Baltimore Clipper.

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VOLUME IV.] WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 17, 1841. [NUMBER 7.

For the Baltimore Clipper.

LINES

Written on being present during the Communion Service, at one of the Churches in Baltimore.

A house of worship—and I enter'd in
With feelings aw'd, and reverently bow'd,
For I was thinking of the Son of God:
In humble guise, on Judea's sacred coast,
No pompous pile, so splendid building rose
For him to preach the word *of life* therein.
Meekly and mild upon the earth he stood,
The arch above him, Heaven's own azure blue,
No studied diction, fraught with flowing tropes,
Amus'd the sense or pleas'd the critic's ear—
With simple truth, and yet with words of pow'r,
He spoke to fallen man—discoursed of love,
Of Christian love, and fellowship below,
Of deeds of mercy, abstinence and prayer,
To fit them for his Father's house on high.
Thou meek and lowly Saviour! can it be
That these are thy disciples?—yonder chaste
And splendid altar, 'round whose marble base
A fair and gracious group are bowing low,
Is rear'd to thee?—That holy man of God,
In dress superb, is minister of thine,
And now performs the ritual of the Church
In memory of thee? Ye must renounce
The vanities and pomps, in solemn voice he cried,
Of this vain world—the devil and his works
Must have no entrance here! Are ye at peace,
In charity and fellowship with all?
For if ye eat and drink unworthily,
Ye seal the condemation of your soul.
The pensive audience heard the dread appeal,
And deep and oft the loud responses rose.
I gaz'd upon the fair communicants
Array'd in silken robes of glittering pride,
And ask'd my heart, Ah, tell me what are these,
But pomps and vanities of this vain world?
And then methought my eye could single out
Some that were not in charity with all,
E'en tho' they took the consecrated bread,
And press'd with awe the chalice to their lips!
Some feeling rankled in the bosoms fair,
That savor'd not of *love*, but mark'd contempt,
For those whose only fault, perchance, was this—
The world's neglect, and fortune's frowns to bear!
And these *the world call pious*, greatly good,
The meek disciples of the lowly lamb,
The beacon lights to gild our moral path,
And lead our wayward footsteps up to Heav'n!
May God forgive the bitter thoughts that rise,
That deem them stumbling blocks the Church within,
Rocks of offence, that cause the good to err,
Professors loud, not *doers of the Word!*
But I am wrong, that in ungracious mood,
Imbibe the spirit I have just condemn'd,
And *weak* myself, presume the weak to judge.
Oh! may the prayer of mild, forgiving love,
Breath'd forth in anguish from thy dying lips,
Still find acceptance at the throne of God—
Father forgive!—They know not what they do!

H. L.

GOD SEEN IN ALL HIS WORKS.

A TALE FROM THE GERMAN.

In that beautiful part of Germany which borders on the Rhine, there is a noble castle, which as you travel on the western banks of the river, you may see lifting its ancient towers on the opposite side, above the grove of trees about as old as itself. About forty years ago there lived in that castle a noble gentleman, whom we shall call Baron ———. The baron had only one son, who was not only a comfort to his father, but a blessing to all who lived on his father's land.

It happened on a certain occasion that this young man being from home, there came a French gentleman to see the baron. As soon as this gentleman came into the castle, he began to talk of his Heavenly Father in terms that chilled the old man's blood; on which the baron reproved him, saying, 'are you not afraid of offending God who reigns above, by speaking in such a manner?'—The gentleman said that he knew nothing about God, for he had never seen him. The baron did not notice at this time what the gentleman said, but the next morning took him about his castle and grounds, and took occasion first to show him a very beautiful picture that hung on the wall.—The gentleman admired the picture very much and said, 'whoever drew this picture knows very well how to use his pencil.'

'My son drew that picture,' said the baron.

'Then your son is a very clever man,' replied the gentleman.

The baron then went with his visiter into the garden, and showed him many beautiful flowers, and plantations of forest trees.

'Who has the ordering of this garden?' asked the gentleman.

'My son,' replied the baron; 'he knows every plant, I may say, from the cedar of Lebanon to the hyssop on the wall.'

'Indeed,' said the gentleman, 'I shall think very highly of him soon.

The baron then took him into the village, and showed him a small neat cottage, where his son had established a school, and where he caused all young children who had lost their parents, to be received and nourished at his own expense. The children in the house looked so innocent and so happy, that the gentleman was very much pleased, and when he returned to the castle, he said to the baron:

'What a happy man you are to have so good a son.'

'How do you know that I have so good a son?'

'Because I have seen his works, and I know that he must be good and clever if he has done all you have shown me.'

'But you have never seen him.'

'No, but I know him very well, because I judge of him by his works.'

'True,' replied the baron, 'and this is the way I judge of the character of our Heavenly Father. I know from *His* works, that He is a being of infinite wisdom, and power, and goodness.'

The Frenchman felt the force of the reproof, and was careful not to offend the good baron any more by his remarks.

A woman who was convicted recently at Dublin Sessions Court of stealing a purse, earnestly begged the Recorder to sentence her to be transported. She said she had only returned from Sidney ten days. Her wish was granted, and she left the dock shouting "Hurrah for Sidney and its bright blue sky!"

INQUESTS. Four inquests were held in New York on Sunday. All were victims of intemperance.

For the Baltimore Clipper.

FEMALE SOCIETY—TEMPERANCE.

It is much to be regretted that there are so few young gentlemen who participate to any great extent in the society of the respectable and virtuous of the other sex. There are many causes which tend to produce habits calculated to drive the young man from the society of ladies, one of these causes is the *fastidiousness* of many ladies in the selection of their male acquaintance. Not content with equality of station in society, many go so far as to make objections to shape, dress, voice and features: these, with the exception of dress, are irremediable, and therefore to reject the society of any young man on such account is ridiculous. Dress if genteel is better than dandyism; and manners if polite and well bred are preferable to foppery—intelligence will easily supply the place of large whiskers, mustache and imperiale, and sensible and rational conversation will readily fill that of *exquisitism*, and leave something to boot. If, therefore, ladies would banish their predilections and display less preference for the two latter as well as numerous other absurdities, and encourage sterling worth, divested of useless appliances, they would not only enhance their own enjoyments, but display much discretion. They would eventually produce more happiness among themselves, and *encourage* young gentlemen to *court* their society more extensively.

The triumphant advancement of the cause of temperance must necessarily work an entire change in the pursuits of many young men during their leisure hours, and lead them to seek out new resorts. Lyceums and literary associations will, to some extent, supply this want, and will furnish abundant employment of the most instructive character—but this will not suffice. This kind of occupation is *too confining*—the mind wants more variety, and cannot *suddenly* relinquish old pursuits of an active nature and tie itself down to one species of recreation. What then can offer greater inducements to the young man at a loss how to spend a part of his leisure time, and pledged to shun the places where he formerly resorted, and which perhaps he still has a yearning for from long and intimate association, than the society of the respectable, virtuous and intelligent of the other sex? and he *will* avail himself of the pleasures to be derived from intercourse with such society, if he knows that he will be received and welcomed there if deserving. To the young ladies, then, of our city, belongs the privilege of lending their assistance in consummating this glorious and humane enterprise, the benefits flowing from which will not be confined entirely to either sex—and apart from personal interest, they will have the proud satisfaction of feeling the triumph of higher, nobler, purer and more philanthropic motives, over considerations of a merely selfish nature. It remains, therefore, for them to aid in the glorious work of reformation, and I have no hesitation in character if they do not heartily co-operate in a work so congenial to the peculiar province and nature of woman, and fraught with such vast advantages and benefits to society in general.

O. L. C.

For the Baltimore Clipper.

MESSRS. EDITORS: I felt somewhat surprised on looking over the proceedings of the City Council, (in your paper of Tuesday morning) to find that a petition had been presented proposing the regulating of the measurement and inspecting of Gas. The report stated that the petition contained the signatures of upwards of three hundred consumers. Why was the petition not circulated amongst all the consumers? There are more than three times that number of consumers of gas in this city, and I have not the least doubt that more than three-fourths of them would have seized the opportunity of subscribing to a memorial that embraces in its appeals to the city authorities such all-important and momentous objects as the measurement and inspection of gas. I, for one, should have embraced that opportunity, and I know of many others that would have done the same.

A cause so just and so long neglected will meet with the decided approbation of every candid and disinterested person, and draw forth the praise and gratitude of the sufferers in behalf of its projectors.

The consumers of gas have long considered themselves imposed upon, and the prospect of some legislative action on this subject adds new vigor to the hope, that justice will soon take place. We shall soon see whether the rights and interests of the many will be set at naught, or the arbitrary power of soulless corporations strengthened or encouraged.

If the petition had been started by a regularly appointed committee or meeting of the consumers of gas, it would have presented such a front that no array of monopoly could resist. I have the greatest confidence in our city authorities, and believe that they will see that all contracts for *light* and opening the pavements will be strictly complied with.

UP TOWN.

For the Baltimore Clipper.

NOTICE TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN. If those whose duty it is to notice such matters, would take the trouble to examine the trees planted in Eastern City Spring lot, they would find them full of a sort of small hulls, or shells, if you please, hanging perpendicularly on the branches of the trees, and waving to and fro like so many little bells with every breeze.

These hulls contain the eggs of a small fly, which, in the spring season, propagates the worm which has of late years been so destructive to the shade trees in various parts of our city.

Now I am not much of a botanist, but here it seems to me the old adage ("an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure") would hold good, and if these hulls were carefully taken off and *burnt*, it would be the means of saving the foliage of the trees, and thereby accomplish the object for which they were originally planted.

On a former occasion it was found necessary to destroy these worms with tobacco juice, and a pretty considerable sum was allowed by our council to the spring keeper for extra services. Now, this expense might be saved by nipping the evil in the bud, and the visiters to the spring would, during the summer season, find those places pleasant retreats.

If this precaution is now neglected, you will see the disagreeable phenomenon of having our trees strip of their foliage in mid-summer, and looking as barren as in the dead of winter.

AN OBSERVER.

CITY COUNCIL.

FIRST BRANCH, March 16.. The Branch met pursuant to adjournment. Present, Mr. Snyder, President, and all the members except Mr. Dryden.

A petition was presented by Mr. DeLoughrey, signed Robt. Holloway, in favor of John Rogers, for repairs done at the Independent Engine House—Referred to the joint committee on claims.

The substitute to the resolution of the committee on bridges, offered by Mr. Peregoy on Monday, counter to the ordinance authorizing the stone bridge across Jones' Falls on N. Gay-st., to be taken away and a wooden one substituted, came up in order.

Mr. P. rose and made some remarks in support of his substitute. He was followed by Mr. Keyser, who contended that the corporation was in good faith bound to remove the bridge; that the lives and property of our citizens called loudly for it; and that in case of another inundation, the city would be bound to make good all damages. Mr. P. rejoined. He seemed to be unwilling that so much money should be expended, while so substantial a bridge was yet standing. Mr. DeLoughrey made quite an eloquent speech in favor of taking away the stone bridge. Mr. Cole on the day previous made a very strong defence of the report of the committee of which he was chairman. H. Snyder, Esq., chairman, opposed strongly the substitute, and sustained most eloquently the original report of the committee.—Also Mr. Dallam. Mr. Holter got up and sustained the substitute—was of opinion that the stone bridge was no obstruction to the free passage of the water in the Falls, and that it ought not to be taken down. Mr. Fields arose to state his reasons for voting for the substitute, which were, that he had at one time seen a large body of water go through the area of the bridge without producing any serious injury. The yeas and nays being called upon the substitute, were, yeas 11, nays 12. On the original resolution of the committee, the yeas were 12, nays 11.

A communication from the city commissioners was received, relative to the condition of a part of Light street. Referred to the committee on streets.

The report of the committee on streets on the report of the city commissioners, in relation to the Baltimore and Havre de Grace Railroad, was returned from the second branch concurred in.

Mr. Pinkney, of the committee on claims, reported favorably upon the petition of Robert Holloway.

The resolution relative to grading a part of Eden-st. was returned from the second branch dissented from.

Mr. Hanson, of the joint committee on the harbor, reported unfavorably relative to the petition of the harbor masters for an increase of commissions on the collecting of tonnage.

Ordinance No. 23, to provide for the payment of interest on loan, was returned from the second branch, with proposed amendments. On motion, it was laid upon the table, afterwards taken up, and concurred in.

The report and resolution of the joint committee on fire companies, on the petition of the Vigilant, Howard, and other fire companies for an appropriation, was returned from the second branch with an amendment proposing to refer so much as relates to the Patapsco Fire Company, to the joint committee on education. The amendment was agreed to.

Bill No. 32, being an act for the improvement of Jones' Falls, was called up by Mr. Bender.—On motion of Mr. Holter, the enacting clause was stricken out, which, of course, killed the bill; ere its intrinsic virtues had an opportunity to be made manifest.

Mr. Dallam, of the joint committee on streets, reported favorably upon the petition of John Sikes and others, relative to the closing of Scott street.

On motion of Mr. Pinkney, the branch adjourned until to-morrow afternoon at half-past three o'clock.

SOUND MADE VISIBLE. An English paper gives the following notice of an "important discovery," which, *if true*, would seem to surpass even that of Mr. Daguerre. It is, indeed, no less than a plan of rendering the vibrations of *sound permanently visible!*

"A most ingenious and valuable discovery has just been made by Mr. Southworth, of Cheetham street, Manchester, by means of which an individual, although unacquainted with the art of writing, is enabled to take down the speech even of the most rapid speaker; and, what is yet more surprising, in such a way as to *indicate the peculiar emphasis with which it may be delivered.* As the inventor has not yet secured a patent, all that we are at present enabled to state is, that it bears some analogy to photogenic drawing. It is well known in the latter case that, when a substance properly prepared is presented to objects illuminated by the rays of the sun, it receives a distinct and faithful impression of them, which is afterwards rendered permanent by suitable chemical agents. So also the present discovery consists of a piece of mechanism as susceptible of the impression of sounds as the tympanum of the ear, which impression remains permanent, and is as perfectly legible as the clearest typography."

We shall expect to see soon a machine by which, on turning a crank, a man's thoughts may be taken down with wonderful accuracy, with or without his concurrence, and thus paragraphs, items, moral essays, and philosophical disquisitions, to say nothing of a great variety of nonsensical speculations, may be fabricated *ad libitum.*—*Boston Mercantile Journal*

MONUMENT TO HIGHLAND MARY. Measures are at last about to be taken in earnest for the erection of some memorial over the ashes of Burns' first and purest love. This object seems to have been taken up by different parties, unknown to each other. On Friday last Mr. Weir received a letter from W. S. Carruthers, Esq. of Dormont, Dumfriesshire, dated "Arthington Hall, Orley, Yorkshire," in which the writer nobly expresses his intention to erect a monument to the memory of Highland Mary, at his own expense, and requests Mr. Weir to take the necessary steps for that purpose. Under these circumstances, there is little doubt that something will be done to mark the last resting place of Mary Campbell.—*Glasgow Chronicle.*

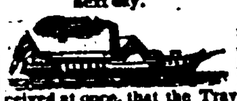
☞ A frame house, No. 117 Walker-st. N. Y., also two frame houses in Jersey city, and an India rubber factory in New Brunswick, were destroyed by fire on Saturday night last.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

GREAT SOUTHERN
UNITED STATES' MAIL LINE,
DAILY TO THE SOUTH.
The ONLY LINE carrying the GREAT MAIL, and the only DAILY LINE!

TRAVELLERS FOR THE SOUTH, are informed that, by taking the Cars at Baltimore for Washington at 4 P. M., they proceed, via Washington, Fredericksburg, Richmond, Petersburg, Weldon, and Wilmington, N. C. to CHARLESTON, S. C., reaching Charleston the *second morning* after leaving Baltimore, and one day in advance of the Bay Line—the Companies on the route being bound by the Postmaster General to make the following quick Schedule:

Leave Philadelphia	8 A.M.	reach	Baltimore	2 P.M.
" Baltimore	4 P.M.	"	Washington	6 P.M.
" Washington	5 A.M.	"	Fredk'sburg	12 M.
" Fred'ksburg	12 M.	"	Richmond	5 P.M.
" Richmond	5 P.M.	"	Petersburg	7 P.M.
" Petersburg	7 P.M.	"	Weldon	1 A.M.
" Weldon	1 A.M.	"	Wilmington	1 P.M.
" Wilmington	1 P.M.	"	Charleston at 5 the next day.	



As this Line carries the Great Mail, (which cannot be delayed,) and is almost entirely a Rail-Road Line, it will be perceived at once, that the Traveller, unless in some extraordinary contingency, is *out of a connection throughout*, whilst it is evident that Fogs! Rough Weather!! and Storms!!! must often occasion delay in a Route, more than two-thirds of which is by the Bay—the traveller being also subjected to Sea-sickness, and incurring unnecessary risk, from Boats being urged to the top of their speed, to compete with the more DIRECT ISLAND ROUTE.

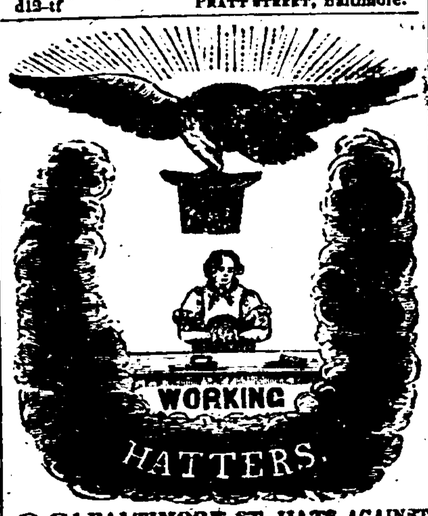
☞ The above line will be found not only the most certain and expeditious, but the most attractive, as it passes through the Seat of Government, and in sight of Mount Vernon by daylight, and through Fredericksburg, Richmond, and Petersburg, the largest and most flourishing towns in Virginia. It is also cheaper to Richmond, and as cheap as the Bay route to Weldon: and travellers have no expense or trouble with their Baggage.

☞ This is much the nearest, quickest, and cheapest route to the interior of Virginia, North and South Carolina—at Petersburg, Va. commences the route by way of Raleigh, N. C.—145 miles of Rail Road from Petersburg to that city. Stage Lines branch off from Raleigh Rail Road to the old Piedmont Line, to Milton, Danville, &c., and to Knoxville, (Tenn.)

☞ *This is the only Daily Line to Richmond and Petersburg.*

☞ Passengers for the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road pay through to Petersburg, Va. For further information and Through Tickets, apply at the office of

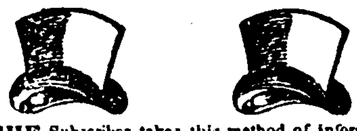
STOCKTON, FALLS & CO.
Adjoining the Philadelphia Rail Road Office,
d19-tf PRATT STREET, Baltimore.



66½ BALTIMORE-ST. HATS AGAINST 2 THE WORLD. No! Not all the World *but the World of Humbug!!* Call at our Store and we will prove that we sell the cheapest Hats in Baltimore, in point of Beauty, Durability, and Fashion. Our prices are well known, and are as follows: Splendid Fashionable Russia Hats for $3.50, of the same quality as those selling elsewhere for $5. Also, fine fashionable Silk Hats at $2.50, warranted on Russia bodies, and generally selling elsewhere for $4 or no sale. And our old customers will please bear in mind that the well known KEEVIL removed from the Maryland Arcade some six months ago. So come one and all to 66½ Baltimore street, between Gay and Holliday-sts. for good and cheap Hats. Don't forget now!

W. H. KEEVIL & CO'S,
No. 66½ Baltimore-st., opposite Tripolett's alley,
And 4 doors W. of Boal's well known Auction Store.
mh18-tf

THE MARYLAND ARCADE
Against the WORLD for CHEAP HATS!



THE Subscriber takes this method of informing his friends and the public generally, that he has now on hand a large and general assortment of HATS of his own make, which he is determined to sell low for cash. His prices are uncommonly low for the quality of the Hat: Splendid Russia Hats at $3.50; fine Short Nap Silk Hats, made on Russia bodies, warranted water-proof, for only $2.50; Fur Hats, from 1.50 to $3.00; Clipt Nutre Hats $4; Clipt Beaver Hats 4.50; White Russia Hats, at from 2.50 to $3.50. He would invite the public to call and examine his Hats, for he is confident there is no Hats in the city to compare to his at the above prices. All Hats purchased of me will be ironed over and put in shape free of charge.

fe4 3m* FOLYDORE E. RILEY.

LOOK HERE! LOOK HERE!!

BOOZ'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF HOREHOUND, warranted to cure all cases of Colds Coughs, and Asthmatic affections of the Breast and Lungs. It will remove the severest cold in twenty-four hours—I have certificates in my possession substantiating the fact. In not one instance has it been known to fail. Any person using the Syrup according to directions, and finding no relief, the money will be returned.

Price 37½ cents per bottle. Call and prove its efficacy. JAMES BOOZ, No 9 Fleet street,
fe25-1m Fell's Point, Baltimore.

COTTON FACTORY—*For Sale or Rent.*

FOR Manufacturing Cotton WADDING & LAPS. The Machinery of the above Factory is propelled by a first rate Four horse Steam Engine. I will sell for cash, or on a liberal credit on approved endorsed notes. This is a rare chance for an industrious person with a small capital—the Factory is well established, and has a good run of customers—possession can be had in March. Inquire of T. W. BUTTON,
d22-tf No. 151½ Baltimore street.

WHAT A CHEAP BONNET!
WHERE DID YOU GET IT?

BLESS ME! Such a Fashionable Florence for $2
And a large size HOOD, quarter and flp
Misses Florence, good sizes, one dollar and half
Boys do HATS, one dollar
Boys LEGHORNS, half dollar
Misses Leghorn FLATS
Ladies' English Double Mixt BONNETS, $1
Boys Double Rim LEGHORN
Infant's very fine do. Call in and see a

REAL SELLING OFF!!!
COTTON GOODS.

Splendid Furniture Calicoes, flp
Heavy Wide SHEETINGS, flp
Bleached MUSLINS, good quality, flp
Long Cloth Shirting MUSLIN, superior, ten cents
Excellent GINGHAMS, eleve
Splendid Lawns, for Dresses, fast colors, quarter
Figured Curtain MUSLINS, three flps
Cross-bar do do
White Cambric do from eleve
TICKING, good quality, from ten cents
AMERICAN NANKEEN, eleve.

LINEN GOODS.

Good Irish Linens, quarter and flp
Two-yards wide Bleached Table, half dollar
Large size brown Cloths, half dollar
Brown Holland, eleve—Yard-wide Diaper, eleve
Linen Cambric HDKFS. eleve

SILKS.

Black GRO DE NAP, quarter and flp
Colored do three eleves
Blue Black do supple, half dollar
With a very extensive assortment of Figured and Plain GOODS.

STOCK OF HOSIERY.

Excellent Black Cotton STOCKINGS, eleve
Do White Cotton do do
Ladies' and Misses, and Gentlemen's and Children's STOCKINGS—of every kind.

And the Stock of STRAW & LEGHORN GOODS, while I am still selling off, will receive every day fresh additions from my Wholesale Establishment in Market street—so that I shall never have any thing but Fresh GOODS, very cheap as usual, at

CHARLES JOHN HART'S
Retail Store, Lexington-st.

CARPETING.

Woollen Stair CARPETING, quarter and flp
Yard wide good quality do. half and eleve
Straw MATTING, quarter; handsome Check'd do.
FURNITURE DIMITY, for spreads, &c. three flps.
mh11-tf

C. H. EHRENBRANT,
IMPORTER AND MANUFACTURER OF
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
No. 54 BALTIMORE STREET,

Has received by late arrivals from Germany, France, & England, a large supply of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, which will be sold, wholesale and retail, on very pleasing terms, viz:

From Germany—Mahogany and Rosewood PIANO FORTES, manufactured by the celebrated Emerlingk manufacturers. These Instruments are warranted to be of excellent tone and workmanship, and are the finest imported from said factory.

From France—Rose and Satin-wood Guitars; Violins, No. 10 to 30; silver-mounted Flutes, with 8, 6, and 4 keys, B. C. R. flat and [illegible]; Valve Orbicylides; Valve French Horns; Trombones; Clarionets; Cornopeans; Accordions, with 8, 10, 12, and 21 keys.

From London—Kent Bugles, with all the improvements; Cornopeons, made by Chas. Pace, who made Mr. James Deems' Cornopeon—said Instruments were ordered two years ago.

From Rome—A fresh supply of Violin Strings, warranted to be the very finest quality, 4 length and four threads. ap18-1y

CASH FOR NEGROES. The highest cash prices will at all times be given for Negroes of both sexes, that are slaves for life, and good titles. My office is in Pratt street, between Sharp and Howard streets, and opposite to the Repository—where I or my agent can be seen at all times. All persons, having Negroes to sell, would do well to call on me before they dispose of them, as I am always buying and forwarding to the New Orleans market. I will also receive and keep Negroes at twenty-five cents each, per day, and forward them to any Southern port, at the request of the owner. My establishment is large, comfortable and airy, and all above ground; and kept in complete order, with a large yard for exercise; and is the strongest and most splendid building of the kind in the United States. And as the character of my house and yard is so completely established, for strength, comfort and cleanliness, and it being a place where I keep all my own, I will not be accountable, for the future, for any escapes of any kind from my establishment.

mh3-dtf HOPE H. SLATTER.

LIME! LIME!! LIME!!!

THE subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have on hand, and intend keeping a constant supply of superior Alum and Bottom LIME, (burned in a conical kiln, so highly recommended by our State Geologist, Professor DUCATEL,) and that they are prepared to sell the same at the kiln at 33 1-3 cents for cash, for first quality. As our object is to furnish a first rate article at the lowest possible price, we respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.

We have also on hand, about 5,000 bushels Oyster Shell and Air Slacked ALUM LIME, which we will sell on favorable terms, for farming purposes.

HUGH DOWLING & SON,
Corner of Britain and Madison-str., Balt.

☞ Orders sent from any part of the United States for Lime, for building or agricultural purposes, immediately attended to. je15

THE GENUINE VEGETABLE PILLS, AN EFFECTUAL CURE FOR GONORRHŒA, GLEETS, STRICTURES, &c. &c. Of all the remedies yet discovered for the cure of these complaints, the *Vegetable Pills* have been the most effectual, as they have never been known to fail to effect a permanent cure. They are mild and pleasant to take, yet powerful in their action, and may be taken without the knowledge of the most intimate friend. These Pills are put up in square boxes, with full directions accompanying each box. For sale by

SAM'L CAREY, corner of South & Baltimore-sts
JAMES O. McCORMICK, N. Gay-st., O. T.
THOS. J. PITTS, Fell's Point.

Washington City, by
W. KIRKWOOD, cor. 12th street and the Avenue.
CHARLES STOTT, corner of 7th street and the Avenue.

In Georgetown, by O. M. LINTHICUM.

SPANISH MATTING, AND CHEAP *WOOLLEN CARPETING,*
AT 76 MARKET-ST., CORNER OF HOLLIDAY.

WILLIAM JEFFREYS has just received, a fresh supply of SPANISH MATTING, and an additional supply of WOOLLEN CARPETING, at 75 cents per yard. He has now in Store, in addition to the above articles, Fine and Super Ingrain, Three Ply, and Brussels CARPETING; Cotton and Hemp do.; Tufted and Brussels RUGS; Venetian Carpeting; Stair Rods; Table and Piano Covers; Door Mats and Window Blinds; Dyed and Colored Carpet Chain; Rag Carpets; Green and Fancy Figured BAIZES—together with a variety of articles, which will be sold low for cash. Also, Table and Floor OIL CLOTH, of various patterns. n26-tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

12 Good White and colored Cooks—2 White women as dairy maids for the country—4 nurses for the country—3 Chambermaids—2 House keepers—2 Seamstresses—to fill excellent places. Also wanted to hire a colored boy. Apply at the Intelligence office, corner of Baltimore and Frederick sts. mh9