisiana, Porter, from Norfolk, Va—to M N Falls.

Steamer Adelaide, Cannon, from Norfolk—to M N Falls. Reports the ice very heavy in the bay and running. Passed off Sharp's Island a ship, bound up, with a tug ahead of her.

CLEARED.

Steamer Adelaide, Cannon, Norfolk.

Schr. Gnapshot, Snow, Providence—Bevan, Phillips & Co.

Schr. Herbert Manton, Minckley, Providence—Bevan, Phillips & Co.

ASHORE.

Bark Nellie Fenwick, (Br.) Boyd, hence for Rio Janeiro, is ashore on Herring Bay, and is leaky. Capt. Boyd came up for assistance.

DISASTERS.

Schr. Priscilla, Crowther, from Cay Verde for Baltimore, put into Issaqua 22d ult., leaking and with loss of foremast, and was condemned. Part of her cargo (guano) was reshipped on board schooner Freeman, of Provincetown, for Baltimore.

CLEARANCES FOR BALTIMORE.

Steamer Falcon, Alrich, New York, 16th, instant.

Steamer Kingfisher, Bector, New York, 11th inst.

MEMORANDA.

Schr R. P. King, Smith, hence for Hyannis, sailed from New London 11th.

Steamer Wm. Kennedy, Hallet, sailed from New York on Tuesday noon for Baltimore, and is reported below.

Schr. Eustace Furlong, hence via Rio Janeiro, arrived at San Francisco 12th ult.

Schrs Slight, Gladding, from Providence, for Baltimore, and Sarah A. Green, Carey, from Boston, for do, were at anchor 13th instant, in sight of Tybee Island.

Schr Hannis Westbrook, Littlejohn, from Portland for Baltimore, remained at Newport 14th instant.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

SALE AT THE BALTIMORE STOCK BOARD.

Furnished by Leonard J. Tormey, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 22 South Street,

Feb. 17, 1865.

5,000 American Gold (large)			204⅝
1,000 do	do	(large) s10	204⅝
1,000 do	do	(large) b30	204⅝
500 do	do	(large)	204⅝
1,000 do	do	(large)	204⅝
1,000 do	do	(large)	204⅝
5,000 do	do	(large)	205
5,000 do	do	(large) s15	205
5,000 do	do	(large) b10	205
1,000 U. S. 5-20's			110⅝
5,000 do	do		110⅝
5,000 U. S. 7-30's			100
25 shares Franklin Bank			12⅝
5 shares Union Bank			71
200 shares City Stocks, '90			104
55 shares Balto. and Ohio R. R.			110
100 shares N. Central R. R. b30			52
1,000 Missouri 6's			65
1,500 shares Maryland Copper Co			20
1,000 do	do	do b30	19
108 North Star			30
1,100 do	do	do	30
900 shares Rare Hill Co.			2.30
500 shares Pennsylvania Oil Co.			2.00
500 do	do	do b30	2.05
300 do	do	do	2.05
300 do	do	do b30	2.15
300 do	do	do	2.10
500 do	do	do	2.25
900 do	do	do	2.20
500 shares Balto. Chrome b30			2.60
1,000 shares Laurel Coal & Oil Co b30			5.25
500 do	do	do	5.15
334 do	do	do (large)	204⅝
2,300 do	do	do (large)	204⅝
600 do	do	do (large)	204⅝
2,300 do	do	do (large) b30	204⅝
4,000 do	do	do (large) s30	204⅝
7,000 do	do	do (large) b30	205⅝
3,000 do	do	do (large) b3	205
4,000 U. S. 5-20's			110⅝
1,500 Baltimore City 6's, '98			2.25
500 shares Bare Hill Co.			2.30
1,000 do	do	do b30	2.30
1,000 do	do	do	2.30
1,000 do	do	do	2.25
1,000 do	do	do	2.15
1,000 do	do	do	2.20
1,000 do	do	do	2.15
1,000 do	do	do	2.20
200 do	do	do b3	2.25
100 do	do	do s30	2.25

Prices of Stock and Bonds in N. York, Feb. 17.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Through L. J. Tormey, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 22 South Street.

	1st B'd.	2d B'd.
United States 6's, 1881, Coupon	111	111⅝
" " 5-20's	111⅛	111⅝
" " in currency	99⅝	99⅝
American Gold	203⅝	203⅝
Tennessee 6's	56	56
Virginia 6's	56	--
North Carolina 6's	66⅝	66⅝
Missouri 6's	31⅝	31⅝
Canton Company	57⅝	57⅝
Cumberland Coal and Iron Co.	58	58
Quicksilver	9	9
New York Central Railroad	113	113⅝
Erie Railway Company	73⅝	73
" " Preferred	93	93
Hudson River Railroad	108	107⅝
Harlem Railroad	--	--
Reading Railroad	113⅝	113⅝
Michigan Central Railroad	110	110
Michigan S. and N. Ind R. R.	65⅝	65⅝
Illinois Central Railroad	119⅝	119
Cleveland and Pittsburg R. R.	63⅝	62
Chicago and Northwestern R.	34⅝	34⅝
" " Preferred	64	64⅝
Cleveland and Toledo Railroad	112	--
Chicago and Rock Island R. R.	96⅝	96
Milwaukee & Prairie du Chien	46	45
Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago	97⅝	96⅝
St. Louis, Alton & Terre Haute	28	--
Tone of the Market	Irreg't.	Weak.

By Telegraph from New York, 4o'clock P. M.

American Gold	203⅝
Erie	74⅝
Hudson	108⅝
Southern	34⅝
C. & N. Western	93⅝
Rock Island	95⅝
Fort Wayne	96⅝
Cumberland	61⅝
Pittsburg	112⅝
N. Y. Central	113⅝
Reading	--

Tone of the market, Heavy.

At Evening Stock Exchange, 10 o'clock, P. M. Furnished by L. J Tormey, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 22 South street.

American Gold	203⅝
Erie Railway Company	74
Hudson River Railroad	108⅝
Reading	114⅝
Michigan S. and N. Indiana Railroad	64⅝
Chicago and Northwestern R. R.	34⅝
" " Preferred	64⅝
New York Central	112⅝
Illinois Central	119⅝
Cumberland	58⅝
Chicago and Rock Island Railroad	95⅝
Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad	62⅝
Fort Wayne	95⅝

Tone of the market.—Heavy.

Gold after call sold at 204⅝; closed 204.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

February 17,