DAILY CLIPPER.

WM. WALES.....Publisher.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 12, 1864.

National Union Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT:
ABRAHAM LINCOLN, of Illinois.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
ANDREW JOHNSON, of Tennessee.

Electoral Ticket.

State at Large:—WM. J. ALBERT,
H. H. GOLDBOROUGH.
1st District:—W. H. W. FARROW,
2d " WM. S. REESE,
3d " R. S. MATTHEWS,
4th " ISAAC NESBIT,
5th " GEO. W. SANDS.

FOR MAYOR:
JOHN LEE CHAPMAN.

THE ELECTION TO-DAY.

When we take into consideration the numberless inducements to duty which present themselves to every patriotic citizen who is called upon to participate in the elections of to-day, we find that never since the foundation of the Commonwealth was a crisis upon it so fraught with good or evil destiny, according as our people may decide. For nearly four years now, Maryland has been struggling to convince the South that she could have no part nor lot in a rebellion gotten up in the interests of slavery; and during that whole period the rebel chiefs have affected to believe her not in earnest—that with the issues fairly made she would agree to throw in her lot with the Richmond dynasty. We say the time has come to determine this, and the vote on the New Constitution gives us ample chance to do it. Let us so cast our votes, that *forever* hereafter in the history of the State we may be classed as eminently loyal to the Constitution and the Union, *as cutting loose now and forever from the causes of the rebellion.* Subjected to murderous raids time and again, our great railroad and other public works repeatedly assailed and destroyed, our citizens murdered and their property taken, these are the gentle wooings of Jeff. Davis to the arms of the Southern Confederacy—these are the persuasives to make us cast in our lot with theirs. To-day we can repulse them with such emphasis as to require no further experiments upon our sentiments; let us repudiate them with such evident purpose, that no approaches will ever be made with the same hopes or expectations again. The chance is ours to stamp the blood-stained rebellion against the best Government that ever existed, with the loathing and horror the crimes of the rebel leaders have elicited,—then let none hereafter ever appeal to Maryland as even by possibility complicated with the purposes of traitors to destroy the Government.

THE NEW LIGHT HERE AS TO OATHS.

When our Senator in Congress takes upon hims elf to show the disloyal a possible dodge in relation to the prescribed oath, one is reminded by his way of putting it of the view taken of the same obstacle by a famous Kentucky guerilla:

Captured after some revolting atrocities, and inquired of by a Union man, "How he could "commit such enormities in violation of the "oath?" his answer was characteristic of the times:

"D—n the oath—I could take that easily "enough—but curse the fellow who adminis-"tered it to me."

Now, barring the revolting profanity, how much better is the morality of the distinguished member of the bar here, when he tells the people of Maryland—in substance—"Take the oath; you may readily enough take "*that*, if you deem that it stands in the way "of your rights; but put the sin of violating "it—if any there be—on the *Convention*, which "had no right to prescribe it."

But will the *bar* thank the honorable gentleman for this specimen of sharp practice? Will it elevate the profession in the eyes of an honest people, when one of its shining lights takes such a position in regard to the binding nature of oaths?

We read but recently that the courts of California were sadly puzzled to devise any oath which could bear on a Chinaman. The secesh and their advocates here are really emulating the "Celestials." They are, it seems, ready to take the most stringent "oath," and by a dodge never known before in the history of a Christian people, to skulk from its observance. Truly, the nation has fallen upon evil times.

THE MAYORALTY.

The Hon. John Lee Chapman at this present writing has every prospect of being triumphantly re-elected, and those who vote for him will have the satisfaction of knowing that they could not support a more deserving public servant, and one who under many severe trials has nobly done his whole duty.

But in sustaining him, there is more to be thought of than even this. The affairs of the city have during his administration been managed in a business like and straight forward manner, such as to inspire the whole community with a thorough belief in his honesty and capacity. With no pretensions to brilliancy, to show, he has gone along quietly, modestly, watchful of the public welfare; and if the workingmen of the city have not been dazzled by periodical bursts of speech-making, they have seen, nevertheless, that as an earnest worker in his particular sphere, firm, prudent, careful of the best interests of the city, he has been unsurpassed. Such men we admire, are rare in any community, and when found, voters should not lightly give them up. A day's earnest exertion will place him once more as a sentinel upon the watchtower in perilous times—let every one give it cheerfully, and he will go in again with a rush.

ELECTION RETURNS.

We trust our friends will be prompt in giving us the election returns. A little extra activity on the part of all will enable us to spread the results before our readers at an early hour, and gladden the hearts of thousands waiting anxious to know the destiny of Maryland and the history of the contest in the city.

SAMUEL A. EWALT.—The voters of the fifteenth ward should be on the alert to roll up a fine majority for this staunch and true Unionist, and the indications now are that they will do it. Let every one do his best.

[Communicated.]

IMPORTANT TO VOTERS.

As there will be separate receptacles for the votes on the Constitution from the votes on the Mayoralty, voters, when they approach the polls, should examine their tickets particularly, and see that the ballots on the Constitutional question are put in the Constitution box, and the ballots on the Mayoralty question put in the Mayoralty box; for when the votes are counted, should there be any votes on the Constitution in the Mayoralty box, they will be thrown out, and any votes on the Mayoralty question in the Constitution box, will also be rejected by the Judges.

PRO BONO PUBLICO.

[COMMUNICATED.]

SUGAR-COATED PILLS.

In conversation with an avowed rebel sympathizer last evening, he remarked that there would be any number of *sugar-coated* but might be *bitter* pills swallowed to-morrow by many in Baltimore. The test oath was the pill. Coated on one side by Reverdy Johnson and on the other by Wm. Schley; but he thought 'twould go down. Loyal men see to it that no rebel pill swallowers defraud you of your rights.

A CHARMAN MAN.

MARRIED.

NICHOLS—BOND.—On the 9th instant, by Rev. J. James Largent, Zazariah Nichols to Mrs. Ellen L. Bond, both of this city.

SAKERS—BOSTICK.—On the 29th ult., by Rev. T. T. Wysong, John S. Sakers and Sarah F. Bostick, both of Howard county, Md.

HARKNESS—ANTHONY.—On the 29th ult., by Rev. Mr. Charlton, Andrew J. Harkness to Janie, youngest daughter of John Anthony, all of this city.

DIED.

PRICE.—On the 9th instant, James H. G. Price, in the 22d year of his age, only son of Mary A. Price.

TALBOT.—On the 9th inst., Thomas Roberts, infant son of Eugenia D. and Charles M. Talbot.

HANLEY.—On the 9th instant, Bedilia Ann, aged 7 years and 4 days, only daughter of John and Margaret Hanley.

FORT.—On the 9th instant, Mrs. Ann Fort, consort of Thomas Fort, in the 59th year of her age.

WALKER.—On the 8th inst., Joshua, youngest son of Joshua and Harriet C. Walker, aged 2 years 6 months and 12 days.

☞ If you desire handsome and stylish fitting Clothing, Ready Made or Made to Order, you can get greater bargains at Teal's, on the corner of Baltimore and Frederick streets, than you would imagine. All of his Goods are made in the very best manner and cut in the latest style. Give him a call: No. 50 W. Baltimore st., S. E. corner of Frederick.

WE WOULD call our readers' special attention to the celebrated Hasheesh Candy advertised on our 2nd page. This wonderful article seems to stand without a rival for the following diseases, viz: Asthma, Bronchitis, Cough, Colds, Sore Throats, Lung Diseases, Loss of Appetite, Melancholy, Pain in the Back, Fever and Ague, Kidney Affections, &c., &c. It lulls pain and produces sleep, in short it is a wonderful remedy. WM. H. BEAD, 147 Baltimore street, 1 door east of Calvert, is the Agent.

STARTLING! BUT TRUE—THE VOLUNTEERS ARE BRAVING THE DANGERS of Fever, Scurvy, Wounds and Cholera. Many a gallant fellow will leave his bones to bleach, who, by the aid of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, would have returned to his family strong and healthy. Soldiers, try them. If the reader of this "notice" cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug store in his place, let him write to me, 80 Maiden Lane, enclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 25 cents, 62 cents, and $1.40 per box or pot.

COMPLETE CLOTHING HOUSE.—We take great pleasure in calling the attention of our readers to the conspicuous advertisement of Messrs. Smith, Bros. & Co., No. 40 West Baltimore street. We speak what we know when we say their present stock of clothing cannot be excelled. We commend this firm to the favorable notice of all who may want goods in their line. They sell at small profits, and deal on the square with everybody.

COLGATE'S HONEY SOAP.—This celebrated Toilet Soap, in such universal demand, is made from the choicest materials, is mild and emollient in its nature, fragrantly scented, and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin. For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

ja25-dawly

CURE YOUR COUGHS.—*Forrest' Juniper Tar* is warranted to cure any case of cough, throat or lung disease, arising from colds, in an incredibly short time, *no matter of what nature or of how long standing, with absolute certainty.* We say this *emphatically*, and stake the price of the medicine in all cases on our assertion. In fresh cases of cough or croup *instantaneous* relief is produced. Try it, and if not convinced of the above declaration, return the empty bottles and get your money back. Sold by COLEMAN & ROGERS, 173 Baltimore street, and other Druggists. 35 cents per bottle.

o21-tf

SPERM'S WINE.—Dr. Harris, of the N. Y. Hospital, "finds it an excellent tonic and gentle stimulant, preferable to the commercial port and other wines, and recommends it especially for ladies." Dr. Parish, of Philadelphia, "pronounces it to be a purely unadulterated juice of the grape, possessing much medicinal virtue, and uses it for its purity, fine flavor, medicinal properties, and non-intoxicative qualities, &c." Our limited space forbids any more extracts from letters of similar import from numerous physicians and clergymen, many of the latter using it as a communion wine in preference to foreign wines. The above wine is sold by druggists.—*Harper's Weekly.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

VOTERS OF BALTIMORE,

TO-DAY you will be called upon to decide whether you prefer for Mayor of our great city a man of unflinching courage and honesty, of tried ability and experience, a man who boldly stood up for the interests of our city at all times and under trying circumstances, a man who has saved millions of dollars to our treasury, a man who has never faltered in his support of the Government of the United States, or one who, if elected, would be a mere plaything in the hands of Henry Winter Davis, who, to-day, is the most bitter reviler of Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States. Think of these things calmly and vote for JOHN LEE CHAPMAN.

WNST END.

LOOK AT THIS.

Mayor Chapman petitions the President as Mayor, for the pardon of a rebel convicted of recruiting men for Gilmore's rebel cavalry.

To the President.

The undersigned, loyal citizens of Baltimore city, and friends of the Administration, earnestly unite in recommending to Executive Clemency John Scally, now confined in the Albany Penitentiary, under sentence of a military commission. He has already undergone ten month's incarceration, on the charge of which he was convicted.

Very respectfully,
JOHN LEE CHAPMAN, Mayor
SIMON WELCH, J. P.
THOS. W. GRIFFIN.

State of Maryland, City of Baltimore, set:

I, Allen F. Forrester, a Justice of the Peace, of the State of Maryland, in and for the city of Baltimore, hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and faithful copy of a petition to the President of the United States, the original of which was this day exhibited to me, and from which I transcribed the said copy.

ALLEN F. FORRESTER, J. P.

Oct. 10 h, 1864. 1t

☞ FIFTH WARD STIRLING ASSOCIATION.—At a meeting of the above Association, held at Huber's hall, 221 Gay street, on MONDAY EVENING, October 3d, Dr. ORMSBY F. MAHON was unanimously nominated to represent this Ward in the First Branch City Council.

GEO. I. KENNARD, *President.*
FRANK Y. DAILY, Sec'y. o6-6t*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ THE POLLS OF THE 2D PRECINCT of the THIRD WARD will be held on the Northeast corner of GOUGH and CAROLINE STS. W. J. STORKILL, H. T. RIGBY, JAS R. WEST, Judges.
1t

☞ THE POLLS OF THE SECOND PRECINCT FIFTH WARD will be held at the RISING SUN HOTEL, High street, between Fayette and Low.
oct11-2t THE JUDGES.

☞ THE FIRST PRECINCT NINTH WARD will be held at No 193. Gay street, F. Knapp's Institute. By order of the
oct11-2t JUDGES.

☞ NINTH WARD—SECOND PRECINCT.—The Polls will be held at 97 W. Lombard street, between South and Calvert, 12th instant. By order of the
oct11-2t JUDGES.

☞ TWELFTH WARD—THIRD PRECINCT.—The POLLS for the election on Wednesday, the 12th of October, will be held at the usual place, No. 111 ROSS STREET. By order of
oc 11-2t THE JUDGES.

☞ THE POLLS OF FIRST PRECINCT, EIGHTH WARD, will be held at 102 HILLEN, between Chesnut and East streets. By order of the [11t] JUDGES.

☞ THE POLLS OF THE SECOND PRECINCT, EIGHTH WARD, will be held at N. W. corner MONUMENT AND ENSOR STS. By order of the JUDGES. 1t

☞ THE POLLS OF THE 3D PRECINCT OF THE EIGHTH WARD will be held at the House of A. GESSNER, corner of Madison street and Greenmount avenue.
1t By order of THE JUDGES.

☞ THE POLLS OF THE THIRD PRECINCT, 14th WARD, will be held near the old place, at the southwest corner of GREEN AND RAIBORO STS.
1t By order of the JUDGES.

☞ THE POLLS OF THE FOURTH PRECINCT, THIRD WARD will be held on LOMBARD STREET, one door from Spring. By order of
1t THE JUDGES.

☞ THE POLLS FOR THE THIRD PRECINCT OF THE FIFTEENTH WARD will be held at the regular place of voting, north west corner of HILL and HANOVER STREETS. By order of the
1t JUDGES.

☞ THE POLLS OF THE SECOND PRECINCT, SIXTH WARD for the election on Wednesday, October 12, will be held at the corner of FAYETTE and ELLIN STS. By order of the JUDGES. oct1-mkt2t

☞ POLLS OF THE THIRD PRECINCT SIXTH WARD will be held at 148 North Bond street. By order of the
oct11-2t JUDGES.

☞ THE POLLS FOR THE 4TH PRECINCT of the 5th Ward will be held at the BLACK HORSE TAVERN, corner of High and Low streets. By order of the
1t JUDGES.

☞ ELEVENTH WARD POLLS, SECOND PRECINCT.—The polls of the Eleventh Ward, Second Precinct, will be held October 12th, 1864, for the State Constitutional and Municipal elections, at BUHLEY'S STORE, southwest corner of Charles and Centre streets. 1t

☞ THE POLLS OF THE THIRD PRECINCT of the 11th Ward will be held at No. 161 N. Eutaw, near Ross st. By order
1t JUDGES.

☞ THIRD PRECINCT, TWENTIETH WARD will be held at corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Hoffman st By order
1t JUDGES

☞ SECOND PRECINCT, NINETEENTH WARD.—Election to be held at No 533 Lexington street. By order of the JUDGES oct2-2t

☞ THIRTEENTH WARD.—THE POLLS of the 2d Precinct 13th Ward will be held at the S. E. corner of Mulberry and Pine sts. [11t] JUDGES.

☞ THE POLLS OF THE SECOND PRECINCT OF THE SEVENTH WARD will be held on WEDNESDAY, the 12th of October, on Madison st, near Gay. By order of the JUDGES. 1t

☞ THE POLLS OF THE 3D PRECINCT OF THE 18TH WARD, will be held at the corner of AMITY and PRATT STREETS. By order of
1t THE JUDGES.

☞ RALLY ROUND THE FLAG, BOYS.—18TH WARD TAKE NOTICE that the Regular Union Nominee for the 1st Branch City Council for this Ward is WM. I. NICHOLLS. 1t*

☞ NOTICE.—THE KEEPERS OF DRINKING-HOUSES, BAR-ROOMS, GROG-SHOPS and places for the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors, are hereby ordered to CLOSE their places of business on election day, and are referred to Section 19 of Election Laws. By order of BOARD OF POLICE. o11 mkt2t

☞ 13TH WARD.—The loyal voters in this Ward favorable to the New Constitution and the re-election of Mayor Chapman, will meet THIS (Tuesday) EVENING at 8½ o'clock, (or after the adjournment of the Draft Association,) corner Green and Lexington streets, to arrange for to-morrow's election. By order of
1t* THE PRESIDENT.

☞ NOTICE.—All voters are referred to the Public General Laws, sections 221, 222, 223, 224 and 225 relating to elections, as the law will be rigidly enforced against all offenders. By order of
oc 11-2t POLICE BOARD.

☞ MR. CHAPMAN'S FRIENDS AND THE NEW CONSTITUTION.

The Mass Meeting on Monday night was large and enthusiastic, but there were some strange features.

The Central Committee, wishing to harmonize, got together the friends of Mr. Chapman and Stirling, and Mr. Chapman's friends gave a positive pledge that they would take the matter in charge and bring out a full demonstration from all the lower wards. The Stirling men gave the same assurance. Mark the contrast:—while every ward from the Eighth to the Twentieth, where the Stirling men are strong, brought out the whole procession, not one of the lower wards were represented. Mr. Chapman was invited, and was present on the stand, but neither Messrs. Race, Askew or Evans, (the Committee of his friends) were present.

Even Mr. Swann's speech could not draw the Chapman men out, except a few scattered ones.

I tell this because Mr Chapman's Wire Pullers are afraid to take a decided stand for the new Constitution, fearing that they may lose the Rebel vote which they are counting on for Mayor.

The meeting showed to all who understood it inner meaning, that the Stirling men are making all the demonstration for the new Constitution, and that nineteenths of the mass meeting were Stirling men.

1t NEW CONSTITUTION.

☞ FIFTH WARD.—RALLY, RALLY, RALLY.—All citizens of the ward are earnestly requested to attend a special meeting of the FIFTH WARD DRAFT ASSOCIATION, at Marion Hall, THURSDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock. Come out in your strength.

The Executive Committee will make a report to the meeting. The collectors will call on you again for an additional contribution. It is hoped you will meet them kindly and liberally. The quota of the ward is nearly filled. If the collectors should fail to call on you, come prepared to contribute. We will guarantee you from the draft.

By order, WM. H. POWELL,
oct12-2t Secretary.

☞ OFFICIAL HONESTY.

Notwithstanding the official oath of Mr. Chapman to observe and faithfully execute the laws, we find him on the second day preceding the election, which is to decide whether he shall be Mayor of Baltimore for two years more forcing the members of the city police, (in defiance of the law forbidding them to take part in any election on either side,) on pain of dismissal in case of refusal to obey his threat, to distribute to every man in their respective beats documents advocating his re-election. The honest, fair thinking men of Baltimore can judge for themselves what fitness is in such a man for any office of trust, honor or profit. HONESTY. oc12 2t

☞ THE ROOMS OF THE UNCONDITIONAL UNION STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE, No. 109 Eutaw House, will be open daily from nine A. M. to nine P. M. One of the secretaries can be found there at all times between the hours named. Documents relative to the Presidential and Constitutional canvass can be obtained by friends of the cause either by letter or personal application. Address Chairman State Central COMMITTEE. o6-tf4

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ HOW MR. STIRLING'S FRIENDS SEEK THE GERMAN VOTE.—On Wednesday last, there appeared in the German papers of this city an article against Mr. Chapman, and undoubtedly written by an opponent of the present Mayor of the city of Baltimore. The article alludes to Mr. Chapman's veto of certain measures in the following *terrific fat* language:

"We cannot help to remark that he (Chapman) is a plaything in the hands of *bigotted ministers and disunis*, and feel convinced that his refusal to allow a vote upon the question to run the cars on Sundays has been *solely* dictated by *white cravated black coats*, (Pfaffen) who feared that *empty church benches* and *empty alms-bags* (Klingelbeutel) might be the result."

Fellow citizens, read the above, emanating from the friends of a *Deacon* in one of the churches in this city. [1t] Q.

☞ UNION MECHANICS, WORKINGMEN.

TO-DAY (Wednesday) we will have the privilege of voting for a Free Constitution, also to choose whether we will vote for the present efficient Unconditional Union Workingman, JOHN LEE CHAPMAN, who has proven by acts and not words his patriotism and devotion to his country by his approval of all bills passed to relieve our city from draft, by so doing strengthening our army to crush out treason, its aiders and abettors; or shall we support Archibald Stirling, Jr., lawyer, who when drafted failed to respond to the call of his country in person, but put in a plea of physical disability, and was exempted. Is the position of Mayor more honorable than a position in the army as a Volunteer, battling for liberty and the perpetuity of our institutions; or are we as mudsills incompetent to select workingmen to legislate for us. Past experience should teach us to be more careful for the future, and avoid all such men as Archibald Stirling, Henry Winter Davis, Reverdy Johnson, Henry May, who have all proved false to the Government and to their constituents who elected them. [1t] COMMON SENSE.

☞ EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

ANNAPOLIS, Oct. 8, 1864.

TO THE JUDGES OF THE ELECTION THROUGHOUT THE STATE ON THE QUESTION OF THE ADOPTION OR REJECTION OF THE CONSTITUTION:

You have been apprised by my letters, recently published, of the necessity of accompanying your returns of the election about to be held on the question of adopting the new Constitution with a certificate that the oath prescribed in said Constitution has been administered to all voters at that election; and I deem it also proper to call your attention to another certificate required in connection with said returns, which not being a customary one, may be otherwise overlooked.

The Act of 1864, authorizing the Convention, contains the following provision, which, by another clause of the Act, is made applicable, as well to said election now about to be held as to the last one at which members of said Convention were elected:

"*The said Judges in said Return shall certify that no organized military or other armed force had appeared at the place where the Polls had been held and interfered with said election, unless such military force shall be called for by the said Judges of Election, or by other civil authority charged with the preservation of the peace.*"

Your Returns, therefore, to the Executive should distinctly state that the oath, required by the Convention to be taken by all voting on the question of adopting or rejecting the Constitution, had been administered by you, and you should also therein further certify that no military or other armed force had appeared at the place of voting and interfered with said election, unless under the call of the civil authorities as therein provided; and should such force appear without said call, you should certify to that fact under oath.

A. W. BRADFORD,
oct11-2t Governor of Maryland.

☞ MEETING OF THE UNCONDITIONAL UNION STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.—The members of this Committee are hereby requested to meet at Temperance Temple on TUESDAY, October 18th next at 10 o'clock A. M., for the consideration of important business.

A full attendance from the several counties and the city of Baltimore is earnestly requested.

HENRY W. HOFFMAN,
o5-3tawt18th Chairman of the Committee.

☞ TWENTIETH WARD.
DRAFT!
READ, REFLECT AND ACT.

At a General Meeting, held on Friday evening last, it was resolved that a General Meeting of the Ward be held on NEXT THURSDAY EVENING, at HOFFMAN HALL, corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Orchard street, commencing at 8 o'clock, to make final arrangements to fill the quota of the Ward.

The original quota of the ward was 160; 125 men have been put in, leaving 35 still to be furnished; which will require an additional sum of $2,500 to be raised. This money we MUST HAVE to fill the quota, and if promptly paid on Thursday next, we can INSURE THE WARD AGAINST THE DRAFT.

The Collectors of the different Districts will recanvass the Ward, and make their final report, and those not prepared to give to them, will come prepared on Thursday night to contribute their mite.

Let every good citizen come. Ladies of the ward send your husbands, fathers, brothers and sweethearts. This meeting will decide our destiny. Where all are equally interested we do not expect to see a failure.

THE COLORED ASSOCIATION are urged to increase their efforts, as it benefits them as much as us, and we have a right to expect a liberal response from them. Send in your spare cash.

CITIZENS OF THE OLD 30TH
WAKE UP!!

Let us at once finish up this work, fill the ward of the draft, and let those who have been devoting their time and attention for the benefit of the ward resume their legitimate business.

Any who are dissatisfied with the management of affairs are respectfully requested to call at the offices of the different marshals and ascertain the facts for themselves.

Do not forget our last meeting,
THURSDAY EVENING NEXT.

By order of the Association,
W. S. QUIGLEY, Pres't
HENRY F. THOMAS, Sec'y. oct1-mtaw2t*

☞ LINCOLN, JOHNSON AND EMANCIPATION!
CALL FOR A
STATE NOMINATING CONVENTION.

At a Meeting of the UNCONDITIONAL UNION STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, held Wednesday, September 7th instant, the following call for a STATE CONVENTION, to nominate candidates for the several offices provided for under the new Constitution, was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That an Unconditional Union State Convention is hereby called, to meet in the city of Baltimore, on TUESDAY, the 18th day of October, to nominate Unconditional Union candidates for Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Comptroller, Attorney General, and one Judge of the Court of Appeals. And it is recommended that the delegates to the State Convention from the several Congressional Districts be instructed to act as District Conventions to nominate candidates for Congress.

The Unconditional Union men of the city of Baltimore will meet at the usual places in the several Wards, on FRIDAY, the 14th day of October, between four and seven o'clock, P. M., to elect FIVE DELEGATES from each Ward to a City Convention, which Convention shall meet at Temperance Temple, on MONDAY, the 17th of October, at 8 o'clock, P. M., to choose Twenty-one Delegates to the State Convention.

The members of the State Central Committee in the several counties are hereby directed to call meetings in the several counties for the purpose of choosing delegates to the State Convention. Each county and the city of Baltimore to be entitled to as many members as it has Delegates and Senators under the new Constitution.

The recommendations as to the District Conventions is made on account of the fact that the result of the election on the new Constitution will be known by the day of the meeting of the State Convention, and that the shortness of the time from that to the eighth of November, the day of the election of State officers and members of Congress, makes it very desirable that there should be no delay.

Union papers of the State are requested to copy.

By order of the Committee,
HENRY W. HOFFMAN,
Chairman.
Jos. M. CUSHING, Secretary. s9 eot017

☞ TO THE MEMBERS OF THE UNION LEAGUES.

The friends of Chapman have deliberately decided that they think rebels ought to be allowed to vote for Mayor, and that, too, without the oath. Remember the resolution you have adopted in Mass Meetings. Stand by your obligation. Vote against the man who admits the right of rebels to vote. Vote for Archibald Stirling, Jr., the only Union candidate now in the field. [o10-3t] UNION LEAGUER.

☞ ED. S. LAMDIN,
Our old and tried friend, is the
REGULAR UNION NOMINEE
FOR
FIRST BRANCH CITY COUNCIL,
THIRD WARD. o6-6t

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ QUALIFICATION OF VOTERS.

GOV. BRADFORD'S DECISION.

[Extract from his letter to George Vickers.]

"In regard to the query propounded by one of your Judges of Election, and mentioned in your postscript, as to whether I would refuse to count the votes of a district where the Judges did not certify that the oath required by the Convention had been administered, I would say, what you are, of course, aware of, that by another clause in the Constitution proposed, I am expressly enjoined not to count such votes. That for the reasons already given, I hold myself bound by that requirement, and were I to disregard it, it would be as effectually to annul the action of the Convention as if I had acceded to your request, and directed the Judges of Election not to administer the oath required.

"With sincere respect, I am, yours, &c.,
"A. W. BRADFORD."

SECTION FOUR OF THE CONSTITUTION.

Section 4.—No person who has at any time been in armed hostility to the United States, or the lawful authorities thereof, or who has been in any manner in the service of the so-called "Confederate States of America," and no person who has voluntarily left this State and gone within the military lines of the so-called "Confederate States or armies" with the purpose of adhering to said States or armies, and no person who has given any aid, comfort, countenance or support to those engaged in armed hostility to the United States, or in any manner adhered to the enemies of the United States, either by contributing to the enemies of the United States, or unlawfully sending within the lines of such enemies money or goods, or letters, or information, or who has disloyally held communication with the enemies of the United States, or who has advised any person to enter the service of the said enemies, or aided any person so to enter, or who has by any open deed or word declared his adhesion to the cause of the enemies of the United States, or his desire for the triumph of said enemies over the arms of the United States, shall ever be entitled to vote at any election to be held in this State, or to hold any office of honor, profit or trust under the laws of this State, unless since such unlawful acts he shall have voluntarily entered into the military service of the United States, and been honorably discharged therefrom, or shall be on the day of election, actually and voluntarily in such service, or unless he shall be restored to his full rights of citizenship by an act of the General Assembly passed by a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each House; and it shall be the duty of all Officers of Registration and Judges of Election carefully to exclude from voting, or being registered, all persons so as above disqualified; and the Judges of Election at the first election held under this Constitution shall, and at any subsequent election may, administer to any person offering to vote the following oath or affirmation:

"I do swear, or affirm, that I am a citizen of the United States; that I have never given any aid, countenance or support to those in armed hostility to the United States, that I have never expressed a desire for the triumph of said enemies over the army of the United States, and that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the United States, and support the Constitution and laws thereof as the supreme law of the land, any law or ordinance of any State to the contrary notwithstanding; that I will in all respects demean myself as a loyal citizen of the United States; and I make this oath or affirmation without any reservation or evasion, and believe it to be binding on me."

And any person declining to take such oath shall not be allowed to vote, but the taking of such oath shall not be deemed conclusive evidence of the right of such person to vote; and any person swearing or affirming falsely shall be liable to penalties of perjury, and it shall be the duty of the proper officers of registration to allow no person to be registered until he shall have taken the oath or affirmation above set out, and it shall be the duty of the Judges of Election in all their returns of the first election held under this Constitution to state in their said returns that every person who has voted has taken such oath or affirmation. But the provisions of this section in relation to acts against the United States shall not apply to any person not a citizen of the United States who shall have committed such acts while in the service of some foreign country at war against the United States, and who has, since such acts, been naturalized or may be naturalized under the laws of the United States, and the oath above set forth shall be taken, in the case of such person in such sense.

VOTE ON THE CONSTITUTION—SECTION EIGHT OF THE SCHEDULE.

Section 8.—For the purpose of ascertaining the sense of the people of this State in regard to the adoption or rejection of this Constitution, the Governor shall issue his proclamation within five days after the adjournment of this Convention, directed to the Sheriff of the City of Baltimore, and to the sheriffs of the several counties of this state, commanding them to give notice, in the manner prescribed by law, that an election will be held in the City of Baltimore on the twelfth day of October, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-four, and in the several counties of this State on the twelfth and thirteenth days of October, in the same year, at the usual places of holding elections in said city and counties, for the adoption or rejection of this Constitution, which election shall be held in the said city of Baltimore on the Twelfth day of October, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, between the hours of eight o'clock, A. M., and five o'clock, P. M., and in the said several counties of the State on the said Twelfth and Thirteenth days of October, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, between the hours of eight o'clock, A. M., and five o'clock, P. M., "and the Judges of Election of said city, and of the several counties of the State, shall receive at said election the votes only of such electors as are qualified, according to the provisions of this Constitution, who may offer to vote at such election, and the said Sheriffs shall also give notice on or after the Twelfth day of October, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, of all elections provided for by this Constitution, to be held during that year."

Section 9.—At the said election the vote shall be by ballot, and each ballot shall describe thereon the words "For the Constitution" or "Against the Constitution," as the voter may select, and it shall be conducted in all respects as the general elections in this State are now conducted. The Judges of Election shall administer to every person offering to vote the oath or affirmation prescribed by this Constitution, and should any person offering to vote refuse or decline to take said oath, he shall not be permitted to vote at such election, but the taking of such oath or affirmation shall not be deemed conclusive evidence of the right of such person to vote, and it shall be the duty of the Return Judges of said city, and of the several counties of the State, having counted the votes given for or against the adoption of this Constitution, to certify the result thereof in the manner now prescribed by law, accompanied with a special statement that every person who has voted has taken the oath or affirmation prescribed by the Constitution; and the Governor, upon receiving such result, and ascertaining the aggregate vote throughout the State, including the soldiers' vote, hereinafter provided for, shall, by his proclamation, make known the same, and if a majority of the votes cast shall be for the adoption of this Constitution, it shall go into effect on the first day of November, eighteen hundred and sixty-four.

Section 10.—And the Governor shall exclude from count the votes of any county or city the Return Judges of which shall fail to certify in the returns, as prescribed by this schedule, that all persons who have voted have taken the oath prescribed to be taken, unless the Governor shall be satisfied that such oath was actually administered, and that the failure to make the certificate has been from inadvertence or mistake.

QUESTIONS TO BE PROPOUNDED TO VOTERS AT THE CONSTITUTIONAL ELECTION.

1. Have you ever been in armed hostility to the United States?
2. Have you ever been in the service of the so-called Confederate States?
3. Have you ever voluntarily gone within the lines of the so-called Confederate States?
4. Have you ever given aid, comfort, countenance or support to those engaged in armed hostility to the United States?
5. Have you ever sent any money, goods, letters or information to any person in the so-called Confederate States?
6. Have you ever advised any person to enter the army of the so-called Confederate States?
7. Have you ever given money to enable any person to join the army of the so-called Confederate States?
8. Have you ever, by word or deed, declared your adhesion to the cause of the so-called Confederate States?
9. Have you ever rejoiced at the success of the army of the so called Confederate States?
10. Have you ever rejoiced at the defeat of the army of the United States?
11. When the Union and Rebel armies meet in battle, which side do you wish to see succeed? o10-3t

☞ JAMES C. FENHAGEN,
Union Candidate for the
First Branch City Council,
Third Ward.

Through the earnest solicitation of numerous voters of the Third Ward, JAMES C. FENHAGEN, has consented to serve (if elected) the Ward in the First Branch of the City Council.

He is regarded by those who know him personally as eminently fitted for the position, and it is believed the interest of the Ward, as well as the city generally, would be promoted by his election. se21-wtf,eo3,d3t

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ TO THE JUDGES OF ELECTION.

It is well known that there is a conspiracy to secure the rebel vote of the city for Mr. Chapman. The plan contemplated involves the failure of the Judges of Election on their refusal to execute the enactment of the Convention and the Proclamation of the Governor, which requires that the oath prescribed in the Constitution should be administered to *every* person offering to vote at the election.

The Constitution requires the Judges not merely to administer *that oath*, but to certify on the returns that *that* oath was administered to every person who was allowed to vote, and it directs the Governor to exclude from the count all votes not so certified.

If, therefore, the Judges in Baltimore city fail to require *that* oath they cannot certify that they have administered it; and the result must be that the whole vote of Baltimore city *must* be thrown out.

No one doubts that if it be thrown out, the Constitution will be defeated.

No greater crime, therefore, can be committed, than by disobeying the law which makes it the duty of the Judges to administer that oath in its very words to every voter, and to certify that it has been taken by every voter.

The object of this refusal to require *that* oath, is to secure the votes of disloyal men for Mr. Chapman.

To effect this, Mr. Chapman is endeavoring to get the Judges of Election to have two ballot-boxes—one for the voters on the Constitution, and one for the ballots for Mayor.

But this is flagrantly illegal; for the law authorizes only one ballot-box for the received and one for the rejected ballots.

In the next place the name of Mr. Stirling will be printed on the same ticket with the vote for the Constitution. How can *those* ballots be distributed between the ballot boxes.

If they are put into the Mayoralty box, then they must be lost to the new Constitution; for there will be no possibility of certifying that all the voters took the oath in the Constitution, unless it be administered to all whose ballots are put into the Mayoralty box. So that if one person be permitted to vote for Mayor, without taking the oath, every ballot for the Constitution and Mayor, in that box, must be rejected by the Governor.

Nor is the difficulty avoided by the Judge asking the voter whether he votes on the Constitution; for the Judge has no legal right to inquire into the contents of any ballot, any more than he has a right to open any ballot. The voter has a right to keep his own secret on the question whether he voted at all on the Constitution or at all on the Mayoralty, or on any city officer, and no distribution of the ballots can be made between the two boxes without violating the right of the voter.

Nay, more, the declaration of the voter is no ground on which the Judge has a right to act; for he has a right to his secret and may see fit to answer untruly, as he has a right to refuse to answer at all an illegal question.

It is then plain that two ballot boxes are not legal; that they can answer no honest purpose, that the discrimination attempted is impossible without violating the secrecy of the ballot; and that if the oath be not administered to *all* who vote either, ballots for the Constitution and Mayor put into the Mayoralty box must be *lost* to the Constitution, or votes against the Constitution and for Mayor, must be falsely counted and falsely certified against the Constitution.

Thus legal votes be thus lost for the Constitution, or illegal votes against it, must be falsely certified if there be any attempt to hold two elections; when the law provides for only one, such conduct is a great crime crime against the people and the *law*.

Such a crime deserves and will receive condign punishment. Such a dereliction of duty is an indictable crime, punishable under the election law of the State and the Constitution, has in Baltimore city friends enough to see that such a crime should not go unpunished.

If any Judge refuse or fail to require *that* oath, he will assuredly be presented before the Grand Jury of the Criminal Court of Baltimore City, and that body will obey *their* oath and indict every Judge who is found derelict in his duty.

Gentlemen will be placed at each Precinct, whose duty it will be to watch the conduct of each Judge, and take a note of the names of every Judge who admits any vote without requiring the oath prescribed by the Constitution, and of every person who votes without taking *that* oath, and the name of that Judge and voter will be handed to the Grand Jury for indictment under the law of the State.

If Judges wish a peaceable time at the election, and do not wish to have to defend an indictment after the election, they *must* obey the order of the Convention and the proclamation of the Governor.

VERBUM SAP.
o5-tf

☞ MEETING OF EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the State Central Committee of the Unconditional Union Party of Maryland, held on the 30th day of September, 1864, in the city of Baltimore, it was unanimously resolved with the exception of the dissenting vote of Hon. H. W. Hoffman, Chairman of the State Central Committee,

1. That this Committee recognizes the City Executive Committee of