THE MARYLAND NEWS SHEET.

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SEE FOURTH PAGE.

BOARD OF TRADE.

Committee of Arbitration for month of October.

ROSS CAMPBELL,
JNO. WILLIAMS, | H. R. TUCKER,
CHS. BULLING, | JNO. K. CALWELL.

Monetary and Commercial Review.

BALTIMORE, November 8, 1861.

Stocks were to-day as they have been through the greater part of the week steady and tolerably firm, but the business done at the Board was trifling. The transactions were altogether in City stock, the sales embracing $4,000 5 per cents. at 70, and $710 1875 6's at 83, an advance of 2 per cent. on the price bid yesterday. For 1890's 84¾ was bid, and 86 asked. Maryland 1870 6's closed at 86 bid for coupons, and 87¾ bid for inscribed.—Railroad shares were quite firm. Baltimore and Ohio closed as on yesterday at ¾13 bid, $50 asked, but Northern Central was ¼ to ⅜ better, $16¾ being bid, and $17 asked for it regular way at the close. Baltimore and Ohio bonds closed at $49¾ bid for 1862's (the extra dividend bonds); 82¾ bid for 1867's; 71 bid for 1873's; 67 bid for 1880's and 1885's; Northwestern Virginia 3rd mortgage at 70 bid; and Northern Central 1885's left off at 59¾ bid, 59¾ asked. There was an inquiry at the Board for Canton and Baltimore Gas Co., and the former closed at $10 bid, $11 asked, and the latter at $101 bid, $102 asked regular way. Bank stocks are generally steady and firm. For the Mining stocks there is occasionally a demand, and to-day Gardner Hill closed at 50 cts. bid, 60 cts asked, and Springfield at $1.75 bid, $1 90 asked.

The money market exhibits no new features. Money continues abundant and paper of the right stamp is easily negotiated at 6 per cent. for endorsed, and 9@12 per cent. for single name. Call loans can be very readily made at 6 per cent. on first class collaterals.

The value of the foreign exports from Baltimore for the week ending on Thursday was only $54,778, against $121,714 last week. Included in the exports were 3,054 bbls. flour, 9,641 bushels wheat, 3,400 bushels corn, 290 bbls. corn meal, 13 hhds., and 347 tierces hams.

The small supply of bills keeps rates for foreign Exchange tolerably firm, but the demand is limited. We quote sterling to-day at 107¾@107¾ for bankers,' and 106¾@107 for commercial bills, and francs at 5 27¾ for short sight, and 5 32¾ for 60-day bills. We quote bills on Bremen at 77¾@77¾; Amsterdam at 39¾@40; Hamburg at 35¾; Cologne at 71, and Frankfort on-the-Main at 40¾@40¾.

In New York to-day Missouri 6's advanced ¾; Canton ¼; Erie ¾; New York Central ¾; Reading ¾; but North Carolina 6's declined ¾. Virginias and Tennessees closed at yesterday's figures. Treasury notes were steady at 99¾ for 6 per cents.

SALES AT THE BALTIMORE STOCK BOARD.

FRIDAY, November 8, 1861.

$4,000 Baltimore 5's.....70
710 do. 6's.....83

PRICES AND SALES OF STOCKS IN NEW YORK.

THROUGH WILLIAM FISHER & SON, Stock and Bill Brokers, No. 22 South street.

	1st Board	2d Board
Virginia 6's	45	00
Missouri 6's	43¾	43¾
Tennessee bonds	42	00
North Carolina bonds	59¾	00
Canton Company	10	00
Erie Railroad	22¾	22¾
New York Central Railroad	79	79
Reading Railroad	35¾	35¾
Treasury notes 2 years 6 per cents	99¾	00
	steady.	steady.

The New York *Herald* of yesterday says:

Business on the Stock Exchange is quite limited, but prices are generally well maintained. After the first board to-day N. Y. York Central gave way a fraction; but the Western shares were firmly held. Michigan Central was active at yesterday's prices. Pacific Mail is still wanted at the recent advance, though sales by speculators keep it still below par. The whole transactions of the day foot up to quite a moderate amount, and in the afternoon especially the market was dull. After the second board prices improved a fraction, and closed firm.

REVIEW OF THE BALTIMORE MARKETS

FOR THE WEEK ENDING NOVEMBER 8.

ALCOHOL.—We continue to quote Alcohol at 43 cts. per gallon for 95 per cent. There have been sales this week of 150 bbls at this figure.

ASHES.—Ashes are selling at New York at 5 31¾ per 100 lbs. for both Pot and Pearl, but we hear of no sales here.

BRIMSTONE.—There is no Brimstone here, but crude Sicily, is quoted at New York $42 50@45 per ton.

BARK.—There is a little better inquiry for Quercitron Bark and we note sales this week of some 500 to 600 hogs No. 1 at 2 @21 per ton. It may be quoted as ranging in price at from $16 to $21 per ton, according to quality.

BREAD.—Bread is unchanged in price and it is still selling at 4¾ cts. for Navy; 5 cts. for Pilot, and 6¾ cts. for Water Crackers, less the usual discount. There is a moderate business doing in it.

COFFEE.—There has been very little done in Coffee this week, but the market although quiet, has throughout it been very firm in tone. The sales embrace some 4 0 bags Rio Ordinary at from 18¾ to 16 cts. The stock upon the market, holders are a general thing being quite indifferent about selling except at extreme rates. We quote to-day as follows, viz: Rio at 14¾@15 cts for ordinary; 15¾@16¾ cts. for fair to prime; Laguayra at 17¾ @18 cts; and Java at 21@22cts. per lb. There have been no imports this week

CHEMICALS.—Soda Ash is selling at 2¾@2¾ cts. cash, for 80 per cent.; Bi-Soda at 1¾@2 cts. Bi-Carb Soda at 3¾@4 cts; and Bleaching Powders at 2¾@3 cts. per lb.

CANDLES.—Candles continue quiet, but Adamantine are firm at 17@20 cts. per lb. We quote Chemical Sperm at 25@28 cts; Sperm at 30@32 cts; Paraffine at 25@34 cts.; and Patent Wax at 45@48 cts. per lb. Mould may be quoted at 10@12 cts for Western, and 12¾@15 cts. per lb for Baltimore.

COAL.—There is nothing doing in Cumberland Coal there being very little here, but Anthracite is active and very firm. It is selling by cargoes for steam purposes at $4.50@4.80 f. o. b., and from the yard for domestic use at $5 25 per ton of 2,240 lbs. The stock here is unusually light

COPPER.—There is no Copper selling so far as we are advised, but there is a good inquiry for it and holders are asking advanced rates. We now quote Baltimore refined Ingots at 20¾@21 cts. per lb cash. Yellow Metal Sheathing is selling at 18 cts., and Yellow Metal Bolts and Nails at 22@23 cts. per lb.

FEATHERS.—Feathers still range at from 30 to 45 cts. per lb, as in quality, but there is very little doing in them.

FISH.—The market is overstocked with low grades Herrings, and they are very dull. We quote Madgalen Herrings at $2 75@3, and Halifax do. at $2@2 25 per bbl. Labrador Herrings may be quoted at $4 25@4.50 per bbl. A lot of about 500 bbls. was sold last week at the inside figure. There is a fair demand for Mackerel and we note the sale this week of a cargo of some 600 to 600 bbls. at about $5 for large and medium threes, and $6 per bbl. for medium twos. Medium and large threes are selling from store at $5.25, medium twos at $6 25@6.50, and No. ones at $8.50 per bbl.

FRUIT.—Foreign Fruit is still scarce and firm. Raisins are selling at $2.70@2 75 for bunch, and $3 per box for layer. There have been no arrivals here as yet this season, but we notice the arrival at Boston a few days since of a cargo of new Malaga Fruit, the first of the season. We quote Figs at 8@10 cts; Dates at 4@5 cts; Zante Currants at 10@12 cts; Plums in kegs at 8 cts; and Prunes in kegs and jars at 18 cts per lb. There are no Oranges here, but Lemons, of which there are a few in market are selling at $7 per box. Green Apples are still selling at $3@3.25, and we quote Cranberries at $7 per bbl.

FLOUR.—During the early part of the week Flour was quiet and rather heavy, but within the last two or three days there has been a pretty good demand for it, and we note an improved feeling in the market, particularly for Howard Street Flour, which is now scarce. The sales for the week add up about 7,000 bbls, and they include 500 bbls. Howard Street Super at $5 62¾; 1,000 bbls. do, mostly choice brands, at $5 75; 450 bbls. Ohio Super at $5 50; 400 bbls. choice City Mills Super at $5.75; 600 bbls do. sold subsequently at $5.62¾; 3,000 bbls. Ohio Extra at $6; and 1,000 bbls. Howard Street do. at $6.12¾ per bbl. To-day we have heard of no sales, but the market closes steady at the following rates, viz: $5.75 for good brands Howard Street Super; $5.50@5.62¾ for Ohio do; $5 50 for standard City Mills do; $6 for Ohio Extra; $6 12¾@6.25 for Howard Street do; and $6 50@6.75 per bbl. for standard shipping brands City Mills do. The exports of Flour this week are as follows, viz:

	bbls.
To Port Natal, Africa	600
" Halifax, N. S.	650
" Kingston, Ja.	1,299
" Trinidad	1,105
Total	3,654

FAMILY FLOUR.—No change has been made since last week in the rates for Family Flour, and it is still selling by the dray load to the trade at $5 for the best brands of Baltimore, $7.25@7.50 for Ohio and Howard Street; and $7.50@8 for best brands Extra is wanting $7 50 per bbl.

RYE FLOUR.—Rye Flour is in good demand and firm at $4 25@4.50 per bbl., but the receipts are light, and the sales are in consequence limited.

CORN MEAL.—There is hardly any demand for Corn Meal, but we continue to quote it at $3 per bbl. for both Baltimore and Brandywine

Inspections of Flour and Meal for the week ending November 7th, 1861:

	bbls.	hf bbls.
Howard Street	6,695	....
City Mills	4,340	279
Ohio	7,874	....
Family	1,824	....
Total wheat Flour	20,433	279

Together with 278 bbls. Rye Flour, and 12 hhds. and 121 bbls. Corn Meal.

GRAIN.—We notice a considerable falling off this week in the receipts of Grain, the offerings at the Corn Exchange of the various descriptions amounting to about 125,000 bushels, against 175,000 bushels last week. For all varieties the demand has been moderately active, and prices have been well maintained, and in some descriptions there has been a little improvement. The demand for Wheat for export continues, and we note the shipment this week of a cargo of some 10,000 bushels to Bordeaux

WHEAT.—Wheat has been in comparatively light supply this week, the receipts amounting to only about 52,000 bushels, against 90,000 bushels last week. There has been a good inquiry for it through the week, both from millers and shippers, and the market has throughout it been steady and firm. Prices have varied very little since the opening, and most of the lots received have changed hands at 120 cts. for common red, 128@133 cts. for fair to prime do., 130@140 cts. for common and medium white, 145@150 cts. for fair do., 155@158 cts. for good do., 160@163 cts. for prime do., and 165@168 cts. for fancy lots do. Both red and white may be quoted as closing steady and firm at the above figures.

RYE.—There has been about 2,000 bushels Rye received this week, and it has mostly been sold at 65@66 cts for Maryland, and 75 cts. for Pennsylvania, at which figures it closes steady.

CORN.—The receipts of Corn this week add up only about 21,000 bushels, which is some 10,000 bushels less than was received last week. The demand for it has been fair, and for white prices have improved since the opening. The sales at the opening of the week were made at 62@63 cts for yellow and 63@66 cts. for white, but white has been selling for a day or two past at 68@70 cts., and yellow at 60@62 cts. per bushel.

OATS.—Oats continue to arrive very freely, and the receipts this week add up about 50,000 bushels. Most of the lots received have however changed hands at 38@40 cts. for Maryland, although some sales of Maryland were made early in the week at 41@42 cts, and 42@43 cts. for Pennsylvania.

PEASE AND BEANS.—There are no Black Eyed Pease in market, but white Beans are selling at $2@2.50 per bushel.

GUANO.—The season for the sale of Guano is over, and there is now little or nothing doing in it. The Agents' price for Peruvian is still $60 per long ton, and dealers ask $55 for short, and $51 per long ton. We quote California or Kilde Island Guano at $45@47; Ichaboe do. at $45@48; Sombrero do. at $27; and A A Mexican do. at from $18 to $22 per ton of 2,240 lbs. Reese Manipulated Guano sells at $45; Maryland Company's Super Phosphate at $40@43; Whitelock & Co's. at $43; Turner's Excelsior, Rhodes' and DeBerg's Super Phosphate of Lime at $45; and Baugh's raw bone Phosphate at $45 per ton of 2,000 lbs.

GUNNY BAGS.—Gunny Bags are still selling at 13 cts. for small, and 16@18 cts. each for large

GINSENG.—There is no Ginseng selling but we continue to quote it at 45@40 cts. per lb.

HEMP.—We quote Hemp as follows, viz: at $130@135 for rough American; $210@220 for dressed do; $230 per ton for Russia; 5¾ cts. per lb. for Manilla; 5¾@5¾ cts. for Sunn; and 5 cts for Jute.

HAY AND STRAW.—Hay continues very active at last week's figures, viz: $16@17 per ton, the government being the principal purchaser. Straw is however still dull. We quote Rye as before at $14@15 per ton. There is no other description offering.

HIDES.—There are no foreign Hides in market, and of course nothing is doing in them. We quote wet city slaughtered as before at 7¾ cts.; and wet country do at 7@7¾ cts. per lb.

IRON.—There is but little doing in Iron but the market for it is very firm, and holders are not disposed to press sales. We continue to quote as follows, viz: Baltimore Charcoal Forge at $27@27¾; Catoctin do at $21@25; Charcoal No 1 Wheel at $27@28; Anthracite Iron at $23@24 for No 1; $21@22 for No. 2; $20@21 for No. 3; Scotch Pig at $22 from ship, and $23@24 per ton from the yards We quote Blooms as heore at $40 for puddled, and $60@62½ per ton for best Charcoal; Bar Iron at $47½@50 for common English and American, and $57½@60 per ton for refined do; and Sheet do. at 3¾@4 cts. for English; 4¾ @4¾ cts. for American, and 17¾ cts per lb. for Russia. Boiler Plates are selling at 3¾ cts. for puddled, and 4@ 4¾ cts. per lb. for refined Charcoal, and we quote Nails at $2.80@2.85 per 100 lbs., cash, and $3, six months, for Cut 4d. and upwards.

INDIGO.—Indigo is quiet but very firm at the quotations, which are as follows, viz: 120@175 cts. for Bengal; 105@130 cts. for Kurpah; 120@150 cts. for Guatemala; 75@85 cts. for Madras; 30@60 cts. for common to fair, and 70@2112 cts per lb. for good prime Manilla.

LEATHER.—There is a fair business doing in Leather, and it is selling about as fast as it arrives at previous rates, viz: 27@30 cts. for City slaughtered Sole; 25@ 28 cts.; for Country do.; 26@28 cts. for Spanish Sole; 30 @32 cts. for City harness Leather, black; 27@33 cts. for Country do.; 2.@28 cts. for Rough Skirting; $3.50@5 for Upper in rough hide; 50@60 cts. for rough Calf Skins; and 85@100 cts. per lb. for finished do.

MOLASSES.—There is nothing of consequence doing in Molasses owing to the very light stock here. It is however very firm at the quotations which are as follows, viz: 28@33 cts. for Cuba clayed; 33@38 cts. for Muscovado; 35 @40 cts. for Porto Rico; and 50@56 cts. per gallon for New Orleans.

MILL FEED.—Mill Feed has advanced again and we now quote it at 16@17 cts. for Brown Stuff, and 26@27 cts per bushel for Middlings.

NAVAL STORES.—There are no sales of Naval Stores making, there being no stock here, but we quote Spirits Turpentine nominal at 165 cts. per gallon, and Tar and Pitch at $4.50@4 75 per bbl

OILS.—Oils are dull, but steady at the quotations which are follows, viz: Linseed at 70@75 cts. for American; Sperm at 150 cts. for fall, and 160 cts. for winter; Whale at 55@58 cts. for crude, and 62@65 cts. for patent bleached; Solar at 62@65 cts.; Sea Elephant at 70 cts; and Lard at 70@75 cts. per gallon.

PROVISIONS.—The market for all descriptions of Provisions has again ruled dull, except such as suit the requirements of the General Government, and prices of Bacon and Bulk Meat have receded a shade within the week.

PORK.—No sales reported. We still quote Mess at $13 50@14; Prime at $12, and Rump at $11 per bbl.

BULK MEAT.—We quote Shoulders at 4@4¾ cts., Sides at 5¾@5¾ cts., and Hams at 4¾@5 cts. per lb.

BACON.—Sales of jobbing lots to a moderate extent at 5¾@5¾ and 6¾@6¾ cts. for Shoulders and Sides, and 8@10 cts. for Hams.

LARD.—No sales, but we still quote at 8¾@9 cts. for City; 9¾ cts. for Western, and 11¾@11¾ cts. for refined.

BUTTER.—Is quiet at our last range of quotations, viz: New Glades at 10@15 cts.; Western solid packed at 8@10 cts., and New York State at 14@16 cts. per lb. Eggs are selling at 15@16 cts. per dozen for fresh selected.

CHEESE.—Cheese is in moderate demand at our last quotations, viz: Eastern cutting 7¾@8 cts.; do. English Dairy 8¾@9 cts; Western cutting 6¾@7 cts., and do. English Dairy 7¾@8 cts. per lb.

PLASTER.—Plaster is bringing $3 12¾ per ton. There have been sales this week of some 200 tons at this figure.

POTATOES.—Potatoes are arrive very freely and they range in price at from 40 to 60 cts. per bushel. By the cargo the best quality are selling at 50 cts.

POWDER.—We continue to quote Dupont's, Hazard's and Beatty's Powder at $3.25 for blasting, and $5@5.50 per keg of 25 lbs for sporting.

RICE.—There is no Rice here in first hands, but it is selling at retail we hear at 9@10 cts per lb.

SUGARS.—There has been no movement worth noting this week in Sugars so far as we have heard. The stock here is however extremely light, and although the demand is limited, the market is very firm in tone. We quote as follows, viz: Cuba at $8@8 25 for refining, and $8 50@9 50; and grocery grades; Porto Rico and New Orleans at $8 50@9 50; and current qualities of Manilla and Pernambuco at $8@8.25. We note the import this week of 355 hhds. from Porto Rico, 110 hhds, and 115 boxes from Cuba.

REFINED SUGARS.—The quotations for Refined Sugars are still as follows, viz: 11¾@11¾ cts. for loaf; 10¾@ 11¾ cts. for crushed, powdered and granulated; 10¾@ 10¾ cts. for soft crushed white; and 9¾@10 cts. per lb. for C yellow.

Comparative stock of Sugars at the four principal ports in the United States on the 1st November, 1860 and 1861, reduced to hhds.

STOCK IN NEW YORK.

November 1st, 1860	82 815 hhds.
November 1st, 1861	44,022 "
Deficiency in 1861	37,923 "

STOCK IN BOSTON.

November 1st, 1860	20,130 hhds.
November 1st, 1861	11,030 "

STOCK IN PHILADELPHIA.

November 1st, 1860	5,566 hhds.
November 1st, 1861	820 "
Deficiency in 1861	4,746 "

STOCK IN BALTIMORE.

November 1st, 1860	13,160 hhds.
November 1st 1861	2,075 "
Deficiency in 1861	10,185 "

Total deficiency in the four ports in 1861.....62,004 hhds.

SEEDS.—There is but little Clover Seed selling, and the sales are consequently limited, but we quote it steady at $4 75@4 75 per bushel for good to prime. Timothy Seed which is very dull may be quoted at $1 75@2.85, and we quote Flaxseed at $1 25@1 30 per bushel.

SALT.—Salt is lower. Liverpool is now selling at 110 @115 cts. for Ground Alum, 165@170 cts. per sack for Marshall's, Worthington's and Jeffrey & Darcy's fine, these figures being a decline of 5 to 10 cts per sack on previous quotations Turks Island Salt is now selling at 25 cts. per bushel. We note the receipt this week of a cargo of 5,000 bushels.

STARCH.—Starch is steady at 4¾@5 cts. for Western Pearl, and 5¾@6 cts. per lb. for Oswego. There is however very little selling

SPICES.—Spices are quiet but very firm. We quote as follows, viz: Pepper at 11¾@11¾ cts.; Pimento at 8@8¾ cts; Cloves at 18¾@14 cts.; Ginger at 20 cts; Cassia at 23@25 cts.; Mace at 40@45 cts., and Nutmegs at 45@50 cts per lb.

STAVES.—There is nothing doing in Staves so far as we are advised. We have received prices of Staves as follows, viz: W. O. Hhd. at $55@65; W. O. Pipe at $60@78; and W. O. Barrel at $20@30 per thousand. There are no Red Oak Staves in market.

TOBACCO.—The demand for Maryland Tobacco continues very active, and all that comes to market is quickly taken. The stocks lately in the hands of the planters' agents has been entirely exhausted, and purchasers now depend upon the daily receipts, which are not large, there being but little of the old crop remaining on the plantations. The competition among shippers has been great, and within the last three or four weeks an advance on the prices of common sorts has been established of from 75 cts. to $1 per 100 lbs. We now quote inferior and common Maryland $4@5; good common $5@5 50; middling $6@7.50; good and fine brown $7 50@10; extra fine $11@13. There is also a continued good feeling for Bay Tobacco from the upper counties of Maryland, and the red tips find ready sale at former quotations, viz: tips $3@4; seconds $3@6.50; red $8@15; spangled $6@11; yellow $12@14, and Ground Leaf $4@6.50. The sales of Ohio this week are 650 hhds., mostly at about former prices, but desirable lots sometimes sell for an advance. We make some little alteration in quotations, viz: Inferior to good common $3.50@4 50; red and spangled yellow $5.50@7; good and fine red and red spangled $7.50@10.50; and yellow $10@12 50. The sales of Kentucky and Missouri are limited, as there are no stocks on hand. We quote viz: Common lugs $3@3 50; good light heavy $3.50@3 50; common and good leaf $9 50@11.50; fine do. $12 50@13.50; and choice $14.50@16.50. The inspections of the week are 232 hhds. Maryland; 237 hhds. Ohio, and 17 hhds. Kentucky—total 536 hhds.

TALLOW.—There have been no sales of Tallow recently, but we quote it nominal at 8 cts. for Country, and 8¾ @9 cts. for City rendered.

TIN AND LEAD.—Tin Plate is still selling at $9 for I. C., and $10.75 per box for I. X. We quote Banca Tin at 29@30 cts.; Spelter at 4¾@4¾ cts.; and Lead at 6@6¾ cts. for Pig; 7 cts. for Bar, and 7¾@7¾ cts. per lb. for Pipe and Sheet.

WOOL.—Wool is active and firm, especially the lower grades. Prices have advanced very materially within the past week or two, and we now quote as follows, viz: unwashed at 35@38 cts; tub washed at 44@47 cts.; pulled at 38@42 cts.; and fleece at 44@47 cts. per lb.

WHISKEY.—Whiskey has found a ready sale this week and rather heavy. Some 400 to 500 bbls. have been sold in the week at 22 cts. for both City and Ohio, this figure being a decline of ½ a cent per gallon on last week's price, and both descriptions close to-day dull at the above figure.

FREIGHTS.—There have been no new freight engagements made this week, and the rates to all points are as they were last week. We quote to Liverpool at 13d. for grain in shippers' bags, 4s for flour, 35s. for tobacco, and 40s. for heavy goods; to Bremen at 32s. 6d. for tobacco; and to Holland at 40s for tobacco.

BALTIMORE LIVE STOCK MARKET—Nov. 7.—BEEF CATTLE—The offerings at the scales to-day amounted to 900 head. Of the number offered 125 head were driven to Washington, 50 to the country, 200 left over unsold, and the balance purchased by Baltimore butchers at prices ranging from $2.50@4 per 100 lbs—a decline of 12½@25 cts. per 100 lbs. on the rates of last week. The outside figure was paid for but a few lots. The market was rather heavy to-day.

SHEEP—The market has been active this week, and prices are steady; sales are making at $2 25@3 25 per head. Supply light.

HOGS—The demand is better, and prices show an advance of 50 cts per 100 lbs. on the rates of last week. Sales have been made this week of good to prime live Hogs at $5@5.50 per 100 lbs.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

BOSTON, Nov. 6—The market for Flour is very dull, and but little has been done. We note sales common brands Western at $5 50@5; fancy brands at $5 87¾@6; extra $6 12¾@6 25; and $6.50@7.75 for superior, including choice St. Louis. Southern Flour is quiet, and prices are almost nominal. We quote choice brands Baltimore at $8@8.75 per bbl. Corn is quiet and prices favor buyers. We quote 69@70 cts. for Western yellow; and Western mixed at 67@68 cts., per bushel. Oats have been selling at 41@45 cts. per bushel for Western and Canadas. Rye has been selling at 78 cts. Shorts $17.

BUFFALO, Nov. 7—1 P. M.—Flour unchanged. Wheat firmer: sales 5,500 bushels Genesha Spring at 92c.; 13,000 bushels No. 1 Chicago, at 91c.; 5,600 bushels Red Winter, at $1 04; 1,600 bushels Red Winter, at $1 05; 7 000 bushels Red Winter, at $1 06. Corn steady; sales 34,000 bushels, at 39c. Whiskey in moderate demand: sales 200 bbls., yesterday afternoon, at 17c.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 7—Flour firm; sales 2,000 bbls, at $5 50 for superfine. Wheat buoyant; sales 20,000 bushels red, at $1 30; white, $1 40@$1 55. Corn steady; yellow, 61@63c.; white, 70c Oats, 39@40c. Lard firm, at 9¾@9¾c. Mess Pork, $16@16 50. Whiskey steady, at 21@21¾c.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, Nov 8—Cotton is firm—sales of 2,500 bales at 24¾ cts. Flour is heavy—sales of 21,000 bbls. Wheat has advanced 1 cent—sales of 260,000 bushels. Chicago Spring $1.18@1.22; white $1.40@1.45. Corn is firm—sales of 178,000 bushels; mixed 62¾@64 cts. Whiskey closed firm at 21@21½ cts. Sugar is firm—Muscovado 7¾@8¾ cts. Coffee is steady at 15¾@16 cts.—Freights are lower—Flour to Liverpool 2s. 6d.@2s. 9d.; grain 9¾@11 cts.

The Girard (Pa.) *Union* learns that Dan Rice's contributions to the Union cause amount to upward of $8,000, and that he has subscribed $10,000 to the national loan.

LATEST NEWS.

TELEGRAMS.

FROM MISSOURI.

Defeat of the Confederates and Subsequent Defeat of the Federals.

CAIRO, ILL., November 7.—The expedition under Generals Grant and McClernand from this point, yesterday landed at Belmont, Missouri, three miles above Columbus, Ky., (which is on the opposite bank of the Mississippi river,) at 8 o'clock in the morning, to the number of 3,600 men.

Our troops engaged the Confederates, who were about seven thousand strong, at 11 o'clock, the battle lasting till sundown, when the Confederates were driven from their entrenchments across the river, with great loss. Their camp was burned, and their stores with all their baggage, cannon, horses, mules, &c, and one hundred prisoners, fell into our hands.

Subsequently our troops retired as the enemy received reinforcements from Columbus. Col. Dougherty, of Illinois, was wounded and taken prisoner.

The Confederate loss is not known, but must be very heavy. The Federal loss is from three to five hundred in killed, wounded and missing.

Further Particulars of the Battle.

CHICAGO, November 8.—A special Cairo despatch says that the Federal troops cut every a p of their way to the Confederate camp, dodging and having among the enemy, capturing twelve pieces of cannon, two of which were brought away. After the destruction of the Confederate camp it was ascertained that another force of Confederates were crossing from Kentucky to attack our troops in the rear, when they commenced retreating. Whilst retiring, they encountered the reinforcements from the Kentucky shore, causing severe loss. As far as ascertained, our losses are three hundred missing from two of the regiments. The entire loss is not yet ascertained. We lost, also, one gun, but took two hundred and fifty prisoners.

A flag of truce was sent to Columbus from Cairo with fifty wounded Confederates

Colonel Lamon, of the Federal troops, is dangerously wounded.

Major McClerken was wounded and made prisoner.

Colonel Wright, of the Confederate army, was killed.

The loss of the enemy is said to be immense, the fire from the Federal gunboats mowing them down while covering the retreat of the Federal.

The Confederates were commanded by General Cheatham, General Polk being at Columbus.

It is reported that Gen. Johnston was wounded.

A Battle Not Expected.

SPRINGFIELD, MO., Nov. 4.—It would be impossible to exaggerate the gloom which pervaded our camps yesterday, and nothing but General Fremont's urgent endeavors prevented it from ripening into a general mutiny. His quarters were thronged with officers all day, expressing their indignation and the inclination to resign. The Germans were there *en masse*, and talked loudly about resisting General Hunter's assuming the command.

As the enemy had entrenched themselves upon Wilson's Creek, and nothing was heard of General Hunter, and in accordance with the most urgent entreaties, General Fremont finally promised, just at dusk, that he would lead the army to attack them this morning, if General Hunter did not arrive. I never saw anything at all approach the excitement which this announcement created. It caused immense cheering around the headquarters, which spread in all directions from camp to camp, and there was almost uninterrupted cheering, growing more and more remote as the news reached the camps further and further away.

For two hours and a half a dozen bands of music were serenading the General at once. Everything was prepared to start at daylight, and all parading and disappointment was changed to universal joy. Our army, under such inspiration, would have whipped a hundred thousand men, but 10 o'clock General Hunter arrived. He came one hour and a half with General Fremont, who gave him the plan of battle. General Hunter then assumed the command, and Gen. Fremont left for St. Louis, via Tipton, this morning.

If we have a fight before the army recovers from its last and cruel disappointment, we fear greatly for the result, but hope for the best.

Gen. Pope is here with his entire division, and Gen. Hunter's division will be here to night, when the troops will be concentrated here.

All of Gen. Fremont's staff left with him, except Colonels Lovejoy, Shank and Hudson.

The following is Gen. Hunter's order on assuming the command:—

HEADQUARTERS WESTERN DEPARTMENT,
SPRINGFIELD, MO., Nov. 4, 1861.

The command of this department, having been relinquished by Major-General Fremont, is assumed by the undersigned. Officers commanding divisions, together with their brigade commanders, are requested to report immediately at these headquarters. (Signed) J. HUNTER,
Major-General Commanding.

Amount of Confederate Property.

ROLLA, MO., November 7—[Correspondence of the St. Louis *Democrat*].—Captain Stevens, who left Springfield on Tuesday morning, has reached here, and reports that on Tuesday morning our picketts were to be extended beyond the old battle ground at Wilson's Creek, the advance guard of the enemy having retreated from that point. Their advance guard at that point numbered seven thousand five hundred strong.

General Wyman had been appointed Provost Marshal of Springfield, and our lines were strictly guarded, no person being allowed to pass west or southwest.

The expedition under Colonel Dodge, which left Rolla a few days since in quest of ex-Judge Freeman's band of Confederates, took possession of Houston, in Texas county, on the 4th inst., and captured a large amount of Confederate property and several prominent Confederates, including some officers of the Confederate army. A large mail for the Confederate army was also captured, containing information of the position of the entire Confederate force in Missouri.

Captain Wood, with his rangers, has gone forward to Spring Valley to attack the main body of Freeman's band stationed there.

Destructive Fire at St. Louis.

St. Louis, November 7.—The bagging factory of John Ball, at the corner of Mullaughy street and the levee, with about 1,000 bales of hemp, was burned this morning The loss amounted to about $120,000, on which there is but a small insurance.

THE FIGHT IN WESTERN VIRGINIA.

From General Rosecrans' Division—Position of the Forces.

CINCINNATI, November 7.—The *Commercial* has advices from Gen. Rosecrans' army up to eight o'clock Tuesday morning.

The Confederate batteries commanded from the West side of the river the road on the East side used by General Rosecrans' supply trains from the Kanawha Falls, which is a mile and a half below the junction of the Gauley and New rivers, to General Rosecrans' headquarters at Tompkins' farm, on New river, five miles above the junction.

The supply trains of our army, therefore, have been discontinued during the day, and are run only at night

The Confederates had three batteries of two guns each opposite Tompkins' farm, one opposite to the mouth of Gauley and one opposite the Kanawha Falls, the latter the most dangerous.

Their firing was sharp on Monday morning, but very slow in the afternoon, and it is supposed that the Confederates were short of ammunition. Our artillery replied and silenced the battery opposite the mouth of Gauley.

Two of our men and several horses were wounded by shells on Monday morning.

Nothing definite is known of the Confederates, but their operations indicate desperation or great confidence.

Monday evening General Benham's Brigade was two miles below Gauley, and it is believed have crossed the river during the night. A steamboat was detained at that point for transportation across the river.

The troops were ordered to prepare four days' rations and be ready to move.

General Rosecrans had just received a battery of ten Parrott ten-pounders

The troops were confident that they could cross the river and bag the enemy, but some expressed fears that such movements have been calculated for and desired by the enemy.

Rebel Prizes Brought into Charleston---Reported Capture of the Sumter.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 7.—The following additional items of Southern news have been obtained.

An armed Confederate steamer brought into Charleston the brig Betsy Ann Wells, of Maine, Michael, Tennessee, and six other vessels as prizes.

The privateer Sumter is said to have been captured on the leeward of Barbadoes.

Wigfall has been made a Brigadier, and Bonham a Major General of the Confederate army.

It is stated in Richmond that five hundred and sixteen vessels have run the blockade since the 15th of May.

The Little Rock (Ark.) *Gazette* says Solon Borland has been appointed a Brigadier-General.

Election in Kansas--Fire on the Prairies.

LEAVENWORTH, Nov. 6.—The election yesterday for county and a portion of the State officers passed off quietly. In this county the offices are about equally divided between the Republicans and Democrats.

We have accounts of a devastating prairie fire in the western part of the State, sweeping over the greater part of Davis and Dickerson counties, involving the destruction of fences, grain, hay and utensils, stock, &c. The fire was kept away from Junction City only by the greatest exertions of the citizens. Rumors prevail of a loss of human life.

Gen. Scott on the War.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—Lieutenant-General Scott received the members of the Chamber of Commerce and the Union Defence Committee to-day. He spoke highly of the President, Gen. McClellan and Gen. Halleck, saying that under the command of the two latter and the Brigadier-Generals, he had no doubt our armies would be led to victory, and he had also no doubt they would achieve an honorable peace within a few months.

The War in Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 7.—General Zollicoffer has fallen back to Cumberland Gap, and sent to Knoxville for reinforcements.

The *Journal* says it is creditably informed that in the counties south of Green River Buckner's men, within the last four or five days, have stolen or seized from six to eight hundred wagons.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Reception of the Swedish Minister by the President.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8—The new minister resident, from Sweden and Norway, Edward Count Piper, was presented to the President to day, by the Secretary of State. He addressed the President as follows:—

Mr. President—The King my august sovereign, having vouchsafed to name me as his minister resident, near the government of the United States of America, I have the honor to deliver the letters which accredit me near you, Mr. President, in such capacity.

The King, my sovereign, having sincerely at heart the desire of maintaining the good relations which have at all times subsisted between his Kingdoms and the American Union, has ordered me to become, near you, Mr. President, the organ, and of the sentiments of the friendship which animate his Majesty, and of the value which his Majesty attaches to cultivating and cementing still more the relations so happily existing between the two Governments.

Upon my part, Mr. President, I shall be happy if, during the period of my mission, I may be enabled to maintain and strengthen the bonds of perfect understanding which at all times the profit of international interests have so happily united the two Governments; and I shall not fail, believe me, Mr. President, to give my entire zeal to contribute thereto.

To which the President replied;

SIR:—I receive with great pleasure a Minister from Sweden, that pleasure is enhanced by the information which preceded your arrival here, that His Majesty, your sovereign had selected you to fill the place. Relying upon the grounds of your derivation from an ancestral stock identified with the most glorious era in your country's history, and your own eminent social and political standing in Sweden.

This country, Sir, maintains, and means to maintain the rights of human nature and the capacity of man for self-government. The history of Sweden proves that this is the faith of the people of Sweden as we know that it is the faith and practice of their respected sovereign.

Rest assured, therefore, that we shall be found always just and fraternal in our transactions with your government, and that nothing will be omitted on my part to make your residence in this capital agreeable to yourself and satisfactory to your government.

Political Mission of Distinguished Citizens to Europe.

Archbishop Hughes left New York for Europe on Wednesday, and Mr. Thurlow Weed was to have left by the steamer to-day. It is understood that they will be followed in a few days by Bishop McIlvain, Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Ohio, and the Hon. Edward Everett, of Massachusetts. The simultaneous visit of these gentlemen to Europe seems to be made with the approval of the Government, as they all have recently been here in consultation with the President and Cabinet.

From the Lower Potomac.

The Confederates, it is believed, have erected a battery on the Potomac, between Pohick Creek and Hallowy Point, where the channel runs near the Virginia shore. This is about twelve miles below Alexandria.

From Across the Potomac.

On Wednesday a party of sixty Confederate cavalry made their appearance at Buck's Station, on the Orange and Alexandria Railroad, fourteen miles from Alexandria. On our troops advancing, the enemy retired.

A reconnoissance in force from General Smith's division, was yesterday made in the neighborhood of Vienna. Two miles beyond that place the Confederate picket guard were forty strong, behind which they had regiments in reserve.

The wife of Doctor Hunter, who was taken prisoner near Vienna on Wednesday, came within the lines of General Smith's division to-day, and obtained a pass to