The South.

HABEAS CORPUS.

" or restraint, unless by due course of law.

make answer according to law. By 16 Car. 1st, ment so replete with such insupportable evils. or by warrant of the council board, or of any | but the precident in the field, at the head of

" upon to do as to justice shall appertain. "confiscate his estate without accusation or trial guilty will not the recollection of his crimes teach "would be so gross and notorious an act of des- him to make one bold push for the American "potism as must at once convey the alarm of throne? Will not the immense difference between "tyranny throughout the whole kingdom, but being master of every thing, and being ignomini-"confinement of the person by secretly hurrying outly tried and punished, powerfully excite him to thim to jail where his sufferings are unknown or make this bold push? But, sir, where is the existof his army, best down every opposition? "therefore a more dangerous engine of arbitrary AT TIVE POWER TO DETERMINE WHEN THE DANGER OF WILL NOT ABSOLUTE DESPOTISM ENSUS. - Patrick Hen-"THE STATE IS 80 GREAT AS TO RESDER THIS MEASURE TY, in the Virginia Convention, June, 1788. "EXPEDIENT; FOR IT IS THE PARLIAMENT ONLY, OR L "LEGISLATIVE POWER THAT WHENEVER IT REER PRO-"PER CAN AUTHORIZE THE CROWN, BY SUMPENDING THE HABEAS CORPUS ACT FOR A SHORT AND LIMI-] " TED TIME, TO IMPRISON SUMPECTED PERSONS WITH-

That question depends on political conside from its uncompromising opponents."-Bancroft's verations on which the Legislature is to decide. U.S., vol. 6, page 402, year 1771. "Until the Legislative will be expressed, this "Court can only see its duty and must obey the ! "laws." This was in a case of Treason.

simulation, mr. 1997, mayor. It would be and yet the wrong pursue. But it is my fixed remission as primits of distribution for the lattice notwithstanding more discovered in col. 8, p. 42, year 1775. writ of Asbeas corpus in case of rebellion or invasion, that the right to judge whether the exigency my tittle sphere, to do all 1 can for the service of their new member, Jefferson: These Colonies now Monumonts, Gravo Stones, Mantles, the read. in secret session, and by a vote of 113 to 19 rejected the bill on its tirst reading. On that occa- year 1771. sion Mr. Dana of Connecticut used the following language: "This bill authorizes the arrest of per-"officers, but by any person acting under him. "I imagine this to be wholly without precedent. "treason was marching to force us from our seals, a "would not agree thus to destroy the fundamental, "principles of the Constitution, or commit such an

"act either of despotism or pusillanimity."

deves.

their Creator with certain unalienable rights; that They rushed on with headlong indiscretion, which had as yet supported its commander-in-chief organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall the next, to excite a service insurrection, - Bancroff'. seem most likely to effect their safety and happi- U. S., ed. 7, p. 322. new. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that governments long cotablished, should not be changed for such government, and to provide new guards for another Whigs, and the rest mongrels. their auture security."-Declaration of Independ

lng to be preserved? I shall repeat here a sentiment I have often had occasion to express. In my opinion there is nothing worth fighting for but national honor: for, in the national honor is involved the national independence. I know that a State) may find itself in such unpropitious circumstances, that prudence may force a wive government to conceal the sense of indignity. But the moult should be engraven on tablete of brass, with a pencil of steel. AND WHEN THAT TIME AND CHARCE, WHICH HAPPEN MENT, THEN LET THE AVENDING ARM STRIKE HOME. It Legislatures, the pamphlets, newspapers, in all the is only by avowing and maintaining this stern princi- | colonies, should be consulted during that period,) ple of honor, that peace can be preserved. - Goseerneur Morrie, Speech in the Senate of the U. S., Feb. 24, 1803.

gression upon the rights of the people. The differ- east and the west, the north and the south, who ent orators of the patriot party had in turn address- compared notes, engaged in discussions and deed the meeting, loud in complaint and accusation, bates, and formed results by one rote and by two but guarded and cautious on every point which roles which went out to the world as unanimous,might look like an approach towards treasonable John Adams, Letter to Jefferson, August 14, 1815. expressions, or direct exhortations to resistance. Adams placed himself in the pulpit, and sat quietly listening to all their harangues; at length he rose and made a few remarks, which he closed with the | is worthy of life, liberty or property, will or can refollowing pithy apologue: " A Grecian philosopher | fuse to join with you in defending them to the last | who was lying asleep on the grass, was suddenly extremity, disdaining every sordid view, and the toused by the bite of some animal on the palm of | mean, paltry considerations of private interest and) his hand. He closed his hand quickly as he awoke, | present emolument, when placed in competion with and found he had caught in it a small field mouse. | the liberties of millions; and, seeing that there is no As he was examining the little animal which had alternative but absolute, unconditional submission, dared to attack him, it bit him unexpectedly a se- and the most object elacery, or a defence becoming) cond time; he dropped it, and it escaped. Now, men born to freedom, he will not heattate about the erican Eloquence, Vol. I.

ARE INETITABLY RUINED .- Patrick Henry, Speech in | Carolina Assembly, April 11th, 1776. the Virginia Concention, June 4, 1788.

that to prevent abuses in our government we will to despair of the commonwealth. The maxim may liament, or the enforcement of the penalacts against) that to prevent abuses in our government we will be now as said that the number of the same times of the properties of t ers, and punish the servants for abusing the trust Short-sighted mortals see not the numerous links of unanimity a well regulated militia, to be composed reposed in them. Oh, sir, we should have fine small and great events which form the chain on of all the freemen of the colony, between fifteen and times, indeed, if to punish tyrants it were only suffice which the late of kings and nations is suspended.— sixty. They resolved also, that all former difficulty times, indeed, it to punish tyranis it were only easily and the same and prosperity, though pleasing for a day, ties about religion or politics from henceforth to Paris BAREGES, plain and printed thrematics Brieges and country to assemble the people. Four arms reherenth have a small into administer and shoth to the formation of the first burning the people in the you could defend yourselves are gone; and you have bare often sunk a people into elleminacy and sloth. should cease, and be forever buried in oblivion; and no longer an aristocratical, no longer a democratical Hardships and dangers, though we for ever strive the benign aurora of the coming republic lighted epirit. Did you ever read of any revolution in any to shun them, have frequently called forth such the Catholic to the recovery of his rightful political nation brought about by the punishment of those virtues as have commanded the applause and rever- equality in the land which a Catholic proprietary | 6 t BLACK BAREGES. in power, indicted by those who had no power at ence of an admiring world. Our country loudly had set apart for religious freedem. Charles Carall! You read of a riot act in a country which is calls you to be circumspect, vigilant, active and roll of Carrollton, who, under the British governcalled one of the freest in the world, where a few brave. Perhaps, (all gracious heaven avert it,) ment, had not had so much as a vote at the polls, neighbors cannot assemble without the risk of being perhaps the power of Britain, a nation great in was placed unanimously on the committee of corshot by a hired soldiery, the engines of despotism. war, by some malignant influence, may be em- respondence. We may see such an act in Asserter. A standing played to enslave you; but let not even this dis-We may see such an act in America. A standing project to courage you. Her arms, 'tis true, have filled the gret that the zeal of Dulany had grown cool. As 34 and 64 BLACK MOUPILINES army we shall have also, to execute the execute the execute has become have reased the back added to be become in Manufacture. commands of tyranny, and how are you to punish world with terror; her troops have reaped the he kept silent, the foremost man in Maryland was them? Will you order them to be punished? | laurels of the field; her fleets have rode triumphant | Samuel Chase, like Dulany a lawyer; less circum-Who shall obey those orders? Will your mace- on the sea; and when, or where, did you, my counwho shall oney those orders; while your made, on the sea, and which, or a bearer be a match for a disciplined regiment? In trymen, depart inglorious from the field of fight? downright, brave and persevering; capable of error or ordered and Embrodered Lawr, bearer be a match for a disciplined regiment? In trymen, depart inglorious from the field of fight? what situation are we to be?-Patrick Henry, You, too, can show the trophies of your forefathers' from rashness or self-will, but not capable of falter-) Speech in Virginia Convention, June 4th, 1788.

Where are your checks in this government?--) Your strongholds will be in the hands of your encmies. It is on the supposition that your American etruction puts it in their power to perpetrate the not zeal or fortitude. You will maintain your rights, and expressed the vigor of his nature, his uncom-Governors shall be konest that all its good qualities

has ever followed, with absolute certainty, any "By the Petition of Right, 3 Car. 1st, it is entained without cause shown, to which he may taken and commons, than a governtained without cause shown, to which he may have a king, lords and commons, than a governthe convergence according to law. Br 16 Car. 1st.

"ch. 10, if any person be restrained of his liberty we make a king, we may prescribe the rules by as by order or decree of any illegal court, or by which he shall rule his people, and interpresentable "the command of the King's Majesty in person, | checks as shall prevent him from infringing them: \ et of the privy council, he shall upon demand of army, can preserve the terms on which he shall "his counsel, have a writ of habeas corpus to reign master so far that it will pusale any American bring his body before the Court of King's Bench | ever to get his neck from under the galling yake. or Common Pleas, who shall determine whether the violates the laws, one of two things will happen: "the cause of his commitment be just, and here he will come at the head of his army to carry every thing before him; or, he will give bail, or do | hold our forts and cannon, or to have authority "To beceave a man of life or by violence to what Mr. Chief Justice will order him. If he be over a single regiment in America or a single ship

Away with your president, we shall have a king; de government. And yet sometimes, when the State | the army will salute him monarch; your milit. "is in real danger, even this may be a necessary will assist in making him king, and fight against "measure. But the happiness or our own Con- you; and what have you to oppose this force?. "STITUTION IS THAT IT IS NOT LEFT TO THE EXECU- What will then become of you and your rights?-

· · · The glorious spirit of liberty is vanquished and left without hope but in a miracle,' said desponding patriots. 'I confres,' said Samuel Adams, 'we have, as Welfe expressed it, a choice of difficulties. Too many flatter themselves that their pusillanimity OUT GITING ANY REAMON FOR BO DOING." - Com- in true prudence; but in perilone times lake these, mentaries on the Laws of England, Vol. 1. pp. 135 cannot conceive of prudence without fortitude." persevered; but John Adams retired from the ser-So our own Chief Justice Marshall, in the case vice of the people, and devoting himself to his proof Bollman, 4 Cranch, 100, says: "If at any time fession, for a time ceased even to employ his pen in "the public safety should require the suspension their defence. Otis who had returned to the Legisof the power vested by this act (the power to lature, disordered in mind, and jealous of his de-"grant writs of hahens corpus) in the Courts of | clining influence, did but impede the public cause. In Hancock, also, vanity so mingled with patriot-"the United States, it is for the Legislature to say ism, that the Covernment hoped to separate him

and effertually to enforce "obedience to the laws and of the British was deepened by the reflection that "sons not merely by the President or other high the authority of the supreme legislature." His beart they had fought not against an enemy, but against a was hardened. Haring just heard of the seizure of their fellow-subjects and kindred; not for the proammunition at the fort in New Hampahire, he in motion of civil or religious freedom, but for the sutended that his language should "open the eyes of premary of one part of the empire over another."the deluded Americans." "If it does not," said be Baneroft's U. S., vol. 8, pp. 25-26, Battle of Bunto his faltering minister, "it must set every deli- ker Hill. cate man at liberty to arow the propriety of the most coercire measures. "The New England goo.) ernments are now in a state of rebellion. Blows must resistance had been deferred; no more than four decide whether they are to be subject to this country | barrels of powder could be found in the city. While

among these, are life, liberty, and the pursuit of thinking not to involve the empire in a civil war, with nothing beyond a commission," &c., &c.happiness. That, to secure these rights, govern- but to subdue the Americans by fear. The first Baneroft U. S., vol. 8, p. 24, "Not Prepared for ments are instituted among men, deriving their just step towards inspiring terror was, to declare Mas- Resistance." powers from the consent of the governed; that, sachusetts in a state of rebellion, and to pledge the whenever any form of government becomes destruct parliament and the whole force of Great Britain to tive of these ends, it is the right of the people to its reduction; the next, by prohibiting the Amerialter or to abolish it, and to institute a new govern; can fisheries, to stores New England; the next, to ment, laying its foundation on such principles, and call out the savages on the rear of the Colonies;

In the Congress of 1774, there was not one memlight and transient causes; and, accordingly, all ber, except Patrick Henry, who appeared to me experience hath shown, that mankind are more dis sensible of the precipice, or rather the pinnacle on a posed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to which we stood, and had candor and courage right themselves by abolishing the forms to which | enough to acknowledge it. America is in total igthey are accustomed. But, when a long train of norance, or under infinite deception concerning that abuses and usurpations, pursuing invariably the assembly. To draw the characters of them all same object, evinces a design to reduce them under would require a volume, and would now be conabsolute despotism, it is their duty, to throw of sidered as a caricatured print. One-third Torics, There was a little aristocracy among us of talents and letters. Mr. Dickinson was primus inter pares, the bell-wether, the leader of the aristocratical

As to the history of the Revolution, my ideas may be peculiar, perhaps singular. What do we mean by the Revolution? The war? That was no part of the Revolution. It was only an effect and consequence of it. The Revolution was in the mind. of the people, and this was effected from 1760 to 1774 in the course of fifteen years, before a drop of blood t was drawn at Lexington. The records of thirteen to ascertain the steps by which the public opinion was enlightened and informed concerning the authority of Parliament over the colonies. The Congress of 1774 resembled, in some respects, though . "A town meeting of Boston had been called at the | hope not in many, the Council of Nice in Ecclesias-Old South Church, in consequence of some new ag- tical history. It amembled the priests, from the

Truth, being known, will prevail over artifice and misrepresentation. In such case no man, who)

The honorable gentleman who presided, told us, nently conduced to the greatness of that State, never resist to the utmost of their power, taxation by Parvictories and your own; can name the fortresses ing in the cause which he approved. Vehement and battles you have won; and many of you count even to a fault, he did not always speak softly or) the honorable scars of wounds received, whilst shun coarse invective; but his undaunted spirit, his bought last week at mounds in New York at large sorthees to fighting for your king and country . - Joseph herce independence of mind, his unbending energy, h

Warren, Boston, March 6th, 1775. But, pardon me, fellow-citizens, I know you want over, his eloquence, which sprung from his heart norst of mischiefe should they be bad men. And, or perish in the generous struggle. However difficult promising energy, justly won for him the confisir, would not all the world, from the Eastern to the combat, you never will decline it when freedom is dence of Maryland."—Bancroft's U. S., vol. 8, the Western hemisphere, blame our distracted folly | the prize. An independence of Great Britain is not | p. 75-7.

in resting our rights upon the contingency of our | our aim. No, our wish is, that Britain and the colrulers being good or bad? Bhow me that age and coales may, like the cak and lyy, grow and increase country where the rights and liberties of the peo- instrength together. But whilst the infatmated plan ple were placed on the sote chance of their rulers of making one part of the empire sincer to the other being good men without a consequent loss of lib- to persisted in, the interest and safety of Britain, as erty. I say that the loss of that dearest privilege well as the colonies, require that the wise measures recommended by the bosorable the Continental such mad attempt, If your American chief be a Congress be steadfastly pursued; whereby the un-"and preserves the personal liberty of individuals. man of ambition and abilities, how easy will it be natural contest between a parent honored and a for him to render himself absolute! The army is in child beloved, may probably be brought to such an "locomotion, of changing situation or moving his hands, and, if he be a man of address, it will be lesue, as that the peace and happiness of both may "one's person to whatsoever place one's own attached to him; and it will be the subject of long be established upon a lasting basis. But if these "inclinations may direct, without imprisonment meditation with him to seize the first auspicious pacific measures are ineffectual, and it appears that moment to accomplish his design. And, sir, will the only way to enfety is through sields of blood, I the American spirit solely relieve you when this know you will not turn your faces from your foce,

> Upon the whole it has been the policy of the British authority to oblige us to supply our wants at their market, which is the dearest in the known | world, and to cramp and confine our trade so as to | be subservient to their commerce, our roul interest being ever out of the question. - Chief Justice Dray- L lon, Charge to the Grand Jary, Charleston, May 23,

Our liberties and safety cannot be depended upon it the King of Great Britain should be allowed to of war in ber ports. For if be bolds our forte be may turn them against us, as be did Boston against h her proprietors; if he acquires our cannon he will effectually disarm the colony; if he has a command of troops among us, even if we raise and pay them, | shackles will be uzed upon us-witness Ireland and ber national army. The most express act of Parliament cannot give us security, for acts of Parliament are as easily repealed as made. Royal procismations are not to be depended aron, witness the disappointments of the inhabitants of Quebec and St. Augustine. Even a change of ministry will not avail us, because, notwithstanding the rapid succession of ministers, for which the British Court has been famous during the present reign, yet the onme ruinous policy over continued to prevail against America. In short, I think it my duty to declare, in the awful seat of justice and before Almighty God, that in my opinion the Americans can have no safety but by the Divine favor, their own virtue, \ and their being so prudent as NOT TO LEAVE IT IN THE POWER OF THE BESTIAN RULERS TO INJURE! TRUE. Indeed the ruinous and deadly injuries rereired on our side, and the jealousies entertained,

and which in the nature of things must daily increase against us, on the other, demonstrate to a mind the least given to reflection apon the rise and full of empires, that true reconcilement can never exist between Great Britain and America, the latter being in sub-Section to the former .- ("kief Justice Drayton, Charge To the Grand Jury, Charleston, April 23, 1776. "Of the inhabitants of Boston, six thousand seven) bundred and bity-three still remained in the town,

pining of sorrow; deprived of wholesome food; con-"Here, said Marhew, as he lamented the cold ad- | Bued to their houses after ten o'clock in the even- | O I LANTI IV besion of the timid good, and for himself, trod the ing; liable to be robbed without redress; ever ex-So Judge Story in his Commentaries on the Con- thorny path of redstance to the grandeurs of the posed to the malice of the soldiers, and chidden for stitution, we. 1336, says: "It would been as the many many who see the right, tears as proofs of disloyalty. -- Bancroft's U. S.,

thad arisen must exclusively belong to that body." churches of New England may sustain any injury. feel the complicated calamities of fire, sword and So in 1807, when great alarm existed as to And every where men began to enter into a solemn famine. We are reduced to the alternative of Burr's conspiracy, a bill was brought before the agreement not to use a single article of British | choosing an unconditional submission to irritated Senate in secret session to suspend the writ of manufacture; not even to wear black clothes for ministers, or resistance by force. The latter is our Asbeas corpus. When brought into the flouse of mourning. To encourage the growth and manufacture. We have counted the cost of this contest' Representatives, that body refused to consider it ture of wool, nearly all Boston signed a covenant and find nothing so dreadful as voluntary slavery."

"The loss of officers was observed to be dispro-The King, in his reply, pledged himself speedily portionably great; and the gloom in the quarters

"Here ton, as every where elee, preparations for "We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all or to be independent." - Bancroft's U. S., vol. 7, p. | Washington was borne toward Cambridge on the

The wife of Colonel Pinckney is distinguished as \ one of those heroic and self-sacrificing women of the revolution, "whose intrepidity and fortitude lent so ; (able a support to the cause of their country." An) incident in her life is recorded in Garden's interestling Anecdotes of the Revolution. "A British other of rank once said to Mrs. l'inckney-'It is impessible not to admire the intrepid firmness of the ladies) of your country. Had your men but half their resolution, we might give up the contest. America would beinvincible. " - American Eloquence, Vol. 1.

"But in truth the cry of Dunmore did not rouse \ " among the Africans a passion for freedom. "them bondage in Virginia was not a lower condi-" "tion of being than their former one; they had no t "regrets for ancient privileges lost; their memo-"ries prompted no demand for political changes; " no struggling aspirations of their own had invited " Dunmore's interposition; no memorial of their "grievances had preceded his offices."-Bancroft's 1 11. S., vol. 8, p. 225-year 1775.

"When Washington learned the fate of the rich "emporium of his own 'country,' for so he called \ "Virginia, his breast heaved with waves of anger "and grief; "I bope," said he, "this and the threat-"ened derastation of other places will unite the "whole country in one indissoluble bond against a "nation which seems lost to every sense of virtue "and those feelings which distinguish a civilized "people from the most barbarous savages." --Bancroft U. S., 8 col., 232 - Burning of Norfolk.

"Yet the majority of Congress, scrupulous not " to outrun the convictions and sympathics of their "constituents, and pleasing themselves by confiding "ing in the speeds restoration of peace, not only " made no adequate preparations for resistance, but "would not even consent to relieve the states from | IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN EVERY DESCRIPTION OF "anarchy by sanctioning the institution of Govern-"ments in the several colonies. The hesitancy of "so many members, especially of Dickinson, in "censed John Adams, who maintained that the "fift or sixty men composing Congress should at a "once form a constitution for a great empire, pro-"vide for its defence, and, in that safe attitude, "await the decidon of the King. His letters to New England, avowing these opinions, were in-"tercepted; and so little were the central colonies "prepared for the bold advice, they were published by the royalists as the surest way of destroying "his influence, and beaping obloquy on his name." Bancroft U. S., 8 col., 65-year 1775.

"The people of Maryland, happier than that of fellow-citizens, what think you was the reflection choice. Although superior force may, by the per- Pennsylvania, escaped intestine dissensions and inwhich this triffing circumstance gave birth to, in mission of Heaven, lay waste our towns and ravage sured unanimity, by passing over the proprietary the mind of the philosopher? It was this: That our country, it can never eradicate from the breasts government, and intrusting the conduct of registthere is no animat, however weak and contemptible, of freemen, those principles which are ingrafted in ance to a series of conventions. The prudent, the which cannot defend its own liberty, if it will only their very nature. Such men WILL DO THEIR slow, the hesitating were allowed an influence; but FIGHT for it. - Namuel Adams, Memoir in Am DUTY, Neither Regwing non regarding const. from the first, all parties acquiesced in the principle | QUENCES; but submitting them, with humble confi- of deriving all power from the people; and the prodence, to the omniscient and omnipotent Arbiter vince, however its morement was sometimes re-Guard with jealous attention the public liberty. and Director of the fate of empires, and trusting tarded, proceeded courageously in an unbroken Suspect every one who approaches that jewel. Un that his Almighty arm, which has been so signally line. In November, 1774, it adhered to the associafortunately, nothing will preserve it but downright stretched out for our defence, will deliver them in tion, adopted in the general Congress, and its patriforce. WHENEVER YOU GIVE UP THAT FORCE, YOU a righteous cause .- John Rutledge, in the South otism was confirmed by the austerity of religious | Maryland convention, hfty-five members being pre-It was a maxim of the Roman people, which emi- sent from sixteen counties, resolved unanimously to

his scorp of semblance without substance, of servili-

ty, of plausible hypocrisy that glossed servility i

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By leaving in 6 15 A. M. train will minnert at Wilmington with 9 66 A. M. train, daily (except Sunday) for Milford, Sainbeiry KOTICE.-All colored persons, whether bunder free, will be required to bring some restauntable white farmer, paramonally known to the undersigned, who will be willing to sign a bond Whe thousand, to her they will be taken over any portion of WM. CRAWFORD, Agent. OLD DOMINION STEAMBUAT

FOR FREDERICKSBURG, VIRGINIA, AND LANDINGS ON THE RAPPAHANNON'S RIVER. The Steamer VIRGINIA, Captain N. Patesana, Searce Saiti more, from her berth, at Needham's pier, light street abart, KYKRY FRIDAY AFTERNININ, at & orbiet, and returning leaves Fredericksburg KVERT TURNDAY MORNING, at 3 o'clock, or immediately after the arrival of the train of cars | from Kirhmond and Washington, Stopping at all the regular Landings on the Kappahannerk river going and returning to hand and receive freight and imavengers. THE VIRGINIA terrompuratively new, and was built by merchants of Fredericksharg and Ralitmore, interested in the trade, and by mer chante and farmers residing in the commises twedering on the

Rajonhammert, for the express perfene ed keeping a bret class steamer on the route. During the ninter the forward deck has been enclosed, thus adording complete protective for bornes. and other live sunk. Curringen of all sizes run be taken on b I teneral and exercised under deck without taking off the wheels. Her statefrom and herth accommendations are large and even mudant, and her experity for freight extrastre. As a possess ger and treight beat she has no superforms the waters of the Through freight received in Ralumore, and charges paid by R. J. CAPRON & CO., Bowly's what C. By Preight received on hund of the hiramer Welnesdays ad Thursdays, and on Fridays up to So'che's, P. M. For luriber information and Blank Receipt of form used by MACAULAY'S HISTORY OF ENGLAND. the Chespany, apply on tours, or to R. J. CAPRON & CV. Agents. No. 27 Howly's wharf, Halumore. F. BLAUMSTER, President, Fredericksburg, Va.

THE PATULENT RIVER. The elements desired weems and MART WARHING TON will leave Baltimore for the Patuzent Kiver on the follow-Naturday, Tuesday and Thurwley, remmencing Saturday morning, Jame 1st, 1stl, at 6 or lock, for Hill's Landing direct, to Returning every Monday Wednesday and Saturday The

holliering Hill's Landing on Monday and Wednesday will be The Naturday boat will leave Hill's Landing on Friday for and it Reported, leaving Benedict Saturday morning at 6 o'clock for The sture Steamers will call at all the usual landings on the River, almost Pair Haven and Plum Pount, going and returning. Freights received up to 5 o'clock on the days previous to the .\$1 (1), Menlaeutra Passage to Patricent River . Yair Haven.

NEW FREIGHT ROUTE TO LYNCHBURG. KNOWYLLE, MEMPHIS AND OTHER POINTS OF THE MHITH WESTERN KAILROAD. The STRAM PACKET LINE TO ALKEANDRIA have form ed a connection with the ALEXANDRIA AND LYNCHBURG RAILROAD, by which Giorge will be forwarded to all juints. on the Southwestern Railroufe with great expedition, at raise as low as not other route For rates and other information applies to CHARLES WORTHINGTON. Commerce street Wharf.

OFFICK ADAMS EXPRESS 164 BALTIMORE STREET, BALTIMORE, Mr. GOODS FOR THE CONFEDERATE STATES must just duties after this date. THE ADAMS EXPRESS (3) Baltimore, March 31, 1861. FOR WASHINGTON, ALEXAN-MAC RIVER LANDINGS. The Steamer COLUMBIA, Captain James Harry, will leave Commerce street wharf on HATURDAY AFTERNISS at four o'clock, stopping at her accustomed handings on the Potomer.

Preight received from Friday morning until three o'clock o CHAR, WORTHINGTON, Acers FOR SASSAFRAS RIVER. The Swamer CECIL leaves Light street wharf OM CYCLY ILEGUAT, THURSDAY and MATURDAY MORN. INch, at 7 o'clock, returning same day. Excursion Tickets FOR ANNAPOLIS -Every WEDNESDAY MORNING, a To'clock, returning leaves Annapolis at 12 o'clock. WM T RICE Captain. THE BOOK FOR THE TIMES-BLACK DIAMONDS.

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For male by HENRY TAYLOR. Sin Iron Building Je4 6-72. I INIVERSITY OF MARYLAND. MEDICAL IFCTURES The ED's fourth Annual Session of the Sektool of Medicine. the University of Maryland, will commence on MONDAY, Oct. 14, 1861, and end March 1, 1862. The Faculty are aware of nothing in the present unlist in condition of joible all discolarizations to interfere with the regu lar and far high performance of their duty as Teachers of Med. seine. They purpose to make every effort to render their compared mate decision martial and satisfactors. In their put of The Baltimore Inhimats, which belongs to the below with timbes to alterd abundant mests for the 4 libral illustration [45cm and 15th Mills, of the principles of Moderne and Success. G. W. MILTENBERGER, M. D.,

an 13 Zan (14th4)

July 1, 1961-jy 12-30

INALTIMORE FEMALE COLLEGE. This insti-D intion, with a full corps of instructions, and every converence for BOARDING AND DAY PUPILS, will be REOPEN ED on MONDAY, September 24. By the late set of endowment one pupil from each to units in the State is educated with hour charge for turnous or broke. For a catalogue at ply to S C BROOKS LL D President

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THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orghams Court of Baltimore city. letters tentamentary on the entate of JOHN DUSHANK, tate of maid esty, deceased. All persons baring claims against the said. entate, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the southers thereof, properly authenticated, to the authorither, ou or before the 19th day of January, 1467; they may enbern me, by law, be excluded from all beneat of and estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 19th day of July, 1961. HARRIRT ANN DUBITANE.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT THE SUBscriber has obtained from the Orphan's Court of Baltimore city and State of Mary land, letters testamentary upon the cutate of JOHEPH MADERSBACKER, late of mail city, decrased. All pressure having claims against and Ketale, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the touchers, to the anhactiber, on or betore the FIRST, DAT OF FEBRUARY, 1:82. They may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said Fitate All persons hateberd to said Fatate are requested to make immediate parment three under my hand this lith day of July, 1861.

HIRAN GREENTREE, Admir. E. R. HPRAGUE, Attorney. COTTY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, BALTIMORE, Au-U guet 39th, 1961 - Notice is becelve given that the present RATES OF DISCOUNT WILL CEASE AFTER THE FIRST DAY OF SPPTEMBER, and that under the Ordinations of the Mayor and City Council the City Collector will be compelled to clime the taxes due on Personal Property after the first day . thudge, by distraint. These wishing to avail themselves of the discount, and also as end any further expense, are respectfully called upon to make Particular attention is now called to the arreass of Takes 1 ! has k years, for an City Auditor I shall be compelled shortly to Close the bracks by salverthellig all stapaid property for sale at 29 30" JOHN J GRAVES, City Collector.

VALOUR-FLOUR. - A choice assortment of supe-Fror FLOUR, suitable for Bakers and Family purposes. comprising the following relebrated brands --PANILT-"Welch" "Eureka," "Fine Hill," "Monrotia," EXTRA-"C. L. Wood," "Monrorte," "Inglessie," "New London," and "Newark " SUPER ... "Walnut Buthim," "Newark," "Milletille," etc. RYE FLOUR-Made of pure Virginia White Kye. Por sale by manufacturers' agents, C. D. HINES & CO. No. 41 Swath Howard street, near Lombard.

LIUTAW SAVINGS' BANK, BALTIMORE, June Land 1981 - At an election held on Tuesday, 18th instant, for Twenty five Directors to manage the adairs of the Bank for the enoughing twelve months, the following gentlemen were elected INATHAN PUSEY. GEORGE BARTLETT. TROBERT A. DOBBIN. CHARLES M. KEYSER. WILLIAM HOOFER, JESSE HUNT. ASA NEEDHAM. ' JAMES HARVET. I WILLIAM R PENNIMAN I WILLIAM A HACK. IJ MASON CAMPBELL. WILLIAM DEVRIES. THENRY RIGHAN. CHARLES D. SLINGLUE LELISHA H. PERKINS. JOHN CUSHING HENRY R LOUDERMAN, AARON FENTON. JOSEPH TAYLOR. JOHN COATES. ALEXANDER KIRKLAND. FRANCIS BURNS. ALFRED JENKINS. JOHN W WALKER. J ROBERT ISKAEL. At a subsequent meeting of the Board, JESSE HUNT, Esq. was re-elected President, and ROWARD T. OWENS, Trea-

CAFFICE OF THE BALTIMORE AND HAVRE BE The remainder of the very large edition of this remarks | | | DE GRACE TURNPIKE (V)MPANT, July Sth. 1861 ble bunk, which is particularly interesting as learning describe The Board of Managers bare this day declared a DIVIDEND upon present topics of excuement, will be sold in Mattimore and of TWO PER CENT., Impable at the Chesageake Bank, on GEO B WILLIAMS, Sec's 17 7 mai L'ARMERS AND PLANTERS' BANK, BALTI-

MORE, June 27, 1961 -The President and Incectors have declared a dividend of FOUR PER CENT on the capital stock, for the last air mouth, payable on and after the 3th July -Transfer banks closed until the lat July 12 WHITMAN & CO., N. 62 EXCHANGE PLACE, BALTIMORE, MD. Manufacturies of I Wheat Drills, I MITAW CHILDER, Harwin # 77% Corn Stock Cotters, Lame Sprewiers, Thiashelm,] Wheel Bariss. torn Mhellera

Without Falls. thanat Barrows. d'allisatore, Has Preserve. Cotton Phanters, Tan atamahera. Alms, deniers in Spades, Shovets, Rakes, Hay and Manute. Names, House of oral Tools of every description, Field and Garden morde, Milano Sr. COTICE -- CITY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, Battimora, July 13, 1981.—As no action, has been taken by he this thought in the case of the opening of Payette street,

and morder to prevent any measurement on an to the result. make a ta bereby given to all parties interested, that under the ex-I tribug or denote and shall be competited to advertise the lots on which the assessments remain unpact, for sale, on WEDNES. DAY, July 17th, 1961. JOHN J. GRATES, Collector. المعام مصلح القاصان الانتاب المارات الرابي

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