



BALTIMORE CLIPPER.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 8, 1841.

THE OCEAN of to-day is of unusual interest. Besides the current news of the past week, tales, poetry, anecdotes, &c. &c., it contains the entire letter of Mr. Lippincott, in answer to those of Mr. Biddle, relative to the United States Bank; Great Internal Improvement meeting; and all the latest foreign intelligence received by the steamship Britannia, at Boston, which was received by last night's steamboat, in advance of the mail.

ARRIVAL OF THE BRITANNIA. We are indebted to the New York Herald extra, received last night, in advance of the mail, for highly important foreign intelligence, (to be seen on our first page,) by the steamer Britannia, Capt. R. B. Cleland, which arrived at Boston on Thursday morning, 6th inst. at 2 o'clock. With much labor, expense, and midnight toil, we have been enabled to give a fuller and more minute account than that given by any other paper in this city. It will be seen that the tea market has sustained a considerable depression. The most important and appalling intelligence, however, is, that the steamer President has not yet been heard from. The greatest anxiety prevails relative to her fate throughout many parts of Europe. Nearly all hopes of her safety are abandoned.

McLEOD. We learn from the New York Herald that McLeod was brought into court on the 6th instant, had a hearing, and his case postponed for further investigation until Saturday. He was remanded to prison.

APPOINTMENTS. The Philadelphia Spirit of the Times, in reply to some observations of ours on recent appointments in that city, states, that it is not mistaken in asserting that men recently from the state prison have had offices conferred on them. We regret this, for we think that in all cases, reference should be had to the character, talents and integrity of applicants for office. In making changes the public interests should be carefully guarded; for it is far better to have a competent and honest political opponent in office, than an ignorant and dishonorable political friend. It is, therefore, the duty of the appointing power, on removing an opponent, to be prepared to supply his place with a person as well qualified to discharge the duties of the office.

The Spirit of the Times says, that a remonstrance against some of the appointments will be forwarded to the President. We feel assured that if he be convinced that the Collector of Philadelphia has made an improper selection of officers, he will cause them to be discharged.

"GEMS OF IRISH ELOQUENCE, WIT AND ANECDOTE," by James Hoban, Esq., of the Washington Bar. We have received a copy of this volume from Cushing & Brother. Before speaking of the merits of the work, we will take occasion to say that it is bound in very handsome style by Mr. Joel Wright, of this city. The first department of the book contains some of the finest specimens of eloquence by the most distinguished Irish orators and patriots. It may suffice to mention the names of Emmett, Sheridan, Curran, Grattan and Phillips. The reader of Irish history will readily recall the exciting occasions on which the eloquence of some of these gentlemen was displayed, and their noble exertions in defence of their own and their country's rights. Of that portion of the volume which embraces Irish wit and anecdote, it is unnecessary to say more than that the reader will find a rich treat of both wit and anecdote. We consider the work a valuable addition to our library, and commend it to public patronage.

WE have also received from the same publishers, No. 5 of Barnaby Rudge, by Ho. This work we noticed in yesterday's paper.

DIRGE ON THE DEATH OF GEN. HARRISON. We have received from Mr. George Willig, the publisher, a copy of the beautiful dirge, written and composed on the death of Gen. Harrison, by J. H. Hewitt, Esq. The publisher informs us that it is to be sung at a number of the churches in this city and Philadelphia on the 14th, the day set apart for humiliation and prayer. This dirge we have heard, and can speak unhesitatingly of its aptness and beauty.

THE SEAMEN'S BENEFICIAL SOCIETY. We take pleasure in calling especial attention to this praiseworthy and philanthropic association, the proceedings of the first meeting of which will be found in another column. The object of this society is plain, and appeals directly to the sympathies of every noble heart. It asks protection and charity for the disabled and indigent seamen—for the brave sons of Neptune, who after they have long battled with the storm, have at last become shipwrecked in adversity. Let us see our citizens come forward and support this society. By so doing they may be instrumental in bringing gladness to the sailor's breast, and save him ere he is finally overwhelmed by the beating tempest.

VALUABLE CARGO. The British ship 'Speed' cleared from Mobile on the 29th April, for Liverpool, with 2750 bales of Cotton, weighing 1,315,640 pounds, and valued at \$140,647 60.

NATIVE AMERICAN SOCIETY. The St. Louis Pennant and Native American advocates the exclusion of all foreigners from participation in the political privileges of this country, after they have become naturalized citizens. The editor would admit them to the protection of our laws, but argues that their attachment to their native country should disqualify them for the enjoyment of the rights of American citizens. We took occasion some time since to enter our dissent to the doctrines of the Pennant, and in reply the editor uses the following language:

"We have said that the hearts and attachments of emigrants are still with their native land. Is it not so? If not, whence come their distinct national organization—the St. Patrick, St. Andrew and St. George societies—the German political associations—the Repeal Associations for the avowed object of separating Ireland from England, and thus dismembering a country with which the United States are at peace? What absurd folly it is to pretend that foreigners lose the habits of thought and the associations which they acquired in their native land! Those habits and those associations lose not their hold upon the heart this side the grave."

The editor certainly misapprehends the nature of the societies which he mentions. The St. Patrick, St. Andrew, St. George, and German societies, are not political, but benevolent institutions—and were not organized for the purpose of operating in England, Ireland, Scotland or Germany, but in this country, and for the relief and guidance of distressed emigrants. The formation of such associations in this country, instead of being an exceptional measure, upon which to base a law excluding foreigners from the rights of citizenship, is in the highest degree praiseworthy. It must necessarily occur that, of the numerous emigrants who arrive in this country, some will require assistance and others advice, and who could more properly give the one or the other than their countrymen, who have made themselves acquainted with our institutions and the routine of business, the advantages of location &c., of our country. But the editor objects that the existence of these societies is evidence, "that the hearts and attachments of emigrants are still with their native land." Doubtless every man will retain an attachment for the soil of his birth—even for the very spot of his nativity—but is this attachment incompatible with their love or their duty to the land of their adoption? Certainly not. With the strongest feelings of attachment for their native land, they may entertain the utmost dislike of the government which controls it. We presume that there are few emigrants who would desire to change our system of government to that which they left. In general they seek this country in consequence of the freedom which is to be enjoyed under our institutions; and to participate fully in the advantages of our system of government, they desire to be naturalized as citizens. We will go as far as the editor of the Pennant, in preventing foreigners from intermeddling with our political concerns before naturalization, as we would prohibit a minor from exercising the elective franchise. The foreigner should undergo probation to become qualified to discharge the duties of a citizen. But we cannot assent to the doctrine that he is to be totally excluded from the American family. It is illiberal, and to our minds, unjust.

The Repeal Associations, of which the editor speaks, are not confined exclusively to natives of Ireland—numbers of the members are of American birth. The object of these associations is not to subvert the government of this country, nor to involve it in war with a foreign power—but to aid an oppressed and gallant people, in the struggle for their rights—not by sending troops to their assistance; but with advice and pecuniary means. At least such we have understood to be the object. Now to this we can see no more objection than in granting relief to the Greeks when oppressed by the Turks. It is natural that Irishmen in this country should sympathize with their distressed countrymen at home—or is it extraordinary that native Americans should feel like sympathy—for they cannot forget the many noble Irish hearts and brave hands that assisted to achieve the independence of this country.

Foreigners come among us, acquire property, and raise families. Their interests and their feelings must necessarily become identified with those of the natives. If denied the rights of citizenship, their children will be entitled to them, and why create this distinction between parent and child? In case of war the difference of situation would be severely felt. In short, although natives of the country, we are disposed to welcome the foreigner to our shores, who comes with the intention of uniting his fortunes and his fate with those of the American people. But, whilst we say this we must further observe, that we heartily condemn any classish disposition which would induce naturalized citizens to give the preference in elections to candidates of their own country, without reference to their qualifications. We hope that no such disposition does or ever will exist, for it would immediately give rise to associations to counteract such influence; and we should soon be divided into factions, instead of being united as a liberal and free people.

NATIONAL THEATRE. Messrs. Lennox & Singer are doing a neat, handsome and encouraging business at the little National. To-night will be represented "A Tale of Blood," "The enraged Politician," and "Cramond Brig." Those who wish to enjoy first rate fun, suitable to the times as well as the pocket, will no doubt embrace the opportunity. The performance will conclude with the Scotch drama of "Cramond Brig." Miss Helen Matthews will also make her second appearance this evening.

SUDDEN DEATH. A man named Howett suddenly fell down on the pavement in New York on the 3d inst., and expired instantly.

RESPIRE OF FRITZ THE MURDERER. The Westminster Carrolltonian of the 7th inst. states that representations having been made to the Governor, by letter, that doubts existed in the minds of some persons in relation to the insanity of Fritz, he has, by his warrant, a copy of which is annexed, respited his punishment to Friday the fourth of June next. It may be as well for us here to state, (says the Carrolltonian,) that the mass of our citizens, including the sheriff, the clergyman who regularly visits him, and others who have frequent opportunities of conversing with Fritz, that they one and all believe him to be a sane man with a most ungovernable temper, and somewhat mystical when he wants to be so!

STATE OF MARYLAND.—To the Sheriff of Carroll county, Greeting: I have, in consequence of an application of Mr. Isaac Van Bibber, of Carroll county, in this state, thought proper to suspend the execution of Fred'k Fritz, which was to take place on Friday the 7th day of May instant, by virtue of my warrant, dated the 20th day of April, in the year of our Lord, 1841, until Friday the 4th day of June next, at which time you are to execute my said warrant of execution unless otherwise directed by lawful authority.

NEW SWINDLING OPERATION (says the N. Y. Tattler,) came off in that city, on Monday. A genteelly dressed man called at the extensive dry goods establishment of Birdsall & Burroughs, corner of Grand and Centre streets, and purchased over forty dollars worth of linens, which he ordered to be sent to the dwelling of Mr. L. M. Hoffman, 127 Hudson street. Mr. Hoffman, being a well-known citizen of the house of Hoffman & Co., Wall street, of course the dry goods men did not hesitate to send the goods as ordered, and leave them without the pay. Shortly after the goods were left, a person called and inquired for them, stating that they had been left there by mistake. The family of Mr. H. readily delivered the goods, and thus the swindler got off with his booty.

VERY PROPER. The Mayor of the city of Lancaster has offered a reward of \$100 for the arrest and conviction of any person or persons who raise false alarms of fire.

Such a course should be adopted in our city. We would much prefer that every alarm of fire should prove false, but so frequent have they been of late, that our firemen can hardly have confidence when a real alarm is given. The injurious tendency of creating false alarms cannot be apparent to all. The apparatus sustain great injury, the companies are apt to come into collision and quarrel—indeed a thousand reasons might be assigned, showing the necessity of making a strenuous effort to detect and punish effectually those who are instrumental in producing false alarms.

NEW JERSEY RAILROAD. The Philadelphia United States Gazette states that this road is a remarkable instance of steam on land, competing with steam on water,—and successfully too.—Although but 34 miles long, this road cost the extravagant sum of \$1,900,000, of which, \$353,000 was paid for land, damages, or right of way, being more than \$10,000 per mile. Yet it has generally yielded a good dividend. The omission to make one last January, was occasioned by the burning of Hackensack bridge, and some further loss of property by a freshet. On the Railroad, (except the early trains,) passengers pay 75 cents between New Brunswick and New York, while by steam-boat the charge is only 25 cents. Yet the railroad gets a larger share of the passengers.

FROM NEW GRENADA. Advices from New Grenada have been received at New York up to the latter end of February. A decisive battle had been fought between the government troops, under General Herran, and the insurgents, which resulted in the entire discomfiture of the latter, with the loss of 1000 prisoners and a large number killed, several of them chiefs and officers. The insurgents, who are 2000 strong, have been again routed, and it was supposed the rebellious Provinces would soon be reduced to subjection. Hopes were entertained that tranquillity would soon be restored.

THE STRANGER. We learn from the Eastern Argus that there was quite a "rumpus" among the ladies on board the steamer Portland, recently, the result of which was, that the boat brought one more passenger into Portland than she took from Boston. What, with the din of machinery and the whirling of the wind, the "little stranger" must have thought this was rather a noisy world. As he arrived after the bell was rung for fares, we presume he got his passage without calling at the "Captain's office to settle." His Christian name should be Steamboat.

A FAST RECOMMENDED. At an adjourned meeting of the Third Presbytery of Philadelphia, held on the 15th of April, it was resolved that "the Presbytery regards as a token of good to their country the recommendation of the President of the United States, appointing Friday the 14th day of May to be observed as a day of Humiliation, Fasting, and Prayer; and the Presbytery hereby recommend it to all the churches under their care to observe said day in a manner appropriate to the solemn occasion."

NEFARIOUS TRANSACTION. During the launch at the Navy Yard, Philadelphia, on Thursday, Com. Charles Stewart ordered the guns to be examined previous to firing, when they were found to contain several grape shot, supposed to have been deposited there by some malignant villain subsequent to the loading. Had it not been found out in time, there is no telling the number of human beings that would have been "launched" into eternity.

The Hamburg Journal of the 1st instant states that on Wednesday of last week, an atrocious murder was committed near Talbotton, Georgia, on the person of a gentleman by the name of Hammock.

THE OLDEST REPUBLIC ON EARTH. The American Quarterly Review contains a letter from G. W. Erving, Esq. giving a sketch of his visit to San Marino, a small Republic in Italy, between the Apennines, the Po, and the Adriatic. The territory of this State is only 40 miles in circumference, and its population about 7000. The Republic was founded more than 1400 years ago, on moral principles, industry and equality, and has preserved its liberty and independence amidst all the wars and discords which have raged around it. Bonaparte respected it, and sent an embassy to express his sentiments of friendship and fraternity. It is governed by a Captain Regent, chosen every six months by the representatives of the people, 66 in number, who are chosen every six months by the people.—The taxes are light, the farm houses are neat, the fields well cultivated, and on all sides are seen comfort and peace, the happy effects of morality, simplicity, liberty and justice. Mr. Erving was received by some intelligent citizens in the most hospitable and affectionate manner; they were delighted with him because he was an American. They professed a profound attachment to our country, and look to it as the preserver of their own pure principles; they were intimately acquainted with our institutions and affairs, and had a library well furnished with books and pamphlets relating to America.

CANAL ACROSS THE ISTHMUS OF DARIEN.—Advices have been received from Panama, that the obstacles heretofore interposed, by the clashing of the local and general governments, with regard to the proposed canal across the isthmus, have been effectually removed, and that the work seems at length in a fair way to be accomplished through the medium of the Franco-Granadian Company, established at Paris. The funds are already provided and operations will soon be commenced.

RUMORED DUEL. The Louisville Gazette of the 2d inst. says: "It has been mentioned here for several days past, that R. Wickliffe, Jr. and C. M. Clay, Esqrs., of Lexington, had crossed the Ohio at some convenient point for the purpose of ending some personal feud by an appeal to arms. It was said that the marshal of the state had made ineffectual efforts to intercept them. The result, it is feared, will prove fatal to at least one of them."

MORE FORGERY. The Charleston Transcript states that a check for three hundred dollars on the Union Bank of that city, dated 16th January last, was received from Macon on Thursday last, by an exchange dealer, which proved to be a forgery. The check purports to be drawn by the Mayor, Jacob F. Mintzing, Esq., in favor of C. Green, or bearer.

The Ozark Standard of the 10th ult., states that Major John S. Shanks, of Springfield, Mo., on the previous Saturday, shot Elijah W. Davis, through the head, of which he instantly expired. Mr. Shanks was arrested and committed. Davis was a young man from Smith county, Tenn.

THE GRACE BROWN. It is stated in the Norfolk Beacon of the 6th inst. that the Federal Court adjourned yesterday to meet at ten o'clock to-day. Mr. Nelson, of Baltimore, will conclude the argument on behalf of the owners of the Grace Brown.

PRESS FOR SALE. Mr. Blackford, the editor, offers for sale the Political Arena, of Fredericksburg. The paper is of several years standing, and has been conducted with ability by Mr. B.—He also says the terms will be accommodating.

COUNTY COURT. The case of the Lottery Commissioners, in the name of the State of Maryland, against several individuals for selling tickets in the Town Hall Lottery, as deemed by them in violation of the law, was commenced yesterday in this Court. We will give a notice of the case as soon as it is decided.

OBSERVANCE OF THE SABBATH. The Mayor of Philadelphia has caused to be put in force a hitherto neglected ordinance of the city councils, prohibiting hacks and all other public vehicles from occupying their stands or running on the Sabbath.

TRAVELLING GRATIS. A fellow without money, having a considerable distance to travel, fastened a chain and padlock to his legs and lay down in a field. He was apprehended on suspicion of his being a convict, and conveyed gratis to a jail in the town whither he desired to go.

HEAVY REWARD. The Mayor of Boston has offered a reward of \$10,000 for the apprehension of the individual who a few days since made a daring attempt to rob the store of Messrs. H. Baily & Co.

The Carrolltonian says that William Thompson, who was recently arrested, charged with having committed the late robbery near Chambersburg, has been given up to the Sheriff of Franklin county, and is by this time no doubt secured in prison at Chambersburg.

In the court room this morning, says the N. Y. Truth, McLeod seemed totally indifferent at what was going on, and appeared more anxious to ogle some ladies that were there, and pay attention to the folds of the ruffles of his shirt than any thing else.

There were slain by sea and land, as we learn from the Boston Journal, during the last war between England and France, 2,100,000 men. The cost to England was £1,053,000,000—and the greater part of which is still unpaid in the national debt.

The Governor of Maine has issued his proclamation, uniting in the recommendation of the 14th of this month to be observed as a day of national fasting, humiliation and prayer.

DROWNED. Mr. P. McQueen, Postmaster at Sho-ko-kon, Illinois, was drowned in the Mississippi, opposite that place, on the 25th ult. by the upsetting of a canoe.

The tobacco establishment of Messrs. Wood & Eggleston, Richmond, Va., was destroyed by fire on the 3d inst. Mr. Robinson's factory adjoining was also somewhat injured.

MOST GLORIOUS LUCK. The same splendid success attends those who patronize HEISLER'S Office. Four three No. tickets in one Lottery is hard to beat!

13 28 54—whole ticket, a prize of \$200  
8 22 54—share do 500  
33 28 73—share do 100  
12 71 73—share do 100

All in Maryland State Lottery, sold by the all fortunate HEISLER & CO. In this way we treat our friends to the handsome Prizes. Nos. Md. State Lottery, class 33, drawn May 7th—lowest prize \$1, viz:

54 68 75 8 26 73 12 22 71 61 59 33  
Another rich and splendid Scheme draws TO DAY, 8th May, Virginia State Lottery, class E, and the cheering news received on Monday.

Capital—1000 DOLLARS!  
15,000 do  
10,000 do  
5,000 do, &c. &c.  
Tickets \$10—Shares in proportion.

A ticket in this splendid Lottery, purchased from Heisler & Co. may secure you a handsome fortune.  
Call at Head Quarters for Prizes, No. 1. North Calvert street, first office from Baltimore-st.  
HEISLER & Co.

U. S. WASHINGTON BAND, No. 1.  
The members are earnestly requested to be punctual in attendance on MONDAY, 19th inst. at half past 12 o'clock, P. M.—the procession will start at 1 o'clock precisely. The object of the procession is to celebrate the consecration of Band No. 2—the ceremonies will commence at 5 o'clock precisely in the afternoon.

ORDER OF PROCESSION.  
The order will proceed down Gay to Baltimore-st. up Baltimore to Calvert; up Calvert to Fayette; up Fayette to Howard; down Howard to Lombard; out Lombard to Bond; down Bond to Gough; up Gough to Caroline; up Caroline to Pratt; up Pratt to Exeter; up Exeter to Gay; down Gay to the Hall. By order,  
EDWARD V. ORRILL, }  
NICHOLAS SPEAKS, } Marshals.

NOTICE.  
An adjourned meeting of the JOURNEYMEN TAILORS will be held at Union Hall, corner of Baltimore street and Tipple's alley, on MONDAY EVENING, 10th inst. at half past 7 o'clock precisely, when a Constitution and By-laws, for a Trade and Beneficial Society, will be submitted to their consideration. All Journeymen Tailors are respectfully invited to attend. By order,  
GEORGE A. MEGEE, Sec. pro. tem.

By Divine permission, the Rev. Mr. SOMMER, of New York, will preach for the Madison street Baptist Church, corner of Madison and Park-st. TO-MORROW MORNING, at 10 o'clock—and for the Second Baptist Church, Fall's Point, at half past 7 o'clock in the EVENING. The Rev. Mr. SOMMER will also preach for the Second Church in the morning at half past 10, and for the Madison-st. Church at half past 3.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.  
Services in the Universalist Church TO-MORROW will be held at 11 o'clock, A. M. and 8 o'clock, P. M. The subject of discourse in the evening will be a statement of "Five Reasons for rejecting the doctrine of endless misery." The public are invited.  
Preacher, Mr. SHRIGLEY. m8-11

PATAPSCO FIRE COMPANY.  
The members of the Patapsco Fire Company are requested to attend a Special Meeting, to be held in the Company's Hall, THIS EVENING, 8th inst. at 8 o'clock. By order of the President,  
JOHN C. HOLLAND, Sec'y.

INDEPENDENT FIRE COMPANY.  
A Special Meeting of this Company will be held at the Hall of the Engine House THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock. Punctual attendance is desirable.  
J. A. O. LAW, President.

FOURTH WARD WHIGS.  
An adjourned meeting of the Whigs of the 4th Ward will be held at Coth & Sargent's, on MONDAY EVENING, 10th inst. at 8 o'clock. By order,  
WM. HOPE, Sec'y.

NOTICE.  
The members of the Baltimore Harmonic Society are requested to attend a special and last meeting prior to adjournment, to be held at their Hall, on SATURDAY EVENING, 8th inst. at 8 o'clock. A full attendance is earnestly desired.  
B. T. EIDER, Sec'y.

DOANE'S LEMON SYRUP. 32 cases just received and for sale by  
TURNER, WHEELWRIGHT & MUDGE,  
2 South Charles street.

BOARDING.  
THREE OR FOUR Gentlemen can be accommodated with board in a small private family by applying in PRATT STREET, second house from the corner of High street—Green Tree Pump before the door.

FOR RENT.  
A comfortable two story Brick HOUSE, situated in Forest street, near the Penitentiary wall—the situation is particularly healthy, and the water very good—a good and permanent tenant the rent will be moderate. Apply to  
WM. GRIFITH Straw Cutter,  
in the adjoining house.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS.  
WHO PURCHASE CHINA, GLASS AND QUEENSWARE, will contact their interest by a call on No 37 N HOWARD STREET, opposite Messrs. Reynolds & Mosher, where a general assortment of articles in the above line are offered at wholesale and retail, and at prices which cannot fail to please.  
Goods packed in the best manner for the country, and sent to any part of the city free of expense.

SILKS AND SHAWLS.  
H. DIFFENDERFERK & CO. very respectfully inform their customers and the public generally, that they have on hand a beautiful assortment of all the various styles of Dress SILKS; as fashionable China, some very handsome Plain for summer dress; Black and Blue Black SILKS in great variety. SHAWLS—on hand, a very handsome assortment of fashionable Shawls, as China Embroidered Silk, Cashmere, Plain Silk—with a general assortment of Silk Shawls, which will be sold very cheap, at  
No. 43 MARKET-TREET.

CONTENTS of this Week's VISITER.  
RETRIBUTION—Original  
Wild Western Scenes do  
An Article from John Bull—(original)  
The Catholic Question do  
Funkytown, Maryland, do  
Essay, by P. S. do  
Bishop Downe's Sketch of Harrison  
Karl Wynec  
First Pencil Mark  
Twilight, &c. &c.  
Office 21 N. GAY-ST. \$2.00 per annum—61 cents single copies. m8-11

AUCTION NOTICE.  
MURLONG & PANNING, AUCTIONEERS & GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, CORNER OF CHARLES and LOUIS STREETS, respectfully solicit Consignments of Furniture, Houses and Lands, Horses & Carriages, Groceries, Dry Goods, &c.  
Particular attention will be given to the sale of effects at private dwellings, and all out door SALES of every description, faithfully and punctually attended to in person.  
N. B. Liberal advances made to consignors for immediate sale.  
MURLONG & PANNING, Auctioneers.

LOOK HERE for CHEAP DRY GOODS.  
DRY GOODS of all descriptions, new and hand, will be SOLD OFF, at 163 BALTIMORE STREET, three doors below Charles, at such prices as will entice all buyers—SILKS, SATINS, MOURNINGS, CHALLES, AWNS, Painted MOURNINGS, CAMBRICS, JACONETS, handsome SHAWLS, SILKS, CASHMERE, BERAGE &c. at uncommonly low prices; French, English and American 4 & 5-Button GENTLEMEN'S WEAR, London-TWEEDE, Gambroons, Drilling, Cashmere, Cloths, &c. DOMESTIC GOODS of all kinds, at the manufacturer's prices, by the bale, case, piece, or yard. The whole of these Goods will be sold off as low as any other house in the city. Call and see.  
RALPH H. RICHARDSON,  
m8-11 163 Baltimore-st., 3 doors below Charles.