DAILY CLIPPER.

WM. WALES..............Publisher.

TUESDAY, JAN. 17, 1865.

TO ADVERTISERS.

The following exhibit of our regular rates will be found of service:

1 Square 1 Time	....	$ 50
" 2 Times	....	75
" 3 "	....	1.00
" 1 Week	....	1.75
" 1 Month	....	4.00
" 3 Months	....	10 00
" 6 "	....	16 00
" 1 Year	....	30 00

ONE SQUARE CONTAINS SIX LINES OF SPACE.

[Reported for the Baltimore Clipper.]

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

38th Congress—2d Session.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16, 1865.

SENATE.—Mr. Morgan presented a petition from contractors in New York, for work on the Capitol extension, asking for additional compensation. Referred to the Naval Committee.

Mr. Lane, of Indiana, presented a petition from citizens of Fort Wayne, Indiana, and others, praying that rebel prisoners now in our hands be placed under the care and control of exchanged Union prisoners, to be treated according to what has been the experience of our prisoners in the South, as to rations, clothing, &c.

Mr. Lane urged action in accordance with the petition, on the ground of its absolute necessity.

Mr. Wade interrupted Mr. Lane to offer a joint resolution, that all prisoners, both officers and soldiers, of the so-called Confederacy, who are now or shall be hereafter in the control and keeping of the Federal Government, shall receive the same rations and the same amount of clothing, and be subject to the same treatment, in every respect, as Federal prisoners—officers and soldiers—who are now or have been in the power and keeping of the so-called Confederate government; that this treatment shall be changed for better or worse whenever the President of the United States shall have reliable information that the treatment of our soldiers in Southern prisons is changed for better or worse, and that any officer in charge of rebel prisoners who shall fail to carry out this policy shall be dismissed the service.

Mr. Lane, of Indiana, said that this resolution did not go far enough. It did not provide that the rebel prisoners should be kept under the care of released prisoners of the Federal army. This was a very important part of the matter. The world had heard with horror of the rebel barbarities to prisoners. But it had been said that retaliation would make the war more bloody. He did not care how bloody it was made, if these things were to continue. We must mete out to these felons, and traitors and demons in human shape, their own measure. They had gone to the very utmost verge of barbarity and cruelty. There were now 44 000 Union prisoners in the South, and double that number of rebel prisoners in the North, and he desired that the camps of the latter should be placed in charge of our officers, who knew what rebel treatment really was. We had returned last month 15,000 rebel prisoners in excellent condition, fed upon Government rations, and received in return a corresponding number of emaciated wrecks.

He would invoke the spirit of the fiend against these barbarous traitors, if necessary, and he would let the Gulf Stream be their resting place unless they lay down their arms and return to their allegiance. Gentlemen may say this is not a time to inaugurate the policy of retaliation when Peace Commissioners are at Richmond. Theory of peace was a grand humbug. We have offered the rebels all that we can conscientiously offer, to lay down their arms and come back to their allegiance. This talk of negotiations is only a delusion which will give time to the rebels to recuperate, and again slay our sons. We owed it to our brave men who had gone forth in a good cause to inaugurate the system of retaliation.

Mr. Wade said that a year ago the committee on the conduct of the war took more than a hundred depositions concerning the barbarities practiced upon our soldiers in the South. Many men were dying when the testimony was being taken. It was the general impression then that if the reports of rebel barbarities were substantiated by this investigation, the Executive would inaugurate a system of retaliation. The report was printed, and left no room to doubt that all the stories that had been heard about rebel cruelty were true. But yet no action has been taken by the Executive authorities. He (Mr. Wade) was sorry to see so much sympathy extended by people of the North to people who inaugurated the rebellion, while they quietly tolerated these cruelties to our soldiers in the South.

Mr. Wilson presented a petition from merchants of Boston praying the postponement of the Bankrupt act, as they do not deem it desirable that persons in the Rebel States should be relieved thereby. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

On motion of Mr. Dixon, the House bill to provide for the improvement of the Potomac river opposite the city of Washington, was taken from the Committee on Commerce and referred to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

Mr. Grimes submitted an amendment which he designs offering to the French Spoliation bill, as a new section, as follows:

That from and after the 1st day of July, 1865, all acts and parts of acts granting allowances or bounties on the tonnage of vessels employed in the bank or other cod fisheries, be and the same are hereby repealed.

Mr. Powell submitted the following, which was ordered to be printed:

Whereas, a Military Commission ordered by Brevet Major General Burbridge to investigate the conduct of Brig. Gen. Paine, of the United States volunteers, whilst in command at Paducah, Kentucky, have made a report in which they implicate Brig. Gen. Paine and others in acts of cruelty, barbarity, robbery, plunder and pillage; therefore

Resolved, That the President be requested to cause said Brigadier Gen. E. A. Paine to be arraigned and tried before a proper tribunal in order that he may be punished if found guilty of the charges made, and if not guilty his innocence made manifest, and the U. S. flag rescued from dishonor.

On motion of Mr. Wilson, a resolution was adopted directing the Secretary of War to report the present condition of the Soldiers Home, together with a detailed statement of all funds which have been received for the benefit of that institution from its organization—also, of the disbursement of said funds, the amount of property owned by the Home, the investments and the balances; the number of invalid soldiers who have been supported at the Home each year, and the annual expense for each.

On motion of Mr. Cowan, the Secretary of the Interior was requested to inform the Senate whether the provisions of the Act of June, 1861, to prevent and punish fraud on the part of the officers entrusted with making of contracts for the Government, have been complied with by officers under him, and particularly whether the said Act has been executed as to contracts for marble and marble work and iron and iron work upon the Capitol extension; and if there has been failure or neglect in the execution of the Act, the reasons therefor, and why the penalties of said Act have not been enforced against officers in default.

On motion of Mr. Trumbull, the Committee on Printing were instructed to inquire into the cause of delay in the publication of the official reports of the operations of the armies of the United States, as directed by a resolution of Congress of May 19, 1864,—a full army register, including a register of officers of volunteers, as directed by a resolution of June 30, 1864,—and the edition of the President's message, with an abridgement of the accompanying documents, as directed by resolution of May 19, 1864.

On motion of Mr. Sumner, a resolution was adopted requesting the President of the United States to communicate to the Senate, if not incompatible with the public interest, any information in his possession showing the practical operation of the Tenth Article of the treaty of Washington of the 10th of August, 1842, and the expediency of giving to Her Britannic Majesty's Government the notice required for the termination of such treaty. (The article in question makes provision for the surrender of criminals, fugitives from justice.)

He was sorry to see our people sending provisions to Savannah while our soldiers were starving in Southern prisons. He had heard that a distinguished rebel, a man who had done as much as any other to bring ruin on his country, had been arrested recently by rebel cavalry while coming North, he having quarrelled with a rival, and the papers say that the President has threatened retaliation if a hair of his head was hurt. If retaliation was justified in the case of a rebel, much more so is it in the case of our soldiers. It might be right enough to retaliate for Mr. Foote, but he [Mr. Wade] would not hurt a dog in retaliation for anything done to such a man.

Mr. Howard said this subject had been left to the discretion of the Executive so far. He moved the reference of the resolution to the Military Committee, which was agreed to.

Mr. Wilson, from the Military Committee reported back Mr. Riddle's resolution calling on the Secretary of War for information as to the number of men furnished by the different States under the call of the President in July last for 500,000, &c., with an amendment as to substitutes, as follows: That the Secretary of War be directed to inform the Senate what number of soldiers and sailors, stating each separately, the several States, Territories, and the District of Columbia have furnished the Army and Navy under all the calls heretofore made, setting forth the number demanded and the number furnished under each call, also on the resolution directing an inventory of articles in the arsenals of the United States, with a substitute, requiring the Secretary of War to cause a strict inspection of the Quartermasters' Department to be made as soon as practicable, with a comparison between the reports of the officers in charge of depots at New York, Philadelphia, Cincinnati, St Louis and Louisville, and the articles actually on hand.

Mr. Morrill introduced a bill in relation to the rights of married women in the District of Columbia. Referred to the District Committee.

[The bill secures the property of the wife, real and personal, acquired before or after marriage, to her sole use and control, and protects from creditors of the husband.]

Mr. Chandler called up the House bill to regulate commerce among the several States. It authorizes every railroad in the United States operated by steam to carry over its road, connections, &c, freight, property, mails, passengers, troops, and Government supplies on their way from any State to another State, and to receive compensation therefor. The bill is designed to obviate what is termed the Camden and Amboy monopoly running through New Jersey.

Mr. Chandler urged that the State of New Jersey had no right to exact a tax on passengers across that State. Every one passing between the Capital of the Country and the city of New York, by the Camden and Amboy line, had to pay tribute to that State, and it was in violation of the principle of free intercourse between the States which it was designed should exist in the Union.

Mr. Saulsbury said he considered it unconstitutional to interfere with charters granted by the States in their own territories.

Mr. Ten Eyck thought the bill a very important one, and seriously affected his State. The Senator from Maryland, (Mr. Johnson) he understood, had designed to say something on the measure, and he did not think there should be hasty action.

On motion of Mr. Johnson, the bill was postponed until Thursday next.

Mr. Collamer introduced a bill to repeal the 8th section of July 2, 1864, concerning commercial intercourse between loyal and insurrectionary States, and to provide for the collection of captured and abandoned property, &c. &c.

Mr. Collamer said the section in question was in conflict with settled laws, as it authorized trade with the enemy, through Government agents. This corrupts Government officers, and enriches individuals and aids the rebels. He referred to General Canby's report, showing the corrupt and detrimental operations of the cotton buyers under Government auspices, and argued that the whole thing should be abolished.

After remarks by Messrs. Morrill, Conness and Sherman, the bill was referred to the Committee on Commerce.

The Chair laid before the Senate in reply to a resolution of the Senate, a communication from the Secretary of the Interior, stating that the number of agents for paying pensions is not limited by law, and the power of appointment is vested in the Secretary, while the pay is regulated by law. The number of agents in the different States is also given. The communication is ordered to be printed.

The Senate went into executive session, and shortly after adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—Mr. Orth, of Indiana, introduced a bill, which was referred to the Committee on the District of Columbia, incorporating the District of Columbia Railroad.

Mr. Driggs introduced a bill, which was referred to the same Committee, establishing a Board of Health and Quarantine for the District of Columbia.

Mr. Griswold introduced a bill providing for the compensation of Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States, and the payment of their travelling expenses. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Washburne, of Illinois, introduced a bill providing for the appointment of two Inspectors of Steamboats at New York and a like number at Galena, Illinois.

Mr. Griswold introduced a bill increasing the duty on spirits distilled after the first of July next, so as to make it three dollars per gallon.

Mr. Wilson introduced a bill to amend the judicial system of the United States. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Cox, of Ohio, offered a preamble and series of resolutions looking to a cessation of hostilities and a restoration of the Union, through the medium of negotiations with the rebels.

On motion of Mr. Washburne, they were laid on the table—yeas 84, nays 50.

Mr. Noble offered a resolution stating that as supplemental drafts had been ordered in some of the districts and afterwards declared illegal, and that under these illegal drafts many persons had paid commutation money, which was ordered to be refunded; that many of these persons had been afterwards drafted and are now in the service of the United States, and that their families are suffering for the commutation money, which has not been refunded to them; therefore the Secretary of War is called on to communicate to the House the reason of the retention of the commutation money unlawfully paid by such persons. The resolution lies over.

Mr. Schenck, of Ohio, offered a resolution directing the Committee on Ways and Means to inquire into the expediency of imposing an additional tax, not exceeding one cent on each passenger, whether by railroad, steamboat, or any other public conveyance. The resolution was agreed to.

The Speaker by request laid before the House the telegraphic proclamation of the Governor of Missouri declaring the abolition of slavery in that State.

On motion of Mr. Washburne it was ordered to be printed.

The House concurred in the Senate's amendment to the joint resolution requiring the President to give notice to Great Britain of the desire of the United States to terminate the Reciprocity treaty.

Mr. Stevens from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported the Naval appropriation bill.

Mr. Stevens also reported a bill amendatory of the act providing ways and means for the support of the Government for the year ending June 30, 1866, and for other purposes, which was ordered to be printed. [This bill authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to issue in lieu of any bonds authorized by the act of June 30, 1864, that may remain unsold at the date of this act, Treasury notes and bonds to the amount of $400,000,000. Section 2 provides that any bonds known as 5 20's, issued under the act of February 25, 1862, remaining unsold to an amount not exceeding $4 000,000, may be disposed of. The Secretary is further authorized to issue bonds of the description issued under the authority of the act of June 22, 1860, in pursuance of the notice for "proposals for loan," dated September 8, 1862, to subscribers to that loan for the one per cent deposited under said notice and not repaid, the bonds to bear five per cent. interest, and all fractional amounts to be paid in lawful money of the United States.

The House went into Committee of the Whole and took under consideration the Senate's amendment to the deficiency bill.

Mr. Negly, of California, moved to strike out the appropriation of $3,000 to procure a gold medal for Commodore Vanderbilt

Mr. Brooks hoped the House would pass the appropriation. [Commodore Vanderbilt had presented to the Government, in the time of her greatest need, a vessel worth a million or two millions of dollars. It was not proposed to award the medal as compensation for this magnificent gift, but that it might be handed down to his children, as a testimonial of the high regard entertained for him by his Government.

Mr. Higby denounced Commodore Vanderbilt as one of the greatest scoundrels alive—a swindler, if not a murderer—and said this was the opinion unanimously entertained of him by the people of California.

Mr. Stevens rebuked Mr. Higby for the language used toward Commodore Vanderbilt, and hoped the appropriation would be adopted unanimously, with the exception of the California member.

Mr Dwight Townsend farther defended the Commodore, after which the amendment, making the appropriation for the medal, was passed, Mr. Higby only voting in the negative.

The Committee rose and the House took up Mr. Ashley's bill for the reconstruction of rebel States.

Mr. Kelley, of Penna , addressed the House at considerable length, his speech embracing a compiled history of slavery on the American Continent in all its bearings.

The House adjourned.

[Reported for the Baltimore Clipper.]

LEGISLATURE OF MARYLAND.

ANNAPOLIS, January 26

SENATE.—Present, Lieutenant Governor Cox, president, and sixteen members.

The president appointed the following committee on executive nominations: Messrs. Orr, Turner, and Davis, of Washington.

The president presented an invitation from the managers of the Aged Men's Home of Baltimore city, to attend the opening of said institution, on Thursday next, January 19th, at twelve o'clock, which, on motion of Mr. Turner, was accepted.

Storage of Tobacco —Mr. Clark obtained leave to report a bill declaring and providing that certain tobacco shall not be liable for storage. Referred to Messrs. Clark, Billingsley and Carroll

State Banks.—On motion of Mr. Davis, of Washington, it was ordered that the Committee on Finance be instructed to inquire into the expediency of passing a law to enable all banks, incorporated or organized by authority of the State, to become associations for the purposes of banking under the laws of the United States, and report by bill or otherwise.

Mr. Whitney, from a Select Committee, reported a bill to amend the charter of the Merchants and Mechanics' Fire Insurance Company of Baltimore.

A number of House bills were received and appropriately referred.

A message was received from the Senate that they had appointed as chaplains Revs. Messrs. McFerran and Davenport, and proposing an exchange of messages, which was concurred in. The Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.—Present, Hon. J. R. Frazier, Speaker, and 76 members.

Petitions Presented.—By Mr. Harris, from the constables of Baltimore city, for an increase of fees.

Colored Population.—By Mr. Anderson, that Major General Wallace, commanding middle department, be respectfully requested to furnish this House with copies of such orders as he may have issued for the purpose of protecting that class of colored persons made free in the State of Maryland by the new Constitution; also such documents, correspondence and papers as he may have filed in the "Freedman's Bureau," provided the publication of such documents, &c., would not in his judgment, be prejudicial to the military service, adopted.

Tobacco Resolutions.—The vote rejecting the resolution protesting against the proposed tax on leaf tobacco by Congress was, on motion of Mr. Slotsower, reconsidered and referred to the committee on agriculture.

Leaves to Report Bills.—By Mr. Cook, to exempt a certain amount of property from distraint for rent and from execution. By Mr. Angel, of Carroll, to authorize the commissioners of counties and the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore to appropriate a sum not exceeding $300 for each volunteer, to fill the present call for 300 000 men, or any such quota that may be made. By Mr. Smith, of Allegany, to repeal the act of 1864, relating to the competency of witnesses, and authorizing parties to civil suits to testify, &c.

The Speaker appointed the following Committee on the order offered by Mr. Valliant, of Talbot, asking an investigation into the alleged violation of contracts made by substitute agents with persons in the different counties:—Messrs. Valliant, Cook, Smith of Allegany, Anderson, Miller of Anne Arundel, Handy and Holloway.

[It was erroneously stated in our report of Friday that Mr. Valliant's resolution was rejected.]

The bill to increase the pay, &c , of jurors, in St. Mary's county, was taken up. Mr. Miller, of Anne Arundel, stated that it was a local bill, in conflict with the new Constitution. On his motion it was referred to the committee on the judiciary. The House adjourned.

THE CITY COUNCIL.

FIRST BRANCH, January 16, 1865.—James Young, Esq., President.

Mr. Larrabee presented a petition from Trensch, Stinsberg & Co , asking permission to erect lime kilns on their premises, corner of Wolfe and Thames streets; referred.

Mr. Hatch presented a petition from Mrs. Whittley asking for relief under the provisions of the ordinance providing for a bounty to the widows of the soldiers of 1812; referred.

Mr. Keyser presented a petition from the officers of the Tax Department, asking for an increase of compensation; referred.

Mr. Ewalt presented a petition from the lamplighters, asking for an increase of compensation; referred.

The Chair presented a petition signed by numerous residents on Gay street, asking that a sewer may be constructed on said street, from its intersection with Exeter street to Jones' Falls; referred. Also, an invitation from the Managers of the Aged Men's Home, inviting the members of the City Council to be present at the opening of the said institution on the 19th instant; accepted. Also, the report of the Water Board; referred.

Mr. Foreman submitted a resolution adverse to the opening of Fall street.

Mr. Wayson submitted an ordinance, providing for the relief of the families of soldiers. Laid over.

Mr. Foreman submitted an ordinance, requiring that all buildings within the limits of the city shall be properly furnished with gutters. Laid over.

Also, a resolution to appoint a joint special committee, to confer with the General Assembly in reference to changing the time of the annual session of the City Council, from the first Monday of January to the first Monday of ——.

Mr. Wayson called up the resolution to place a gas lamp on the corner of Ann and Monument streets. Adopted.

Mr. Gorsuch called up the resolution appropriating $7,299 28 for the erection and repairing of certain steam engine houses. The resolution was freely discussed, and recommitted.

Mr. Hatch submitted a series of resolutions, relative to the death of the Hon. Edward Everett. Adopted. Adjourned.

SECOND BRANCH.—Daniel Harvey, Esq., President.

The resolution in relation to the square of ground for the Wildey Monument, was read and passed.

An invitation from the officers of the Aged Men's Home to attend its celebration, was read and accepted.

A bill calling for the shelling of certain parts of the Harford avenue, was called up, read and passed, and laid on the table.

A preamble and resolutions expressive of the feeling of the Branch upon hearing of the demise of the Hon. Edward Everett, and proposing an immediate adjournment, was read and passed. Adjourned.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Criminal Court.—Judge Bond.—A. M. Rogers, Esq , Deputy State's Attorney, prosecuting. The following business occupied the attention of this court yesterday:

Charles R. Sehriver and Hamilton Spousler, fined by a Justice of the Peace for peddling butter, eggs, and other produce without a license, the accused being residents of Carroll county. The matter was held *sub curia* David Wolf, selling cattle without a license. Judgment reversed. Lewis and K. Shashelmer, same charge. *Case stated.* John Warfield, same charge. Case postponed. The following civil appeal cases were next disposed of: Wm. Glenn, violating the health ordinance. Held *sub curia* Thos. Gilmore, fast driving. Dismissed. Jas. Brown, same charge. Judgment reversed. John McGinnis, permitting his wagon to stand in the street beyond the time prescribed by law. Case dismissed. Moses H. Wiel, using a bagatelle table without obtaining a license. Postponed until to-day. Adjourned.

Orphans' Court.—Before the Hon. Judges Audoun, Supplee and Hoffman. The following business occupied the attention of this Court yesterday:

The wills of John Hulse and Sophia Volland were admitted to probate.

Letters testamentary on the estate of John Hulse were granted to Elizabeth N. Hulse, and on the estate of Sophia Volland to Ferdinand Volland, and on the estate of Martha T. Browne to Mary E. Browne and Charles C. Browne. Letters of administration on the estate of Barbara Zugler, and letters *de bonis non* on the estate of John L. Ziegler were granted to Frederick M. Ziegler.

Court of Common Pleas.—Before Judge King. The following business was transacted in this court on yesterday:

A. Abbott vs S. Willis, appeal from Whalen. Judgment affirmed by consent.

A. E Evans, John L. Bocker, and R. H. Gardner vs. Joseph Mince, appeal from Murray. Appeal dismissed.

Owen Kenan vs. Wm. Cole, appeal from Dryden. Appeal dismissed.

Frederick K. Rolceon vs. P. Dorsey Sutton, appeal from Wilcox. Appeal dismissed.

Assignment for to day 123 to 153.

Superior Court.—Before Hon. Judge Martin. The following business occupied the attention of this court on yesterday:

Alfred P. Amos vs. Catharine T Durst, before reported. Exceptions to sales overruled. Petition for removal of trustee dismissed. Samuel O. Miles, vs Samuel J Sharp, inquisition for plaintiff, damages $824.

State of Maryland use of R. C. Hardesty, vs W. H. Turner and others, on trial; action to recover for making certain records in the office of the Circuit Court, which work, it is contended, should have been performed by the defendant.

United States Circuit Court.—Before Judge Giles. The following business occupied the attention of the Court on yesterday:

The United States vs. John Wesley Watkins, late United States Marshal. Hanibal H. Chase, Solomon H. Phillips and William McPhail, sureties. Action of debt to recover $1 800, and more said to be due the Government. On trial.

City Circuit Court.—Before Judge Alexander.—The following business was transacted in this Court yesterday:

Thomas Carroll Bailey, Agent, vs. Thomas and Mariah Butler; decree ordering the sale of certain property to satisfy the claims of the complainant. Harriet Cigett vs. Thomas and Alfred T. Cigett; decree releasing the defendants as trustees under the will of the late Elizabeth Cigett, and appointing Frederick W. Brune sole trustee.

[Reported for the Baltimore Clipper.]

TOWSONTOWN, January 16, 1865.

Circuit Court for Baltimore County.—Before Hon. Richard Grason, Judge. John T. Ensor, Esq , prosecuting attorney for the State. Sitting in Equity.

The cases of State vs. Kate Ostroy and State vs Bridget Costantine—removed cases from the city—indicted for larceny, which were set for trial to day; not being ready, on account of the absence of counsel, also the absence of the accused, they being on bail, the cases were postponed until to morrow, and the court after transacting some business in chancery, adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock. K.

☞ The Chicago Times says that no less a sum than six millions of dollars was expended on new buildings in that city during the past year.

☞ The rebel admirals have not, during the war, been so remarkable for their fleets as for their fleetness.

☞ Those who predict a mild winter are patiently waiting the fulfilment of their prophecy.

☞ Lady lecturers are the fashion in Paris.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

Relief for the Families of Soldiers.—The ladies of the Union Relief Association, North Baltimore and East Baltimore Union Relief Associations, in their daily visit to the families of soldiers residing in the city, find a great amount of suffering and distress, which they relieve to the extent they can afford from the means of their associations, also from their own private funds, thereby aiding through their valuable services the city authorities, in their efforts to relieve the wants of the suffering wives and children of the soldiers now fighting the battles of our country, and also the widows and orphans of those who have fallen in the defence of our glorious Union.

In the execution of these patriotic and praiseworthy labors, the funds of the several associations above named have been exhausted, thus causing a cessation of this commendable mission of benevolence. With a view of relieving the associations, Mr. Wayson, last evening, submitted to the First Branch of the City Council an ordinance appropriating $3,000 to the ladies associations for the relief of soldiers' families, the sum to be taken out of the $15,000, appropriated by an ordinance passed October 25th, 1864. $3,000 are to be appropriated to the Union Relief, $1,000 to the North Baltimore Relief, and $1,000 to the East Baltimore Relief Association. The ordinance was read and ordered to be printed.

Resolutions of Regret.—In the First and Second Branches of the City Council, last evening, the following resolutions, presented by Mr. Peiser, member of the Second Branch from the 13th and 14th wards, were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, In the mysterious dispensation of an all wise Providence, he has seen fit to remove from the field of his usefulness that eminently patriotic statesman, orator and philanthropist, Hon. Hon. Edward Everett, of Massachusetts, thereby causing an irreparable loss to our country and government at this time; therefore, be it

Resolved, That it is with unfeigned and profound sorrow that we have learned of the demise of the Hon. Edward Everett, of Massachusetts.

Resolved, That in his death the country has to mourn the loss of one of its ablest statesmen, the government one of its warmest and most zealous supporters, philanthropy one of its most active and devoted laborers, literature one of its brightest ornaments, and society one of its best, noblest and most distinguished members.

Resolved, That in commemoration of the many virtues which adorned the character of the deceased, the foregoing be spread upon the journal of the proceedings, and the Branch do now adjourn.

Look to Your Water Spouts.—Frequent complaints have been made to the City Commissioner to compel owners of property to repair the spouting and gutters of their buildings, to prevent the overflow of water from the gutters on pedestrians as they pass by, and also to prevent the accumulation of ice on the pavements. To remedy the evil, Mr. Foreman, member of the First Branch of the City Council from the 20th ward, last evening submitted an ordinance authorizing the City Commissioner to compel all persons owning property, or agents of the same, to put up proper spouting and gutters to all buildings claimed by them within the city limits, and to keep the same in repair, so as not to allow the water to flow over the gutters to the pavement below, and for any violation of the provisions of this ordinance, after ten days notice given by Commissioner, the person or persons so offending, shall forfeit and pay a penalty of —— dollars; to be recovered as other fines and forfeitures are now recoverable. The ordinance was read and ordered to be printed.

Terrible Accident.—Chas. Meckin, a baker, employed in the bakery of Tyler & Co., No. 49 West Pratt street, was injured in a shocking manner yesterday morning by being caught in the machinery used for making dough. He had been sitting upon a portion of the machinery near the dough rollers, and carelessly placed his hand between the rollers. His left arm, as far as the elbow, was drawn into an aperture of not over a quarter of an inch, and mangled terribly. The bones and flesh were ground into a pulp, and the muscles hung about like strings. He was removed to his home on Fayette street, near Wolfe, where he received the attention of Doctors Dwinelle, Taylor and Lawrence. It is thought that the arm will have to be amputated to-day.

An Important Question.—In the Criminal Court yesterday a case of vital interest to persons in the counties, and doing business in this city, was heard. It was the case of Chas. R Schriner, a resident of Carroll county. He was arrested a short time since, charged with peddling butter, eggs, &c., in the streets, without having a license. He was fined by a justice of the peace, and at the suggestion of a number of other butter dealers from the counties, appealed from the decision of the magistrate, and carried the matter before the Criminal Court. The case was ably argued and his Honor, Judge Bond, will submit his decision in writing.

Attempted Murder.—On Saturday night last Mr. George W. Howard, while in the act of stepping into the public house of Mr. John Couth, on Centre market space, was fired upon by an unknown villain, who was standing on the corner of the space and Baltimore street in company with two other men. The ballet from the pistol entered the right knee of Mr. Howard, inflicting a painful wound. Mr. Howard, during the years 1861 and 1862, assumed an active part in detecting blockade-runners in the lower counties, and it is thought that the would be assassin on Saturday was a person who had been arrested by Mr. Howard.

Admiral Farragut.—There is now on exhibition at the gallery of Messrs. Hyers & Hedian, No. 33 West Baltimore street, a few doors east of Frederick, a superb life-size painting of Admiral Farragut, the great naval hero. The likeness is a most striking one, and reflects great credit on the artist. The picture has been examined by the most intimate friends of the hero, and has been pronounced the most faithful counterpart in existence. We understand that it will be raffled on Saturday. It is to be hoped that it will be awarded to a loyal citizen, who will present it to the city authorities.

Railroad Accident.—At an early hour yesterday morning a freight train, while passing over the Western Maryland Railroad, four miles above Reisterstown, the rails parted and threw the entire train—consisting of eight cars, filled with flour, bacon, &c.,—off the track. The trucks of all the cars were destroyed, the track for a considerable distance torn up, and several of the cars overturned and their contents strewn along the road.—The damage sustained will not fall short of $5 000

Correction.—We stated yesterday that the receipts at the Holliday Street Theatre, on Saturday afternoon last, in aid of the Holliday street sufferers, amounted to $600. It was intended to read $1,600 We learned yesterday that even that large sum was a mistake, as Mr. Ford informed as that the entire receipts were a trifle over $1,850, being the largest amount ever realized in this city at a single entertainment for benevolent purposes All praise to Manager Ford for his noble exertions in relieving the widows and orphans

Suspicious.—T. Topping was arrested on Sunday night, charged with attempting to force an entrance into the wine store of Mr. Swift, on Paca street, one door from Baltimore. From the movements of the accused, there is no doubt but that he intended to commit a robbery. Justice Meredith committed him to jail for court.

Annual Ball.—The Thirty-second Annual Ball of the Independent Greys will be held at the Maryland Institute, on February 22d.—The committee are using every exertion to render this the most attractive ball ever gotten up by the Greys.

Disloyal.—Eugene Sullivan was arrested yesterday, charged with disloyalty He was locked up in the military prison for a hearing. The accused at the time of his arrest, was in the Government employ.

Released.—Nich las Bowen, who was arrested, January 5 h, charged with selling liquor to soldiers, also with defrauding them, was released from custody yesterday by paying a heavy fine.

Found.—The furlough of a soldier belonging to the 4th Kentucky Infantry. It has been left at the Clipper office, where it can be had upon application.

AMUSEMENTS.

Miss Kate Fisher.—The expectations that we entertained for this young lady were more than realized last night. Miss Kate is exceedingly handsome, as lively as a cricket, and possessed of remarkable dramatic ability. Her rendition of Mazeppa was acknowledged in a handsome manner by the large audience present, and many persons pronounced her conception of the character superior to the renowned Menken. Mazeppa will be produced again to-night.

The Streets of New York.—This new sensation drama will be produced to-night at the Holliday Street Theatre in a magnificent manner. New scenery has been painted by Mr. Lamb, the skilful artist, and there is no doubt but that the drama will prove a great success Madame Scheller will sustain the leading female character, and Mr. Wheelock that of the hero. Seats should be secured in advance.

Institute Lecture.—John S. Hart, Esq., Principal of the New Jersey State Normal School, will deliver a lecture at the Institute to-night, selecting for his subject "Shakespeare's Sonnets" Mr. Hart is an able lecturer, and a pleasant evening may be experienced by attending the above lecture.

Amateur Theatricals.—The amateur Theatrical association of this city will give an entertainment to-night at Western Union Hall, when the following programme will be observed—the "Trial scene from the Merchant of Venice," "The Marine Lover," and "B x and C x." This association is supported by subscriptions, and those of our citizens who desire to encourage home talent, should extend to the Amateurs a helping hand. Among the company there are several ladies and gentlemen whose dramatic talents far exceed many of the attaches of the regular theatres.

[Correspondence of the Baltimore Clipper.]

TOWSONTOWN, January 16, 1865.

The grand jury connected with the present term of the court has been in session for the past five weeks with an almost unprecedented amount of business, finding up to this time (as informed by Mr. John M. Wheeler, deputy clerk,) 190 indictments,—they having still a considerable amount of business before them, and probably will remain in session the greater part of the present week. I was informed by Mr. Louis Bossal, foreman of the grand jury, that there was considerable trouble in getting witnesses summoned and attachments served on account of the fees of officers who serve said summons being so small that they would not take the trouble necessary to find the parties, especially those who live at any great distance from the residence of the officers. The court, which has been in session also for the past five weeks, has transacted a very large amount of business.

Mrs. C. H. West, the obliging hostess of the "Smedley House" in this place, was presented a few days ago with a very handsome double cased gold watch, said watch being a gift from the many patrons of the well known resort, the "Smedley House," in testimony of the high regard in which the hostess is held by said patrons. The presentation was made in behalf of the donors by Mr. O. G. Ward in a few well timed remarks, and responded to in behalf of Mrs. C. H. West by John T. Ensor, Esq., in a very neat and appropriate manner. The gift, which is a very valuable one, will no doubt be highly cherished by the recipient, and which was well deserved, Mrs. West always giving universal satisfaction to the patrons of the "Smedley House," to which she has been so many years connected as hostess. K.

[For the Clipper.]

WESTERN MARYLAND RAILROAD.

For the consideration of the citizens of the North-western section of the State, the citizens of Baltimore and the Western Maryland Railroad. That it will strike every observer to be in interest identical with the Emmittsburg route because of the enlargement of territory from which to draw trade to the city of Baltimore, which cannot be reached by way of the Mechanicstown route Baltimore now enjoys all the advantages that can be enjoyed with or without a railroad at Mechanicstown, which is seven miles South of Emmittsburg. Not so with the latter place. Should the location be made there, it will embrace a section of country beyond the sphere of our Maryland improvements, and also embracing the Mechanicstown route, it will largely share the trade and travel now enjoyed by the Gettysburg and Cumberland Valley Railroad, and from a point on the Emmittsburg route, the mouth of Friends' Creek, a valley runs North by which it passes through that rich and fertile country in which Carroll's Delight is located. The Northern portion may direct their trade to the Cumberland Valley Railroad, but they now enjoy the most level common road for its length I have any knowledge of, offering to the people of this Valley the strongest inducements to abandon their present course of trade, and connect with the Emmittsburg road at the mouth of Friends' Creek. In addition a decided increase of way travelling over every other route may be expected, and there it certainly something due to the increased accommodation that our route will afford to the people farthest off

OLD ARE.

[For the Clipper.]

Mr. Editor!—Throughout the world the inhabitants of the United States bear the sobriquet of Yankees, but latterly this appellation has become exceedingly repugnant and uncongenial to a certain portion of these inhabitants. Why it should be so, it is difficult to say; unless it would be more agreeable to them to be designated by their pursuits of negro owners or negro drivers. Possessing this violent repugnance to their fellow-born Yankees, it is strange they don't betake themselves away from these they so abhor and dislike, as far as oceans and continents will permit Instead of trying to get possession of the Yankee country, why don't they leave it? Why work so hard to establish themselves alongside of such detested creatures, and dwell conterminous with them? Why not follow the wise example of the snap butter's soul and transport themselves, like him, with all they have gotten fairly or otherwise from their dupes, to an Empire that to oblige them may be complaisant enough to shut out their antipathy—the hated Yankee.

As these people can only exist in the world through one life, what not pass it in peace and quietness? Why keep embroiled and be in turmoil and strife? Why not fly away from those objects who are the bane of their existence, and who make them so unhappy and miserable, and put as much space as possible between them and their annoyances? When they have done this, and are far away, then perhaps their virtues and merits will be justly appreciated. Who, then, will there be to perform the essential service of flaying the naked backs of helpless men and women?—Their loss will be felt, and the absence of the exiles will be realized; and then, perhaps, the obtuse Yankee would concede their superiority and merits, and recall them to fulfill their high vocation, and love, peace and harmony again prevail in the great Yankee nation O.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ MARYLAND INSTITUTE.—MISS HANNAH E. BAILEY, the celebrated Dramatic Reader and Delineator, will give a second Dramatic Reading at the Maryland Institute, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, January 18, 1865. Programme for the Evening—address to the Flag. When I am Old. Serenade Wounded Love's sacrifice. Nothing to Wear. Bugle Song. Maniac. Maud Muller. Scolding Wife Reclaimed. Single admission 50 cents, gallery 25 cents. No extra charge for reserved seats. Tickets for secured seats to be had at McCaffrey's Music Store, 205 Baltimore street. It

MINIATURE ALMANAC FOR 1865.

JANUARY.	Sun rises	Sun sets.	Moon's Phases.		
			JANUARY.		
				D. H.	M.
16-Monday	7 16	4 44			
17-Tuesday	7 15	4 45	New	27	7 20m
18-Wednesday	7 14	4 46	First qr	4	10 42m
19-Thursday	7 13	4 47	Full	11	5 29e
20-Friday	7 12	4 48	Last qr	19	9 34e
21-Saturday	7 11	4 49			
22-Sunday	7 10	4 50			

MARINE AFFAIRS.

PORT OF BALTIMORE, January 16, 1865.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Adelaide, Cannon, from Norfolk—to M. N. Falls.

Steamer John S Shriver, Dennis, fm Philadelphia—mdse to J A Shriver.

Bark Cricket, Wingate, from Rio Janeiro, Dec. 1st—coffee to Hugh Jenkins & Co.—towed up by Emma.

Bark St. Lawrence, McKinney, from Demerara 21th ultimo—sugar and molasses to W. H. Perot—towed up by May Queen.

Bark Justina, Walker, from City Point, Va.—to John M. Randel.

Brig Howard, (Br.) Delap, 11 days from Havana—sugar to F. W. Brune & Sons—towed up by Vigilant.

Schr. Fleetwood, Gardner, from New York—to W. Rhoads & Son.

Schr. William Collyer, Taylor, from Norfolk—to W. Rhoads & Son.

Schr. G. T. Hubbard, Soper, from York river—to W. Rhoads & Son

Schr. Carlton Jayne, Sabin, from New York—mdse. to Rose & Lyon.

Schr. Mabel Hall, Hall, from Dix Island—to Kelsey & Gray; stone for Fort Carroll.

Schr. H. W. Godfrey, Weeks, from Fortress Monroe—to Kelsey & Gray.

CLEARED.

Steamer Adelaide, Cannon, Norfolk.

Steamer Henry L Gaw, Her, Philadelphia.

Steamer John S Shriver, Dennis, Philadelphia.

Steamer Martha Stevens, Chance, fm New York.

BELOW.

Bark P. C. Warwick, (Br.) from New York—to Fendergast, Fenwick & Co.

SAILED.

Bark Mathilde, Cadiz—in tow of Emma.

ARRIVALS FROM BALTIMORE.

Bark Galley, Snow, Boston 13th inst.

Brig General Burnham, Mountford, Portland, 14th inst.

CLEARANCES FOR BALTIMORE.

Schr. Lo kout, Lane, Portland, 12th inst.

Schr. Grapeshot, Snow, New York, 13th inst.

MEMORANDA.

Ship Europa (Brem.) from Genoa for orders, is in Hampton Roads. The above is the ship spoken off Cape Henry, supposed Ferdinand, from Bremen.—Reported by the pilots.

The ship ashore on Cape Henry is the bark Guerilla, before reported.

Ship Mary Whitridge, Cressy, for Singapore next day, remained at Hong Kong, Nov. 14.

Ship Washington, Berry, hence for Panama, sailed from Annapolis Roads at 2 P. M., 14 inst.

Bark Mindora (Br.) McLeod, was loading at Matamoras 22th ult, for Baltimore; schr. G. W. Grice, Jones, do, in a few days for do.

Bark Orlando, ——, from Navassa, was at Reedy Island, below Philadelphia, 14th instant.

Brig Romance, Duncan, hence for Navassa, went to sea 13th instant.

Brig Radley, Carter, cleared at Philadelphia 14th instant for Key West.

Schr. Eustace Bishop, hence, via Rio Janeiro, at Rio Janeiro 11th inst —per tel.

Schr. W. F. Burden, Adams, from New York via Philadelphia, where she put in with loss of bowsprit, arrived here on Saturday—to T. Whitridge & Co.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

SALE AT THE BALTIMORE STOCK BOARD.

Furnished by Leonard J. Tormey, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 22 South Street.

Jan. 16, 1865.

25 000	American Gold	(large)		....	221
11 000	do	do	(large) s3	....	221
5 000	do	do	(large) s10	....	221
3 000	do	do	(large) b10	....	221
5 000	do	do	(large) s3	....	221½
2,500	do	do	(large)	....	221¾
2 000	U. S. 5-20's			....	111
22	shares Bank of Baltimore			....	103½
1	do	do	do	....	103
20	shares Mechanics' Bank			....	29¾
10	shares Merchants' Bank			....	115
40	shares Baltimore & Ohio R. R			....	112
1,000	shares Maryland Copper Co			....	65
200	shares Chesapeake Oil Co	b30		....	6.00
100	shares Balto. Chrome			....	2 70
500	do	do	do	b30	2.75
500	shares Pennsylvania Oil Co	s30		....	1.75
1,500	do	do	do	b30	1.80
500	do	do	do	b10	1.80
900	do	do	do	b40	1.80
100	do	do	do	....	1.75
150	shares Santa Clara b30			....	25
150	do	do	do	....	24½
1,800	shares Lake Chrome b30			....	50
2,500	do	do	do	....	45
2,000	do	do	do	b30	46

SECOND BOARD.

3,000	American Gold	(large) b30		....	219
2,000	do	do	(large) b30	....	219
3,000	do	do	(large)	....	218¾
3,000	do	do	(large) b5	....	219¼
5,000	do	do	(large) s3	....	219¾
4,000	do	do	(large)	....	219
6,000	do	do	(large) b10	....	218½
6,000	do	do	(large) b10	....	218¾
2,000	do	do	(large) s10	....	219¼
70	do	do	(large)	....	219¾
1,400	shares Bare Hill			....	2.00
100	do	do	do	b30	2.10
100	shares Santa Clara b30			....	25
3,000	shares Pennsylvania Oil Co	s30		....	1.75
3,000	do	do	do	b30	1.80
1,100	do	do	do	....	1.75
1,000	do	do	do	s30 10	1.75
1,000	do	do	do	s30 15	1.75
200	shares Atlantic Coal Co.			....	1.30
2,500	shares Lake Chrome b30			....	45
1,200	do	do	do	....	45
1,200	shares Laurel Coal & Oil Co.	b30		....	5.50
500	do	do	do	b30	5.55

Prices of Stocks and Bonds in N. York, Jan 16.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Through L. J. Tormey, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 22 South Street.

	1st B'd.	2d B'd.
United States 6's, 1881, Coupon	112	111½
" " 5-20's	109½	109½
" " " in currency	97½	97½
American Gold	221½	219
Tennessee 6's	57½	56½
Virginia 6's	..	..
North Carolina 6's	60	..
Missouri 6's	67½	67½
Canton Company	33½	31
Cumberland Coal and Iron Co.	45	45
Quicksilver	98½	97½
New York Central Railroad	116½	116
Erie Railway Company	84½	80½
" " Preferred	99	95
Hudson River Railroad	109½	109½
Harlem Railroad	..	..
Reading Railroad	113½	112½
Michigan Central Railroad	110	110
Michigan S. and N. Ind R. R	72	71½
Illinois Central Railroad	126½	124½
Cleveland and Pittsburg R. R	92½	91½
Chicago and Northwestern R. R	38½	37½
" " Preferred	66½	65½
Cleveland and Toledo Railroad	109	107½
Chicago and Rock Island R. R	102	102
Milwaukee & Prairie du Chien	46	45
Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago	99½	98
St. Louis, Alton & Terre Haute	40	..
Tone of the Market	Firm.	Weak.

At Evening Stock Exchange, 10 o'clock, P. M. Furnished by L. J. Tormey, Stock and Bill Broker, No. 22 South street.

American Gold	217½
Erie Railway Company	80½
Hudson River Railroad	109½
Michigan S. and N. Indiana Railroad	71½
Chicago and Northwestern R. R	37½
" " Preferred	66½
Quicksilver	97½
Fort Wayne	98½
Mariposa	112½
Cumberland	45
New York Central	116
Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad	92½
Reading	113
Illinois Central	124½
Chicago and Rock Island Railroad	101½
Ohio and Miss. certificates	29

Tone of the market—Weak.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

January 16, 1865.

COFFEE.—Rio is quiet but firm at 44@45 cents for currency

FLOUR.—Very little demand but prices unchanged, viz:

Howard Street Super	$11.25	@00.00
" " Shipping Ex.	11.62½	@11.75
" " Retailing Ex.	11.75	@00.00
" " Family	13 00	@00.00
Ohio Super	11.12½	@11.25
" Shipping Extra	11.62½	@00.00
" Retailing Extra	11.62½	@11.75
" Family	12.50	@13.00
City Mills Standard Super	11 25	@00.00
" Ship. brands Extra	12.75	@13.00
Baltimore Family	14 00	@00.00
" High-grades Extra	13.50	@00.00

Rye Flour.—First quality is selling to the trade at $9.25.

Corn Meal.—Sales of City Mills reported at $2.

GRAIN.—Receipts more liberal and prices unsettled. We quote—White Wheat $2.80@2.95; do. red $2 65@2.75. Dry new white Corn $1.70@1.73; yellow do. $1.70@1.73. Oats 97@98 cts. weight, and Rye $1.75@1 80 per bushel.

PROVISIONS.—Mess Pork is steady at $45; new Bacon Shoulders we quote at 22c; old do. at 21 cts.; new Sides at 24 cents; old do. at 23 cents; new Sugarcured Hams at 26 cents; Western Lard in bbls. at 25 cents; and Baltimore refined at 29 cts. Very little Bulk Meat here and prices nominal.

MOLASSES.—Market dull and heavy. We quote Clayed Cuba 75@80 cts.; Muscovado 75@85 cents; English Island at 85@95 cents, and Porto Rico 85@100 cts.

SEEDS.—Clover is selling in small parcels at $12.50. Timothy we quote at $6.75@7.00, and Flaxseed at $3.25@3.35.

SALT.—Nothing of importance doing.—From store Ground Alum commands $3.05@3.20, and ordinary brands of fine $4.25@4.35 ₱ sack. Bulk is nominal at $1 85 ₱ bushel.

SUGARS.—All grades are in fair demand at full prices. We quote:

Cuba and E. L. fair to good ren'g	$19.00	@20.00
" " good gr'y	19.50	@21.50
" " prime gr'y	21.00	@22.50
Porto Rico fair to good grocery	20.50	@22.00
" prime to choice gro'y	23.00	@24.50

WHISKY.—Western and City may be quoted at $2.31. Demand very limited.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14, 1865.

ASHES.—The market is more active and firmer—sales of new inspection bbls. at $12@12 25 for Pots, and $13@13.25 for Pearls.

COTTON.—There is no improvement in the feeling, and though about 400 bales have been disposed of, prices are again lower, closing at $1 08@1 09 for Middlings. About 200 bales were offered at auction to-day, 40 of which were sold at $1 04@1 04 for low Middlings, the balance at irregular rates being in poor order.

COFFEE.—The demand for Rio has been fair at steady rates—sales of 5,000 bags ex-Paladin at or about 15c gold, in bond, other kinds are dull.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The market for Western and State Flour is dull and heavy, but prices are without quotable variation, the large receipts and unpleasant weather check business; the arrivals from New Orleans are large; Trade and Family brands are dull and irregular; the sales are 5,700 bbls. at $9 70@$10 for Superfine State; $10.75@$10 for Extra State; $9 40@$10 65 for Choice do; $10.25@$10.65 for the low grades of Western Extra; $11 10@$11 25 for Shipping Ohio; $11 40@$12 for Trade and Family brands; and $11.40@$15 for St Louis Extras, the latter for Trafton's superlative Extra. Buckwheat Flour is dull at $4 75@$5.25, the latter rate for Taylor's. Canadian Flour is in fair supply, the market dull and heavy; sales of 50 bbls. at $ 10 20 @$10.65 for the low grades of Extra, and $10 40 @$12 for Trade and Family do. Southern Flour is also dull and heavy; the supply is fair, sales of 450 bbls. at $10 75@$12 for mixed to good Superfine Country, Baltimore, &c., and $12 30@$15 for Trade and Family brands; the Government contract was awarded at $12 25@$12 50. Rye Flour is dull, and prices favor the buyer; sales of 50 bbls. at $8 25@$9. Corn Meal is fairly active and firm; sales of 750 bbls. at $9 for Brandywine; the Government contract was awarded at $9 21, $10 50 for White, and $8.45 for Yellow.

GRAIN.—The wheat market is very inactive; dealers are still apart in their views; we note a sale of 7,000 bushels No. 2, Chicago Spring, at $2.25. Barley is firmly held, but the market is quiet. Barley Malt is dull and unchanged. Oats are dull and lower; receipts fair; sales are 17,000 bushels Western at $1 05@$1 07. Rye is quiet but steady, at $1 70 for Western. Corn is without change in prices; the demand is light, the extreme prices insisted upon checking the inquiry for home consumption; the sales are 7,000 bushels Mixed Western at $1 00 in store, and $1 60@$1 82 for Yellow New Jersey.

HIDES.—There has been a moderate inquiry from the trade since our last, but in prices we have no particular change to note.

LEATHER.—Hemlock Sole has been in fair demand and prices are supported. Oak Sole is quiet but steady. French and American Calfskins are dull and prices are nominal

MOLASSES.—The inquiry is fair; sales of 50 hhds Barbadoes at 83 cts; 25 bbls. Muscovado at 65 cts; 25 hhds. choice do. at 90 cts; and 150 hhds. Sour do. at 54 cts.

OILS are generally quiet, but prices favor the seller; sales of Linseed at $1 60@1 63, and Lard Oil at $2 36@2.35, which is an advance.

PROVISIONS.—There has been less activity in the market for Pork to-day, and prices are lower, closing unsettled; buyers and sellers are apart in their views; for future delivery we hear of sales of 3,500 bbls. Old Mess, buyer January, at $42 25, and 1,000 bbls. New Mess, buyer February, at $ 3; the sales cash and regular are 3,000 bbls. at $41 50@41 87½ for Old Mess, closing at $41 62½; $44 50@$45 75 for New Mess; $35 25 for Prime; $39 75@40 for Prime Mess, and $40 for Thin Mess. Beef is offered quite freely, but we hear of no large transactions; the sales are 150 bbls. at $14 75@$15 50 for Plain Mess, and $21 50@24 for Extra Mess, the outside rates for small lots choice brands. Beef Hams are steady and in fair demand; sales of 300 bbls. Western at $27. Cut Meats are in fair demand and steady; sales of 350 pkgs. at 17½c. for Western pickled Shoulders, and 20c. for Western pickled Hams

Bacon is rather easier, but the business is moderate; sales of 30 boxes Short Ribbed at 21c. on the spot, 250 boxes Cumberland Cut, buyer first half of February at 21@22½c.—Dressed Hogs are dull and heavy at 16½ a 17c for Western, and 17a 17½c for City. Lard is in moderate demand, and is weak at the close; sales of 1 500 pkgs at 24a 25½c for No. 1 @ 25¾c for fair to Prime Steam and Kettle Rendered, and 26c for Choice.—The Provisions advertised by the Government were taken at the following prices.—Beef $39 97@22 for Mess, and $21 25a 22 57 for extra Mess, Smoked Hams at $16 50@16 65. Bacon Sides at $21 71@24 97, and Shoulders at $21 21@22.

PETROLEUM is quiet at 52c for Crude, 73 @74c for Refined in bond, and 95c do. for free.

PEPPER.—A Government contract was awarded at 44 1 3c.

RICE.—No sales are reported; prices nominal. The Government contract was awarded at 11 1/4c for Rangoon.

SUGARS.—Raw Sugars have been in fair demand at steady rates; sales of 655 hhds. at 18½a 20½c for Cuba, 21a 22c for Porto Rico; 70 boxes Havana at 20½c, and 340 do. on private terms. The Government contract was awarded at $20 54@$21 50 for Cuba duty paid, and $11 90@$13 53 in bond, quantities not to be made public. Refined are quiet at 27c for Hards.

SALT.—Liverpool Ground is firm and in fair demand at $2.40; the quantity advertised by the Government was taken at 95c. ₱ B.

SYRUP.—The Government contract was awarded at 65a 71c. in barrels, and 70c in half barrels.

SEEDS.—The inquiry for Clover Seed is light. We quote at 25½ a 25¾c. Timothy Seed is inactive but firm at $5.47 ₱ bushel. Rough Flax is firm at $3.50 a ₱ bushel.

TALLOW.—The market is fairly active but prices are easier—sales of 125,000 lb. at 17a 17½c for Western, and 17½c for City.

TIN.—Pig is quiet but firm—sales of Straits at 51a 51½c, and English at 50c Plates are in fair demand at previous prices.

VINEGAR.—A Government contract was awarded at from 19@44 9-10c.

WHISKEY.—The market is fairly active, and is firmer, closing firm—sales of 700 bbls. at $2 25@$2 27 for Western; the Government contract was awarded at from $2 30 to $2 60 for rectified.

MEDICAL.

DR. BRADSHAW'S INVIGORATING CORDIAL.

DR. BRADSHAW'S INVIGORATING CORDIAL, FOR GENERAL WEAKNESS.

DR. BRADSHAW'S INVIGORATING CORDIAL, FOR NERVOUS DISEASES.

DR. BRADSHAW'S INVIGORATING CORDIAL, FOR PAINS IN THE BACK.

DR. BRADSHAW'S INVIGORATING CORDIAL, CURES DEBILITATED SUFFERERS.

DR. BRADSHAW'S INVIGORATING CORDIAL. For General Debility, Loss of Muscular Energy, Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Weakness, Obstructions, Female Complaints, and all other diseases arising from excess and imprudences in life, and removing all improper discharges from the Bladder, Kidneys or other organs, from whatever cause they may have originated, and no matter of how long standing, giving health and vigor to the frame and bloom to the pallid cheek.

JOY TO THE AFFLICTED.

It cures Nervous and Debilitated Sufferers, and removes all the Symptoms, among which will be found Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, General Weakness, Horror of Disease, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Dreadful Horror of Death, Night Sweats, Cold Feet, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Languor, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, often Enormous Appetite with Dyspeptic Symptoms, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Pallid Countenance and Eruption of the Face, Pain in the Back, Heaviness of the Eyelids, frequently Black Spots flying before the Eyes, with temporary Suffusion and Loss of Sight; want of Attention, Great Mobility, Restlessness, with Horror of Society. Nothing is more desirable to such patients than solitude, and nothing they more dread for fear of themselves; no repose of manner, no earnestness, no speculation, but a hurried transition from one question to another. Effects upon both mind and body can be rectified, and the nervous system healthfully invigorated, where the qualifications of manhood have been impaired.

Price $2 per bottle; two bottles for $5; four bottles for $12; six bottles $17; ten bottles $20; twelve bottles $24.

For sale by SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore street. del-eo3m†

HANCE'S Sarsaparilla or Blood Pills.

Hance's Sarsaparilla or Blood Pills.

Hance's Sarsaparilla or Blood Pills.

Hance's Sarsaparilla or Blood Pills.

Hance's Sarsaparilla or Blood Pills.

Hance's Sarsaparilla or Blood Pills.

Hance's Sarsaparilla or Blood Pills.

Hance's Sarsaparilla, Vegetable or Blood Pills, For Purifying the Blood.

BALTIMORE, June 29, 1868.

This is to certify that I was afflicted with a violent pain in the breast and right arm which I suppose proceeded from the impure state of my blood. I was recommended to take Hance's Sarsaparilla or Blood Pills, and after taking one box the pain was entirely removed from my breast and arm. I found them extremely gentle in their operation, and would recommend them to every person in want of a mild purgative.

PATRICK ROCHE, No. 25 Conway street, between Howard and Eutaw.

In purchasing these Pills let me add ONE WORD OF CAUTION. Always ask for HANCE'S PILLS, and purchase of none but those advertised as agents, and if convenient call and see the proprietor himself.

For sale by SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore street and SWEETZER & CO., corner of Charles and Pratt streets. del-eo3m†

HANCE'S CHEMICAL HAIR RESTORATIVE.

Hance's Chemical Hair Restorative.
Hance's Chemical Hair Restorative.
Hance's Chemical Hair Restorative.
Hance's Chemical Hair Restorative.
Prevents hair from falling out.

Hance's Chemical Hair Restorative Causes it to grow on bald heads.

Hance's Chemical Hair Restorative Prevents hair turning gray.

Hance's Chemical Hair Restorative Permanently removes Dandruff.

Hance's Chemical Hair Restorative Gives hair lustre and beauty.

Hance's Chemical Hair Restorative Renders harsh hair soft and glossy.

Hance's Chemical Hair Restorative Cures all diseases of the scalp.

Hance's Chemical Hair Restorative The best hair dressing for children.

Prepared only by SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore street.

Price $1 per bottle.
For sale by SETH S. HANCE, del-eo3m† 108 Baltimore street.

PHARNUM'S COUGH CANDY!

"HE THAT HATH AN EAR TO HEAR LET HIM HEAR."

BALTIMORE, Nov. 13, 1856.

The duties of my business have exposed me to coughs, colds and asthma and pulmonary affections. I have been deprived of the power of attending to the duties of my profession, and should have been, had it not been for the benign effects of your MEDICATED CANDY. I tried it but a few hours before I began to reap the advantages of its effects

MY COUGH AND HOARSENESS LEFT ME—MY LUNGS ARE HEALED.

And my appetite greatly improved. I therefore have no hesitation in adding my testimony to that of the many who have experienced the benefits of your valuable Cough Candy. WILLIAM MERCER.

Price 25 cents per package, or three packages for $1.

☞ Sold by SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore street, and SWEETZER & CO., corner Charles and Pratt streets. del-eo3m†

HANCE'S SARSAPARILLA.

A MEDICATED COMPOUND OF HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA, LIGNUM-VITÆ, BURDOCK, SASSAFRAS AND IODIDE OF POTASSIUM, &c.

This preparation will be found one of the best alteratives and purifying compounds before the public. It is put up in quart bottles, and is one of the cheapest as well as one of the best preparations, having Sarsaparilla for its base, yet offered to the public. Persons suffering from RHEUMATISM, LIVER COMPLAINT, ERYSIPELAS, DISEASE OF THE SKIN, GENERAL DEBILITY, IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD, &c., should give it a trial.

Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.

☞ For sale by SETH S. HANCE, del-eo3m† 108 Baltimore street.

DR. CHALMER'S SANATIVE TINCTURE, FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD AND CURING NERVOUS DISEASES. Price $1 per bottle.

When the blood is impure, and its circulation thereby becomes dull and sluggish, this TINCTURE, by its purifying properties, will impart a more energetic and natural action, increasing thereby the power of the secretive and distributive organs. It relieves, with wonderful rapidity, every disorder incident to the digestive apparatus; restores the appetite; renews the strength; hardens the muscles; braces the nerves; gives elasticity to the spirit; recruits the mental energies; banishes despondency; imparts to the attenuated frame a more robust appearance; allays irritation; calms the disturbed imagination, builds up the shattered constitution, and may be taken without fear by the young or old, the robust or feeble, with equal advantage. The lassitude resulting from late hours, or too close application to labor of any kind, is quickly removed by its action, and ladies engaged in sedentary occupations, and subject to inconveniences therefrom, will find it a safe and healthy stimulant. For sale by SETH S. HANCE, del-eo3m† 108 Baltimore street.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.

The combination of ingredients in these Pills is the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and cannot do harm to the most delicate; certain in correcting all irregularities, Painful Menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, hysterics, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a PREMATURE GRAVE. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline. These pills form the finest preparation ever put forward with immediate and persistent success.

DON'T BE DECEIVED.

Take this advertisement to your Druggist, and tell him that you want the BEST and MOST RELIABLE FEMALE MEDICINE IN THE WORLD, which is comprised in these Pills.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

have been a standard remedy for over thirty years, and are the most effectual one ever known for all complaints peculiar to Females. To all classes they are invaluable, inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity. They are known to thousands, who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America.

Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used—with each Box.

Pills sent by mail, promptly secure from observation, by remitting to the Proprietors. HUTCHINS & HILLYER, Proprietors, 81 Cedar street, N. Y.

Sold by SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore street, and Druggists generally. del-eo3m

TABLE CUTLERY, SPECTACLES AND EYE GLASSES, OPERA GLASSES, TUCK COMBS, &c.—An entire new stock of the above Goods opened this day, and for sale at low prices by LARMOUR & CO., Light st. no18-tf

MEDICAL.

STRENGTH TO THE WEAK. YOUTH TO THE AGED!

BIOKRENE, or LIFE REJUVENATOR.

This preparation is unequalled as a Rejuvenator and Restorer of wasted or inert functions.

The aged should be certain to make the Biokrene a household god, inasmuch as it will render them youthful in feeling and in strength, and enable them to live over again the days of their pristine joy. It not only exhilarates but strengthens, and is really an invaluable blessing, especially to those who have been reduced to a condition of servility, self-abuse, misfortune, or ordinary sickness. No matter what the cause of the impotency of any human organ, this superb preparation will remove the effect at once and forever.

BIOKRENE

Cures Impotency, General Debility, Nervous Incapacity, Dyspepsia, Depression, Loss of Appetite, Low Spirits, Weakness of the Organs of Generation, Imbecility, Mental Indolence, Emaciation, Ennui. It has a most delightful, desirable and novel effect upon the Nervous System; and all who are in any way prostrated by Nervous Disabilities are earnestly advised to seek a cure in this most excellent and unequalled preparation.

Persons who, by imprudence, have lost their NATURAL VIGOR, will find a speedy and permanent cure in the

BIOKRENE.

The FEEBLE, the LANGUID, the DESPAIRING, the OLD should give this valuable discovery a trial; it will be found totally different from all other articles for the same purposes.

TO FEMALES.—This preparation is invaluable in nervous weaknesses of all kinds, as it will restore the wasted strength with wonderful permanence.

It is also a grand tonic, and will give relief in Dyspepsia with the first dose. A brief persistence in its use will renovate the stomach to a degree of perfect health and banish Dyspepsia forever.

One Dollar per bottle. Sold by SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore street, and Druggists generally.

Sent by express anywhere, by addressing HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors, d5-6meo 81 Cedar street, New York.

THE ONLY KNOWN RESTORER OF COLOR AND PERFECT HAIR DRESSING COMBINED

London Hair Color Restorer and Dressing.
London Hair Color Restorer and Dressing.
London Hair Color Restorer and Dressing.
London Hair Color Restorer and Dressing.
London Hair Color Restorer and Dressing.
London Hair Color Restorer and Dressing.

A SURE PREVENTIVE FOR BALDNESS

1.—It will restore gray hair to its original color.
2.—It will make it grow on bald heads.
3.—It will restore the natural secretions.
4.—It will remove all dandruff and itching.
5.—It will make the hair soft, glossy and flexible.
6.—It will preserve the original color to old age.
7.—It will prevent the hair from falling off.
8.—It will cure all diseases of the scalp.

READ THIS CERTIFICATE.

I am happy to add my testimony to the great value of the "London Hair Color Restorer," which restored my hair to its original dark color, and the hue appears to be permanent. I am satisfied that the preparation is nothing like a dye, but operates upon the secretions. It is also a beautiful hair dressing, and promotes the growth. I purchased the first bottle from Edward B. Garrigues, Druggist, Tenth and Coates streets, who can also testify my hair was very gray when I commenced its use.

MRS. MILLER, No. 730 North Ninth street, Phila.

Such testimony is daily received from all sections of the country. One bottle will satisfy any one that it is entirely different and vastly superior to all other hair preparations. Price 75 cents; $4 the half dozen. Sold by DR. SWAYNE & SON, 330 North Sixth st., and in Baltimore, by

SETH S. HANCE, d1-eo3m† 108 Baltimore street.

WHISKERS, BEARD, —AND— MOUSTACHES.

Those who are without these appendages to the face and desire them, would do well to try a bottle of DR. LAFONT'S CAPILLARY COMPOUND. It will force the hair to grow on the smoothest face, and has even been known to produce a fine set of Whiskers and Moustache in six weeks.

Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.
For sale by SETH S. HANCE, d1-eo3m† 108 Baltimore street.

BOSWELL AND WARNER'S COLORIFIC For Coloring the Hair to a Beautiful Brown or Black.

Applied without wash or preparation; will not crisp the Hair or Whiskers like a dye; leaves it soft and glossy, promoting its growth; particularly adapted to ladies' use whose hair is prematurely gray. Guaranteed as represented. Try it.

FUNSTON & SCHOFIELD, 302 E street, Washington, D. C.
SETH S. HANCE, Druggist, del-eo3m† 108 Baltimore st., Baltimore.

PHILOSOPHY OF MARRIAGE.

The Proprietor of the New York Museum of Anatomy have determined, regardless of expense, to issue free, (for the benefit of suffering humanity, and suppression of quackery) four of their most interesting and instructive Lectures on Marriage and its disqualifications, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature decline of Manhood, Indigestion, Weakness or Depression, Impotency, Loss of Energy and Manly Power; the great Social Evil, and those maladies which result from youthful follies, excesses of maturity, or ignorance of Physiology and laws of nature.

These invaluable Lectures have been the means of enlightening and saving thousands, and will be forwarded free, on receipt of four stamps, by addressing SECRETARY, New York Museum of Anatomy and Medicine, 618 Broadway, New York. d21-ly

HANCE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF HOARHOUND.

HANCE'S COMPOUND SYRUP HOARHOUND

HANCE'S COMPOUND SYRUP HOARHOUND

The Remedy of the Times;
The Remedy of the Age.
The Remedy of the Season.
Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma.
Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Croup.

Inflammation of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, Influenza and Consumption are all all cured by this incomparable remedy.

Hance's Compound Syrup Hoarhound.
Hance's Compound Syrup Hoarhound.
Hance's Compound Syrup Hoarhound.
Hance's Compound Syrup Hoarhound.

Price 50 cents per bottle.
For sale by SETH S. HANCE, d1-eo3m† 108 Baltimore street.

HAIR DYES! HAIR DYES!

Hair Dyes!
Hair Dyes! Hair Dyes!
HAIR DYES!

All the popular Hair Dyes of the day, among which will be found the following—

Bachelor's Hair Dye!
Bogle's Hair Dye!
Christadore's Hair Dye!
Matthew's Hair Dye!
Jones' Hair Dye!
Hamilton's Hair Dye!

These, together, with all the various HAIR COLORING FLUIDS.

For sale by SETH S. HANCE, d1-eo3m† 108 Baltimore street!

AN IRON CONSTITUTION.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP,
A PROTECTED SOLUTION OF THE PROTOXIDE OF IRON,
supplies the necessary quantity of IRON IN THE BLOOD,
Infusing Strength, Vigor and New Life into the System, and building up AN IRON CONSTITUTION.

SETH W. FOWLE & CO., 18 Tremont st., Boston.
J. P. DINSMORE, 491 Broadway, New York.
Sold by SETH S. HANCE, del-eo3m† 108 Baltimore street.

HANCE'S SARSAPARILLA, VEGETABLE OR BLOOD PILLS, FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

REMOVING BILE, CORRECTING DISORDERS OF THE STOMACH AND BOWELS, COSTIVENESS, DYSPEPSIA, SWIMMING IN THE HEAD, &c., &c.

Persons of a full habit, who are subject to Headache, Giddiness, Drowsiness and Singing in the Ear, arising from two great a flow of blood to the head, should never be without them, as many dangerous symptoms will be carried off by their immediate use.

For Females these Pills are most truly excellent, removing all obstructions, the distressing Headache so very prevalent with the sex; Depression of Spirits, Dullness of Sight, Nervous Affections, Blotches, Pimples and Sallowness of the Skin, and gives a healthy and juvenile bloom to the complexion.

As a pleasant, safe and easy aperient, they unite the re-communication of a mild operation with the most successful effect, and require no restraint or diet, or confinement during their use. By regulating the dose according to the age and strength of the patient they become suitable for every case, in either sex, that can be required, and for elderly people they will be found to be the most comfortable medicine hitherto prepared

Price 25cts. per box. For sale by SETH S. HANCE, d1-eo3m† 108 Baltimore street.

TYLER'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF GUM ARABIC, Well known as the Most Pleasant, Safe, and Speedy Cure for COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS.

Its superior efficacy in arresting stubborn coughs and the first stages of consumption, has long been appreciated by most families and physicians, and its success in giving immediate relief from a recent cough or cold, unprecedented. 25 cents per bottle, at his old stand, corner Baltimore and High streets au29-1m*

HANCE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF HOARHOUND,

For Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis Pain in the Breast, and all diseases which terminate in Consumption.

This article which has been before the public for a number of years, is without a superior for the cure of the disease for which it is recommended. Oftentimes one bottle has been known to afford immediate relief, and even cure.

Price 50 cents per bottle.
For sale by SETH S. HANCE, d1-eo3m† 108 Baltimore street.