

DAILY CLIPPER.

W. W. WALES, Publisher.

FRIDAY, OCT. 14, 1864.

(For the Baltimore Clipper)
IMPROVISED.

WRITTEN ON BEHALF OF MAJOR CHAPMAN'S
ELECTION.

The friends of Chapman all declare their hatred to the "Pro-Major." The friends of Chapman calmly say, "The Vote May be right or wrong, but we are not here, indeed, to have made our candidate succeed. We have blown up the streets, Mayor Sticks down—wrote, telegraphed, while the Union Flag is main support."

NEW YORK LETTER.

(Correspondence of the Baltimore Clipper.) New York, Oct. 11, 1864.

How strange (and how different from their desire) it would seem to see in the columns of the "Daily News" accounts of Union victories such as appear in the loyal papers of the city. Their sole object seems to be opposition to the government—for even in the fact of half a dozen or more official dispatches announcing victories, they put at the head of their paper, headings such as appeared in yesterday's issue; it was as follows:—"Confederate attack on Generals Kautz and Birney; several Federal men killed, wounded and prisoners." Evidently, they neither say nothing about victories, nor treat them in the same insolent manner. McClellan's banners, and Union ones, also, are daily being raised in different parts of the city; at their raising, it is usual to have a canon and a few speakers. The copperhead papers make the most out of these affairs, and to read some of the accounts, strangers would think they were great meetings. One of the democratic papers published yesterday in account of a banner raising, which they characterized as a large assemblage, and stated that "bonfires, canons, &c., gave color to the occasion." Happening to be there, I am able to state that it was far from being a "large assemblage," the most present any one time was, at the outside, 200.

The paper said nothing about the fact that, although one of the dozen or so transparencies they had was "Free Speech," a man was knocked down and set upon by half a dozen of Seymour's "friends" for simply saying to his neighbor, "it is not so," having reference to something the speaker said.

The Young Men's Republican Union opened their new rooms on the corner of Broadway and 13th street last evening. General Douglass, Hon. David Dudley Field, and others, addressed the enthusiastic audience assembled there.

Colonel Thomas B. Van Buren was nominated, last evening, as the Union candidate for District Attorney.

Hon. Thomas G. Alvord, the Union nominee for Lieutenant Governor, will address a meeting at the Cooper Institute on the 14th instant.

The sleep of war Idaho was launched late on Saturday afternoon at the yard of the builder, Mr. Steers, in Greenpoint. The Idaho is three hundred and five feet long, and will be bark-sided. Among the distinguished officers present on the occasion were Rear Admiral Gregory and Commodore Royston, commander of the French fleet on the coast.

The United States naval, mail and supply steamer Fort Morgan will sail from the Brooklyn Navy Yard on the 16th inst.

The iron-clad Monocacy, United States gunboats Sumter and Rhode Island, and the tender steamer Little Ad, arrived at the Brooklyn Navy Yard to-day.

A draft of men will leave the Navy Yard on Thursday for the Pacific Squadron.

Commanders Guest and Howell have been ordered to Newport for duty on a court martial.

A mysterious case of murder is at present receiving the attention of the authorities of this city and Brooklyn. About a week ago a portion of a body floated into one of the Brooklyn docks, and yesterday the remainder came into a dock on the New York side of the river. The murdered person is a young man, every means to have the body identified has been taken, and the Brooklyn Common Council have offered a reward of one thousand dollars for the apprehension of the murderer.

The Railroad Companies yesterday, with the exception of the 8th avenue railroad, raised their fare to six cents. The 8th avenue road raises theirs on Thursday. Now that the Stage Companies are prevented from giving checks in change instead of pennies, it is said they will raise their fare to ten cents.

The Brooklyn Railroad Companies petitioned the Common Council twice this time for permission to raise their fare from five to eight cents, which is too much however; they should have six cents, as their roads are generally longer than the New York ones, and the travel on them is much less.

The expense the city is at for cleaning the streets is attracting attention, as it certainly should. We pay at the rate of one million dollars a year for simply sweeping the streets, removing ashes, &c., and the work is very badly done at that.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(Correspondence of the Baltimore Clipper.) Washington, Oct. 13, 1864.

The election in Baltimore and Maryland, Ohio, Indiana and Pennsylvania, settles the Presidential election.

The Baltimore daily journals of this morning were eagerly sought for by both friends and foes of the National Administration.

The election of Major Chapman, I may say, was generally expected here, because he was the regular nominee of the party, and it is any surprise. It is at his laye majority.

The defeat of Mr. Stirling is a withering rebuke to Mr. Henry Winter Davis, and the cabal of which he is the recognized head.

The friends of Mr. Stirling, determined to leave no stone unturned to insure his success, resorted to hold a mass meeting among the Germans on Friday evening last, in order to secure a vote for Mr. Elling, but it would seem that the honest generosity of the Mondænical city did not approve of such Jacobite efforts, and voted leave of absence to all such patriots for an indefinite period of time.

May we not hope that this salutary lesson will be heeded hereafter by all aspirants for political honors. The Germans won't have them.

LOCAL NEWS.

I fear very much that the light vote given to your city for the new Constitution has impelled its adoption by the people—I hope I may be mistaken; but a rebel member of the late Convention this morning said to the writer, "Sir, we shall defeat it; we have sent couriers all over the counties, and if the people come out, they will certainly vote it down." It was a great mistake in ordering this election to come off on the same day as that of your municipal election, and above all, in allowing two days for the counties, and but one for the city to vote upon the question.

I have Allegany, Washington, Frederick, Cecil, Talbot and Baltimore counties may do better in proportion than Baltimore does; if so, the Constitution may be carried after all.

The news from Indiana, Pennsylvania and Ohio have set a thrill of joy to every patriotic, loyal hearted man, and practically settled the Presidential election.

The Ohio Executive Congressional Committee, you are aware, consists of Hon. H. M. Morgan, Hon. James Harlan, Hon. L. M. Merrill, of the Senate, and Hon. E. B. Warburton, Hon. R. R. Vanarsdalen, Hon. J. A. Garfield, Hon. J. G. Blaine, of the House. These gentlemen, together with D. N. Collyer, Esq., the accomplished Secretary of the Committee, have been and are continually working like beavers to get off documents for the people. They are entitled to a nation's thanks for their untiring exertions.

Many of the documents are of rare ability, and all admirably adapted to the wants of the people. They should be sent broadcast through the land. They will make votes whenever and wherever they are read. The Executive Committee of Maryland ought to see to it that every voter in the State is supplied with these documents. A. K.

Music Fair.—The attendance at the fair continues as large as ever, and, notwithstanding the character of the weather, may be said to be great. At night, the hall is always crowded. The Independent Blues band is highly esteemed, and adds greatly to the interest of the exhibition. The invention which attracts more attention in the exhibition is "Sister," patented by Mr. D. T. Brown. The invention consists of a simple contrivance, made of light metal, intended to supersede the old fashioned guide on sewing machines. By using it in the machine, it is not required to hold the cloth in a cramped position or strain the eyes from their sockets in watching the needle. They can, after starting the treadle of the machine, converse, look in any direction, and the work goes on. It guides the fabric, will stitch a circle as easily as a straight seam, bind without having first to turn the goods, and be set to work immediately. It is a simple machine, and the only thing that is wanting to render the sewing machine perfect. It can be seen in operation each afternoon and night in the centre portion of the hall.

Rineharts, Brooks, No. 7 North Gay street, dealers and surgical instrument makers, have an exhibition of medical instruments, recently finished and varnished, made of various materials. The trunks and surgical instruments manufactured by this firm have acquired a wide-spread reputation.

Messrs. Canfield, Bros. & Co., the extensive dealers in diamonds, jewelry, military equipments and a thousand other useful articles for mankind, have placed near their entrance a small display of various valuable articles.

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Music of Nature in Norway.

Still as everything is to the eye, sometimes for a hundred miles together, along the deep sea valleys, there is a roar of voices. The ear is kept awake by the cataracts leaping from the rocks, and there is the bleating of the kids, that browse here and there, the hiss of the great eagle's wing, as it dashes abroad from its eyrie, and the cries of whole clouds of sea birds which inhabit the island; and all these sounds mingled and multiplied by the strong echoes and reverberations of the mountains.

Even at night, when the docks are in the field, and the echoes themselves seem to be assonant, the music occasionally a sweet sound, too soft for even the listening ear to catch by day.

Every breath of summer wind that steals through the pine forest, wakes the music as it goes. The still, sultry leaves, the sun that beats, the vibration of the trees, the strings of a musical instrument, and the noise of a thousand voices.

It represents a group of sounds clustered in a grove, now pale, and listening to the music of the nightingale. The moon is now peeping through the foliage and casting its rays upon the bosom of the lake and the face of the encircled listeners. The subject is well conceived and most beautifully carried into execution. There are other pictures of a meritorious character on exhibition, the merits of which we shall speak of hereafter.

In our notices of the fair, we must not neglect to mention that the ladies are under many obligations to Mr. Galloch, Libby, an architect of the Institute, for the admirable manner in which he has displayed the offerings of the fair sex. By his superior judgment the articles are so arranged that they appear to excellent advantage.

A Fatal Case of Cutting.—On Wednesday night, it is customary, preceding election returns, bonds are delivered in the name of the electors of each district, and during the evening a difficulty occurred between two school boys, Thomas Johnson, residing in Sugar Alley near Charles street, and George W. Hoxie, residing on York street. The boy Hoxie alleged that he was set upon by several other colored boys, and that in self defense he drew a knife and cut the hand of one of the crowd. The boy Johnson received a terrible cut in the thumb from which the interlocutor said he might bleed to death and clear a field or two; whereupon the master may plant his hat and make a path for it to join some road, there is a human habitation and the sound that belong to it. These, in winter nights, come music and laughter, and the sound of dances, and the hum of many voices. The Norwegians are a sociable and hospitable people, and they hold their gay meetings in defiance of their Arctic climate, through every season of the year.

Death of Walter Savage Landor.

The death of this celebrated literary patriarch is announced to have taken place on the 17th inst., at Florence, which had been his adopted home for several years. He had nearly reached the advanced age of ninety years, having been born January 30, 1775—

He received his early education under private tuition at Rugby school, and studied for a time at Oxford, although he did not take degrees. His talents led him to the practice of law, but the heat of his own mind strongly inclined him to a literary career, and soon after leaving Oxford in 1795, he published a volume of poems.

This was succeeded by "Gobiz," a poem of great pretension and considerable celebrity. On the death of his father, ten years afterward, he sold his library, and devoted the income of which to the study of law and a liberal sum of money. He did not, however, escape the usual perplexities of the experienced men in the management of a great landed property, and disgraced with the behaviour of his tenantry, he sold the whole estate, which to a certain extent, had been in the family for seven hundred years, and entered into a mercantile transaction which he had built to be called down.

Determined to engage in the movement of the Spanish patriots against Napoleon in 1808, raising a body of troops at his own expense, and recruiting the commission of Colonel in the Spanish army, which he resigned in 1815 to become a Major of the National Guard of New York.

Holiday Street Theatre.—The farewell benefit of Mr. Booth, yesterday evening, and the comedy will be marked by the reproduction of "Richard III" with Mr. Booth as Richard, and the favorite Miss Gray as the Queen. On Saturday Mr. Booth will make the charming actress and Baltimore's popular favorite Mrs. D. P. Bowles, will appear.

Relief Prisoners.—There arrived at the Bayard depot, yesterday morning, 1,280 sick and wounded rebel prisoners, from Elmira, New York. They were conducted to the Government wharf, foot of Long Dock, and placed on board of a steamer for the purpose of being conveyed to Port Lockport for change.

Many of them were taken from the city in Army wagons, and many with broken wounds and tickets of walk. The prisoners were in charge of Major Roberts, of the 102d National Guard, of New York.

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Stealing.—Walter Savage Landor, charged with stealing thirty pounds of coffee from the store of Messrs. Cleaton & Co., corner of First and Hanover streets, was arrested yesterday afternoon, and after a hearing, committed to jail by Justice Spiller.

Dishonesty.—George H. Crumwell, residing in Franklin Hill, was arrested yesterday, charged with being a "dreadful" in an omnibus. He is quite as civil in the pocket as he is in the saddle, and a good example to all.

Two pictures.—Two pictures, just finished by Fehr, the armless painter, (two pencils with his toes) are very highly spoken of in France.

There are 300,000 Cossacks expatriated.—There are 300,000 Cossacks expatriated by Russia, who cannot find a home. The Russians won't have them.

LOCAL NEWS.

McMellan should be known as the man of treacherous memory. When asked where he was during a great battle, when his men were falling by hundreds, his answer was, "I do not remember!"

The Andersonville (Ga.) prison has been broken up, and our men have transferred to Florence, N. C., which will hereafter be the main prison. All the Union officers are still held at Charleston.

J. B. Short has been a conductor on the Boston and Lowell Railroad 2½ years, having commenced the second year after the opening of the road.

Misouri gets about one-half of her annual tobacco yield this year.

MINIATURE ALMANAC FOR 1864.

OCTOBER. 1. Sun. 2. Mon. 3. Tues. 4. Wed. 5. Thurs. 6. Fri. 7. Sat.

8. Sunday. 9. Monday. 10. Tuesday. 11. Wednesday. 12. Thursday. 13. Friday. 14. Saturday. 15. Sunday. 16. Monday. 17. Tuesday. 18. Wednesday. 19. Thursday. 20. Friday. 21. Saturday. 22. Sunday. 23. Monday. 24. Tuesday. 25. Wednesday. 26. Thursday. 27. Friday. 28. Saturday. 29. Sunday. 30. Monday. 31. Tuesday.

NOVEMBER. 1. Sun. 2. Mon. 3. Tues. 4. Wed. 5. Thurs. 6. Fri. 7. Sat.

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DECEMBER. 1. Sun. 2. Mon. 3. Tues. 4. Wed. 5. Thurs. 6. Fri. 7. Sat.

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PROPOSALS.

ARMY STORES.

OFFICE U. S. COMMISSIONER OF SUBSISTENCE, NEW YORK CITY.

UNIFORMS, OUTFITS, ETC.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN DUPLICATE, WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE UNDERSIGNER, UNTIL 3 O'CLOCK, P.M., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1864, FOR SUPPLYING THE REESE OF THE UNION ARMY, FOR THE USE OF THE UNION ARMY, AND THE UNION NAVY, FOR THE QUANTITY OF 100,000 PAIR OF STOCKINGS.

BACON: Sides, Shoulder or Ham.

STEAMERS: Freshwater.

CLAMS: Freshwater.

STEAMERS: Georgette, Pearson, from Old Point Comfort to New York.

STEAMERS: Junius, Phillips, from New York to Old Point Comfort.

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