DAILY CLIPPER

WM. WALES.....Publisher.

TUESDAY, AUG. 30, 1864.

National Union Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT:

ABRAHAM LINCOLN, of Illinois.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

ANDREW JOHNSON, of Tennessee.

IMMIGRATION FROM GREAT BRITAIN.—The vast number of emigrants to this country is alarming to the British aristocracy and its press, and all sorts of expedients are being resorted to, in order to repress the rage to reach the land of promise—the terrible war now progressing here was first held up as a reason why those of Europe should not venture across the water; but so far from this being effectual, it seemed to be a greater stimulus, especially to the sons of the Emerald Isle, who never shun a fight, and are always ready for a battle, whether it occurs with shillalehs at Donnybrook Fair, or on the tented field in the Crimea, in the "Wilderness" of Virginia, or in the Peninsula of Europe. We will do the Irish the justice to say, that whatever flag it may be under which they fight, whether it be the English, the French, or the American, they prove themselves reliable soldiers, and unsurpassed by those of any other nation.

The *war* dodge, therefore, not being found to "take" with the emigrants, the English press then took up the horrible stories manufactured for the occasion, of the kidnapping of the poor creatures who reached our shores, for the purpose of being pressed into the army—but this was no more effective than the former reason given to deter the emigrants from starting for such a dreadful savage land, as ours was represented to be—but they, luckily, had too many friends and correspondents here, from whom they were not only receiving advice, but also money to pay their passage over, and hence that trick would not answer. Now they are told, that our currency was hardly worth more than a third or one-half of the price of gold, but withhold the fact that labor is so much in demand that wages are two to three times as much as formerly, and ten times more in many instances than the emigrants received at home—in addition to which the latter have found out that all the sovereigns they bring out with them, they can sell for more than twice the amount in greenbacks, and that these latter, being secured by the pledge of all the property of the nation for their redemption, are really better than the notes of the Bank of England. So the hope, like the attempt of Lee to retake from Grant at Petersburg, the Weldon railroad, will have to be abandoned—for they cannot succeed in making the masses of Europe believe that this is not the best country in the world for them and their children. Any one of the latter, born after the landing on our shores of his parents, may fill the Presidential chair, and they themselves enjoy the highest honors and emoluments equally with our own people, born to the manor.

THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.—The re-election of Mr. Lincoln will be a death blow to the last hopes of the rebels—they will see in that accomplished fact, that the people of the North have determined that they will not have shed in vain so much blood, and expended such a vast amount of treasure to preserve the unity of their country, the division of which would bring upon us a continuous war for at least one generation, if not forever, as Jeff Davis in his conversation with Col. Jacques meet freely admitted would be the case, and would require immense standing armies always ready for action even in any short respite of war. Seeing this determination of our people, the rebels, now almost at the last verge of despair, will give up all as lost to them, and begin every man to look out for No. 1. If Grant and Sherman and Farragut and Granger, do not before the Presidential election takes place, scatter the whole concern to the winds, the moment it is announced that Lincoln is re-elected, it will sound as a death knell to all rebeldom, and from that moment the war will be virtually at an end.

Elect any other candidate, be he a professed peace or war man, and we will then be, as it were, at sea, without a rudder or compass. Mr. Lincoln's term does not expire until March next, and his successor could not do anything, if he was so disposed, to allay the excitement and uncertainty as to the future. Congress, as assuredly one branch will, might take a different view of the situation of affairs, from that presented by the incoming President and a new Congress could not be elected and called together for a year or more, to determine what course was best to be pursued—and who could tell, in the mean time, what was to be the result of their deliberation, and the conferences with the rebel functionaries?

No—the people of the loyal States may rest assured, and they will, on reflection, come to that conclusion, that the speediest way to bring about *peace*, is to support the President in his efforts to fill the ranks of the army without delay, and to re-elect him to finish up the work they have given him to do. That is the only way to insure a cessation of the war, within any reasonable space of time, and those who live to see the event accomplished, of the triumphant re-election of the man of the people, will most assuredly realize the correctness of these views.

"CAP IN HAND."—On the 23th of May, 1861, scarcely two months after the firing up on Sumter, the Richmond Whig said of the Northern people:

"We must bring these enfranchised slaves back to their true condition. They have long very properly looked upon themselves as our social inferiors—as our serfs; their mean, niggardly lives, their low, vulgar and sordid occupations, have ground this conviction into them."

Then, after speaking of the Northern determination to put down the rebellion, and saying that "their uprising has all the character of a ferocious servile insurrection," the editor concludes that the war "will enable us to restore them to *their moral vassalage, and teach them that 'cap in hand' is the proper attitude of the servant before his master.*"

And with "cap in hand" the whole Copperhead party now stand before their masters ready to do their bidding! The remarks of the Whig are perhaps entirely just, when applied to this class of people, for they have ever been slaves to the party, and the party has been the vassal of the South.

SLAVERY AND THE REBELLION.—General Jackson, after he put down Calhoun's attempted rebellion, in a letter to a friend, a physician of the West, remarked that "now the pretext is the *tariff*—it will next be *slavery*." Jeff Davis, in his interview with Colonel Jacques, takes the same ground, that the slave question which the Copperheads are making such a noise about, as being the obstacle in the way of peace, is not in the way, and was only a pretext at the beginning—that the South cares nothing about it; it is more cost than profit to them.

Colonel Jacques remarked to Davis:

"Slavery, you say, is no longer an element in the contest?"

To which the rebel President replied:

"No, it is not. *It never was an essential element.* It was only a means of bringing other conflicting elements *to an earlier culmination. It fired the musket which was already capped and loaded.*"

Nothing can be more explicit than this declaration. Davis subsequently added that there were differences between the views of the North and those of the South, that were irreconcilable, and went on to explain that these were, that while the former believed in the right of the *majority to rule*, (the pure and simple and true *Democratic* doctrine,) the latter *were opposed to that doctrine!* And yet we find a party in the Northern States, professing to the utmost views of Democracy, fighting for the very *principle* adopted by these Southern rebels, and on account of their advocacy thereof, we have been involved in this gigantic civil war! Was ever such inconsistency before known?

But the *true* Democrat, the great Douglas, understood and exposed the whole scheme of the traitors at the beginning of the war, and we ask the reader to place his remarks along side of those made by Governor Morton in his speech to which we have already referred; and we recommend his weighty testimony to Democrats of the present hour:

"The slave question is a mere excuse. The election of Lincoln is a mere pretext. The present secession movement is the result of an enormous conspiracy, formed more than a year since—formed by leaders in the Southern Confederacy more than twelve months ago. The *conspiracy is now known;* armies have been raised, war is levied to accomplish it. There are only two sides to the question. Every man must be for the United States or against it. *There can be no neutrals in this war; only patriots or traitors.*"

THE citizens of the town of South Bend, Indiana, (the residence of Speaker Colfax,) have contributed $3,300 for the Christian Commission within the last two months.

[COMMUNICATED]

Baltimore and Some of Its Merchants During the Revolutionary War—Richard H. Lee, the Orator of Revolutionary Congress, and Gen. Robert Lee, of the Confederate States Army.

In a Philadelphia paper, some weeks since, in order to attack General Robert Lee, the Commander-in-Chief of the Confederate armies, it was charged that Lee was the son of the arch-traitor, Richard Henry Lee, of Revolutionary note.—General Robert Lee, it is well known, was the son of General Harry Lee, the famous partisan leader in the Revolutionary War, and a great favorite of General Washington. It may not be known as well to many of the present generation, even to citizens of Baltimore, that he, General Harry Lee, was a very decided Federalist, of the Washington and Hamiltonian school, and was one of the little brave Spartan band, who, under Alexander C. Hanson, occupied the Charles Street House, during the fierce Baltimore riots of 1812, and being severely beaten, nearly lost his life at the jail, when there attacked by the mob. General Lingan, also a Revolutionary General, was there killed by the same mob. But even were General Robert Lee the son of Richard Henry, he (*reader*) would not be ashamed of his descent. Richard Henry Lee was decidedly one of the ablest and most efficient men in the first Congress, and with one exception, perhaps, Patrick Henry, the most eloquent orator that the Revolution produced, and *as a writer and home statesman* he ranked *first*. As no one yet has appeared to rescue and vindicate his fair fame from the wanton slander of his Philadelphia traducer,—an humble descendant of a Revolutionary Baltimore family, of which family Rec and Henry Lee was the very warm and devoted personal friend *eighty-eight years since*, would now attempt the grateful duty, however imperfectly it may be performed.

It is well known to all readers of their country's history, that Congress, driven out from Philadelphia on the advance of the British in the Fall of 1776, took refuge in Baltimore, and opened their deliberations at the Congress Hall, corner of Baltimore and Liberty streets, December, 1776. The then commercial firm of Samuel and Robert Purviance, established in Baltimore in 1763 believed to be before and at the commencement of the Revolution, the second or third largest importing house in the ten colonies; (they lost *thirty-nine* vessels during the war, as records now exist to show, all without insurance,) was then the leading, most wealthy mercantile house in Baltimore, and its members, Samuel and Robert Purviance, being truly loyal patriots, they were appointed by Congress financial agents of the Government; and to the good cause of independence their most ample means were most freely contributed. It is believed that no mercantile concern of very large means lost as much by the Revolutionary war, as the Purviance family of Baltimore. Their, Samuel and Robert Purviance's, connection with the Government brought them in close contact and intimate correspondence with Richard H. Lee, John Hancock, Robert Morris, Henry Laurens, Lafayette and others. A letter from John Hancock and others, dated August, 1768, to Samuel and Robert Purviance, is now in possession of the writer of this. It is doubted whether any authentic evidence earlier than this of Maryland's and Baltimore's sympathy and co-operation with the Revolution can be produced. No colony can show an earlier more than Maryland in August, 1768. We know that Virginia itself cannot do so, although it has always claimed the precedence; and the writer of this has also in his possession, or under his control (same being deposited in Maryland Historical Society) at least *twenty autograph letters* of Richard H. Lee, which prove how ardently his interests, feelings and affections were with the revolutionary cause, to which he had devoted "life, fortune and sacred honor;" and that instead of being "an arch traitor," as asserted by his Philadelphia calumniator, that no purer patriot breathed; during "the times that tried men's souls."

It may not be out of place here, to say to whom these letters of Richard H. Lee were written—Samuel Purviance was the chairman of the celebrated Whig club of Baltimore which, during the Revolution, controlled nearly the whole political adverse faction of the then colony of Maryland, in armed rebellion against the mother country. In his official capacity, Samuel Purviance gave the order—one of the most decidedly boldest, patriotic acts of the Revolution—for the arrest of Governor Eden, the then popular British Governor of the colony of Maryland. The act was so bold a one that Congress at first was afraid to avow it, putting it upon the ground that it was an usurpation of their Confederate power, by a subordinate jurisdiction or Colony. Richard H. Lee, on the floor of Congress, vindicated the fair fame, honesty and patriotic single devotedness of purpose of his friend, Samuel Purviance, and the vote of Congress on it has been sanctioned by an impartial posterity.

His, S. P's brother R. Purviance, enjoyed the distinguished honor of being appointed United States Collector, by General Washington; and it is no violation of private correspondence, to state, that the then distinguished Chief was intended in some sort as an acknowledgment for, and as an appreciation of very great revolutionary services and sacrifices. This is proven and confirmed by R. P.'s continuing in office during the federalist administration of John Adams, also in the antagonistic democratic administration of his successor, Mr Jefferson. R. P. was a federalist of the strictest Washington and Hamiltonian schools, such as one as General Harry Lee, the father of General Robert E. Lee was. But as Sydney Smith happily observes: "Some men have outgrown their catechism." R. Purviance died in Baltimore in 1816, full of years and honors. As service at North Point, in the eyes of the present generation, and (perhaps fairly) especially near approaching the anniversary of September 12th, includes most of the cardinal virtues, we would farther add that two of Robert Purviance, Sen's, sons fought bravely in action at North Point. One of these sons, who also was in action at Bladensburg, was wounded at North Point battle. And a son of his (a grandson of R. P., of the Revolution,) Commodore Hugh Y. Purviance, United States Navy, one of the very ablest seamen in the service, (this is stated upon far better, if not less partial testimony than that of the present writer,) has done most efficient service during the present war. His merits have been most handsomely acknowledged by a vote of thanks of the Legislature of his native state, Maryland. It may not be improper to state that Commodore H. Y. P., when in command of the splendid United States frigate St. Lawrence, in action with the iron-clad Merrimac in April, 1861, narrowly escaped, with his crew of five hundred men, the sad fate of her (the St Lawrence's) consorts, the United States frigate Cumberland and Congress. An 84-pound shell from the infernal machine, the Merrimac, (fortunately without explosion,) passed through the sides of the St. Lawrence only about *five inches* from the magazine.

Another of R. Purviance's (of the Revolution) sons was the late Judge John Purviance, of Baltimore. We scarcely dare trust our feelings of filial piety, reverential duty, and respect, in speaking of him. And we would not do so now, (the only fair occasion which has ever been offered to us,) unless we knew that our opinion, partial and overweening as it may seem, was, as is believed, entertained of him nearly by the whole community of Baltimore long before he closed his exemplary, useful and Christian life in 1854, at the almost patriarchal age of eighty odd years. Thirty-five years of it were devoted to an honorable and most successful practice at the Baltimore Bar, and seventeen years to a most able, pure and unsullied career on the Bench.—Add to this a most peaceful, edifying, Christian end, in admirable keeping and harmony with a life passed in the exercise of every private, religious and public duty, and there is little left for his honorable profession, in honest emulation of his example, to aspire to, and still less for survivors connected with him by closer ties to regret. We now quote the language (part of a splendid eulogium made on the occasion of his (Judge Purviance's) death) used by one of Maryland's most distinguished sons, and now one of the ablest advocates and lawyers in the United States, the Hon. Reverdy Johnson, who for thirty-seven years knew him most intimately: "No man ever assumed the judicial ermine better fitted to wear it, or ever wore it more absolutely unsotted." *Laudatur et audetur* is something in human praise and estimation. Testimony from a Maryland Union man, no doubt, will be always received by the south with some grains of allowance; but perhaps they of South Carolina may not undervalue the testimony of a descendant from the Huguenots like themselves. This race has, as is well known, been distinguished for centuries, and it is hoped that their descendants in the United States have not degenerated.

This noble race of French Protestants (Huguenots) were compelled by the most wantonly cruel laws, made after the revocation of the edict of Nantes, in 1685, by that illustrious but bloody tyrant, Louis XIV, to seek an asylum wherever under Providence, they might plant the soles of their feet. The Purviance family, with many others, sought and found this asylum in the north of Ireland, whence they emigrated to America in 1751.

A large number of these Huguenots found an equally safe asylum in South Carolina, and their descendants (the principal families in South Carolina) at this day, the French races show, are now engaged in the rebellion in which that State is now so actively engaged.

Will the Philadelphia editor who has given the "kick to the dead lion," give a place in his columns to a part, at least, of this communication, in justice to the fair fame (so wantonly traduced) of Richard Henry Lee, the pride and most able man of the first American Revolutionary Congress? *Fiat justitia, ruat cœlum.*

MARRIED.

DAWS—BRIGHT.—On the 23d instant, at the Jane Street Church, New York, by the Rev C. B. Smyth, Henry Daws to Miss Harriet Bright, both of this city.

DIED.

BEACHAMP.—On the 29th inst., Annie Ellsworth, the only daughter of Levin and Caroline Beachamp, aged 13 months and 3 days.

Her friends and relatives are invited to attend her funeral, on this (Tuesday) afternoon, at 4 o'clock. ☞Dorchester papers please copy.

Past her suffering, past her pain,
Cease to weep, for tears are vain;
She who suffered is at rest,
She is numbered with the blest.

BRUFF.—On the morning of the 29th instant, Edward Carroll, youngest son of Joseph and Ann Maria Bruff, aged 6 years 3 months and 20 days.

MORAN.—On the 27th instant, John P. Moran, aged 60 years, a native of the city of Dublin, Ireland, but for many years a resident of Baltimore.

ALFORD.—At Woodville, on Saturday, the 27th instant George W. Bigs, in the 86th year of his age.

CREW.—On the 28th instant, Raymond, second son of William J. and Susannah Crew, aged 2 years and 3 months.

WRIGHT.—On the 27th inst., Oliver Thomas, eldest son of William and Sarah Wright, in the 16th year of his age.

SWANN.—On the 27th instant, Eliza Elevie, the eighth daughter of Richard T. and Isabel Swann, aged 4 years and 10 months.

COOPER.—Was killed in the Weldon Railroad battle, near Petersburg, Va., on the 20th of July, Joshua T. Cooper, of Company C, First Regiment Maryland Infantry, in the 20th year of his age.

DUNLAP.—On the 25th instant, Mary Jane Dunlap, the only daughter of John and Ann Dunlap, aged 21 years 6 months and 25 days.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

COMPLETE CLOTHING HOUSE.—We take great pleasure in calling the attention of our readers to the conspicuous advertisement of Messrs. Smith, Bros. & Co., No. 40 West Baltimore street. We speak what we know when we say their present stock of clothing cannot be excelled. We commend this firm to the favorable notice of all who may want goods in their line. They sell at small profits, and deal on the square with everybody.

READ'S DYSENTERY OR DIARRHŒA SYRUP.—The Dysentery or Diarrhœa Syrup is without doubt the best preparation now in use for the above complaints. No family should be without the syrup, and we are sure none will after having once used it according to directions. This invaluable article is for sale by the manufacturer Mr. Wm. H. Read, 147 Baltimore street, one door east of Calvert. See advertisement on second page.

COLGATE'S HONEY SOAP.

This celebrated Toilet Soap, in such universal demand, is made from the choicest materials, is mild and emollient in its nature, fragrantly scented, and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin. For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. je25-dawly

"SINGER."—If any of our readers wish a good Sewing Machine, we would recommend them to go to THOMAS SHANKS, 35 N. Gay street, and obtain one of his "Empire Sewing Machines" we speak from experience. au27-tf&w28

THE 10TH WARD DRAFT ASSOCIATION will hold its meetings on EVERY EVENING this week, at Western Hall, corner Howard and Lexington streets, at 8 o'clock. As it is impossible for the collector's to call on all in the Ward, those liable to the Draft and interested in exempting the Ward, are requested to attend and contribute to the Fund. As the time is short prompt action must be had. The Collectors are requested to make their returns to the Treasurer, J. WESLEY GUEST, Citizens' Bank. By order

EXAMINING AND FINANCIAL COMMITTEE.

au30-1uth&sat1t

THE 11TH WARD WILL PAY EACH MAN enlisting to her credit Fifty Dollars cash, and the City will pay him $300, and the National Government $300—making a Bounty of Six Hundred and Fifty Dollars. Call this day on J. F. MOORE, corner Howard and Madison streets.

Only a few more Men wanted to fill up our quota.

EVANS ROGERS, President.
S. S. COWMAN, Jr., Sec'y. au30-1t*

COLORED MEN OF THE ELEVENTH WARD ATTENTION.—You are earnestly requested to attend a meeting to be held on THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, Aug. 30th, at 8 o'clock, at the Presbyterian Church, corner of Madison street and Green alley. By order,

S. S. COWMAN, JR.,
11* Sec'y 11th Ward D. A.

PUBLIC MEETING.

The Citizens of Baltimore and Harford Counties, of all parties are respectfully requested to attend a meeting to be held in the Grove near St. John's Church, Kingsville, Baltimore county, on SATURDAY, September 4th, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of appointing a Committee to wait upon President Lincoln, in reference to the assessment ordered by the military authorities to be made upon a portion of the community, to compensate Mr. Ishmael Day for losses sustained during the recent raid. au30-eod1*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE WEEKLY MEETING OF THE UNCONDITIONAL UNION VOTERS OF THE CITY OF BALTIMORE, in favor of the election of ABRAHAM LINCOLN and ANDREW JOHNSON for President and Vice President, and of ARCHIBALD STIRLING, Jr., for Mayor, will be held in *Rechabite Hall*, corner of Fayette and Frederick streets, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, August 31st, at 8 o'clock, P. M. All true friends of those glorious patriots are invited to attend. By order of the PRESIDENT. au30-2t

TWENTIETH WARD.—ALL COLORED PERSONS living in the Twentieth Ward who are interested in the coming draft, will please meet in the Orchard Street M. E. Church, on THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock. By order of the PRESIDENT. 1t*

CITIZENS' BANK,
BALTIMORE, August 3, 1864.

An election for EIGHT DIRECTORS to manage the affairs of this Bank for the ensuing twelve months will be held at the Banking House between the hours of 11 and 1 o'clock, Wednesday, September 14th, 1864. By order

au27-dsep14 J. W. GUEST, Cashier.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.
CITY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
BALTIMORE, August 27, 1864.

Persons desirous of saving the present rate of discount on City and State Taxes for 1864—3 per cent. on City real, 1 per cent. on City personal property, and 5 per cent. on State Tax bills, real and personal, are hereby reminded that the same *must be paid* on or before the 1ST OF SEPTEMBER. Those in arrears for City and State Taxes for 1863 and previous years, will incur an additional charge of ½ per cent. interest and a liability to further costs, unless they pay the same on or before the 31st instant.

AUG. M. PRICE,
au 27-dtist3 City Collector

NOTICE.
MARYLAND INSTITUTE MUSIC SCHOOL.

The duties of this department will be resumed on the FIRST OF SEPTEMBER, under the direction of Professors J. PICIOLI and JAMES M. DEEMS.

Circulars and other information can be obtained of the Actuary, Mr. CORNTHWAITE, at the Hall of the Institute.

It is very desirable that all persons desiring to avail themselves of this opportunity of securing a thorough Musical Education, should make immediate application, and commence at the beginning of the term. H. W. KING,
au 27-2t Chairman Music Committee.

CITY HALL, BALTIMORE, Aug. 25, 1864.—All persons having claims for labor done on the BARRICADES of 1863 are notified to present them at the Old City Hall, on any AFTERNOON between the hours of 3 and 5 o'clock, from this date to the 31st of August inclusive. On that day the accounts will be closed. By order of the DEFENCE COMMITTEE.

THIRTEENTH WARD DRAFT ASSOCIATION.—The Treasurer, SAM'L EDMONDS, corner of Pearl and Lexington streets, is authorized to pay to any of the Association or any others not residents of the Ward, the sum of fifty dollars on producing satisfactory evidence of their having furnished a recruit to the credit of the quota of the 13th Ward. We again call upon the residents of the Ward who have not contributed to the DRAFT FUND, to do so *immediately*, by calling at one of the following named places:—Samuel Edmonds, Treasurer, corner of Pearl and Lexington streets; S. H. Lawrence, corner of Green and Lexington streets; Somers Norwood, Saratoga, between Chatsworth and Fremont sts.; Dr. J. P. Fleming's Drug store, corner Franklin and Green streets. The regular meetings of the Association are held every TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, CORNER OF GREEN AND LEXINGTON STREETS, to which all are invited. Husbands, Fathers, Sons, Mothers and Sisters, do you want another Draft in the Ward? If not come up promptly with your contributions, and enable us to relieve the Ward.

WILSON G. HORNER, President.
J. W. KERRS, Secretary. au29-10t

SOLDIERS, ATTENTION!—PAIN, DISEASE, and exposure, with a hot climate, muddy water and bad diet, will be unavoidable, but armed with HOLLOWAY'S PURIFYING AND STRENGTHENING PILLS, you can endure all these and still retain good health. If the reader of this "notice" cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug store in his place, let him write to me, 80 Maiden Lane, enclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit on them as on other persons' make. 35 cents, 85 cents, and $1.40 per box or pot. au25-1w

COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

The Undersigned having been a Collector for the last twenty years in the several counties, as well as of the City of Baltimore, and recently burnt out by the rebels, takes this opportunity of informing the citizens of said city and counties of Baltimore and Harford that he has now moved to Baltimore, at 148 Aisquith street. Any claim, therefore, sent or left at his residence, will be thankfully received and promptly attended to, and when collected be paid over forthwith. References given if required.

ISHMAEL DAY,
al2-tu,th,stw Collector.

THIRD WARD DRAFT ASSOCIATION.—Will meet on THIS SATURDAY, the 27th, and on WEDNESDAY, the 31st, at 8 o'clock P. M., at Thomas Och's corner of Pratt and Canal st. All those intending to contribute must do so at once; the committee can get the men; all they want is the money. A list is open at Mr. Southcomb's, corner of Broadway and Bank street, and at the Treasurer's, George W. Garden, No. 105 South Eden street, where contributions will be received. The collecting committee will call on the citizens of the Ward. Wednesday will be the last meeting prior to the draft.

SAMUEL M. EVANS, Pres't.
JOHN HENDERSON, JR., Sec'y au27-2ts,w

IMPORTANT NOTICE.
HEAD QUARTERS SIXTH WARD,
No. 5 Baltimore street, near Gay.

ATTENTION VOLUNTEERS OR RECRUITS!

The Executive Committee of the Sixth Ward will pay $50 (Fifty Dollars) cash for every RECRUIT or VOLUNTEER that may be credited to the Ward.

Parties call at THOMAS H. DENISON'S BOOK STORE, No. 61 Baltimore street, near Gay, where the money is always ready.

The Committee will be in session each day at 12 o'clock.

ONE HUNDRED MEN WANTED IMMEDIATELY. Call early and get your money. By order EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

ISAIAH H. TAYLOR, Sec'y. au25-tf

A GOOD WINE NEEDS NO PUFF.—Calling on a friend of ours of the American Legation, the other day, he invited us to a glass of wine. We complimented his taste in the choice of so rich a port, but were somewhat astonished when he assured us that it was an American vintage called Sambuci Wine. It was rich, juicy and high flavored, possessing none of the peculiarities which distinguish the manufactured sugared wines and cider-champagnes. He told us the proprietor, Mr. A. Speer, of New Jersey, U. S. A., had been awarded a gold cup by the American Institute for the excellence of his wine. This is a new phase in the produce of America—a wine country.—[Dickens' "All the Year Round."

We quote the above with pride that we do produce one wine in this country that Europeans acknowledge superior to their own production.—For a 4th of July dinner it cannot be excelled. au25-1w

FIREMEN'S INSURANCE OFFICE, June 20, 1864.—The President and Directors of the Firemen's Insurance Company of Baltimore have THIS DAY declared a Dividend of TWO DOLLARS PER SHARE for the last 6 months, ending 30th instant, payable on and after Tuesday, 5th July, 1864. FRANCIS J. McGINNIS,
je21-tf Secretary.

WATCHES! WATCHES!! JEWELRY! JEWELRY! JEWELRY! SILVER AND PLATED WARE! SILVER AND PLATED WARE! For Sale by GABRIEL D. CLARK, corner Calvert and Water sts., Agent for the sale of Brown's Gold Pens. jy23-1m

PIERCE, HOFF & CO.,
Packers of Hermetically Sealed OYSTERS, FRUITS, MEATS, VEGETABLES, &c.,
NO. 75 NORTH CALVERT STREET,
au16-3m BALTIMORE.

BORDEN'S CONDENSED MILK.—Prepared by the Baltimore Condensed Milk Company. For sale by NUMSEN, CARROLL & CO., Sole Agents, 18 Light street, Baltimore, Md.
au16-eolm

MINCEMEAT.

A. FISHER & SON, *DEALERS IN* GROCERIES, FLOUR, PRODUCE, BACON, FISH, SALT, LIQUORS, &c.
No. 26 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.
DEPOT FOR FISHER'S UNRIVALLED MINCE MEAT. je25-tf

LEGAL NOTICES.

UNITED STATES TAXES!

OFFICIAL NOTICE!!

OFFICE OF THE COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE, 3D DISTRICT OF MARYLAND.

I hereby give notice that the Taxes assessed by the Assessor of this District in the annual List of 1864, are now due and payable, embracing Taxes for

LICENSES, PLATE, CARRIAGES, BILLIARD TABLES, YACHTS, &c.,
For the current year;
and
INCOME FOR 1863.

Payment of the same is hereby demanded from all who have not already paid; and I will attend with my Deputies to receive them daily, at my OFFICE No. 7 South street, from this date till the 17th day of September; "and all persons who shall neglect to pay the said duties and taxes within the time specified, shall be liable to pay ten per centum additional upon the amount thereof." The collection to be enforced "by distraint and sale of goods, chattels and effects of the persons delinquent"; Persons failing to take out their licenses are further liable to a fine of $100, and imprisonment for two years.

☞Office hours from 9 A. M., to 3 P. M.

☞Payment must be made in Government Funds.

☞No special or private notices will be given, except to enforce the remedies provided by law.

P. G. SAUERWAIN, collector.
Baltimore, August 18, 1864. au30 ts 7

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That the subscriber, has obtained the Orphans' Court of Baltimore city, letters of administration on the estate of GEORGE H. CATHCART, late of said city, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 29th day of February, 1865, they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 29th day of August, 1864.

MARGARET S. CATHCART.
au30-1stw*

FOR SALE.

TO CITY PRINTERS.

Printers of the city, who are desirous of proposing for the *City Printing* agreeably to the advertisement of the City Register, are informed that the ENTIRE MATERIALS, (including HOE POWER PRESS, all GOOD AS NEW,) can be purchased of Bull & Tuttle, at about HALF-PRICE. Call and enquire of

F. BULL, Surviving Partner
of Bull & Tuttle, at Clipper Office,
au30-3t Baltimore, Md.

BOWLING SALOON.

MONUMENTAL BOWLING SALOON.
No. 47 WEST FAYETTE ST.
Near CALVERT.

This first class resort will be opened to the public on THURSDAY, September 1st, 1864. The Saloon contains eight alleys, retaid this season, and are supplied with new balls and pins. Mr. P. T. Fennerty, the experienced game conductor, and expert and polite pin setters have been secured, and nothing will be left undone by the proprietors to render the Monumental the most attractive Bowling Saloon in the city.

MAAR & MORRISSETT,
au30-3.* Proprietors.

MILITARY.

RECRUITING OFFICE, FIFTH MD. VET. VOL. INFANTRY, BALTIMORE, MD., Aug 1st 29, 1864.

The "Draft" being near at hand, a favorable opportunity presents itself to the citizens of Baltimore and Maryland to exempt themselves by placing recruits in the Fifth Maryland for *One, Two or Three years*, being here as a Government Officer, by orders from Major-General Ord Commanding 18th Army Corps, before Petersburg, Va., every facility *is and must be* afforded me. There is *no necessity* to visit the "substitute agents or brokers." my facilities being greater and superior to theirs. *No charge* to the citizen or *detection to the recruit* is made, but on the contrary it is my duty, as an officer, to see them protected. The recruit or representative substitute receives the highest Government, City, Ward and County Bounty, without ANY CHARGE OR DEDUCTION. I invite all cordially to give me a call. WM. LOUIS SCHLEY,
Col. 5th Md. Vet. Volunteer Infantry,
Recruiting Officer.

Office 23 South Gay street, Commercial Hotel, opposite First National Bank au 29-tf

AMUSEMENTS.

HOLLIDAY STREET THEATRE.

OPENING OF THE FALL AND WINTER SEASON.

A GRAND SPECTACULAR DRAMA.

FIRST TIME IN BALTIMORE.

New Company, and Popular Star,
MR. J. B. ROBERTS,
Wonderful Machinery, etc.,
On TUESDAY EVENING, August 30th.

The very successful new play, from the German of Goethe, entitled,

FAUST AND MARGUERITE,

Mephistopheles..... MR. J. B. ROBERTS
Marguerite..... MISS ALICE GRAY

Ending with Mephistopheles bearing Faust to the realms of perpetual torture, while Marguerite is borne by Angels flying through the sky to the HOME OF THE BLEST, A TABLEAU OF RESPLENDENT GLORY.

Doors open at 7; curtain rises at ¼ before 8.

Ticket office open daily from 9 until 4 o'clock. au29-6t

MARYLAND INSTITUTE.

GREAT DOUBLE ATTRACTION!

MONS. S. VERRECKE,

The Celebrated Gymnast, has been engaged for SIX NIGHTS MORE, and will appear on MONDAY EVENING, August 30th, and every Evening during the week, in the THREE FLYING TRAPEZE and the WONDERFUL DRUM FEAT, the most startling Feat ever attempted.

SANDERSON'S MINSTRELS will also appear. Tickets 25 cents; reserved seats 50 cents; doors open at 7½—to commence at 8 o'clock. au29-6t

TRUSSES, &c.

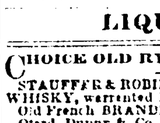
DAILY'S VENTILATED TRUSS for the cure of Hernia or Rupture—the only suitable Truss for the warm weather. The Truss will be applied by the inventor, W. F. DAILY,
au30-3t* 11 Light street, Baltimore.
Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST.—On August 29th, a small sum of MONEY wrapped up in a piece of white paper, directed to Mrs. Roediger, care of C. F. Helms, New York. The finder will be rewarded by returning the same (to one who cannot afford to lose it) on board steamer "S. R. Spaulding," Hooper & Christopher's wharf, Fell's Point. 1t*

$200 REWARD—LOST OR STOLEN on the 26th instant, in the Philadelphia and Baltimore cars, at the Depot or between the Depot and Fortress Monroe Steamboat Landing, A POCKET BOOK, containing about SEVENTEEN HUNDRED DOLLARS—one $500 note, several $20 and other notes. The finder will receive the above reward on leaving it at the office of the Bay Line, foot of Concord street. au 30-2t*

RACES.



FLORA TEMPLE TROTTING ASSOCIATION.
Purse and Stake $100.

Will be trotted for on TUESDAY, August 30th.
Mile Heats 3 in 5 to harness.

J. Cudney names b. g. George.
Owner " b. g. Calverton.
D. Steever " s. g. Top Rail.
Race to come off at
au29-2t* 1 o'clock.

LIQUORS.

CHOICE OLD RYE WHISKY.

STAUFFER & ROBINSON'S PURE OLD RYE WHISKY, warranted 10 years old.

Old French BRANDIES.

Otard, Dupuy & Co. and other brands of Old Brandies, warranted pure.

Old Port, Madeira and Sherry WINES.

Pure Old Port WINE for Medical purposes.—Old Madeira and Sherry, all direct importation.

CIDER VINEGAR.

2,500 Gallons Pure Cider Vinegar, fit for pickling. D. SULLIVAN,
au6-3m-m&e cor. Lexington and Pine sts.

WANTS.

$100 PER MONTH.—ACTIVE AND RELIABLE AGENTS wanted in the army and everywhere else, in the most lucrative business known, honorable and no risk. Address or apply to T. & H. GADHAN,
je 15-2md 110 BROADWAY, N. Y.

WANTED.—OLD GOLD, OLD SILVER.—Highest prices paid by G. D. CLARK, corner of Calvert and Water streets. m24-tf

PERSONAL.

TO SOLDIERS' FAMILIES!!!
BOUNTY,
PENSION,
BACK PAY,
PRIZE MONEY, &c.

The widow, child, father, mother, brother or sister, &c., of any officer, soldier or seaman who dies in the service of the United States, is entitled to Bounty, Pension or Back Pay, &c. Full information given, and all such claims promptly collected by WM. E. MILLS,
Government Claim Office,
76 W. Fayette street,
Baltimore, Md.

N. B.—All letters must contain stamp for reply. au18-tf

HAIR DYE.

QUESTIONS ASKED AND ANSWERED!
WHY IS
JONES' NATIONAL HAIR DYE
SO EXTENSIVELY USED IN THIS COUNTRY AND EUROPE?

Because it has been satisfactorily proven by men of taste and science to be THE SAFEST AND BEST HAIR DYE IN THE WORLD.

Patented 1842, Right Secured 1852

Sold by all respectable Druggists and Fancy Stores everywhere. Sold and applied (privately) by

Professor JOHN A. JONES,
23 East Baltimore street.

EXTRACT DE COLOGNE,
By pint, quart, half gallon and gallon. Also, a choice assortment of PERFUMERY AND USEFUL TOILET ARTICLES Kept constantly in store. jy7-2dpm,e&w

RAILROAD NOTICE.

NOTICE.—PHILADELPHIA, WILMINGTON AND BALTIMORE RAILROAD.

On and after AUGUST 11th, 1864, the Rate of Fare on this Road and its connections will be advanced from 25 to 33 per cent over the present rates.

GEORGE A. DALMUN, General Ticket Agent.
al1-tf W. F. KENNEY, Sup't.

BOARDING.

GENTLEMEN with their Ladies or Single Gentlemen, can be accommodated with BOARD, at No. 70 Calvert street. m17-tf

COLLEGES.

FREDERICK FEMALE SEMINARY.

The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on MONDAY, 5th of September.

A. WINCHESTER, A. M.,
President.
au29-7t*

FOR RENT.

DWELLING FOR RENT.

A LARGE THREE-STORY DWELLING, No 190 Biddle street, is offered for Rent. It is partly furnished. Apply to the Lady on the premises. a24-1w

MEDICAL.

DYSPEPSIA AND FITS!

A SURE CURE FOR

These distressing complaints is now made known in a Treatise on Foreign and Native Herbal Preparations, published by Dr. O. PHELPS BROWN. The prescription was furnished him in such a providential manner, that he cannot conscientiously refuse to make it known, as it has cured everybody who used it, never having failed in a single case. It is equally sure in cases of Fits as of Dyspeps