The Easton Gazette.

EASTON, MD.

SATURDAY MORNING, JAN'Y. 16, 1858.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

☞ Communications, the effect of which is to promote private interest, are charged for at the rate of 50 cents per square.

☞ Obituary Notices exceeding six lines in length, are also subject to a similar charge.

☞ For terms of subscription and advertising; see first page.

☞ Accounts of over six months standing are chargeable with the usual interest.

☞ Books received by mail will be promptly noticed under the editorial head.

WE are pleased to learn that the works of the Easton Gas light Company are so near completion that the Company has designated the night of Wednesday, the 20th of this month, as the time to commence operations, and will give the citizens the benefit of the light at that time.

The works, we believe, are constructed in the most substantial manner, and we are assured that no pains have been spared by the Directors to render them as perfect as possible. The expenditures have been made in the most judicious manner, and their purchases made on the most favorable terms.

The last call on the stock of the Company is due on the 20th, and in hope all those who may be in arrears will answer the call punctually, as it is of the utmost importance that the Company should have the means to liquidate *all* their obligations by that time.

Wherever the gas manufactured by the Maryland Portable Gas Company has been introduced it has given the greatest satisfaction, being much superior in brilliancy to the gas made by coal, and fully as economical to the consumer.

We bespeak for the undertaking the favorable co-operation of our citizens in consideration of the private and public advantages likely to arise from it, and we are fully satisfied that after a fair and impartial trial scarcely a family in the town will be willing to dispense with its comforts and conveniences.

MARYLAND FINANCES.—The report of the Comptroller of the Treasury of this State shows that the receipts for the year ending September 30, from ordinary sources, were $1,108,938.17; besides $275,770.23 received from the General Government on a claim for money loaned many years ago.

The amount received from direct tax was $233,304.85: from Clerks of Courts $256,512.69. From the Baltimore and Ohio and Northern Central Railroad Companies the full amount of their obligations have been received. The Susquehanna and Tide-water Canal Company are in arrears to the sum of $30,000.

During the fiscal year ending as above the disbursements from the Treasury were $1,259,164.40. Of this amount $236,855.35 was paid for State stocks redeemed and cancelled while there was transferred to the sinking fund $126,224.78.

It appears that the interest on the public debt for the year amounted to $670,282.70. The sinking fund amounts to $3,977,276.44, or nearly four millions of dollars.

THE Governor's message, as will be seen by our Legislative proceedings, was, on Monday, read in both Houses of the Legislature. In the House the motion to read was made by Mr. Magruder, the same gentleman on whose motion it was laid on the table on Friday without reading. There was considerable discussion on the proposition to print it, and only one hundred copies were ordered by the House. Leaves to introduce a large number of bills were granted, and a motion made having for its object the adoption of compulsory measures to bring about a resumption of specie payments by the banking institutions of the State.

THE press of advertisements and the length of the Legislative proceedings, have crowded out a quantity of interesting matter.

We have time only to refer our readers to the legislative proceedings in reference to the Governor's message, which did not receive the attention from that honorable body that some thought it should have done. Governor Ligon's language in his message to the election of the Baltimore delegation is about in keeping with his official actions during the past few months—of such a character as not to command that respect which the executive of a State should receive. But on the contrary to bring down upon himself the indignation of a whole people.

THE steamship Africa arrived at New York on the 9th, bringing Liverpool dates to the 26th ult. Though business in England had been interrupted by the Christmas holidays there were evidences of continued improvement in financial affairs. The Bank of England had reduced its rate of discount to 8 per cent., no further failures of consequence were reported and a better feeling prevailed. Consols are quoted at 93¼a93¾. Later news from India had brought intelligence of the relief of Lucknow after hard fighting.

THE Postmaster General has ordered the appointment of Charles Robinson Postmaster, at this place, in the place of Wm. T. Rowlenson.

EDITORIAL CHANGE.—Mr. James M. Vickers made his first appearance as Editor of the Kent News on Saturday last.

MARYLAND LEGISTURE.—The House of Delgates organized on the 7th inst. John Summerfield Berry of Baltimore county was elected Speaker; Rev. Vaughn Smith of Somerset county, Chief Clerk, and James W. Clayton of Cecil, Reading Clerk.

The Senate also organized on the same day by the election of Edward W. Webster of Harford, President. Chapman Harwood of Annapolis was elected Secretary, and Dr. Tingle of Worcester, Reading Clerk

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SATURDAY EVENING POST.—The proprietors of this well-known family paper offer great inducements to subscribers for 1858. The Post in a prospectus says:

In these times of Bank suspensions and Mercantile suspensions, the proprietors of the Saturday Evening Post call the attention of the reading public to their old and firmly-established weekly paper as the paper that never suspends. For over thirty-six years the Post has been published; and in all that period—through "good times" and through "bad times," through bank inflations and bank contractions, through prosperous seasons and through panics, the Post has been regularly issued every week, and forwarded to its thousands of subscribers. Its proprietors therefore point to the past as an unfailing index of the future.—And they feel that in asking of the reading public a continuance of the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon the Post, they are asking no more than what it will be both the interest and the pleasure of that public to grant.

Among the contributors to the Post, we may mention the following gifted writers: William Howitt, Alice Cary, T. S. Arthur, Grace Greenwood, Anna Blackwell, Augustins Ducanne, Mrs. M. A. Denison, Emma Alice Browne. The Author of "An Extra-Judicial Statement." The Author of "Zillah, the Child Medium," &c. &c. &c.

TERMS (Cash in advance)—Single Copy $2 a year; 4 copies $5; 8 copies (and one to the getter up of the club) $10; 13 copies (and one to the getter up of the club) $15; 20 copies (and one to the getter up of the club) $20.

The Postage on the Post to any part of the United States, paid quarterly or yearly in advance, at the office where it is received, is only 26 cents a year.

Address, *always post-paid*,
DEACON & PETERSON,
No. 132 South Third Street, Phila.

[COMMUNICATED.]

MR. EDITOR:—It has been amusing for some time past to the disinterested observer to see how busy have been the aspirants for the Post Office at Easton. I am sir, personally acquainted with the gentlemen who have been making efforts to obtain it. Whether they desire especially to accommodate the dear people or merely to hoard up the perquisites of the office is more than I can safely say Wm. P. Leaverton, Charles Robinson and Henry Thomas all put in for the appointment and all had their friends and qualifications to bolster them up. As to the *claims*, considering the *means* of support of the gentlemen, there is no comparison. The one has *recently sold his farm for a very large price*, and thereby above the frowns of the world; the other has heretofore been the recipient of office—indeed has had office nearly all his life, independent in means, having a good and lucrative farm, a store the patronage whereof is sufficient alone to afford him a livelihood and something more, and the latter a gentleman advanced far into old age—a firm democrat, one who has never split his ticket in his life, who has no means of support, and whose *claims* for the office are not inferior to those of any man in the county, who went recommended to the Department by some of the best men in the county, and yet notwithstanding all this, he was coolly pushed aside. It is, it seems to me sir, the policy of the democratic party to turn off those who are really in need of office as a means of support, where their qualifications are equal, and put in those whose means are ample and whose qualifications are not superior.

I do not wish to be understood as in any wise disparaging the qualifications of the new appointee, but I do say, that in view of all the circumstances 'Squire Thomas should have had the appointment, and it is a cause of great regret among the democracy of the county. I venture to say, Mr. Editor, that had the matter been put to vote, he would have had a large majority over both his competitors combined, because I regarded the chapel aspirant as entirely out of the question, his political course heretofore having been so vascillating and chimerical. OTHELLO.

THE MONTGOMERY COUNTY MURDER.—Leizer, the shoemaker, who cut his wife's throat, on the farm of Mr. Rawlins, near Sandy Spring, this county, on Thursday night, the 31st ult., and afterwards cut his own, but failed to make a fatal wound, says the *Rockville Journal*, is now an inmate of Rockville jail. The jury on the body of his wife returned the following verdict:

"We, the jurors, believe that Elizabeth Leizer came to her death by her husband, George W. Leizer, cutting her throat on the 31st December, 1857, at about 5 o'clock, P. M."

The weapons used was an ordinary shoe knife. The murdered woman was of excellent family and highly respected; her maiden name was Walker. Leizer alleges that she cut his throat and then her own, and expressed a wish to know why he was taken to jail, that he had done nothing.—The parties are well known to the people of this county, and the tragedy caused great sensation.

DROWNED.—A few days ago Mr. Charles Martin, of Talbot county, and Mr. Eugene Tubman of this county, we understand, accompanied by a negro boy, started across the river in a sail boat for the residence of Mr. Martin, and when near the Talbot shore the boat capsized.

Mr. Tubman succeeded in reaching the shore first, leaving Mr. Martin and the boy on the boat, and started in search of assistance. When he returned he found Mr. Martin lying on the shore in a state of insensibility, and the boy had disappeared. We are sorry to hear that Mr. Martin is now dangerously ill from the exposure.—The body of the boy has since been recovered from the river.—*Cambridge Democrat.*

HON. T. HOLLIDAY HICS, Governor elect, was to have been inaugurated on Wednesday last. Preparations were made for a large crowd, but as we have received no papers since that date, owing to the bad arragement of the mails, we can give no particulars.

MISTAKE.—We were wrong last week in giving publicity to a rumor that the small pox had broke out in the Trappe. We have since understood there is not the least foundation for the rumor, as nothing of the kind had been in that town.

MARYLAND LEGISLATURE.

ANNAPOLIS, January 8, 1858.

HOUSE.—The House of Delegates met this morning at 11 o'clock and prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. Graff, of the Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Magruder offered an order appointing Thomas J. Wilson, Printer to the House. Passed.

Mr. Rodgers offered an order according seats on the floor to Messrs. Leggett & Nesbit, contestants of a seat from Washington Company. Passed.

Mr. Alexander asked leave to introduce a bill prohibiting the naturalization of foreigners by the courts of the State. Granted.

The same gentleman asked leave to introduce a bill defining the meaning of the word "resident" used in Art. 1, Sec. 1 of the Constitution.

Mr. Magruder obtained leave from the Committee on Judiciary to introduce a bill to amend and supply defects in the act of 1856, chap. 154, simplifying and abridging the rules and forms of conveyance.

Mr. Kidd offered an order directing the clerk to send a copy of the daily journal to each paper in the State.

Mr. Wickes presented the petition of the Reade Rifle Corps, asking to be allowed to build an armory over the Market House in Chestertown. Referred to the Kent county delegation.

A message from the Executive was announced.

Mr. Magruder moved that the House refuse to receive the message, and upon that called, the previous question. Upon this motion, quite an animated parliamentary combat sprung up; Mr. Contee and others of the Democratic members, endeavored to prevent the operation of the previous question, but the call was sustained. Mr. Belt demanded the reading under the 17th rule, but the Speaker decided that he was out of order. An appeal was taken, and the decision sustained. The yeas and nays were then called on the adoption of the motion to refuse to receive the message, and the vote stood, nays 42; yeas 27.

The House therefore refused to receive the Governor's Message. Messrs. Clark and Contee were absent.

Mr. Smith, of Baltimore city, moved to adjourn, but witndrew it to allow Mr. Kidd to offer an order.

Mr. Kidd then submitted the following order: That the House of Delegates have committed an act of official discourtesy unparalled in the history of the country by refusing to receive the message of the Governor after requesting him through their constitution committee to submit it.

Mr. Ryers moved that the order be laid on the table and called the previous question which was sustained and the motion passed.

The motion to adjourn was then renewed by Mr. Grieves, and passed, the yeas and nays being called.

January 11.

SENATE.—Mr. Kimmell offered an order that, the Mayor of the city of Baltimore be requested to communicate to the Senate of Maryland any correspondence he may have had with the Governor of Maryland in reference to the preservation of the peace in the city of Baltimore at the last election day, and also inform the Senate of the measures he took to preserve the peace of said city, and the manner in which the said election was conducted, and the protection afforded the citizens of the city in the free exercise of the elective franchise. Laid on the table on motion of the mover.

The Governor's message was read, and Mr. Gaither moved that 2,000 copies be printed. Mr. Kimmell moved that 25 be printed. On motion of Mr. M'Cullough the whole matter was laid on the table.

Mr. Franklin moved a message to the House, proposing the appointment of a joint Special Committee, to examine the vouchers as to the expenditure of the contingent fund. Adopted. Messrs. Franklin and M'Masters were appointed on the part of the Senate. 2,000 copies of the Comptroller's report were ordered to be be printed.

HOUSE.—After the reading of the journal, a motion was made by Mr. Duvall to strike out the word "following" in that portion relative to the reception of the Governor's message, and insert the word "a" so that the journal would read "a message was received from the Governor."

Mr. Sterling moved to insert the word "the," as a committee had been appointed to announce to the Governor the readiness of the House to receive the message, and by the insertion of "the" reference would be made to the report of the committee.—There was a considerable discussion on the motion, which was finally carried.

Thereupon Mr. Contee waved that the word "message" be stricken out, and "communication" be inserted, as the journal spoke of a "communication" to be received, and it was not yet known what its nature might be.

The Speaker read the inscription on the package from which it appeared that it was the "Message of the Executive." The motion was withdrawn.

Petitions.—Mr. Magruder moved that the rules be suspended in order that the Governor's message might be read, but withdrew the motion for the time.

Mr. Kilbourn presented a petition from a number of citizens of Anne Arundel county, asking that the school tax may be increased. Referred to the Committee on Education.

Leaves.—Mr. Kennard obtained leave for the Committee on the Judiciary to inquire into the expediency of introducing a bill providing for the inspection of alcoholic and malt liquors, and to make their manufacture and sale punishable by fine and imprisonment, if they be impure, or known to contain poisonous ingredients.

Mr. Morgan obtained leave to introduce a bill providing for the prompt settlement of disputes between the buyers and sellers of grain, and for the appointment of an official weigher and measurer of wheat in Baltimore city.

Mr. Stirling obtained leave to introduce a bill ceding to the United States jurisdiction over such real estate ordered for the United States Government.

The same gentleman obtained leave to introduce a bill giving power to the Circuit Court, to sell remainders and other reversionary interests in real estate.

Leave was obtained for the introduction of a bill to enlarge the jurisdiction of Orphans' courts.

Mr. Bacon obtained leave to introduce a bill for the protection of the trading of fish and to prescribe the time of fishing in the head waters of the Chesapeake bay.

Mr. Belt presented an order directing the committee on judiciary to inquire into the extent to which the State taxes may be reduced without injury. Passed.

Leave was obtained for the introduction of a bill for the protection and encouragement of negro slavery by exempting slave property for debt.

A message was received from the Governor, enclosing the returns of the election for Governor.

Mr. Thruston presented an order, instructing the Committee on Judiciary to inquire into the powers of the Legislature over the banking institutions of the State, with a view to compel them to resume specie payments at an early day.

Leave was obtained to introduce a bill exempting from taxation the parsonage of the Methodist Protestant Church in Carroll county.

The Comptroller's Report and the Report of the Orphan's Court of Prince George's county, were laid before the House by the Speaker.

On motion of Mr. Stirling, 5,00 copies of the Comptroller's Report were ordered to be printed.

Mr. Magruder renewed his motion that the Governor's message be read—Carried. The Message was then read.

Mr. Stirling moved that the correspondence between the Governor and the Mayor of Baltimore city be also read—Carried, and the correspondence was read.

Mr. Duvall moved that 1,000 copies of the message and correspondence be printed.

The debate upon the printing of the message was resumed, aed continued by Messrs. Stirling, Magruder and Alexander, of the American, and Messrs. Belt, Contee and Lynch, of Baltimore county, of the Democrats.

The motion to print 500 copies was lost by a vote of 41 to 28. The substitute offered by Mr. Stirling to print 100 was then put to vote and adopted.

January 12.

SENATE.—Messrs. Kimmell and Miles were appointed on the Joint Special Committee to wait on Hon. T. Holliday Hicks, and invite his presence in the Senate Chamber.

HOUSE.—The House was opened this morning at 11 o'clock, and prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. Veitch.

On motion of Mr. Hobbs, Mr. John Shoemaker, Sergeant-at-Arms, was sworn in.

Petition.—Mr. Ford presented a petition from citizens of Caroline county, praying that William Hamimond, free negro, be empowered to hold real estate. Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Order.—Mr. Kilburn offered an order, instructing the Committee on Judiciary to report a bill securing the selection of better juries, and the choice of jurors by lot from a large number of the most respectable citizens. Adopted.

Leaves.—Mr. Alexander obtained leave to introduce a bill remodelling the inspection laws of the State. Referred to the Committee on Judiciary. Mr. Magruder obtained leave to introduce a bill enabling individuals to change their names without applying to the Legislature. Referred to the Committee on Judiciary. Leave was granted to introduce a bill amending the act incorporating the Maryland institute.—To Mr. Goldsborough to introduce a bill providing for the building of a bridge over Myers river in Talbot county.

Leave was granted to introduce a bill punishing intoxication in the city of Baltimore. Referred to the Committee on Judiciary. Leave was obtained to introduce a bill for the suppression of the carrying "of any instrument called deadly." Same reference. Mr. Magruder obtained leave to introduce a bill amending the Act of 1856, chapter 112, simplifying and amending the rules of pleading and practice. Same reference. Mr. Smith, of Baltimore city, obtained leave to introduce a bill authorizing the Mayor and City Council thereof to dispose of property belonging to the city, by lease or otherwise. Same reference.

A message was received from the Senate proposing the appointment of a joint special committee to examine the vouchers, as to the disbursement of the contingent fund, and for the $4,000 appropriated for the repair of the Government House.

Resolutions.—Mr. Grieves introduced resolutions reciting the acts of the Governor in connection with the Baltimore election, and severely censuring his course.—Mr. Duvall wished to offer a substitute, but was out of order. The resolutions were laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

The members of the Senate, headed by their officers and conducted by the Committee of the House, entered the Hall and were escorted to seats prepared for them, the members of the House standing until the Senators were seated. Hon. Edwin H. Webster, President of the Senate, took his seat beside the Speaker.

The returns of the election for Governor were then opened by the Speaker, read by the Reading Clerk, and the vote announced by the former officer.

The vote of the various counties for Governor stands thus:—For T. Holliday Hicks, 47,141; for John C. Groome, 38,681—majority for Hicks, 8,460.

Caleb D. Owen of the Baltimore county judges, signed the return under protest.

The result was announced by the Speaker, and T. Holliday Hicks, Esq., proclaimed duly elected Governor of Maryland.

Mr. Grieves offered a message proposing the appointment of a joint special committee to wait on Mr. Hicks, Governor elect, and invite his attendance in the Senate chamber at 12 o'clock on Wednesday the 13th inst., to receive the oath of office. Adopted.

Upon reception of a message from the Senate, announcing concurrence, the House adjourned till 10 o'clock this morning.

News Items.

FROM KANSAS.—Fort Kearney dates to the 23d ult., have been received at St. Louis. Col. Johnson arrived at Fort Bridget November 26th. Col. Cook had also arrived, and as nothing is said of his having been attacked by the Mormons it is concluded that the report to that effect is entirely without foundation.

The Mormons had, however, burnt up all the grain on their route and the animals were dying at the rate of 100 per day. The Mormons were actively engaged in fortifying all the passes.

DISTRESS AMONG LABORERS.—The Government has again failed to pay the laborers employed at the New York navy yard. They have had no pay since the 8th of December, and there is much distress among them in consequence.

HUNG.—Donnelly, the murderer of Moses, was hung in New Jersey on the 8th inst.—He made a speech of some two hour's length, reviewed the testimony and declared his innocence in an able and eloquent manner. There was an immense concourse of spectators, but perfect order was preserved.

INDIAN DELEGATION TO BILLY BOWLEGS.—A delegation of the Creeks and Seminoles, accompanied by an agent, arrived in Washington on the 8th inst., on their way to Florida, to induce Billy Bowlegs to emigrate to the West.

HORRIBLE ACCIDENT.—Seven men, mostly negroes, were scalded to death by molten metal at Cooper's Iron Furnace, in Cass county, Georgia, on the 9th inst.

PEDESTRIAN FEAT.—Alfred Elson, an Englishman, twenty-five years of age, accomplished in the city of Hartford, on Saturday night week, the great feat of walking during one hundred and eighty consecutive hours, without sleep or rest.

TREASURY NOTES.—The Treasury Department at Washington, has received from the engraver, and issued 150,000 treasury notes of the denomination of $100.

Prices Current.

BALTIMORE, Wednesday, Jan. 14, 1858.

WHEAT—About 3,000 bushels offered. Sales as follows:

White, good to fair,	1 15$1 18
" good to prime,	1 20a$1,25
Red, good to prime,	$1 10
CORN—About 2,000 bushels offered; sales of White and yellow,	57a 64 cents
OATS, per bushel,	32a34 cents

PHILADELPHIA, Jan 14

WHEAT—About 4,000 bushels offered:	
White,	1 20a$1 30
Red,	1 13$1 15
CORN—Dull—for yellow,	60a62 cts.
RYE—	70 cts.
OATS—	35 cts.

Marriages.

ROE—COVEY.—In this county, on the 24th ult., by Rev. B. F. Brown, Wm. B. Roe to Mary Covey.

LEDNUM—HIGNUTT.—In Denton, on Thursday, the 7th inst., by the Rev. Thos. Numbers, James I. Ledunm to Miss Alexine Hignutt, both of that county.

AXES! AXES! AXES!—R. Mann & Co.'s celebrated Axes, for sale by
jan 16 A. DODD & Co.

WANTED.

THE subscriber would like to purchase—standing in the Woods—within two or three miles of the Town of Easton, a Lot of HICKORY, OAK and PINE WOOD.
J. Q. A. HADDAWAY,
jan 16-3t Easton Hotel.

BOOTS & SHOES.—The subscriber has just returned from the cities of Baltimore and Philadelphia with an additional supply of boots and Shoes, of every grade and quality. Also another supply of those superior pegged and stitched city-made Boots which gave so much satisfaction
jan 16 G. C. MACKEY.

Negroes Wanted.

AS I am Agent for a firm in Baltimore, to purchase Slaves, I will pay the highest Cash price for those that are young and healthy and slaves for life. I can be found at Merritt's Hotel. A communication addressed to me from any part of the Shore will be promptly attended to. (jan 16-3m) W. H. NABB

Agricultural Notice.

THE Board of Trustees of the Agricultural Society for the Eastern Shore, will hold their next meeting at "Lonely," the residence of Wm. Hayward Esq. on Thursday, next, the 14th instant. By order,
M. T. GOLDSBOROUGH,
jan 16-1t Secretary.

Negroes Wanted.

I AM again in the market, and will pay liberal prices in Cash, for any number of likely NEGROES, that are slaves for life. I can be found at the Brick Hotel in Easton. Communications promptly attended to.
jan 16 3m WM. HARKER.

A NEW PAPER.

Independent of all Sects, Parties and Denominations.

"He is the freeman whom the *truth* makes *free*
And all are *slaves* besides."

THE undersigned intends to commence in a short time the publication of an Independent Newspaper under the title of the

"LITTLE GIANT."

The columns of which will be open to the free discussion of all questions of a public character, and will be preserved untrammelled from political bias or sectarian prejudices.

The "Little Giant" will be *the* Paper for the *People* and not for any *particular* party, in which *all* sides shall have a hearing.

It will be published weekly at the low price of ONE DOLLAR in advance, and issued as soon as a sufficient number of subscribers shall be obtained to justify the publication.

☞ ADVERTISING and JOB WORK will be done on moderate terms.

The undersigned's long experience in the business is the best guarantee he can furnish that the "Little Giant" will be *some* newspaper, and he knows no such word as *fail*.

Hand in your names with the *money*, and "push on the columns."
WM. T. ROWLENSON.
Easton, Jan. 16, 1858-1t

Y. M. C. Association.

AN Association having been recently organized in Easton, the object of which is the improvement of its members in Literature and Christian Morals, under the title of the "YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION," and contributions from a generous public either in books or money will be gratefully acknowledged. It is intended to connect with the Library and Reading Room other modes of literary and moral culture, of which a course of popular lectures by various gentlemen will constitute a part.

Donations may be forwarded to the address of the Library Committee of the Y. M. C. A., Easton, Md. [jan 16-3t

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

WISHING to reduce my stock to make room for my Spring Purchases, I have this day commenced closing out my stock of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

of every description, viz:
Plain and Fancy Silks, Merino Coburgs,
de Laines and Alpacas, at cost prices.
I will also sell upon the same terms the residue of my stock of Shawls,
Capes, and
Mantillas,
among which are some very handsome and desirable styles. My stock of *EMBROIDERIES* being very select, great bargains will be sold in Swiss and Cambric Edgings, and Insertings, worked Bands, Collars, Sleeves and Handkerchiefs.—A call from purchasers is specially requested.
jan 16 JOHN GOLDSBOROUGH.

TOWN ORDINANCE.

An Ordinance to prevent Chickens, Fowls, and Ducks going at large within the limits of Easton.

BE IT ENACTED and Ordained by the Commissioners of the Town of Easton, duly elected and qualified, that it shall not be lawful for any person or persons to keep or raise within the limits of said Town, except in pens or other enclosures, any chickens, fowls or ducks, and if any chickens, fowls, or ducks, shall be found going at large within the limits of the Town, unless they be such straying chickens, fowls or ducks, as may belong to any person or persons not residing within the limits of the said Town, it shall be lawful for the Bailiff of the said Town, and he is hereby required upon the information of any of the Inhabitants thereof, or upon his own view, to distrain and seize all and every such chicken, fowl or duck; and all and every such chicken, fowl or duck so distrained and seized shall be forfeited for the benefit of said Town, and shall be forthwith sold by the Bailiff at Public Auction to the highest bidder, and the funds arising from the sale thereof except the sum of twelve and a half cents for every chicken, fowl or duck, so seized and sold, to be retained for his trouble, shall be accounted for and rendered by the Bailiff to the said Commissioners to be applied by them for the benefit of said Town.

And be it further enacted and ordained by the authority aforesaid, that if the owner of any chicken, fowl or duck, shall suffer the same to go at large, contrary to the provisions of this ordinance, he, she, or they so offending shall forfeit and pay the sum of twenty five cents for every day, after being warned of the same by the Bailiffe, for each and every chicken, fowl or duck, he she, or they, shall so suffer to go at large, to be levied and collected, as other fines and forfeitures are levied and collected.

EASTON, January 8th, 1858.

ORDERED by the Commissioners that the above Ordinance will be rigidly enforced from and after the first of March next.

By order of the Board,
jan 16-4tS LEVIN H. CAMPBLL, Clerk.

AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST.

ORANGE JUDD, Publisher & Prop'r, 189 Water-st., New York. Terms $1 a year in Advance.

Vol. XVII., No. 1. JAN., 1857. New Series, No. 133.

INTERESTING ANNOUNCEMENT.

GOOD PURE SEED FREE

FIFTY-ONE varieties of valuable SEEDS offered FREE to the Subscribers of the American Agriculturist for 1858. The Seventeenth Volume of this Journal, opens with such inducements to the Farmers, Gardeners, and cultivators of even the smallest Plots, (ladies of course included,) as have never been offered before by the publisher of this or any other Journal, to wit:

The Agriculturist is enlarged to 32 Double Quarto Pages in each number.

Six of the best practical Cultivators in all the country have been secured to write for its pages during the year 1858 besides a host of occasional contributors.

Over 300 beautiful, instructive Engravings of Rural Objects, of interest and utility, will be given in 1858.

The January Number has 75 instructive articles, and over 30 engravings, and this is a fair sample, though even less value than the succeeding numbers will be.

The January number gives a list of Fifty-one varieties of Field, Garden and Flower Seeds, of choicest kinds and best quality, mostly obtained from the best Gardens in Europe. From this list every subscriber will be entitled to choose any three parcels he or she may desire, free.

The Seeds will alone be worth to many persons the full subscription price; but aside from them

Every number will contain as much first rate reading and more engravings than most of the Dollar Books offered to the public. Thousands of subscribers have said, even of the past less valuable numbers, that they would not part with them for $1 each. Still

Volume XVII (for 1858) will be furnished to subscribers, entire, for $1; Six copies for $5; Ten or more copies at 80 cents each.

Do you ask how all this can be done? Ans. The Agriculturist has a larger circulation than a dozen of the ordinary Agricultural and Horticultural Journals. A few cents profit on each subscriber, gives a large sum to be appropriated to paying the best writers—collecting information—costly Engravings—and for Seeds for free distribution.

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