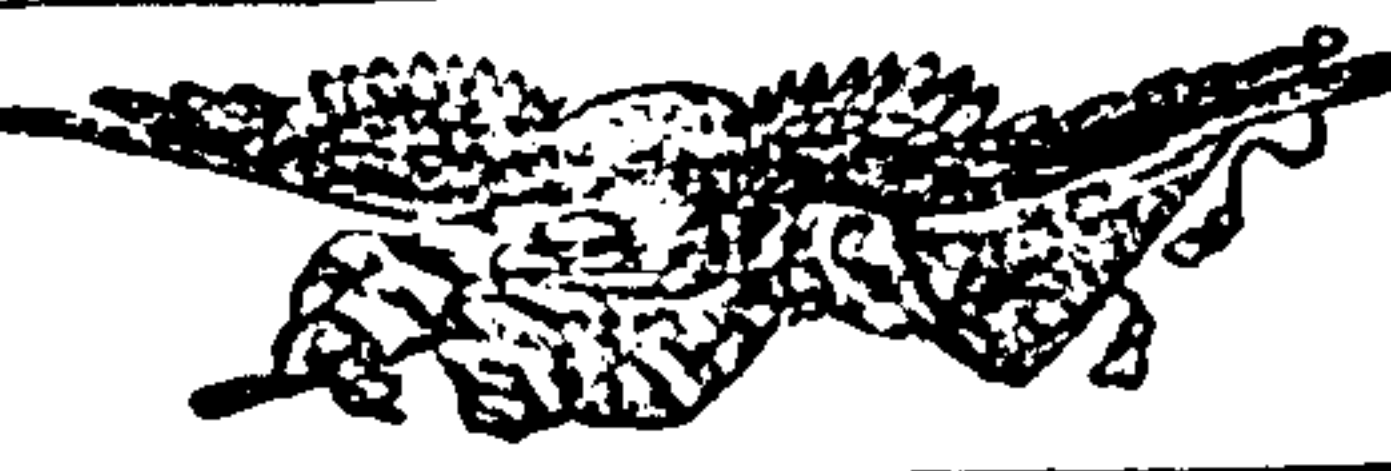


DAILY CLIPPER.

Wm. WALES, Publisher.



MONDAY, SEPT. 6, 1864.

National Union Nominations. FOR PRESIDENT: ABRAHAM LINCOLN, of Illinois. FOR VICE PRESIDENT: ANDREW JOHNSON, of Tennessee.

ATLANTA OURS—THE BEGINNING OF THE END.

If ever crime and political turpitude, boldly in alliance, were brought to grief, and shame and ruin, it is when the same blow dealt at Atlanta, whelms in destruction the schemes of armed traitors and brawling sympathizers with them—alike. Think of it—that a victory which restores the prestige of the old flag, and in the eyes of every nation on earth, which must carry dismay to the enemies of freedom everywhere, is to-day looked upon by the scurvy politicians who trade in the public misfortunes and seek to make a profit on them, as a terrible disappointment, as something to regret.

Yes, Atlanta has fallen; and the shock of its fall has shaken the hickety platform of the Chicago Convention to splinters, and toppled over the little man who was rash enough to be inveigled by unwholy ambition to trust himself upon it. Where is the copperhead thunder now, in the glad noise of the national acclamations and who—given in a "gunpowder" or military sense—regards the "little Napoleon" alongside of the great and honest soldier who instead of crying for "reinforcements" until the national ear was stunned with the discord—went along on a line of three hundred and eighty miles through hostile territory, and—did it.

And where is the talk now of an "armistice," when an armistice like this, is now the rebel rebellion and again—their great ordnance factory in our hands, and the huge army which defended it is "scattered and peeled"—routed to the four winds?

And what of the "draft," when this splendid result is achieved, when even that requisition upon the nation is cut down by the timely announcement of the Secretary of War, thus depriving the vile demagogue and traitors of the last thing they might hold over to cheat the ignorant or scare the timid.

Could we roll back the scroll of the inevitable past for even a brief week, could the plotters at Chicago have reckoned certainly on this result, had they had more faith in the power of the national army, would they have so miserably committed themselves to that name in history which will be burnt into their foreheads, as men, who in their country's infinite peril, not merely turned their backs upon it, but became the sneaking allies of those who dared madly to take up arms for its destruction?

And for all patriotic men—for those who have stood by their country and through all discouragements upheld its glorious flag—is it not reward enough for them now to watch its progress, its triumphs, as it beats once more and forever above the fabled strongholds "repossessed" where traitors fancied it could never be seen again.

Beholding the "beginning of the end" of the rebellion—knowing that as Atlanta is, Richmond must be, and Charleston and Mobile and whatever else of shreds and patches of territories or towns yet flaunts the "stars and bars"—heaven save the mark—let patriotic men exult and rejoice, let the good cause gather new impetus for what yet remains to be done to blot out that blood-stained and infernal Confederacy, which in its shameless assumptions is an offense to the whole earth.

But let us see what all this means—besides the political annihilation of the "little Napoleon,"—who as a politician—at least,—"is rotten before he is ripe."

Well to begin with—gold has "tumbled," and whilst the whole land of honest and hard working consumers look on the future with glad anticipations, the heartless and sordid speculators who have fattened on their misfortunes and fears, already stand aghast.—They know that the end of the rebellion means the end of false alarms; of tricks to injure the credit of the Government, of gambling in gold. That it means peace, security, the downfall of those who for three years have made it their business to croak over the possible future; who have talked of probable "reprobation" of the Government securities, who have, in short, done their best to plant every pillow with thorns.

And more than all this,—they know that the end of the rebellion means endless "peace," not a treacherous and temporary "armistice," with "twenty years" of war afterwards on the plan of Mr. Jefferson Davis. It means the utter disgrace for all time to come of the pitiful array of vile demagogues, of small politicians who so long have kept the loyal States in turmoil for selfish and base ends. It would mean the consignment of their names to oblivion, only that a "column of infamy" has yet to be erected, where the Benedict Arnolds of the old war for free Government, will have company in the Vallandigham's and others of the present.

But more than all, and above all, this "beginning of the end" means a republic, one, undivided, great, whilst time shall last. It means the perfection of that which our fathers planned and shed their blood for, a glorious Union extending indeed from the lakes to the Gulf, and from the Atlantic to the Pacific.—It means still more, the final triumph of a republicanism on this continent, and a standing admonition to the nations and despots of the old world to keep on their own side of the water—to cease once for all from intermeddling here.

We might go on to picture the significance of this great success; but the proud hopes and the glad anticipations of all will tell the story of the future to every heart. Men may know now, in the light of the glad present, that the years to come have in store for themselves, their children and their children's children. With the last hostile cannon fired, statesmen, patriots, will not spend tollonno days and sleepless nights, sadly fearing what may come of "divisions," and the days of "compromises" and of expedients, of treacherous peace betwixt sections, will no more vex the nation.

which to finish the glorious work now all but consummated. Let all who as yet have made no record for those who are to follow them, make it now. Let all who can, have to say—I was of those who, in the greatest conflict for free government ever known, stood by the Republic.

MR. LINCOLN DOUBLY WRONGED BY McCLELLAN'S FAILURES.

Let us inquire what was that secured for McClellan the elder that he enjoyed at one time? It certainly was not the military success that he had met with up to the time he was first deprived of the command of the Army of the Potomac, for he fell up to that point of obtaining any other success, than the mere preservation of his army from utter destruction, as it was several times seriously threatened by Lee, the latter falling to take advantage, promptly, of several opportunities afforded him by Gen. McClellan, as will in due time be shown. We had in that campaign, as one army, and a stronger one, than ever before or probably has since trod the American soil; and Napoleon, in the height of his military fame, did not enjoy more popularity and a greater confidence of his army and people than did McClellan that of his countrymen whilst engaged in the earlier part of that campaign. This feeling was not in consequence of what he had done, but was rendered to him, in advance of what he was expected to do.

The history of that campaign, including the correspondence between McClellan and the President and War Department, portions of which we have read, will soon be published to the world, and will show the causes which operated to produce the disappointment and deep gloom which covered the face of the whole country, at the total failure of our army at that time to secure success. General McClellan proposed to publish a history of his military career, and Congress gratified him by printing an enormous edition of it; but the author took special care to omit the insertion of some fifty or more letters of his own and of the officials at Washington, during that period, which when published will open the eyes of the people to the fact, that they were most egregiously deceived in the man and his abilities, or that he was not faithful to the high trust committed to him—the reading of the evidence will inconceivably prove this.

But it may be said that he gained a victory at Antietam, and therefore has displayed military talents. Mr. Harris, however, one of the delegates to the Convention which nominated McClellan, and, as the nomination was pronounced "unwisdom," he must have voted for him or booted, declared on the floor of the Convention that McClellan was beaten in that battle by Lee.

The question will not here attempt to decide, but it is well remembered that many at the time doubted as to which side the victory belonged—but as the rebels did not advance, and were supposed to be nearly out of ammunition and supplies, they were compelled to retreat. Much blame was thrown upon McClellan that he permitted Lee to escape, when it was deemed practicable for him, if he had pushed a head, as he might or ought to have done, to have crushed the rebel army on its retreating to the Potomac.

As already intimated, it was what McClellan was going to do, that gained him the popularity he enjoyed, pending the Peninsula campaign, and not what he had done. The unfortunate conclusion of his campaign caused much dissatisfaction, and was seized upon by the "Democrats," cut of which to make political capital during the fall of 1862—they then declared that "the Republican party was not able to conduct a war, and the Democrats only could finish it up"—and that they would carry it on with vigor, if they had the reins in their hands—the people were disheartened at what they considered the slow progress made, with such a splendid army as they knew had been put into the field under McClellan, and by these means Gov. Seymour, of N. Y., and Governor Parker, of N. C., were elected, and in a number of the States the "Democrats" elected a majority of the Congressmen, and in some cases of the legislature also.

Thus the very errors or missteps of McClellan were put upon the shoulders of Mr. Lincoln, and for these and other acts of the Democratic nominee, Mr. Lincoln has been obliged to suffer all the obloquy and abuse which have been heaped upon his administration; and now, to cap the climax, the very man who is justly entitled to father what is considered by his opponents the President's most obnoxious measure, is paraded upon the political race course as his opponent!—Was there ever such inconsistency? Was there ever before such ingratitude displayed, or such injustice attempted?

Who will vote for McClellan?—There will, no doubt, be many good men, from various considerations satisfactory to themselves, who will vote for McClellan—some, too, of the relics of the old army, will also vote for him; but the great mass of his supporters will be found among that class of our people who have sympathized with the rebels, and who have never turned a finger towards putting them down—this will most assuredly be the largest class of his supporters. There will also be among them the relics of the slavery men, whose bitterness of feeling against Mr. Lincoln for his Emancipation Proclamation is so intense, that notwithstanding they once had, and may perchance still have, a kindly feeling for the Union, yet their hatred of the man who had the boldness to lay hands on the "sacred" institution, cannot be overcome, and they will risk the loss of the Union, and the country's salvation, rather than vote for him.

The old hunker office holders, to a man, of the old Democratic party, will support McClellan, if he had old Nick himself on the same ticket with him—and any platform or principles will do for them, as is proved by the doings of the crew who were at Chicago. He will likewise rally to his standard every disappointed office-seeker, whose claims to consideration were not perceptible to the present Administration, or who were known to be unworthy or unqualified for any office. To these may be added every man convicted of robbing the Government, or who has been cashiered for disobedience of orders, and failing to aid his fellow-soldiers whilst engaged in battle, like Eliza John Porter the deserters and drunkards and cowards and others who have been dismissed from the army or civil service, not for their virtues—and finally by every traitor in the land. These all will assuredly vote for McClellan, and would, if the opportunity offered, support Benedict Arnold or Judas Iscariot, in preference to Mr. Lincoln.

George W. Brown, arrested for running a negro substitute off to Baltimore, has been fined \$500.

THE NEW AND GREAT VICTORY.

The great rebel strategy of the South-west—the position which the powerful and ever-victorious army of General Sherman has been aiming for four months—has fallen, and Lee is on the run. Our forces entered it at noon yesterday, and Gen'l Beauregard telegraphs the Government from the captured city.

This is a victory so great in itself, of such wide scope, such far-reaching result, such indisputable importance, that the country will receive the news of it with unbounded exultation. We have shown again and again the immense military aid of Atlanta, and the fact we have ever claimed on this point has been conceded by the South. The rebel military force in the Southwest can now find no point in all their territory, anything like its strength or value, and their army must soon break up into small and predatory bands, which also will in due time be exterminated.

The great news comes to us while yet the country is all aglow about the naval triumph of the glorious old sailor, Farragut—while yet we are contemplating Grant's vital victory upon the Western front. We have had triumphs all around of late—triumphs equal to any ever won by mortal arms or human valor. What an infamy it is that at such an hour citizens should be croaking, and Copperheads circulating and acting, and traitors doing disgraceful surrender to this thrice-cursed rebellion!

The Secretary of War, in an official gazette, has stated that two hundred thousand men have already enlisted; that three hundred thousand are to be furnished by the draft. He further states that with one hundred thousand more men Gen. Grant will be able to end the rebellion before winter, and that the balance of the Army, which will be used to garrison the forts and take care of guerrillas. Words cannot add to the emphasis of this announcement. It should cross the nation.

MARRIED.

DUTTON-BUNSTON.—On the 20th of August, by the Rev. Jas. M. Wilson, Frederick W. Dutton, of this city, to Miss Louisa A. youngest daughter of William R. Bunston, Esq., of Baltimore county.

CHEFFINS-DEMPEY.—On the 21st instant, at the Parsonage of St. James, Baltimore, by the Rev. C. Cheffins, of Clayton, Delaware, to Annabella C. Dempey, of Baltimore.

SCULLARY-PAUL.—On the 1st instant, by the Rev. H. Schieb, Henry Schieb to Miss Annus Priz, eldest daughter of the late John Priz, of Baltimore.

WOLTERS-VAN SANT.—On the 1st instant, by Rev. J. James Largent, John Lewis to Miss Sarah W. Van Sant, both of Baltimore.

WOOTERS-BARTON.—On the 1st instant, by the Rev. C. M. Parkman, James M. Wooters, of Talbot county, to Miss Laura J. Barton, of Caroline county.

MOORE-SMITH.—On the 1st instant, by the Rev. Highman Jackson, John Moore to Miss Martha M. Smith, both of this city.

RIGNY-SHANE.—On the 31st, by the Rev. Dr. J. Sturt, George Rigney to Miss Catharine S. Shane, both of this city.

BRADY-STINE.—On the 31st, by Rev. Father Myers, Samuel Brady to Mrs. Bridget M. Stine, both of this city.

HORSTMAN-CARLTON.—On the 31st, by the Rev. J. R. Nichols, Jas. D. Horstman to Miss Elizabeth Carlton, eldest daughter of H. H. Carlton, both of this city.

MARTIN-PAIGUNSON.—On the 31st, by the Rev. Mr. Martin, S. Henson Martin to Maggie J. Paigunson.

GIBSON.—On the 4th instant, Miss Elizabeth A. Gibson, in the 51st year of her age. Her funeral will take place from the residence of her brother, No. 9 North Broadway, on Friday, at 10 o'clock.

WHITSON.—Departed this life on the 21st of September, at the residence of the late Mrs. J. B. Whitson, the beloved wife of John Whitson, and third daughter of Nicholas and Susan Boose.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend her funeral, on (Tuesday) morning, at 10 o'clock, from her father's residence, No. 15, Atchison street, to the City and County House of Burial, on Wednesday morning, at 10 o'clock.

HOOPER.—In Cecil county, Md., on the 21st instant, Amos Hooper, in his 92nd year.

WELSH.—On the 21st instant, the late Robert Cole, aged 19 years and 3 months.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE PEOPLE'S COAL ASSOCIATION are hereby notified to meet at Temperance Temple, City Hall, on THIS (Monday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock. It is hoped that every member will be present, as business of great importance will be done before them. ADAM EKQUA, Chairman. J. A. ADAMS, Sec'y.

THE UNCONDITIONAL UNION VOTERS OF THE 19TH WARD have requested to meet at China Hall THIS (Monday) EVENING, at 7 1/2 o'clock, to nominate a Candidate for the First Branch City Council. By order, S. A. KWALT, President. A. R. MACLELLAN, Sec'y.

DEFENSE COMMITTEE, CITY HALL, Sept. 2, 1864.—Laborers on the Barrels of 1863 are notified to call promptly at the Mayor's Office for the sums due them, which will be paid by the Secretary to the Mayoralty. The sums will be closed in a few days, after which no claims will be allowed.

FIFTH WARD UNION GUARD.—THE FIFTH WARD UNION GUARD will meet at the Independent News' Agency, THIS (Monday) EVENING, at 7 1/2 o'clock. All those who served with the Company during the late raid, and who are not members of the organization, are earnestly invited to be present.

JOHN C. HENES, FINEST. 116 BALDWIN'S CONDENSED MILK COMPANY. Prepared by the Baltimore Condensed Milk Company. For sale by NUMSEN, CARROLL & CO., Sole Agents, 18 Light street, Baltimore, Md.

CITIZENS' BANK, BALTIMORE, August 3, 1864. An election for EIGHT DIRECTORS to manage the affairs of this Bank for the ensuing twelve months will be held at the Mayor's Office, between the hours of 1 and 3 o'clock, Wednesday, September 14th, 1864. By order, J. W. GUEST, Cashier.

PIERCE, HOFF & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in OYSTERS, FRUITS, MEATS, VEGETABLES, &c. NO. 75 NORTH CALVERT STREET, BALTIMORE.

AMUSEMENTS.

FRONT STREET THEATRE. KUNKEL & MONROE, Managers. THIS (Monday) EVENING, at 7 1/2 o'clock, THE GREAT ESCAPE OF THE NEW COMRADE. First appearance of the Beautiful and Accomplished CHIEF OF POLICE, in her great and famous character of CHANGELING.

THE CRUISE, with a powerful cast of characters. FANCHON, THE CRUISE—CHARLES RUSH. In preparation the beautiful play of IDA LEE.

MARYLAND INSTITUTE. MUST POSITIVELY THE LAST SIX NIGHTS OF THE GREAT DRUM ATTRACTION. MONS. L. VERRIERE, who will appear on MONDAY EVENING, Sept. 5th, and every evening during the week, in the THREE PEAS AND THE TRAPEZE.

SANDERSON'S THEATRE will also appear every evening in pleasing entertainment. Tickets 25 cents; reserved seats 50 cents; doors open at 7 1/2 to commence at 8 o'clock. SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

LITERATURE.

MURDOX'S TEN CENT NOVELS!! These publications have received a popularity that has never been equaled in any other line of literature. The Publishers resolved from the start to supply a class of cheap literature, superior to any that has ever been put into the market. Being their own judges of the stories they use, nothing really good is rejected, because of the spleen or envy of their competitors. The authors on the other hand nothing can be felt upon the publishers—as so often happens where they are not their own judges of the best works. The following is a list of their novels, which speak for themselves:

- 1. The Trappist's Retreat. 2. The Patriot Highwayman. 3. The Hunted Man. 4. The Track of Fire. 5. The Man Rater. 6. The Death Stroke. 7. The Indian Slayer. 8. The Truitt Truitt Catcher. 9. The Hunter's Triumph. 10. The Ocean Lovers. 11. The Tory Outwitted. 12. The Lion-hearted Scout. 13. The Scourge of the Seas. 14. The Devil's Aid. 15. Long-Legged Joe; or, the Demon of the Woods. 16. The Wild Scout of the Mountains. 17. The Fort Ledge. 18. The Ricketing Rangers. 19. The Luckless Dick; or, the Flower of the Wig-wam.

These books are for sale by all News Dealers, Bookkeepers, and sent post-paid on receipt of price. Liberal terms to Agents.

JOHN H. MUNRO & CO., Publishers, No. 137 William street, N. Y.

CAMP SONGS FOR THE SOLDIER. POEMS OF LEISURE MOMENTS. BY G. W. H. HAYWARD. For sale at all the book stores in the city. Dealers supplied at a liberal discount.

H. A. ROBINSON, Publisher, No. 106 W. Baltimore St.

FUEL. REDUCTION IN PRICES OF COAL AT "WINE PRICES." The advertiser is prepared to receive orders for COAL at "WINE PRICES,"—selling for the present at "WINE PRICES,"—adding expenses, cost of freight and cartage. Orders promptly executed for delivery in any part of the city.

2210 LBS. TO THE TON. J. HENRY GIESE, Office No. 9 South street, Yard Speer's wharf.

SHOES. SHOES! SHOES! R. B. SHOCKEE, No. 29 WEST BALTIMORE STREET. Notwithstanding the ruling high prices of everything, I have a splendid lot of Ladies side lace Gaiters for \$2.25 to 2.50. Men's and Gait Boots for \$2.25 to 2.50. Fine French Gait Boots for \$2.50 to 3.00. Misses and Children's at the lowest rates. All goods sold by me are warranted to give good satisfaction. In want of reliable goods are respectfully invited to give me a call.

UNION FLAGS. UNION FLAGS. Constantly on hand, and made to order by W. L. WALKER, NATIONAL MARINE & FANCY FLAG MANUFACTURER, No. 67 West Pratt street, near Kowly's wharf.

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE OFFICE, June 20, 1864.—The President and Directors of the Firemen's Insurance Company of Baltimore have THIS DAY declared a Dividend of TWO DOLLARS PER SHARE, on the profits of the year ending 30th instant, payable on and after Tuesday, 27th July, 1864. FRANCIS J. McGUIRE, Secretary.

WATCHES! WATCHES! SILVER AND PLATED WARE! JEWELRY! SILVER AND PLATED WARE! For Sale by GABRIEL D. CLARK, corner GUY'S and BALTIMORE STS. Agent for the sale of Brown's Gold Pens. 135-4m

FINANCIAL.

LOAN OF 1881.

PROPOSALS FOR LOAN.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, August 30, 1864. SEALED OFFERS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THIS DEPARTMENT, under the act of March 3, 1863, until noon of FRIDAY, the 9th of September, 1864, for bonds of the United States, to the amount of about thirty-one and a half million dollars, being the amount of unaccepted offers undisposed of under the notice of Proposals for Loan, dated 6th June last. The bonds will bear an annual interest of 6 per cent, payable semi-annually in coin on the first days of July and January of each year, and redeemable after the 30th June, 1881.

Each offer must be for fifty or one hundred dollars, or some multiple of one hundred dollars, and must state the sum, including premium of 1 cent for each hundred dollars in bonds, or for fifty, when the offer is for no more than fifty. Two per cent. of the principal, excluding premium of the whole amount offered must be deposited as security for payment of subscription if accepted, with the Treasurer of the United States at Washington, or with the Assistant Treasurer at New York, Boston, Philadelphia, or St. Louis, or with the designated Depository at Baltimore, Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Louisville, Chicago, Detroit or Buffalo; or with any National Bank, or any association authorized to receive deposits which may consent to transact the business without charge. Duplicate certificates of deposit will be issued to depositors by the officer or association receiving them; the originals of which must be forwarded with the offers to the Department. All deposits should be made in advance of the date of the certificates to reach Washington not later than the morning of September 9th. No offer not accompanied by its proper certificate of deposit will be considered.

The Coupon and Registered Bonds issued will be of the denominations of \$20, \$100, \$500, and \$1,000. Registered Bonds of \$5,000 and \$10,000 will be issued if required.

All offers received will be opened on Friday, the 9th September. The awards will be made by the Secretary to the highest offers, and notice of acceptance or declination will be immediately given to the respective officers; and, in case of acceptance, bonds of the descriptions and denominations preferred will be sent to the subscribers at the cost of the department on the payment of instalments. The original deposit of two per cent. will be reckoned in the last instalment paid by successful offers, and will be immediately returned to those whose offers may not be accepted.

The amount of accepted offers must be deposited with the Treasurer or other officer or association authorized to act under this notice on the day of acceptance of offer, or as follows: One-third on or before the 14th; one-third on or before the 19th; and the balance, including the premium and original two per cent. deposit, on or before the 24th of September. Interest on bonds will begin with the date of deposit. Parties preferring may pay the accrued interest from date of bond, July 1, to date of deposit in coin.

Offers under this notice should be endorsed "Offer for Loan," and addressed to the Secretary of the Treasury. The right to decline all offers not considered advantageous is reserved to the Government.

W. P. FESSENDEN, Secretary of the Treasury. The Bonds for this Loan are ready for immediate delivery.

COLLEGES.

BALTIMORE FEMALE COLLEGE. This Institution, incorporated and endowed by the State, affords a facility for a thorough and accomplished education. One pupil from each county in Maryland is educated on the college at the expense of the State. During the past year 120 pupils were in attendance. The Seventeenth Annual Session opens SEPTEMBER 14th, under a Faculty of ten Instructors. For Catalogue, &c., apply to

N. C. BIRKBECK, L. L. D., President. N. C. BIRKBECK, L. L. D., President.

KIPP'S ENGLISH AND GERMAN INSTITUTE, No. 19 SOUTH ST. The exercises of this SCHOOL will be resumed MONDAY NEXT, September 20th, at 10 o'clock, on which day new scholars will be admitted.

MARYLAND COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG LADIES, corner of Baltimore and Alquist sts., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 5th. THOROUGH INSTRUCTION. HANDSOME PREMIUMS. MODERATE TERMS. REV. J. P. CARTER, Principal.

FEMALE SEMINARY. The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on MONDAY, Sept. 5th, at 10 o'clock. A. WINCHESTER, A. M., President.

MILITARY.

CIRCULAR.—21 HOLIDAY ST. BALTIMORE, August 31, 1864.—In obedience to instructions from the War Department, all owners of a vessel sailed in 7th, 9th, 19th, 25th, 30th and 33rd Regiments, U. S. C. Infantry, can procure Lists of same on application at this office. By command of COL. S. M. BOWMAN, COL. S. M. BOWMAN, Lt. Lt. and Actg. Adjt. 2nd Lt. HENRY H. FOWKE, Lt. Lt. and Actg. Adjt.

RECRUITING OFFICE, FIFTH MD. ST. VOL. INFANTRY, Baltimore, Md., August 29, 1864. The "Draft" being now at hand, a favorable opportunity presents itself to the citizens of Baltimore and vicinity to exempt themselves by placing recruits in the Fifth Maryland for One Year. Being here as a Government Officer, by orders from Major-General Olden, commanding 11th Army Corps, before Feersburg, Va., every facility is and must be afforded me, State by State, to visit the "substitutes" agents or brokers, my facility being greater and superior to theirs. No charge to the citizen or deduction from the recruit is made, but on the contrary it is my duty, as an officer, to see them protected. The recruit or representative substitute receives the highest Government pay, and the County Bounty, without ANY CHARGE ON DEDUCTION. I invite all cordially to give me a call. JOHN W. LOUIS SCHLEY, Col. 5th Md. Vol. Infantry, Recruiting Office, Office 33 South Gay street, Commercial Hotel, opposite First National Bank.

MINCEMEAT.

A. FISHER & SON, DEALERS IN GROCERIES, FLOUR, LIQUORS, BACON, FISH, SALT, PRODUCE, &c. 212 N. BROADWAY. DEPOT FOR FISHER'S UNRIVALLED MINCEMEAT. 162-1/2

PIANOS.

PIANOS—PIANOS. EXAMINE THESE PIANOS Before you purchase. They are pronounced by all Professors equal, if not superior, to any made. Constantly on hand a large assortment, which will be sold at lower price than any other house and guaranteed for 5 years. AT STEIFF'S, NO. 7 N. LIBERTY ST. BALTIMORE.

GOLD MEDAL PIANOS. MANUFACTURED BY GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS. Es. 24 W. BALTIMORE STREET. New Edition. GOLD MEDAL AWARDS. Awarded for Five Successive Years. CERTIFICATES OF EXCELLENCE FROM THALBERG, GOTTSCHE, STRAUSS, G. BATH, and the best Artist and Masters of the country. Every Instrument warranted for five years. A call is respectfully solicited. WM. KNABE & CO. 162-1/2

WANTS.

TEACHER WANTED.—A competent Teacher to instruct in the English branches. Application may be made on Monday and Tuesday next, at 63 North St., at No. 12 South Gay street. 25-2

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—25 BRICK LAYERS, 50 CARPENTERS and 25 LABORERS, to work on the highest prices will be paid. They will call at 60 Hanover street, at U. P. HOPKINS' Carpenter Shop. 25-2

WANTED.—PERSONS ACTIVE AND RELIABLE AGENTS wanted in the army and everywhere else, in the most lucrative business known, honorable and no risk. Address or apply to T. H. GAUGHAN, 110 Broadway, N. Y. 25-3m

WANTED.—OLD GOLD, OLD SILVER.—Highest prices paid by G. D. CLARK, of Calvert and Water streets. 25-3

PERSONAL.

TO SOLDIER'S FAMILIES!!! PAYMENT OF BACK PAY. The widow, child, father, mother, brother or sister, of any soldier, volunteer or seaman who dies in the service of the United States, entitled to Bounty, Pension or Back Pay, &c. Full Information given, and all such claims promptly collected by Government Claim Office, 78 W. Fayette street, Baltimore, Md. W. B.—All letters must contain stamp 25-3

HAIR DYE.

QUESTIONS ASKED AND ANSWERED: JONES' NATIONAL HAIR DYE SO EXTENSIVELY USED IN THIS COUNTRY AND BECAUSE IT HAS BEEN SATISFACTORILY PROVED BY THE SAFFER'S AND BY THE HAIR DYE IN THE WORLD. Invented 1842, Right Secured 1852. Sold by all respectable Druggists and Fancy Stores everywhere. Sold and applied (privately) by Professor JOHN A. JONES, 23 East Baltimore street.

EXTRACT OF COLOGNE. A choice assortment of ESSENCE and ESSENTIAL OILS. Kept constantly in store. 25-3m, s.w

MEDICAL.

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