

The South.

J. M. MILLS & Co., Publishers.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON, SEPT. 19.

INTRODUCTORY.

In presenting the *Daily South* to the public under new auspices, a word as to its future course is demanded. Its history under its late proprietor, and the circumstances of its sudden stoppage, are well known to the public, and require no comment from us. Our own purposes are all that need to be explained.

In brief, then, we intend to make *The South* strictly a news paper, devoted entirely to the collecting, sifting and proper arranging of the news of the day, in the discharge of which task we propose to exercise the *utmost fairness and impartiality*, to do justice to all and avoiding, as far as possible, the errors into which the partisan press is always liable to fall.

Should we accomplish the result thus had in view, we shall have performed a work of a magnitude sufficient to excuse us from the labor of embarking in heated political controversies, from which latter it is our purpose to abstain. The war in which the country is now unhappily involved, promises to be alike in its character, extent and results, one of the most momentous the world has ever seen. Upon the sea and upon the land—in the East, the West and the Centre of the Continent, hostile armies stand arrayed against each other, and upon any day the fate of mighty States or of populous cities may be decided. Faithfully to chronicle such grand events—to note and record the progress of so gigantic a struggle—to sift the truth from the constantly accumulating mass of falsehood, and intelligently to place before the reader the contest of armies reaching from the seaboard to the distant West, constitute the task to which we shall devote and confine our energies.

To fulfil these duties properly, we have made all the arrangements within our power to obtain the latest intelligence relating to the progress of the war and the political movements of the day, and with this brief explanation of our purposes and designs, we present our sheet to the public. Owing to the paucity of advertising in the present depressed state of business, our size has been reduced, but the amount of general reading matter will not be curtailed.

It is but proper to state that the undersigned have undertaken the republication of *The South* without consultation with the late proprietor, Thomas W. Hall, Jr., and that he is in no wise responsible for our action.

JOHN M. MILLS & CO.

STATE OF AFFAIRS AT THE SOUTH.

To those attached to the Federal Union under all contingencies who have predicted the speedy downfall of the "great rebellion," first, because of the inability of the South to sustain herself, and secondly, because of the strong Union sentiment still existing in that section, we have repeatedly said that if their hopes were built upon no better foundation, they were doomed to disappointment. We have, however, always believed and believe now that the Government can only be restored by the exercise of a force upon the part of the latter sufficient to overthrow and overcome all opposition. These views are confirmed by an article which we find in the *New York Journal of Commerce* of yesterday, and which is as follows:

An intelligent Union man, for many years a resident of the South, but more recently a resident of this city, has just arrived here from an extensive tour in the Tennessee and been permitted to see the lines. His accounts are not particularly encouraging for the immediate success of the Union cause in that part of the country, so far as his information extends. In fact, the military situation in the Tennessee is precisely the counterbalance of what is witnessed in the North, only intensified by many degrees. Fully half of the population is under arms, and is engaged in spinning the female into thread, or otherwise contributing to the support of the war. The inflexible determination of the people to achieve their independence is everywhere manifested. The old Union men of former days are now the foremost in recommending the war. They concede that a terrible mistake was made in resorting to secession as a remedy for political wrongs, but that being at length fairly involved in war, there is no alternative but to prosecute it by every possible means. There, as in the Northern States, they dismiss the idea of being all out and all in, and simply prepare for the worst. In fact, they are strengthening themselves for resistance. They persist in representing that the Union is not the real object, but that the real object is to get rid of the Federal Government, and that some sort of reconstruction might bring with it some sort of a reconstruction of the Federal Government. The old Union men are now the foremost in recommending the war. They concede that a terrible mistake was made in resorting to secession as a remedy for political wrongs, but that being at length fairly involved in war, there is no alternative but to prosecute it by every possible means. There, as in the Northern States, they dismiss the idea of being all out and all in, and simply prepare for the worst. In fact, they are strengthening themselves for resistance. They persist in representing that the Union is not the real object, but that the real object is to get rid of the Federal Government, and that some sort of reconstruction might bring with it some sort of a reconstruction of the Federal Government.

Our informant states that the war enthusiasm is not confined to any particular class, but that those who have heretofore stood most prominently in the ranks of the secessionists are now fighting for their country—the campaign of 1861—against Jefferson Davis, the merchants, the bankers, the planters, are all now in the ranks of the public defence. Not a vestige of a Federal party is to be found, and, contrary to the usual belief, frequently made by letter writers, no effort had frequently been made in the sections visited by him to enforce enlistment, or to suppress the freedom of speech by the interposition of the Confederate authorities. In regard to military matters, nobly at the South, knows anything. Companies of men are called upon to rendezvous at some place near at hand, but of their future movements it is said that they are to learn nothing as to the number of troops, except it might be in a particular encampment, and any one leaving the Confederate States is subjected under oath to observe strict silence. The South has turned out ready to fight, but there was no scarcity of arms, and the next to cotton was the next to cotton.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

The steamer *New York* from Bremen and Southampton, reached New York yesterday, bringing a large freight. Among the passengers was Archbishop Pecci, of Rome. Under the head of "The Last Republic," the *London Times* of the 17th publishes the following article:

The crash of a new political world is an awful phenomenon. War has dashed like a comet upon the great American Republic, and all the institutions and destinies of that mighty Union are scattered in fragments around. It is impossible to predict the formations which may survive after the convulsion has passed away, but all that we can see is that the future of the world will be a new and a grand one. The United States of North America have ceased to be. Whether their place will be taken by two nations or more, whether the principle of confederation will be merely limited or absolutely discarded, nobody can venture to foretell, but we cannot so much as imagine any state of things which will leave the last state of things with such respectability to the first. Enough has now been learnt to show that the subjugation of the South is not to be accomplished, and that the highest degree of impotence will be the result of the old Union. Between North and South there will be barriers of feeling, interests and traditions. They will long look upon each other with jealousy and suspicion. They will still wear the same garb and observe the same customs, but between two monarchies of the European continent. This, however, assumes a more serious aspect, and of standing armies, while the nations will exercise an influence upon all social and political institutions. Never could a more wonderful problem be little in defence of an assumption that the conquest of the South by the arms of the North has now become a most improbable event. All the incidents of the present war have been in the nature of a pitched battle, the Southern troops have been victorious, and though we hear little of their operations, it is at least certain that they are aggressive, and that the Federal Government is in a state of retreat. With affairs in such a state, every day detracts from the chances of compromise, and it will be long before the Federal Government will be able to reconstitute itself. The South, evidently, has brought itself to a position of a more desperate position, and has carried far greater energy to the work of war. We can see that in the South power is concentrating and obedience enforced, and that the material result, however, are not the only points at which the action of the war is treacherable. We observe that the Federal Government is in a state of retreat, and that the South is in a state of aggression. The power of the Executive which was regarded by Americans as an essential feature of their Constitution is rapidly giving place to a military rule. The Federal Government is in a state of retreat, and the South is in a state of aggression. The power of the Executive which was regarded by Americans as an essential feature of their Constitution is rapidly giving place to a military rule. The Federal Government is in a state of retreat, and the South is in a state of aggression.

The *London Times* of the 17th publishes the following article:

The *London Times* of the 17th publishes the following article:

The *London Times* of the 17th publishes the following article:

The *London Times* of the 17th publishes the following article:

The *London Times* of the 17th publishes the following article:

THE LATEST NEWS.

A Great Battle in Progress at Lexington, Missouri.

THE RESULT UNDECIDED.

BEN. McCULLOUGH ADVANCES TO CUT OFF THE FEDERAL REINFORCEMENTS.

The Associated Press are in possession of intelligence brought by a Government courier from Lexington to Jefferson City, which states that a fierce conflict was in progress between the Confederate forces under General Price and the Federal garrison at Lexington. The fight is reported to have been a desperate one, and the result is undecided. Ben. McCullough is reported to have advanced to cut off the Federal reinforcements.

The Associated Press are in possession of intelligence brought by a Government courier from Lexington to Jefferson City, which states that a fierce conflict was in progress between the Confederate forces under General Price and the Federal garrison at Lexington. The fight is reported to have been a desperate one, and the result is undecided. Ben. McCullough is reported to have advanced to cut off the Federal reinforcements.

The Associated Press are in possession of intelligence brought by a Government courier from Lexington to Jefferson City, which states that a fierce conflict was in progress between the Confederate forces under General Price and the Federal garrison at Lexington. The fight is reported to have been a desperate one, and the result is undecided. Ben. McCullough is reported to have advanced to cut off the Federal reinforcements.

The Associated Press are in possession of intelligence brought by a Government courier from Lexington to Jefferson City, which states that a fierce conflict was in progress between the Confederate forces under General Price and the Federal garrison at Lexington. The fight is reported to have been a desperate one, and the result is undecided. Ben. McCullough is reported to have advanced to cut off the Federal reinforcements.

The Associated Press are in possession of intelligence brought by a Government courier from Lexington to Jefferson City, which states that a fierce conflict was in progress between the Confederate forces under General Price and the Federal garrison at Lexington. The fight is reported to have been a desperate one, and the result is undecided. Ben. McCullough is reported to have advanced to cut off the Federal reinforcements.

The Associated Press are in possession of intelligence brought by a Government courier from Lexington to Jefferson City, which states that a fierce conflict was in progress between the Confederate forces under General Price and the Federal garrison at Lexington. The fight is reported to have been a desperate one, and the result is undecided. Ben. McCullough is reported to have advanced to cut off the Federal reinforcements.

The Associated Press are in possession of intelligence brought by a Government courier from Lexington to Jefferson City, which states that a fierce conflict was in progress between the Confederate forces under General Price and the Federal garrison at Lexington. The fight is reported to have been a desperate one, and the result is undecided. Ben. McCullough is reported to have advanced to cut off the Federal reinforcements.

The Associated Press are in possession of intelligence brought by a Government courier from Lexington to Jefferson City, which states that a fierce conflict was in progress between the Confederate forces under General Price and the Federal garrison at Lexington. The fight is reported to have been a desperate one, and the result is undecided. Ben. McCullough is reported to have advanced to cut off the Federal reinforcements.

THE LATEST NEWS.

A Great Battle in Progress at Lexington, Missouri.

THE RESULT UNDECIDED.

BEN. McCULLOUGH ADVANCES TO CUT OFF THE FEDERAL REINFORCEMENTS.

The Associated Press are in possession of intelligence brought by a Government courier from Lexington to Jefferson City, which states that a fierce conflict was in progress between the Confederate forces under General Price and the Federal garrison at Lexington. The fight is reported to have been a desperate one, and the result is undecided. Ben. McCullough is reported to have advanced to cut off the Federal reinforcements.

The Associated Press are in possession of intelligence brought by a Government courier from Lexington to Jefferson City, which states that a fierce conflict was in progress between the Confederate forces under General Price and the Federal garrison at Lexington. The fight is reported to have been a desperate one, and the result is undecided. Ben. McCullough is reported to have advanced to cut off the Federal reinforcements.

The Associated Press are in possession of intelligence brought by a Government courier from Lexington to Jefferson City, which states that a fierce conflict was in progress between the Confederate forces under General Price and the Federal garrison at Lexington. The fight is reported to have been a desperate one, and the result is undecided. Ben. McCullough is reported to have advanced to cut off the Federal reinforcements.

The Associated Press are in possession of intelligence brought by a Government courier from Lexington to Jefferson City, which states that a fierce conflict was in progress between the Confederate forces under General Price and the Federal garrison at Lexington. The fight is reported to have been a desperate one, and the result is undecided. Ben. McCullough is reported to have advanced to cut off the Federal reinforcements.

The Associated Press are in possession of intelligence brought by a Government courier from Lexington to Jefferson City, which states that a fierce conflict was in progress between the Confederate forces under General Price and the Federal garrison at Lexington. The fight is reported to have been a desperate one, and the result is undecided. Ben. McCullough is reported to have advanced to cut off the Federal reinforcements.

The Associated Press are in possession of intelligence brought by a Government courier from Lexington to Jefferson City, which states that a fierce conflict was in progress between the Confederate forces under General Price and the Federal garrison at Lexington. The fight is reported to have been a desperate one, and the result is undecided. Ben. McCullough is reported to have advanced to cut off the Federal reinforcements.

The Associated Press are in possession of intelligence brought by a Government courier from Lexington to Jefferson City, which states that a fierce conflict was in progress between the Confederate forces under General Price and the Federal garrison at Lexington. The fight is reported to have been a desperate one, and the result is undecided. Ben. McCullough is reported to have advanced to cut off the Federal reinforcements.

The Associated Press are in possession of intelligence brought by a Government courier from Lexington to Jefferson City, which states that a fierce conflict was in progress between the Confederate forces under General Price and the Federal garrison at Lexington. The fight is reported to have been a desperate one, and the result is undecided. Ben. McCullough is reported to have advanced to cut off the Federal reinforcements.

THE LATEST NEWS.

A Great Battle in Progress at Lexington, Missouri.

THE RESULT UNDECIDED.

BEN. McCULLOUGH ADVANCES TO CUT OFF THE FEDERAL REINFORCEMENTS.

The Associated Press are in possession of intelligence brought by a Government courier from Lexington to Jefferson City, which states that a fierce conflict was in progress between the Confederate forces under General Price and the Federal garrison at Lexington. The fight is reported to have been a desperate one, and the result is undecided. Ben. McCullough is reported to have advanced to cut off the Federal reinforcements.

The Associated Press are in possession of intelligence brought by a Government courier from Lexington to Jefferson City, which states that a fierce conflict was in progress between the Confederate forces under General Price and the Federal garrison at Lexington. The fight is reported to have been a desperate one, and the result is undecided. Ben. McCullough is reported to have advanced to cut off the Federal reinforcements.

The Associated Press are in possession of intelligence brought by a Government courier from Lexington to Jefferson City, which states that a fierce conflict was in progress between the Confederate forces under General Price and the Federal garrison at Lexington. The fight is reported to have been a desperate one, and the result is undecided. Ben. McCullough is reported to have advanced to cut off the Federal reinforcements.

The Associated Press are in possession of intelligence brought by a Government courier from Lexington to Jefferson City, which states that a fierce conflict was in progress between the Confederate forces under General Price and the Federal garrison at Lexington. The fight is reported to have been a desperate one, and the result is undecided. Ben. McCullough is reported to have advanced to cut off the Federal reinforcements.

The Associated Press are in possession of intelligence brought by a Government courier from Lexington to Jefferson City, which states that a fierce conflict was in progress between the Confederate forces under General Price and the Federal garrison at Lexington. The fight is reported to have been a desperate one, and the result is undecided. Ben. McCullough is reported to have advanced to cut off the Federal reinforcements.

The Associated Press are in possession of intelligence brought by a Government courier from Lexington to Jefferson City, which states that a fierce conflict was in progress between the Confederate forces under General Price and the Federal garrison at Lexington. The fight is reported to have been a desperate one, and the result is undecided. Ben. McCullough is reported to have advanced to cut off the Federal reinforcements.

The Associated Press are in possession of intelligence brought by a Government courier from Lexington to Jefferson City, which states that a fierce conflict was in progress between the Confederate forces under General Price and the Federal garrison at Lexington. The fight is reported to have been a desperate one, and the result is undecided. Ben. McCullough is reported to have advanced to cut off the Federal reinforcements.

The Associated Press are in possession of intelligence brought by a Government courier from Lexington to Jefferson City, which states that a fierce conflict was in progress between the Confederate forces under General Price and the Federal garrison at Lexington. The fight is reported to have been a desperate one, and the result is undecided. Ben. McCullough is reported to have advanced to cut off the Federal reinforcements.

The Associated Press are in possession of intelligence brought by a Government courier from Lexington to Jefferson City, which states that a fierce conflict was in progress between the Confederate forces under General Price and the Federal garrison at Lexington. The fight is reported to have been a desperate one, and the result is undecided. Ben. McCullough is reported to have advanced to cut off the Federal reinforcements.