The Easton Gazette.

SATURDAY MORNING, Sept. 24,

EASTON, MD.

S. M. Pettengill & Co.,

No. 37 Park Row, New York, and 6 Stat St. Boston.

are our Agents for the GAZETTE in those cities, and are authorized to take Advertisements and Subscriptions for us at our lowest rates.

BUSINESS NOTICES

Merchants and others advertising by the year will be charged extra for advertisements out of their regular line of business.

FOR CONGRESS,

HENRY R. TORBERT,

OF CECIL COUNTY.

WAR NEWS.—On Monday the French and Prussians fought a battle near the Orleans Railroad, between Vdlepeuve and Montauge, south of Paris. The statements from two sources are exactly contradictory, the Tours despatch makes it a French victory, and a telegram from Munich saying that General Viony was attacked by the second Bavrian Corps, supported by the Prussians, and defeated, loosing seven cannon and over a thousand prisoners, and being driven back into entrenchments. The fortifications at Toul were again attacked by the Prussians, but the garrison drove them off. King William's despatch to Queen Augusta says that the battle near "Sedan occurred on the heights of Secaux, three miles from the city, that the Crown Prince commanded, and gives the same statements regarding the capture as have been received from Munich. Another official despatch from the Prussian headquarters confirms this. The French have abandoned one of the positions on the north side of Paris, and general orders have been issued to all their troops to converge at the Capital. From the town of Gien, a hundred miles southwest of Paris, there is rumors of the defeat of the besieging forces near Paris, The Prussian army in the southeast of France has evacuated the department of the Upper Rhine and moved north, in the direction of Strasbourg. That city still holds out against the besegers, but there have been several figts around it, in which the Prussians have been victorious. The politicians of Germany have arranged a German Confederation, with Delbruck as President, and Frankfort, now the Capital of Saxony, as the seat of the Government. The English journals are beginning to censure Prussia for having carried the war too far, and think that now is the time for King William to be generous. Another prominent German Republican has been arrested and sent to prison at Konigsberg.——Jules Farre had an interview with King William at Rothschild's chateau, at which appears to have been settled that the terms of peace are to be fixed by the Constituent Assembly, and that Prussia will hold the fortresses on the Moselle and Rhine. The Paris Gaulois admits the French defeat on the 19th. Another French journal asserts that Metz is impregnable and well provisioned. A strong Republican sentiment is prevalent in South Germany.

The Italian troops on Wednesday entered and took possesion of Rome, thus finally accomplishing the unification of Italy. The people welcomed the army, and in other cities there were intense manifestations of delight, A Papaul journal of London gives the reconstructed Ministry of Italy, and includes Garibaldi, Mazzini, the eminent Republican agitator; and Cernuschi, the Italian banker whom Napoleon expelled from France in May last because he gave a large sum to the opponents of the Plebiscite. If this list should prove correct such menmbers of his Cabinet indicate a great concession by Victor Emanuel to the Republicans.

Democratic Amalgamation Meeting.

THE CHIVALRY AND DARKIES IN COUNCIL.

For the last few days great activity has been displayed by the leaders of the Democracy in Chestertown. Caucuses have been held daily, and rumors of a flank movement on the Republican forces reached our ears. The affair finally culminated on the evening of the 15th.—On the arrival of the steamer Trumpeter from Baltimore, a committee of democrats made their appearance at the wharf and welcomed and received the distinguished gentlemen who are to hereafter take charge of the Democratic interests in Kent. The President of Tom Swanns darker Democratic club of Baltimore, Mr. Waters, accampanied by Mr. Sorrel both darkies, were taken in enarge by the reception committee. The hospitalities of Reed's barber shop extended to and accepted by the distinguished guests. They were escorted to their headquarters, and during the afternoon the "scions" were seen coming out of their holes mysterious signs were made from one to another, Democracy wore a smile on his countenance, the goose hung high and all was lovely.

"Beauregard is coming" was thumped on old rickety pianos, and chanted in the parlors of the "F. F's." "All is not lost yet here in Kent," was passed from one to another.

As the shades of evening approached Democrats from the county drove into town, mysterious remarks were heard to pass from one to another. "Have they come" said one. "Yes by G—d, and it is all right," was the reply from a gay and festive little scion, who appeared to be on duty for the evening. At 10. P. M. in a dale dark room, with the dim and uncertain flickering light of a tallow dip, the great Waters marshalled his hosts. The meeting was organized by calling to the chair Dick Reed, a colored barber the leading spirit of Chestertown democracy. Waters being introduced proceeded to read over the speech prepared by Tom Swann, and which caused such a sensation at a meeting of the colored Democratict club in Baltimore some time since. After the conclusion of Mr. Waters's speech, a democratic club was organized consisting of Dick Reed. Arrangements were made to have regular meetings, and the whole Democracy of Kent were pledged, to stand by their colored friends with their fortunes, their lives and their sacred honor. We have learned that a Democratic club was organized in Quaker neck, and propose in our next number to report the proceedings. "All's well in Kent county."

The above extract is from the Freeman's Journal, of Chestertown, Kent county, Md. The Democracy of Talbot have not become quite so open yet, in their endeavors to secure the colored vote. They are at work, but all is being done through some three or four who they have managed to win over. It speaks well for the colored people that but few of them have allowed themselves to be made tools of by the Democracy. In Kent it is all right to establish a secret colored league, but in Talbot and other counties it is an unpardonalbe sin for the same color to establish Republican Leagues.—Inconsistency is one of the beauties of the Democratic party.

DEMOCRACY VS. COLORED PEOPLE.—We would advise the colored people of Talbot county to carefully peruse the following extracts from one of the leading Democratic papers of the country. If they can vote the Democratic ticket after reading it, let them take the consequences:

What the Democracy will do to the Negroes.

From the Old Guard.

The negro need have no hope that the Democratic party, should it obtain power, will respect a franchise that has been obtained by fraud, or will hesitate about repealing, at the first opportunity, and by the quickest process, that gross villany which is facetiously styled the XVth Amendment to the Constitution. While the negro is permitted to have a vote, he should give it as his legitimate masters direct. But he should not suffer them to defraud him of his rights in the matter. The black man furnishes one-fourth of the offices at the hands of his allies. Let him demand and obtain them And let him not be put off with inferior positions. It is his right to be placed on the Republican ticket as a candidate for Congress—to have his due share of diplomatic honore—to exercise judicial power, and to sit, at some time in the Presidential chair. It is his due from the Republicans that at least two of the Judges of the Supreme Court should be of some shade between mahogany and ebony, that several colored brethren should dine with kings and emperors as envoys extraordinary and ministers plenipotentiary, and that ebo shiged generals and flat nosed admirals should give the land and sea forces the benefit of their wonderful mastry of the arts of war All this he will obtain if he demands them of the Republican party, for he holds nearly a million votes, and without those the power of the Republican party dies. Let them ask and obtain. But let them go to the right sources. The Democrat party will give them no offices, and will strip them as soon as possible of the elective franchise. They may properly set down as an impudent cheat the man who was calling a Democrat, asserts otherwise. When a Democratic leader stoops to flatter them, and court their "sweat voices," they must be the most idiotic negroes who do not treat him as an unblushing liar and knave

Extracts.

From the letter of acceptance of Speaker Blane, dated August 4th.

——o——

REDUSTION OF THE DEBT.

It is seventeen months to-day since General Grant was inaugurated as President of the United States. When he was invested with the Executive authority the National Debt amounted to $2,525,463,260. On the first day of the present month the total debt was $2,360,321,476, showing a reduction in the period referred to of the enormous sum of $156,138,784—at the rate of considerably more than one hundred millions per year. During the seventeen months immediately preceding General Grant's accession to the Presidency, when the Democratic party had control in the councils of Andrew Johnson, the National Debt was increased more than thirty millions of dollars. I am writing with the official reports of Secretary McCulloch and Secretary Boutwell before me, and the accuracy of these figures cannot be successfuly questioned.

But suggestive as these results are, the whole truth is not yet told—for it must be remembered that the enormous reduction of the National Debt under the administration of General Grant has been achieved with diminished sources of taxation as compared with those in existence when the debt was so largely increased under Andrew Johnson. This fact demonstrates very conclusively two very important points, viz: First, that the revenue has been collected with far more scrupulous honesty and exactness under President Johnson's Democratic administration; and second, that the public money has been disturbed with far grater economy and care under the one than it was under the other. Contrasting the two periods of equal length, the one under the Democratic influence the other under Republican influence, and the difference to the National Treasury in favor of the latter exceede one hundred and eighty six millions, just about eleven millions per month—well nigh four hundred thousand dollars per day.—and this difference is exhibited, be it remembered when the Democratic party did not have full away in the Government. They had control of the President, but were under the continual and wholesome restraint of a Repuhlican Congress. What the Democratic party would do if clothed with entire power in all the Departments of the Government, will we trust, be left for a long period to the immagination of men, without giving us the bitter fruits of its practical realizement. What forms of repudiation of the National faith would be resorted to may be inferred from the declerations of their conventions and the speeches of many of their leading men.

THE DEMOCRATS PROPOSE TO PAY REBEL CLAIMS.

One of the most insidious and dangerous and probable modes of destroying the National credit under Democratic rule would be the payment or attempted payment from the National Treasury of all Southern elimants for losses inflicted by the war This is not an inference—for it is boldly avowed by leading Democrats in both branches of Congress. In April last during the pendency of a bill in the Senate introduced by Mr. Howe, of Wisconsin, to pay "loyal citizens for quarters, rails and cordwood, stationary stores taken during the rebellion" a Democrat in the Senate, Mr. McDonald, moved to strike out the word "loyal," and supported his motion by an earnest speech.—On the 21st of May, Mr. Knott, of Kentucky, an able frank, and fearless gentleman, one of the leaders on the Democratic side of the house, speaking on this question, used the following language:

"But, sir; this is not all, nor half. We have been speaking of only so much of our debt as we have given our notes for. Besides this we owe, at the very lowest calculation, $3,000,000,000, not to the bloated bond holder, of whom we have heard so much, but to a class of our people to whom of all our others we are under the most sacred obligation to pay.—We owe it to the poor, whose horses and cattle and sheep and hogs and corn and wheat, and everything else, were taken from them to sustain your armies in the field."

If the Union army had the right to make war for the maintenance of the Government, it had the right to "forge on the enemy;" but the Democratic proposition now is that every rebel in the South shall be paid for what he lost during the war, and we have a leading Democrat's authority for saying that the amount required will be *three thousand millions of dollars!!*

THE FALLEN DYNASTY.

Le Soir's Account of Napoleon's Surrender.

A correspondent of the *Scir* gives the following account of the surrender of the Emperor to the King of Prussia:—Listen? This is a page of history. Napoleon having written to the King of Prussia the letter with which you are acquainted, William replied: "Let him come himself, and he will be treated simply as a soldier, although he does not deserve it." Napoleon then went, in the manner already described, to the homestead where the King had established his headquarters. The carriage having stopped at the door of the cottage, Napoleon stepped out, extinguished his cigarette, and entered alone into the lower chamber, where the King, dressed in the uniform of a General, and helmeted, was restlessly pacing up and down, with his hands crossed behind his back. The Crown Prince and the other great officers were grouped together in a corner of the apartment. A gloomy silence prevailed. The Emperor took his hat in his hand, and saluted the King in German. William responded neither by word or gesture. He took one or two more steps, and then he came and placed himself freely in front of the Emperor, who stood bending forward, and with his head uncovered. "Sire," said the latter, still speaking in German, "I come to repeat in person what I had the honor of transmitting to your Majesty last evening in writing." "It is well, Sir," replied the King, whose face was very red, and whose voice betrayed so much that he made efforts to control himself. "I have decided that Spandau shall be assigned to you for a prison—for a residence," he said, correcting himself. "You will await my further orders." "Sire," commenced the Emperor—"I have spoken, Sir," exclaimed the King, striking his sword on the sanded floor of the room. "*Au revior, done, Monsieur, mon frere,*" said the Emperor, this time speaking in French. He then saluted the different personages in the most courteous fashion, and left the room as calmly as though he had come to preside over the opening of the Chambers. On getting outside, he took out a cigarette, which he lit from the cigar of a white cuirassier, and was about to enter his carriage, when a General officer came to him from the King, begging him to go into a neighboring court yard, where the King, as soon as he was ready, desired to speak longer with him, and would seek him there.—The ex Emperor did not say a word.—Escorted by two white cuirassiers, he passed into a court yard, where, near to a pond, he found a little wooden bench. Tranquilly seating himself upon this bench, he continued to smoke, only interrupting himself to look at the water, and at the officer, who stood bolt upright, carefully watching all his movements.—After having waited a quarter of an hour, the ex-Emperor asked the officer, in French, to give him a glass of water. One of the cuirassiers brought it to him. He moistened his lips; then, looking at the contents of the glass, he silently smiled, and turning to the officer, said:—"Nero, when conquered, passed his last hour beside a pool, of which he drank. I am more fortunate than he." He then drank of the water, and returning the glass, "It is true," he added, "my reign never resembled his." And he recommenced smoking. After waiting a long half hour, a General officer came from the King, and requested him to go back into the chamber, where he would find King William by himself. They remained together alone for about an hour and a half, conversing in a low tone. What did they say? At the conclusion of the interview, the ex Emperor entered a post-chaise, bearing the arms of the Prussian King, and took the route to Luxembourg, going toward Cassel, from whence he will proceed to Spandau.

☞ A serious defalcation at the Custom House, on the part of Deputy Collector Bowerman, has recently been discovered by Collector Thomas. General Bowerman has been removed, and the loss to the Government will be made good by his friends. The affair is still the subject of investigation.

THIEVES ABOUT.—Some unknown thieves effected an entrance into the store of Mr. Jno. T. Moore, of this town, on Saturday night last, and succeeded in making away with a number of articles, such as boots, calicoes, cassimers, etc. The amount of the loss is unknown, but is supposed to be somewhat over $100. It is believed they effected an entrance through a front up stairs window.

MORE OF IT.—On the same night thieves effected an entrance into Mrs. Culpepper's fancy store, and robbed her of a lot of jewelry, estimated at about $32. It is unknown how they got in. —*Centreville Observer.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ETERNAL VIGILANCE

Is the price of Health as well as of liberty Be on your gard against poisonous hair dyes. CRISTADORO'S EXCELSIOR HAIR DYE. Is the only one that has stood the test of Chemical analysis. At the store of the proprietor, 6 Astor House, New York, may be seen the certificate of that able analytical chemist

PROFESSOR CHILTON,

testifying that it contains no harmful ingredient. On the other hand, in the "Journal of Chemistry" may be found the statement that there are upwards of thirty poisonous hair dyes be fore the public. Chose the only saf and sure one.

Cristadoro's Hair Dye is sold everywhere, or is applied at the store of the hair dresser, after dressing. Ts. Aug. 13 1-y

A WONDERFUL MICROSCOPE.—Dr. Daniel Wise, D.D., editor of the New York Sunday School Advocate, thus speaks of the celebrated Craig Microscope:

"Its simplicity, cheapness and great magnifying power struck me with surprise. Then I was examining it by sight by its aid, and was struck with wonder at the skill and power of the Creator which is displayed in his structure—When I saw a statement in an advertisement the Craig Microscope magnified one hundred diameters, and could be bought for $250, I thought it was one of the humbugs of the day, for I had paid $20 for a microscope not long before. But now I find it to be a really valuable instrument which I should like to see introduced into the families of our readers in place of the manifold, useless toys which please for an hour and is then destroyed. This microscope would both amuse and instruct them and I advise every boy and gil who wishes to know the wonders which lie in little things to save his money until he has $2.75 which will pay for the microscope and the postage when sent by mail."

As a holiday gift this microscope, being ornamental, instructive, amusing and cheap, and never looses its interest,—Agents and dealers supplied on liberal terms. A E H Ross, 313 Locust St Louis, Mo.

Read the advertisement in another column. 3m

How many house wives are there who have experienced the difficulty of obtaining good vinegar. Read the advertisement of W. H. Bishop in this paper. 3m

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do soby addressing in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
une 5-1y No. 42 Cedar St., New Yor

From the "Argus," Albany, N. Y.

The Surprise Sewing Machine,

PRICE, $5.

It makes the elastic lock stitch; it sews as well as any machine in the market; a child can use it; it requires no festin; it runs make no noise; it does not get out of order; it can be carried in the pocket; it makes an elegant present.

UNION SEWING MACHINE COMPANY,
Agents Wanted. 234 Broadway N. Y.
nov 6-3m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

To Whom it May Concern.

ALL persons yet indebted to the estate of Jas. H. McNeal, dec'd, are hereby notified, that unless such indebtedness is liquidated on or before the 15th of OCTOBER next, the process of law will be resorted to, as longer indulgence will not be given.

JAS. H. McNEAL,
sept 24-3t Agent.

NEW GOODS

JUST RECEIVED FROM

Philadelphia and Baltimore,

at remarkably

LOW PRICES,

and will be sold

CHEAP FOR CASH,

at the old stand opposite the Easton National Bank. JOS. RASIN.
sept 24

For Preserving, Pickling, &c.

Just received a fresh supply of Green Ginger, Allspice, Mace, Cloves, Cinnamon, &c. Also White and Black Mustard and White Pepper Celery seed. Fresh Lemons.

BATEMAN & TRIPPE.

E. WINCHESTER'S genuine preparation of Hypophosphiter of Lime and Soda for the prevention and cure of Consumption, also for Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Debility and all nervous diseases—for sale by

Bateman & Trippe.

Stop the Chills.

Ayer's Ague Cure, Monitor Ague Cure, Osgoods Cholagogue, Sholl's Pills, Shallenbergies' pills, also Hostetter's Bitters, Drakes Bitters, Mishle's Bitters, Hoofland's German Bitters and Tonic—for sale by

sept 24 Bateman & Trippe.

Coal Oil,

Warranted equal to any in the market and at a very low price, at

DAWSON & BRO'S.

Pickles and Chow-Chow.

Mixed Pickles in small jars; also Cross & Blackwell's celebrated Chow Chow and Piccobilli, for sale by Dawson & Bro.

SARDINES in 1-4 and 1-2 boxes.
Dawson & Bro.

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.
Dawson & Bro.

Spices for Pickling, &c.

Mace, Cloves, Allspice, Black Pepper, White Pepper, Red Pepper, Celery Seed, White and Black Mustard Seed, Ginger, Mustard and Turmeric.

sept 24 Dawson & Bro.

Public Sale

OF A

Salt Water Situation.

THE subscribers will offer at public sale in front of the Court House, in the town of Easton, on

Tuesday, the 11th of October,

that valuable farm on a branch of Thirsd Haven River, known by the name of

'WAKEFIELD,'

and adjoining the lands of Jos. B. Price and James Dixon, containing about

126 ACRES of LAND,

about 20 Acres of which is well set in excellent wood and fine timber. There is also an excellent PEACH and APPLE Orchard. The trees are young and in bearing. Any one purchasing this farm will also have the advantages of salt water luxuries, such as Oysters, Fish, Crabs, and Wild Fowl in their season. The arable land is of a light loamy soil and in a high state of improvement. This beautiful situation was for many years the residence of the late Isaac Bowers, and always was productive of fine crops. The BUILDINGS are in fine order, and most an excellent landing is on the farm. As it is supposed that any one desiring to purchase, will examine the premises, a further description is deemed unnecessary.

Terms made known on day of sale. Any desiring to examine the farm can do so by applying on the premises to

JOHN H. BOWERS, or
ISAAC BOWERS.

Sale to commence at 2 o'clock.

W. K. Rathell, Auc.
sept 24-ts (S)

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FALL & WINTER

DRESS MAKING

Mrs. Georgiana Hughes

HAS just returned from the city with the latest styles of patterns, and is prepared to make all kinds of

LADIES' GARMENTS

in the latest and most fashionable style.

She has a Lady to conduct the business for her at Easton, who has been long in the city, and all work done by her is

Warranted to Give Satisfaction.

She hopes by strict attention to business to merit and receive a share of public patronage, and invites her friends and the public to give her a call. (sept 24

TIMOTHY SEED

In Store and for sale by
NICOLS & TAYLOR.

THE LARGEST AND BEST

assortment of

HARDWARE

of all kinds ever before offered in Easton, now on sale by NICOLS & TAYLOR.

Double Guns,

SINGLE GUNS,

REVOLVERS,

Cartridges,

Powder,
Shot,
Caps,
Wads,
Game Bags,
Shot Pouches,
Powder Flasks,
Pocket Cutlery, common and fine,
Table Cutlery, common and fine,
Scissors, of all grades,
Razors, Straps, &c.

The finest assortment of above goods ever before offered in Easton.

NICOLS & TAYLOR.

Jno. W. Cheezum & Co's CARD FOR THE Fall Season of 1870.

KERSEYS!

KERSEYS'

KERSEYS!!!

MALLALIEU'S.

MURPHY'S and VIRGINIAS'

FULL KERSEYS and FANCY CASSIMERS for sale by J. W. C. & Co.

Also,

An assortment of

AMERICAN, FRENCH, and ENGLISH

CASSIMERES and CLOTHS.

TWEEDS, CASSINETS and JANES.

A large assortment of

CALICOES, DELAINES, and RED POPLINS.

We have just opened a large and choice variety of

SCARFS, TIES, and CRAVATS.

all the newest styles.

MERINO SHIRTS— all grades

Call and see our stock.

JNO. W. CHEEZUM & CO.
sep24-2t

AGENTS WANTED—$225 A MONTH—by the AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo. 3m

Agents Wanted to Sell CHAMBERLIN'S

LAW BOOK For Business Men.

THE BEST SUBSCRIPTION BOOK out. Address, O. D. CASE & CO., Hartford, Conn. 4w

WANTED—AGENTS, ($20 per day;) to sell the celebrated Home Shuttle Sewing Machine Has the under-feed, makes the "lock stitch" (alike on both sides,) and is fully licensed.—The best and cheapest family Sewing Machine in the market. Address, Johnson, Clark & Co., Boston, Mass., Pittsburg, Pa., Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis, Mo. 3m

Every Family Should have It.

DR. GUILMETTE'S

Extract of Juniper

As a delicious tonic healthful, and curative for all diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Loss of Appetite, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, &c., it is unrivalled. To Females it is especially recommended for all irregularities of the menses, and disorders peculiar to their system, as it can be used with perfect safety. In malarious districts it is a great preventive of Fever and Ague.

CHAS. S. FAULKNER, Wholesale Agent,
3m 40 Barclay St., New York.

HURRICANE

PATENT

LANTERN

COMPANY,

Office, 40 Barclay St., N. Y. Up Stairs.

Offer to the public a Lantern combining safety and economy with elegance and usefulness. It cannot explode; it gives a good light; and consumes less oil than any other; it is not disturbed by the high est wind, and if a glass is broken it is easily replaced by means of a screw. They are universally liked where they have been tried: d & co sept 24-3m

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to me must settle their accounts by the first of NOVEMBER next, or I shall be compelled to collect them according to law, as longer indulgence cannot be given. JOHN P. JESTER.
sept 17-tf

$15 REWARD.

A REWARD of Fifteen Dollars will be given to any one informing on the party or parties who so outrageously defaced the grave stones in the sections of L. Dodson, J. C. Norris and Wm. H. Councell, in the M. E. Church Cemetery at Easton.

L. DODSON,
J. C. NORRIS,
W. H. COUNCILL,
sept 17-3t

MISCELLANEOUS.

AGENTS WANTED FOR

FREE LOVE AND ITS VOTARIES, by Dr. Jno. Bayllis. The most startling book of modern times. The whole subject has hitherto been hidden from exposed to universal execration. Written in the interests of Civilization, Christianity and Public Morality. Send for circulars and terms. O. D. Case & Co., Hartford, Conn., Chicago and St. Louis.
sept 10 4w

SEPTEMBER, 16th, 1870.

JUST received a full assortment of Candies—French and plain. Queen Olives, a very superior article. Prepared Salad Dressing, new in this market. Pickles, Chow-chow, Sardines and Jellies. Tooth Brushes, best English make. Very fine Bathing Sponge. Brushes of all kinds, and Feather Dusters, For sale by

sept 17 Henry & Goldsborough.

COAL OIL.

By the Barrel at Baltimore prices; and by the gallon 15 cents in the cheapest, at

THARP'S
5 Gals. for $1.15 Family Grocery.

Ague and Fever Pills.

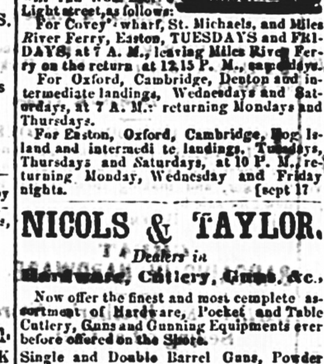
Warranted to cure. 40 Bailey's Ague and Fever Pills, for sale at THARP'S
sept 17-3t the only Agent for Easton.

Dressing Blacking.

Whitmore's Dressing Blacking and French Dressing for shoes, harness, carriage tops, &c., for sale by DAWSON & BRO.

NEATSFOOT OIL of superior quality, for softening and preserving leather, just received by Dawson & Bro.

AXLE GREASE—Polar and Star Axle Grease also Vacumm Oil, in cans and boxes, for sale by Dawson & Bro.


DYSPEPSIA
IRON IN THE BLOOD.
DROPSY
PERUVIAN SYRUP
AN IRON TONIC
DEBILITY
RUMORS
THE PERUVIAN SYRUP makes the weak strong, the nervous healthy, and the languid active.
NATURE'S OWN TESTIMONY ADDS—IRON.
Consumption—Bronchitis—Neuralgia—Scrofula—Chronic Cutaneous Diseases—Nervous Prostration—Female Weakness—Impure Blood—Fever and Ague—Liver Complaint—Dyspepsia—Nervous Debility—Night Sweats—Loss of Appetite—Wasting Diseases—Fever and Ague—Jaundice—Nervous Headache—Diseases of the Skin—Dropsy—Rheumatism—Neuralgia—Kidney