PUBLISHED DAILY,
BY
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No. 7 North Gay street.

TERMS OF THE PAPER—To Subscribers, SIX CENTS per week, payable to the Carriers, to whom alone they are responsible, at the end of each week.

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TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

1 square 1 time,	$0 50	1 square 1 month,	$4 00
1 do. 2 times,	75	1 do. 2 months,	7 00
1 do. 3 do.	1 00	1 do. 3 do.	10 00
1 do. 1 week,	1 75	1 do. 6 do.	16 00
1 do. 2 weeks,	2 75	1 do. 1 year,	30 00

☞ Twelve lines or less make a square. If an advertisement exceeds twelve lines the price will be in proportion. All advertisements are payable at the time of their insertion. Business Cards, of only two lines, will be inserted for five dollars a year, in advance.

VOL. III. NO. 105.] FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 15, 1841. [PRICE ONE CENT.

OLD FRIENDS TOGETHER.

BY CHARLES SWAIN, ESQ.

Oh, time is sweet, when roses meet,
With Spring's sweet breath around them;
And sweet the cost, when hearts are lost;
If those we love have found them.

And sweet the mind, that still can find
A star in darkest weather;
But nought can be so sweet to see,
As old friends met together!

Those good old days, when youth was bold,
And time stole wings to speed it,
And youth ne'er knew how fast Time flew,
Or knowing, did not heed it!

Though gay each brow that meets us now,
For age brings wintry weather,
Yet nought can be so sweet to see,
As those old friends together!

The few long known, whom years have shown,
With hearts that friendship blesses;
A hand to cheer, perchance, a tear,
To soothe a friend's distresses.

Who help and tried, still side by side,
A friend to face hard weather;
Oh, thus may we yet joy to see
And meet old friends together.

TWELVE MONTHS' CLOCK. Mr. *Aaron D. Crane*, of Newark, N. J. has constructed a clock which, it is said, will keep accurate time for twelve months. Accident disclosed to him a new and simple plan by which to measure the progress of time; and, as his invention will probably afford a substitute for the ordinary clocks in use, we give the following notice from the Newark Advertiser of the discovery and of the construction of his time piece:

"He had for some purpose or other suspended a weight by a slender spring and given it an impulse, which communicated a rotary motion.—After a certain time the motion was reversed by the reaction of the spring. We have seen the same thing probably an hundred times. Many an apple fell before Newton's time, and many a tea-kettle lid was raised before Fulton made his steamboat. But it was reserved for a mechanic of our city to apply so simple a movement to the art of time-keeping. It was the thought of an instant. And I well remember the expression of countenance, when he came to me immediately after he had communicated his discovery. It certainly gave the feeling if not in the language of Archimedes, when he rushed forth from his bath with the solution of the problem respecting Hiero's crown.

The principle once discovered, there was still great difficulty in its application, and it has not been until after months (nearly a year, indeed,) of patient study and toilsome labor, that he has at length brought his plan to perfection, and produced a clock—the fellow of which the world has never seen. In the train which belongs to the time-keeping part there are but four wheels—two additional being required for striking. The whole is moved by one power, hardly equal to that of an eight-day clock, and when once wound up will go with the sun *throughout his annual course*. In bulk, it is about equal to the common French mantel clock, and can be made to suit any taste or fancy. But its most remarkable property and greater excellency, is the extreme accuracy with which it is calculated to keep time. A great variety of experiments have enabled him to apply a spring which is perfectly isochronal, and, of course, when properly regulated, the movement must be entirely faultless. Having now secured a patent, as well in Europe as in this country, the clock will doubtless soon be before the public, when they can judge for themselves."

The following extraordinary incident from the New Orleans Picayune, whether true or not, is certainly ingeniously told.

Extraordinary Recognition. A most singular and extraordinary incident took place in this city last week. Two brothers have been living for twenty years within a hundred yards of each other in a neighboring street, and the consanguinity was never known until a most trivial accident a few days ago developed the story. The particulars are of too remarkable a nature to escape publicity, although the names we must withhold. The brothers were born in Paris, and were orphans at so early an age as to have no recollection of their parents. While yet children, an accidental explosion of gunpowder, with which they were playing, marked an indellible scar upon the cheek of one, and rendered useless for life a finger of the other. They were separated while still infants and taken care of by strangers, one afterwards following the sea as a cabin-boy for many years, the other remaining an apprentice in Paris. The cabin-boy when fifteen years old found himself in this city, and obtaining employment more to his fancy than roving the waves, he abandoned salt water and applied himself to another pursuit. Even at this time this brother was residing in the neighborhood, and they became acquainted and have conversed with each other daily almost from then till now. Both were industrious and have gradually improved their condition in life, until now they are surrounded by the comfortable rewards of thrift.—Each remembered the accident which occurred during childhood, and knew that he had then a brother, but this was all.

The other evening one of these brothers collected a circle of friends to witness the christening of his first grandchild, and his old familiar neighbor round the corner was among the guests. Accident brought the mutilated finger into notice, and the history of it was of course told, when the delight and surprise of the whole party may be imagined at the old neighbor abruptly giving the history of the scar on his cheek and claiming his long lost brother. Each had retained the original family name, but it had been so altered in spelling that neither ever detected the similarity. There was quite a dramatic denouement, when the old friends mutually explained, became convinced of the relationship, and rushed into each other's arms as brothers.

EFFECTS OF MRS. KINNEY'S TRIAL ON A HYPOCHONDRIACAL PRINTER. Yesterday afternoon, a very respectable printer—once the best hand-pressman in the city—was brought as an insane person, but not furiously mad. For some years his health has been entirely broken down. He first caught a violent cold while wetting paper down—a part of the pressman's duty in which he was skilful, and upon which much of the cleanliness and beauty of printing depends. Since then he has been much subject to bleeding at the lungs, and his continual indisposition has completely unhinged his mind. For the last few months he has labored under the hallucination that he had received a call to preach, and was endowed with the power to cast out devils. Acting upon this idea, he has seriously endeavored to collect twelve apostles to assist him in his religious undertakings. He has four children, the youngest of whom he imagines to be a sanctified angel, but the other three he supposes to be possessed of demons. For the last ten days, since the termination of Mrs. Kinney's trial, which attracted much of his attention, he has absented himself from his home under the apprehension that his family intended to poison him.

While on trial, he appeared, as lunatics often do, to be perfectly sane, and he remarked—"I am weak and exhausted—I bleed at the lungs, at the least exertion. I have had the pleurisy, too; but I am not insane, and never have been. I am just as sane as God ever made a man. I want no assistance from any one—I want no more than I can procure with my own hands." This last sentence referred to a statement made by the complainant that his family had been a charge to the city for some time past. He was upon the evidence adjudged a fit subject for the Lunatic Asylum, South Boston. He exhibited no particular feeling, when this judgment was pronounced.

He has always been a strictly temperate man, with a religious cast of mind. Latterly he has read no other book than the Bible. He will be discharged from the Hospital as soon as his mind becomes re-established.—*Boston Post.*

BONAPARTE'S WOUNDS.—Napoleon showed me the marks of two wounds, one a very deep cicatrice above the left knee, which he said he had received in his first campaign of Italy, and it was of so serious a nature, that the surgeons were in doubt whether it might be ultimately necessary to amputate. He observed that when he was wounded, it was kept a secret in order not to discourage his soldiers. The other was on the toe, and had been received at Eckmuhl. "At the seige of Acre," continued he, "a shell thrown by Sidney Smyth fell at my feet. Two soldiers who were close by, seized and closely embraced me, one at the front the other at the side, and made a rampart of their bodies for me against the effects of the shell which exploded and overwhelmed us with sand. We sank into the hole formed by its bursting, and one of them was wounded.—I made them both officers. One has since lost a leg at Moscow and commanded at Vincennes when I left Paris. When summoned by the Russians, he replied, that as soon as they sent him the leg he had lost at Moscow, he would surrender the fortress. Many times in my life, continued he, have I been saved by soldiers and officers throwing themselves before me when I was in the most imminent danger. At Areola, when I was advancing, Col. Meuran, my aid-de-camp, threw himself before me, covered me with his body, and received the wound that was destined for me. He fell at my feet, and the blood spouted up in my face. He gave his life to preserve mine. Never yet, I believe, has there been such devotion shown by soldiers as mine manifested for me. In all my misfortunes, never has the soldier, even when expiring, been wanting to me—never has man been served more faithfully by his troops. With the last drop of blood gushing out of their veins, they exclaimed—'Vive l'Empereur.' "—*Voice from St. Helena.*

ADVICE TO A BRIDE. "Hope not for perfect happiness," said Madam de Maintenan to the princess of Savoy, on the eve of her marriage with the Duke of Burgundy, "there is no such thing on earth, and though there were, it does not consist in the possession of riches. Greatness is exposed to afflictions often more severe than those of a private station. Be neither vexed or ashamed to depend on your husband. Let him be your dearest friend, your only confident. Hope not for constant harmony in the married state. The best husbands and wives are those who bear occasionally from each other, sallies of ill-humor with patient mildness. Be obliging without putting great value on your favors. Men are tyrants, who would be free themselves and have us confined. You need not be at any pains to examine whether their rights be well founded; it is enough if they are established. Pray God to keep you from jealousy. The affections of a husband are never to be gained by complaints, reproaches or sullen behaviour.

TASSO.—This celebrated poet composed, while in prison, a tragedy called "Il Torismondo." In the following pathetic passage in the concluding chorus, he had evidently an eye to his own misfortunes and his glory, which he saw, or thought he saw, vanishing from him—"Like the swift alpine torrent, like the sudden lightening in the dark night, like the passing wind, the melting vapor or the winged arrow—so vanishes our fame, and all our glory is but a fading flower. What, then, can we hope, or what expect more? After triumphs and palms, all that remains for the soul is strife, and lamentation, and regret; neither love nor friendship can avail us aught, but only tears and grief!"

A Dutchman and his wife were travelling—they sat down by the road side exceedingly fatigued. The wife sighed, I wish I was in heaven. The husband replies, I wish I was at the tavern. Oh, you old rogue, says she, you always want to get the best place.

A lady was recently teaching a boy to spell. The boy spelt e-o-l-d, but could not pronounce it. In vain his teacher asked him to think and try. At last she asked, "what do you get when you go out upon the wet side walk on a rainy day, and wet your feet?" "I gets a licking."

☞ There were 169 deaths in New York last week.

GULLING THE GREEN ONES. A corn doctor in Ireland has recently been cutting a great figure in the way of his "profession," and his affairs were going on swimmingly until he was prosecuted for obtaining money under false pretences. A young lady from whose feet he pretended to have extracted six corns and cured *in toe toe*, and to whom he presented the "roots" as evidence, was the plaintiff in the case. Finding her corns no better she had the roots given her by the quack inspected by a medical gentleman, who pronounced them an ingenious preparation of *crow quills!* This is a new species of humbug.

THE POPULATION OF VIRGINIA, it is ascertained is 1,231,444—of which there are—

Whites	735,813
Free Colored	48,425
Slaves	447,207
	1,231,444
Population in 1830	1,211,406
Increase	20,038

The white population in 1830 was 694,439. The increase of whites is therefore 41,373. The increase of free blacks has been 1,322, and the decrease of slaves 22,517. The excess of whites over slaves in 1830 was 224,715—in 1840 it was 288,606.

THE BRIG TIGRIS. Captain Frye and Mr. Burnham, the mate of the brig Tigris, whose examination at Boston has been going on for several days past, have been put under bonds of $3000 and $2000, to answer the charge of seizing a native of Africa, on the coast, with intent of making him a slave, Judge Davis deeming the charge sufficiently established to warrant a trial by the Circuit Court which sits in May next. The crew were released.

THE FRESHET. No further intelligence of particular interest has reached us in relation to the recent flood. At Albany the greatest damage has been sustained. The latest news stated that the water was four feet deep in some parts of the city. The suffering among the poor is described as being most distressing, and the loss of property very great.

GOVERNOR OF MAINE. The Legislature are examining the returns; the contest is very close between the two Governors. Kent, it is understood, leads Fairfield a few votes, but there being about 100 scattering votes no choice may have been made.

ROBBERRY. The Albany Evening Journal states that Mr. Arnold, a merchant of Westfield, Chautauque county, had upwards of $11,000 stolen from his valise, when on his way to Albany. The valise was found cut open and rifled near the Rail Road depot at Syracuse.

FUGITIVE SLAVES. An Upper Canada paper states that within the last four years more than twelve thousand runaway slaves have made their escape into Canada from the United States.

FEMALE LABORERS. There are 8000 girls at work in printing offices, book binderies, fur stores &c. in Nassau street, N. York. Average wages $2 per week.

The Camden and Amboy Rail Road Company now run a steamboat between Bordentown and Philadelphia, as the road has been rendered impassable by the freshet.

Fanny Essler gave a grand supper to Marks, the leader of the Charleston Orchestra, in compliment to his musical talents, the other evening. What *marked* attention!

☞ The river at Cincinnati is said to be in fine navigable order.

One of the best adapted ROOMS for PUBLIC MEETINGS in this City.

UNION HALL, S. E. corner of Tripolett's alley and Market street, elegantly fitted up with Gas, neat Benches with Backs, Desks, Speaker's or Chairman's Raised Platform, now occupied at stated periods by some of the most respectable societies of this city, and what renders it very pleasant, it is free from the pernicious influence of Bars, and the desecration of a tavern resort. It is got up on the Temperance principle. The third story is fitted up in the manner above named, having no connection with the other Rooms, either of which will contain 300 persons very comfortably. For religious or other Societies, it can be had either day or night. Merchants and Tradesmen, having meetings of any kind, are invited to call.

☞ The Garret Room is also prepared, and would answer for a Book Bindery, Engraver, Shoemaker, Tailor, &c.—it is well lighted. Inquire of the Proprietor of the Store underneath, or at No. 60 Baltimore street, opposite. ja12-eo3t

FANCY AND WORSTED STORE.

THE subscriber has on hand, and offers for sale a large and general assortment of Fine Worsted Patterns, Zephyr Worsted, Thick & Working Chenille, Saddler's Floss, Sewing and Twist Silk for Purses, Silk, Cotton and Worsted Canvas, Perforated, Board and Hair Cloth for Worsted Work, Ladies' Knitted Worsted Caps, Baby's Bonnetts, Boy's Gaiters and Scarfs, Silk and Worsted Fringe, Black Silk Lace, Silk Velvet for Head Bands, Belts and Cuffs, Ladies' and Children's Worsted Mittens, Knit Muffs, Knitting Yarn, Linen and Cotton Tape and Cord, &c.

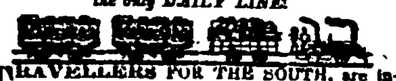
ALSO—A general assortment of Work and Fancy Baskets and Boxes; Ivory, Shell, and Horn Combs; Jewelry; Needles and Pins; Toys, &c. &c.

G. H. MITTNACHT,
No. 58 Lezington-st., 5th door above Howard-st.
o23-eo3m [as]

FLANNELS! FLANNELS!

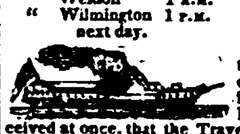
AT THE NEW STORE, No. 39, Corner of BALTIMORE and GAY STREETS,
Rogers' Patent Flannels, warranted not to shrink
Welsh do do do do
Superior heavy Milled Flannels
White, Red and Yellow do. a general assortment.
With a variety of Goods, suitable for the fall and winter season, cheap for cash.
oc2 EDW. J. RICHARDSON.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
GREAT SOUTHERN
UNITED STATES' MAIL LINE,
DAILY TO THE SOUTH.
The ONLY LINE carrying the GREAT MAIL, and the only DAILY LINE



TRAVELLERS FOR THE SOUTH, are informed that, by taking the Cars at Baltimore for Washington at 4 P. M., they proceed, via Washington, Fredericksburg, Richmond, Petersburg, Weldon, and Wilmington, N. C. to CHARLESTON, S. C., reaching Charleston the *second morning* after leaving Baltimore, and one day in advance of the Bay Line—the Companies on the route being bound by the Postmaster General to make the following quick Schedule:

Leave Philadelphia	8 A.M.	reach Baltimore	2 P.M.
" Baltimore	4 P.M.	" Washington	6 P.M.
" Washington	5 A.M.	" Fredk'sburg	12 M.
" Fred'ksburg	12 M.	" Richmond	5 P.M.
" Richmond	5 P.M.	" Petersburg	7 P.M.
" Petersburg	7 P.M.	" Weldon	1 A.M.
" Weldon	1 A.M.	" Wilmington	1 P.M.
" Wilmington	1 P.M.	" Charleston	at 5 the next day.



As this Line carries the Great Mail, (which cannot be delayed,) and is almost entirely a Rail-Road Line, it will be perceived at once, that the Traveller, unless in some extraordinary contingency, is *sure of a connection throughout*, whilst it is evident that Foul Roads, Rough Weather!! and Storms!!! must often occasion delay in a Route, more than two-thirds of which is by the Bay—the traveller being also subjected to Sea-sickness, and incurring unnecessary risk, from Boats being urged to the top of their speed, to compete with the more DIRECT ISLAND ROUTE.

☞ The above line will be found not only the most certain and expeditious, but the most attractive, as it passes through the Seat of Government, and in sight of Mount Vernon by daylight, and through Fredericksburg, Richmond, and Petersburg, the largest and most flourishing towns in Virginia. It is also cheaper to Richmond, and as cheap as the Bay route to Weldon: and travellers have no expense or trouble with their Baggage.

☞ This is much the nearest, quickest, and cheapest route to the interior of Virginia, North and South Carolina—at Petersburg, Va. commences the route by way of Raleigh, N. C.—145 miles of Rail Road from Petersburg to that city. Stage Lines branch off from Raleigh Rail Road to the old Piedmont Line, to Milton, Danville, &c., and to Knoxville, (Tenn.)

☞ *This is the only Daily Line to Richmond and Petersburg.*

☞ Passengers for the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road pay through to Petersburg, Va. For further information and Through Tickets, apply at the office of
STOCKTON, FALLS & CO.
Adjoining the Philadelphia Rail Road Office,
d12-tf PRATT STREET, Baltimore.

TO OUR PATRONS AND OTHERS.
READ AND BE NOT HUMBUGGED.

The friends and old customers of the subscribers will please to bear in mind that we do not, nor do we intend selling HATS in the Maryland Arcade again, and if any of our patrons are not aware of our removal, and should again visit there with a desire to purchase a Hat of KEEVIL'S Manufacture, they will be deceived, as we have no connexion with any concern whatever, excepting our only establishment, No. 66½ BALTIMORE STREET, where, by unremitting attention to business, and manufacture of our Hats, we hope to merit a continuance of the liberal support of the public. Our prices are well known, and are as follows: Fine Russia Hats for $3.50, of the same quality as those selling elsewhere for $5. Also, beautiful Silk Hats on Russia bodies for only $2.50, actually worth $4. We make our own Hats and warrant them to be first rate, at KEVIL'S well known Store, No. 66½ Baltimore street, opposite Tripolett's alley, between Gay and Holliday-sts. So call in for first rate

HATS!
HATS!!
HATS!!!
HATS!!!!
HATS!!!!!

Wearers of Hats, this is no humbug or puff, the fact of the subscriber's being their own Manufacturers, who perform most of the labor with their own hands, and being at a low rent, their economical habits of living, and cash system of doing business, are sufficient reasons for their being enabled to sell at such unprecedented low prices—and knowing, from experience, as they do, that small profits and quick returns are most advantageous in the end—don't forget to call at
W. H. KEEVIL & CO'S.
No. 66½ Baltimore-st., opposite Tripolett's alley,
And 4 doors W. of Bool's well known Auction Store.
d16-tjan10

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENT.

LADY'S BOOK, for JANUARY, 1841.—Edited by Mrs. SARAH J. HALE, and Mrs. LYDIA H. SIGOURNEY. The only Work, intended for Ladies, that is edited by their own Sex. Miss E. LESLIE contributes to every Number.

CONTENTS—*Original.* The Festa di Pie di Grotta; Mr. and Mrs. Woodbridge, by Miss Leslie; Anacreontic Ballad, by Mr. C. B. Wilson, of London, England; Prayers at Sea, by Mrs. L. H. Sigourney; False Pride, a Tale of Every Day Life, by Mrs. Mary W. Hale; The Fairy's Proffer, by Mrs. Annan, (late Miss A. M. F. Buchanan); An Incident during a Siege, by Mrs. Mary H. Parsons; Antonio Salvini, a Tale, by Mrs. E. F. Ellet; Childhood's Laugh, by Mrs. Seba Smith; A Life of Fashion, by Mrs. Emma C. Embury; Man's First Offering, by Mrs. S. J. Hale; The Parlor Serpent, by Mrs. Caroline Lee Hentz; To Wordsworth, written at Rydal Mount, by Mrs. Lydia H. Sigourney; Ernestine, by Esther Wetherwald; Our Life is as a Shadow, by Miss Lois Bryan. Music—The Stranger's Heart—words by Mrs. Hemans—music by Miss Augusta Browne; A Singular Fact, by Mrs. M. M. Webster; The two Trees, by Caroline T. Orne; New Year's Eve; or, Amusements at Home, by Mrs. S. J. Hale. Editor's Table.

ENBELLISHMENTS. Neapolitan Peasants—the finest Plate of the season—engraved by A. L. Dick; Fashions, Colored—Female figure, with fashionable head dress and apron; Boy's Dress; Girl's out door Dress; Girl's in-door Dress.

☞ Baltimore Publisher—WM. N. HARRISON, No. 2½ N. Gay-st., and 74 Market-st. at J. MOORE'S Bookstore, one door below Holliday street.

TERMS—$3 per year, or 25 cents each number. Register your names to-day, being a fine Christmas Gift. d24

A NEW YEAR'S PRESENT.

THE LADY'S BOOK, Bound, Volume XXII, Price $2.00.

LIST OF ENGRAVINGS:
1. Fairmount Water Works, Philadelphia.
2. The Pilgrims.
3. The Indian Maid.
4. Happy as a King.
5. Death of Lusth.
6. Constantinople.

And six colored PRINTS of the latest Fashions.
N. B. The January number for 1841 is just received. Price 25 cents—or $3 per year. For sale at
W. N. HARRISON'S Periodical Office,
No. 28 N. Gay street—and at
JOHN MOORE'S Bookstore,
d20 No. 74 Market-st. 1 door below Holliday.

JOB PRINTING.
BY BULL & TUTTLE,
(Practical Letter Press Printers,)
No. 7 N. Gay st. (old Chronicle Office

THE proprietors of the above Printing Establishment beg leave to inform the public, that they are extensively prepared to execute any and every description of Fancy or Plain JOB PRINTING, in the neatest and most fashionable style of workmanship, and on terms suitable to the times.

THEY WILL PRINT TO ORDER,

Catalogues,	Handbills,
Notes and Checks,	Circulars,
Enamelled Cards,	Small Notes,
Bills of Lading,	Election Tickets,
Commercial Blanks,	Large Posting Bills, &c.

Together with Fancy Printing, for framing, &c.

☞ Orders for JOB PRINTING, left at the office of the "Baltimore Clipper," will receive prompt attention, and be executed on terms as reasonable as the same description of work can be done elsewhere.

$10,000 REWARD—*Cure Warranted*, for any recent case of the secret disease, by Dr. HITZELBERGER, the only Regular Physician in the city of Baltimore, who attends exclusively to the treatment of Secret Diseases, and whose skill and great experience, thousands in this city have enjoyed the benefit of, for the unprecedented low charge of $3!!! Price of the Medicine, by the single bottle or box, $1 and $2 per bottle, $1 per box!!!

Dr. HUSSELBAUGH'S CELEBRATED MEDICINES, for the cure of secret diseases. Dr. Husselbaugh, of Europe, the illustrious discoverer of Husselbaugh's Medicines, challenges a single case of recent secret disease to be brought, in which his medicine will not effect a rapid cure, under a forfeiture of 10,000.—These medicines are based on scientific principles, and are different according to the particular disease of the patient. Dr. Hitzelberger, who is a graduate of one of the first schools in the United States, has these celebrated medicines for sale, and he would ask, why, oh! why will ye purchase the detestable quack nostrums with which this city abounds, when you can obtain the medical advice of a regular physician, and be treated with these celebrated remedies, for the unprecedented low charge of $3. Positive cure in every case guaranteed or the money returned.

These invaluable Medicines can be purchased at the HUSSELBAUGHIAN INFIRMARY, No. 8 Pratt-st., five doors east of the Bridge. se3-y1m*

100 DOLLARS REWARD.

DR. STORM'S SPECIFIC COMPOUND, For the cure of Gonorrhœa, Gleets, Strictures, Diabets or difficulty in making water, and all other unnatural discharges from the uretha of either sex.

In no case has this medicine been known to fail, to effect a permanent cure, and too, in the shortest possible time. Should this medicine fail to effect a cure where it has been taken according to directions, return the empty vial and get back the money. Why then spend both time and money with such quack nostrums as cannot be depended upon; when, for $1, you can purchase a pleasant, sure, and speedy cure, composed solely of vegetable substance? One hundred dollars will be paid to any one who will produce a medicine to equal this compound, or who will prove that it contains any mineral substance whatever.

N. B. This Medicine can be had of JAMES P. WILLIAMSON, corner of High and Green street, (O. T.) of T. J. PITT, Market Space, Fell's Point, and by J. W. W. GORDON, cor. of Pratt & Howard-sts. Also, of L. S. THOMAS, corner of Briton and Forest streets—with full directions accompanying each bottle at $1 per bottle.

☞ For sale in Washington city by ROBERT PATTERSON, cor. 9th street and the avenue, and CHAS. C. STOTT, corner of 7th street and the avenue. And in Washington, by JOHN L. KIDWELL. dec5-y

A BLESSING TO ALL MANKIND.

The VEGETABLE FLUID SYRUP, or Mercurial Extractor. This infallible Srup is the discovery of an old veteran and hero of the vegetable kingdom; for his long research, his labors have been crowned with the glorious result of a positive remedy for the bad effects of that poisonous drug (Mercury,) and while it has this new efficacious effect upon the bones affected with mercury, it at the same time purifies the blood from the remnants of Venereal Disease, Scrofulous Affections, Splotches and Pruptions upon the Skin, old standing indolent Ulcers, &c.

For sale, wholesale, and retail, at the LABORATORY of Dr. BOWLBY, BROTHERS & CO., No. 60 S. Charles street, between Pratt and Lombard-sts., on the corner of Uhler's alley; and at the General Agency Office, No. 3 Pitt street, Baltimore. Also, at WM. LANPHIER'S Drug Store, Washington, D. C. o31

LIME! LIME!! LIME!!!

THE subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have on hand, and intend keeping a constant supply of superior Alum and Bottom LIME, (burned in a conical kiln, so highly recommended by our State Geologist, Professor Ducatel,) and that they are prepared to sell the same at the kiln at 33 1-3 cents for cash, for first quality. As our object is to furnish a first rate article at the lowest possible price, we respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.

We have also on hand, about 5,000 bushels Oyster Shell and Air Slacked ALUM LIME, which we will sell on favorable terms, for farming purposes.

HUGH DOWLING & SON,
Corner of Britain and Madison-sts., Balt.

☞ Orders sent from any part of the United States, for Lime, for building or agricultural purposes, immediately attended to. je15

LIME! LIME!! LIME!!!

AN AGENCY for the sale of LIME is established at No. 22 CHEAPSIDE. Orders will be filled from the Glen Ellen and Coal-Spring (York Road) Kilns, from which, within the last three years, 100,000 bushels have been delivered into the Baltimore market, giving the greatest satisfaction to the consumer.

Additional kilns having been lately erected, where a great quantity of wood, cut and uncut, is at command near to inexhaustible quarries of the purest Alum Limestone, the public may expect to have their orders for any quantity punctually filled. Nothing will be put into the wagons but what is intended to meet the inspector's eye, and as it is not intended to keep at the store-house more than enough to supply the occasional demand for small quantities, such as is supplied shall be sent from freshly burnt kilns.

☞ Orders, for bottom and barrel lime, filled at the shortest notice.
je18-d HENRY N. WILLIS, Agent.

CASH FOR NEGROES. The highest cash prices will at all times be given for Negroes of both sexes, that are slaves for life, and good titles. My office is in Pratt street, between Sharp and Howard streets, and opposite to the Repository—where I or my agent can be seen at all times. All persons, having Negroes to sell, would do well to see me before they dispose of them, as I am always buying and forwarding to the New Orleans market. I will also receive and keep Negroes at twenty-five cents each, per day, and forward them to any Southern port, at the request of the owner. My establishment is large, comfortable and airy, and all above ground; and kept in complete order, with a large yard for exercise; and is the strongest and most splendid building of the kind in the United States. And as the character of my house and yard is so completely established, for strength, comfort and cleanliness, and it being a place where I keep all my own, I will not be accountable, for the future, for any escapes of any kind from my establishment.
mh3-dtf HOPE H. SLATTER.

CASH FOR NEGROES.

THE Subscriber is authorized to purchase, for gentlemen of the South, a number of Negroes of both sexes.

The highest cash prices will be given for slaves for life and good titles.

He can always be found at the United States Hotel, opposite the Depot, Pratt street.
a3-dtf G. W. PEARCE.

CASSIA AND CHAMPAGNE.

10 CASES FRESH CASSIA
10 baskets Genuine Anchor CHAMPAGNE
Landing from Celeste, for sale by
MARCUS DENISON,
de 24 No. 31 Baltimore street.

WANTED TO RENT—A DWELLING HOUSE situated within half a mile of the Post Office—rent not to exceed $7 per month. Apply at the Intelligence Office, corner of Baltimore and Frederick sts. a26