The South.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 3, 1861.

Baltimore is to be "bombarded," "shelled," "burned with fire," "laid in ashes," "laid low," "crushed," "destroyed," "annihilated," "wiped out," "blotted from the map," "razed," "levelled with the ground," "ploughed with cannon-balls," "and sown with gunpowder," "sacked," "pillaged," "swept with fire and sword," "made an abode for owls and satyrs, and a place for fishermen to dry their nets."—*Vide Northern Press passim.*

City Items.

City Union Convention.—An adjourned meeting of the City Union Convention was held last night, at Temperance Temple, Dr. A. Hartman in the chair. John Evans, of the Sixth ward, said it had been suggested to him, that in view of the position of the Board of Police no legal election can be held in this city; the law was positive, and power was not given to any other department of the city government to order an election; the only remedy was for the Legislature to appoint other commissioners, and he had been assured that would not be done. He therefore moved that a committee be appointed to obtain the legal opinions of Hon. Reverdy Johnson and Wm. Price on the subject. John L. Thomas said there would be no difficulty; the judges of election are appointed for one year or until their successors shall qualify, and if the Board of Police did not choose to act, they would have an election any how. The subject was here dropped, and the Convention proceeded to elect delegates to represent the city of Baltimore in the Gubernatorial election with the following result:—Dr. Henry S. Hunt, James McDougall, Samuel Hindes, John H. Seidenstricker, R. S. Matthews, Aug. M. Price, S. J. K. Handy, George Cassard and George W. Bain. George H. Dutton was named, but objected to on the ground that he employed a clerk who is not an undoubted unconditional Union man. Wm. H. Collins was then elected as the Senatorial delegate, and the Convention adjourned, determined to have *an election any how.*

The Lombard Street Infirmary—Death of a Soldier.—At the present time there are a large number of sick soldiers at this institution, which, as has been stated, is the hospital for the reception of the cases from the camps in the vicinity of Baltimore. Several wounded in the battles of Great Bethel and Manassas have also been received. Johnson Roosa, a member of the 20th New York regiment, died at the institution yesterday, from typhoid fever. The regiment to which the deceased was attached, has returned home, and his remains will be kept subject to the order of his friends.

Stabbing Case.—Yesterday afternoon two youths, William Linhoff and Christian Baer, aged about eighteen years, engaged in the cigar-making establishment of Mr. Yeager, No. 162 East Baltimore street, had an altercation, which resulted in the former stabbing the latter with a knife, under and back of the left arm, near the arm pit, inflicting a wound an inch in depth. Dr. Healy dressed the wound, which is not regarded as dangerous. Linhoff was arrested by Federal officer Seipel, and taken before Justice Griffin, who held him for his appearance at court.

Narrow Escape from Serious Injury.—Yesterday afternoon, a German, named John Bragar, residing at No. 18 Shakespeare street, near Bethel, visited the ship *Addphine*, lying at Jackson's wharf.—While walking along the deck he fell headlong through the hatchway into the hold, striking in his descent the sharp edge of a plank, which tore the flesh from the left side of the skull to the chin, exposing the bone, which, fortunately, was not fractured. He was removed to his dwelling, where the services of a physician were rendered. He was able to be up and about to-day.

Arrests on Charges of Assault with Intent to Kill.—Yesterday afternoon an outrageous assault was perpetrated upon Mr. John T. Randall, Constable, in the Western section, by three persons, respectively, Gotleib Fry, his wife, and a woman named Margaret Lightman. They were all taken into custody with considerable difficulty by Officer Mitchell, and placed before Justice Ensor, who, at the end of the examination, released them on bail in the sum of three thousand dollars to await the action of the Grand Jury.

Injured by a Thrashing Machine.—While three men, Jesse Loft, Lewis Frizzell and John Gore, were working a thrashing machine on a farm near Owings' Mills, Baltimore county, an accident occurred which resulted in the severe injury of two of them. Frizzell, in attempting to catch a strap which had parted, had his arm broken in two places. Loft fell in the hopper and had his arm drawn in the cylinder, crushing it badly. Dr. S. Larsh attended the cases. Frizzell's arm will have to be amputated, it is supposed.

Movements of Federal Troops.—The First New Hampshire Regiment, Colonel M. C. Tappan, the last of the three months volunteers attached to Gen. Banks' command, arrived at the Camden station yesterday afternoon, from Sandy Hook. They left seven of their members prisoners in the hands of the Confederates. During the week only about 3,000 troops passed through to Washington and the Upper Potomac, while not less than 10,000 men have gone through to their homes.

Fire in the Country.—On Thursday night about 10 o'clock, the stables of Mr. J. B. Graf, Owings' Mills, Baltimore county, were set on fire and burnt to the ground. Five tons of hay and eighty bushels of oats were consumed with the buildings. Mr. Graf also lost a valuable horse, and a lot of poultry and other property. The premises are supposed to have been fired by worthless scroundrels passing along the road, as such characters were seen loitering about during the evening.

Important to Colored Persons.—The Provost Marshal has issued an order, which requires that all persons of color shall be in their places of employ or homes before half past ten o'clock at night, on pain of arrest. Passes from responsible parties will exempt from arrest. The enforcement of this order is said to be rendered necessary by the great number of colored persons on the streets at all hours of the night.

Prince Napoleon.—This distinguished French man and suite passed through the city yesterday afternoon, in the through train from Philadelphia, and left the Camden station for Washington in the 3.45 train. The Prince and suite occupied a special car, and were visible to but few of the curious persons who assembled at the depot.

More Seizures.—The steamer *George Weems* was overhauled this morning at her wharf, prior to her departure for the various landings on the Patuxent river, and a small quantity of quinine was seized as contraband of war. The vessel was detained and the steamer *Planter* ordered to be got ready to carry the *Weems'* passengers.

Arrival of Troops.—The 4th Indiana Regiment arrived here this morning, and have been sent into Camp. They are a sorry looking set, and their march emulated, in regularity and soldier like bearing, that of a flock of sheep.

Arrival and Departure of Butler.—The renowned Butler of "strychnine" reputation and hero of Hampton Pump, arrived this morning in the steamer *Georgeanna*, and at once proceeded to Washington.

DYE WOOD, CHEMICALS, &c.

R. J. BAKER,

Importer and Manufacturer of

DYE WOODS,

DYEING DRUGS,

CHEMICALS, &c.

Used by Woolen, Cotton, Soap and Paper Manufacturers, Tanners, Leather and Morocco Dressers, Machinists and Dyers

36 *S. Charles Street.*

ap 22 d3m

MILITARY BOOKS.

FOR SALE BY

HENRY TAYLOR,

SUN IRON BUILDING.

SOLDIER'S GUIDE TO HEALTH.....$ .25
HARDEE'S RIFLE AND LIGHT INFANTRY TACTICS, 2 vols., Illustrated..... 1 50
MILITARY TEXT BOOK, by L. D. Williams, Illustrated 75
RIFLE AND LIGHT INFANTRY TACTICS, including the Articles of War and Dictionary of Military Terms 1 25
HANDY BOOK FOR THE UNITED STATES SOLDIER coming into service, Illustrated..... 25
RIFLE AND LIGHT INFANTRY TACTICS, Illustrated by Col. Hardee, an abstract for the Recruit..... 25
THE SOLDIER'S GUIDE, a Manual and Drill for the Volunteer..... 25
ELLSWORTH'S ZOUAVE DRILL..... 25
VOLUNTEER'S MANUAL, by Col. Baxter, Illustrated containing instructions for the Recruit..... 25
GROSS' MILITARY SURGERY..... 50
APPLETON'S MAP OF THE SEAT OF WAR..... 25

HENRY TAYLOR,
Sun Iron Building,
Baltimore.

jy4

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Steamer Europa.

ST. JOHNS, August 2.—The steamer *Europa*, from Liverpool via Queenstown, on the 22d ult., passed Cape Race to-day.

The ships *Agincourt*, *Dover Castle* and *Donald McKay*, had arrived at Liverpool with 100,000 ounces of gold from Australia.

Lord John Russell goes to the House of Lords as Earl Russell. Lord Herbert will resign, from illness, the war secretaryship.

Senor Bermudez, formerly Spanish Ambassador at Naples, will return to the court of Francis II.

At Warsaw crowds of patriotic Poles assembled before the residence of the British Consul, and shouted long live Queen Victoria, depositing at the same time boquets of flowers in testimony of their gratitude for British sympathy with Poland.

Omar Pasha had landed at Ragusa, and was received with military honors.

The royal rescript had been read in both houses of the Hungarian Diet. It says the laws of 1848 cannot be established, because they are incompatible with the recent Constitution. The union of Hungary with Transylvania is impractible at present. The affairs of Servia will be arranged on the basis of the restoration of the Servian National Congress.

Accounts from Italy say that Count Cialdini has ordered 15,000 volunteers for mobilization, and issued a proclamation expressing confidence in the people and the National Guard. He appeals to the liberal party to assist in dispersing of the reactionists. A chief and several reactionists at Monta Silvano have been arrested.

American securities at London have advanced. Consols had advanced to 89¼a90 for money, and 90 to 90¼ for account. The minimum rate of discount was 5¼.

Commercial Intelligence.

Liverpool, July 22.—Cotton—The sales of the last two days amounted to 45,000 bales. The market is buoyant, with an advance of 1-16a¼ d. The sales included 22,500 bales to speculators and exporters. The market has a still advancing tendency, but closes easier.

Breadstuffs—Flour has declined chiefly as regards inferior qualities. Wheat—Red Western 9s.a11s.; White Western and Southern 11s. 6d.a13s. 6d., closing steady. Corn 28s.a28s. 6d. for mixed; 28s. 6d.a29s. for yellow, and 31s.a33s. for white closing heavy.

Provisions.—Beef has a downward tendency, and the market closed flat. Pork is still declining. Bacon is quiet. Lard closed steady at 47s.a49s. Tallow is inactive at 29s. 6d.a32s.

Produce.—Ashes—Potand Pearl still advancing with sales at 7s.a7s. 3d. Rosin—Common steady at 47s. 6d. Spirits Turpentine inactive. Sugar flat. Coffee dull.

MARRIED.

On the 1st instant by Rev. Richard P. Bell, PETER DODSON to Miss ANN MARIA BAILEY, all of this city.

DIED.

In Philadelphia, on the 23d July, JAMES MURRAY, aged 24 years.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

SALES AT THE BALTIMORE STOCK BOARD.

SATURDAY, August 3, 1861.

$1,000 Northern Central R.R. bonds, '85.....45
7 shares Franklin Bank..... 8
27 shares Mechanics' Bank.....73⅝
13 shares Union Bank.....57

Prices and Sales of Stocks in New York.

First Board, August 3.

Virginia 6's.....50	sales	N. Carolina 6's..61	sales
Missouri 6's.....43¾	do	Cleveland & Tol.—	do
Canton Co..... 9¼	do	Mich.South.RR.—	do
Erie Railroad...25¾	do	Mich. So. Guar. —	do
N. Y. Central..76½	do	Rock Island RR —	do
Reading.....36½	do	Tennessee bonds.43¼	do

Market steady.

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

BALTIMORE, August 3.

COFFEE.—Nothing doing. Rio held at 13¼@15 cents.

FLOUR.—Nothing doing. Market very dull.—Super held at $5.

GRAIN.—The receipts of Grain at the Corn Exchange footed up 11,700 bushels, as follows, viz:—3,500 bushels Wheat; 2,050 do. Corn; 5,800 do. Oats and 350 do. Rye. All of the offerings changed hands at 105@110 cts. for fair to good reds; 112@115 cts. for prime do.; 105@118 cts. for common and medium whites; 120@125 cts. for fair; and 130@140 cts. for good to strictly prime parcels of do. Sales of 1,500 bushels fair to good white Corn at 63@65 cts., a decline of 2 to 3 cts. per bushel; we quote yellow at 50@55 cts. for fair to prime. Sales of 3,000 to 4,000 bushels good to prime Maryland Oats at 35@37c., and we quote Pennsylvania at 37@40 cts. Sales of 350 bushels old Pennsylvania Rye at 57 cts.; new Maryland 56c.

WHISKEY is held at 18½@19c. for Ohio. No sales.

Nothing doing in other articles.

PORT OF BALTIMORE, August 3, 1861.

ARRIVED TO-DAY.

Steamer Georgeana, Pearson, from Old Point—to M. N. Falls.
Steamer John S. Shriver, Dennis, from Philadelphia—mdse., to J. A. Shriver.
Steamer J. R. Thompson, Fowler, from New York—mdse., to J. A. Shriver.
Steamer F. W. Brune, Foster, from New York—mdse., to J. A. Shriver.

BELOW.

Ship Augusta, (Brem.) from Bremen.
Ship McLeod, McManus, from Calliao.
An unknown ship from Bremen.

CLEARED TO-DAY.

Steamer Georgeana, Pearson, Old Point Comfort, M. N. Falls.
Steamer John S. Shriver, Dennis, Philadelphia, J. A. Shriver.
Steamer F. W. Brune, Foster, New York, J. A. Shriver.

CLEARED YESTERDAY.

Ship Ernestine, (Bre.) Frericks, Bremen, Von Kapff & Arens.
Brig Chattanooga, Fry, St. Johns, F. R. Kirkland, Chase & Co.
Brig Palmetto, Jones, Pernambuco, Jas. Hooper & Sons.
Schr. Dorcas Haynes, Gifley, East Haddam, Keiser & Gray.
Schr. Ashland, Graves, Washington, W. Appegarth & Son.
Schr. Jas. E. Price, Jones, Georgetown, do.
And the usual number of schooners, sloops, and sail boats, which under the recent order of Collector Hoffman, cleared for different rivers and creeks in Maryland.

ARRIVED FROM BALTIMORE.

Ship Cherubim, Skinner, at Queenstown, 1re., 19th ult.
Bark Maryland, (Bre.) Hellmers, at Bremen, 11th ult.
Bark Royal Visitor, (Br.) Hull, at Wexford, 1re., 18th ult.

CITY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, BALTIMORE, July 29th, 1861. NOTICE.—The discount allowed for the prompt payment of City Taxes will cease (under present rates) after THURSDAY, August the 1st. All persons wishing to avail themselves of the advantages of the ordinance, are respectfully called on to make payment before that date.
JOHN J. GRAVES, City Collector.
jy 29 3t

FARMERS AND PLANTERS' BANK, BALTIMORE, June 27, 1861.—The President and Directors have declared a dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the capital stock for the last six months, payable on and after the 8th July.—Transfer books closed until the 1st July.
T. B. RUTTER, Cashier.
jy 27 eod3t

FLOUR—FLOUR.—A choice assortment of superior FLOUR, suitable for Bakers and Family purposes, comprising the following celebrated brands.—
FAMILY—"Welch," "Eureka," "Pine Hill," "Monrovia," and "Newark."
EXTRA—"J. I. Wood," "Monrovia," "Ingleside," "New London," and "Newark."
SUPER—"Walnut Bottom," "Newark," "Millville," etc.
RYE FLOUR—Made of pure Virginia White Rye.
For sale by manufacturers agents,
C. D. HINKS & CO.,
jy 24 No. 41 South Howard street, near Lombard.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Baltimore city, letters testamentary on the estate of JOHN DUSHANE, late of said city, deceased. All persons having claims against the said estate, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, properly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 19th day of January, 1862, they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.
Given under my hand this 19th day of July, 1861.
HARRIET ANN DUSHANE, Executrix.
jy 20 law4t

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT THE SUBscriber has obtained from the Orphan's Court of Baltimore city and state of Maryland letters testamentary upon the estate of JOSEPH MADERSBACKER, late of said city, deceased. All persons having claims against said Estate, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers, to the subscriber, on or before the FIRST DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1862. They may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of said Estate. All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment.
Given under my hand this 11th day of July, 1861.
HIRAM GREENTREE, Adm'r.
E. R. SPRAGUE, Attorney.
jy 11 law4t*

MUTAUL SAVINGS' BANK, BALTIMORE, June 22d, 1861.—At an election held on Tuesday, 18th instant, for Twenty five Directors to manage the affairs of the Bank for the ensuing twelve months, the following gentlemen were elected:

GEORGE BARTLETT	NATHAN PUSEY,
CHARLES M. KEYSER,	ROBERT A. DOBBIN,
JESSE HUNT,	WILLIAM HOOPER,
JAMES HARVEY,	ASA NEEDHAM,
WILLIAM A. HACK,	WILLIAM R. FENNIMAN,
WILLIAM DEVRIES,	J. MASON CAMPBELL,
CHARLES D. SLINGLUFF,	HENRY RIEMAN,
JOHN CUSHING,	ELISHA H. PERKINS,
AARON FENTON,	HENRY S. LOUDERMAN,
JOHN COATES,	JOSEPH TAYLOR,
FRANCIS BURNS,	ALEXANDER KIRKLAND,
JOHN W. WALKER,	ALFRED JENKINS,

J. KOBERT ISRAEL.

At a subsequent meeting of the Board, JESSE HUNT, Esq., was re elected President, and EDWARD F. OWENS, Treasurer.
jy 24

E. WHITMAN & CO.,
No. 62 EXCHANGE PLACE, BALTIMORE, MD.
Manufacturers of

Horsepowers,	Straw Cutters,	Wheat Drills,
Threshers,	Corn Stalk Cutters,	Lime Spreaders,
Wheat Fans,	Corn Shellers	Wheel Barrows,
Corn and Cob Mills,	Ploughs,	Canal Barrows.
Hay Presses,	Cultivators,	
Clod Crushers,	Cotton Planters,	

Also, dealers in Spades, Shovels, Rakes, Hay and Manure Forks, Horticultural Tools of every description, Field and Garden Seeds, Guano, &c.
ap 22-d3m

TO THE PUBLIC.
J. W. HARPER & CO.,
BILL POSTERS AND DISTRIBUTORS,
No. 13 North street, Baltimore.
jo 13

HARDWARE, GUNS, PISTOLS, &c.

WILLIAM HARRIS,

GUN, RIFLE & PISTOL

MANUFACTURER,

No. 116 Pratt Street,

1 door from South Street, Baltimore.

ap22 1m

MERRILL'S RIFLE.

MERRILL, THOMAS & CO.,

No. 239 Baltimore Street,

BALTIMORE.

jy 25 eod1m

FLAGS.

FOR SALE BY

SISCO BROTHERS,

95 BALTIMORE STREET,
OPPOSITE HOLLIDAY STREET.
jo 7 1y

CHAS. SPILKER. CHS. ROSS.

CHARLES SPILKER & CO.

IMPORTERS OF

FANCY GOODS,

No. 10 Hanover Street,

BALTIMORE.

ap 22

LEONARD PASSANO,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

GERMAN ENGLISH AND DOMESTIC

FANCY GOODS

AND

NOTIONS,

32 Centre Market Space,

BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

ap22 3m

DRY GOODS.

5,000 LOTS NEW YORK

AUCTION BARGAINS.

MOST DESIRABLE AND CHEAPEST

GOODS EVER OPENED IN BALTIMORE.

One Thousand Pieces Dress Goods

LESS THAN HALF PRICE

In Paris BAREGES, plain and printed Grenadine Barege printed (entirely new) in beautiful styles

6-4 BLACK BAREGES,	At much less than usual prices.
6-4 WHITE BAREGES,	
3-4 BLACK BAREGES,	
3-4 BLACK CREPE MARETZ,	Many at half cost of importation.
3-4 and 6-4 BLACK MOUPILINES,	

DRESS SILKS, all boiled BLACK SILKS, LAWNS and ORGANDIES, SHAWLS, Hemstitched and Embroidered Lawn HANDKERCHIEFS, French CHINTZES. All these lots were bought last week at auction in New York at large sacrifices to the importers, all are new and desirable styles, and will be opened on our retail floors MONDAY MORNING.

HAMILTON EASTER & CO.

ap 22 4m 199, 201 and 203 Baltimore street.

FANCY GOODS.

LEONARD PASSANO,

No. 52 Centre Market Space,

BALTIMORE

Offers to cash buyers a stock of

FANCY GOODS,

Consisting of as great variety as can be found in any other house in the city, at prices to suit the times.

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,

PERFUMERY, HOSIERY,

STATIONERY, COMBS, BRUSHES,

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

PISTOLS,

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS,

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS,

PORTE MONAIES AND PURSES,

SKELETON SKIRTS,

TRIMMINGS, &c. &c.

ap 22 d1m

CORTLAN & Co.

IMPORTERS OF

CUTLERY, PLATED GOODS,

BRONZES, ALBATA WARES,

DINNER, TEA AND DESSERT SERVICES,

Family and Fancy Hardware,

AND

HOUSE FURNISHING ARTICLES

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

216 & 218 BALTIMORE STREET,

MARBLE BUILDING.

jy 25 1m

P. MALCOM & CO.,

GRAIN, FLOUR AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN GUANO.

WAREHOUSES, WOOD STREET, BOWLY'S WHARF,

ap 22 d1m Opposite Corn Exchange, Baltimore.

SECOND EDITION.

BY THE PHILADELPHIA TRAIN.

From Washington.

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Ledger* says:

The news from Maryland with reference to the action of the Legislature in the present crisis is looked for with absorbing interest. It is believed, from what has recently transpired, that thousands are deep in the secession plot, and that the machinery is now in actual working order to hand the State over to the Southern Confederacy. One writer boldly asserts that "the hour for Maryland's deliverance is not far distant," and hence the great interest that is felt in the development of the future. So far as the Legislature is concerned, it is understood and believed here that every member who votes in favor of a secession act for that State, will be arrested on the crime of treason, and dealt with accordingly.

Senator Pearce affects to believe that everything is all right in Maryland, that is, all right for the Union, but the developments that now and then come to light do not confirm his cheering views.

The efforts to induce the Prince Napoleon to make his stay at the White House during his sojourn in Washington, were not successful—the Prince preferring the hospitalities of the French Minister.

The refusal of the Paris *Moniteur* to print the sentence in Mr. Lincoln's message, which speaks of the rights of the United States being everywhere respected by Foreign Powers, causes considerable comment here, as the act is believed to possess a significance of deep import.

The correspondent of the Philadelphia *Inquirer* says:

It is rumored here that orders have been issued for the abandonment of Hampton and Newport News, and for the concentration of all the troops there at Fortress Monroe.

During my recent absence from Washington, I learned, from a source entitled to credit, that an early attack on Cairo forms part of the plan of the Rebel leaders, and will be actually attempted. The details of the expedition were arranged by General Polk, and have been approved of by Jeff. Davis. A force of sixty thousand men, profusely supplied with artillery of heavy calibre has been organized, and is already on the march for a point near Cairo. The rebels are confident of being able to take Cairo.

The same correspondent professes to have the following information as to the intention of the "Rebels:"

The defeat of our troops in this engagement was not unexpected to the Rebel chiefs. But when, by the Wednesday following, they became aware of the full results of the battle, a special meeting of the Rebel Cabinet was held, which was attended by Beauregard, Lee, and several other officers of high rank. At this meeting, the plan previously agreed upon for the conduct of the campaign on their part underwent several important modifications; and as the general result of the meeting a bolder and more aggressive mode of warfare was determined on, than had hitherto been contemplated. Up to this time I am positive in saying an attack on Washington had formed no part of their plans. It had been agreed, after a full consideration of the whole subject, to make the war, on their part, strictly a defensive one. But now it was determined to abandon this course, and to assume the offensive, until three great objects shall have been achieved. They are:

First. The re-occupation of Hampton, Newport News, and of all the territory now held by General Butler outside the walls of Fortress Monroe.

Second. The re-possession of the line of posts on the Upper Potomac, from Williamsport and Martinsburg down to the Falls of the Potomac, including Harper's Ferry, and all the fords and ferries on the stream.

Third. The capture of the Federal Capital; to be accomplished either by crossing the Potomac above the city and making an attack on the northern side, or by storming the entrenchments on the right bank of the river; or by a simultaneous attack in both directions.

Not only are these plans fully resolved on, but the forces intended to be employed are already raised, and the officers to be in command are already assigned to their respective posts. The troops, however, are not all on the ground.—Statements were laid before the meeting showing that there were now in the field, available for the execution of these plans, 200,000 men.

From New York.

The New York correspondent of the Philadelphia *Ledger* indicates in his letter of yesterday, that an attempt is being made to bridle the Press in that city. He says:

There are signs of trouble out of doors. Anonymous placards and mysterious warnings appear on the dead walls of the city, and each attracts a crowd of gaping listeners, shaking their heads, and wondering what is in the wind. Some of these placards call for a public meeting to "crush the serpents that are stinging the Republic to death," but as neither the place nor the time for the demonstration is specified, we may reasonably conclude that the serpents in question are only to be crushed out in flaming handbills on the dead walls. Others are more specific and more entertaining; as, for instance, the following:

"AWAKE! ARISE! STRIKE!—Men of New York! enemies at home wearing the mask of peace (masks of the golden cross,) as well as open foes, must be struck down. Be not deceived! The freedom of the press is subordinate to the interests of a nation. Let the three Southern organs issued in this city beware, or editors will be assigned to them to preserve the public welfare. From this date the authority of the people organizes a new system of legislation suited to the times. Politicians will not be permitted to injure the general cause in pursuit of ambitious ends. The rights of our soldiers will be forbidden to aggrandize themselve at their expense. The District Attorney is expected to exercise his power. Traitors, male and female, are marked. Their names enrolled. Not one shall escape. Southern sympathizers are directed to leave the State. One will! One way! One Country! We have begun to act! From the league of loyalty.

New York, August 1, 1861. THE PEOPLE."

GOD SAVE THE REPUBLIC.

Perhaps it may tend somewhat to the solution of this enigmatical advertisement to add, that the three newspapers which the men of New York in a certain contingency propose to edit, are the *Journal of Commerce*, the *Day Book*, and the *Daily News*. However, from the fact that the proprietor of at least one of these journals applied to the Superintendent of Police this afternoon, for a sufficient force to protect his office against an attack which he had reason to believe would be made, one must conclude that the public are not to be permitted to supplant him in the editorial chair without a tussle.

Though yesterday was "quarter day," I cannot learn that any of the landlords have met with remarkable success in collecting their rents. I allude more particularly to that class of them who are chiefly interested in tenement houses, occupied by families generally of the poorest class, many of whom, at this moment, have as much as they can do to keep body and soul together without paying rent. The agent of a leading capitalist, who owns a dozen or more of these houses in the sixteenth ward, in which are some three hundred and fifty tenants, tells me his total returns to-day, instead of being $3,000 or thereabouts, did not exceed $96. At every department he says his agent was met, not with the money, but with lugubrious stories, of "No money—no work—no nothing." "It would be the easiest thing in the world to turn these defaulting tenants into the street," added the landlord, but in that case my houses would have to be closed for the season, or else another set of tenants would get in, who would, in turn, default, when next quarter day came round. Some of the agents tell of the rough reception many of them get from families who have sons or husbands in the army, that class of persons having got it into their heads that the Union Defence Committee, or the Common Council, are bound at least to pay the rent.

Business at the Brooklyn Navy Yard continues very active; nearly three thousand men are now engaged in the various departments. The steam sloop-of-war *Richmond*, which arrived from the Mediterranean on the 3d of July, has been refitted, and is nearly ready to join the blockading squadron; being a first-class vessel, of nearly 2,000 tons, she will be of great service in quarters where at present great service is needed.

The steamer *Connecticut* will be ready to sail in a few days, with four heavy 32-pounders and one rifled 10-pounder.

The *Potomac*, carrying 50 guns, will be ready in the course of a fortnight. The *Iroquois* has sailed again in search of the *Jeff. Davis*.

The Princess Clotilde, during the absence of the Prince Napoleon, will remain at the New York Hotel. She receives little or no company. Yesterday she took a ride with the Duchess d'Abrantes through Broadway and Fifth avenue, and today she visited the high bridge.

The Pennsylvania Army.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 2.—The entire force of Reserve Regiments from Pennsylvania is to be placed under command of General McCall, by order of General McClellan. Eleven thousand of the Reserves have been sent forward already, and the only remaining regiment of infantry will be at the seat of war in a few days. The artillery which will be attached to this Pennsylvania army will comprise forty-eight guns, consisting partially of rifled cannon. The guns range from 32-pounders to 6-pounders. As soon as they are ready they are to be sent forward by batteries. The first battery goes South on Sunday night, under command of Lieutenant Colonel Campbell, and the other batteries will follow in a short time. The Cavalry regiment is almost ready, and the men are all in camp.

From the South.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 2.—The Manassas correspondent of the New Orleans *Picayune* confirms the report that John Cochrane, Col. Wilcox, Congressmen Ely and Van Wyck, and a Washington Editor, were among the prisoners held at Richmond.

The number of cannon captured from the Federals was 36, including a number of 32 pound brass rifle pieces, several 24 and 18 pounders, and the balance 12 and 6 pounders.

The cannonade on the battle field was tremendous, averaging along the whole line of seven miles, fully *five hundred shots per minute!* This comprised, of course, the firing of both armies.

Major Wheat was badly wounded, but living at last accounts.

Return of the Missouri Three Months Volunteers.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 2.—Col. Solomon's regiment and part of Col. Siegel's arrived from the Southwest yesterday. The balance of Col. Siegel's and the two Iowa regiments will probably arrive to-day. These troops will be disbanded here—their time having expired; but nearly all the two former regiments will re-enlist for the war. Efforts are being made to continue the organization of the Reserve Corps or St. Louis Home Guard beyond the time of their regular enlistment.

From New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, August 2.—The sales of Cotton for the week have been 218 bales at 10½@11c. for middlings. The receipts of the week have been 130 bales, against 6,030 for the same week last year; the decrease in receipts at this port are 302,000 bales, and at all Southern ports 905,000 bales. The stock in port is 9,600 bales. Sugar 1½@4¾; flour $7.25@7.50; sales of coffee for the week have been 860 bags, 20@30 cents; stock in port 1,900 bags. Advices from all sections of the Confederacy give glowing accounts of the crops.

British Vessels Violating the Embargo.

BOSTON, August 1.—The British brig *Herald*, which was captured July 16th and taken to Philadelphia for attempting to run the blockade, as reported yesterday, cleared from Boston, May 27th, ostensibly for Turks Island, but was then chartered by parties in New York for Beaufort, N. C., with the intent to try the experiment of running the blockade.

It is well known in this city that other British vessels have left these ports within thirty days for Wilmington and other ports in North Carolina, to take cargoes for England and the British provinces.

A Chase After a Privateer.

BOSTON, August 3.—A letter from the United States ship *Savannah*, dated July 25th, off Cape Hatteras, notices the chase of an unknown vessel which, to avoid capture, ran in over the shoals, high and dry on the beach. She was a full rigged brig of two hundred tons. Her conduct was very suspicious. She is supposed to be the privateer *Jeff. Davis*, or some vessel captured by her.

Movements of Gen. Fremont.

CAIRO, August 3.—General Fremont has arrived with a fleet of eight steamers from St. Louis, containing four regiments and several detached companies of infantry and two companies of artillery, and have landed at Bird's Point, swelling the force there to 8,000 men.

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So many jewels in their way—black by the subject, but brilliantly lightsome in it. It is a little mine full of promised diamonds.—*New York News.*

Rabid abolitionists and prejudiced foreigners should read this book.—*New York Herald.*

Defending "the institution" more than all argument from the assults of ignorance or prejudice.—*De Bow's Review.*

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The author is sometimes a philosopher, sometimes a poet, and in every character readable.—*New Yorker.*

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IRVING COLLEGE, MANCHESTER, CARROLL COUNTY, MD.—The SUMMER Session of this Institution will commence on THURSDAY, May 23d, instead of May 16th, as heretofore announced, for which a proportionable reduction will be made. Patrons are earnestly requested to have the children presented promptly at that time.
S. M. T. MARKLAND, President.
m 13 tf

NOTICE.—CITY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, BALTIMORE, July 13, 1861.—As no action has been taken by the City Council in the case of the opening of Fayette street, and in order to prevent any misapprehension as to the result, notice is hereby given to all parties interested, that under the existing ordinance, I shall be compelled to advertise the lots on which the assessments remain unpaid, for sale, on WEDNESDAY, July 17th, 1861.
JOHN J. GRAVES, Collector.
jy 13 2t

WELCH'S FAMILY FLOUR—
We have on hand a small lot of WELCH'S FAMILY FLOUR, of unsurpassed quality, for sale at manufacturer's prices.
C. D. HINKS & CO.
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FOR ROTTERDAM—The fine A 1 Bremen ship JOHANN SCHMIDT, Captain Isehmidt, will have prompt despatch for the above port. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, please apply to the Captain on board, Corner's wharf, F. P., or to
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THIRD EDITION.

FIVE O'CLOCK, P. M.

The Latest News.

The Washington correspondent of the New York *Herald* says:

The purport of the despatch to General McDowell is understood to be, that the rebel leaders had heard that two of their officers who were taken prisoners at the battle at Bull Run had been hung, and it was desired to know if such report was true, as the rebel chiefs intended in such case to hang at once a few of our officers by way of retaliation. The contents of the despatch to General Scott are not at present allowed to be mentioned. When the matter is disposed of the facts will be communicated. An answer will probably be given to-night.

The officers who brought the flag of truce state that General Beauregard has gone to Charleston on important business, and the command-in-chief of the rebel army of the Potomac is confined to General Johnston, who is at Manassas Junction.

The bearers of the flag of truce brought a number of letters from our wounded and prisoners at Manassas, Sudley's church and Centreville, to their friends here and at the North. They