DAILY CLIPPER.

WM. WALES.....Publisher.

MONDAY, FEB. 13, 1865.

TO ADVERTISERS.

The following exhibit of our regular rates will be found of service:

1 Square	1 Time	$ 50
"	2 Times	75
"	3 "	1 00
"	1 Week	4 00
"	1 Month	10 00
"	3 Months	25 00
"	6 "	30 00
"	1 Year	50 00

ONE SQUARE CONTAINS SIX LINES OF SPACE.

[Reported for the Baltimore Clipper.]

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

38th Congress—2d Session.

WASHINGTON, February 11, 1865.

SENATE.—The President pro tem. laid before the Senate a communication from the Secretary of the Treasury, conveying the annual report on the commerce of the country for the year ending Dec. 30, 1864.

Mr. SUMNER presented a memorial from the board of delegates of the American Israelites, remonstrating against the adoption of an amendment to the Constitution of the United States recognizing the divinity of Christ—that is recognizing the Christian religion. They hold that any such amendment would be in conflict with the spirit of the fathers of the Constitution in regard to religious liberty. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. WILSON, from the Military Committee, reported back the joint resolution of thanks to Major General Thomas and army, recommencing its passage.

Mr. SUMNER said that the report of the committee of conference on the Freedman's bill be taken up. He wished to have that subject disposed of.

Mr. POMEROY rose to a point of order, saying that it had been decided heretofore by the Senate that a conference committee could only act on the matters in dispute between the two Houses; whereas the committee in this case had reported another bill as a substitute.

The Chair said the whole subject would be left to the Senate for its action.

Mr. SHERMAN said the bill would excite debate and cause delay, and Mr. HALE urged that this day had been set apart for District or Other business, and this bill should not displace it.

The Freedmen's bill was then made the special order for Monday, at one o'clock.

The bill to incorporate the Sisters of Mercy, in the District of Columbia, was also passed, after an ineffectual effort of Mr. JOHNSON to strike out the clause which gives the Congressional Delegation in the Territories, other committees of Congress, as well as the Justices of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia.

Mr. WADE, from the Committee on the Conduct of the War, reported to the Senate Lieut. Gen. Grant's testimony in relation to the exchange of prisoners.

Question—(By Mr. WADE)—It is stated, upon what authority I do not know, that you are charged entirely with the exchange of prisoners.

Answer—That is correct; and what is more, I have effected an arrangement for the exchange of prisoners, man for man, and officer for officer, or for an equivalent, according to the old cartel, until one or the other party has exhausted the number they now hold. I get a great many letters daily from friends of prisoners in the South, every one of which I in this case to be answered, telling them that the arrangement has been made, and that I suppose exchanges will be made at the rate of 5000 per week, and just as fast as they can deliver prisoners to me. I will receive them and deliver their prisoners to them. And the Salisbury prisoners will be coming right on. I myself saw Col. Hoffman, the assistant commissioner of exchange, on the part of the South, and he told me that the Salisbury and Danville prisoners would be coming on at the rate of 5,000 or 6,000 a week.

Question—There is now no impediment in the way?

Answer—There is now no impediment on our side. I could deliver and receive every one of them in a very short time, if they will deliver those they hold. We have had some two weeks lately on account of the ice in the river. (Ordered to be printed.)

Mr. WILSON ordered a resolution, which was passed, requesting the Secretary of War to furnish to the Senate a copy of a report of Hon. Thos. Ewing, and Hon. S. W. Bostwick, Special Commissioners appointed to investigate and report upon the condition and treatment of refugees in Kentucky, Tennessee and Alabama, lately made to the War Department.

Mr. POMEROY called for a resolution, which was ordered to be printed, directing the settlement by the Comptroller General of the claim of George J. Stubblefield for $14,746 53 for chewing tobacco sent to the 6th Missouri's army at Atlanta, Georgia, in the principles governing in such mixed supplies.

Lieut. Gen. Grant appeared at the floor of the Senate at one o'clock, and was introduced to the members severally.

On motion of Mr. WILSON, it was resolved that the Senate meet on the evening of Thursday and Wednesday next, for the consideration of executive business exclusively. Remarks there were between Messrs. WILSON and others, and after a few minutes the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—Mr. RICE, of Massachusetts, rose to a question of privilege, and caused to be read an article in the New York Evening Post, reflecting on his public conduct by saying that he, by voting against the repeal or a modification of the duty on printing paper, had prostituted his office as a legislator to advance his own sordid interests, he being interested in paper manufactories—in connection with this article in the Post, was one of a more severe character from the Springfield Republican, on the same subject, and reflecting upon the same gentleman.

Mr. RICE said he had been here five or six years, and never before now thought it necessary to vindicate himself in the presence of his associates. The editorial article proceeded on the assumption that no member who had an interest on great questions of public interest had any right to express his opinion here, or to vote on any such pending measure. How could it be possible that any member here could fail to have an interest on subjects affecting such a vast extent of country as our own? He claimed the right to protect his own interests, so long as it does not conflict with those of the country at large. There were gentlemen here who have manufactories of iron, brass and wood, and the many articles which they take in manufacture and shapes which they have a pecuniary interest. And gentlemen here are interested in other questions, some being editors and publishers. As to acting for the purpose of promoting his own personal interests in opposing a repeal of the duty on printing paper, and in a paper mill or manufacture of paper, he declared he had not a single dollar invested in either directly or indirectly. The charge was, therefore, utterly and absolutely false.

Mr. RICE also caused to be read an editorial article in the Baltimore American, of January 25th, entitled "Our Navy—the Capture of Fort Fisher," commenting on the course of the Evening Post in its attacks upon the Navy Department, and stating that recently there had been an obvious change in the Post's tone towards the Navy Department, and its editor must be careful not to prostitute the former character to personal ends, etc.; that it was well known that the publisher of the Evening Post who was a Navy Agent had been removed by the Navy Department for alleged criminal practices, &c.

Mr. RICE could not believe the article in the Post came from the pen of the venerated gentleman who is the principal editor, and whose writings avow the literature of the country from whatever source the charge emanated. From whatever source the charge came, he bowled it back to the assailant, and he could bring them to the issue. He felt that he could bring them on at the rate of 5,000 or 6,000 a week.

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LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

[*Washington Correspondence Baltimore Clipper.*]

WASHINGTON, February 10th, 1865

The Rebel Charlatan—Davis and his Confederated Conspirators Against the Peace and Prosperity of the Southern People.

By the Richmond papers of the 6th and 7th inst., which reached us late last night, we learn that the rebel leaders let no time in making a most strenuous and concentrated effort again to "fire the Southern heart" anew, after the three Commissioners returned from their bootless errand to Hampton Roads. Let not the ebullitions of Davis, of Smith, or of the inquirer or Sentinel, however, deceive anybody. The rebel chief shamelessly shows his inevitable and uniform tendency to falsehood and perfidy in the very message to the conclave of insurgents called his "Congress," that communicates the report of Messrs. Hunter, Campbell and Stephens. He cannot tell the truth to his afflicted traitors even when the Commissioners themselves contradicted him! He puts a gloss on the offers of the President of the United States, lest in their simplicity they should be too acceptable to the unfortunate people of the South who have been seduced and betrayed to their ruin by reckless and unscrupulous leaders.

The papers in his interest pursue the same course, and teem with flagrant misrepresentation and obstinately against President Lincoln and Secretary Seward. All this—but more particularly the Monday night gathering at the African Church and the harangue of Davis to his ratraps—only show the deepest, and terror of the prominent conspirators, as they recognize the unmistakable evidences of the people giving way under the accumulated miseries to which the rebellion has brought their country and preparing to return to their allegiance to the Union.

The despair of the insurgent chiefs and their organs makes them absurd at times. Rational men, everywhere, will only laugh at the affectation of designating Abraham Lincoln as "the United States sovereign," but at a time when he has been proclaimed the choice of the nation for a second term.

If he "usurps," in seeking to re-establish the authority and supremacy of the Federal Government in every State, by what terms shall we designate the action of the perjured miscreants who corrupted (while holding office under the Constitution and laws of the United States) to drag their section into rebellion and civil war, and, for their own personal aggrandizement, ruthlessly devoted so many thousands of their fellow-citizens to ruin, wretchedness and death?

Then to hear this *sham of shams* boasting that the rebels could "compel the Yankees in three than twelve months, to *sue for peace on their own terms.*" Does this pretender imagine that the people of the South have forgotten his loud vaunts of anticipated victory four years ago at Montgomery? Does he flatter himself with the fancy that they are so besotted as still to give credit to his counterfeit patriotism, his counterfeit devotion to liberty, his petty rhetorical arts, when the rough hand of war has stripped him of his pretences, and exposed him in his true character of *a bogfed charlatan?*

Jeff. Davis was always and every where a charlatan. He was so at school, as many of his academical associates well remember, claiming merit for what he had not done, and assuming positions which he could not keep, but by the insistence and importunities of better boys. As he began so has he gone on. His whole career has been a story of shams and counterfeits, and he seems resolved to play the part to the last. He and his Confederates are now at their final game—it is for life or death—they stake all on the hazard—but let us hope that the awakened people of the South will upset the tables!

D.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

List of Jurors—The following jurors were drawn on Saturday: Superior Court—Josiah Butt, T Atkinson, J McCleary, J M Gilpen, George Small, Philip T Dawson, John S Berry, Henry P Smith, Edward Fulton, J D Perry, A H Stirling, Sr., John D Quincy, M Pratt, A H Stirling, Jr., John D Quincy, M Perine, Laurence Thompson, George S Chase, Samuel Chambers, Benjamin Maitland, James H Bosley, Henry C Wilson, Otho Pietsch, ——Behme, James Cairnes and Charles Brinkmayer.

Common Pleas—C Morton Stewart, S B Wolfe, James Boyce, P H Sullivan, William Acombe, R Tucker, Israel Atkinson, Thomas Loudon, William Callow, William B Baker, George T Keely, John M Bonsal, Z S Parker, J Jones, J Butts, John F Forrester, William T Hopkins, Eli D Howard, Jeremiah Skinner, R D Fisher, Wm Pedrat.

Criminal Court—Wm Pedgerall, T Wetherell, Basil Owens, J B Chaney, Ostevius J Smith, Henry McNally, B B Swann, John D Evans, Richard S Pryer, Mr Orndorff, B J Smith, Henry White, J Wheelright, Alex K Mantz, Geo H Conrod, Henry Farlong, Alex Penn, Harleton Vickary, Jas H Cullis, Thos R Martin, W E Anderson, E W Greenway, Jr.

A Desperate Character—On Saturday night a difficulty occurred in the corner of Baltimore and Calvert saloon on the corner of Baltimore and Light streets, and during the disturbance a man had his pocket picked. He accused a person named John Charles of the theft, when the latter declared himself a detective officer and immediately placed a pair of "nippers" on the wrists of the person who had lost the money. The stranger was then dragged into the station house. The deceased was a son of the late Col. Cowels, and was the last member of that family. The deceased resided with an aunt, No. 186 North Calvert street.

Sentence Commuted—John H. Skinner Quyan, arrested in this city on the 31st of December last, on the charge of being a rebel spy, has been found guilty by a military commission and sentenced to be hanged. Edward R. Rich, arrested on the 20th of November last, charged with being a rebel spy, has also been found guilty by the commission and sentenced to be hanged. The matter has been submitted to General Wallace, the officer in view of all the circumstances attending the case of the prisoners, has mitigated their sentences, and has ordered that they shall be confined in Fort Delaware during the war.

Arrival of Guerillas—There arrived in this city on Saturday, from the Valley of Virginia, the following guerillas: Captain C. A. Marshall, company H, 35th Virginia Cavalry; sergeant J. T. Murphy, private; and Grimes and W. F. Lee, privates. Captain Hite Va Cav., Joseph Burdett, company C, Buckner Murphy, company K, 11th Va Cav., J. E Bunyan, company B, 12th Va. Cav., Johnson Farr, company D, 23d Va. Cav., and George Cooper, citizen. The prisoners were removed to Fort McHenry, where they will remain until the close of the war.

James E Murdoch, Esq—This distinguished elocutionist and dramatist will give a course of four readings before the Mercantile Library Association. The readings will take place at the New Assembly Rooms, the first to be observed to morrow night, and the second on Thursday evening. The high intellectual attainments of Mr. Murdoch, and the great success which has attended similar entertainments in other occasions, will, we have no doubt, aid in making them equally successful now.

An Excellent Appointment—Mr. Joseph Gibson, a young gentleman of excellent business qualifications, has been elected Actuary, at the Maryland Institute, in place of Mr. Corethwait, resigned. Mr. Gibson is a gentleman well fitted by his methodical and industrious habits, as well as by his mathematical and industrious habits, for the position, and will no doubt make a faithful and efficient officer. Mr. Wallace, the former janitor, has also been elected to the same position, in place of Mr. Rose, resigned.

Into the Falls—On Saturday night, Mr. William George, a resident of Philadelphia, while passing along East Falls avenue, near Pratt street, fell overboard. His cries at his distance were heard by officer Krerett, who, after great labor, succeeded in removing Mr. George from his unpleasant situation. He was conducted to the Eastern station house, where every attention was paid him by Captain Lynch.

Serious Accident—On Saturday afternoon John Cape, while engaged in loading a cart with oysters, shells at the oyster packing establishment of Mr. Row's, at Canton, was so seriously injured by being buried beneath a pile of shells. He was extricated as speedily as possible, and removed to the Eastern police station, where he received the attention of Dr. Delmelle.

Heavy Fine—E. Mallalieu, plumber, No 62 N. Howard street, was arrested on Saturday, charged with having in two instances tapped water pipes, without first obtaining the requisite authority from the Water Board. Justice Spicer fined him $10 and costs in each case.

Receiving Bribes—Herman Bickey, a citizen, was arrested on Saturday, charged with receiving bribes from drafted men. The accused represented that he had great influence with the military authorities and had got several parties. He has been paroled to report when wanted

Released—Abraham Johnson, a citizen, arrested a short time since on the charge of purchasing Government property without paying duty, has been tried by the Military Commission and honorably discharged.

☞ It is not generally known that the new Canard steamship, the Cuba, which lately made her first trip across the Atlantic, is a screw propeller, in connection with all the new vessels of this great company. For a long period the company gave a preference to paddle steamers, apparently in the belief that speed and security could thus be best attained. But the screws have shown that they are not inferior in point of speed and security, while the difference in space for freight and of the consumption of coal is largely in their favor.

AMUSEMENTS.

A New Play—A new domestic drama entitled The Poor Clergyman of Baltimore, written by Miss Lucy Kemp, will be produced tonight at the Front Street Theatre. The drama contains many excellent morals—one in particular, that relating to drunkenness.—This terrible curse is depicted in all its horrible realities, and we cannot a sense of horror to thrill through the veins of those who are addicted to the maddening and ruining concomitant at ordinal upon drink. The drama portrays with truthful accuracy misery and want, and contrasts the same with wealth and luxury when obtained by dishonest means.—Miss Keene, Mr Dyott, Mr. J. B. Dood, and the entire company of the theatre, will appear in the play.

Edwin Forrest—Extended notices of the abilities of this great actor are of but little avail, and it is only necessary to inform the public that he will appear to night at the Holliday Street Theatre, to cause the house to be packed. Mr. Forrest will appear as Damon, in Damon and Pythias, supported by Madame Ponisi, an actress of superior dramatic talents, pretty Miss Alice Gray, Baltimore's favorite, Mr. McCullough, Davis, and others.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Criminal Court.—Judge Bond.—Robt. C. Barry, Esq., (in consequence of the continued illness of John L. Thomas, Jr., Esq.,) presented the case. The following business occupied the attention of this court on Saturday:

James Gilliek, beating Harry Pearson, discharged upon paying costs; Michael Coffee, beating James E Wallis with a billy, postponed generally; J. A Johnson, beating Luke Leak, postponed until Saturday; Wm Larkin and Charles Saunders, attempting to kill John Moore by shooting at him with a pistol, were bailed in $1,000 each. William Schultz, No. 8 N. Eden street, becoming their bondsmen; Richard Dorsey, beating Thos Kroft, postponed until next Saturday; John E Peters, striking and threatening to kill Richard and Andrew Trouenberg and Mary Gilbert, committed upon paying the costs; Mary Park, prosecuted upon paying the costs; Mary Burchill, beating Emma Morgan over the head with a brick, compromised; Wm. Barke, colored, assaulting Samuel Conway, colored, on the wrists of the person who had lost the money. The stranger was then dragged into Light street, where he was struck by Charles. The cries of the abused man brought to his assistance the police officers, who arrested Charles, and conducted him to the police station. He was placed in a room with several minutes before he began a murderous assault upon one of the Ledgers. Charles was taken from the room for the purpose of being placed in a cell, when he drew a revolver and fired in a cell, when he drew a revolver and fired at the officers who had hold of him, one shot at the officers who had hold of him, and it was with difficulty that he could be placed in the cell. Justice Spicer committed him to jail for court.

City Taxes for the Present Year.—For several weeks past the Joint Committee of Ways and Means of the City Council, of which John R. Cox, Esq., is chairman, have been holding meetings for the purpose of making up their report, which will set forth the amount necessary to be raised by the tax payers for the present year. It is the opinion of the committee that the taxes will be much higher than for many years, and some estimate them as high as $1 65 on each and every $100 worth of taxable property. The large amounts appropriated in bounty ordinances have mainly contributed to swell the indebtedness of the city, whilst nearly all the branches of the municipal government have asked for a large increase upon previous appropriations.

Artemus Ward—This wonderful compound of intelligence and sparkling wit, gave his last lecture in this city on Saturday night before an overflowing audience. As on former occasions, the audience was convulsed with laughter at the curious pans perpetrated by the renowned "Showman of Wax Figures," and great regret is expressed that Mr. Ward will not remain longer with us. After attending to all matters connected with regret, and he may rest assured that should he visit our city in future with a similar object in view, he will be cordially welcomed by those who have been made happy by his recital of his experiences with the Mormons. Artemus is now in Harrisburg, Pa., delighting the good people of the city.

Substitutes—The new enrollment bill now under consideration by Congress contains one much needed amendment to the present law, viz:—That substitutes may be furnished from among persons enrolled and liable to draft. The enforcement of the contrary rule has largely helped to introduce into the service diseased, disabled, newly imported, and more than all, the bounty jumping recruits, who, under the law as it stands, have added to the number without adding to the strength of the army. The present law was based on a theory which has been shown by experience to work badly, and it ought to be amended in season for the approaching draft, or the draft ought to be postponed to give time for improving the law.

Sudden Death—Shortly after seven o'clock last evening Mr. Geo. W. Cowels, of the firm of W. Cowels & Son, china and glassware dealers, No. 25 S. Calvert street, while passing along Baltimore street, near High, fell to the pavement, as if in a fit. He was removed to the drug store of Dr. Palmer, on the corner of High and Baltimore streets, but expired before he could be taken into the store. An inquest was held by Coroner Brewer, the jury rendering a verdict of death from heart disease. The deceased was a son of the late Col. Cowels, and was the last member of that family. The deceased resided with an aunt, No. 186 North Calvert street.

COURT OF APPEALS OF MARYLAND.

JANUARY TERM—1865.

ANNAPOLIS, Feb. 10, 1865

No. 13. John B. Egerton vs. Edward Griffith, &c.; an appeal from the Circuit Court for Harford County in Equity. This cause was argued and concluded by T. F. Bayle for the appellees, and S. T. Wallis for the appellant.

[*Reported for the Baltimore Clipper.*]

TOWSONTOWN, February 11, 1865.

Circuit Court for Baltimore County—Before Hon. Richard Grason, Judge. Barney Lemmer, Esq., prosecuting attorney for the State.

The charter was granted this morning by Judge Grason to the St. Joseph's German Roman Catholic Beneficial Society of Baltimore county, in accordance with the 25th article of the Code of "Maryland General Laws." The court then was adjourned until Monday morning at 10 o'clock, there being no further business ready. Judge Grason not being expected in court this morning, he has been in Annapolis for the past few days in Annapolis attending the contested election case, the continuance of which has been postponed until Wednesday next, in order to have witnesses summoned.

K.

[Correspondence of the Baltimore Clipper.]

TOWSONTOWN, Feb. 11 1865.

The contested election case of the judgeship of the 8th Judicial District, embracing Baltimore county, which has been in progress at Annapolis before the Committee on Elections, since Wednesday last, has been postponed until Wednesday next, in order to have time to summon the witnesses for the defence, and also others for the prosecution, several witnesses for which have already been examined. Mr. Miley, assistant attorney general, will be in Towsontown to-day to summon witnesses.

The Colonial sojourn for Baltimore county will hold an adjourned meeting on Thursday next, to take into consideration the action of the Legislature, in reference to the $200 bounty to be paid by the different counties. Commissioners are appointed by the Legislature, and are now actively willing to give a bond allowed by the act of the Legislature, said act not having yet been passed at the regular monthly meeting of the Commissioners on Tuesday last.

There will be a meeting held early next week by the clerks of the 9th District, to take measures, if possible, to get fill the quota of the district, before the turning of the "wheel of fate" at Provost Marshal Cathcart's office.

There will be a lecture given before the Towsontown Literary Association, on Wednesday night, at the Court House in this place, by Rev J. McK Bailey, the subject of which is "Poetry and Poets." Rev. Bailey's reputation as a lecturer is too well known to need comment. The Association is in quite a flourishing condition, large and respectable audience being present at the debates every meeting, most of whom are ladies. Quite an instructive and interesting address was delivered last Wednesday night before the Association by Lewis H. Wheeler, Esq, a member of the Baltimore county bar. The different persons connected with the debates acquit themselves remarkably well.

K.

REAL POVERTY.—An Irish barrister, when he first domiciled in Liverpool, was troubled with "never a brass farthing," and he, "onst upon a time," described his poverty as follows: "When I first came to Liverpool, I was in a perfect rage: the smallest piece of change that the one I stuck in my head through; and I had to have my only shirt, washed by the week, for it was in twenty pieces."

MINIATURE ALMANAC FOR 1865.

FEBRUARY.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon's Phases.
13-Monday	6 47	5 13	FEBRUARY. D. H. M.
14-Tuesday	6 46	5 14	New 25 3 7a
15-Wednesday	6 44	5 15	First qr 2 1 7p
16-Thursday	6 43	5 16	Full 10 11 26m
17-Friday	6 42	5 17	Last qr 19 4 27 a
18-Saturday	6 41	5 19	
19-Sunday	6 39	5 21	

MARINE AFFAIRS.

PORT OF BALTIMORE, February 11, 1865.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Adelaide, Canada, from Norfolk—to M N Falls.

Brig Hardy, Briggs, from Fortune Island—to Thos Wh ridge & Co

Brig Yazoo, Call, from Fortress Monroe—to Kelsey & Gray.

Sch Joseph Trimper, Hodgman, from Fortress Monroe—to C M Jackson & Co.

CLEARED.

Steamer Adelaide, Cannon, Norfolk.

Barks P C Warwick, (Br) Rio Janeiro; Selah, Boston; brigs Señorita, Babia; Mechanic, Tenfuegos; Prestis mo, St. Jago de Cuba—in tow of Marcella.

SPOKEN.

Schr Tantamount, from Jacksonville, spoke 31st ult. lat 34 15, lon 71. Br brig Pleiades, Collins, from Demerara for Portland.

ARRIVALS FROM BALTIMORE.

Bark John, Chisholm, Liverpool, 23d ult.

MEMORANDA.

Ship Morning Star, Smith, cleared at Liverpool, 6th ult for Baltimore.

Schr Tantamount, from Jacksonville, spoke 31st ult. lat 34 15, lon 71. Br brig Pleiades, Collins, from Demerara for Portland.

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Bark John, Chisholm, Liverpool, 23d ult.

MEMORANDA.

Ship Morning Star, Smith, cleared at Liverpool, 6th ult for Baltimore.

Schr Sarah A Green, Carey, from Boston for Baltimore, arrived at Newport, R I, 9th instant.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

SALE AT THE BALTIMORE STOCK BOARD.

Furnished by Leonard J. Tormey, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 22 South Street.

Feb. 11, 1865.

2 000	American Gold (large)		209⅝
1,000	do	do (large) 83	209⅝
700	do	do (large)	209⅝
7,000	do	do (large) 83	209⅝
5,000	do	do (large) 83	209⅝
4,000	do	do (large)	209⅝
1 000	do	do (large) b30	209
300	U. S. 5-20's b15 old		100⅝
1 000	do	do new	104⅝
2 000	do	do	104⅝
500	do	do	100⅝
23	shares Baltimore & Ohio R. R		119
100	shares Bare Hill		2.65
100	do	do b3	2.70
200	do	do	2.75
100	shares Maryland Copper Co b10		55
100	shares Atlantic Coal Co		1.15
100	shares Atlantic Coal Co		1.20
250	do	do	2.00
1,200	shares Pennsylvania Oil Co		2.00
300	do	do b5	2.70
500	do	do b30	2.75
500	do	do b5	3.15
600	do	do b10	3.25
500	do	do b5	3.25
500	do	do b5	3.75
500	do	do b30	3.70
500	do	do b30	3.75
500	Western Maryland R. R. B'ds		100⅞
5,000	shares Mor. & Cincinnati		91
5,000	shares Mor. & Cincinnati		3.25
2 000	shares Laurel Coal & Oil Co		3.25
200	do	do	

Prices of Stocks and Bonds in N. York, Feb 11.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Through L. J. Tormey, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 22 South Street.

	1st Bd.	2d Bd.
	To-day.	Yesterday.
United States 6's, 1881, Coupon	110⅝	110⅝
" " 5-20's	109⅝	110
" " in currency	99⅛	99⅛
" "	98⅝	98⅝
American Gold	211	209
Tennessee 6's	55	53
Virginia 6's	58	
North Carolina 6's	63⅝	64⅛
Missouri 6's	30	31
Canton Company	55	55⅞
Cumberland Coal and Iron Co	95	96
Quicksilver	9	9
New York Central Railroad	113⅝	113⅝
Erie Railway Company	90⅝	91
" Preferred	106⅝	106⅞
Hudson River Railroad	107⅞	108
Harlem Railroad	109⅝	109⅝
Reading Railroad	113⅝	113⅝
Michigan Central Railroad	70⅝	70⅝
Michigan S. and N. Ind R. R.	117⅝	117⅝
Illinois Central Railroad	83	83
Cleveland and Pittsburg R. R.	85⅝	85⅝
Chicago and North-western R.	64⅝	64⅝
" " Preferred	113	113
Cleveland and Toledo Railroad	98⅛	98⅛
Chicago and Rock Island R. R.	96	96
Milwaukee & Prairie du Chien R.	41⅜	43
Milwaukee & Fl. Wayne & Chicago	93⅜	94⅜
Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago	93	93
St. Louis, Alton & Terre Haute		
Tone of the Market	Weak.	Steady

At Evening Stock Exchange, 10 o'clock, P. M. Furnished by L. J Tormey, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 22 South street.

American Gold	209⅝
Erie Railway Company	91
Reading	113⅝
Michigan Southern	69⅝
Chicago and Northwestern R. R.	64⅝
" Preferred	113
New York Central	113⅝
Illinois Central	83
Cumberland	95⅝
Chicago and Rock Island Railroad	96
Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad	93⅝
Fort Wayne	94⅞

Tone of the market—Firm.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

February 11, 1865.

COFFEE.—Rio in first hands is held at 20⅝@21 cents for gold. From second hands sales are being made to the trade at 42½@45 cents currency, as to quality.

FLOUR.—sales of Howard Street Extra reported at $11 50@12 50 and Ohio Super at $10 75@ per bbl. We revise our quotations as follows:

Howard Street Super	$11 00	@11 12½
" Ship, bank Ex.	11 62½	@11 75
" Retail Extra	11 62½	@11 75
" Family	13 00	@00 00
Ohio Super	10 87½	@11 00
" Shipping Extra	11 25	@11 50
" Retailing Extra	11 62½	@00 00
" Family	12 50	@13 00
" Ship. brands Extra	12 25	@12 50
Baltimore Family	13 00	@00 00
" Ship. brands Extra	12 25	@12 50

Rye Flour—First quality is selling to the trade at $8 75@8 87½.

Corn Meal—No sales reported; City Mills held at $5 25.

GRAIN.—Very little at market, and sales on the floors Exchange confined to 300 bushels Yellow in mixed Corn at $1 80; 500 bushels Oats, at 90 cts, do. at $1 82; 300 do. do. at 91 cts, and 500 do. at 92 cts per bushel. White Wheat may be quoted at $2 75@3 05; Red Wheat at $2 60@2 70; White Corn at $1 80@1 85, and Rye at $1 75 at 1 80 per bushel.

PROVISIONS.—Market dull and unsettled. We quote prices as follows: Mess Pork at 40@ 41 per bbl; new Bacon Shoulders at 19½@20 cts; old do. at 20 cts; new Sides at 24½@25 cts; do. at 26 cts; sugar-cured Hams at 24½@25 cts; Western Lard in bbls. at 23½ cts; Baltimore refined at 27½@28 cts. Bulk Shoulders at 19 cents, and Sides at 24½@25 cts.

MOLASSES.—Demand very limited. We quote Clayed Cuba 60@65 cts; Muscovado 65@75 cents; English Island at 60@80 cents, and Porto Rico 90@100 cents.

SEEDS.—Sales of Clover reported at $15 25@15 50; Timothy we quote at $7 25; and Flaxseed at $3 90@3 95.

SALT.—Nothing of importance doing. From store Ground Alum commands $1 10@1 12½, and ordinary brands of fine $4 25@4 37½ sack. Bulk is nominal at $1 85@1 90 per bbl.

SUGARS.—A cargo of 600 hhds. 22 bbls. P. Rico has been taken on p. t. We quote rates as follows:

Cuba and E. L. fair to good refining	$18 50@19 25	
" " good grocery	19 50@20 00	
" " prime grocery	21 00@22 00	
Porto Rico fair to good grocery	20 00@21 50	
" prime to choice grocery	22 00@23 50	

WHISKY—No hhds doing; City and Ohio offered at $2 35@2 36.

NEW YORK MARKETS

NEW YORK, Feb. 10, 1865

ASHES—The market is still very inactive; the arrivals are moderate, and the sales at $12 75@13 75 for Pots, and $12 12½ 50 for Pearls.

COTTON—The inquiry continues very moderate and prices have again fallen off, closing heavy and nominal at about 58c for Middlings.

Sales of 2000 bales.

COFFEE—We still find an extremely dull market and currency notes nominal; at gold rates holders are firm.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The market for Western and State Flour is more active, and prices of the low and medium grades are 5@10c higher, while the better grades are barely so much for the local trade, in part speculative. Trade and Family brands are dull and irregular; the sales are 13 000 bbls. at $8 45@9 70 for superfine State, $9 10@9 for extra do., $9 05@9 for superfine Western, $9 10@9 for low grades of Western Extra, $9 05@9 10 for Shipping Ohio, $11 10@11 62½ for Trade and Family brands, and $12 00@13 00 for St. Louis Extra. Canadian Flour in small supply—prices are 10c better—but the market is quiet; sales of 300 bbls. at $9 25@9 40 for the low grades of Extra and $10 05@10 62½ for Trade and Family brands. Rye Flour is also better; good Superfine Country Baltimore, Ag., and $8 90@9 00 for Trade and Family brands. Brandywine is nominal; sales of 200 bbls. at $9 50@9 75 for Jersey, and $9 50@9 75 for brands unknown.

GRAIN.—The market is stronger, and at the close there is less desire on the part of holders to sell unless at an advance; the demand for mill is only fair; sales of 15,000 bushels Amber Western and Canada at $2 30@2 35, afloat; the market is firm, but the market is quiet. Barley Malt is firmer but not active; we note sales at 215@220 cents. Oats steady but quiet, with sales of Jersey and Penn'a at 105@105 cents and Western at 101 cents. Rye is in fair demand and steady; the sales are 14,000 bushels Western at 160 cents, and Jersey at 170@175 cents. Corn is more active and prices a shade better; the demand is in part for Government use; New is less plenty, with sales at 107@109 cents for mixed Western, 110@112 cents for White Southern, and 113 cents for New Yellow on the piers, and 113 delivered.

MOLASSES.—The market is generally active, but the tendency of prices is in favor of the buyer, sales of 700 hhds. new crop Cuba Muscovado on private terms.

PROVISIONS.—There has been less activity in the market for Pork to-day, but prices are decidedly better, owing to the scarcity of the spot; sales 4,000 bbls. at $39 50@40 for New Mess; buyer all the month, at $39 00, and 500 bbls. do., buyer March, at $39 37½; the sales cash and regular are 5,000 bbls. at $39 25@39 37 for Old Mess, $39 25@39 37 for New Mess; seller rate payable on the 20th, but new Mess cash, and $38 50 for Thin Mess. Beef is in good request and firmer, sales of 400 bbls. at $8 50@9 50 for Prime Mess, and $18 00@23 50 for Extra Mess Tierces.

Beef is in better demand and firm, the inquiry is entirely for shipment; sales of 300 tierces, India Mess, at $18 50@19 50; 100 tierces Extra Mess are firm and in moderate demand; a lot of 125 this Western at $ 6@ 6 12½ Meats are fairly active and firm; sales of 350 packages at 9½@9¾ cents for Shoulders, 12½@13 cents for Hams. Bacon is not active, but prices are very firm; sales of 100 boxes long cut Hams on private terms—a lot of Red Hogs are taken easier at 12½ cents. Lard is fairly active and firmer, sales of 1,000 bbls. at 13 cents for No. 1, 13½@13¾ cents for prime to choice Western, and 14 cents for Kettle rendered, and very choice at 27½@28 cents, for future delivery, sales of 1,000 tierces, seller's option, March, on private terms.

PETROLEUM.—The market is firmer, but not active; we quote crude at 45@45½ cents; for Refined in bond, and 66@67 for Refined free; sales of Crude, buyer all next month, at 44½@45c.

RICE.—No sales are reported but prices remain steady.

SUGARS.—Raw Sugars are very dull and we hear of only about 50 hhds., part Cuba, at 15½; Fair Refining is worth about 17½c. Refined are dull and heavy at 21½@22c for A. C. SEEDS.—The demand for Clover Seed is light, but the market is steady; sales at 20c. Timothy Seed is in fair demand and steady at $4 62½. Rough Flax is quiet at 61 62½ per bush.

TAAS.—There has been some inquiry for Greens at full prices, and about 5,000 packages have changed hands. U