The Easton Gazette.

EASTON, MD.

SATURDAY MORNING. OCT'R 31, 1857.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

☞ Communications, the effect of which is to promote private interest, are charged for at the rate of 50 cents per square.

☞ Obituary Notices exceeding six lines in length, are also subject to a similar charge.

☞ For terms of subscription and advertising; see first page.

☞ Accounts of over six months standing are chargeable with the usual interest.

☞ Books received by mail will be promptly noticed under the editorial head.

AMERICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND,
THOMAS HOLLIDAY HICKS.

FOR COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY,
WILLIAM H. PURNELL.

FOR COMMISSIONER OF LOTTERIES,
Daniel H. McPhail.

FOR COMMISSIONER OF LAND OFFICE,
William L. W. Seabrook.

FOR CONGRESS—FIRST DISTRICT,
Teagle Townsend.

THE CONTEST NEAR AT HAND.—You are called upon, fellow citizens, on Wednesday next, to cast your votes for State, County, and District officers. Nor is this all. You have a greater duty to perform than the mere depositing your votes in the ballot box—it is your duty to weigh well the responsibility that every man is taking upon himself that may be successful enough to gain a majority of votes. It appears to be a thing, too, that should be taken into consideration that you ought not to be influenced by party or clique in casting your votes. The interests of the County are at stake, and it is with you to say whether her affairs shall be overlooked and transacted by experienced hands and her money expended with economy, or not. Every one of you are more or less individually interested in the result of this election. The Independent candidates throw off all party bias and are actuated by no political feeling in this contest. They are acting on purely Independent ground, and all opposed to caucuses, or a party being ruled by a few individuals for the promotion of their own political ends should come to thier support. The caucus system is fast dying out in this county, her citizens finding that it works disadvantageously to their interests. The Independent candidates have no party ends to serve, no party influence to g o v e r n them. Which then, of these are most calculated to act with impartiality? men who come out independent of party, and their position sanctioned by men of both parties, or a ticket brought out by caucus nomination? This is a question, there is no doubt, considered by a majority of the people of the county, admitting of not the least contention or debate. Come up then and let your effort show for itself, and bring about the good effect which officers almost invariably create when supported by men of all parties. This is the way and the only way to carry out the desires and wishes of the people, and give general satisfaction.

SAMUEL T. HOPKINS.—We are informed a report is in circulation in this county, and particularly the Chapel District, that Mr. Hopkins, the Independent candidate for the Clerkship of the county, announced himself in defiance of the wishes of his friends, and that he would be a candidate at all hazards. We most unhesitatingly deny that Mr. Hopkins ever dreamed of such a thing as running in opposition to the wishes of his many friends of all parties, and instead of this, was warmly solicited, pressed, made to announce himself as an Independent candidate for the office. There will, we have no doubt be all sorts of misrepresentations made in reference to him to defeat him. He stands upon the ground of superior qualification and merit. The people, we hope, will turn a deaf ear to all such reports and judge for themselves who can best perform the duties of the office. We hear that his opponents have runners in the above district to state this false and wilful misrepresentation of him, for the sole purpose of defeating him. Having no correct charge against him they resort to this, right upon the eve of the election, when they know he has no means of successfully refuting it in all parts of the county by reason of the shortness of the time to the election.

STAND FIRM, and use all your energy and power, ye Independent men, and try every honorable means in this contest to bear off the palm of victory. Heed not the dictations of your opponents, for if you do you will, in all probability, be deceived.—Heed not fair promises. Stand firm then and leave nothing undone, on your part, until success shall be fully declared. Such is your privilege if you choose to make use of it.

WE have several communications on hand which will be attended to as soon as possible. All communications of whatever character must be accompanied by the real name of the author

OUR LAST APPEAL.—In county matters politics should be eschewed and public convenience, public accommodation, superior merit, capability and qualification should control and override mere political preferment. On the Independent ticket the name of Samuel T. Hopkins first greets the public eye. He is known and familiar to almost every man in the county, always at the post of duty he never knows what recreation is. Go to his office when you will, there you will find him ready and willing to accomodate you. Ask him for whatever information you may in reference to the matters in his keeping, and you receive a pleasant and gentlemanly reply. To the poor man especially do we appeal for his suffrage in his behalf. He may go, and oftentimes it is the case, to the Clerk with papers and instruments of writing of different sorts, and whenever there is the least defect about them he will tell you and correct it. Put a man there who has not this information and you not only have the paper defective and illegal, the record wrong and subject to erasure, but you have afterwards to go and employ a counsel who will charge you a fee of from five to ten dollars. This is a matter of serious reflection and we hope will be well considered and understood. We appeal especially to the people for the election of Mr. Hopkins on account of his *superior* and *eminent qualifications* for the office. His opponent is a very clever man, a man of wealth, of large landed possessions and to this we have nothing to say. But we do say he cannot perform the duties of the office himself and will have to import some stranger, at least for a time, to do for him. The people of the county who go to the office then will not meet the familiar face of Mr. Hopkins, but on the other hand, that of an entire stranger. We again appeal to the people in the name and on behalf of his superior merit and qualifications for the office for his election. Ask your elves, is he honest, is he competent, is he faithful? and we are sure the *name of* Sam'l. T. Hopkins will be triumphant

C. North Emory, the candidate for the Register's Office is a man of great moral worth, well qualified in all respects for the office, and we hope will be supported cheerfully by the Independent votes of the county.

John R. McQuay, the candidate for the Sheriffalty, is a man every way qualified for the duties of the office, kind to the poor, industrious, honest and faithful, a self-made man and will receive a very large vote in the county.

Samuel Emerson and Jesse H. Bloodsworth, the candidates for the Legislature, are both men of sterling integrity, and will make excellent Representatives.

Richard H. Adams, Arthur C. Mullikin and Wm. K. Lamdin, the candidates for Commissioners, are men of intelligence and business habits, opposed to high taxes opposed to paying $1000 for collecting the taxes, when it can be done for less, and opposed to paying $350 or $400 to the Clerk when much less will suffice as well. Particularly do we commend these men to the Independent voters of the county.

Jas. Fitzjarrell, the candidate for Surveyor, is well known to the people as a good and correct Surveyor, and will be supported by many persons who regard his qualifications as superior to those of his competitor.

Wm. T. Stichberry and Edward Ray, the candidate for Supervisor and Constable in this district, are men well calculated to perform the duties of the offices satisfactorily to the people.

NEXT WEDNESDAY.—Forget not that with next Wednesday, again rolls around the time when it not only becomes you as a citizen, but as a duty which you owe to your country, and may we not say to your Creator, to cast your suffrage as your conscience may best dictate. Let not a man then stay away from the polls. If there is a general turn out of the voters the Independent ticket will be crowned with victory. Let every man go to the polls EARLY and deposit his vote. Let the triumph of the Independent ticket be resounded from one end of the county to the other.—Let those who are opposed to the ticket stigmatize it with whatever epithets they may see fit. Such stigmas are only intended to make capital of. Use every honorable effort, then, to forward the Independent ticket, and the fruits of your labors, will, there is no doubt, doubly repay you for your trouble.

PREMIUMS.—Among the premiums awarded at the Cattle Show, just closed, in Baltimore, we notice the following from this county: Mr. Sam'l. B. Hopkins, Jr., of this town, for his three year old filly, Lucy, $30. To Lloyd Lounds, Esq., of Miles River Neck, for one year old filly Minnehaha. $10. To Thos. Hughlett, Esq. of Trappe District, second best filly, B. H. Fanny, $15. To Capt. Stranberg for milch cow Matilda, $50.

LOOK CAREFULLY.—All who are in favor of the Independent ticket should be careful and look well at their ticket before voting. It has been asserted that there has been tickets in circulation for some weeks. If such be the case, they are not genuine, but gotten up to carry out political ends. Look well at every man on your ticket before voting and see that it be correct.

MORE NEW GOODS.—Messrs. Patchett & Wright have just returned from the city with a large and handsome assortment of goods, such as are usually kept by them. Also dry goods and an extensive assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, which can be purchased cheap for the *tin*. Give them a call.

HARD TO BEAT.—Mr Wm. J. Trippe left at our office, on Thursday last, a sweet potato weighing 7 pounds. Who can beat it?—let us see the first one.

NEW PROCEEDING.—By the steamer last evening Gov'nor Ligon sent over a special order to procure arms for our armory, to be carried to Baltimore in the boat this morning, to be held in readiness for the day of election in that city. Such a proceeding is a perfect farce, and no doubt intended to have effect on the State election. This act, which should be frowned down, will no doubt be painted in bright colors, by the democratic orators of this county, for political advantage. What right has the Gov'ernor to enlist men and procure arms for this occasion, without being first requested by the Mayor? But even had he the right, are there not sufficient arms in Baltimore for its protection?

MORE RUNAWAYS.—Fifteen negroes belonging to Samuel Pattison, seven of W. Brannock and E. Phillips and one of Levi D. Traverse, absconded last Saturday night. This makes about forty, says the Cambridge Democrat, that have left this immediate neighborhood in the past three weeks.

MURDER.—A mulatto fellow named Wm. Wyatt, jr., deliberately shot another colored man on Saturday last, in Caroline county, near the Delaware line. The load entered his right side coming out of the left, causing his death in a few hours.

APPALLING FIRE IN CHICAGO.—A distressing fire occurred in Chicago, Illinois, on the 18th inst., destroying about $100 000 worth of property, and causing the death of some twenty-five persons.

[COMMUNICATED]

TO THE TAX PAYERS OF TALBOT COUNTY.

In the Star of Tuesday last, I am wilfully charged as having grossly misrepresented the facts to you in reference to the matters which you have doubtless, ere this become familiar. I utterly deny that I have in any manner falsely stated any thing and defy the editor of the Star to adduce any portion of my communications to support the malignant assault he thus deliberately makes upon me. This, gentlemen, shall be my last appeal to you. The decision will be made on Wednesday next. After that time I shall bow in submission to you, decree. You are all familiar with the charges brought against the present Commissioners of the county. They are grave and important. A calm reflection should be had upon the sanction or rejection of them. The editor of the Star who has been engaged with me in the controversy, though from the the weakness of his cause and his vain attempt to shield himself and the Commissioners from the just censure which attached to their course, abandoned it a week ago, yet fired up by the instigations of others, renews the contest and endeavors to evade the responsibility by a *wilful* and deliberate departure from the true issue. He endeavors to make you believe that the reason *his* salary was increased is because of the extra work performed by him in the matters relating to the public roads. But you, I hope, will not be thus deceived. In the County Clerk's office, all the proceedings in reference to the public roads in the county, was *recorded* by the Clerk. But now no such thing is done—since the Commissioners have had the control of the matter, no proceedings have been *recorded*, but on the other hand merely *filed* away. But again, did not Mr. Higgins perform the identical duties that the editor of the Star now does? What did he receive? Was his salary increased? No. The effort of the Star will therefore prove futile and the inference he desires you to draw as to the reason why his salary was increased, will be correspondingly imbecile and powerless. He has no defence. He can make none.—The thing is too palpable for a contradiction or denial. That he has acted in an unbecoming and censurable manner in withholding the truth from you is beyond all cavil and doubt But I beg the liberty as a citizen and tax payer of the county, *to enter my protest against paying out extra money to favorite officers*, when *others* can be procured to do it *faithfully* for less. When the appointment was made, I am informed correctly that several *good* and *responsible* men of *his own* party were ready to take the counter hip at a salary of $800. But they knew nothing of it That Mr. Jump had the Collectorship to four years, I am fully aware. I do not know that he did not receive but $800 He was paid a per centum for making new assessments, which I assume are the *exquisites* the editor of the Star stations as a ruse to place before you. Mr. Harrison received $1000 and the *same commission* for assessments made by him. There is still $250 extra levied upon you to make up the *extra* pay of the *Clerk* and the *Collector*. But the Collector may as he does not receive but $800, and his *commission* for new assessments. But $209 has to be accounted for in some way. Why did not the editor of the Star tell you who receives it, and wherefore? Because he knew you would plant your feet upon the transaction He well understood you would justly demur to such a course of the Commissioners, when by their action, $200 has to be paid for the delinquence of their appointee.

The editor of the Star laments and complains that Mr. Jump had the collectorship for 4 years. But when he does this he does not tell you that he has been the Clerk to the Commissioners *ever since* 1848 with the exception of two years.—What did he receive for his services? $400. He received $400 per year from 1848 till 1853 the time Mr. Higgins was appointed by the Independent Commissioners.—There was no public roads then made by the Commissioners, no proceedings even *filed* by the Clerk to the Board. No *false* plea of this kind for him to skulk behind. When the said Independent Commissioners were elected they with eye singled to the welfare and prosperity of the county, went to work and reduced the expenses as far as possible and among those expenses the salary of the Clerk to $300. When the present Board came into power, the reverse seemed to be their determination You have the Collector's and Clerk's salaries increased. You plainly see the object of the Clerk. He wants $350 and is climbing up to his original pay as fast as he can He is afraid to make too long a leap at one time, but elect him the next Clerk and you will soon find out what he will do. He will take it as a ratification of his course and his authority to raise his salary. And I must confess he will have some foundation for his belief. I would ask to see the expenses of the county published, but I presume the Clerk will not have it done till after the election, then it will be too late for discrimination and action upon the matter. When a party possesses the knowledge of a fact and at the same time withholds it on examination the inferences and conclusions are thereby against him. So in the case of the Commissioners.

Now, gentlemen, in conclusion as I have before stated this shall be my last appeal. All I ask is a calm reflection upon the matter. Eschew everything like politics in county matters. Far better is it to have competent and Independent men in power, than politicians however clever and respectable. They are always guided more or less by party requirements and prejudices, oftentimes to the sore detriment of the people's interest. Select men, select the Commissioners whom you know are opposed to the course of the present Board. Throw off your party shackles, party bias and influence and act irrespective of party for the good and welfare of your county. Bring up charge after charge in your mind when you are about to deposite your ballot. Say to yourselves whether you can endorse the present course of the Commissioners, of the Clerk who has falsely and wilfully misrepresented the facts to you, with the hope of shielding the wrong and injustice thereby perpetrated upon your rights. Do this and I shall be satisfied with the result. I have not one word to say against the Commissioners as men in a social circle or point of view, but as public men and officers I do most unhesitatingly condemn their course—and let their threats of libel suit be what they may, I shall shrink from no responsibility or skulk from no issue. I stand upon a firm and solid basis, one which cannot be undermined or shaken, neither by the empty threats of the Commissioners nor the lais and malicious assaults of the Clerk A BROTHER TAX PAYER.

Easton Oct. 28.

Aye or No Correspondence.

NEW YORK, Oct. 23 1857.

Eye are beginning to feel the want of the western produce which is now kept back for the want of money among shippers.—We shall soon have gold enough to bring on the breadstuffs with, but the question is whether we shall get it up time to effect a large movement from the west before the close of navigation. The cost of a barrel of flour transported by railroad would be greater than our poor people could pay. The gold which has been setting out of the country in a steady stream is now beginning to flow back. The dry goods are being shipped back from the crowded warehouses by every steamer to their European owners, and this process will continue until all the warehouses are emptied So England will have to pay in gold for the cotton and breadstuffs of which she will need a considerable quantity after this date.

The majority of our domestic commission houses, in dry goods, have failed, suspended or obtained extensions. The importers have now to carry the whole mass of the jobbers' unpaid notes, and they cannot stand the pressure much longer. Nearly all the commission paper houses in the city have gone under. The wholesale clothing business is killed for the next season The dealers in produce and money are the only class who carry on trade at present.

Auction sales are the great feature of the day in the retail trade and all kinds of stock, but especially fancy articles, are offered at 20a30 per cent. under cost. Auctions continue on a small scale in front of many of the retail shops, and the clerks desert their quiet position behind the counter and clamor their wares in the ears of bypassers, with more than Hebrew vehemence and pertinacity. The Broadway retail stores are selling silks and high priced fancy goods at any price, and draw many customers not only from the country but from neighboring cities, where the panic has not affected purses so generally. One of the largest houses in this line, took in one day this week, $15,000 in gold besides bills by the half peck. Our laboring men are, half of them at least, totally out of employment, and another fourth are working on short time. Still there is no few of breadriots among sensible men. In England these riots are unmistakable whenever work is stopped in the factories, because the operatives, as a class, live from hand to mouth. But our city Savings Bank held $49,000 on deposit, mostly belonging to the working classes, and held in small sums! The German as a class, have laid up money, but the Irish generally spend the in hoppers.

No one doubts that we shall have a hard winter, but the reality will probably prove less formidable than we fear. The city is rapidly being deprived of artisans who will invest their little savings in a passage to the Southern West, where they may hope to obtain at least a living compensation for their labor. Merchants look for a brisk time during the spring season now approaching, but can give them no encouragement that the next fall trade will be excellent, and the succeeding spring one of the best business seasons the city has ever known. There is no reason to doubt this. By next July or August, at furtherest, the immense crops of the country, West and South will have been turned into gold; owing to the stoppages of mills and the almost entire cessation of importation, there will be a scarcity of manufactured goods, and all the conveniences, luxuries and elegance of life with which people are now dispensing will be in active demand at high prices.

Amusements are dull and literature has sunk below par. People buy the newspapers because they cannot get along without them, but books are dry and even magazines are unsaleable stock. The four cent weeklies have lost immensely in the amount of their sales, so that the news boys hardly think of investing in that species of property, which two months ago paid them better than any thing else.

The weather is rather mild for the season, and tailors are longing for a good snap of frost, compelling people to come down with the dust for overcoats, shawls and all kinds of protective garments. But it is a painful fact that our city is wearing out its old clothes. RIVINGTON.

On Thursday last the ground in the vicinity of Hamilton, Canada, was covered with snow to the depth of six inches.

Announcements.

COUNTY.

MR. EDITOR:—You are authorized to announce RICHARD H. ADAMS, Esq. as an Independent candidate for Commissioner of Talbot county Mr. Adams was elected in 1851, served two years and discharged the duties of the office to the satisfaction of the people of the whole county.

oct 24-te MANY VOTERS

To the Voters of Talbot County.

I offer myself as an Independent candidate for the office of Clerk of the Circuit Court for Talbot County.

Aug. 29-te SAMUEL T. HOPKINS.

I OFFER myself to the voters of Talbot County as an Independent Candidate for the Office of Register of Wills. C. NORTH EMORY.

sep 5-te

To the Voters of Talbot County:

AT the earnest solicitation of a number of my friends, I offer myself as an Independent candidate for the SHERIFFALTY of Talbot County.

june 27-te JNO: R. McQUAY.

FELLOW CITIZENS.—I hereby announce myself as an Independent Candidate for the Legislature. If elected, I will subserve to the best of my ability the interests of the county.

sept 19 SAM'L EMERSON.

MR. EDITOR:—Captain JESSE H. BLOODSWORTH, at the earnest solicitation of many friends in various parts of the county, has consented to be an Independent Candidate for the Legislature, and will be supported by

sept 19-te MANY VOTERS.

MR. EDITOR: You are authorized to announce ARTHUR C. MULLIKIN as an Independent Candidate for Commissioner of Talbot County.—We have the pleasure of knowing Mr. Mullikin personally, and can safely say that his qualifications for the office are not inferior to those of any gentleman in the county. MANY VOTERS.

MR. EDITOR:—You are authorized to announce William K. Lamdin, Esq., as an independent candidate for Commissioner of Talbot County. Mr. Lamdin is well and favorably known and will be supported by MANY CITIZENS.

MR. EDITOR:—You are authorised to announce JAMES FITZJARRELL as an Independent Candidate for the office of County Surveyor.

sep 12 MANY VOTERS.

DISTRICTS.

To the Voters of Easton District:

At the earnest solicitation of a number of my friends, I offer myself as an Independent candidate for the office of Constable, of said District. If elected I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability.

oct 3 EDWARD RAY.

To the Voters of Easton District:

At the earnest solicitation of a number of my friends, I offer myself as an Independent candidate for Supervisor of the Public Roads, in Easton district, and if elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability, and also call on the taxable inhabitants of the District to work upon the road.

oct 3 WM. T STICHBERRY.

A CARD.

At the earnest solicitation of a number of my acquaintance friends, I hereby announce myself an Independent candidate for supervisor of public roads in Easton District, and if elected, I will endeavor to please the people of the District, and endeavor to make the expenses of the county as low as possible HENRY J. HARDEN.

AT the solicitation of many voters I offer myself as an Independent Candidate for the office of Constable in St. Michaels district, and if elected will endeavor to please the people to the best of my ability. THOS. W. BLADES

To the Voters of St. Michaels District:

I hereby announce myself as an independent candidate for Justice of the Peace of said District. If elected nothing shall be left undone to give satisfaction to those with whom I may have business.

oct 3 JAMES VALLIANT.

To the Voters of St. Michaels District:

I OFFER myself as an Independent candidate for Justice of the Peace, of said District.

sep 26-te JOHN W. DEAN.

To the Voters of St. Michaels District:

I offer myself as an independent candidate for Justice of the Peace, in St. Michaels District.

sep 26-te S THOS H. W. LAMBDIN.

I hereby offer myself an Independent candidate for the office Constable of St. Michaels District.

ROBERT F. BENSON.

To the Voters of St. Michaels District:

I OFFER myself an Independent candidate for Justice of the Peace of said District.

sep 26-te NATHAN HARRINTON.

To the Voters of St. Michaels District:

I HEREBY offer myself as an Independent candidate for Constable for said District.

sep 26-te EDWARD O. HAMBLETON.

To the Voters of St. Michaels District:

I HEREBY offer myself as an Independent candidate for Constable in said District.

The public's obt servt

sep 19-te RICHARD K. MURPHY.

MR. EDITOR:—You are authorized to announce WILLIAM JONES as an Independent Candidate for Supervisor of the Public Roads for St. Michaels District

sep 12 THE PEOPLE

To the Voters of St. Michaels District:

I hereby offer myself as an Independent candidate for Supervisor of public roads, in said district and if elected, will cheerfully do every thing to advance the work to the best interest of the people.

ANDREW SATTERFIELD.

MR. EDITOR:—You are hereby authorized to announce the name of CHARLES R. MULLIKIN as an Independent candidate for Justice of the Peace in Trappe District. [oct 10

To the Voters of Trappe District.

I OFFER myself an Independent candidate for Constable of said District

oct 10 JOSEPH R. MERRICK

I hereby offer myself an independent candidate for Justice of the Peace of Trappe District.

sep 12-te JOSIAH HIGGINS.

To the Voters of Trappe District.

FELLOW CITIZENS:—I offer myself as Candidate for Constable.

aug 5-te PHILEMON MULLIKIN

I OFFER myself to the Voters of Trappe District, as an Independent candidate for the office of Constable

THOS. M. BAKER.

I OFFER myself to the voters of Trappe District as an independent candidate for Supervisor of the Road.

sept 19-te EDWARD HENNESSEE

To the Voters of Chapel District.

At the earnest solicitation of many friends I offer myself as an Independent candidate for the office of Magistrate, in said District.

oct 3 THOS. COVEY.

To the Voters of the Chapel District:

I HEREBY announce myself as an Independent Candidate for Magistrate, in the above district

sep 12 DANIEL C. BARNETT.

To the Voters of Chapel District:

AT the arnest solicitation of many friends, I offer my self as an independent candidate for Constable in the Chapel District.

sep 12-te DANIEL LOFTON.

To the Voters of Chapel District:

I OFFER myself as an Independent Candidate for the office of Supervisor of the Roads in said District, and if elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability.

sep 12 NATHANIEL PATCHETT.

I OFFER myself an Independent candidate for Supervisor of Bay Hundred District.

JOHN H. HARRISON.

FOREIGN NEWS.—On the arrival of the Persia from this side, the Bank of England Directors met on Monday, October 12, and advanced the rate of discount to seven per cent., making a rise of 1½ per cent. in four days. At the regular meeting on Thursday, the day preceding the steamer's departure from Liverpool, it was anticipated that the rate would again be advanced to eight per cent., and some of the London authorities look for even ten per cent. before the crisis is fairly met There however, are the views of the alarmists and will not, it is probable, be realized.—The general tone of the English press was hopeful, and it appears disposed to take the same views as prevailed here and to regard the crisis as not likely to inflict permanent injury upon the commercial interests of the world Additional advices from this side may change these views.

The Indian news is undoubtedly favorable to the English. The progress of the mutiny is apparently stayed, and with the rapid increase of the British forces that at the latest dates was going on, we may expect that the succeeding arrivals will bring intelligence of the gradual restoration of British control in that country.

The announcement of the death of Mr. Thomas Crawford, the distinguished American sculptor, though fully expected, will be heard with regret. A mysterious, and apparently inexplicable murder was exciting London. The triumph of the American mare Prioress was as complete as the most ardent admirer of American horseflesh can wish.—*Balt. American.*

Young Ladies' Riding Match.

ELMIRA, Oct. 26.—The young ladies' riding match of Chemung county came off on Saturday. The race was a five mile one, and was well contested. Miss Wyborn, of Elmira, won the first prize and Miss Worden, of Johnson settlement the second.

Independent County Ticket

For Delegates to the General Assembly of Maryland for Talbot County.

SAMUEL EMERSON,
JESSE H. BLOODSWORTH.

For Clerk to the Circuit Court for Talbot County
SAMUEL T. HOPKINS.

For Register of Wills for Talbot County.
C. NORTH EMORY.

For Sheriff,
JOHN R. McQUAY.

For County Commissioners,
ARTHUR C. MULLIKIN,
WILLIAM K. LAMDIN,
RICHARD H. ADAMS.

For Surveyor,
JAMES FITZJARRELL,

DISTRICTS.

Easton District—For Constable,
Edward Ray,
For Supervisor,
William T. Stichberry.

St. Michael—For Magistrates,
Nathan Harrington,
John W. Dean,
James Valliant.
For Constables,
Richard K. Murphy,
Edward O. Hambleton,
Robert F. Benson.
For Supervisor,
William Jones.

Trappe—For Magistrates,
Charles R. Mullikin,
Josiah Higgins
For Constables,
Philemon Mullikin,
Joseph R. Merrick.
For Supervisor.
Edward Hennesse

Chapel—For Magistrates,
Thomas Covey,
Daniel C. Barnett.
For Constable,
Daniel Lofton,
For Supervisor,
Nathaniel Patchett.

Bay Hundred—For Supervisor,
John H. Harrison.

HARDWARE ESTABLISHMENT.

Among the leading commercial interests of Baltimore the HARDWARE business has a prominence and importance inferior to none. That city, indeed has long, by direct importation sustained this department of trade, upon an equality with its position in any other commercial mart. In connection with this primary fact we take pleasure in naming the house of MR. E. M. BOSLEY, No. 4 LIGHT STREET WHARF, who has by long experience, business sagacity and zeal, established a highly successful and reliable enterprise. As an importer to a large extent he is enabled to supply the wholesale demand in all its variety, while from a well selected stock of fine and common goods, he offers to the public a choice which cannot fail to please the most fastidious.

Mr. Bosley's place of business on Light street is not only within the scope of the Southern and Western trade, but exceedingly convenient to all personal dealers, farmers and others visiting the city from the bay. While facilities of shipment by steamer or rail are at his very door. As a man of energy and enterprise, Mr. Bosley cannot fail to command success, and it is only in our appreciation of these qualities that we direct attention to this establishment. [s22tf

Prices Current.

BALTIMORE, Wednesday, Oct 28, 1857.

WHEAT—About 10,000 bushels offered Sales as follows:

" good to prime, 1 25@1 25.
Red, good to prime, 1 15@1 20

CORN—About 2 000 bushels offered: sales of

White, per bushel 60@65 cents
Yellow, 60@65 cents

OATS, per bushel, 35@40 cents

RYE—Md. 70 c

Married,

In Baltimore, on the 22d inst., by Rev Dr. Roberts, Dr. CHARLES E. TAYE, of Denton, to Miss S. AMANDA JONES, of Dorchester county

Died,

On the 8th inst at his residence, in Lewes, Delaware, Rev. JOHN P. HAZZARD, of the Philadelphia Annual Conference, in the 56th year of his age.

At Newland, the residence of her brother, Mr. N. Orem, on the 13th inst., Mrs MARY LAYTON, in the 61st year of her age, in hope of a blessed immortality. At the same place, on the 18 inst., HETTIE PIRE, infant daughter of Nicholas and Sarah Orem.

Dearest Hettie thou hast left us,
Here thy loss we deeply feel;
But tis God that hast bereft us,
He can all our sorrows heal.