EASTON GAZETTE.

EASTON, Md.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 9, 1857.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

☞ Communications the effect of which is to promote private interest, are charged for at the rate of 50 cents per square.

☞ Obituary Notices exceeding six lines in length, are also subject to a similar charge.

☞ For terms of subscription and advertising; see first page.

☞ Accounts of over six months standing are chargeable with the usual rate of interest.

☞ Books received by mail will be promptly noticed under the editorial head.

THE Circuit Court for this county commences on Monday week.

THE WHEAT.—During the last few genuine Spring days we have had, we never saw the wheat grow so rapidly and look so well and flourishing.

FIRE.—The steam mill at Easton Point, was consumed by fire on last Sunday night—doubtless set on fire by some mischievous villain. Loss about $1500. Insured

CORN PLANTING.—Several of our fast farmers have finished planting corn, while others in other portions of the county, where the land is heavier and stiffer, have not as yet finished breaking ground.

ELECTION AT WESTMINISTER.—The Corporation election took place at Westminister Maryland, on Monday last, and resulted in the election of the entire American Ticket by an average majority of twenty-seven—same as last year.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—"Spirit Yearnings," by "Harry Grenville," will appear in our next. We hope hereafter he will send us his effusions on Saturday, so that they may go in on the first page, the proper place, and not be delayed.

THE FRUIT.—We have examined this week several peach trees and find the germs not so badly injured as was first anticipated. There is no doubt about its being somewhat injured—but the fruit will unquestionably be much finer and larger by reason of its scarcity.

APPOINTMENTS.—Gov. Ligon has appointed James L. Bartol, Esq., of Baltimore county, Judge of the Court of Appeals, *vice* Judge Mason, resigned.

The Governor has also appointed George C. Morgan, Esq., of St. Mary's county, Quarter Master General of the Maryland Militia, *vice* Col. Hughes, resigned.

BALTIMORE CITY.—From all persons and all quarters we hear of the good order that prevails in Baltimore city. The police system is the most efficient ever before in the city, and the Mayor the best chief magistrate that was ever elected there. This speaks well for the American party. May the State soon have a like Governor and the same order prevail everywhere in her dominion.

LOTTERY COMMISSIONER.—Among the candidates for State officers to be nominated at the convention which assembles in Baltimore on the 23d July next, is one for Lottery Commissioner. In this connection we have heard only the name of Tristram T. Martin, Esq., of Baltimore city, and formerly of this county. This would be a good nomination as Mr. Martin is a man of excellect judgement, sound, practical and business-like; urbane in manner and polite to every one. He is very popular in this county. So far as we have learned his nomination would be hailed with entire satisfaction by the whole Eastern Shore.

THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN.—We have received several numbers of this superb Agricultural paper, and have no hesitation in pronouncing it the best paper of the kind published in the United States. It contains information invaluable to the farmer and gardener, and were they to have it always about them they would never hesitate or pause what step to take in the cultivation of their crops, or promoting their own pecuniary interest. It is published weekly by Luther Tucker & Son, at Albany, N. Y., at the low price of $200 a year. How different from other agricultural journals. This comes weekly—others monthly. Persons desirous of seeing a number, or of subscribing can do so by calling at our office.

COMMERCIAL ACADEMY.—By reference to advertisement in another column, it will be seen that Professors F. Sherbrooke & Son, have opened a book keeping and practical and ornamental writing Academy in Easton.

We take more than the usual pleasure in recommending the above gentlemen to the consideration and notice of our business men. They come to Easton bearing the highest testimonials of their artistic skill and knowledge of their professions, from the most distinguished men of the country, and when such journals as the National Intelligencer passes flattering encomiums upon them we know they are masters of their art. Sherbrooke & Son, have come here, from Cambridge, having rendered there entire satisfaction to a class of fifty pupils.—We therefore heartily recommend them to the attention of our business men.

CLAY WHIGS AND LOCOFOCOISM.—It is amusing to witness the various manœuvers of the locofoco party and press in their efforts to cajole Clay Whigs into their ranks. To an indifferent mind it is *ridiculous*, to an old Whig *supremely disgusting*. Every old line Whig in the State must necessarily see the trickery and hypocricy of such a movement. But the efforts of the Locofoco party are to defeat the American party and place the helm of State in the hands of some old deluded man, they care not whom, so he be opposed to the American policy. In order to effect, to them, so happy a result, they propose a union of Whigs and Locofocos. This, to genuine Whigs, must be apparent, is nothing more than "help me Cassius or I sink." It is a union of Whigs and Locofocos, not for the sake of the Union, but for the sake of the Locofoco party, in diametrical opposition to the American party. But all "Clay Whigs," of the old Henry Clay school, will perceive at a glance the object of the Locofoco party, when they must know from the manner in which their convention last fall in Baltimore, one of the largest and most talented that ever assembled in country, was denounced as a bogus concern, and its members as enemies and traitors to the Constitution. Why, this proves there can be no good feeling between those two parties. And when the misguided zeal of the people placed Mr. Buchanan in the Presidential chair, that party was scoffed at and held up to ridicule by the Locofoco party as being nothing but coworkers with the American party, in their object of the overthrow of the Constitution. Does this not satisfy all minds not borne away from the channel of reason and judgment by bitter prejudice and unrelenting hatred, that the Locofoco party care nought for old line Whigs, save to procure their aid when in a sinking condition? Aye.—Yes. But we will mark the doings of these cunning politicians and hold them up to the community in their proper garb. Why if they have such an endearing fondness for old line Whigs, they do not *unite* in those counties where they have a clear and indisputable majority? Why do they not run for office some old Whig, whom they know would be glad to do so; and elect him over one of their own party? These are questions they are not prepared to answer, and which they cannot answer satisfactorily without evincing the duplicity and intrigue of the party. At some future time we intend to revert to this subject again—and in the mean time exhort all true Americans to stand firm. Let no consideration move your determination. You have a high and holy mission to perform, and by your united efforts the thing will eventually be happily accomplished.

No farther acts of violence were committed yesterday by the railroad "strikers" or their sympathisers, and the operations of the road have again resumed their usual regularity and despatch. A large force of military was sent out yesterday with a numerous convoy of burthen trains, but no molestation was offered to the trainsor any overt act committed that called for the intervention of the authority arrayed on the side of law an order. The "strikers" evince a disposition to negotiate with the Company and to settle the matter by compromise, but the position which they have precipitately, and most unwisely as well as criminally assumed, raises an obstacle in the way of an amicable agreement which it is difficult to surmount. They voluntarily discharged themselves from the Company's employ, and proceeded by riotous and unlawful acts to obstruct its operations, and while they maintain this attitude of violent rebellion it is a question whether any proposition they may offer, except one of complete submission, can with propriety be considered

Whatever may be the course of the Company in relation to the matter, we incline to the belief that the trouble is nearly over and that the wanton and violent acts of disorder which the last few days have witnessed, will not be repeated. Public opinion is conclusively and almost unanimously against the "strikers," as has been strongly evinced by the readiness with which the civil and military authorities have come forward to sustain the laws and enforce order. The disastrous effect which such outbreaks must have, crippling the right arm of the city's progress and imperilling all the hopes we have placed upon our great highway of commerce and trade, are too clearly seen not to affect most sensitively the public mind, and the feeling is universal that the discontent and phrenzied opposition of a few men must not again be permitted to raise so suicidal a hand against interests in which all are deeply concerned.—*Balt. Amer. 5th inst.*

FOUNTAIN OF BLOOD IN A CAVERN.—E. G. Squiers' notes on Central America describe a wonderful effusion of a fluid resembling blood near the town of Vitud, in the State of Honduras. It appears that there is continually oozing and dropping from the roof of a cavern there a red liquid, which upon falling coagulates so as to precisely resemble blood. Like blood it corrupts, insects deposit their larvæ in it, and dogs and buzzards resort to the cavern to eat it. Attempts have been made several times to obtain some of this liquid for analysis, but in all cases without success, in consequence of its rapid decomposition, whereby the bottles containing it were broken.

DOUBLE MURDER IN PENNSYLVANIA.—A man named Geo. Wilson and his sister were found murdered on Friday last, in their house, near McKeesport, Allegheny county, Pa. The bodies of the two victims were horribly cut and gashed. Charlotte Jones, a niece of Mr. Wilson, was subsequently arrested, and implicated two men, one of them her own brother. The husband of Mrs. Jones and a man named Stewart have also been arrested, and spots of blood found on their clothes, and the watch of Mr. Wilson on the person of Mrs. Jones, who says they robbed the murdered man of $150.—*Balt. Sun 1th inst.*

THE JUNE ELECTION IN KANSAS.—*Action of the Free State Men.*—The "Free State" men in Kansas have issued an address to the people of the United States, in which they avow their purpose to take no part in the June election for delegates to the constitutional State convention.—They allege, as an excuse for their course, that "by the lists of qualified electors returned by the sheriffs of the different counties thousands of free State voters have been ignored, while the names of numerous unknown and mythical individuals are entered as 'qualified electors.' All the machinery of the election is to be controlled by proslavery partizans, and it would be suicidal for the free State party to go into an election in the face of such odds, and with their past experience." This decision of the free State men renders it certain that the constitutional convention will be pro-slavery, and that on assembling in September next they will form a constitution suitable to their own views. This is conceded by the free State men, and in view of this contingency the address says:

"We ask but that Congress may adopt the Topeka constitution which has already passed the House, or that both it and the one that will be adopted by the pro-slavery convention in September be returned to the people of the Territory with an enabling act providing for a fair and honest vote of the *bona fide* residents. We ask no more than this—we can ask no less. None are more devoted to our Union and our constitution than the free State citizens of Kansas. For the institutions of our country none can have a deeper or more loyal attachment. But we believe the purity of our government and the integrity of our institutions can only be preserved by the admission of Kansas as a free State. * * We wish but that the slavery or freedom of Kansas may be settled, once for all, by an honest and legal vote to the actual residents, in accordance with the principles of the organic act."

Among the names signed to the address are those of J. B. McAfee, of Maryland: J A. Wakefield, of South Carolina: H. Miles Moore, of Miss., J. H. Kaze, of Virginia; Prof. W. Oakley, of Delaware and A. A. Griffin, of Ga.

Letter from Kansas allege that the deputies employed in taking the census meet with much opposition from the free State men, who refuse to give their names, with the view of keeping them off of the voting list, and thus permit the election to go by default. In Douglass county 1,296 voters have been registered; in Leavenworth county 1,700, and in Johnston about 500, a large majority in each being pro-slavery.

THE BURDELL MURDER TRIALS.—In the New York Court of Oyer and Terminer on Monday morning the trial of Mrs. Cunningham and John J. Eckel, for the murder of Dr. Burdell, commenced. There appeared for the prosecution Attorney General Cushing and District Attorney Hall. The counsel for Mrs. Cunningham were H. L. Clinton and Gilbert Dean, and for Eckel the counsel were John Graham and W. R. Staford. A great crowd of persons filled the court room. Five hundred jurors were summoned, but upwards of a hundred, who did not appear, were fined $25 each. The Evening Post says:

A large proportion of the jurors summoned appeared to be afflicted with deafness, weak eyes, lameness and other infirmities, upon which they expatiated to the Court under oath.

During these preliminary proceedings Mrs. Cunningham and her two daughters, Helen and Augusta, were seated behind the railing on the right hand of the Judge.—They were richly but plainly dressed in mourning garb. Mrs. Cunningham wore a black silk. All the three ladies wore impenetrable brown veils, which were never for a moment removed, and sat immovable, with a downcast air. A lady friend of the family sat with them.

John J. Eckel occupied a seat within the bar behind the counsel. He is genteelly dressed in a plain black suit and black cravat, and wears a rich set of shirt studs. On the little finger of his left hand gleams a valuable ring. His beard and moustache are full and dark, and he wears a handsome brow wig or *toupee*. He converses freely and cheerfully with his counsel and other friends around him, and apparently regards the whole proceedings with the indifference of one conscious of his innocence. His long imprisonment does not appear to have worn upon him, and on one looking upon his placid and rather prepossessing features, and mild hazle eye, can well imagine him to have been guilty of the terrible murder with which he stands charged. His stature is rather slight, and his features are smaller and more delicately formed than was represented in the engravings.

A PEEP FOR THE POPULACE.—The Scientific American gives a very simple mode of examining the satellites of the planet Jupiter, the means used being so common as to be within the reach of all. It says:

Every person can view them, by reflection, using a common looking-glass for the purpose. On a clear night take a looking glass, and, either a tthe window or out of doors, so place it as to receive the impression of the planet. By a close examination of the planet as reflected in the glass all its satellites will also be observed, provided none of them are eclipsed. It is rather remarkable, however, that although these satellites can thus be seen, while they cannot be seen by the naked eye, that neither Venus nor the moon can be seen so distinctly by reflection as they can be by observing them with the naked eye.

ST. LOUIS, May 5.

From Kansas and the Plains.—The Republican publishes Secretary Stanton's reply to the letter of the citizens of Lawrence, in which he says he will do nothing which denies the authority or validity of the territorial laws. Respecting the judges of election he hopes that the probate judges will appoint one republican and one democrat in favor of a free and one democrat in favor of a slave State.

The Kansas City Enterprise of the 2d learns from the plains that the Cheyenco Indians are concentrating at the head waters of the Republican fork with the determination of resisting the attack of the United States troops. They had a large supply of arms and ammunition. A terrible battle had been fought at the Fremont Peak between the Snake and the Blackfeet Indians. Twenty-seven of the latter were killed.

FOREIGN NEWS.

ARRIVAL OF THE INDIAN.

FIVE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

QUEBEC, May 4.—The steamer Indian arrived here to-day, bringing Liverpool dates to the 23d ult., being nearly five days later than previous advices.

There is no political news of importance.

The English journal classify the new House of Commons as follows:—Palmerston's friends 265; Derbyites 225; Reformers 110; Liberal Conservatives 53.

The French government has transportation of criminals.

The Grand Duke Constantine had reached Toulon and had been received with the usual honors.

The accounts from the French manufacturing districts are unsatisfactory.

A considerable decline had taken place in French breadstuffs. There were large stocks of wheat in the market, and the accounts from the growing crops were most favorable.

The Mexican difficulty presents some promise of a pacific arrangement being effected.

The four great powers have drawn up a protocol in reference to the Neufchatel question, presenting terms to be agreed upon between Switzerland and Russia. They disclaim any intention of attempting to enforce it, but if it is refused, they will do all they can to prevent hostilities

The Russians port Salish has been captured by the Circassians and the garrison massacred.

MARKETS.—Breadstuffs—Wheat is steady at an advance of 2d. Red, 7s. 6d. a8s. 3d.; white 8s. 9d. a9s. Flour is quiet.—Corn is dull at an advance of 1s., mixed 31s. 6d.; yellow 32s.; white 34s.a35s.

The weather has been favorable for the crops.

LATER.—2000 *Chinese Slain*—By the arrival of the steamship Europa at Halifax on the 6th inst., we have three days later news from Europe. A numerous meeting of merchants has been held in Manchester for the purpose of organizing an association to promote the growth of cotton all over the world, to be called the "Convention Supplying Association." Lord Elgin has gone to China. The Chinese in Saranak and Bornes rose on the 17th of February, and massacred several Europeans. One of the Borme company's steamers subsequently arrived at Saranak, and with Sir James Brook at the head of a body of Malays and Dyanks, avenged the destruction of the settlement by killing 2000 Chinese. The Europeans on board the British steamer Queen under the Portuguese flag, had been murdered and the steamer with her cargo, passengers and crew all carried off.

The dates from Bushire are to the 6th of March. There had been no fresh military operations in the Persian gulf.

The Persian accounts of the recent battle of Bushire have been published, stating that the English advanced until meeting the main body of the Persian army. The latter set fire to the British camp equipage and returned towards Bushire, when being reinforced the battle was resumed and continued four days, both parties retiring in confusion amid torrents of rain.

The Persians left some of their guns but afterwards recovered them.

The Persians estimate the British loss at 1000 and their own loss at 4000.

The latest telegraphic intelligence to Liverpool gives the following extract from the London Times in regard to the affairs with China. The Times says:

"The news brought by the overland mail shows how fully justified the government and people of England have been in promptly supporting their officers in China. Certainly our troops, our frigates and our gun boats have not been despatched an hour too soon. We are evidently engaged in a momentous conflict, which it will require the utmost rigor, courage and decision to bring to a close."

WASHINGTON, May 4.

The Rejection of the Dallas-Clarendon Treaty.—The rumor of the rejecting of the Clarendon and Dallas treaty by the English government is confirmed by the reception of a letter from Mr. Dallas by the President. Lord Napier, is expected shortly to officially communicate the fact to the government, when the subject will be considered by the cabinet. The administration, with Lord Napier, were at first induced to believe that England would ratify the treaty, but the recent debates and elections had changed their opinions

The Navy Department, having reason to believe that the crew of the Highflyer, wrecked on the coast of Formosa have been murdered, has just issued instructions to the East India squadron to proceed thither to make an investigation.

The orders of the late administration regarding the protection of persons and property of citizens of the United States at Panama remain in force and will be executed at all hazards, even to the seizure of the Isthmus.

There was no meeting of the Cabinet today, hence the report that they had under consideration the rejection treaty is erroneous.

Secretary Floyd is recovering from the sickness which has confined him to the house for a week past.

The Court of Claims resumed its session to-day.

The recepts into the United States Treasury for the quarter ending April 1st were nearly $20,500,000, of which $19,000,000 were from customs and over $1,000,000 from the sale of public lands. The expenditures during the period amount to $17,150,000.

The President has recognized Gergorio Domiguez, consul for Ecquador at N. York, and Carl C. Schotter, consul for Hanover at Philadelphia.

Wm. S. V. Prentice has been appointed special mail agent for the district of Ohio and parts of Pennsylvania and Virginia, vice Mr. Eaton, to take effect June 1st.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT AND PILLS.—These potent remedies constitute a materia medica in themselves, for there is no internal or external disorder controllable by medicine, for which the one or the other of them is not a positive remedy. Eruptions, tumors, scrofula, scurvy, cancer mercurial diseases, asthma, rheumatism, sore throat, gout, dropsical swellings, etc., subside and disappear under the action of the Ointment, and in cases of dyspepsia, dysentery, sick headache, diarrhea, liver complaint, piles, costiveness, debility, and other complaints originating in the internal organs, the Pills produce the most astonishing results.

Prices Current.

BALTIMORE, Thursday, May 7, 1857.

WHEAT—About 3,000 bushels offered. Sales as follows:

" choice lots, none offered.	
" choice for family flour,	$1 75
" good to prime,	1 65a$1 70
Red, good to prime,	1 60a$1 63.

CORN—About 700 bushels offered; sales of

White, per bushel	72a73 cents.
Yellow,	73a76 cents
OATS, per bushel,	50 cents.
RYE—Md. and Pa.	80a95 cents.

PHILADELPHIA, May 6.

WHEAT—Demand moderate	
Red, fair to prime, brought	1 70a$1 75;
White, good to prime,	1 80a$1 85;
CORN—Yellow,	75a77 cents;
RYE, per bushel,	a87 cents.

Died,

On Saturday, the 2d inst., Mr. JOSEPH COLBOURN, in the seventy sixth year of his age.

On Wednesday, the 6th inst., after a short illness, ZACHARY TAYLOR, oldest son of Jno. W. and Henrietta F. Baker, aged 9 years, 8 months and 22 days.

In Seguin, Texas, on the 5th ult., HENRY MELBOURNE, aged one year and 5 days, infant son of Richard J. and M. F. Denny, formerly of this co.

"I take these little lambs said He,
And lay them in my breast;
Protection they shall find in me,
In me be ever blest."

MARSEILLES QUILTS—for sale by
ma 9 GOLDSBOROUGH & DAWSON'S.

BRASS HOOPS—with slides, just received by
ma 9 GOLDSBOROUGH & DAWSON.

10.000 FT. 4 & 6-4 Dry selects now receiving at Easton Point for sale for Cash. [ma 9] R. THARP.

MARSEILLES VESTINGS—A very handsome lot just opened and for sale by
ma 9 GOLDSBOROUGH & DAWSON.

TO FARMERS.—Gas Tar on hand and for sale at 25 cents per gallon by
ma 9 PATCHETT & WRIGHT.

SHEEP SHEARS—of various qualities, some very superior, for sale by
ma 9 H. C. MACKEY.

LARD—I have a few Kegs of Lard suitable for family use.
ma 9 H. C. MACKEY.

BUTTER—A prime article of Goshen and Potted Butter, by the keg or in quantities to suit, for sale by
ma 9 H. C. MACKEY.

TO FARMERS.—Large Field Carrott, Ruta Baga, White Flat Turnip, Sugar Beet, Mangold Wurzel and Pumpkin seed, for sale by
ma 9 DAWSON & BRO.

JUST received
100,000 Lathes,
60,000 Shingles,
25,000 feet 4-4 W. P. Fence, W. P. Culls,
Scantling, &c. [ma 9] R. THARP.

CHALYBEATE WATER—A supply of *Hopkins' celebrated Chalybeate Water*, constantly on hand. Price 18¾ cts per bottle. Also Congress and Saratoga Water.
ma 9 DAWSON & BRO.

EMBROIDERIES—*Another additional supply*—rendering my assortment larger and more complete than ever offered in this market and at remarkably low prices—call and examine them at
ma 9 J. H. GRACE'S.

MANTUAMAKING.

MRS. MASON is again prepared to accommodate her customers and Ladies generally in the above business—having just returned from the city with a full assortment of patterns for Spring and Summer of 1857. [ma 9-3t S

NOTICE.

A MEETING of the *Sons of Temperance* of the Easton Division will be held in the Hall of the Division on *Thursday evening next*, at 8 o'clock. Punctual attendance is requested.
ma 9-1t

LUMBER

CONSTANTLY on hand and for sale for *Cash or negotiable paper* at short dates, White Pine and Hemlock Lumber of all kinds suitable for building. Fence boards, shingles, lathes, Lime, Scantling, Joists, &c. at Balt. prices for *cash*.
ma 2 R. THARP.

CASH SYSTEM.

I WILL sell Lumber, Laths, Shingles, &c. at Baltimore prices for Cash, and will deliver on the creek shore free of cost, where 1000 feet or over is sent to one landing. Terms Cash.
ma 2 R. THARP.

LOST

A "PHYSICIAN'S *Visiting List, for 1857*," found in Morocco, with the name of the subscriber, in gilt letters, on the back. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning it to the subscriber.
ma 9-1t CHRIS: C. COX.

PUBLIC SALE.

I WILL offer at public sale to the highest bidder for Cash, on *Saturday, the 16th inst*, at the Court House in Easton, all the
Iron and the Engine,
together with the
BOILER,
being the remains of the burnt mill at Easton Point
ma 9-ts S JOHN H. TUNIS.

LATEST ARRIVAL.

GOLDSBOROUGH & DAWSON have again returned from the city with another lot of *SUMMER GOODS*, to which they respect fully call the attention of parties wishing to purchase. Their stock now is very complete, and goods will be sold exceedingly low for Cash, or to prompt paying customers. [ma 9

SETTLE UP.

ALL persons indebted to me for Lumber, coal, &c., on account not closed on the first day of Jan. 1857 must close the same by settlement before the first day of June next. And all accounts hereafter made must be settled at the end of December and June of each year, or interest will be charged from those dates. All Coal bills not settled within 30 days from delivering will be charged interest from date. [ma 2] R. THARP.

WATER COOLERS.

GOLDSBOROUGH & DAWSON having made arrangements with a house in the city to furnish them with Coolers of the latest style, are now ready to receive orders for any number and size. Persons wishing a handsome article, by leaving their orders early will have them attended to promptly.

N. B.—A sample of the above mentioned Coolers can now be seen at our store. Price $6.00.
ma 9 GOLDSBOROUGH & DAWSON.

FANCY GOODS, &C.

GOLD and silver Watches, gold Breast Pins, Ear Drops, shirt Studs, sleeve Buttons, finger Rings, gold Pencils, silver and plated Thimbles, butter Knives, albata table and tea Spoons, card Cases, jet Bracelets and Necklaces, Spectacles, Scissors, knitting Pins, Needles, lead Pencils, tooth Brushes, Razors and Strops, pistol Flasks, puff Combs, riding Combs, fine tooth Combs, hoop and tuck Combs, hair Brushes, shaving do. shaving Boxes, snuff do., Pins, Fans, cloth Brushes, Pomades, Tricopherons, spool Cotton, shaving soaps and Creams, Blank Books, Cap, Note, and Letter Paper, Envelopes, Violins, Guitar and Violin Strings, steel Pens, Cologne, a large assortment of Portmonaies and Pen Knives, Fish Hooks and Lines, &c., for sale by
ma 9 PATCHETT & WRIGHT.

SENNA FIGS—We have just received a supply of Gilman Senna Figs, fresh and in prime condition. Price 25 cents per box.
ma 9 DAWSON & BRO.

Medico-Chirurgical.

THE Board of Medical Examiners for the Eastern Shore of Maryland will convene in Easton, on *Friday, the 22d day of May*, at 10 o'clock A. M.—for the purpose of granting licenses to such applicants as may have complied with the provisions of the charter of the State Faculty.
CHRIS: C. COX, M. D.,
ma 9-2w Chairman.

*** Centreville Times and Denton Journal copy (1t) and send bill to the subscriber.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having purchased the schooner LOUISA STEWART, will run her from Hillsborough to Baltimore, and take Freight of every description at its usual price. Mr. Robert Morgan at Hillsborough and Mr Perry G Stevens, down the river, will receive and receipt for grain in their granaries for me; also Mr A Barton on Caroline side. Any person freighting by my schooner can always get their money by calling at my store in Hillsborough upon return of said schooner I will pay in cash the highest market price for grain or wood—I hope by prompt and strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage—charges for back freight moderate

N B—All orders for goods must be accompanied with the cash, grain or other freight, and will be strictly attended to
ma 9-tfS W R BUSTEED

EASTON COMMERCIAL ACADEMY.

IN Mr. Goldsborough's store room, opposite the M. E. Church

F. SHERBROOKE & SON,

are now prepared to instruct in *Practical and Ornamental Penmanship, Book Keeping*, by single and Double entry.

TERMS—$5 00 for twelve Lessons in Writing, exclusive of stationary, one half in advance. No discount for neglect of Lessons on part of Pupil.

Rooms open from 8 o'clock, A. M. to 9 o'clock P. M. Hours for Ladies and Gentlemen to suit their convenience.

All who wish to avail themselves of the services of *successful* and *experienced* teachers will do well to make early application as their engagements at their Commercial Academy in Washington, D. C., will make their stay in Easton limited. Numerous highly respectable references given. All interested will please call and examine our specimens of Penmanship and mode of instruction. [ma 9-2w

AUCTION.

BY virtue of a stall of sale from Robert Kemp to Samuel T. Hopkins and James H. Marlin, the subscriber as Agent, will commence on *Monday, the 18th inst.*, to sell all the stock of goods in the store room on Washington street in Easton. There is a first rate stock on hand, consisting of

BOOTS & SHOES,

a great part of them home made,

Dry Goods, Groceries,
Hardware, Queensware, &c.,

and a large stock of Liquors, such as

Common Whiskey, Old Rye do.,
French Brandy, Gin, N. E. Rum,
And one Cask of Sherry Wine.

Should any person wish to purchase the whole stock before the commencement of the sale, they can obtain a great bargain. Terms of sale made known on day of sale.

CHARLES ROBINSON, Agent.
ma 9 tf A. J. LOVEDAY, Auctioneer.

POSTPONED

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

BY virtue of an order from the Orphan's Court of Talbot County, the subscriber will offer at public sale at the late residence of Ephraim McQuay, late of Talbot county, dec'd, on

Thursday, the 7th day of May, 1857,

all of said deceased's personal estate, consisting of

Household and Kitchen Furniture,
FARMING IMPLEMENTS,

HOGS AND HORSES,

Set of Blacksmith's Tools and Old Iron, &c.

TERMS—On all sums over five dollars, a credit of six months will be given, the purchaser giving bond with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale. On all sums of and under five dollars the cash will be required—the terms of sale to be complied with before the removal of the property. Sale to commence at 9½ o'clock A. M.

JAMES H. McNEAL, Adm'r C. T. A.
apr 25-ts of Ephraim McQuay, dec'd.

The above sale is postponed until Thursday, the 14th day of May
ma 2-ts J H M. Adm'r

MARYLAND:

Talbot County Orphans' Court,
25th Apr., A. D. 1857.

ON application of Teresa Baker and John W. Baker, Adm'rs of Francis Baker, late of Talbot County, deceased.—

It is Ordered, that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that they cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minuts of proceedings of Talbot County Orphans' Court I have hereunto set my hand, and the seal of my office affixed, this 27th day of April, in the year of our Lord, eighteen hundred and fifty seven.

SEAL

Test, JNO. DONOVAN, Reg'r
of Wills for Talbot county.

In compliance with the above Order,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscribers hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Talbot county in the State of Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Francis Baker, late of said County, dec'd. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscribers on or before the 27th of Oct., 1857; otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefit of the said estate.

N. B.—All persons indebted to the said estate, are requested to make immediate payment.

TERESA BAKER and
JOHN W. BAKER, Adm'rs
of Francis Baker, dec'd.

May 9, 1857—3t

MATTINGS! MATTINGS!!—4-4, 5-4, 6-4, white and colored Mattings, in Store, and for sale by
ma 2 MANSFIELD & HARRISON.

HATS, &c.—We have just opened our stock of Hats for the Summer. Also have opened a cheap lot of Ladies, Misses and Children's Shoes and Gaiters, to which we call attention.
ma 2 MANSFIELD & HARRISON.

IN store and for sale heavy twill'd Osnaburgs, Plain do, Plain Blue and Mixed Denims, Muslins, striped Cottons, Plaid Domestics, Cotton Flannels, Farmers' Drills, Blue and Plaid Cottonades, by
ma 2 PATCHETT & WRIGHT.

KID GLOVES.—6 dozen very superior Kid Gloves, white and colored, all sizes, of the best quality, just received, to which I invite a call from the Ladies.
apr 25 J. RASIN.

BRILLIANTES.—25 pieces of those extra cheap and nice quality Brilliantes, just received and for sale low by
apr 25 J. RASIN.