DAILY CLIPPER.

WM. WALES.....Publisher.

THURSDAY, JAN. 12, 1865.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION
FOR THE
DAILY CLIPPER.

Twelve-and-a-half cents per Week, payable to the Carriers.

Mailed to Subscribers out of the city at
$6.00 FOR ONE YEAR.
3.00 FOR SIX MONTHS.
1.50 FOR THREE MONTHS.
1.00 FOR TWO MONTHS.
0.50 FOR ONE MONTH.

Invariably in advance.

TO ADVERTISERS.

The following exhibit of our regular rates will be found of service:

1 Square	1 Time	$ 50
"	2 Times	75
"	3 "	1 00
"	1 Week	1.75
"	1 Month	4 00
"	3 Months	10 00
"	6 "	18 00
"	1 Year	30 00

ONE SQUARE CONTAINS SIX LINES OF SPACE.

OUR ADVERTISING AGENT.

Our advertising agent for the city is Captain William Gibson, who will, as he finds opportunity, call upon the old patrons of the Clipper, and to whom any favors in the advertising line can be handed. Our patrons will find him entirely reliable.

☞ Persons in Washington, D. C., wishing to subscribe for the CLIPPER can leave their names with our Agent, J. GURLOCK, 608 Seventh street, Navy Yard, or with GIBSON BROS., Printers, 271 Pennsylvania avenue.

WITH PEACE RESTORED, WILL IT BE PERMANENT BETWIXT THE SECTIONS?

We sometimes hear it asserted, and see declarations to the same purport going the rounds of the rebel press—that so deadly is the enmity engendered by the events of the war betwixt the two sections, that none need ever hope or expect to see them reconciled to that degree, that they will live peaceably together under the same government. But there is one thing to be considered in regard to all such prognostics, or vaticinations. Nine cases in ten, they emanate from those who are either in direct or latent sympathy with the rebellion, so that it is one of an infinitude of methods to discourage the friends of the Union, whilst at the same time, it encourages those who are laboring for a permanent separation.

But is there any foundation for such calculations? Is there any probability that with the war at an end, with the armies in revolt disposed of, that those who compose them, would, as individuals, nurse their wrath, continue that hostility so far kept alive by the arts of the rebel leaders? Is it not one marked feature in the history of the war—that wherever any chance was offered by the rebel officers along the lines, for intercourse, that there the men of both sides almost invariably proceeded to fraternize; laying down their arms for the time, to trade; to chat; to even exchange friendly offices, until forced to forbear by the demonstrated alarm of the rebel officers, lest the effect should be to render their followers less available for their purposes in keeping up the rebel lion? Is it not proved, long ago, that however desperate and murderous have been their intentions, intentions which reached always in the outset to a declared purpose to "die in the last ditch" rather than give in, is it not proved, we say, that such desperation was all a humbug and a delusion, that if they had ever seriously contemplated such a catastrophe, that they were as ready when the trial came, to forego their savage purposes as could have been desired?

Again,—have they not come to learn, long since, that what they considered the oppression of the United States Government, was as nothing to that which they have had to endure from the infamous usurpation which sits astride of their necks under the auspices of Jeff. Davis? Is not "this little finger heavier" than the President's "loins" in this regard, to use a Bible simile—and do they not begin to know and to feel, that if they are ever to escape from Confederate tyranny, they must do so by coming back into the Union? Because a few prominent desperadoes have placed themselves beyond the reach of clemency, because they know that crimes so fearful as theirs merit no forgiveness, is it not a matter of course that as long as possible *they* should seek to place the rank and file betwixt themselves and deserved punishment? Traitors stained all over with the innocent blood of tens of thousands who have perished in the unnatural war these men have set on foot, what business have they to make themselves the standards in the case? what right have they to make others believe that the guilt is equal, that all are alike unforgiveable?

But the alternative is made more obvious by considering the matter in another light. We are told, we say, that those at enmity now cannot live at peace under one government! Let us enquire whether this is not another serious mistake, when we consider that it does not depend in this case so much upon the *government* as upon the *Government*. If the Government is strong enough to successfully "command the peace," is there any doubt about the prospective docility of those over whom it is called to minister? Does not Great Britain this day command the peace effectually betwixt races the most diverse and naturally hostile, as witness her experiences in India, where a dozen or more hostile nations live quietly under her rule, and to look across even at Canada, are there not battle monuments standing to-day in Quebec to commemorate the valor of Wolfe and Montcalm, leaders who, on the same occasion, represented two distinct and proverbially hostile nationalities, and does any enmity, born of those great conflicts, exist now to imperil the symmetry of these mementoes of the war-like past? Might we not run these parallels in an almost infinite number of cases,—to the long wars and the, at last, final peace betwixt England and Scotland—nay, to put even a stronger case still, to the Venetian war in France, the atrocities of which one can even now dwell upon only with a shudder!

Then, if what we have advanced is true in a general sense, is there any doubt but that the day will come, when with the causes of the conflict removed, the sections will enjoy a permanent peace? To be sure, there is much to be done before this can be hoped for, even. The great armies, the organized forces of the infamous Confederacy are first to be, as such, annihilated, driven from the field; their leaders executed or sent into exile, so as to remove everything that can serve as a menace to the Government. That done, and peace proclaimed, the next thing to do is to root out and destroy the gangs of outlaws, the guerillas, the true "last ditch" heroes, who enamored of robbery and murder, by long practice, cannot be expected all at once to surrender the fascinating pursuit for the occupations of a reign of peace. To get rid of these even, let them be hunted with all due diligence, will take some little time; but then, we can already look to the Governors of the States in revolt themselves to aid us, supposing that like Governor Brown, of Georgia, they have already been made to feel the curse of such an infliction as these wretches have proved themselves to be.

In conclusion, then, who doubts but that with the war ended, all parties will be chary enough of provoking a like infliction in the future,—at least, in the way of a civil war? Never before fully aware of the nature of such an awful visitation, realizing that it is no holiday pursuit, that the lace and plumes and pleasant excursions from armory to armory of militia, of volunteers, to partake of splendid dinners, never enter into the account of war in earnest, they will, whilst this generation exists, remember with terrible distinctness the sufferings of the hot and dusty march, or the wintry and freezing one, varied with the wounds and death constantly the portion of more or less upon the battle field. We may take it for granted then, we say, that a declaration of peace will mean peace for an indefinite period betwixt the sections. The strength of the Government has been tested, and it has been found to be what few ventured to suppose it, one of the strongest governments on earth. Tried and found as terrible in the vindication of its great prerogatives, as it was reluctant and slow to enter upon the assertion of them, none, owing allegiance to it, will hereafter be eager to provoke its wrath, to try conclusions with it. And so we insist again—that with peace once more established on the basis of a restored Union, it will prove a government capable of "commanding the peace" amongst the States for a period—reaching, we trust, to the end of recorded time.

Terrible Destitution in Tennessee.

A PLEA FOR THE ORPHAN AND THE WIDOW.

[We give the following—received here from some of the most prominent and charitable ladies of Nashville—a place in our paper, and which details such a condition of suffering, which shows such pressing need for aid, that anything we might urge additional would seem to be all but impertinent. The whole country should join to relieve want so awful and imperative in its demands.]

Deeply penetrated with sorrow for the bitter woes that have fallen upon the helpless women and children, recently driven from their homes by the ruthless hand of War, and that of Famine, its grim attendant, and by the terrible desolation of fire and sword that has swept over their once happy land, we, the undersigned, a few Christian women, have united ourselves into an Association for the purpose of relieving the necessities of these abject, *starving, poverty stricken* and *way worn* creatures, who have nothing but *rags* to shield them from the rigors of the approaching winter, and whose cry for mercy goes up with a *wail so piteous* and so *full of anguish*, that no human heart can withstand it and be at *peace* with *God*.

Many of them were once blessed with independence, and some with affluence, who are now bowed down with misery, wishing for *death* to release them from their sufferings, because hope is dead within them and the future a horrible blank. Nevertheless the *children*, who constitute more than half of this great mass of human woe, are the "sun-light in the picture," and with their bright innocent faces and joyous looks, carry the heart of the Christian philanthropist up to a better and happier world, for "Of such," we are told, "is the Kingdom of Heaven." For their sakes, then, we would plead, who, if snatched by timely aid from death and fell disease, may grow up to swell the noble throng of heroes and statesmen who are to wield the strong sceptre of unbroken power, and to support by their hearts and voices the Constitution of this "glorious Republic," for which our fathers fought and bled.

Thousands of beautiful children, with scarce one rag to cover them, are at this very moment lying side by side with helpless and decrepid age in the cold mud at Chattanooga and in its vicinity, *for miles*, exposed to the pelting rain and pitiless frost, and some have already been literally frozen to death for want of warm clothing and food to sustain nature.

Thousands of penniless, broken hearted, shivering mothers, and helpless widows, cling to their "last earthly hope," whose fathers have shed their last drop of blood for the "Union." Many mothers have brave sons, as well as husbands, in the army that has poured its strong legions into the South to battle for freedom. One poor woman has at this moment *seven sons* and a husband in that army, and scarcely one change of raiment to cover herself, and her five little children, now cast upon the world to beg or starve. This case is by no means a singular one, for none can tell what thousands of loyal women have endured to reach the Federal lines, driven by the opposing army, and many have fed with their children for weeks together, solely upon parched corn, hastily gleaned in their flight, to appease hunger.

Fourteen thousand souls have passed through this State during the last ten months, at the rate of 1,000 per month, and in the month of August 1,100, 700 of whom were children. Five thousand and over are now permanently located in Tennessee, because there is no room for them further North. Christian mothers! it is for these helpless, homeless exiles, whom misery and want enshroud as with the robe of death, that we would respectfully but earnestly appeal, feeling that we shall not do so in vain, when we ask you for Christ's sake to help these helpless and despairing ones, and at once to respond by collecting and forwarding to us, (pre-paid) by Adams' Express, boxes of new ready-made clothing, and boxes of cast off old clothing of every description, for girls, women and children, including old flannels for the sick.

Christian Fathers! We appeal also to you, and trust we plead not in vain. For the sake of your own happy, bright-eyed cherubs, give of your abundance a little, remembering the words of the blessed Saviour, "Inasmuch as ye did unto one of the least of these, ye did it unto me."

Of wholesale merchants we ask pieces of warm material, suitable for winter, such as unbleached domestics, coarse linseys and coarse woollen yarns for hose, which the wearers can knit for themselves, also shoes from manufacturers, coarse blankets, etc.

Of all faithful ministers of Christ, we ask that, without delay, they will appeal to the tender and generous sympathies of their congregations, in favor of these destitute and sorrow-stricken creatures, who must soon perish if not promptly relieved.

As a Home Mission in a Sunday School and Day School will be established as early as possible, of Publishers, Missionary Societies, and Bible Societies, we carnestly and respectfully solicit a few boxes of good Primers, Bibles and Prayer Books, and a few dozen Cards or boxes of Cards illustrating the Holy Scriptures, such as are used in Sunday Schools and Infant Schools. A few dozen copies of Catechism, and also a few Hymn Books, with the notes, (music).

All boxes for the Refugees must be forwarded to as follows:—"Nashville Refugee Clothing Association, care of Mrs. Mary Baldwin, Purchasing Agent for the Army of the Cumberland."

Mrs. Francis Brinley Fogg,
Vice Regent of the Mount Vernon Association.

Mrs. James K. Polk,
Mrs. Colonel Acklin,
Mrs. General Webster,
Mrs. Aaron V. Brown,
Mrs. Mary McCook Baldwin,
Mrs. Dr. Robert Fletcher.

All "monies" contributed must be sent to the care of Mr. Weaver, Cashier of the Planter's Bank, of Tennessee, directed to Mrs. F. B. Fogg.

GOOD FOR EVIL.

A long report has lately been published in England by the "International Relief Committee," detailing the work done by them in aid of the sufferers by the "Cotton Famine" in Lancashire and elsewhere. One portion of it, that is especially interesting to Americans, is summed up in the following extract from a leading article in the London Times of December 12.

The real amount contributed in this country to mitigate the effect of this overwhelming calamity will never be known, but whatever it may be, the efforts made in the United States for the same benevolent object, at a time when the resources of the country were severely taxed by the war, will ever deserve to be remembered with gratitude.

The actual sum collected by the International Relief Committee in money or money's worth appears to have been about $140,000, but to this must be added nearly $30,000, received from the "Produce Exchange Committee" of New York; more than $60,000 from the Philadelphia Committee, and the cost of provisions, &c., sent through various channels to Ireland and estimated at about $100,000. Altogether, "The relief sent to the United Kingdom in 1863" is stated at nearly $350,000—exceeding by about $100,000 the aggregate of the American subsidy during the Irish famine of 1847-8. This is a munificent donation from the wealthy classes of one country to the suffering poor of another; and it is but justice to add, that the manner in which it was offered was such as to enhance its value.

THE "KILLER."—This is a savage cetacean, probably the same with the "thrasher," about fifteen feet in length, blunt-nosed, strong of jaw, with cruel teeth. On its back is a fin beginning about two-thirds the way from tip to tail, running close to the latter, and then sloping away to a point, like the jib of a ship. In the largest this is some five feet long on the back, and eight or ten feet in height,—so large, that, when the creature is swimming on the surface, a strong side-wind will sometimes blow it over. It is a blue fish on a big scale, of a Semmes in the sea, hungry as famine, fierce as plague, dainty as a Roman epicure, yet omnivorous as time. The seal is its South Down mutton, the tongue of the whale its venison; for whenever its numbers are sufficient, it will attack this huge cetacean, and torture him till he submits and gives a horrible feast to their greed. Captain Handay had seen thirty or forty of them at this business. They fly with inconceivable fury at their victim, aiming chiefly at the lip, tearing great mouthfuls away, which they instantly reject while darting for another.

The bleeding and bellowing monster goes down like a boulder from a cliff, shoots up like a shell from a mortar, beats the sea about him all into crimson with his tail; but plunge, leap, foam as he may, the finny pirates flesh their teeth in him still, still are fresh in pursuit, until at length the end has come. Ever since the formation of the Republican party, always adhered to that party. In 1860 and 1861, it was the most highly advocated the Unionsavage, and in the last election it was strongly opposed to the side movement of the so-called *Radical party*. It has, earlier than any other German paper advocated the re-election of President Lincoln, and favored emancipation without compensation—though respecting the opinions of those who were in favor of compensation—as in the State and city election as it firmly advocated the *regular nominees* for Governor and Mayor, as every German Union man can testify.

The false assertion concerning the meetings of the "German Union Association of Maryland," and the "Sigel Union League" we leave to the officers of said Associations to rebuke. 1t2

☞ AT A MEETING OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE CORN AND FLOUR EXCHANGE, held THIS DAY, for organization, the following named gentlemen were unanimously elected Officers to conduct the affairs of the Association for the ensuing year, viz:

COL. WM. CHESNUT, President.
JOSEPH O. FOARD, Esq., 1st V. Pres.
ROBT. TYSON, Esq., 2d do.
SAML. DUER, Esq., Treasurer.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

B. F. PHILLIPS, Esqr.
JAMES B. CLARK, Esqr.
L. J. COX, Jr.,
JOHN P. PACA, Secy.

LUTHER J. COX, Jr., Secretary pro tem.
Baltimore, January 11th, 1865. 1t

☞ MARYLAND INSTITUTE.

MISS HANNAH F. BAILEY,
The celebrated
DRAMATIC READER AND DELINEATOR,
WILL GIVE
THREE DRAMATIC READINGS AT THE MARYLAND INSTITUTE,
On MONDAY, 16th, WEDNESDAY, 18th and FRIDAY, 20th January.

PROGRAMME FOR MONDAY EVENING, January 16th.

1. Launch of the Ship.....Longfellow
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8. Selections from "Romeo and Juliet".....Shakspeare
9. "Come Into the Garden Maud".....Tennyson
10. Advance.....L. F. McCarthy
11. A Candle Lecture.....Douglas Jerrold

Tickets to the Course of the three Readings, $1; single admission 50 cent; gallery, 25 cents. Reserve charge for reserved seats. Tickets for reserved seats to be had at McCaffrey's Music Store, 201 Baltimore street. ja12-tf

☞ WE, WHO WERE IN THE employ of Mr. Robert Cochran on the 6th of January, 1865, and engaged in pulling down the House No. 8 Holliday street, do hereby certify that no blame should be attached to Mr. Robert Cochran on account of the said accident that occurred on that day at that building.

Mr. Cochran did not direct that the wall should be thrown down in the way that caused the floor to break through, but had ordered otherwise, and he was not present when the accident occurred.

LAUGH CUSICK,
FRANCIS BRADY,
JAMES SHADBORD,
GEORGE GOULY,
DENNIS DASEY.
Witness, { EDWARD MCELVEE,
DAVID CROTHERS. 1t*

☞ GREAT COUNCIL OF MARYLAND—The Quarterly communication of the GREAT COUNCIL IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, will be held at Orcoles Wigwam, on FRIDAY, the 13th inst. of the Cold Moon, G. S. 5665.

JNO. L. BOOKER, G. C. P.

☞ FIRST WARD ATTENTION!

All persons who are not liable to the Draft by reason of unsuitableness of age, non-residents, alienage, physically disqualified, or those who have served in the army or naval service for more than two years, are earnestly requested to meet the Ward Committee, between the hours of 7 and 9 o'clock P. M., EACH NIGHT, at Justice Whitney's office, S. E. corner of Broadway and Lancaster street, to enroll their names and residences in the Ward and examine the lists, which will come to the R. Rs.

The Rolls will be open at all times for inspection. By order of

ja10-6t* COMMITTEE.

☞ SPECIAL NOTICE
TO
FIRE RISKS.

No charge for United States Stamps on Fire Policies will hereafter be made by the
MARYLAND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BALTIMORE.
Office—Northwest Corner of Baltimore and North Streets.

☞ Cash Capital $300,000

The attention of the community is respectfully invited to the course now introduced and adopted by this Company, and its patronage is solicited accordingly. Insurance can be effected on all kinds of property in the city or elsewhere.

THOS. E. HAMILTON, President.
JOSEPH K. MENDENHALL, Secretary. ja 11h

☞ FARMERS AND PLANTERS' BANK, BALTIMORE, Jan. 9, 1865.—The Board of Directors have declared a Dividend of EIGHT (8) PER CENT. on the Capital Stock for the last six months, payable on and after the 10th January. The transfer books will be closed on the 10th. United States and State taxes paid by the Bank.

ja10-6t* T. E. RUTTER, Cashier.

COPARTNERSHIPS, &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY FORMED A PARTNERSHIP, under the name of WHITNEY, CUSHING & CO., for the purpose of conducting the GYPSUM AND PLASTERING BUSINESS, at No. 210 S. Broad street.

T. NOBLE,
J. C. HERFORD.

Baltimore, Dec 5, 1864. jn1-3m

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The firm of WHITNEY, CUSHING & CO. was dissolved on the 31st day of December, 1864, by the death of Joseph Cushing. The surviving partners will settle the business of the late firm.

JOSEPH C. WHITNEY,
JACOB H. MEDAIRY.

THE UNDERSIGNED have this day formed a Co-partnership, under the firm of WHITNEY, MEDAIRY & CUSHING, to continue the BOOK and STATIONERY BUSINESS at the old stand, No. 8 North Howard street.

JOSEPH C. WHITNEY,
JACOB H. MEDAIRY,
FRANCIS C. CUSHING.

Baltimore, January 2d, 1865. ja3 2w

MR. JOHN E. H. HOSTON is a PARTNER in our firm from this date.

W. L. PARKER & CO.

BALTIMORE, 3d January, 1865. ja3-3t

☞ COMPLETE CLOTHING HOUSE.—We take great pleasure in calling the attention of our readers to the conspicuous advertisement of Messrs. Smith, Bros. & Co., No. 46 West Baltimore street. We speak what we know when we say their present stock of clothing cannot be excelled. We commend this firm to the favorable notice of all who may want goods in their line. They sell at small profits, and deal on the square with every body.

HAIR DYE! HAIR DYE!—Batchelor's Hair Dye is the best in the world. The only true and perfect Dye—harmless—instantaneous and reliable—produces a splendid black or natural brown—removes the ill effects of bad Dyes, and frequently restores the original color. Sold by all Druggists. The genuine is signed, W. A. Batchelor 81 Barclay street, New York.

PRESENTS.—The attention of the readers of the Clipper is called to the extensive stock of Watches, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware, for the Holidays, now for sale at GABRIEL D. CLARK'S Store, corner of Calvert and Water streets. See his advertisement in this day's paper.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

(From the Wecker Office.)

ANSWER TO A SPECIAL NOTICE, HEADED "FROM THE CORRESPONDENT OF THE NINTH."

The *German Correspondent* in its so-called translation as printed in the *American* and *Clipper*, but which in fact is no translation at all, refers to the result of the last election, and asserts that the Germans voted with the dictators of *justice, honor and duty*. We are glad that this is so, but we say that *justice, honor and duty* was certainly not inspired by the *Correspondent* which lacks all, but it was rather the result of the articles published in the "*Wecker*." The "*Correspondent*" never "moved" nor "stirred" a man, but seemingly, favor seemed man knows it, a plaything in the hands of unscrupulous and selfish persons. It was the standard-bearer of the German Union party of Maryland, never wavering from its right principles even in the most destructive periods of its existence.

We are not agrieved at the withdrawal of the music-pub advertisements because the *Wecker* may lose a few dollars thereby, but we think that in a period such as this, where the Lee Government in the world has been and constantly is assailed by persons whose only aim is to sever this great Union, that no person, no clique, no newspaper should be nurtured by the endangered Government which basis conspiracy openly against, and only now is willing to support it because money can be made by it.

The character of the *Correspondent* is too well-known in Baltimore by the people and by the German, to need a refutation of its malignant insinuations, and in answer to all its assertions we would only state the following facts:

We, the Union German *Correspondent* was advocating at first Whig doctrines, and sold itself in 1852 to the Democrats. When the Union party was started, it denounced that party to mob violence, calling us Black Republicans and nigger worshippers. In April, 1861, when good Union men were forced to leave the city, it was in the brightest spirits and freely declared its sympathies for Maryland, for the Union or Emancipation in Maryland, but, on the contrary, it has again shown his fidelity by inserting the protest of Mr. Chambers and others against the new Constitution; and in the Mayoralty election published the so-called Stirling Address as a leader, and then seeing that there was little chance for Schley, it came out on the day of election in a very small leader for Mayor Chapman.

The Baltimore *Wecker* was founded as a French democratic paper, and since the transformation of the Republican party, always adhered to that party. In 1860 and 1861, it was the most highly advocated the Unionsavage, and in the last election it was strongly opposed to the side movement of the so-called *Radical party*. It has, earlier than any other German paper advocated the re-election of President Lincoln, and favored emancipation without compensation—though respecting the opinions of those who were in favor of compensation—as in the State and city election as it firmly advocated the *regular nominees* for Governor and Mayor, as every German Union man can testify.

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Tickets to the Course of the three Readings, $1; single admission 50 cent; gallery, 25 cents. Reserve charge for reserved seats. Tickets for reserved seats to be had at McCaffrey's Music Store, 201 Baltimore street. ja12-tf

☞ If you wish a nice plate of Oysters go to R. E. Divine's, 80 North Howard street, where you can get French and American Confectionery, Nuts, Fruits, Jellies, &c., &c. ja 12-3o

HEADACHE cured in a few minutes by the use of the celebrated Hasheesh Candy. All you have to do is to eat from five to eight, remain quiet a few minutes, and ten chances to one if you have any more headache that day. For Asthma, Cough, General Debility, Nervousness, Depression of Spirits, it is said to be truly wonderful; relief is almost immediate.

Wm. H. Read, 147 Baltimore street, 1 door East of Calvert, is agent for Maryland. One dollar per box.

GREAT REVOLUTION IN BRICKMAKING—CHAMBER'S PATENT STEAM BRICK MACHINE.

Bricks made by steam, at the rate of 60 per minute, or 30,000 per day, in all weather, and h used, ready to be removed to the kiln for burning, *without the use of yards or run*, at less than one third the cost of hand-made Bricks, while they are stronger, handsomer, hold less water, and will stand double the pressure of hand-made bricks. They are preferred by all builders who have used them. Some having been made over 300,000,000 by these Machines. One of them will clear $37,000 in 300 days, or over $25,000 per annum, if worked all winter, which is now being done at Johnstown, Pa., thus earning nearly three hundred per cent per annum on investment—for further particulars and Patent Rights, call at the office of McClinton & Co., No. 19 South street, over the Gas Company's office.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—Dr. O. Phelps Brown has lately published a Treatise on Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma and General Debility, of 48 octavo pages, beautifully illustrated with Colored Plates, containing a prescription for the positive and speedy cure of Fits and Dyspepsia. This work will be sent free to all on receipt of five cents, to pre-pay postage. Address, Dr. O Phelps Brown, No. 29 Grand Street, Jersey City, N. J

☞ If you desire handsome and stylish fitting Clothing, Ready Made or Made to order, you can get greater bargains at Teal's, on the corner of Baltimore and Frederick streets, than you would imagine. All of his Goods are made in the very best manner and cut in the latest style. Give him a call. No. 50 W. Baltimore street, N. E. corner of Frederick.

CURE YOUR COUGHS.—*Forest Juniper Tar* is warrante d to cure any case of cough, throat or lung disease, arising from colds, in an incredibly short time, *no matter of what nature or of how long standing, with absolute certainty.* We say this *emphatically*, and stake the price of the medicine in all cases on our assertion. In fresh cases of coughs or croup *instantaneous* relief is produced. Try it, and if not convinced of the above declarations, return the empty bottles and get your money back. Sold by Coleman & Rogers, 173 Baltimore street and at our Druggists' Stores as per bottle 25c.

TO GATE'S HONEY BOAR.—This celebrated Toilet Soap, in such universal demand, is made from the choicest materials, is mild and emollient in its nature, fragrantly scented, and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin. For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. ja25-dawly

LABORATORY of Jas. R. Chilton & Co., NEW YORK, Nov. 8 th, 1864.

We have recently made a careful analysis of the Cameron Wine prepared by Mr. Alfred Speer, and do not hesitate in pronouncing it pure, it contains all properties of the medicinal ores. It is superior to other wines

Its principal effects upon the system are mildly stimulating, diuretic, emollient and tonic. It will prove beneficial in Affections of the Kidneys, and Chronic diseases, with general debility of the constitution.

Physicians may safely recommend it to their patients, in place of the many doubtful mixtures too often sold as pure wines.

JAS. R. CHILTON & Co.
Analytical Chemists.

This wine can be had of our Druggists. It is a most excellent article for weekly persons especially females.

MARRIED

McCAULEY—SKIPPER.—On the 3d inst., by the Rev. Dr. Wilson Thomas, McCauley to Sarah Skipper, both of Elkridge Landing.

CHASE—SAUNDERS.—On the 9th inst., by the Rev. J. W. Williams, Lieut Delos Chase, of Pennsylvania, to Miss Mary A. Saunders, of Warrenton, Va.

GOOD—HODGKIN.—At the Cathedral on the 10th instant, by the Rev. Father Foley, Thomas G. Good to Miss Ada Hodgkin, all of Georgetown, D. C.

DIED.

BULL.—On the 9th inst., of dropsy, Emanuel Bull, in the 51st year of his age.

HARKER.—On the 10th instant, Helena, in the 2d year of her age, wife of Joseph H. Harker, and eldest daughter of William Ward.

MULKERN.—On the 10th instant, Mrs. Bridget Mulkern, in the 60th year of her age, a native of Galway, county of Carabian, Ireland. May she rest in peace. Amen. [New York and Philadelphia papers please copy.]

ZEIGLER.—On the 9th instant, Barbara Zeigler, aged 58 years.

DEMELMAN.—On Monday evening, the 9th inst., Hannah Demelman, aged 54 years. May she rest in peace [Washington and New York papers please copy.]

☞ If you wish a nice plate of Oysters go to R. E. Divine's, 80 North Howard street, where you can get French and American Confectionery, Nuts, Fruits, Jellies, &c., &c. ja 12-3o

HEADACHE cured in a few minutes by the use of the celebrated Hasheesh Candy. All you have to do is to eat from five to eight, remain quiet a few minutes, and ten chances to one if you have any more headache that day. For Asthma, Cough, General Debility, Nervousness, Depression of Spirits, it is said to be truly wonderful; relief is almost immediate.

Wm. H. Read, 147 Baltimore street, 1 door East of Calvert, is agent for Maryland. One dollar per box.

GREAT REVOLUTION IN BRICKMAKING—CHAMBER'S PATENT STEAM BRICK MACHINE.

Bricks made by steam, at the rate of 60 per minute, or 30,000 per day, in all weather, and h used, ready to be removed to the kiln for burning, *without the use of yards or run*, at less than one third the cost of hand-made Bricks, while they are stronger, handsomer, hold less water, and will stand double the pressure of hand-made bricks. They are preferred by all builders who have used them. Some having been made over 300,000,000 by these Machines. One of them will clear $37,000 in 300 days, or over $25,000 per annum, if worked all winter, which is now being done at Johnstown, Pa., thus earning nearly three hundred per cent per annum on investment—for further particulars and Patent Rights, call at the office of McClinton & Co., No. 19 South street, over the Gas Company's office.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—Dr. O. Phelps Brown has lately published a Treatise on Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma and General Debility, of 48 octavo pages, beautifully illustrated with Colored Plates, containing a prescription for the positive and speedy cure of Fits and Dyspepsia. This work will be sent free to all on receipt of five cents, to pre-pay postage. Address, Dr. O Phelps Brown, No. 29 Grand Street, Jersey City, N. J

☞ If you desire handsome and stylish fitting Clothing, Ready Made or Made to order, you can get greater bargains at Teal's, on the corner of Baltimore and Frederick streets, than you would imagine. All of his Goods are made in the very best manner and cut in the latest style. Give him a call. No. 50 W. Baltimore street, N. E. corner of Frederick.

CURE YOUR COUGHS.—*Forest Juniper Tar* is warrante d to cure any case of cough, throat or lung disease, arising from colds, in an incredibly short time, *no matter of what nature or of how long standing, with absolute certainty.* We say this *emphatically*, and stake the price of the medicine in all cases on our assertion. In fresh cases of coughs or croup *instantaneous* relief is produced. Try it, and if not convinced of the above declarations, return the empty bottles and get your money back. Sold by Coleman & Rogers, 173 Baltimore street and at our Druggists' Stores as per bottle 25c.

TO GATE'S HONEY BOAR.—This celebrated Toilet Soap, in such universal demand, is made from the choicest materials, is mild and emollient in its nature, fragrantly scented, and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin. For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. ja25-dawly

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AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

HOLLIDAY ST. THEATRE—Enoch Arden—Shocking Events.

FRONT STREET THEATRE—Cherry and Fair Star

MILITARY RELIEF AGENCY.

OF THE
STATE OF MARYLAND,
OFFICE, SPURRIER'S COURT,
Lexington street, rear of Law Building.

Persons seeking information of soldiers, in the Fiel e Hospitals, or in regard to Deceased Men of the Maryland Regiments are invited to call.

RICHARD KING, Agent.
ja12 2w

BALLS.

FIRST GRAND BALL
OF THE EMPLOYEES OF THE QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT, BALTIMORE, MD.
AT THE NEW ASSEMBLY ROOMS,
On TUESDAY, January 17th, 1865—8 P. M.

It is designed to make this Ball one of the nicest and most attractive of the season. Arrangements will be made to maintain perfect order during the entire evening.

The FULL BAND of the 21 U. S. Artillery, of Fort McHenry, will be present by special permission, to enliven the occasion with their choice and elegant music.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS,
"SUTLER ROSETTE"

Frederick Speel,	Wm. Rockwe,
Ludwig Moser,	Wm. Howard,
John Welch,	H. Hutchenhorst.

FLOOR MANAGERS,
"SUTLER ROSETTE"

Wm McAlester,	Caspar Paul,
S. M. Lloyd	Wm. Patterson.

BALLET MASTER,
"WHITE ROSETTE."
GEORGE W. HUSSELL.

SUPPER TICKETS $1, to be had of the Committee during the evening or at the door of the Supper Room.

Admission Cards $1, admitting a Gentleman and Ladies. To be had of any of the above Committees.

☞ No Tickets sold at the door on the evening of the Ball except to Gentlemen accompanied with Ladies. ja 13 4t

GRAND COMPLIMENTARY
SOIREE,
Tendered by the
STARLIGHT AND OAKLEY ASSEMBLIES,
TO PROFESSOR J. L. BENTING,
To take place at the
NEW ASSEMBLY ROOMS, (Main Saloon,)
On THURSDAY EVENING, Jan. 12, '65.

Committee of Arrangements—P. Obaner, Chairman; T. S. Griffith, J. W. Nicol, N. Moore, S. Cromwell, N. Butler.

Ballet Master—J. R. Talley.

Floor Managers—W. King, G. Stoney, J. Diehl.

Tickets 75 cents; admitting a Gentleman and Ladies. ja11-2t*

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE, DEPOT COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTANCE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10, 1865.
PROPOSALS FOR FLOUR

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received until WEDNESDAY, January 18th, 12 o'clock M., for furnishing the Subsistence Department with TWO THOUSAND (2,000) BARRELS OF FLOUR.

The proposals will be for what is known at this Depot as Nos. 1, 2 and 3, and bids will be entertained for any quantity less than the whole.

Bids must be in duplicate, and for each grade on separate sheets of paper.

The delivery of the Flour to commence within five days from the opening of the bids, and must be delivered in such quantities, daily, as the Government may direct; either at the Government warehouse in Georgetown, or at the wharves or railroad depot in Washington, D. C.

The delivery of all Flour awarded to be completed within twenty days from the opening of the bids.

Bids will be received for Flour to be delivered in new, oak barrels, head lined. Also, for Flour in good, merchantable, second-hand flour barrels, but they must be such as will be accepted by the Inspector, or they will not be received.

Payment will be made in such funds as the Government may have for disbursement.

The usual Government inspection will be made just before the Flour is received, and no Flour will be accepted which is not fresh ground, and made from Wheat ground in the vicinity where manufactured, unless of a very superior quality.

An oath of allegiance must accompany the bid of each bidder who has not the oath on file in this Office, and no bid will be entertained from parties who have previously failed to comply with their bids, or from bidders not present to respond.

The Government reserves the right to reject any bid for any cause.

Bids to be addressed to the undersigned, at No. 223 "G" street, endorsed, "Proposals for Flour."

E. F. BRIDGES,
Capt. C. S. V.
ja11-6t

PROPOSALS FOR LUM