The South.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON, MAY 31, 1861.

Baltimore is to be "bombarded," "shelled," "burned with fire," "laid in ashes," "laid low," "crushed," "destroyed," "annihilated," "wiped out," "blotted from the map," "razed," "levelled with the ground," "ploughed with cannon-balls, "and sown with gunpowder," "sacked," "pillaged," "swept with fire and sword," "made an abode for "owls and satyrs, and a place for fishermen to dry "their nets."—*Vide Northern Press passim.*

THE CITY.

Passage of Troops.—Two New York Regiments, the Twelfth and Thirteenth Infantry of New York State militia, arrived at the Bolton depot, yesterday evening, at 6 o'clock. The Twelfth, under the command of Col. Walrath, numbered 820 men, and the Thirteenth, commanded by Col. Quimby, 770. They marched to the Camden station by way of Biddle, Eutaw and Camden streets, and left in the cars at 8 o'clock, for Washington. At 9½ o'clock this morning, the Second Maine Regiment arrived at the President street depot, from Philadelphia. When they left home, five days since, the regiment numbered 860 men, rank and file, but they have left thirty-six of the number on the way, on the sick list, the fatigue of marching to and from the several depots having proved too much for them. The regiment is commanded by Col. C. D. Jamison.

Signing the Laws.—Governor Hicks yesterday, at the Fountain Hotel, signed the laws passed at the extra session of the Legislature in the presence of the presiding officers and chief clerks of both Houses, as prescribed by the Constitution. The engrossed bills had previously been taken to Annapolis and the great seal of the State affixed to each. The laws will be deposited in the office of the Court of Appeals. The whole number of laws passed at the late session was 21, also 7 resolutions—all of which have been heretofore published.

"Contraband."—The dwelling of Mr. George W. Staylor, Eager street, near Britton, was entered yesterday afternoon, between three and four o'clock, by an invader in search of *contraband articles*, who seized and possessed himself of one purse, containing one dollar and *forty-nine* cents—being the full amount of cash then convenient—which he discovered in the kitchen cuboard. He then proceeded to the second story, where he selected some female wearing apparel, which he afterwards deemed advisable to leave in the parlor, secured in a blanket.

Release of a Minor Soldier.—In the United States Circuit Court, before Judge Giles, a writ of *habeas corpus* was issued on Monday last, commanding Capt. J. C. McConnell to produce before the Court, this morning at 10 o'clock, the body of Wm. Warner, an enlisted minor. This writ was obeyed, and upon examining the case this morning, Judge Giles filed an order discharging the boy from the service, as he was not eighteen years of age at the time of his enlistment. The order also directs the petitioner to pay the costs.

Brutal Outrage.—Last evening whilst a aged man named Jacob Eitel, who resides on Federal Hill, was standing on the pavement in front of his dwelling, a Federal soldier, who gave the name of Patrick Barker, deliberately tripped him, in passing, and the old man fell across the curbstone, breaking one of his legs. He was attended by Dr. Baltzell, and officer McIntire having arrested the soldier, he was committed to jail by Justice Showacre, to answer at court.

Arrests on the Charge of Treason.—Joseph Hood and John R. Duley were arrested yesterday afternoon, on the charge of treason, the former with having enlisted and furnished men for the service of Virginia, and the latter with having so enlisted and gone into the service. Hood was committed in default of $1,000 bail, to answer at Court, by Commissioner Hanan, and Duley committed for a further hearing this morning, which resulted in his being committed also, in default of bail, for his appearance at Court.

Another Pardon Application.—The Governor of the State has been applied to for the exercise of the pardoning power in the case of Emanuel Cohen, convicted in the Criminal Court of Baltimore, at its January term, 1861, and sentenced to the Maryland Penitentiary for eighteen months.

Selection of a Warden and Clerk for the Jail.—A meeting of the newly elected visitors of the jail was held last night, when Wm. A. Wisong was elected warden, and Charles Wirgram was elected clerk. They will enter upon their duties early next week.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

BALTIMORE MARKETS.

BALTIMORE, May 31ts.

We omit our usual report to-day, there being no transactions of moment. Prices of leading articles are nominal at former rates. Business is excessively dull.

SALES AT THE BALTIMORE STOCK BOARD.

FRIDAY, May 31, 1861.

$1000 Baltimore and Ohio R. R. bonds, '75...70
20 shares Baltimore Gas.....110

Prices and Sales of Stocks in New York.

	First Board, May 31.		
Virginia 6's	45¼ sales	N. Carolina 6's	.54 sales
Missouri 6's	40¼ do	Cleveland & Tol.	22¾ do
Tennessee 6's	41¾ do	Mich. South. RR.	11¾ do
Canton Co.	8¼ do	Galena & Chicago	do
Erie Railroad	22¾ do	Harlem Railroad	do
N. Y. Central	72½ do	Mich. So. Guar.	26 do
Reading	31¼ do	Rock Island RR	34½ do

Market steady.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET, MAY 30.

The market is a little more active, and we note some business at the note brokers for select signatures, at rates varying from 7 to 15 per cent. There is no general demand, however, for business paper, and the market is still very sensitive in relation to credits.

Foreign Exchange is heavy, and buyers will not pay the rates lately current; good commercial signatures are selling at 104½@105, and bankers 105½, some asking more.

State Stocks active at easier rates.

PORT OF BALTIMORE, May 31, 1861.

ARRIVED TO DAY

Steamer Georgeana, Pearson, from Old Point—to M. S. Fall.
Steamer Artizan, Chalmers, from New York—mdse.—to J. A. Shriver.
Steamer Henry L. Gaw, Lee, from Philadelphia, to J. A. Shriver.
Schr. House F. Brewster, Warren, from Snowhill Md.—ballast—to Messrs. Adams & Mayo.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY

Schr. Florida, Weaver, from New York—ballast—to W. Rhoads & Son.
Schr. Maryland, Hoe, from New York—ballast—to Chas. Pen delton.
Schr. S. M. Shultz, Lawson, from New York—to Ecoe & Lyon.
Schr. Southerner, Lee, from Philadelphia—to master.

CLEARED TO DAY

Steamer Georgeana, Pearson, Old Point—to M. S. Fall.
Steamer Henry L. Gaw, Lee, Philadelphia, J. A. Shriver.
Steamer S. Nelson, Kirwan, from Alexandria and Washington—to W. Skinner.

CLEARED YESTERDAY

Brig E. B. Hodgdon, Knight, West Indies, S. H. Travers.
Schr. Eugene, Rogers, West Indies, E. & H. R. Tucker.
Schr. Mohawk, Staples, Boston, P. K. Stirling & Alvey.
Schr. Geo. W. Gale, Palmer, New York, Chas. Pridham.

SAILED

Bark Augusta, Frost, for Falmouth, Eng.
Schr. Mohawk, Staples, for Boston, P. R.

MEMORANDA

Ship Kate Hooper, Lakeman, of Baltimore, was at Havana 23d inst.
Bark J. H. Chadwick, Hall, for Messina, from Havana, at Gibraltar May 10th inst.
Brig Rosalie, Lewis, for Baltimore, was at Buenos Ayres 19th ult.
Brig Jacob E. Cavalier, from Havana, arrived at Cardenas 16th inst.
Brig Forest Queen, Clark, for Baltimore, cleared at New Orleans 22d inst.
Schr. Wm. T. Morgan, Conover, for Baltimore, cleared at Pensacola 20th inst.

ARRIVED FROM BALTIMORE

Brig Lucy O. Fell, Hooper, at N. Orleans 24th inst.
Brig Trial, Brown, at Boston 28th inst.

CLEARED FOR BALTIMORE

Brig Lucy, Evans, at Cardenas, 17th inst.

LAMBERT GITTINGS & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANT.

may 21 eod1m* No. 58 BUCHANAN'S WHARF.

JOHN S. WILLIAMS & BRO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

ap 22 d3m 52 COMMERCE ST., BALTIMORE.

P. MALCOM & CO.,

GRAIN, FLOUR AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS

IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN GUANO

WAREHOUSES, WOOD STREET, BOWLY'S WHARF,

ap 22 d1m OPPOSITE CORN EXCHANGE, BALTIMORE

F. W. BENNETT & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS

28 AND 30 SOUTH CHARLES STREET,

ap 23 tf BALTIMORE

HENRY F. ALBERTI HENRY AD. BRUNE

H. F. ALBERTI & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF GERMAN, FRENCH & ENGLISH

FANCY GOODS.

Nos. 6 and 8 SOUTH LIBERTY ST., near BALTIMORE ST.

ap 22 d3m

Latest from Old Point.

George B. Tucker, of Baltimore, sutler's clerk at Fortress Monroe, was taken into custody upon the charge of having opened private letters, and communicated their contents, together with other information relative to affairs at the Fort, to parties residing at Norfolk connected with the Southern army. He was ironed, placed on board the steamtug *Elizabeth*, and sent to Fort McHenry, where he arrived early this morning.

Craney Island has been strongly fortified by the Confederate troops. It is a circular fort, with a breast work of dirt, about eight feet high. It is located on an island distant about half a mile from shore, and about nine miles from Norfolk.

Other advices state that at Newport News Point there is no commissariat, and that the greatest confusion prevails amongst the troops. Foraging parties have ravaged the adjoining country, and wantonly destroyed much property—a line of entrenchments 2,500 feet had been constructed.

Colonel Duryea visited Hampton yesterday and published a proclamation to the few remaining inhabitants, declaring that private property should be respected.

Notwithstanding the utter want of preparation at Newport News, Butler with characteristic want of foresight, ordered Bartlett's brigade at once to repair thither. The weather was intensely hot, the place being without shade, and the troops were suffering greatly. It was stated that there are now at Fort Monroe and on the Virginia shore about 13,000 United States troops.

During yesterday the steamer *Quaker City* brought in as a prize the schooner *Lynchburg*, from Rio de Janeiro, bound to Richmond, with a full cargo of coffee on board. She was lying at at Old Point, waiting orders for her disposition. The propeller *Don* also captured and brought in a schooner, apparently loaded with lumber, but was found to be filled with gunpowder. She was bound from New York to Charleston. The troops and vessels were evidently preparing for some movement, but no one knew what disposition was to be made of them.

FORT PICKENS WILL FALL.—"I was shown a letter received here to-day from an officer now at Fort Pickens to his father in this city. He says the Fort cannot possibly be held out against the Confederates for twenty-four hours, as Bragg has so arranged his batteries that he can lodge shells into the Fort every minute."—*Washington Cor. Cin. Enquirer.*

——The *National Intelligencer* of this morning says: "The friends of Ex-President Buchanan in this city and throughout the country will be happy to learn that, though for some days recently past he was confined to his room by indisposition, he is now convalescent and rapidly recovering his usual good health and spirits."

——The Hanover (Pa.) *Citizen* says that the expenses at Camp Scott, *exclusive of rations*, for the past month, have been $7,901.82.

——Forty shares of Westminster Bank Stock were sold at Westminister, last Monday, at $6.05 above par.

MARRIED.

On the 16th instant, by Rev. Jos. S. Collins, THOMAS NORRIS to Mrs. ELIZABETH A. MEGRAW, all of this city.

DIED.

On the 30th instant, Mr. JUDEA BUCKSHAUM, in the 82d year of his age.

On the 23d of May, in the city of Davenport, Iowa, P. CARE BUCHANAN, in his 23d year.

On the 17th of May, in Baltimore county, DEBORAH, consort of the late Solomon Jacobs, in her 87th year.

On the 29th of April, in Tobago, W. I., Hon. EDWARD DYER SANDERSON, Chief Justice of the Island, in the 54th year of his age.

On the 30th instant, in New York city, JOHN McGINNESS a native of county Armagh, Ireland, in his 37th year.

HOLLIDAY STREET THEATRE.

ADMISSION..... 25 AND 15 CENTS

CLARKE'S BENEFIT

THIS EVENING,

Will be presented for the first time

OUR AMERICAN COUSIN

Asa Trenchard ..... Mr Clarke
Florence ..... Mrs C Hunt

To be followed by the Comedy of

THE HYPOCRITE

Mawworm ..... Mr Clarke

With an extemporaneous Sermon on the Times

To conclude with the Farce entitled

TOODLES A FATHER

Toodles, a Parent ..... Mr Clarke

In preparation, "The Lovely Man of the Ocean."

HON. HENRY MAY,

INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE FOR

CONGRESS.

may 25 d:313 FOURTH DISTRICT.

LEONARD PASSANO,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

GERMAN ENGLISH AND DOMESTIC

FANCY GOODS

AND

NOTIONS,

32 Centre Market Space,

ap 22 3m BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

FURNITURE, &c.

JOHN T. WATKINS,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

CABINET FURNITURE,

No. 47 SOUTH STREET,

BALTIMORE,

Has always on hand Sofas, Chairs, Beds, Bedding, and in fact every article relating to house keeping, for sale low for cash.

ap 22 d3m

F. W. RODEWALD. S. W. SINDALL.

RODEWALD & SINDALL,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

INDIGO SODA ASH, CAUSTIC SODA, SPICES, SOAP, STARCH, SAL SODA, RICARB SODA,

AND SUNDRIES DRUGS GENERALLY.

ap 22 3m 66 EXCHANGE PLACE, BALTIMORE.

A CARD.

A. C. MATTHEWS,

GENERAL AUCTION COMMISSION MERCHANT.

No. 20 SOUTH CHARLES ST.

Will give his personal attention as AUCTIONEER, to sales of every description, and respectfully solicits from his friends and the public generally, a share of their patronage. ap 22

NEW BOOKS—NEW BOOKS—NEW BOOKS.

Now ready and for sale by HENRY TAYLOR,

Sun Iron Building.

SILAS WARNER, or THE WEAVER OF RAVELOE. By the author of Allen Bede. 60
AFTER ICEBERGS WITH A PAINTER. A summer voyage to Labrador. By I. I. Noble $1 50
CURRENTS AND COUNTER CURRENTS. By Oliver Wendell Holmes 1 25
LIFE AND CAREER OF MAJOR ANDRE. By Winthrop Sargeant 1 50
MACAULAY'S HISTORY OF ENGLAND.
GENERAL EDITIONS.
Cheap edition—5 vols., complete in one 1 25
do do 5 vols., 12mo 2 00
Large edition, fine paper and large type, 5 vols 5 00
HOPES AND FEARS. By Mrs. Young 50
THE ALCHEYMIST. By Balzac, author of Petty Annoyances 1 00
TRUMPS. By Curtis, author of Prophet Papers 150

ALL THE POPULAR MAGAZINES AND NEWSPAPERS ON HAND

HENRY TAYLOR,

may 11 tf Sun Iron Building, Baltimore.

FOR FREDERICKSBURG,

AND LANDINGS ON THE RAPPAHANNOCK RIVER.

The Steamboat VIRGINIA, Capt. NOAH FAIRBANK, leaves Baltimore from her wharf on LIGHT STREET, foot of Barre street, EVERY FRIDAY AFTERNOON, at four o'clock. ap22

SECOND EDITION.

BY THE PHILADELPHIA TRAIN.

The Administration Approves of Negro-Stealing.

General Cameron, Secretary of War, yesterday despatched the following letter to General Butler:

WASHINGTON, May 30, 1861.

SIR:—*Your action in respect to the negroes who came within your lines from the service of the Rebels is approved.* The Department is sensible of the embarrassments which must surround officers, considering military operations in a State, by the laws of which slavery is sanctioned. The Government cannot recognize the rejection by any State of the Federal obligations, nor can it refuse the performance of the Federal obligations resting upon itself. Among these Federal obligations, however, none can be more important than that of suppressing and dispersing armed combinations formed for the purpose of overthrowing its whole constitutional authority.

While, therefore, you will permit no interference by the persons under your command with their relations of persons held to service under the laws of any State, you will, on the other hand, so long as any State within which your Military operations are conducted is under the control of such armed combinations, *refrain from surrendering to alleged masters any persons who may come within your lines.* You will employ such persons in the services to which they may be best adapted, keeping an account of the labor by them performed, of the value of it, and the expenses of their maintainance. The question of their final disposition will be reserved for future determination.

SIMON CAMERON,
Secretary of War.

To Major General Butler.

From Washington.

The following despatches appear in the Philadelphia papers from Washington:

The rumor of a probable hasty retreat of the Virginians from Harper's Ferry is not credited by those who are believed to be posted upon the subject. At Norfolk, the troops are in excellent condition, fully armed, and number about ten thousand men; they are mostly from the Gulf States. The number of troops at Richmond is not below 25,000, and the city is in an almost defiant position. It will require a herculean task to dislodge the enemy from this point. The number of troops at Manassas Gap is stated, by a gentleman who passed the Junction, to be about 12,000—if anything the number was even greater. Flour, pork and bacon are plenty; and there are no complaints among the troops of their rations. Gen. Beauregard is said to have been in Norfolk and vicinity for several days.

The impression here to-day is that the Government troops will march upon Manassas Junction to-night or to-morrow, in which event they will likely be met by the Virginians, and a desperate battle ensue.

The Capitol is being evacuated by the Northern troops, preparatory to the cleansing and re-furnishing of the building, which is in the most filthy condition. The troops proceeding to the General Post Office Building, where their quarters will be for the present.

An order from the War Department permits the return of the Seventh Regiment to their homes, and alludes in high terms to the meritorious services they have rendered. The camping ground of the Seventh will be used hereafter by the Ninth Regiment of New York, together with all the equipage.

Rumors are current that Judge Taney has tendered to the President his resignation, though there are nothing stronger than rumors to confirm it.

Secretary Cameron has quite recovered from his illness, and was at the Department to-day.

From the Seat of War.

We find the following accounts of military movements in the Washington correspondence of the Philadelphia papers:—

The New York Twelfth yesterday advanced seven miles from Alexandria. The Quartermaster and Engineer, who were in advance, were fired upon and compelled to beat a hasty retreat, and fall back to the advance guard.

The camps are now connected by a line of telegraph, and in three hours the whole force in and around Washington can all be concentrated at one point, if necessary.

A messenger has sent word to the War Department that there are 20,000 rebels just below the Manassas Junction.

The Seventy-first New York Regiment has been ordered to be in arms to-night, ready for marching at a short notice. The military preparations to-night indicate that important events are about to transpire. The steamer *Monticello* has sailed for Old Point with instructions to Gen. Butler. A hole was knocked entirely through her by a shell from the Sewall's Point battery. To-day, a reinforcement of three hundred men was stationed along the Annapolis road.

Things in New York.

A letter from New York of yesterday's date says:

No less than five additional different regiments have received marching orders to-day. All of them are fully armed and equipped, and number in the aggregate nearly 4,000 men. They will probably depart for Fortress Monroe on Saturday. These regiments are the Third, Col. Frederick Townsend; Fourth, Col. Alfred W. Taylor; Ninth, Col. Rush C. Hawkins; Tenth, Col. Walter W. McChesney; and the Twentieth, (United Turner, Rifles,) Col. Max Weber.

The Seventh Regiment are expected back in New York on Saturday. The announcement seems to be received with coldness by the public, who were so enthusiastic in their praises of them a few weeks ago. I do not hear of any preparations to give them a reception.

The United States Marshal received a despatch from the State Department to-day, announcing that a proper person will be sent on to New York, in the course of a day or two, to make an official examination of the telegraphic despatches seized by order of the Government a few days since.

Latest from Cairo.

A gentleman who left Cairo on Monday, informs the Philadelphia *Inquirer*, that great dissatisfaction exists among the soldiers there, on account of the unhealthiness of the place, the low and marshy ground, and the great size and insatiable voracity of the musquitoes. He says that urgent representations have been made to Gen. McClellan to have a move made on Memphis, with a view of taking possession of that place and abandoning Cairo; and that such a movement is by no means improbable. Memphis, however is well defended. And, besides its own defences, there are numerous and well armed batteries along the banks of the Mississippi between it and Cairo, as well as at several points along the railroads in Tennessee.—At other points, the railroad bridges have been destroyed; so that it will not be an easy task to take Memphis.

Still Further by the America.

At a preliminary meeting of the Great Ship Company, the Chairman said that contingent orders had been given to the Captain of the *Great Eastern*, with respect to her employment by the American Government, and the Ministers in Parliament would be asked whether she would be absolved from the penalties if chartered before the Queen's proclamation got out.

Queen Victoria held Court at Buckingham Palace on the 16th inst., at which Mr. Dallas delivered his letter of recall, and presented Mr. Adams to Her Majesty.

FRANCE.

During a debate in the Senate, on the petition to extend the French occupation of Syria, Mons. Billault explained that France would evacuate Syria on the 5th of June, and if evil result ensued, the responsibility will rest on those who demand the withdrawal.

France will leave six vessels to cruise off Beyrout, and English and Russian ships will act in concert with them.

Kossuth had arrived at Turin. Klapka had gone to Garibaldi, and returns to meet Kossuth.

The Postmaster-General notifies the Atlantic Steamship Company, having failed to fulfil the Galway contract, the Company has forfeited the contarct.

A Liverpool paper says they will continue to run the Galway boats notwithstanding.

PARIS.—Rentes closed at 69f. 40c.

Rio Janeiro dates to the 25th have been received. Coffee is quoted as follows:—Good firsts 6⅞@00 a 7⅛50.

The shipments since last steamer were 84,000 bags; the stock in port 140,020 bags.

Exchange on London 26⅛ a 26⅜.

Latest via Queenstown.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday Evening, May 18.—The sales of cotton to-day reached 10,000 bales, of which 4,000 were taken by speculators and exporters. Market closed quiet. Breadstuffs quiet. Corn closed with a declining tendency, but no actual changes in rates.

LONDON—Saturday evening—Consols closed to-day at 91⅛a91⅜ for money, and 91⅜a91½ for accounts.

Illinois Central shares sold at 34⅞a37⅞ discount. Erie shares 21⅛a22⅛.

The steamship which left to-day for Halifax and Boston, took out £260,000 in specie

HAVRE COTTON MARKET.—Cotton steady at a decline of 1f.; tres ordinaire, 109; bas, 103. Sales for the week, 12,500 bales; stock in port, 280,000 bales.

The Foreign News Disappoints the New Yorkers.

A letter from New York to the Philadelphia *Ledger* says:

The European advices by the *America* creates disappointment on Change. Instead of low prices for breadstuffs, a further advance was confidently anticipated by the trade here, and the same may be said as respects cotton. Besides, the tone and drift of the debate in Parliament on the American war shows that John Bull, instead of coming round right on the privateer question, as he was expected to, as soon as he could hear of the energy of the North, is going farther astray than ever. The news, therefore, was pronounced unfavorable, all round.

The suspension of mail facilities, with the Seceding States, on and after to-morrow, is entailing a deal of trouble in advance, upon certain branches of business.

Sewell's Point Impregnable.

WASHINGTON, May 30.—Capt. Engle of the navy has just returned from a survey of the position of the Southerns at Sewell's Point. He reports that the Point is held by four thousand Southern troops, and that a powerful battery is erected on the shore. The place is skilfully defended by works, and the task of capturing it would be great. Capt. Engle, however, does not regard its capture as at all necessary for the purposes of the government, for the present at least, especially as vessels of war can pass the Point without incuring the peril of injury from the battery. Capt. Engle reports that the position can be turned by a rear movement. A Virginian, who has just arrived here from Fairfax county, reports that it is the intention of the Virginians at Harper's Ferry to come down the canal to Alexandria as soon as our troops advanced towards Manassas Junction.

From Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, May 30.—In the *habeas corpus* case of Capt. McDonald, Judge Treat yesterday decided the return of General Harney insufficient, and sustained the demurrer. Counsel for the respondent then asked leave to amend the return, which was granted. Col. Blair's regiment yesterday was sworn into the United States service for three years. About two hundred citizens of Southern Illinois, left for the South a day or two ago, for the purpose of joining the Confederate army. The Paducah *Herald*, the Columbus *Crescent* and the Hickman *Courier*, secession papers in Western Kentucky, have suspended. Four steamers passed Vicksburg on the 26th inst., with Confederate troops from New Orleans for Fort Smith, Arkansas.

The Blockade of New Orleans.

LOUISVILLE, May 30.—A despatch from Charles A. Fuller, published in the New Orleans *Picayune*, of the 27th instant, says that the U. S. steamer *Brooklyn* is blockading the mouth of the Mississippi. The Pensacola correspondent of the Mobile *Advertiser* states that several vessels, including three from Apalachicola, have been driven from there within two or three days by the blockading fleet.

The Border State Convention.

FRANKFORT, May 30.—The proceedings of the Border State Convention have been unimportant.

Markets.

NEW ORLEANS, May 30.—Sales of Cotton to-day 900 bales at 10½@11¼. Corn 78@85 cts.

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

C. H. MYERS. A. J. MYERS.

CHARLES H. MYERS & BRO.

IMPORTERS OF

Brandies, Rum, Gin;

Port, Madeira, Sherry, Lisbon Claret and White Wines,

Cordials, &c.

WITH EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

FOREIGN LIQUORS, SALAD OILS,

Scotch Ale, London Stout, Cigars,

&c. &c.

Corner South and Exchange Place,

ap 24 tf BALTIMORE.

JAMES HAZLITT. BOSTON HAZLITT.

JAMES HAZLITT & CO.

IMPORTERS OF

BRANDIES, GINS, WINES,

WHISKIES, &c.

Nos. 39 and 41 S. Gay Street,

BALTIMORE.

J. H. & Co are the sole proprietors of various brands of choice Old Monongahela Rye Whiskies. ap 22 d3m

F. C. MARTIN. E. N. BELT.

MARTIN, BELT & CO.

DISTILLERS.

PURE RYE, MALT AND WHEAT

WHISKIES,

108 North Howard Street,

BALTIMORE.

Refer to Johnston Brothers & Co ap 22 3m

HARDWARE, GUNS, PISTOLS, &c.

WILLIAM HARRIS,

GUN, RIFLE & PISTOL

MANUFACTURER,

No. 116 Pratt Street,

1 door from South Street, Baltimore.

ap 22 1m

MERRILL'S RIFLE.

MERRILL, THOMAS & CO.,

No. 239 Baltimore Street,

BALTIMORE.

ap 23 eod1m

NOTICE.

OFFICE ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY,

164 BALTIMORE STREET, BALTIMORE, MD.

GOODS FOR THE CONFEDERATE STATES must pay duties after this date.

Invoices, sworn to by consignors, must accompany all Goods and Packages THE ADAMS EXPRESS CO.

Baltimore, March 20, 1861.

INSURANCE AGENCIES.

GILMOR MEREDITH,

FIRE AND MARINE

INSURANCE AGENCY,

No. 49 Exchange Place,

BALTIMORE.

MARINE—

The Neptune Insurance Company, New York.

FIRE—

The Gebhard Fire Insurance Company, New York.
The Enterprise Insurance Company, Philadelphia.

ap 22 d

COLUMBIAN (MARINE)

INSURANCE COMPANY,

NEW YORK.

CASH CAPITAL PAID UP.....$300,000
ASSETS NOVEMBER 30th, 1860.....$1,264,443 69

R. C. MORRIS, President.
THOS. LORD, Vice President.
SAMUEL H. MOORE, Secretary.

The undersigned respectfully solicits application for insurance in this desirable office.

HENRY M. WARFIELD, Agent.
H. M. WARFIELD & CO.,
16 Spear's wharf.

ap 22

LICENSED AGENCY.

SOLE AGENT OF THE

Insurance Company of the Valley of Virginia.

CAPITAL SURPLUS.....$335,000.

Virginia Life Insurance Company, Richmond, Va.

CASH CAPITAL.....$100,000

INSURES CHEAPEST and pays the promptest of any safe Company in the country.

Takes Risks upon a man's Life for the benefit of his wife and children, exempt from the claims of his creditors. Also, grants Risks upon lives of SLAVES.

SAMUEL J. HARRISON, President
WM HENRY HAXALL, Vice Pres't.

Medical Examiner, Dr. Jno C. MACKENZIE.

J. LYLE CLARKE, Agent,
28 Second street, Baltimore.

Refer to J. Hanson Thomas, John S. Gittings, Samuel G. Wyman, John F. Pleasants & Son, Hopkins, Hull & Atkinson, and Ward Brothers. ap 23 3m

FANCY GOODS.

LEONARD PASSANO,

No. 52 Centre Market Space,

BALTIMORE,

Offers to cash buyers a stock of

FANCY GOODS,

Consisting of as great variety as can be found in any other house in the city, at prices to suit the times.

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,
PERFUMERY, HOSIERY,
STATIONERY, COMBS, BRUSHES,
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
PISTOLS,
GENTS FURNISHING GOODS,
UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS,
PORTE MONAIES AND PURSES,
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THIRD EDITION.

FIVE O'CLOCK, P. M.

The Latest News.

The Washington correspondent of the *Tribune* says:—

I am told that notice has been sent from the Rebels to prominent Secessionists in Alexandria, to the effect that the women and children should be removed, as a large force was approaching to attack the town. I still doubt that an attack will be made, or that any considerable battle will take place before the Federal forces approach Richmond. But political expediency may override military prudence.

Col. D. P. Tyler, of Connecticut, has been appointed Brigadier-General. Capt. W. S. Sherman, late of the U. S. Army, and brother of John Sherman, of Ohio, is appointed a Colonel in the regular army.

Gen. Foot, of Vermont, will introduce a bill at the extra session authorizing the President to fill all existing vacancies at West Point by nominations at large. This is in anticipation of a permanent increase of the regular army.

A letter from a correspondent of the same paper at Newport News says:

The rebel force at Yorktown, some twenty miles distant, does not, I am persuaded, exceed 3,000 men. They have planted batteries there so as to command the river, and it is quite likely that it is a part of the plan which General Butler is placed here to carry out, to occupy Yorktown with Federal troops at an early day.

It being reported that the *Jamestown* and *Yorktown* were intending to come down the river for the purpose of attacking us, we were on the alert the whole of the night. We do not disguise our uneasiness, in view of the fact that should Beauregard take it into his head to make a dash at us, he might give us some trouble. We would be glad to see the *Cumberland* lying abreast of us.

The *Herald* of yesterday says:

We have information that Mr. Davis and his entire Cabinet took formal leave of Montgomery on Sunday last, and proceeded to Richmond, where they are no doubt now located. They brought their families with them. Gen. Davis is to take command of the Confederate army in person, and ex-Senator Wigfall, of Texas, has been appointed his chief Aid-de-Camp. General Beauregard is in command at Norfolk.

Columbiads are being mounted on the rebel batterries at Pensacola, and a raft or floating battery is about to be sent down the river. Col. Brown has notified General Bragg, however, that if he continues his hostile operations he will open fire upon him from the fort, and Bragg, has replied that he does not care for the fire, but will go on with his movements.

The veracious Washington correspondent of the *Herald* communicates the following incident:

General Scott received an ear of green corn, with the husks on, carefully enclosed in a sheet of letter paper, upon which was the following:

CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA,
Dep't of State, Montgomery, May 22, '61.

Major General Scott, with the compliments of the Secretary of State.

W. F. ALEXANDER, Private Sec'y.

The intention of this bit of diplomacy, evidently, is to show our military chief that the blockade will not entirely cut off all means of support.

More About Baltimore.

The correspondent of the New York *Tribune* writes as follows, under date of the 29th instant:

I chanced to get an inkling, last evening, indeed I may say, a revelation, of Gen. Lee's designs on Baltimore.

His purpose is to engage Gen. Scott's attention at Manassas Gap Junction, some 30 miles south of Alexandria, by a formidable demonstration against Washington from that quarter, and, while this feint is being made, to move forward suddenly his Harper's Ferry column upon Baltimore, by rail to the Monocacy Junction, thus bringing himself within 40 miles of this city. Once at that point, which he expects to reach without the knowledge of Gen. Scott, by destroying the wires in every possible direction, he will march direct upon Baltimore, by way of the old Frederick Turnpike, and, by a forced march, get within 20 miles of the city before the news can spread of his approach. This done, the rebels are to rise in Baltimore, at a given signal, after midnight, and begin the work of slaughtering the unarmed Union men and their families, in which wholesale murder the Police authorities, led on by their pliant Marshal, are to be aiders and abetters. The authors of this infamous scheme boast of their ability to let loose an armed mob of at least 8,000 desperadoes, who are to show loyal people no quarter whatever. While those deeds of darkness are being enacted, Gen. Johnston's forces, numbering over 12,000 undisciplined adventurers, will be descending like an avalanche upon the town, out of which they think it would be impossible for Gen. Scott to drive them.

When reminded of the Federal forces now stationed around the city and at Washington, and of the terrible armament at Fort McHenry, the cool assumption is that none of these obstacles can prevail against such a determined foe as General Johnston commands. The men in this city acting in concert with Gen. Lee, in his purpose of cutting off Gen. Scott's communication with the North, by this proposed *coup de main*, rely greatly upon the ability of the Baltimore rebels to dispatch and hold in check the friends of the Government in the city until Gen. Johnston can form a junction with them. The Union men have no military organization, and no arms. The rebels have both, and the disarming of them by Gen. Cadwalader has gone on so indifferently that he has not gathered in one-fifth of the arms which the mob got possession of in the reign of terror. The purpose of Gen. Lee has been self-evident for some days, but now that it is no longer concealed by his friends, a good deal of uneasiness has sprung up in the last twenty-four hours in the breasts of loyal people, and I but reflect that uneasiness when I say there is no assurance at all of their personal safety, as things stand at the present writing.

If Gen. Butler or Gen. Cadwallader had declared martial law, and abated the entire nuisance of the Police, all possibility of a second insurrection would now be at an end. Even if it were done now, people would be content, but instead of any prospect of it, Marshal Kane is boasting about the city that he is the guest of Gen. Cadwallader, and that the General and he are hand in glove. Of course, there is no truth in this statement, but everybody is asking why Marshal Kane is not shorn of his power to do mischief. On the other hand, loyal people are offended at the course of the District Attorney, who is shielding the rebels by requiring loyal informants to verify their information as to the deposits of arms, the shipment of contraband goods, and all other matters looking to the discomfiture of the traitors, on oath, and thus expose themselves to the prosecution of the Secessionists. The importance of the friends of the Government at this state of things, is necessarily augmented by the open threats of the rebels, that their time for vengeance is at hand. The absence of all Government agents at the telegraph office in the city does not tend to quiet public apprehensions.

FOR WASHINGTON, ALEXANDRIA, GEORGETOWN AND THE POTOMAC RIVER LANDINGS.

The steamer COLUMBIA, Captain James Harper, will leave Commerce street wharf on SATURDAY AFTERNOON at 5 o'clock, stopping at her accustomed Landings on the Potomac river.

Freight received from Friday morning until three o'clock on Saturday. ap 22 CHAS. WORTHINGTON, Agent.

FOR THE PATUXENT RIVER.

The steamer MARY WASHINGTON will leave her berth for the Patuxent River, commencing WEDNESDAY, February 6th, and continue every Wednesday thereafter until further notice. MASON L. WEEMS, Master.

The steamer GEORGE WEEMS will leave her wharf every SATURDAY MORNING, commencing March 16th, for the same place. THOS. WEEMS, Master.

N. B.—Tobacco landed at either No. 1 or 2 Tobacco Warehouse, as shippers may desire.

All freight must be prepaid.

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Baltimore and Fredericksburg Steamboat Company's new Iron Steamer LOGAN, A. B. Kirwan, Captain, leaves Baltimore from her wharf, foot of South street, every TUESDAY, at 4 o'clock, P. M.

For information, freight or passage, apply to JOS. WHITE, Agent, Foot of South street, Baltimore, or ADAMS & FRENCH, Agents at Fredericksburg, Va. ap 22

FOR ANNAPOLIS, WEST AND SOUTH RIVERS.—Steamer CECILE, leaves Light street wharf on every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY MORNING, at 9 o'clock, returning Thursday and Monday—leaving South River at 7 o'clock and West River at 9