THE EASTON GAZETTE.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 8, 1867.

EASTON, MD.

S. M. Pettengill & Co.,

No. 37 Park Row, New York, and 6 State St. Boston.

are our Agents for the GAZETTE, in those cities, and are authorized to take Advertisements and Subscriptions for us at our *Lowest Rates.*

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Merchants and others advertising by the year will be charged extra for advertisements out of their regular line of business.

SUCCESS OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.—The unanimity with which the masses of the Southern people have accepted the wise and judicious reconstruction policy of Congress, has decided, for years to come, the question of party predominance in the United States. This fact was fully illustrated a few days ago by a declaration from the newspaper press of Mobile, that Alabama would, at the approaching election, be carried by the Radicals with as much ease as Massachusetts. This is but another evidence of the fact that the entire white population of the South are not and never have been, in sympathy with the leaders who conspired against the government. In Alabama alone, there are more than thirty thousand white loyalists enrolled in the ranks of the Union League, and under the healthful influence of free speech and a free press, things hitherto unknown in that part of the country, the number is rapidly increasing. From North Carolina we have the most cheering intelligence, and there is every indication that the Republican party will carry the old North State by an overwhelming majority at the first election. Even in Louisiana, where Union men were lately murdered while peacably assembled for consultation, the registration in the country districts show seven loyalists to one rebel. These indications point conclusively to the fact, that the principles of the Republican party have taken deep root in the South, and henceforth are to exert a decided influence, if not to control entirely, its politics and its internal policy. Republicanism is spreading with a rapidity that is truly gratifying, and no where more rapidly than in our own State. The extravagance of the Democracy in bringing the State Treasury to the verge of bankruptcy has created wide-spread disaffection in their own ranks, and caused many honest men to look upon the actions of their party with suspicion. Their bad faith in trying to secure support from the colored men, after opposing and vilifying them, has disgusted many who have heretofore believed that the Democracy would show some consisty by continuing to oppose a measure whose adoption they avowed would result in the destruction of the Government. The Republican party is now thoroughly organized in every State in the Union, and is calmly waiting and working for the great triumph of 1868. When that is won, as it surely will be, Democracy will be dead in name as well as it now is in fact.

☞ THE first election in Washington city in which the colored man has been admitted to his rights as a citizen took place on Tuesday. Notwithstanding the campaign had been a most excited one, and attempts were made by the Rebel press to breed disturbances, the election was one of the most orderly ever held in the city. The new voters came solidly up, and showed how fully they understood the questions at issue by voting almost en masse for the candidates of the party that made them freemen and electors. All the general officers on the ticket and a majority of the Republican candidates for the City Council were elected. The Democrats have a majority in only one ward, the Fourth. The Democrats made an attempt to deceive the new voters by putting out a counterfeit of the Republican ticket, but it was soon detected and exposed. The majority for the Republicans foots up nearly 3000.

STEAMBOAT TRAVEL.—The Individual Steamboat Company give notice in another column of important changes, which commenced on Monday last, in their time schedule. The boats now owned and daily employed by the Company are the Samuel J. Pentz, Highland Light and Champion. One of these steamers leaves Light and Camden streets daily at 7:30 A. M. for Annapolis, leaving the Capital on the return trip at 3:30 P. M. The steamers for Cambridge, Oxford, Denton and intermediate landings start from the same wharf on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, returning Monday, Wednesdays and Fridays. On Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays the boats leave for St. Michaels, Miles River Ferry and Easton, returning the same day. Citizens of Baltimore are afforded by this change an opportunity for an excursion on the Chesapeake any day during the warm weather, and it will, no doubt, be highly gratifying to our citizens, as the Pentz is the finest steamer that runs out of Baltimore.

FRUIT TREES.—B. F. Carey, Esq., is now in our midst soliciting orders for some of the finest Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, Black Berry Cuttings, Raspberries, Strawberries and all other fruits, known to the public. The Nursery for which Mr. Carey is canvassing, is situated at or near Camden, Delaware, and is under the immediate supervision of the Carey Brothers, who have been trained from boyhood to the Nursery business. Their variety of Blackberries cannot be surpassed and their Strawberries are said to be among the finest in the country. We have some acquaintance with Mr. Carey, and from the reputation given him by those of his acquaintances, we think those in want of Fruit would do well to hand him their orders.

A race is soon to take place in New York between the celebrated horses Dexter and Ethan Allen. The great trotting match between the stallions George M. Patchen, Jr., and Commodore Vanderbilt for $2,000, mile heats, best three in five, in harness, came off on the Union Course, Long Island, on Thursday. Patchen won the second, third and fourth heats, the first being a dead heat. The best time was 2:28.

☞ JEFF. DAVIS arrived at Toronto on Thursday of last week, and was enthusiastically received and cheered by a large crowd. The Rebel ex-Plenipotentiary Mason and General Early escorted him to the residence of the Mayor of the city, where he held a levee. In the afternoon he left for Niagara Falls.

☞ In the Maryland Diocesan Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church, last week, a resolution was adopted providing for the division of the diocese, and the erection of the Eastern Shore into a separate Episcopal See.

ICE CREAM.—Mr. J. H. Linthicum is now prepared to furnish at his Saloon, Ice Cream, Cake, &c.—Those wishing to enjoy themselves during the warm summer evenings will find this a pleasant place of resort. Call and see and taste for yourselves.

J. MONTGOMERY PETERS, Esq., member of the Constitutional Convention now in session at Annapolis, from Baltimore city, made the most wonderful speech on the 30th ult., that has been made since 1861. He argued that slavery had not been abolished, censured some of the members for a lack of boldness and thinks a desire for freedom a savage aspiration. He expects by showing a bold front in this Convention to cause Congress to repeal all the reconstruction acts that have been passed, to get pay for the negroes, to again bring about slavery, and to play the mischief generally.

THE CONVENTION.—The so-called Constitutional Convention in session at Aannapolis, on Monday resumed the discussion of the thirty-sixth Article of the Bill of Rights, in which was involved the question of negro testimony. It will be recollected that on Friday the Convention by a very decided vote adopted a declaration that "the question of removing the disability heretofore imposed on negroes to testify in courts of justice ought to be settled by the Convention, and that the Constitution now being framed ought to contain a provision removing such disability." This would have been thought conclusive as to the sense of the Convention on the subject, but Monday after another prolonged discussion an order was adopted directing the Committee on the Legislative Department to report an order virtually referring the whole subject of the right of colored people to testify to the Legislature. This, if the Convention does not again reverse its action is tantamount to refusing the right. The article as finally adopted, declares that no person otherwise competent, shall "be deemed incompetent as a witness or juror on account of his religious belief, provided he believes in the existence of God, that under His dispensation such person will be held morally accountable for his acts, and be rewarded or punished therefor, either in this world or in the world to come." It was explained in response to anxious inquires that colored persons were precluded by other provisions of the Constitution from serving as jurors. The 37th article, which as reported, required as a qualification for office a declaration of "belief in the Christian religion, or in the existence of God, and in a future state of rewards and punishment," was amended so to merely require the declaration of a "belief in the existence of God." The remaining article of the declaration of Rights were adopted without alteration.

☞ General Sheridan on Monday issued an order removing Governor Wells, of Louisiana, from office, and appointing Thomas J. Durant in his stead. Some time ago the General deposed two rival Boards of Levee Commissioners, one of which had been appointed by Governor Wells and the other by a secession Legislature, and the Governor has since manœuvred in such a manner as to obtain from President Johnson an order requiring General Sheridan to withhold the execution of his order regarding the Commissioners. On the strength of this interference with the workings of the reconstruction law, the instructions having reached him on Monday, General Sheridan immediately issued his order removing the Governor. A Washington despatch says that Mr. Durant is now in that city, where he has been for some time, practicing law. Mr. Durant was President of the Southern Loyalists' Convention which met in Philadelphia in September last.

"WIDELY KNOWN."—It is generally supposed that the Websters, Palmerstons, Gortaschoffs Metternichs, and Garribaldis of politics are the men of world-wide renown, and so they are where newspapers circulate, but not much beyond. One of our friends lately returned from China, amuses us with the recital of his journey inland for some distance, where the enquiry oftenest made when he became known as an American, was whether he knew or had ever seen the great chemist of his country, Dr. Ayer, that made the medicines. They use his remedies—many of them have been cured by them—and they speak of him, as if he occupied the whole of America or were at least the great feature of it. A mandarin who had been cured of a malignant ulcer on the hip by his Sarsaparilla, seemed to consider it our principal article of export, and its inventor one of the few men this continent had ever produced worthy the attention of Chinamen.—[New York News.

[COMMUNICATED.]

MR. EDITOR:—With your permission I will trespass upon your columns, in calling attention to that which I consider a necessity in our town. I refer to the old dilapidated Market House, which is actually a disgrace to the town and an annoyance to the citizens of both town and country. The Town Commissioners forbid the pedling of marketing about the streets, but those who must have marketing and those who have it to sell are compelled to stand in an old leaky house for hours thereby endangering health and life, when by some effort a house might be erected that would be convenient to both buyer and seller and a credit to the town. Some years ago the question was agitated and a very creditable house was built, at least on paper, and the money borrowed to pay for it, but it was used for other town purposes and the moss continues to hold the oldroof together and those who attend market have to go out of doors after a shower of rain to get clear of the drippings. I hope the town authorities will make another move in the matter and cause this much needed improvement to be made.

TAX PAYER.

Court Proceedings.

All of the officers of the Court present.

Friday, May 31.—State vs. Murray Martin, for shooting Bill Cooper. Kennard and Powell for State. C. H. Gibson and R. Chew Jones for the defendant. The above case occupied Saturday. On Sunday morning the Jury rendered a verdict of not guilty.

Monday, June 3.—State vs. Anna M. Thomas, indictment for stealing millinery goods of Helen M. Dawson, at Trappe. Verdict guilty. Martin for defendant.

Tuesday, June 4.—Richard H. Adams and Thos. J. Leonard, assigns of J. M. Seth vs. Josiah Fairbanks, Jr., action of defendant. Verdict for plaintiff $346.91. Martin for Plaintiff; Hambleton for defendant.

Wednesday, June 5.—State vs. Louisia Green, indictment for stealing pair ladies lace boots of Stitchberry & Collier. Verdict not guilty.

Same vs. Same, for stealing gold ring of Mrs. Collier. The jury was instructed to return a verdict of not guilty on account of non-age. Powell for prisoner.

State vs. James Pippin and James McGinnis, transcript of record from Queen Annes county, on indictment for the murder of J. Edwin Roberts.

In this cause a motion for severance was made on the part of James Pippin. The motion was resisted by State. Motion ruled good and severance ordered.

The State elected to try the case against James McGinnis first.

State vs James McGinnis. Motion by McGinnis for continuance on account of absence of one of his witnesses. Court adjourned until to-morrow morning, upon application of defendants counsel, to allow time for consultation, with a view to make some other arrangement for the disposition of the case.

Tuesday, June 6.—State vs. James McGinnis.—In this cause the State's Attorney, P. T. Kennard, Esq., is assisted by T. J. Keating, Esq., of Queen Annes county, and I. C. W. Powell, Esq., of Talbot county. A. A. Emory of Queen Annes and J. Ll. Martin, Esqs., for defendant.

Demurrer to the indictment was filed by the prisoner and joinder of issue by the State. Demurrer was withdrawn by consent, after some discussion, and the party was arraigned and filed a special plea. To which the State demurred, and the Court ordered the plea and demurrer to be stricken out, and the prisoner called on to plead. Plea of not guilty entered. Application by State to amend the indictment by substituting the word "Joseph," for the letter "J," in name of party alleged to have been murdered. Objected to by defendant; motion overruled. The regular pannel of Jurors was then called and nine jurors out missed. The Sheriff summoned 36 talesmen, who were called without obtaining a juror. The Sheriff was ordered to summon 36 talesmen, returnable at 9 o'clock to-morrow morning, and Court adjourned.

THOUSANDS HAVE BEEN CHANGED by the use of the Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of Iron) from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy and happy men and women, and invalids cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial. For Dyspepsia and Debility it is a specific.

BRUTAL OUTRAGE IN CAROLINE COUNTY.—Mr. Peters, of Baltimore city, the "free Virginian by birth and proud Marylander by adoption," in his speech in the Annapolis Convention a few days since against the colored man being admitted to testify in the courts of Maryland, declared that "every white man was a civil administrator of the law to the negro," and that "the white man's law over him (the negro) gave him a right to correct and discipline him." By the following extract from the Denton (Caroline county) *Union*, our readers will see that Mr. Peters is really and truly a representative of Democratic doctrines, and what some "white men's law," from a Democratic standpoint, is considered, is certainly illustrated. The Democracy of Caroline evidently agree with Mr. Peters that "Slavery is not abolished," and that the "law" of the lash is still in force. The *Union* says.

"A short time since an altercation took place between a negro boy and a white man in Greensboro', arising, we are informed, from the white man painting mimic representations of the negro boy. In the melee the white man was worsted, and the negro deeming it prudent, left for parts unknown. The country all around was scoured for his caption, but all search was ineffectual. Terribly mortified over this disappointment, a party of men went to the house of another negro, whom they thought knew the whereabouts of the missing one *and strung him up by the thumbs in order to force a confession.* This is the first instance of the kind that has ever happened in our county to our knowledge, and is equalled only by the lawless mobs that infest Kentucky and Tennessee. We speak nothing of the fight between the negro and the white man, for we know but little about that, but the act of endeavoring to torture from an innocent negro that which he was ignorant of will receive the condemnation of all good citizens. The parties are fully known, and we hope will be speedily brought to justice.

COLORED SCHOOL BURNED.—A despatch from Annapolis informs us that the Stanton schoolhouse for colored children, in that city, was yesterday fired by some villain who hoped to deprive the colored people of Annapolis of the means of educating their children. It is time this business of burning the churches and schoolhouses of the colored people in Maryland was stopped.

WASHINGTON AFFAIRS.—A Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Inquirer of the 3d inst. says:

The House Judiciary Committee to day closed the inpeachment investigation, which they commenced under an order of the House and in pursuance of the charges made by the Representative Ashley, of Ohio, in January last.—After taking nearly two thousand pages of printed evidence, during a session covering five months, the committee proceeded to vote on the report it should make to the House.

The result was as follows, on the question, "Does the evidence warrant the committee in reporting articles of impeachment?" The affirmative votes were, Messrs. Boutwell, Thomas, Lawrence and Williams. The negatives were, Messrs. Wilson Chairman Woodbridge Churchill, Eldridge and Marshall. So the committee decided not to report in favor of impeachment.

A resolution of censure was then presented, to the effect, that the evidence produced before the Committee, of the official and other acts of President Andrew Johnson, demonstrated *that he was unworthy of the confidence and respect of the American people.*

This was agreed to by yeas 7, nays 2, as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Wilson (chairman) Churchill Boutwell, Thomas, Woodbridge, Williams and Lawrence—all Republicans.

NAYS—Messrs. Eldridge and Marshall—both Democrats.

The committee agreed to make the above facts public, and then adjourned to the 26th of June, when they will proceed to consider the question of a republican government in Maryland which was referred to them for investigation and report by the House.

General Schofield arrived in town early this morning from Richmond, and has had a conversation with General Grant, during most of the day, on questions arising under the recent order which the former has just issued regarding the military government in Virginia. It is stated that he asks for more officers to assist him in the enforcement of the Reconstruction act.—Work of preparing the registration alone has been very great.

POLITICAL.—Governor Sharkey, of Mississippi, having failed in his efforts before the Supreme Court to arrest the progress of reconstruction, has gone home to give his people the worst advice in his power. He declares that Southern men ought not to "accept the situation," and avers that "a quiet and firm opposition would have produced a reaction at the North, which would have resulted in the repeal of the law.

The Richmond *Whig* declares that while Virginia politics have taken no definite shape, a great change has taken place in the State in favor of accepting the situatisn, and of placing Virginia in practical relations with the Government. The people are resolved to perform their duties to the United States, and so gain its protection and the privileges which it offers.

The Albany *Journal* says "it is, of course, impossible to foresee what combinations may grow out of the reconstruction movements now in progress, or how these will affect the action of the next Republican National Convention. To-day, General Grant is the strongest man in the United States who could be named for the Presidency."

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, free, by return mail, will please address.

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
may-18 1y Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.

The Diary of J. Wilkes Booth.

A great deal has been said about the diary found on J. Wilkes Booth the murderer of President Lincoln. Public demand for its publication became so great that President Johnson gave his consent to its publication. It is as follows:

[OFFICIAL COPY.]

"*Ti Amo,*" April 13, 14 Friday, the 1des.—Until to-day nothing was ever thought of sacrificing to our country's wrongs. For six months we had worked to capture. But our cause being almost lost, something decisive and great must be done. But its failure was owing to others who did not strike with a heart.

I struck boldly, and not as the papers say.—I walked with firm step through a thousand of his friends, and was stopped, but pushed in.—A colonel was at his side. I shouted "Sic Semper" before I fired; in jumping broke my leg.—I passed all his pickets, rode sixty miles that night with the bone of my leg tearing the flesh at every jump. I can never repent it though we hated to kill. Our country owed all her troubles to him, and God simply made me the instrument of his punishment.

The country is not, April 1865, what it was. This forced union is not what I have loved. I care not what becomes of me; I have no desire to outlive my country. This night before, "Before the deed," I wrote a long article and left it for one of the editors of the National Intelligencer, in which I fully set forth our reasons for our proceedings. He, or the Government——.

Friday, 21st.—After being hunted like a dog, through swamps and woods, and last night being chased by gunboats till I was forced to return wet cold and starving, with every man's hand against me, I am here in despair; and why? For doing what Brutus was honored for, what made Tell a hero; and yet I, for striking down a greater tyrant than they ever knew, am looked upon as a common cut throat. My action was purer than either of theirs. One hoped to be great.—The other had not only his country's, but his own wrongs to avenge. I hoped for no gain.—I knew no private wrong. I struck for my country, and that alone—a country that groaned beneath this tyranny, and prayed for this end, and yet now behold the cold hand they extend to me. God cannot pardon me if I have done wrong. Yet I cannot see my wrong except in serving a degenerate people. The little, the very little I leave behind to clear my name, the Government will not allow to be printed—so ends all. For my country I have given up all that makes life sweet and holy, brought misery upon my family, and am sure there is no pardon in heaven for me since man condemns me so. I have only heard of what has been done, except what I did myself, and it fills me with horror. God, try and forgive me, and bless my mother. To-night I will once more try the river with the intent to cross, though I have a greater desire and almost a mind to return to Washington, and, in a measure, clear my name, which I feel I can do. I do not repent the blow I struck; I may before my God, but not to man. I think I have done well, though I am abandoned with the curse of Cain upon me, when, if the world knew my heart, that one blow would make me great, though I did desire greatness. To-night I try to escape the bloodhounds once more. Who can read his late? God's will be done. I have too great a soul to die like a criminal.—Oh, may He spare me that, and let me die bravely! I bless the entire world; have never hated or wronged any one. This last was not a wrong unless God deems it so, and it's with Him to dam or bless me. And for this brave boy with me, who often prays, yes, before and since, with a true and sincere heart—was it crime in him? If so, why can he pray the same? I do not wish to shed a drop of blood, but I must fight the course. 'Tis all that's left me.

Upon a piece of paper found in the diary, and supposed to have been torn from it, is written the following:

My dear, [piece torn out] forgive me but I have some little pride. I cannot blame you for want of hospitality. You know your own affairs. I was sick, tired, with a broken limb, and in need of medical advice. I would not have turned a dog from my door in such a plight.—However, you were kind enough to give me something to eat, for which I not only thank you, but on account of the rebuke and manner in which to—[piece torn out.] It is not the substance, but the way in which kindness is extended that makes me happy in the acceptance thereof. The sauce to meat is ceremony; meeting were bare without it. Be kind enough to accept the five dollars—although hard to spare for what we have received. Most respectfully your obadient servant.

Report of the Judge advocate General, Bureau of Militry Justice, May 14, 1867. The "diary" purports to be one for 1864, and the leaves cut or torn from it probably contained entries for that year, and were thus destroyed by Booth himself. It is absolutely certain that the diary is in all respects as it was when it came to my hands, and Col. Conger, who was prominent in the pursuit and capture of Booth, after having carefully examined it in my presence declared its condition to be now precisely the same as when he took it from Booth's body after he had been shot, the writing on it being the same, and all which it then contained. (Signed,) J. HOLT,
Judge Advocate General.

CONSUMPTION CURABLE BY DR. SCHENCK'S MEDICINES.

To cure consumption, the system must be prepared so that the lungs will heal. To accomplish this, the liver and stomach must first be cleansed and an appetite created for good wholesome food, which, by these medicines will be digested properly, and good healthy blood made; thus building up the constitution. Schenck's Mandrake Pills cleanses the stomach of all bilious or mucous accumulations; and by using the Sea Weed Tonic in connection, the appetite is restored.

Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup is nutricious as well as medicinal, and, by using the three remedies, all impurities are expelled from the system, and good, wholesome blood made, which will repell all diseases. If patients will take these medicines according to directions, Consumption very frequently in its last stage yields readily to their action. Take the pill frequently, to cleanse the liver and stomach. It does not follow that because the bowels are no costi es they are not required, for sometimes in diarrhœ they are necessary. The stomach must be kept healthy, and an appetite created to allow the Pulmonic Syrup to act on the respiratory organs properly and allay any irritation. Then all that is required to perform a permanent cure is, to prevent taking cold. Exercise about the rooms as much as possible, eat all the rich food—fat meat, game, and, in fact, any thing the appetite craves; but be particular and masticate well. [2nd w. ea. mo. 1 yr.

NEW U. S. BOUNTIES.
INCREASED PENSIONS

Under recent Act of Congress, Soldiers of 1861 2 and 3 are, in certain cases, entitled to an *additional Bounty* from the U. S.

Soldiers who were disabled in the late war by the loss of eye-sight, arm, leg &c., &., are entitled to an *Increase* of *Pension* of $25, $20 and $15. Widows and Orphans are also entitled INCREASE of Pension under late Act.

Persons writing for information will please state the Name of the Soldier, his Company and Regiment, with the date of enlistment and discharge or death; also, how much Bounty or Pension received, and if the Soldier is dead, give the name or names of the nearest of kin.

Address, (enclosing Postage Stamp for reply.)
WM. B. HILL,
Attorney at Law,
70 W. Fayette Street, Baltimore, Md.
aug 11

DENTISTRY.
J. N. BAIRD, D. D. S
mar 26-1y EASTON, Md

MARKETS.

BALTIMORE, June 5, 1867.

Sales as follows:

WHEAT—White—none offered	
Red,	$2 60a2 75
CORN—White,	$1 7a1 12
OATS—	80cts

MARRIAGES.

CARTER—WHITE.—On the 26th ult., at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. Mr. Dashields, Dr. William Carter, of Virginia, to Sallie, daughter of Dr. A. M. White, of this county.

HOPKINS—NICOLS.—On Tuesday, 4th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. Dr. Kenney, John L. Hopkins, to Miss Elizabeth A. Nicols, all of Talbot county. No Cards.

STEWART—WHITE.—On the 6th inst., by Rev. T. E. Bell, Alex. Stewart, of Talbot, and Miss Mary White of Philadelphia.

[Balto. and Philadelphia papers please copy.]

Wool! Wool!—Jno. W. Cheezum, wishes to purchase 10,000 lbs. washed and unwashed Wool. Call and see him before selling. [ju 8-4t

Maryland Self-Discharging Hay and Wheat Rake.

THE best in use. Ride while you Rake, and let your horse do all the work. The best Rake ever yet invented. For sale by
ju 8 NICOLS & BARTLETT.

Office of Internal Revenue.

EASTON, June 7th, 1867.

NOTICE.

I AM now prepared to receive the monthly taxes for the months of March and April, 1867. And also the uncollected Taxes of J. T. McCollough, former collector. Parties receiving notices of uncredited accounts, and who have receipts for the same, will please present them at this office for adjustment, otherwise I shall be forced in the discharge of my duty to take such steps as will enable me to close up the books.

WM. H. SMITH.
Collector Internal Revenue.
ju 8-1t S

DEDICATION.

THE "Trinity M. P. Church" on Kent Island, which was to have been dedicated last December, but was prevented by inclemency of the weather, will be dedicated to the service of Almighty God on Sabbath, the 16th of June, D. V. Rev. L. W. Bates will preach at 10 o'clock, A. M., Rev. T. D. Valliant, at 3 o'clock, P. M., and the Rev. J. Thomas Murray, at 8 o'clock in the evening. The following named ministers are also expected to be present and participate in the services: Revs. J. R. Nichols, H. C. Cushing, Jesse Shreeve and J. E. Maloy. Services will be continued every evening through the week. Ample accommodations will be made for visitors from a distance.

ju 8 S. T. GRAHAM, Pastor.

FIRST GRAND
Excursion
OF THE SEASON.

THE Easton Cornet Association having chartered the elegant steamer
Sam'l. J. Pentz,
will give an excursion to
Baltimore.
On MONDAY 17th inst.
The full band will accompany the excursion as also the full Cotillion Band of the
CAREY BROTHERS.
No pains will be spared to make this *the* excursion of the season.
Full particulars in next week's paper
ju 8

Public Sale.

THE subscriber being about to discontinue farming, will sell at public sale at his residence in Oxford, on

Thursday, 13th instant,

if fair, if not, the next fair day,

Household and Kitchen Furniture,

POULTRY, LOT OF BACON & LARD,

8 Head of Hogs, 10 Head of Cattle, including one good

YOKE OF OXEN,

TWO HORSES,

Farming Implements

AND CORN BLADES.

TERMS:—Cash for all sums of and under ten dollars, all sums over ten dollars, a note with approved security, bearing interest from day of sale. Terms to be complied with before the removal of proprty. Stamps at expense of purchaser.

GEO. H. MULLIKIN.
ju 8-1t S Mathias Merrick, Auctioneer.

OFFICE OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
TALBOT COUNTY, MD.
EASTON, June 4th, 1867.

New Public Roads.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the construction of the New Public Road in Chapel District, as surveyed and laid down by Messrs. Wm. B. Yeo, E. F. Jump, and Henry Warner, Examiners, duly appointed and qualified, will be offered at public sale in Easton, on

Tuesday, June 25th.

The road begins on the road leading to Hillsborough, near a lot belonging to Edward Hardesy, and extends through the lands of James B. Love, Charles Keilholtz, Solomon M. Love, Dr. Dutney, John Warner, James Hopkins and Thomas Whitby, to the road from Franklinville to St. Paul's Church Road, being two and a half miles and twenty-one purches in length, and will be sold in two sections. The first section from the lot of the said Hardesty, to the road from J. B. Straughn's to Jno. Fishers, being about 1 2-3 miles in length; the 2d Section embracing the remaining portion of the road. Contract to be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder. Full information given on day of sale. At the same time in like manner the construction of a part of a new public road, surveyed and laid down by Messrs. Henry B. Leverton, Edward Woodall, and Joseph H. Brown Examiners, duly appointed and qualified, beginning on the public road from King's Creek to Chapel and extending through the lands of Messrs. A. M. White, Arringdale, Scott, S. S. Yeo, and C. H. Mansfield to the road from the Kingston Road, to the Chapel Road, being nearly two miles in length. By order.

M. G. FEDDEMAN,
Clerk.
june 8 3t S Jas. A. Roe, Auctioneer.

$20. AGENTS WANTED. $20.

$75 to $200 per month—male and females—to sell the only Genuine Common Sense
FAMILY SEWING MACHINE
Manufactured. It will hem, fell, stitch, tuck, bind, braid quilt and embroider beautifully.—Price, only $20, including Barnum's self-sewer and self-turning hemmer. Fully warranted for five years.

CAUTION.—Beware of those selling worthless cast-iron machines, under the same name as ours. For circulars and terms address, C. Bowers & Co., 355 S. Fifth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. [ju 1-1m

LIQUID BLUEING—For laundry use: also Blueing in boxes, on hand and for sale by
ju 8 DAWSON & BRO.

NEW BRICKYARD.

HAVING commenced the manufacture of Bricks near Easton, the subscriber will have ready for sale about the first of July, 100,000 good Merchantable Bricks, and a like quantity early in September. With sufficient encouragement a constant supply will be kept up. Public patronage is respectfully solicited.
may 25-tf J. H. McNEAL.

MEYER'S
NEWLY IMPROVED CRESCENT SCALE
OVERSTRUNG PIANOES.

ACKNOWLEDGED to be the best. London Prize Medal and highest awards in America received. Melodeons and second hand Pianoes. Music No. 722 Arch Street.
ju 1-3m Below Eight, Philadelphia, Pa.

INDIVIDUAL ENTERPRISE LINE.

THE Steamers of this Line will run from the wharf on Light street foot of Camden, on and after Monday, June 3d, as follows:

The steamer Sam'l. J. Pentz, Capt. J. H. Kirwin, will leave Baltimore every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday for St. Michaels and Miles River Ferry, at 7.30 A. M.—leaving Miles River Ferry on her return same days, at 12:30 P. M., and touching at Annapolis going and returning on Wednesdays.

The Steamer Champion, Capt. John R. Griffith will leave Baltimore every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7 A. M., for Oxford, Cambridge and Denton, and intermediate landings—returning Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

The Steamer Highland Light, Capt. A. S. Dungan, will leave Baltimore daily, Sundays and Wednesdays excepted, at 7:30 A. M., for Annapolis and West River—leaving Annapolis on her return the same day, at 3.30 P. M.
ju 1

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

ARE the most perfect purgative we are able to produce and, as we think, has ever yet been made by any body. Their effects have abundantly shown to the community how much they excel the other medicines in use. They are safe and pleasant to take, but powerful to cure. Their penetrating properties stimulate the vital activities of the body, remove the obstructions of its organs, purify the blood, and expel diseases. They purge out the foul humors which breed and grow distemper, stimulate sluggish or disordered organs into their natural action, and impart tone and strength to the whole system. Not only do they cure the every day complaints of everybody, but formidable and dangerous diseases. While they produce powerful effects, they are at the same time in diminished doses, the safest and best physic that can be employed for children. Being sugar-coated, they are pleasant to take; and, being purly vegetable, are entirely harmless. Cures have been made that would surpass belief, were they not substantiated by men of such exalted character, as to forbid the suspicion of untruth. Many eminent clergymen and physicians certify to the public the reliability of our remedies, while others have sent us the assurance of their conviction that our Preparations contribute immensely to the relief of our afflicted fellow-men.

The Agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis our American Almanac containing directions for the use of these medicines and certificates of the cures of the following complaints:

Costiveness, Bilious Complaints, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Heartburn, Headache, arising from foul stomach, Nauseau, Indigestion, Morbid Inaction of the bowels and pain arising therefrom, Flatulency, Loss of appetite, all diseases which require an evacuant medicine. They also by purifying the blood and stimulating the system, cure many complaints which it would not be supposed they could reach, such as Deafness, Partial Blindness, Neuralgia and Nervous Irritability, Derangements of the Liver and Kidneys, Gout and other kindred disorders arising from a low state of the body, or obstruction of its functions.

Do not be put off by unprincipaled dealers with other preparations on which they make more profit. Demand Ayer's and take no others. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

Prepared by Dr. J. C Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by all Druggists and dealers in Medicine everywhere. [ju 1-2m

FARM AT Public Sale.

THE undersigned will offer at public sale, in front of the Court House, in the town of Easton, on

Tuesday, the 11th June next,

between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M, the farm known as

"BUGBY,"

in Chapel District, Talbot County, Maryland, containing the quantity of

228 ACRES OF LAND.

The farm is within 1 mile of the Md. & Del. Railroad, which is now in progress, and will be within 1 mile of a Depot on said road; and within 2 miles of public landing on Tuckahoe Creek; Church, School, Saw and Grist Mill within the same distance of the farm.

The improvements consist of a dwelling one and a half stories high 16 by 28 feet, with a Kitchen 16 by 18 feet attached, and a Tenant House, 14 by 16 feet. There are also

CORN HOUSE,
CARRIAGE HOUSE
AND
STABLES, in good order.

There have been about

2000 Peach Trees

planted out on said farm the present Spring, in addition to the Fruit already upon the farm.—Said farm has been about one-half limed over, i. e., the arable land.

TERMS OF SALE ARE:

$1200 in cash, the balance in equal installments of one, two, three four and five years, with interest from day of sale, to be secured by bond and mortgage. Title guaranteed. Possession given at the end of this year. Stamps and title papers at the expense of purchaser.—The purchaser will also be entitled to his portion of the rent the present year.

N. C. FITZJARRELL.

For particulars apply to I. C. W. Powell, or Thomas J. Clark, Easton, Md.
may 25-3t

WM. B. WHEELER,
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
EASTON, MD.,
Will attend promptly to all business intrusted to his care.
OFFICE—Back of West's Cigar Store.
mar 18-1y S

HUNTS BLOOM OF ROSES—Phalons Hair Invigorator—Gallaudet's Hair Restorer—Chevalier's Life for the Hair—Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer—Burnett's Cocosine—Phalon's Oriental Cream—Japanese Hair Stain—Chalfants Coco Cream, just received and for sale by [may 18] DAWSON & BRO.