The Easton Gazette.

Next door to Campbell's Drug Store,
EASTON, MD.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 5, 1858

BUSINESS NOTICES.

☞ Communications, the effect of which is to promote private interest, are charged for at the rate of 50 cents per square.

☞ Obituary Notices exceeding six lines in [illegible]

☞ For terms of subscription and advertising, see first page.

☞ Accounts of over six months standing are chargeable with the usual interest.

☞ Books received by mail will be promptly noticed under the editorial head.

THE STAR "COUNTS ITS CHICKENS BEFORE THEY HATCH."—The Star thinks the result of the Constitutional election is an evidence of the death of the American party in Maryland. Be not too sure, Mr. Editor, lest you might be disappointed. The Constitutional election was not considered by the people as a party question. Let the sixteen thousand voters in Baltimore city and the thousands in the counties who did not feel sufficient interest in the matter to go to the polls, have a *question* that may require a strict *party vote*, and the editor will see where his predictions stand.—No doubt he would like to make the impression that the vote just cast is an evidence of the strength of the American party, but he will have to bring stronger argument than he has yet done. It is very probable that the democracy went their strength against the Convention, almost to a man, leaving not a stone unturned—and also a large portion of the American party went against it. But again we have abundant evidence that there were thousands of Americans who did not vote at all. But as we said before, let it come to a strict party vote and such will be the majority that will cause the democracy very soon to yell out—fraud, unfairness, pluguglyism, &c. While there is no interest manifested by the American party, and not half of them turn out, it is all right, perfect fairness. Speak not so hastily then, Mr. Editor, or you may become a mere "*appendage*" to the same *extremity* of your own party that you say Baltimore city will be to the Black Republican party.

FLEW OFF.—The Star of Tuesday in reply to our article of Saturday, to make its case a good one, flies from the frauds perpetrated by door-keeper Hackney, in plundering the public treasury, and well lining his own pockets and those of his friends with the gold of the people, to the riots in Baltimore in 1856–7. The editor of the Star asks us if we "ever heard of the numerous Baltimore policemen, that instigated and participated in the murders and election riots in 1856 and 1857, and who were retained in office *after* they had been denounced and proved guilty of the most rascally conduct on those occasions?" To this query we would say—yes we have heard just about such an account given of the police and the American party before, from such papers as the Easton Star, Baltimore Republican and others of the same stamp, without giving any further proof than the mere assertion. As the editor of the Star has leaped from the capitol of the nation to the cities in the States, we would ask him to bear in mind the shooting down while in active service, and instant killing the police in Baltimore in 1857, by a band of infuriated Irish and Dutch. If the editor's memory is not too short will he please also recollect the Washington election riot, when the U. S. soldiers were called out, and the shooting down of a number of innocent persons—persons who were not participating in the riots at all.

KEEP YOUR SHOPS WELL FASTENED.—We have heard a great outcry of late from various quarters in town, of carpenters, coachmakers and a number of others losing tools from their shops while at their meals—and some have even been broken open and tools taken off. This is a very great annoyance—and a source of great mortification, especially when suspicion rests on a number of youngers about town, who appear ambitious to carry on *business* on their own *hook*. The parents of boys cannot keep too strict guard over them for the good of their morality. And we would say to these youngsters, they are old enough to know better, and do know better—and if for nothing else should abandon such a course for the sake of the kind and affectionate hands which have reared them.—And there is another thing they had better take into consideration—the public's eye is on them, and they may get themselves into difficulty.

THE BUZZARD MYSTERY SOLVED.—The Cambridge Democrat in noticing the buzzard story which has been going the rounds in this county for some weeks, says:

"This is no doubt the same buzzard which a gentleman informed us, several days ago, was caught at Mr. Powell's, near the Blackwater bridge, in this county, and turned loose with a sheep bell to its neck; and when last seen in that neighborhood was making off followed by a large number of them."

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.—This Convention which has just closed its session, after a long discussion on the question of the division of the Diocese of the Eastern Shore, a vote was taken, first of the laity and then of the clergy, whether they voted their own sentiments or whether they represented the views of their constituents, with the following result: Delegates—ayes 9, nays 8. All voting for self and Parish. Clerical—ayes 13. Nays 5. The vote being announced Rev. Mr. Kertoot then offered the following resolution.

Resolved, That the petition of sundry memorialists from the Eastern Shore, and the whole question of the division of the Diocese, be referred to a committee of nine of the clergy and laity to examine and report on the same at the next Convention. And that the committee be instructed to ascertain the wishes of all the clergy, and of the parishers and congregations of the Diocese: and if it appear that such division is desired, that the committee further report as to the best lines of division, and on such other questions as may by them be deemed important in deciding the action of the next convention.

After some debate the House voted upon the resolution, and it was adopted—yeas 90; nays 51.

HON. J. MORRISON HARRIS.—We see by the proceedings of Congress that the Hon. J. Morrison Harris' election has been declared illegal by the House Committee, to which his case was referred. The committee was composed of five Democrats and four opposed. By a strict party vote these five democrats have deprived Mr. Harris of his seat. Had Mr. Harris received but a small majority this proceeding could not be so much wondered at. But when it is borne in mind that he received over three thousand majority over his competitor, the decision of the committee looks very *fishy*.

KIDNAPPER IN VIRGINIA.—The schooner Francis French, Captain Allen, was seized at Norfolk last week on the charge of kidnapping, and the slave found on board.—The indignation of the people became so great that it was feared at one time that the parties implicated would be treated with violence. A town meeting was called and resolutions passed to give immediate notice to a couple of men by the name of Mott and Danenburg to leave the city within twenty four hours, under the penalty of a coat of tar and feathers. It is said the requirements of the resolutions were immediately complied with.

WE call the special attention of the farmers and all others interested to the notice in another column, calling a meeting at the Court House on Tuesday afternoon next. The farmers of several of the counties on this Shore have already by resolution in public meeting assembled, determined to have their grain inspected notwithstanding the objections made thereto by the speculators and commission merchants of Baltimore. These men have grave objections to this law, which to our mind are the strongest reasons why the grain should be inspected.

Let those interested turn out and express their sentiments on the subject.

RETURNED.—Mr. Wm. Hambleton, who in company with his brother Edward, went from this county to the gold regions of California about nine years ago, returned on Tuesday last. We regret to see that Mr. H. met with a misfortune during his sojourn in that section of country, as to render one of his legs very stiff. His brother Edward is, we understand, in Australia.

The June number of the *American Farmer* comes to us with announcement that SAMUEL SANDS, Esq., the Senior Editor and Proprietor, has retired from the management of that valuable periodical. The *Farmer* will hereafter be conducted by N. B. WORTHINGTON, Esq., the late associate of Mr. SANDS.

THE TRIAL OF YOUNG WILSON.—The trial of Solomon Wilson for killing young Bradshaw, is to come up on the 16th inst. before Talbot county court. A large number of witnesses have been summoned from Dorchester county to attend the trial. It has been three years the 26th inst, since the death of Mr Bradshaw.

A NEW PAPER.—Mr. Wm. T. Rowlenson has gone to the city to purchase materials for the establishment of a new paper in Easton, by the name of "*Public Monitor*."

DICKINSON COLLEGE.—A catalouge of this thriving institution, for 1858, has reached us by mail, from which it appears that the number of students in College is 190—53 of whom hail from Maryland.

CAMP MEETING.—There will be a camp-meeting of the M. E. Church, in Woolford's Woods, near Tobaccostick, Dorchester county, commencing on Friday, 20th of August next.

THE impression is now very general in Washington that the session of Congress will be prolonged beyond Monday—probably for two weeks.

HON. JAS. A. STEWART will please accept our thanks for pub. doc.

BRIGHAM YOUNG.—Brigham Young, in one of his late sermons, gives a curious account of his travelling four hundred miles by stage, in 1829, starting with only $19.50 in his pocket. He states that at every point where he had expenses to pay he found his pocket, on putting his hand into it, mysteriously and miraculously replenished. Is he quite sure that it was his own pocket he got his hand into?

For the Gazette.

MR. EDITOR:—You will greatly oblige me, and perhaps many others of your readers, if you will give the following extracts an insertion in your paper. They contain a principle for which the writer of this request has been contending for some several years past, to wit: that medical men should not be compelled to testify in a case of jurisprudence, involving a question of medical science unless they be amply compensated for it. A medical gentleman of this county had made up his mind not to respond to the interrogatories of counsel upon a point of professional opinion, and asked an eminent lawyer (now on the bench) what would be the consequence of a refusal to do so. He said, as there was no law bearing upon the matter giving him protection, the court might regard it as a contempt, and imprisonment might follow—not wishing to act refractorily he yielded to his advice, and was handed over to the tender mercy of counsel. It so happened, a few years ago, that a medical gentleman visited Easton during the session of Talbot county court on some urgent business, intending to return immediately, as the circumstances were such that a long absence might prove dangerous to his patient—was subpœnaed by the sheriff as an "expert," and detained several days, to the great injury of his patient, and pecuniary loss to himself. And why? To gratify the whim of counsel—to make him give a professional opinion upon a scientific question, that he had no right to demand. JUSTICE

St. Michaels, June 1, 1858.

IMPORTANT TO SCIENTIFIC MEN.—In the course of his summing up, in the case of Betts vs. Clifford, tried before Lord Campbell and a special jury at Warwick Assizes, on the 22d instant, his lordship noticed that a scientific witness having asked his opinion as to whether he was bound to attend, upon being served with a subpœna, he would say that a scientific witness was not bound to attend, and ought not to be subpœnaed. If he knew any question of fact he might be compelled to attend; but her Majesty's subjects were not compellable to give their attendance to speak upon matters of opinion.—*The Solicitor's Journal.*

The paragraph which we copy above possesses an interest for all physicians or other learned men who may be called to give testimony as experts in courts of justice. According to the principle here laid down by Lord Campbell, which corresponds with that which we know has heretofore been considered as correct by good authorities, although not always regarded in the courts, the mere payment of the witness fee does not entitle the lawyer to get out of a witness upon the stand a professional opinion upon a point involved in the case. If the witness knows any thing about the facts in the case of course he must attend and testify to what he knows; but if he is only summoned to give his opinions, he may do as he pleases about putting himself at the mercy of the counsel.—*Boston Daily Advertiser.*

WASHINGTON ELECTION.—From all accounts the democracy in Washington are using every means they can possibly devise to carry the election in that city on Monday. If not allowed to have things their own way wo unto all that oppose them. A correspondent of the Baltimore Clipper gives an account of a conversation between one high in power and an honest mechanic from which we make an extract, showing to what low and contemptible means they are resorting to, to carry the election:

It appears that, on Thursday, in the sixth ward, a specimen of democratic humanity, who has been for some years wallowing in government luxuries, met the honest mechanic who had been kicked out of public employment because he dared to assert the right to vote his sentiments at a municipal election, and, after a few commonplace remarks, asked—

"Well, for whom are you going to vote this time?"

"Wallach, I think," carelessly replied the proscribed mechanic.

"Look you, would you like to get in the Yard again?" insinuatingly inquired the Berrettite, as he familiarly placed his hands upon the shoulders of the mechanic.

"I would," answered the proscribed man.

"Then if you will do one thing I promise you that in two weeks after the election you shall go to work in the Navy Yard," assured the Berrettite.

"What is it you want me to do?" inquired the mechanic.

"Why," said the Berrettite, "it is simply that on the day of election you get a Berret ticket, go to the polls, and holding this ticket up to the view of everybody, declare that you have come to vote for Berrett; then drop it into the ballot-box so that the commissioners can see you. If you do this I pledge my word that you shall get back in the Yard—get your old place again."

"But don't you think it would be better and safer for me to show my ticket to Doctor Esculapius, and let him see me vote?" suggested the mechanic.

"Oh, no, that will not be absolutely necessary—he will know it anyhow. Then you will do this, hey?" And this Berrettite, believing that he had succeeded, looked exultingly at his supposed victim.

"No, sir, I will not do it—you have mistaken your man: I am not to be bribed. I shall vote for Mr. Wallach," declared the honest mechanic, and turning on his heel he left the Berrettite to his own reflections.

The democrats are impressed with the belief that Americans would sell their souls to obtain employment in the navy yard, and every American, who has been dismissed from the yard, is insulted by such propositions as the above. This is one of the methods which they are daily using to get votes for Berrett; there are others which, it seems, they intend to employ on the day of election in order to make his election sure.

I have heard it remarked on several occasions that Americans will not be allowed to vote on the seventh of June, and when I have asked how they could be prevented, I was invariably informed that they would not be allowed to go to the polls. The Berrettites swear that Wallach shall not be elected, consequently they must have settled upon some plan by the prosecution of which they expect to give us trouble. But let me inform Mr. Berrett and his coadjutors that if they think to win the day by the means which they threaten, they will miss the mark, as did the feeble javelin of aged Priam, for they might as well try to stop the eternal flowing of the mighty waters of the Niagara, as to prevent the Americans of Washington from voting on the seventh of June.

The democrats held a mass meeting at the Navy Yard on Thursday evening, and the only incident worth noticing is this:—One of the speakers, in relating an anecdote, remarked that he would say something of the Know Nothings which would apply, if it were not for the presence of the ladies. One of the ladies immediately spoke up and said: "Oh, you might as well tell it, you blackguard, for we all know what you mean." J. L.

News Items.

A YOUNG man, by name, H. Barber, returning from church in Clarksburg, Montgomery county, on Sunday afternoon last, while running a race with a young companion, attempted to make his horse leap over a cow lying in the road. The cow raising up pitched the horse over, killing Barber instantly.

This young gentleman was a son of Hezekiah Barber and was about 19 years of age.

A NEW POLITICAL PARTY.—A Despatch from Washington says a movement is in progress, contemplating the co-operation of all the opposition elements to the administration in the "People's Party of the Union." The main features of the proposed organization are: The ignoring of all questions calculated to produce a sectional strife; the protecting popular rights; a judicious system of internal improvements; a settled and firm foreign policy; the prevention of the immigration of crimnals and paupers; the protection of the ballot box, and an extended period of residence after naturalization as a condition for the exercise of the elective franchise; the fostering of American genius and wit. Every territory rising into a State to have a constitution and laws framed by the citizens of the United States who are permanent inhabitants therein, under such rules as Congress may prescribe; the object being a recognition of the essential principles and policy, in which all opponents of the Administration may agree.

DEATH OF A U. S. NAVAL OFFICER.—The venerable Com. T. Ap. Catesby Jones, U. S. Navy, died on Sunday night, at his residence in Fairfax county, Va., after a protracted illness. Com. Jones was one of the oldest officers of the navy, having entered the service in 1805, some 54 years ago.—His service at sea extended over 19 years while he performed shore duty for nearly 13 years. The retiring board, a few years ago, placed him upon the reserved list, and since then he has resided on his beautiful estate in Fairfax county, on the banks of the Potomac, a few miles above Washington, devoting much attention to agricultural persuits. He was a native of Virginia.

YIELD OF THE MINES OF CALIFORNIA AND AUSTRALIA.—The San Francisco Alta Californian furnishes a comparison between the gold productions of California and Australia, the statistics from the latter country being derived from the report published in the Melbourne Herald:

The whole amount of gold produced from 1851 to 1857 inclusive, is as follows:—From California $338,712,467, and from Australia $269,697,760—balance in favor of California, $69,674,707. This should set at rest the questions of the comparative richness of the two countries in the precious metals, which has heretofore been a disputed point, since the product of California has been made by a mining population far smaller than that of the colony of Victoria.

We have here a sum total of over six hundred millions of gold that have been added to the wealth of the world in the past six years, (exclusive of the amount produced in California prior to 1851,) as is shown by statistics in Australia and shipment statistics in California. It is a reasonable estimate to say that at least two hundred millions in value of gold in addition has found its way into the world, through other sources, from the soils of California and Australia—or, in round numbers, making eight hundred millions of dollars in solid gold as the grand total.

RUMORED COLLISION BETWEEN THE STEAMERS FULTON AND STYX.—A New York paper of yesterday, says the Sun of Thursday, had a rumor of a collision between the U. S. steamer Fulton and the British steamer Styx, off Pensacola, in consequence of the latter having fired into an American vessel and killed a seaman. No such intelligence has reached Washington, where the rumor is said to have originated. We see it stated also that the American brig Abram, from Savanilla for New York hove to off Key West on the 25th ult., landed several passengers, and then proceeded for New York, and that the Styx, which was then at Key West, immediately weighed anchor, and started apparently in pursuit to overhaul and search her.

AN INFIDEL CONVERTED.—The English correspondent of the Zion's Herald writes: "Thomas Cooper, the noted skeptic, and author of 'The Purgatory of Suicides,' has recently become a convert to Christianity; and after having spent thirty years of his life in lecturing and writing against the Bible, he is now striving to make reparation for the mischief he must have done, by lecturing in defence of the Sacred Scriptures.

A dispatch from Monmouth, Ill., states that the village of Ellison was completely demolished by a tornado on Sunday night by which fifteen persons were killed and others fatally wounded.

CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATION—TORNADO AND LOSS OF LIFE.—The American convention, held in St. Louis nominated Judge Gamble for Congress.

Snow fell in Condersport, Porter county, Pa., on the 21st May, following in the wake of a severe hail storm.

ELECTION RETURNS.—Below will be found returns from all the counties in the State except one. Most of persons have seen the vote of the different counties before this, but we insert them for future reference:

	Against.	For.
Allegany,	1,445	682
Washington,	2,349	1,248
Carroll,	1,718	1,136
Montgomery,	760	507
Howard,	447	148
Harford,	403	191
Cecil,	1,099	811
Kent,	327	349
Queen Anne's,	114 maj	—
Talbot,	807	87
Caroline,	258 maj	—
Somerset,	400 maj	—
Dorchester,	703	295
Worcester,	867	152
Charles,	486	46
Anne Arundel,	511	306
Baltimore county,	1,694	640
Baltimore city,	3,957	5,403
Frederick,	732 maj	—
Prince George's,	623	229
St Mary's,	680	63
	19,782	12,298

Majority against a Convention, 7,487.
Calvert not heard from.

THE NEXT PRESIDENCY.—The annexed communication first appeared in the Richmond (Va.) Enquirer—a newspaper partly owned and edited by O. Jennings Wise, Esq., a son of the Govenor.

"*The Next Presidency.*—I recently observed in a number of the Nashville Union the advancement of an opinion that Henry A. Wise will be the candidate in 1860, of a "Grand Coalition," to be formed out of the various "odds and ends" which stand opposed to the Democratic party. Having taken especial pains to inform myself on the subject of presidential movements, I take this mode of giving to the foregoing slanderous intimation, a prompt and fiat denial, and of predicting the nomination of the Hon. Thomas Swann, a distinguished Maryland for the next Presidency, by the American party of both sections. ONE WHO KNOWS."

THE BOWELS AND THEIR FUNCTIONS.—As perfect health is the greatest blessing that we can enjoy, without which all other Blessings are of little consequence, we deem it of great importance to point out the way for you to enjoy it. The bowels must be kept in a state by which they are enabled to carry off the useless matter; they are the main channel which nature has appointed to carry everything that is unnecessary. And it is impossible to tell what a large amount of sickness has been caused by costipation, or costiveness; in other words, by not keeping the bowels regular; it is the main road to all diseases: it is the cause of unnatural irritation to the mucous, or lining membranes of the bowels. Having lost their natural strength, they cannot object to what is required of them. Hence, the bowels become inflamed, and unless you find a speedy relief, a thousand other complaints are ever ready to drag you through a miserable and wretched life. Such medicine must be given as will cleanse the stomach and bowels, and to restore their natural strength. To accomplish this there is no compound so valuable as these Pills; all other medicines sink to utter insignificance when compared to them; it seems as though the Author of Nature had designed them for this as well as other complaints. From two to five Pills a day will increase strength and appetite, and cleanse the stomach and intestines from whatever is injurious.

☞ Dr. Moore's Indian Root Pills are sold by all dealers in Medicines.

☞ We think it is hardly known even to the most intelligent of our readers, how deep some of the sciences are looking down into the mysteries of creation. We know there were wonderful discoveries in these times, and wonderful uses made of them, but did not know the Chemists were imitating in their crucibles and even surpassing the most wonderful productions of organic life. During our visit to Lowell we were introduced by one of their prominent citizens to the laboratory of Dr. AYER, (inventor of Cherry Pectoral and Cathartic Pills,) where we were shown with generous frankness, his processes and his products. This master genius of his art is manufacturing the subtle essences of flowers from an ethereal vegetable substance. His essence of Pine Apple, Strawberry, Cheeberberry, Quince, Pear, Catalia, Cinnamon, &c., not only equal but they exceed in purity of flavor, those vegetables themselves. His oil of Winter-green is purer and of better flavor than any that can be gathered from the plant—and yet is made by chemical composition from the Hydro-carbons in tar. His process is, to analyze the oil of nature and find the exact ultimate atoms of which it is made, then recompose them in the same proportions which exist in nature.—CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE.

Prices Current.

BALTIMORE, June 2, 1858

WHEAT—About 3,500 bushels offered. Sales as follows:

Fair to good	95a$110
Good to prime	115a$120
Red—good to prime,	1 04a$1 06
CORN—White and yellow,	61a65 cents
OATS—	31 cents

PHILADELPHIA, June 2.

WHEAT—White,	1 12a$1 15
Red,	85a$1 05
CORN—for yellow,	72 a 73 ts
RYE—	65 cts.
OATS—	37 cts.

Marriages.

HARRISON—JONES.—On the 31st ult., by Rev. H. P. Jordan, Levi P. Harrison, to Mary E. Jones, all of this county.

GEMENY—DENNY.—On the 27th ult., by Rev T J Quigly Anderson Gemeny of Westmorland county, Va., to Miss M. Eleanora Denny, of Talbot county.

[Balt. Clipper and Sun please copy.

LARRIMORE—ALLEN.—In Baltimore, on the 20th ult., John H. Larrimore to Miss Margaretta Allen, of the above city.

Deaths.

WRIGHT.—At Pott's Mills, in this county, on Wednesday evening last, Capt. Jacob Wright, in the 63d year of his age.

His friends are desired to attend the funeral at his late residence on this (Saturday) afternoon at 2 o'clock P. M.

DALLEY'S Magical PAIN EXTRACTOR, to be had at the Drug store of
june 5 L. H. CAMPBELL.

COAL OIL—Just received. Also a lot of taps, rings and chimneys, for altering Ethereal Oil Lamps: we will alter Lamps for $1 12½ cents each. (june 5) PATCHETT & WRIGHT.

ESSENCE OF JAMAICA GINGER—Possessing the true, delicious aroma, with all the graceful and excitant properties of the finest Ginger itself Call at the Drug & Chemical store of
june 5 L. H. CAMPBELL.

PERFUMED MATCHES—Without sulphur, and warranted to keep in any climate, to ignite freely, and burn without smoke or any unpleasant smell, for sale by
june 5 L H CAMPBELL

COLEMAN'S *Celebrated French Cement*—For repairing broken Glass, China, Queensware, Cabinetware, Ornaments, and Fancy Articles of every description. Price 25 cents
june 5 L H CAMPBELL.

CACHOU *Aromatise*, for diffusing an aromatic flavour in the Mouth, and removing the taste and smell occasioned by nauseous medicines, smoking, &c, to be had at the Drug and Chemical store of (june 5) L H CAMPBELL

ODORANT ELIXIR OF PARA CRESS—This innocent, yet powerful revulsive affords instant and permanent relief to the Toothache, speedily allays Gum Boils, painful affections or swelling of the face, and any inflammatory symptoms which arise from neglected or decayed teeth; for sale at the Drug and Chemical Store of
june 5 L. H. CAMPBELL.

DENTISRTRY.

DR. BAIRD respectfully informs the citizens of Easton and vicinity that he will be in Easton on the *9th inst.*, and will be pleased to attend those desiring his professional services.
Cambridge, June 5–3t

ATTENTION FARMERS!

THE Farmers of Talbot county are requested to assemble in public meeting at the Court House in Easton, on *Tuesday next, the 8th inst.*, at 1 o'clock P. M, to consult as to the best means of enforcing and carrying out the provisions of the Grain Inspection Law passed by the Legislature
june 5–1t

County Commissioner's Notice.

THE Commissioners for Talbot County, will meet at their office, in Easton, on *Tuesday, the 15th of June inst.*, for the purpose of appointing a Collector of the State and County Tax, for the year 1858.

By order of the Commissioners for Talbot County.
T. K. ROBSON, Clk.
june 53w

ESTRAY.—Came trespassing on the premises of the subscriber near Easton, on Thursday last, the 3d inst, three head of Cattle—two of a red color—a cow and heifer; the other is red with white back—ear marks not recollected. The owner is requsted to pay charges and take them away.
june 5–3t ($1) CHAS: RATHELL

Important to Farmers.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the Farmers and others of Talbot, who may have Lambs and Calves for sale, that they are now giving the highest Cash price for all they can get. Farmers having such Stock to dispose of would find it to their advantage to let them know the fact—either by leaving word at the "Easton Gazette" Office, or informing either of the subscribers
THOMAS ROBERTS.
june 5–1t GEORGE GALE

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Talbot county, the subscriber will offer at public sale, in front of the Court House in Easton, on

Tuesday, the 15th day of June inst.,

at half past 2 o'clock, P. M, of said day, one Negro Woman named Delia, aged 18 years, a slave for life, the property of the estate of James W Salisbury, deceased

Terms of Sale—The terms of sale prescribed by the court are a credit of six months, the purchaser giving note with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale
CHAS: STEWART, Adm'r of James W Salisbury
june 5–ts

Consumption, Bronchitis & Asthma.
MISAPPREHENSION CORRECTED.

THE success which has attended the special treatment of affections of the Throat and Lungs, introduced by DR. ROBERT HUNTER, of New York, whose practical writings on the Respiratory Organs and the rational system of Inhalation have been so recently published, leads many persons to apply for "Agencies," as if "Inhalation" consisted of some "particular nostrum."

Such a misapprehension is calculated grossly to mislead the public, and Dr. Hunter therefore feels it to be due to himself and to the practice of Inhalation with which his name and reputation are identified to state, again, that "Inhalation," as advocated by him, is a system of treatment based on a correct knowledge of the condition of the patient, and cannot therefore be a subject for Agencies.

All persons desiring to consult or come under treatment, must apply personally or by letter to Dr. Hunter's associate, Dr. J. B. WILLIAMS, when the fullest information regarding the treatment will be given, either to patients themselves or to physicians consulting on their cases without charge.

Those who are desirous of consulting may address either R. HUNTER, M. D., or Dr. J. B. WILLIAMS, M. D., North Charles Street, Baltimore, Md.
june 5–1t

THE GREATEST IMPROVEMENT OF THE AGE!

Jone's Patent
Kerosene or Coal Oil Lamps,
UNRIVALLED IN BEAUTY, SIMPLICITY, SAFETY OR ECONOMY.

EVEY person desiring to obtain the VERY BEST and CHEAPEST portable light within their reach, should call and examine these Lamps *before purchasing elsewhere*, and we *pledge ourselves to demonstrate*

1st That no accident can occur by explosion
2d That they emit no offensive order while burning.
3d That they are very easily extinguished.
4th That they are easily regulated to give more or less light.
5th That they burn entirely free from smoke.
6th That the light is at least 50 per cent, cheaper than any other light now in common use.

These Lamps are admirably adapted for the use of Students, Mechanics, Seamstresses, Factories, Halls, Churches, Stores, Hotels, and are highly recommended for family use. For sale by the undersigned, sole Agents for this place

We have also just received a few more pieces of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
a fine assortment of
Ladies' Dress Trimmings,
Walkers' Celebrated Net Thread,
Carpet Chain, Cotton Yarn.

Also a first rate lot of
GROCERIES.
All of which we offer at very reduced prices for Cash, or on time to punctual dealers. We invite our friends to call early or they may lose bargains
ALEX. H. SETH & SON.,
june 5–3t St Michaels.

COURT, COURT.

ALL who are concerned in the Talbot county Court, are hereby notified that the subriber has fitted up, expressly for the public's convenience, in the basement of the Brick *Hotel*, a *RESTAURANT*, where they may supply themselves with all the delicacies of the season, at such moderate prices, that will allow the poorest man in the community to partake thereof without injury to his means. The room is especially fitted up for that portion of the community who think the price of our regular dinner more than they can pay. Being divided into 4 rooms, each secured by curtains in front, furnished with neat table and seats, to accommodate 8 persons at a time, prepared and lighted with gas. The following articles can be obtained at all times, in quantities to suit:—Beef Steak and Coffee; Bread and Butter; stewed, fried, roasted, broiled and raw Oysters, from 6¼ cents worth up; soft Crabs, deviled Crabs, Frogs, Pigs Feet, Tripe, Sheep Tongues, &c. In addition to the convenience above named, he would respectfully announce that he has spared no pains to make the accommodation at the table in the room above, such as shall give satisfaction for the price, beyond a doubt, as every possible article of food in season will be obtained, or furnished. He has obtained a beef raised by Mr. Wm. Goldsborough, and fatted for the last 3 years, which will be furnished every day during Court I will now remark that I wish all to come and see for themselves, and if they are not satisfied that they have had the worth of their money, the money will be refunded. Come all, now, and help to establish what all admit to be a public convenience, by contributing your mite. If all who come to the House would feed their horses and themselves, we could afford, beyond all doubt, at all times, to give them such accommodations as would render perfect satisfaction, but if you say we want a good house, and at the same time refuse to patronize it, how, in the name of God, can a man keep it.

The public's obedient servant,
june 5–tf J. Q. A. HADDAWAY.