"Next to personal security," says Mr. Justice Blackstone, "the law of England regards, asserts "and preserves the personal liberty of individuals. "This personal liberty consists in the power "locomotion, of changing situation or moving "one's person to whatsoever place one's own "inclinations may direct, without imprisonment " or restraint, unless by due course of law.

" tained without cause shown, to which he may "or by warrant of the council board, or of any of his army, beat down every opposition? " bring his body before the Court of King's Bench "or Common Pleas, who shall determine whether "the cause of his commitment be just, and here-" upon to do as to justice shall appertain.

"To beceave a man of life or by violence to i "confiscate his estate without accusation or trial THE CLAIR IN THE PARLIAMENT UNLY, OR Ifrom its uncompromising opposents,"-Beseroft's and find nothing so dreadful as robustary slavery." "LEGISLATIVE POWER THAT WHENEVER IT REES PRO- 1". S., rol. 6, page 402, year 1771. "PER CAN AUTHORIZE THE CROWN, BY SUSPENDING 4 THE HABRAS CORPUS ACT FOR A SHORT AND LIMI-"TED TIME, TO IMPRIMON RUBPECTED PERSONS WITH-

"the United States, it is for the Legislature to say ! "so. That question depends on political conside, "Until the Legislative will be expressed, this ) "Court can only see its duty and must obey the !

"power is granted to Congress to suspend the was hardened. Having just hourd of the seisure of writ of Adheus corpus in case of rebellion or inva-·sion, that the right to judge whether the exigency had arisen must exclusively belong to that hady." So in 1807, when great alarm existed as to Burr's conspiracy, a bill was brought before the Senate in secret session to suspend the writ of ernments are now in a state of rebellion. Bloce must halieus corpus. When brought into the llouse of decide whether they are to be subject to this country Representatives, that body refused to consider it or to be independent."-Bancroft's U. S., vol. 7, p. in secret session, and by a vote of 113 to 19 re- 177-227. language: "This bill authorizes the arrest of per-"sons not merely by the President or other high Cofficers, but by any person acting under him. "I imagine this to be wholly without precedent. If a "treason was marching to force us from our sents, I Oprinciples of the Constitution, or commit such an i wact either of despotism or pusillanimity."

HISTORICAL PARALLELS.

"We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all powers from the consent of the governed; that, sidered as a caricatured print. One-third Tories, whenever any form of government becomes destruc- another Whigs, and the rest mongrels. tive of these ends, it is the right of the people to | There was a little aristocracy among us of talents seem most likely to effect their safety and happi- 1813. ness. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that governments long established, should not be changed for

" Les, sir, we wish for peace, but how is that blessing to be preserved? I shall repeat here a sentiment I have often had occasion to express. In m opinion there is nothing worth fighting for bu national honor: for, in the national honor is invo ved the national independence. I know that a State may find itself in such unpropitious eireumstances, that prudence may force a wise government to concert the sense of indignity. But the insult should be engraven on tablets of brain, with a pencil of steel. AND WHEN THAT TIME AND CHANCE, WHICH BAPPEN TO ALL, SHALL DRING FORWARD THE PAVORABLE MO-MENT, THEN LET THE AVENUING ARM STRIKE HOME. It fuse to join with you in defending them to the last is only by arowing and maintaining this stern princi- extremity, disdaining every sordid view, and the ple of honor, that peace can be preserved .- Gove- mean, paltry considerations of private interest and erneur Morrie, Speech in the Senate of the U. S., present emolument, when placed in competion with

but guarded and cautious on every point which ! expressions, or direct exhortations to resistance. Adams placed himself in the pulpit, and sat quietly i listening to all their harangues; at length he rose ) his hand. He closed his hand quickly as he awoke, ) and found he had caught in it a small field mouse. ) As he was examining the little animal which had a dated to attack him, it bit him unexpectedly a recond time: he dropped it, and it escaped. Now, tellow-citizens, what think you was the reflection which this triffing circumstance gave birth to, in the mind of the philosopher? It was this: That there is no animal, however weak and contemptable. which cannot defend its own liberty, if it will only FIGHT FOR IT."-Samuel Adams, Memoir in Am-

erican Eloquence, Vol. I. Guard with jealous attention the public liberty. fortunately, nothing will preserve it but downright ence of an admiring world. Our country loudly his scorn of semblance without substance, of serviliforce. WHENEVER YOU GIVE UP THAT FORCE, YOU ARE INEVITABLY RUINED .- Patrick Henry, Speech in the Virginia Concention, June 4, 1744.

assemble in convention, recall our delegated powreposed in them. Oh, sir, we should have fine on the sea; and when, or where, did you, my couners, and punish the servants for abusing the trust times, indeed, if to punish tyrants it were only suffi- ) cient to assemble the people. Four arms scherewith ) no longer an aristocratical, no longer a democratical and battles you have won; and many of you count spirit. Did you ever read of any revolution in any ) nation brought about by the punishment of those i in power, indicted by those who had no power at ] all ! You read of a riot act in a country which is called one of the freest in the world, where a few a neighbors cannot assemble without the risk of being shot by a hired soldiery, the engines of despotism. We may see such an act in America. A standing army we shall have also, to execute the execrable commands of tyranny, and how are you to punish them? Will you order them to be punished? Who shall obey those orders? Will your macebearer be a match for a disciplined regiment? 1. what situation are we to be!-Patrick Henry, Speech in Virginia Concention, June 4th, 1788.

Where are your checks in this government?-Your strongholds will be in the hands of your enemies. It is on the supposition that your American Governore shall be honest that all its good qualities rulers being good or bad? Show me that age and March 6th, 1775. his hands, and, if he be a man of address, it will be Our liberties and safety cannot be depended upon er consternation. They were at their wits' end, it has been and to him and to will be a second to will be a se happens? I would rather, infinitely, and I am sure | may turn them against us, as he did Boston against | fended countrymen."

most of this convention are of the same opinion, | her proprietors; if he acquires our cannon he will |

"his counsel, have a writ of habeas corpus to the army will salute him monarch; your militia least given to reflection apon the rise and fall of emwill assist in making him king, and night against pires, that true reconcilement can never exist between you; and what have you to oppose this force !- | Great Britain and America, the latter being in sub-What will then become of you and your rights ?- | jection to the former .- Chief Justice Prayton, Charge | WILL BOT ABSOLUTE DESPOTISE ENSUE!- Patrick Hen- to the Grand Jury, Charleston, April 23, 1776. ry, in the Virginia Convention, June, 1788.

"would be so gross and notorious an act of des left without hope but in a miracle, said despending | pining of sorrow; deprived of wholesome food; con-"potism as must at once convey the alarm of patriots, 'I confess,' said Samuel Adams, 'we have, | fined to their houses after ten o'clock in the eventyranny throughout the whole kingdom, but as Wolfe expressed it, a choice of difficulties. Too lag; liable to be robbed without redress; ever ex-" confinement of the person by secretly hurrying many flatter themselves that their pusillanimity posed to the malice of the soldiers, and chidden for to him to juil where his sufferings are unknown or is true prudence; but in persions times lake these, I tears as proofs of disloyalty.—Bancroff's U. S., torgotten is a less public, a less striking and connecte of prudence without fortitude. He wol. 8, p. 42, year 1775. "therefore a more dangerous engine of arlatrary persevered; but John Adams retired from the ser-"They closed their statement in the words of compare notes and congrative government. And yet sometimes, when the State fession, for a time ceased even to employ his pen in their new member, Jefferson: These Colonies now the successes of the Rebels. "is in real danger, even this may be a necessary their defence. Otis who had returned to the legis- feel the complicated calamities of fire, sword and "measure. But the happiness of our own Con- lature, disordered in mind, and jealous of his de- famine. We are reduced to the alternative of STITUTION IS THAT IT IS NOT LEFT TO THE EXECU- clining influence, did but impede the public cause. chowing an unconditional submission to irritated "TIVE POWER TO DETERMINE WHEN THE DANGER OF In Hancock, also, vanity so mingled with patriot- ministers, or resistance by force. The latter is our | here from Harper's Ferry, with the camp equip-

" 'Here,' said Maybew, as he lamented the cold adbesion of the timid good, and for himself, trod the portionably great; and the gloom in the quarters thorny path of resistance to the grandeurs of the of the British was deepened by the reflection that GUT GITING ANY BRANCH FOR BO DOING."-Com- world-here, there are many who see the right, they had fought not against an enemy, but against below Hyattstown, in the direction of Washingmentaries on the Laws of England, Vol. 1. 17. 135 and yet the wrong pursue. But it is my fixed rest their fellow-subjects and kindred; not for the pro- ton. lution, notwithstanding many discouragements, in motion of civil or religious freedom, but for the on-So our own Chief Justice Marshall, in the case my little sphere, to do all I can for the service of premary of one part of the empire over another."of Bollman, 4 Cranch, 100, says: "If at any time my country, that neither the republic nor the Bancroft's U.S., col. 8, pp. 25-26, Battle of Bun-"the public safety should require the suspension | churches of New England may sustain any injury." | ker Hill. "of the power vested by this act (the power to And every where men began to enter into a solemn "grant write of habens corpus) in the Courts of agreement not to use a single article of British

The King, in his reply, pledged himself speedily | Bancroft U. S., vol. 8, p. 24, "Not Prepared for So Judge Story in his Commentaries on the Con-stitution, sec. 1336, says: "It would seem as the the deluded Americans." "If it does not," said I to his faltering minister, "it must set every de cate man at liberty to arow the propriety of t most coercive measures. "The New England gor-

They rushed on with headlong indiscretion, sion Mr. Dans of Connecticut used the following but to enable the Americans be form. The first the next, to excite a cervile insurrection. - Bancroff's 1/. S., vol. 8, p. 225-year 1775. U. S., vol. 7, p. 322.

In the Congress of 1774, there was not one member, except Patrick Henry, who appeared to me sensible of the precipice, or rather the pinnacle on men are created equal; that they are endowed by which we stood, and had candor and courage their Creatur with certain unalienable rights; that enough to acknowledge it. America is in total igamong these, are life, liberty, and the pursuit of norance, or under infinite deception concerning that happiners. That, to recure these rights, govern- assembly. To draw the characters of them all ments are instituted among men, deriving their just | would require a volume, and would now be con-

alter or to abolish it, and to institute a new govern- and letters. Mr. Dickinson was primue inter pares, ment, laying its foundation on such principles, and the bell-wether, the leader of the aristocratical organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall Bock .- John Adams, Letter to Jefferson, Noc. 12,

As to the history of the Revolution, my ideas may light and transient causes; and, accordingly, all be peculiar, perhaps singular. What do we mean experience bath shown, that mankind are more dis- by the Revolution? The war? That was no part posed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to of the Revolution. It was only an effect and conright themselves by abolishing the forms to which sequence of it. The Recolution was in the minds they are accustomed. But, when a long train of of the people, and this was effected from 1760 to 1775 abuses and usurpations, pursuing invariably the in the course of sifteen years, before a drop of blood same object, evinces a design to reduce them under seas drawn at Lexington. The records of thirteen absolute despotism, it is their duty, to throw off Legislatures, the pamphlets, newspapers, in all the such government, and to provide new guards for colonies, should be consulted during that period, their jutur security."- Declaration of Indepent to ascertain the steps by which the public opinion was enlightened and informed concerning the authority of Parliament over the colonies. The Congrees of 1774 resembled, in some respects, though hope not in many, the Conneil of Nice in Ecclesias tical history. It assembled the priests, from the cast and the west, the north and the south, who ) compared notes, engaged in discussions and bates, and formed results by one rule and by rotes which went out to the world no unanimous.

John Adams, Letter to Jefferson, August 14, 1815. Truth, being known, will prevail over artifice , and misrepresentation. In such case no man, who h is scorthy of life, liberty or property, will or can rethe liberties of millions; and, seeing that there is no "A town meeting of Boston had been called at the | alternative but absolute, unconditional subs Old South Church, in consequence of some new ag. and the most abject slavery, or a defence becoming gression upon the rights of the people. The differ- men born to freedom, he will not hesitate about the ent orators of the patriot party had in turn address- choice. Although superior force may, by the pered the meeting, loud in complaint and accusation, mission of Heaven, lay waste our towns and ravage our country, it can never eradicate from the breasts might look like an approach towards treasonable of freemen, those principles which are ingrafted in DUTY, SEITHER KNOWING NOR REGARDING CONSE-| quences; but submitting them, with humble confiand made a few remarks, which he closed with the dence, to the omniscient and omnipotent Arbiter following pithy apologue: "A Grecian philosopher and Director of the fate of empires, and trusting a who was lying asleep on the grass, was suddenly that his Almighty arm, which has been so signally roused by the bite of some animal on the palm of stretched out for our defence, will deliver them in a righteous cause. - John Rutledge, in the South Carolina Assembly, April 11th, 1776.

nently conduced to the greatness of that State, never to despair of the commonwealth. THE MAXIM MAT PROVE AS SALUTARY TO US NOW, AS IT DID TO THAM. small and great events which form the chain on spect and less careful of appearances; but strong, Company having discontinued the sending of let Short sighted mortals see not the numerous links of ] which the fate of kings and nations is suspended. downright, brave and persevering; capable of error | ters to the South, those now received and arriving Ease and prosperity, though pleasing for a day, from rashness or self-will, but not capable of falter- from the North will be returned to the senders. Hardships and dangers, though we for ever strive even to a fault, he did not always speak softly or eral Lee had completely surrounded General Rosen to shun them, have frequently called forth such | shun coarse invective; but his undaunted spirit, his | cranz in Western Virginia, and would probably | virtues as have commanded the applause and rever- herce independence of mind, his unbending energy, capture him. calls you to be circumspect, vigilant, active and ty, of plausible hypocrisy that glossed servility lev is worth a military expedition on account of its brave. Perhaps, (all gracious heaven avert it,) over, his cloquence, which sprung from his heart salt alone. perhaps the power of Britain, a nation great in and expressed the rigor of his nature, his uncomwar, by some malignant influence, may be em- promising energy, justly won for him the confi-) ployed to enslave you; but let not even this dis- dence of Maryland."-Boxeroft's U. S., rol. 8, Confederacy sink below par in any part of the that to prevent abuses in our government we will courage you. Her arms, 'tis true, have filled the p. 75-7. laurels of the field; her fleets have rode triumphant ) victories and your own; can name the fortresses fighting for your king and country . --- Joseph

Warren, Boston, March 6th, 1775. in strength together. But whilst the infatuated plan of making one part of the empire slaves to the other is persisted in, the interest and safety of Britain, as

erty. I say that the loss of that dearest privilege | world, and to cramp and confine our trade so as to lars. When the order issued, therefore, for emhas ever followed, with absolute certainty, any be subservient to their commerce, our real interest burking the troops in Boston, no electric shock, such mad attempt. If your American chief be a being ever out of the question. - Chief Justice Dray no audden explosion of thunder, in a word, not such mad attempt, it your American until to a ton, Charge to the Grand Jury, Charleston, May 23, the last trump could have struck them with great-

have a king, lords and commons, then a govern- effectually distres the colony; if he has a command ment so replete with such insupportable evils. If of troops among us, even if we raise and pay them, we make a king, we may prescribe the rules by shockles will be fixed upon us—witness Ireland and which he shall rule his people, and interpose such her national army. The most express act of Parchecks as shall prevent him from infringing them: liament cannot give as security, for acts of Parlia-but the president in the field, at the head of his ment are as easily repealed as made. Royal precisarmy, can prescribe the terms on which he shall mations are not to be depended upon, witness the reign mader so far that it will passe any American disappointments of the inhabitants of Quebec and St. ever to get his neck from under the gulling yete. I Augustine. Even a change of ministry will not cannot, with patience, think of this idea. If ever avail us, because, not withstanding the rapid sucbe violates the laws, one of two things will happen: | cession of ministers, for which the British Court he will come at the head of his army to carry has been famous during the present reign, yet the every thing before him; or, he will give bail, or do | same ruinous policy ever continued to prevail against what Mr. Chief Justice will order him. If he be America. In short, I think it my duty to declare, acted that no person shall be imprisoned or de- guilty will not the recollection of his crimes teach in the awful seat of justice and before Almighty him to make one bold push for the American God, that in my opinion the Americans can have intration in its decision concerning Kentucky menthrone? Will not the immense difference between | no safety but by the Divine favor, their own virtue, | " make answer according to law. By 16 Car. 1st, being master of every thing, and being ignomini- and their being so prudent as not to LEAVE IT IN "ch. 10, if any person be restrained of his liberty onely tried and punished, powerfully excite him to THE POWER OF THE BESTIAN EVERSE TO INJURE inst., and of another meeting held in Harrison "by order or decree of any illegal court, or by make this bold push? But, sir, where is the exist. Indeed the ruinous and deadly injuries re-"the command of the Kixu's Majesty in person, ing force to punish him? Can be not, at the head reced on our side, and the jealousies entertained, President. At these meetings resolutions were in Boston. Away with your president, we shall have a king; against us, on the other, demonstrate to a mind to

> "Of the inhabitants of liston, six thousand seven "The glorious spirit of liberty is vanquished and | hundred and lifty three still remained in the town,

"THE STATE IS NO GREAT AN TO RENDER THIS NEARURE INM, that the Government hoped to separate him choice. We have counted the cost of this contest' age of the three months' men under General Pat-

"The loss of officers was observed to be dispro- Rockville.

"Here ton, as every where else, preparations for | manufacture; not even to wear black clothes for | resistance had been deferred; no more than four mourning. To encourage the growth and manufac- barrels of powder could be found in the city. While ture of wool, nearly all Boston signed a covenant | Washington was borne toward Cambridge on the verations on which the Legislature is to decide. to eat no lamb."-Bancroft's U. S., rol. 5, p. 206, affectionate confidence of the people, Congress which had as yet supported its commander-in-chief with nothing beyond a commission," &c., &c.-

> able a support to the cause of their country." An all the ladies arrested, and an extensive lawn and incident in her life is recorded in Garden's interest- flower garden, in which they will be allowed to ) ing Anecdotes of the Revolution. "A British officer | walk. The whole is surrounded by a high brick of rank once said to Mrs. Pinckney-'It is impossi- | wall, which will at once prevent their escape, and ble not to admire the intrepid firmness of the ladies | secure them from the impertinent observation of of your country. Had your men but half their the curious. The three ladies already arrested are resolution, we might give up the contest. America confined here, and it is understood that they will have would be intincible." - American Eloquence, Vol. 1. the society of three more before to night.

"But in truth the cry of Dunmore did not rouse but to subdue the Americans by fear. The first "them bondage in Virginia was not a lower condistep towards inspiring terror was, to declare Mas "tion of being than their former one; they had no houses. sachusetts in a state of rebellion, and to pledge the "regrets for ancient privileges lost; their memoparliament and the whole force of Great Britain to "ries prompted no demand for political changes; its reduction; the next, by prohibiting the Ameri- "no struggling aspirations of their own had invited can fisheries, to stares New England; the next, to | " |) unmore's interposition; no memorial of their "would not agree thus to destroy the fundamental call out the savages on the rear of the Colonies; "grievances had preceded his offices."-Bancroft's

> "emporium of his own 'country,' for so he called | the work will resemble Fort Runyon, at the other | "Virginia, his breast heaved with waves of anger | end of the Long Bridge. It will enclose the "ened devastation of other places will unite the tions are so arranged that the guns mounted on whole country in one indissoluble bond against a them can rake, by an enflading fire, all the streets by which the hill can be approached. The mand those feelings which distinguish a civilized bastions themselves will be of double the usual thickness. The meaning mill be called the usual thickness. Bancroft U. S., 8 col., 232-Burning of Norfolk.

"to outeun the convictions and sympathies of their | will be of heavy calibre, and mostly of short i "constituents, and pleasing themselves by confiding | range, no rifled cannon having yet been ordered. "ing in the speedy restoration of peace, not only | There will also be some light howitzers. It will would not even consent to relieve the states from North. (?) "anarchy by sanctioning the institution of Governments in the several colonies. The hesitancy of 'en many members, especially of Dickinson, in-" fifty or sixty men composing Congress should at bead per annum. "once form a constitution for a great empire, pro-"vide for its defence, and, in that safe attitude, 'await the decision of the King. His letters to "New England, arowing these opinions, were in- | that when the rebellion is suppressed, he intends to " his influence, and heaping obloque on his name." Bancroft U. S., 8 vol., 55-year 1775.

l'ennsylvania, escaped intestine dissensions and in- | the saviors of the Republic, by placing them in sured unanimity, by passing over the proprietary offices of honor and of profit. His keen eye is government, and intrusting the conduct of resist- watching the men who are rallying at the call of ance to a series of conventions. The prudent, the | their country, and when peace shall crown their slow, the hesitating were allowed an influence; but lahors and their perils, the vast army of place from the first, all parties acquiesced in the principle of deriving all power from the people; and the province, however its morement was sometimes retarded, proceeded courageously in an unbroken line. In November, 1774, it adhered to the association, adopted in the general Congress, and its patriotism was confirmed by the austerity of religious zeal. At an adjourned session in December, the Maryland convention, hity-five members being preregist to the utmost of their power, taxation by Parunanimity a well regulated militia, to be composed sion by express. The officers seized 6 packages of of all the freemen of the colony, between fifteen and the Daily News, of yesterday morning's edition. roll of Carrollton, who, under the British government, had not had so much as a vote at the polls,

It was a maxim of the Roman people, which emi- respondence. "It was throughout the continent a subject of re- | as distributing agents. gret that the real of Dulany had grown cool. At ] he kept silent, the foremost man in Maryland was Samuel Chase, like Dulany a lawyer; less eireumhave often sunk a people into effeminacy and sloth. ing in the cause which he approved. Vehement The Memphia Appeal says it is informed that Gen-

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Gen. Washington's Advice. Upon the evacuation of Boston by the British, pair to St. Louis, has received a counter order, and will remain at Camp Joe Holt for the present. trymen, depart inglorious from the field of fight? General, Washington wrote a letter, from which You, too, can show the trophies of your forefathers' the following is an extract, to his brother, John Augustine Washington. The letter is dated, the honorable scars of wounds received, whilst "Cambridge, 31 March, 1776," and is contained in the third volume of Spark's Writings of Wash-

"The enemy left all their works standing in not zeal or fortitude. You will maintain your rights, Boston and on Bunker's Hill; and formidable by a skirmish which took place between twenty or perish in the generous struggle. However difficult | they are. The town has shared a much better fate | mounted confederates on the north bend of the ) the combat, you never will decline it when freedom is | than was expected, the damage done to the houses | the prize. An independence of Great Britain is not being nothing equal to report. But the inhabi- by a six-pounder. Several shots were exchanged, our aim. No, our wish is, that Britain and the col- tants have suffered a good deal in being plundered onice may, like the oak and ivy, grow and increase by the soldiery at their departure. All those who took upon themselves the style and title of government-men in Boston, in short, all those who well as the colonies, require that the wise measures | have acted an unfriendly part in this great con- ) recommended by the honorable the Continental test, have shipped themselves off in the same Congress be steadfastly pursued; whereby the un- hurry, but under still greater disadvantages than was boarded by the Powerful on the 11th in lat. natural contest between a parent honored and a the King's troops, being obliged to man their own 49 14, Ion. 38 53. The ship was in good order, but child beloved, may probably be brought to such an vessels, as seamen enough could not be had for ber machinery completely stopped, and she had put issue, as that the peace and happiness of both may the King's transports, and submit to every hard- back to Queenstown under sail. be established upon a lasting basis. But if these ship that can be conceived. One or two have are founded, but its defective and imperfect conare founded, but its defective and imperfect conblook. But its done, what a great number ought to have done
below in the provided and in the power of the long ago, committed suicide. By all accounts,
know you will not turn your fores,
know you will not turn your fores,
know you will not turn your fores,
but will not turn your fores,
the only was a committed suicide. By all accounts,
know you will not turn your fores,
the only was a committed suicide. By all accounts,
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but the only was a committed suicide. By all accounts,
but the only was a committed suicide. By all accounts,
the only was a committed suicide. By all accounts,
but the only was a committed suicide. By all ac the Western hemisphere, blame our distracted tony is trodden under foot, -- Joseph Warren, Boston, in the the nower of Great Britain was because the late 29 45, long, 67, his vessel was to believe that the nower of Great Britain was because the late 29 45, long, 67, his vessel was to believe that the nower of Great Britain was because the late 29 45, long, 67, his vessel was to believe that the nower of Great Britain was because the late 29 45, long, 67, his vessel was believe that the nower of Great Britain was because the late 29 45, long, 67, his vessel was believe that the nower of Great Britain was believe the nower of Great Britain was believe the nower of Great Britain was believe that the nower of Great Brita Upon the whole it has been the policy of the superior to all opposition, and, if not, that for- after a brief examination of her papers. The officountry where the rights and inserting their raters British authority to oblige us to supply our wants eigh sid was at hand, they were even higher and cer in charge of the boarding party gave his name ) being good men without a consequent loss of lib- at their market, which is the dearest in the known more insulting in their opposition than the regu- as B. H. Stuart.

Another Newspaper in Trouble. his hands, and, if he be a man of address, it will be attached to him; and it will be the subject of long attached to him; and it will be the subject of long attached to him; and it will be the subject of long attached to him; and it will be the subject of long attached to him; and it will be the subject of long attached to him; and it will be the subject of long attached to him; and it will be the subject of long attached to him; and it will be the subject of long attached to him; and it will be the subject of long and, conscious of their black ingratitude, they that the tone of his paper is decidedly inimical to the chose to commit themselves, in the manner I have authority above described, to the mercy of the waves at a him to legal prosecution.

AARON FENTON, JOHN COATES, FRANCIS BURNS, I had one fortis and cannon, or to have authority above described, to the mercy of the waves at a him to legal prosecution. the American spirit solely relieve you when this of war in her ports. For if he holds our forts he tempestuous season, rather than meet their of The articles in the Republikance have been the

FROM QUE BECOND AND THIRD | Allegany county, and this action of the Distrit At-EDITIONS OF YESTERDAY.

BY THE PKILADELPHIA TRAIN.

From Washington. The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Inquirer has the following items. · ] gress of Despotism continues:

KENTUCKY TO BE SUBJUGATED. The events of every day strengthen the Admin-| held in Nelson county, in that State, on the 15th resolutions declare that Kentucky is not responsible for the war, and will not bear any part of the expenses of the same; and declare, further, that they will not pay the income tax or the direct tax | lately levied by Congress. The President is great-Is incrused at this action on the part of citizens of his native State, and declares that the Federal laws must and shall be executed in Kentucky.

ARREST OF MR. CORCURAN, THE BANKER. It is currently reported that W. W. Corcoran has been arrested for treason by the Provost Marshal; he has been supposed to be a warm friend of The Rebel cause, and to have had caucuses at his house, where the rankest traitors would meet and "They closed their statement in the words of compare notes and congratulate themselves upon t

THE RETREAT OF BANKS. Several hundred army wagons have arrived i Pooleculle, twenty miles above, and his entire importure and pualual in event description of supplies are carried by negroes by the way of

[Poolsville is a small town on the Potomac, far a HICKS PLOTTING AGAIN.

Governor Hicks departed for Annapolis last Saturday. It is understood his business is of an h | important character; but what, it is not known. A PRISON FOR PENALES.

The impropriety, as well as inconvenience, of placing female prisoners in the common jail, or in the prison at the Capitol, was at once seen. It was determined, therefore, to secure some suitable building, appropriate for that purpose. Accordingly, the large house at the corner of ---- and Fourteenth streets was selected and rented for this one of those heroic and self-sacrificing women of the

the society of three more before to night.

The semale members of the samily of Mayor Berrett and of Mr. Phillips are all under strict surveillance military guards being stationed in both

THE PORTIFICATIONS AT BALTIMORE. I mentioned some days ago that the Government had issued orders for the fortification Federal Hill, in Baltimore. Colonel Brewerton, of the corps of Topographical Engineers, was here last week, and left on Saturday with the "When Washington learned the fate of the rich | plans for the work. In its general appearance, "and grief; 'I hope,' said he, 'this and the threat- greater part of the hill. The angles of the basthickness. The purapets will be sodded, and on t the outer side have rather more than the usual | U U "Yet the majority of Congress, scrupulous not | slope. The guns used in mounting the batteries |

made no adequate preparations for resistance, but | he one of the most complete fortifications in the EXDITION OF SALARIES.

The salaries of Clerks in the l'atent Office have I "censed John Adams, who maintained that the been reduced from two to seven hundred dollars a A BRIBE FOR THE SOLDIERS.

President Lincoln makes no secret of the fact, "tercepted; and so little were the central colonies to make a new dispensation of the immense list of "prepared for the bold advice, they were published offices in the gift of the Government. He designs by the royalists as the surest way of destroying I to ignore the adage, "Republics are ungrateful," and to improve on the motto, "To the victors belong the spoils." He has frequently said that he "The people of Maryland, happier than that of longs for the time when he can prove his love for men must make room for the scarred veterans of Manassas, and it may be of Richmond, Charleston and New Orleans. \_\_\_\_-

The N. Y. Daily News again Selted. [From the Philadelphia Press.] At an early hour resterday morning Marshal Murray despatched a force of deputy marshals to | sent from eixteen countries, resolved unanimously to the office of the American Express Company, where he had understood a large edition of disliament, or the enforcement of the penal acts against loyal newspapers had been lodged, for transmis-They resolved also, that all former difficul- They were directed to the following persons: ties about religion or politics from henceforth very large package to A. Gunter, Louisville, Ky., should cease, and be forever buried in oblivion; and a second, not quite so large, to J. H. Harnwell, of the benign autora of the coming republic lighted | the same place; a smaller one to Daring & Dickthe Catholic to the recovery of his rightful political ens. and another to M. W. Barr, also of Louisequality in the land which a Catholic proprietary ville; a large package to Gray & Crawford, St. had set apart for religious freedem. Charles Car- Louis, Mo., and a smaller one to C. C. Woolworth, of St. Joseph, Mo. There were evidently a large was placed unanimously on the committee of cor- number of smaller packages made up in each of them; and the parties addressed were only to act

> From Louisville. LOUISVILLE, August 26.-The Adams Express The Richmond Despatch says that Kanawha Val-The Mobile Register of the 23d, strongly urges that the South should not let the bonds of the new chants to take them at par as a duty. Rosseau's Brigade, which had been ordered to re-

More Federal Bank Robberics. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 26.-On Friday, the 23d instant, the sum of \$143,000 in gold, belonging to . the Mechanic and Union Banks of this place, was seized by order of Major R. T. Van Horn, commanding the reserve corps of Home Guards. Some excitement was created here on Saturday

Safety of the Steamer Eina. RIVERS DO LEUP, August 26.—The ship Powerful. for Quebec, has arrived here, bringing a few of the steamer Eton's passengers. She reports that the | Erna broke her crank shaft on the 7th instant, and

The Privateer Jeff. Davis.

Pittsburg, Aug. 26.-The United States District \ Attorney, R. B. Carnahan, Esq., has notified the CHARLES D SLINGLUFF. editor of the German Republikaner, L. W. Leelken-

cause of much annoyance to the Union citizens of sarer.

preventing in Pittsburg a repetition of the scenes of excitement lately witnessed in Faston and other

A Liverpool Vessel Chased. Naw York, August 26 .- The ship Universe which arrived at this port this evening from Liverpool, reports that on August 16th, when in lat. 43 20, lon. 55 30, she was chased by a low, rakish, full rigged brig, evidently a brig of war. She finally passed ber a quarter of a mile ahead, running off to the Southeast.

Privateer off the Const of Massachusells. Boston, August 27.-The schooner Agricula, of Elleworth, Maine, arrived here to-day, and reports that twenty miles northeast of Cape Ann she was overhauled by the privateer schmoner Freely, of Charleston, but her cargo not suiting the pirates,

Mob Violence. SCRANION, Pa., August 26.-Wm. Halsey, hailing from Ithica, was compelled to leave the town today, or accept the alternative of being rode out on STATIONERY, COMBS, BRUSHES, a rail. He had endeavored to induce parties to take the New York Day Book.

Explosion of an Infernal Mechine. Pirrancus, August 27 .- An infernal machine placed on Adams Express car exploded on the arrival of the train at the depot here at one o'clock, killing two employees, one named McLaughlin and wounding in the leg a man named Batchelor.

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LICTAW SAVINGS' BANK, BALTIMORE, June 1221, 1801 - At an election held on Tuesday, 18th instant, for energing twelve months, the following gentlemen were elected. NATHAN PUSEY. GEORGE BARTLETT ROBERT A IMBBIN, CHARLES M. KEYSER. [WILLIAM HOOPER, JESSE HUNT. ASA NEEDHAM. JAMES HARVEY WILLIAM R PENNIMAN. WILLIAM A HACK J. MARON CAMPRELL. HENRY RIEMAN. RUISHA H PERKINS. HENRY R LOUDERMAN, JOSEPH TAYLOR.

ALEXANDER KIRKLAND, J ROBERT INKAKL At a subsequent meeting of the Board, JERRE HUNT, Eng. was re elected President, and RDWARD T. OWENN, TreeFANCY GOODS.

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