

THE CHRONICLE.

SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 3, 1847.

FOR PRESIDENT GEN'L. ZACHARY TAYLOR. FOR GOVERNOR W.M. T. GOLDSBOROUGH.

The Orphans' Court of Dorchester County will sit on Monday the 5th day of July.

TO OUR PATRONS.—Six months have now expired since we took charge of the "Chronicle." It will be seen by reference to our terms that one year's subscription is now due, and having to depend upon our receipts for the means of defraying the expenses of the office, we hope we shall be excused for requesting our patrons to call and settle their accounts at an early period.

OUR FLAG.—We this day fling our banner to the breeze, with the names of TAYLOR and GOLDSBOROUGH inscribed upon it. In placing the name of General Taylor upon our flag we do not wish to be considered as yielding to the popular enthusiasm which his brilliant military exploits have created in his favor, without regard to his civil qualifications.

The name of William T. Goldsborough appears upon our flag as the Whig nominee for Governor. Having been presented to the Whigs of Maryland as their regularly nominated candidate, it becomes us as a humble laborer in the cause, to lend our aid to his success.

Our neighbor of the "Democrat" complains that it has been circulated by several Mexican Whigs of this town, that some member of the Democratic party, writes Editorials for his paper, and pronounces "such an assertion positively false." We beg pardon of our cotemporaries for having hitherto classed him among the Democrats.

The "Baltimore Argus" regards the vote received by Mr. Stewart in the Democratic gubernatorial Convention as "very flattering." We differ entirely with the "Argus" upon this point. We know something of the devotion with which Mr. Stewart has served his party.

The last "Democrat" copies an article from that pattern of newspapers, the "Baltimore Argus," which states that Mr. Goldsborough, the Whig candidate for Governor, is "remarkable for nothing at all."

It is true, perhaps, that Mr. Goldsborough is not a very "remarkable" man—at least, not in the sense in which the "Argus" uses that word. In private life he is a plain, unassuming gentleman, more "remarkable" for his kindness and generosity and scrupulous attention to the duties of life, than for that proclivity to notoriety which seems so characteristic of Loco Focoism.

The Democrats certainly have been very fortunate in selecting "remarkable" men for gubernatorial candidates. Frank Thomas is certainly a very "remarkable" man. James Carroll is "remarkable" for having fled to a place of safety when the British attacked Baltimore city during

the last war. Their present candidate, P. F. Thomas, is also a very "remarkable" man. He is "remarkable" for having uniformly favored the principle of Repudiation, and for having, whilst a member of the House of Delegates, introduced or voted for a proposition to sell the State's interest in the various works of internal improvement and pay her creditors as far as the amount realized from the sale would go, and repudiate the balance of her debt.

Judging from what has already transpired in relation to the gubernatorial canvass, we infer it is to be of an unusually exciting character.—The opposing party seems to gain new courage from defeat, and is marshalling itself for a desperate effort. In addition to the love of power, which constitutes a strong incentive to exertion with all parties, their appetite for the "spoils," quickened by three years abstinence, doubtless furnishes a still stronger stimulus to active effort.

We are somewhat surprised that a party professing so much respect for the wishes of the people should persevere so obstinately in thrusting upon them a measure which has been so repeatedly condemned. At the last State election the issue of Conventional Reform was distinctly made in the whole State, and utterly rejected by a majority of the people.

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SPIRIT OF THE WHIG PRESS.

[From the Baltimore Patriot.] THE WHIG CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR.

The Convention of Whig Delegates at Cambridge have performed the duty devolved upon them, and, after a free exchange of opinion, nominated WILLIAM T. GOLDSBOROUGH, of Dorchester county, as the Whig candidate for Governor.

In referring to the subject a few days ago, when it was all uncertain who would be nominated, we said that the decided sentiment of the entire Whig party was that all of the gentlemen named for nomination "would discharge the duties of the office with satisfaction to the people and credit to themselves, and that either of them is eminently entitled to the cordial support of every Whig in the State."

If we are not to be disappointed, as we have no fear we will be, in this just expectation, Mr. Goldsborough will succeed to the gubernatorial Chair at the close of the term of the present Whig incumbent. And he will make a good Governor. He has experience in public life—has shown himself a most energetic and useful member of the House of Delegates and of the State Senate, from which last position he retired only a year or two ago—is a sound politician,—well understands the interests of the State, of which he has on all occasions been a faithful guardian and prompt advocate, no matter how those interests were to

be fostered or how advanced—enjoys a widely extended and deserved personal popularity—is a man of the highest character for personal independence and probity in public as well as private life—and is beside all these, a Whig, in the strict sense. He has ever been one of the most constant and influential of the advocates of State faith, and will go into the Executive office with the sincerest desire, and with the ability, too, to carry out, in all vigor, the present admirable policy in regard to the debts of the State.

In no respect, either as a man, a citizen, a politician or a public officer, is there any thing in Mr. Goldsborough to which any Whig can object—but on the contrary, in all these respects he is commended to the warmest regards and most earnest support of every man who professes the Whig faith—and will command, despite their political opposition, the respect of all fair-minded men of the other side.

We may with conscious pride enter into the advocacy of such a man, and we must feel, at every stage of the combat, that with the intrinsic strength of the party and the merits of our candidate, we must be successful.

For ourselves, we at once place the name of WILLIAM T. GOLDSBOROUGH at the head of the Patriot, as the Whig candidate for Governor of Maryland. We shall give him, as we should have given to any other gentleman who might have been nominated, the most earnest and disinterested support. We have nothing to ask of him, as Governor, and there is nothing that he as such could take away from us.

He must be elected, and he will be elected. It is as every friend of the State must see, of the first importance that a Whig should succeed the present Whig Governor. The work of bringing the State out from the dangers of repudiation, which threatened on all sides, has been accomplished by the present Executive, but not without toil, not without great personal efforts, and not, too, without exciting the opposition, political and personal, of all those wishes or whose interests were against a resumption of payments on the public debt.

The important duty of directing that resumption will devolve upon the Governor to be elected next fall. In the hands of a man, most zealous for the honor of the Commonwealth, we have seen in our past lamentable experience, how easy it was for the State to fall into the ways of repudiation; and we may well fear, that in such hands again, it would be sure, even after it has been redeemed from them, as it has by long and increasing efforts for nearly three years, that it would soon return to them again.

From the Annapolis Republican. WILLIAM T. GOLDSBOROUGH. The nomination of the Hon. Wm. T. Goldsborough, the Farmer of Dorset, as the candidate of tried and firm party, meets with universal favor.

There was at the Convention a full representation, a free and manly interchange of sentiment, and without disparagement of any other citizen, the result was cast as we have just stated. It is a nomination which the Whigs of Maryland may zealously, and energetically stand by, and maintain.

At all times a Whig, through the triumphs and defeats of our friends ever staunch and true, our nominee will receive as he merits, the unbroken support of the old Maryland Line.

Mr. Goldsborough is a Republican; a man sincerely attached to the just principles of representative Republicanism, as well by education, as by conduct as a long tried Senator. In character, generous, manly, and patriotic. Honest and firm in the discharge of all obligations; full of hospitable and kind intents. In policy obedient to the Law; and to be depended upon in an unyielding support of our State pride, and State faith.

With such a leader we can go for victory, and we say, and we venture nothing in saying, that our success is in our own hands, and nothing but apathy on our part can put Mr. Goldsborough's election in doubt for a moment.

We say then to our political brethren of both shores—TO WORK—TO WORK, and marshal yourselves again in defence of well regulated liberty, and the rights of all.

LATER FROM GEN. SCOTT'S ARMY. Encounter and Dispersion of Guerrillas by Gen. Cadwallader.—Communication Re-opened with Gen. Scott.—Battle at the National Bridge—100 Mexicans and 40 or 50 American killed.

The steamer Galveston arrived at New Orleans on the 20th instant from Vera Cruz, with advices from that place to the 15th instant, inclusive.

On the 8th, a small recruiting party, together with some citizens and disbanded soldiers, in number about 150, with 75 armed men, and 30 mounted, left Puebla for Vera Cruz. This party was under command of Captain Bainbridge, of 3d artillery.

On leaving Jalapa and getting near Cerro Gordo, this party was informed that it would not be prudent to go through the pass, as there were about 4000 Mexicans in the chapparel along the pass. Previous to this two officers who had gone to the rear of the train were fired at from the chapparel. At the mouth of the pass the party was organized and marched through without meeting an enemy. Arrived at the Bridge that evening. Whilst they were bivouacked on the other side of the bridge, being so fatigued that they were unable to furnish a guard, they were informed that some persons were barricading the bridge. A guard was then stationed between the bridge and the encampment, to prevent the party being surprised. At this time signal lights on the ridges

and cliffs were distinctly seen. Before daylight the sick and wounded of this little party were removed to Santa Anna's hacienda, a quarter of a mile from the bridge.

Just as they were entering the bridge a party of about 25 Mexicans appeared on the ridge, and fired several volleys on them. The wagon-master and four others who were passing the bridge, were fired on and the whole five were killed, and a wagon was captured, of no great value.

After the fire had ceased, a party of lancers appeared on the bridge and seemed to be preparing to charge; but seeing that Capt. Bainbridge's party were preparing to receive them, they wheeled their horses and galloped off.

Capt. Bainbridge resumed his march in good order, followed by 400 or 500 of the lancers, who lunged upon his rear and flanks for four or five miles, but at a respectable distance. Thus hemmed in this little party pursued its way until it arrived at the Pass of La Voita, where Col. McIntosh had encamped with his large train. The Mexicans who had attacked Bainbridge's party were the same who had compelled Col. McIntosh to halt and wait for reinforcements.

On the next day, Captain Bainbridge's party resumed its march to Vera Cruz, being joined by Captain Duperu's Dragoons, who were sent back to get their horses. This company, with its gallant Captain, had behaved very handsomely in the attack on McIntosh's camp. Its gallantry was the theme of universal praise and admiration in the army. Indeed, it was generally admitted that McIntosh's command was saved by the gallantry of Duperu's party.

On the day Capt. Bainbridge's party left McIntosh's camp, Cadwallader arrived, with a force of 800 men and two howitzers. The two commands were then joined, making in all about 1600 men, with two howitzers, under command of Gen. Cadwallader, and pushed on towards the National Bridge.

On approaching the bridge Gen. Cadwallader occupied the heights commanding the bridge from which the enemy had fired on Capt. Bainbridge's party, where he was attacked by a large force of the Mexicans, posted in the ridges and chapparel and some hard fighting was carried on for several hours, the Mexicans losing more than 100 men, and Gen. Cadwallader losing some 15 killed and some thirty or forty wounded.

The estimated loss of Col. McIntosh's party is about \$40,000. For miles the road is strewn with empty boxes and bacon sides, which had been captured by the enemy. The garrison of Jalapa has been broken up by order of Gen. Scott, and all the sick and the government stores have been sent to Perote Castle, so that this line of communication is entirely closed.

Gen. Shields was at Jalapa, and was about to leave for the United States, when he received an order from Gen. Scott to join him in Puebla. There are no preparations to defend any point between Puebla and the Capital. All the odds and ends of the army are collected in the city, about 20,000 in number, but poorly armed, and of miserable material.

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there, and only two deaths since Captain Blanchard's company left. In the town there is much fever, and the deaths average nine or ten a day. It is confined mostly to laborers and foreigners (not Americans.) We make this statement on undoubted authority.

The Loco Foco CONVENTION which assembled here on Thursday, after a good deal of jarring, juggling and wrangling nominated PHILIP FRANCIS THOMAS, of Talbot county, as their candidate for Governor.

A good deal of spirit was manifested before and after the nomination was made—one of the delegates rolled up his sleeves, put himself in the posture of Yankee Sullivan, and loudly exclaimed:

"Gentlemen,—lets stop quarreling, lets go to work. make our nominee and then take a drink." The appeal was irresistible, and the Convention immediately proceeded to nominate a candidate. After letting off a considerable quantity of steam they adjourned.—Annapolis Republican.

A western editor declares that some of the young women who pass his village in the arks, on the river, are perfect divinities. He means, says a northern paper, ark-angels.

FOURTH OF JULY.—On this day of festivity and joy, when we are all prone to indulge in the good things of this life, and not unfrequently to excess, let us not forget that overloading the system, either with food or drink, especially at this season of the year, is often attended with the most serious consequences. If any, however, should inadvertently overstep the bounds of prudence, they should bear in mind that Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills are certain to prevent all evil results from impropriety of diet; because they thoroughly cleanse the stomach and bowels from those bilious and corrupt humors which are the cause of colic pains, dysentery, cholera morbus, and other disorders of the bowels.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills also aid and improve digestion, and therefore give health and vigor to the whole frame, as well as drive disease of every kind from the body.

Beware of Counterfeits of all kinds! Some are coated with sugar; others are made to resemble in outward appearance the original medicine. The safest course is, to purchase from the regular agents only, one or more of whom may be found in every village and town in the State.

The genuine for sale by NEWTON & CREIGHTON, who are the only authorized agents for Cambridge.

Principal Office 163 Race street, Philadelphia.

From the Baltimore Clipper.

BALTIMORE MARKET, June 30.

FLOUR.—The market continues inactive.—Sales on Saturday of 1500 bbls. Howard st. brands at \$6 50, and yesterday nearly 1500 bbls. changed hands at \$6 37. To-day there were sales of 1200 bbls. at \$6 37. City Mills \$7. Susquehanna \$6 50. We quote Corn meal at \$5 25.

GRAIN.—Supply of wheat light. Small sales of Md. good to prime reds at 115a125c, and Pa. do. at 125a128c. Sales of Md. white corn at 83 a 85c, and yellow at 85c; also of Pa. yellow at 85c. Oats have declined to 50a52c.

MARRIED.

On the 23rd ult. by the Rev. William J. Dale, Mr. LEVIN JONES to Miss ELIZABETH GEOFFRICAN—both of this city.

On Thursday the 24th ult. by the Rev. W. E. England, Mr. HENRY W. LANGRELL to Miss REBECCA, daughter of Job T. Langrell, Esq.—All of Elliott's Island, Dorchester County.

DIED.

In this county on the morning of the 25th ult., Dr. GEORGE A. FURMAN.

ATTENTION GUARDS. You are hereby ordered to meet at the Drill room on Monday next at 10 o'clock, in full uniform, arms and accoutrements in soldier-like order.

By order E. WASON, O. S.

A list of Letters remaining in the Post Office at Cambridge, Md., July 1st, 1847.

Table with 2 columns: Name and Address. Includes Abern M. L., Jones Mrs. Mary, Jackson Solomon, King Sarah, Keene Richard A., Leconte William 2, Mitchell Mrs. Caroline, Mitchell Zebulon, McClen Dennis, Marshall James, Niskey Dr. Charles, Stewart Rev. David A., Sholes Thomas C., Woolford George, E. A. MARSHALL, P. M.

July 3 31*

Eatrobe's Justices Practice.

4TH EDITION—PRICE 3 DOLLARS;

Just Published by FIELDING LUCAS, JR.,

No. 170 Market St., Balt.

The well established reputation of this work makes it unnecessary to say more of its merits than to state the fact that it has superseded all others on the subject in the State of Maryland. For the Justice of the Peace and Constable it may in some measure stand in the place of a law library—to the merchant and man of business, and to the property holder either in town or country it is very valuable, as it treats of matters of almost daily interest to all classes of the community.—All the laws which affect the duties of the Justice of the Peace passed up to December session 1846 inclusive, have been noticed in this edition, and various improvements in the arrangement of the different subjects treated upon have been made.

July 3 1847

Notice.

THERE will be an Election held for ten Directors to the Nanticoke Bridge Co. at their Toll House in Vienna on SATURDAY the 24th Instant, between the hours of 2 & 3 o'clock, p. m. By order of the Board, EDWIN E. MEDFORD, Treas. N. B. Co.

July 3, 1847.—3w*