PUBLISHED DAILY,
BY
BULL & TUTTLE,
No. 7 North Gay street.

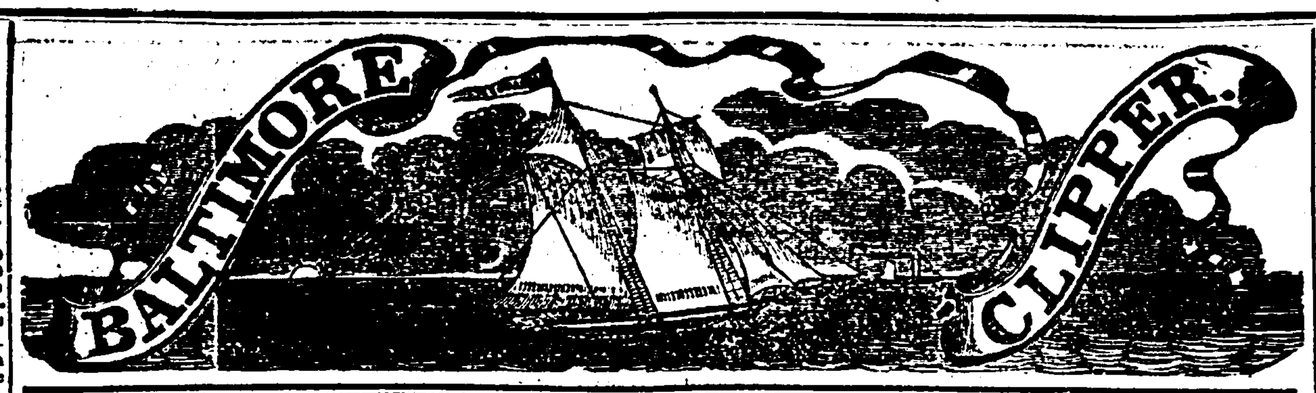
TERMS OF THE PAPER—To Subscribers, SIX CENTS per week, payable to the Carriers, to whom alone they are responsible, at the end of each week.

☞ COUNTRY SUBSCRIBERS can receive the paper, by mail, at *Four Dollars* per annum, on remitting the cash in advance, for such length of time as they please.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

1 square 1 time,	$0 50	1 square 1 month,	$4 00
1 do. 2 times,	75	1 do. 2 months,	7 00
1 do. 3 do.	1 00	1 do. 3 do.	10 00
1 do. 1 week,	1 75	1 do. 6 do.	15 00
1 do. 2 weeks,	2 75	1 do. 1 year,	30 00

☞ Twelve lines or less make a square. If an advertisement exceeds twelve lines the price will be in proportion. All advertisements are payable at the time of their insertion. Business Cards, of only two lines, will be inserted for five dollars a year, in advance.



VOL. III. NO. 111.] FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 22, 1841. [PRICE ONE CENT.

JOB PRINTING,
BY BULL & TUTTLE,
(Practical Letter Press Printers,)
No. 7 N. Gay st. (old Chronicle Office

THE proprietors of the above Printing Establishment beg leave to inform the public, that they are extensively prepared to execute any and every description of Fancy or Plain JOB PRINTING, in the neatest and most fashionable style of workmanship, and on terms suitable to the times.

THEY WILL PRINT TO ORDER,

Catalogues,	Handbills,
Notes and Checks,	Circulars,
Enamelled Cards,	Small Notes,
Bills of Lading,	Election Tickets,
Commercial Blanks,	Large Posting Bills, &c.

Together with Fancy Printing, for framing, &c.

☞ Orders for JOB PRINTING, left at the office of the "Baltimore Clipper," will receive prompt attention, and be executed on terms as reasonable as the same description of work can be done elsewhere.

For the Baltimore Clipper.

ST. JOSEPH'S VALLEY.

How oft, when the pale moon at even is beaming,
My mind, from the cares of the busy world free,
Will stray as I gaze on the golden stars gleaming,
Loved home of my childhood, St. Joseph's, to thee!

There, resting in beauty, thou silently sleepest,
Thou greenest of valleys, in blissful repose;
No sound breaks the air, save the streamlet that keepest
Its musical course, singing blythe as it flows.

Long years have fled by since I gazed on thy bowers,
Sweet scene of my life's earliest, happiest time,
Yet my heart thrills with joy to recall the blest hours,
Which so merrily flew in the days of 'Lang Syne.'

Fond mem'ry steals back to hang o'er thy fountain,
I see the white convent just hid by the trees,
And hear, as I roam my old haunts on the mountain,
The tone of the bell floating out on the breeze.

How many bright eyes are now closing in slumber,
Within those high walls I am longing to see,
And prayers from dear watchers are rising in number,
Ah! is there one whisper breathed forth there for me?

I have roved thro' the world in a vain search of pleasure,
Have joined in the dance and the light song of glee,
But, wearied, I've longed as I trod the gay measure,
For one chase o'er the meadow to catch the wild bee.

Farewell peaceful valley! we've parted forever,
The rosy-hued past never more can return;
Yet the blissful remembrance shall leave me, oh! never,
But linger in radiance around my heart's urn.

Still my last wish to thee, dearest spot, will be turning,
As life ebbs away, to gaze on thy blue sky;
In thy home of the dead, with the white cross adorning,
I ask for a grave, there to sleep when I die.

Baltimore, Jan. 19, 1841. EMILY.

AN INDIAN BACCHANALIAN PARTY.

The Otoo Indians having procured some kegs of whiskey, resolved to have a grand carousal, and aware of the fury to which their passions would be stimulated by intoxication, removed all weapons beyond their reach. When the whiskey began to work, a fearful brawl commenced, and in the frenzy of strife the brother bit off a portion of the chieftain's nose. The Iotan was sobered in a moment: he paused, looked intently in the fire, without uttering a word; then drawing his blanket over his head, walked out of the building and hid himself in his own lodge. On the following morning he sought his brother, and told him he had disfigured him for life; "to-night," said he, "I will go to my lodge and sleep; if I can forgive you when the sun rises you are safe, if not you die." He kept his word; he slept upon his purpose, but sleep brought no mercy. He sent word to his brother that he had resolved upon his death, that there was no further hope for him; at the same time he besought him to make no resistance but to meet his fate as a warrior should. His brother received the message and fled from the village. An Indian is untiring in his pursuit of revenge, and though many years elapse, yet he will obtain it in the end. From the time that it became the fixed purpose of the Iotan to slay his brother, his assiduity never slept; he hunted him for months. He pursued his trail over the prairies: he followed his track from one thicket to another, he traced him through the friendly villages, but without success, for although he was untiring, his brother was watchful, and kept out of the way. The old warrior changed his plan of action. He laid in wait for him in the forest, crouching like a tiger, in the paths which he might frequent in hunting, but he was for a long time unsuccessful. At length, one day when seated on a dead tree, he heard the crackling noise of a twig breaking beneath a cautious foot-step.—He instantly crouched behind the log, and watched the opposite thicket. Presently an Indian emerged from it, and gazed earnestly around. The Iotan recognized his brother instantly. His careworn face and emaciated form evinced the anxiety and privations that he had suffered. But this was nothing to the Iotan; as yet his revenge was unsated, and the miserable appearance of his brother touched no chord of his heart. He waited until he was within a few feet of him, then sprang from his lurking place and met him face to face.—His brother was unarmed; but met his fiery look with calmness, and without flinching.—"Ha, ha! brother," cried the Iotan, cocking his rifle, "I have followed you long in vain—now I have you—you must die." The other made no reply, but throwing off his blanket, stepped before him, and presented his breast. The Iotan raised his rifle and shot him through the heart.

ABSENCE OF MIND. Absence of mind, we think, if pardonable in any, is pardonable only in men of genius, and for ordinary men to affect it, is more than ridiculous. We heard an anecdote of absence of mind the other evening, which is so good that we will give it.

A highly distinguished clergymen and a powerful preacher, *a determined snuff taker*, and great pedestrian, was remarkable for absence of mind. One Sabbath morning, he had eight miles to walk before commencing the services of the day, and he started on his journey with a mind wrapped up in lofty and spiritual contemplations. In these abstractions, as usual, he frequently, and perhaps unconsciously, regaled his olfactory nerves with copious supplies from his large snuff box, and after he had travelled seven miles, and was approaching, almost in view of the church in which he was to officiate, the wind began to blow full in his face, and when taking another pinch from his favorite box, in order that the wind might not blow the snuff in his eyes, he turned his back upon the wind, depositing, in high enjoyment, the titillery matter into its elevated situation. But it was a serious revolution to him; for, alas! he forgot he had turned round, but proceeded onwards, over the same ground, never discovering his mistake till he came within a few rods of his own house, the place from which he had a few hours before started, in order to preach. It was too late for the worthy clergymen to think of retracing his steps, and walking the course again, and the congregation was allowed to remain, wondering what had happened to their *absent* minister.—*St. Louis Bulletin.*

NATIONAL VANITY. Among the anecdotes in point—and in illustration of the different phases of vanity—Morton McMichael, Esq. in his late lecture, related one of M. Le Sac, a famous French dancing-master in Queen Anne's reign, who when he heard that the justly distinguished statesman and lover of literature—Mr. Harley, had been raised to an Earldom, exclaimed—"Well, I wonder what the Queen could see in him. I taught him to dance for two years, and never knew a more stupid fellow." Akin to this species of vanity, was that of a chimney-sweep in London, who when looking at Garrick with a sooty friend, said "Don't point at him, Bill. You don't know what you may come to yourself." Thus one Queen had been praised for her golden tresses, who had not a hair on her head;—and while a venal poet was offering incense to the majestic mien and lofty statue of another, a friend said to him—"be careful, lest by your flattery, you tempt her to rise and show how short she is." Lucan, in his Pharsalia, implored Nero, when he ascended to heaven, to be careful on which side he sat, and not by sitting too much on one side, to overbalance the Universe. All had heard of a dedication to "thunder and the First Consul"—and praises had been given to Louis XIV.—to "him and the Deity"—the flatterer evidently and impiously giving the monarch the preference. Such was personal vanity and some of its effects. How much nobler was the conduct of Alexander, who when Aristobulus, the Greek historian who accompined the Macedonian conqueror in his expeditions—recited this monarch's victories over Porus to himself,—Alexander upbraided him for thus endeavoring to excite his vanity, snatched the book, and threw it into the river.

LONGEVITY. One evening, the other week, a small party sat down to an entertainment in Mr. Mollison's Hotel, there being two persons in the company whose united ages amounted to one hundred and ninety years. One of them was an intelligent and healthy old gentleman of eighty-five, who was obliged to confess himself a mere youth in comparison with the other veteran, Alexander Duncan, who was born in the year 1736, and is now in his hundred and fifth year, in the possession of good health, and only somewhat troubled with deafness. Duncan served in the army, but has been a dear bargain to the Crown, having persisted in drawing a pension for the last sixty years—for which, on this occasion, he very cordially drank Queen Victoria's health, "and a happy time to her." He had, he said, been an early riser in the mornings, and had been a temperate man, though he never, as he added, 'gaed the length o' the tee-totallers." In the course of the evening a number of old stories were raked up, and the greatest sociality prevailed.—On the breaking up of the party, at a respectably late hour, Duncan, with the aid of his staff, took the lead in going out; one of the gentlemen present remarking, that he had seen many young men coming down the stairs of a hotel, after a party, far less steadily than the old soldier.—*Aberdeen Jour.*

FINALE TO A COURTSHIP. "Flora, ah! dearest Flora—I am come—ah! Flora I come to—oh! you can decide my fate—I am come, my Flora—ah!"

"I see you, Malcolm, perfectly. You are come; you tell me interesting intelligence certainly. Well what next?"

"Oh Flora! I am come to—to—"

"To offer me your heart and hand, I suppose?"

"Yes!"

"Well do it like a man then, and not like a monkey."

"Plague take your self-possession," exclaimed I, suddenly starting up from my knee, upon which I had fallen in an attitude that might have won the approval of Madam de Maillare Fraise, "you make me ashamed of myself."

"Proceed, sir," said Flora.

"You like brevity, it would seem."

"Yes," replied Flora.

"Then—will you marry me?"

"Yes."

"Will you give me a kiss?"

"You may take one."

I took the proffered kiss.

"Now this is going to work rationally," said Flora; "when a thing is to be said, why may it not be said in two seconds instead of stuttering and stammering two hours about it? Oh! how cordially do I hate all naiseries!" exclaimed the merry maiden, clasping my hand energetically.

"Well then," said I, "humbug apart, what day shall we fix on for our marriage?"

MARYLAND LEGISLATURE.

ANNAPOLIS, Jan. 20th, 1841.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES. Mr. Legrand presented the petition of Rachel Knight, praying for a divorce.

Mr. Legrand submitted the following preamble and order: "Whereas, it appears from the communication of the President of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, made to the Governor on the 10th of February, 1840, that the Canal Company was indebted to the Bank of the United States the sum of $200,000; to the Bank of North America $200,000; to A. Brown & Sons $100,000; to the Merchants' Bank of Baltimore $150,000; to the Mechanics' Bank of Baltimore $100,000; to the Bank of Washington $115,000; to the Western Bank of Baltimore $85,000; to the Bank of Potomac $90,000; to the Commercial Bank of Baltimore $40,000; to the Girard Bank of Philadelphia $20,000. And whereas, it also appears from said communication, that a portion of the six per cent. bonds of the State, issued under the law passed in 1836, were hypothecated, the holders having power in nearly every case to sell them privately or publicly; and whereas, it also appears from the published correspondence between the President of the Canal Company and the various banks of Maryland, with which the bonds were so hypothecated, that they refused to give time to the said Canal Company, and peremptorily insisted upon the payment of the several amounts due to them;—Therefore be it

Ordered, that the Bank of Baltimore, Mechanics' Bank of Baltimore, the Western Bank of Baltimore, the Merchants' Bank of Baltimore, the Commercial and Farmer's Bank of Baltimore, be severally directed to state to this House, as speedily as possible, what induced the refusal on their part to allow additional time to the Canal Co.—and whether they have effected a sale of the five per cent. sterling bonds given to each of them in payment of the debts due to them respectively, and if so to whom, at what time, and for what price.

Mr. Gaither moved to refer the preamble and resolution to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

The question was put on Mr. Gaither's motion to refer to committee on Internal Improvement, and it was agreed to.

The House proceeded to the order of the day, being the bill reported by Mr. Gautt to authorise the Banks of the State of Maryland to receive and pay out the orders drawn by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company on the Stock of the city of Baltimore.

Sundry amendments offered by Mr. Gantt were adopted, but the following is the only one of much consequence:—

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President and Directors of the said Company shall at no time issue any amount of such orders beyond the amount of City Stock actually paid to them by the City and deposited in the hands of the Commissioners of the City in trust for the holders of the orders, nor shall such Commissioners at any time accept orders beyond the amount of Stock actually deposited in their hands in trust as aforesaid, and that for a violation of these provisions the said President and Directors, and the said Commissioners respectively, shall be individually responsible to the full extent of their private fortunes.

There are two other amendments now pending, submitted by Mr. Nesbitt, as the 3rd and 4th sections to the bill,—the first authorises the Banks of this State out of the city of Baltimore to issue for the period of —— years, ten per centum on their respective capitals actually paid in, in notes under the denomination of $5, and not less than one dollar; and requires them to report annually to the Legislature &c.—the second amendment relates to the penalty in case of a violation of the act. The House adjourned without acting on the amendments.

For the Baltimore Clipper.

GULLIBILITY.

We Baltimoreans are certainly a very credulous people; we disregard all the teachings of experience, and no sooner recover from the bursting of one bubble, than we are seen busily engaged in inflating another. This *gullibility* is by no means confined to any particular class of persons, but is found pervading every ramification of society. Our pride scarcely recovers from one mortification than a deeper and more pugnant wound succeeds the cure. We turn a deaf ear to the remonstrances of those who would warn us of our danger, and rush madly into the vortex, where unable to extricate ourselves, we feel the mortification of our want of consideration, and endure the jeers and derision of the lucky or more prudent multitude, until time shall have rolled into forgetfulness the cause of our imprudence.—One shinplaster factory is scarcely exploded, and the wailings of the distressed sufferers scarcely die away, when we are seen eagerly indulging in the same courses, and unconsciously placing ourselves in a situation to experience the same mortifying results from another. Let the people of Baltimore take warning by the past; let them exchange some part of their credulity for more caution and proper consideration, or they *may* find to their cost, when it is too late, that they have had their *eyes shut* and their *ears closed.*—Let the fashionable portion of them ponder and inform *themselves* before they admit to their firesides and invite to their parties, men whom they know nothing about, and whose only recommendations are a *foreign air*, a *seeming* display of wealth and standing, and a good share of impudence, with power to turn it to the best advantage. Such fellows are flattered, fawned upon and encouraged, while young men of character, respectability and worth, are *sneered* at as unworthy of notice, and are really forced to ape the dress and imitate the manners of the foreign "exquisite" in order to hold their places in the fashionable world. This *has* been and still is the case to some considerable extent, and many of the present generation of fashionable young men are so effeminate and so foppish that they are really objects of pity rather than of derision.—This is a state of things to be lamented and reformed. The frequency of deceptions among the American people, by the effrontery of impostors who take advantage of their weakness, should put them on their guard against a repetition of such disgraceful *exposes* as have taken place from time to time throughout the country, of which the "monumental city" has always had a large proportion. This hankering after royalty is a disgrace to the character of our country, and though but a small portion of the inhabitants may plead guilty to the charge, yet the national character is degraded, and the folly and incredulity of the elite is often displayed in the most mortifying and ludicrous manner. B. W.

PIRACY. The Earl Durham at Halifax, N. S. from Demara, reports brig Royal Albert, Collins, from Port Medway, discharging—arrived about 23d Nov.—had been boarded by a Spanish privateer schooner, about 6 days after leaving Halifax, who took all the money and part of their clothes.

The Baltimore Clipper, we believe, has 'joined meeting,' for latterly it looks as demure as an owl, and as spiritless as the beverage of total abstinents.—*Germantown Tel.*

It's catching, friend. We have grown serious with the times—the sober countenance of our worthy senior has made us all lemon-suckers, and, verily—yea, verily we have abandoned all frivolity, for, all flesh is grass and Time moweth us down with a scythe as long as a piece of twine, and as sharp as thy wit.

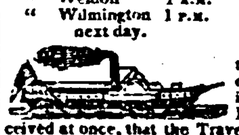
FOR SALE, RIGHTS OR RECIPES to manufacture and sell an article which is in daily use of every family, and which, with a capital of one to two hundred dollars, will yield 3 to 6 dollars per day. Any person wishing to engage in a profitable business of the kind can, by calling at the Eagle Hotel, Pratt street, see samples of the article, and receive further information; or apply at the City Intelligence and Agency Office, corner of Baltimore and Frederick streets.
ja20 [a]

SERVANTS. Persons in want of Servants of any kind will be promptly supplied by applying at the Intelligence Office, corner of Baltimore and Frederick streets. [a] d30

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
GREAT SOUTHERN
UNITED STATES' MAIL LINE,
DAILY TO THE SOUTH.
The ONLY LINE carrying the GREAT MAIL, and the only DAILY LINE

TRAVELLERS FOR THE SOUTH, are informed that, by taking the Cars at Baltimore for Washington at 4 P. M., they proceed, via Washington, Fredericksburg, Richmond, Petersburg, Weldon, and Wilmington, N. C. to CHARLESTON, S. C., reaching Charleston the *second morning* after leaving Baltimore, and one day in advance of the Bay Line—the Companies on the route being bound by the Postmaster General to make the following quick Schedule:

Leave Philadelphia	8 A.M.	reach	Baltimore	2 P.M.
" Baltimore	4 P.M.	"	Washington	6 P.M.
" Washington	5 A.M.	"	Fredk'sburg	12 M.
" Fred'ksburg	12 M.	"	Richmond	5 P.M.
" Richmond	5 P.M.	"	Petersburg	7 P.M.
" Petersburg	7 P.M.	"	Weldon	1 A.M.
" Weldon	1 A.M.	"	Wilmington	1 P.M.
" Wilmington	1 P.M.	"	Charleston at 5 the next day.	



As this Line carries the Great Mail, (which cannot be delayed,) and is almost entirely a Rail-Road Line, it will be perceived at once, that the Traveller, unless in some extraordinary contingency, is *sure of a connection throughout*, whilst it is evident that Fogs! Rough Weather!! and Storms!!! must often occasion delay in a Route, more than two-thirds of which is by the Bay—the traveller being also subjected to Sea-sickness, and incurring unnecessary risk, from Boats being urged to the top of their speed, to compete with the more DIRECT ISLAND ROUTE.

☞ The above line will be found not only the most certain and expeditious, but the most attractive, as it passes through the Seat of Government, and in sight of Mount Vernon by daylight, and through Fredericksburg, Richmond, and Petersburg, the largest and most flourishing towns in Virginia. It is also cheaper to Richmond, and as cheap as the Bay route to Weldon: and travellers have no expense or trouble with their Baggage.

☞ This is much the nearest, quickest, and cheapest route to the interior of Virginia, North and South Carolina—at Petersburg, Va. commences the route by way of Raleigh, N. C.—145 miles of Rail Road from Petersburg to that city. Stage Lines branch off from Raleigh Rail Road to the old Piedmont Line, to Milton, Danville, &c., and to Knoxville, (Tenn.)

☞ *This is the only Daily Line to Richmond and Petersburg.*

☞ Passengers for the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road pay through to Petersburg, Va. For further information and Through Tickets, apply at the office of
STOCKTON, FALLS & CO.
Adjoining the Philadelphia Rail Road Office,
d12-tf PRATT STREET, Baltimore.

VALUABLE MILL PROPERTY
AT TRUSTEE'S SALE.

IN pursuance of a decree of the High Court of Chancery of Maryland, the subscriber will offer at public sale, on TUESDAY, the 16th day of February next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court House door in Elkton, all that very valuable Property lying on Little Elk River, in Cecil county, Md. known as "The Rockville Paper Mills," with the tract of land on which the same are situated, containing about 83 acres and twelve perches of land. This property is situated but six miles from navigable water, and is in the midst of a well populated and abundant country. The improvements consist of a large STONE PAPER MILL, 80 by 40 feet, three stories high, and having all the requisite machinery for making the various kinds of paper; a Grist Mill, running two pair of hurs; a Saw Mill, a Bark Mill, and a large stone Barn, with Stabling, Shedding, &c. Besides these, there is also a Manager's House, and five Cottages, sufficiently spacious for the accommodation of the hands employed in the several establishments. The water power is valuable—and is, in general, adequate to all the purposes of the Mills. The land is considered first rate farming land, being easily susceptible of profitable and permanent improvement, and is peculiarly adapted to the use of lime, plaster, &c. It is well enclosed and is divided into convenient fields, and is well watered with abundant springs of best water; about one half of it is in wood, and the rest in arable and meadow land. The title is indisputable, and a plat of the land may be seen upon application to the Trustee. The terms of sale, as prescribed by the decree, are that one-fourth of the purchase money shall be paid in cash on the ratification of the sale by the Chancery Court: one-fourth in six months; one-fourth in twelve months, and one-fourth in eighteen months, with interest from the day of sale, the credit payments to be secured by endorsed notes approved by the trustee, and upon the payment of the whole purchase money, a title will be made.
ja23-eots GEO. W. DORBIN, Trustee.

WANTED TO EMPLOY, by the month or year, 4 or 5 Negro men (slaves) to work on a Farm near the city. They will be well treated and the owners receive the highest wages, which will be punctually paid them in the city. Apply at the City Intelligence and Agency Office, Baltimore-st. corner of Frederick street.

Also, wanted to employ, a Colored man as Waiter in a Private Family. Apply as above. [a] ja5

TO MAGISTRATES. The undersigned keep constantly on hand, a full assortment of all the various BLANKS used by Magistrates, printed on fine paper, which will be sold on the lowest terms.
Apply to BULL & TUTTLE,
ja13 d No. 7 N. Gay street.

HANCE'S COMPOUND MEDICATED HORE-HOUND CANDY—This is a safe and pleasant remedy for Coughs and hoarseness, and is particularly applicable to children, as it is as pleasant as a common candy. For sale by SETH S. HANCE,
d12-y Corner Charles and Pratt streets.

CRANBERRIES & SPICES.

16 Bbls. of the most superior CRANBERRIES ever offered in this market, and a full assortment of choice Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Teas, and Spices—For sale by
d19 MARCUS DENISON, 31 Baltimore-st.

BOARDING may be obtained by two or three gentlemen of good young men, or a gentleman and his lady, in a respectable private boarding house, near the Exchange—terms moderate. Apply at the Intelligence Office, N. W. corner of Baltimore and Frederick-sts.
d30 [a]

CASSIA AND CHAMPAGNE.

10 CASES FRESH CASSIA
10 baskets Genuine Anchor CHAMPAGNE
Landing from Celeste, for sale by
MARCUS DENISON,
de 24 No. 31 Baltimore street.

WANTED TO RENT—A DWELLING HOUSE situated within half a mile of the Post Office—rent not to exceed $7 per month. Apply at the Intelligence Office, corner of Baltimore and Frederick sts. A d25

20 Bbls. Fifth Proof Monongahela WHISKEY
60 boxes Sperm, Mould and Dipt CANDLES
100 boxes Choice CHEESE
20 baskets Bordeaux OIL, received and for sale by
d2 MARCUS DENISON, 31 Baltimore-st.

$10,000 REWARD—*Cure Warranted*, for any recent case of the secret disease, by Dr. HITZELBERGER, the only Regular Physician in the city of Baltimore, who attends exclusively to the treatment of Secret Diseases, and whose skill and great experience, thousands in this city have enjoyed the benefit of, for the unprecedented low charge of $3!!! Price of the Medicine, by the single bottle or box, $1 and $2 per bottle, $1 per box!!!

Dr. HUSSELBAUGH'S CELEBRATED MEDICINES, for the cure of secret diseases. Dr. Husselbaugh, of Europe, the illustrious discoverer of Husselbaugh's Medicines, challenges a single case of recent secret disease to be brought, in which his medicine will not effect a rapid cure, under a forfeiture of 10,000.—These medicines are based on scientific principles, and are different according to the particular disease of the patient. Dr. Hitzelberger, who is a graduate of one of the first schools in the United States, has these celebrated medicines for sale, and he would ask, why, oh! why will ye purchase the detestable quack nostrums with which this city abounds, when you can obtain the medical advice of a regular physician, and be treated with these celebrated remedies, for the unprecedented low charge of $3. Positive cure in every case guaranteed or the money returned.

These invaluable Medicines can be purchased at the HUSSELBAUGHIAN INFIRMARY, No. 8 Pratt-st., five doors east of the Bridge. se3-y1m*

100 DOLLARS REWARD.

DR. STORM'S SPECIFIC COMPOUND, For the cure of Gonorrhea, Gleets, Strictures, Diabets or difficulty in making water, and all other unnatural discharges from the uretha of either sex.

In no case has this medicine been known to fail, to effect a permanent cure, and too, in the shortest possible time. Should this medicine fail to effect a cure where it has been taken according to directions, return the empty vial and get back the money. Why then spend both time and money with such quack nostrums as cannot be depended upon; when, for $1, you can purchase a pleasant, sure, and speedy cure, composed solely of vegetable substance? One hundred dollars will be paid to any one who will produce a medicine to equal this compound, or who will prove that it contains any mineral substance whatever.

N. B. This Medicine can be had of JAMES P. WILLIAMSON, corner of High and Green street, (O. T.) of T. J. PITT, Market Space, Fell's Point, and by J. W. W. CORDON, cor. of Pratt & Howard-sts. Also, of L. S. THOMAS, corner of Briton and Forest streets—with full directions accompanying each bottle at $1 per bottle.

☞ For sale in Washington city by ROBERT PATTERSON, cor. 9th street and the avenue, and CHAS. C. STOTT, corner of 7th street and the avenue. And in Washington, by JOHN L. KIDWELL.
dec5-y

LADIES' COMPANION, April No. for January, 1841, received by
WM. N. HARRISON,
At J. MOORE'S, No. 74 Market street—and at No. 28 N. Gay-street, near Fayette-st.
☞ Terms $3 per year, or 25 cents monthly.
Opinion of the New York Press:
We have been favored with a copy of a steel engraving of the Light House near Caldwell's Landing, intended to illustrate the January number of the Ladies' Companion, published by Mr. Snowden, 190 Fulton-st. It is indeed a fine specimen of the art, and reflects no ordinary credit upon the enterprize of the conductor of that Magazine. The number will contain articles from the following writers:
Mrs. Lydia H. Sigourney, Mrs. E. F. Ellet, Mrs. Anhan, Mrs. Ann S. Stephens, Mrs. Frances L. Oswood, Mrs. E. R. Steele, Mrs. Caroline Orne; Professors Longfellow & Ingraham; Mr. H. Herbert. Francis W. Thomas, Greenville Mellen; Rev. J. H. Clinch; Mr. Rufus Dawes, Wm. Gilmore Sims, Epes Sargent, Park Benjamin, George P. Morris, Robert Hamilton, C. F. Daniels, B. T. Tuckerman, Henry B. Hunt. (of Philadelphia,) Wm. G. Howard, (of Ohio): Mrs. E. C. Embury; Mrs. Hofland, (of London,) and many others. Also, an original piece of Music, composed by J. G. Meder, expressly for the occasion ja5

LIME! LIME!! LIME!!!

THE subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have on hand, and intend keeping a constant supply of superior Alum and Bottom LIME, (burned in a conical kiln, so highly recommended by our State Geologist, Professor DECATUR,) and that they are prepared to sell the same at the kiln at 33 1-3 cents for cash, for first quality. As our object is to furnish a first rate article at the lowest possible price, we respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.

We have also on hand, about 5,000 bushels Oyster Shell and Air Slacked ALUM LIME, which we will sell on favorable terms, for farming purposes.
HUGH DOWLING & SON,
Corner of Britain and Madison-sts., Balt.
☞ Orders sent from any part of the United States, for Lime, for building or agricultural purposes, immediately attended to. je15

LIME! LIME!! LIME!!!

AN AGENCY for the sale of LIME is established at No. 22 CHEAPSIDE. Orders will be filled from the Glen Ellen and Coal-Spring (York Road) Kilns, from which, within the last three years, 100,000 bushels have been delivered into the Baltimore market, giving the greatest satisfaction to the consumer.

Additional kilns having been lately erected, where a great quantity of wood, cut and unent, is at command near to inexhaustible quarries of the purest Alum Limestone, the public may expect to have their orders for any quantity punctually filled. Nothing will be put into the wagons but what is intended to meet the inspector's eye, and as it is not intended to keep at the store-house more than enough to supply the occasional demand for small quantities, such as is supplied shall be sent from freshly burnt kilns.

☞ Orders, for bottom and barrel lime, filed at the shortest notice.
je18-d HENRY N. WILLIS, Agent.

CASH FOR NEGROES. The highest cash prices will at all times be given for Negroes of both sexes, that are slaves for life, and good titles. My office is in Pratt street, between Sharp and Howard streets, and opposite to the Repository—where I or my agent can be seen at all times. All persons, having Negroes to sell, would do well to see me before they dispose of them, as I am always buying and forwarding to the New Orleans market. I will also receive and keep Negroes at twenty-five cents each, per day, and forward them to any Southern port, at the request of the owner. My establishment is large, comfortable and airy, and all above ground: and kept in complete order, with a large yard for exercise; and is the strongest and most splendid building of the kind in the United States. And as the character of my house and yard is so completely established, for strength, comfort and cleanliness, and it being a place where I keep all my own, I will not be accountable, for the future, for any escapes of any kind from my establishment.
mh3-dtf HOPE H. SLATTER.

CASH FOR NEGROES.

THE Subscriber is authorized to purchase, for gentlemen of the South, a number of Negroes of both sexes.

The highest cash prices will be given for slaves for life and good titles.

He can always be found at the United States Hotel, opposite the Depot, Pratt street.
a3-dtf G. W. PEARCE.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, at the City Intelligence Office, Baltimore-street, 20 good white and colored COOKS, to fill desirable places in different parts of the city. Also, 2 SEAMSTRESSES and 2 NURSES. d25