THE CHRONICLE.

CAMBRIDGE MD

SATURDAY MORNING, October 31, 1846.

☞ Mr. V. B. Palmer is our authorized agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for the "Cambridge Chronicle," in the cities of Baltimore Philadelphia, New York and Boston.

The Orphan's Court of Dorchester county will sit on the 9th Nov.

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The News from the Army.—Up to the time of the latest news from the Army Gen. Taylor was at Monterey and had not received his orders to march immediately for Saltillo.—Those orders have long ere this been received, and probably the battle of Saltillo has been fought. At the same time we received information that Santa Anna had arrived at Saltilla with a force of 13,000. This force added to that under Ampudia has made the Mexicans upwards of 20,000 strong, which Gen. Taylor will have to encounter with a much inferior force and that too under very disadvantageous circumstances. Although American bravery has accomplished much in this Mexican war, and will we doubt not, still accomplish more, yet justice to our commanding officers and soldiers requires that if the war is to be continued, large reinforcements should be provided. Every victory gained by Gen. Taylor, and every mile that he advances into the enemy's country, makes a further demand upon his force which was originally too small.

The Richmond Tragedy.—The trial of Messrs V. R and S. S. Evers and W. S. Burk has resulted in their acquittal.

Baltimore Markets—Oct 28th—Grain—There is less animation in the Wheat market to day and the sales show a decline of several cents per bush l. Sales of Maryland reds were made to-day at 105 108 cents for good to prime, and 95a 105 for ordinary to good. We note sales of four loads of Penn'a. white Wheat, part on Saturday at 120 cents, and the balance to day at 117a 118 cents.

Corn has also declined. Sales to-day of old white at 68 cents, and old yellow at 63 65 cents. New is worth 58a 60 cents for both white and yellow.

Sales of Md. Rye at 67 cents.

We quote Oats at 41 42 cents.

From the Baltimore American.

Scarcity Abroad.—The foreign journals by the last steamer give fearful accounts of the scarcity prevailing in various parts of Europe, with statements of actual famine in some quarters. While the potato crop has failed in the British dominions and elsewhere, the rye crop, much depended on in Germany, has failed in parts. In France great apprehension is felt with regard to subsistence. A riot occurred in Paris on the last of September in consequence of a rise in the price of bread. The shops of the bakers were attacked. The Paris Revue of September 24 has the following:

"The apprehensions of scarcity are not less serious in Germany than in France. In the northern states rye and potatoes, which constitute the principal food of the inhabitants, have completely failed. They will, of course be obliged to make up the deficiency with wheat, the surplus of which is annually exported to the northern harbor of France. This accounts for the extraordinary rise in the price of wheat on the shores of the Baltic, and the avidity of the orders sent by French merchants to the markets of those countries.—Southern Germany has, in its turn, become alarmed. The Government of the Grand Duchy of Baden has decreed the free-importation of foreign grain and flour. The King of Wurtemburg, by an ordinance of the 14th instant, also permitted the free importation of flour and the grain intended for production until the 1st of May, 1847. In Bavaria, the wealthy inhabitants of Nuremberg have just formed an association for the supply of grain. This society, which has been authorized by the king, will manufacture bread and sell it to the poor classes under the market price.

But it is in Ireland that the greatest distress is felt. Four millions of people dependant on potatoes for subsistence are now by the failure of that article reduced to the verge of starvation. The Government has been actively busy for some time in endeavoring to alleviate the pressure of this terrible evil. Victualling establishments are in operation to grind corn and manufacture bread; work is provided for the people who are destitute of employment; and not less than twelve Government steamers are engaged on the Irish coast in the transportation of corn meal, and in otherwise ministering to the distressed and distracted condition of that unfortunate island.

Such efforts as these may be efficient to alleviate misery so far as their influence reaches. But what are such efforts in the midst of a nation's famine, when the long interval of almost a year must elapse before another harvest?—Supplies from day to day, to meet the demands of a constantly recurring want, call for something more than one vigorous interposition, or two, or a dozen.—The subsistence of one day will not suffice for the hunger of the next day. The ills of present suffering, dreadful as they may be, are aggravated by the gloomy despondency, the utter despair, mingled with the prospects of the future. The London Times of Sept. 22 makes the following reference to the condition of Ireland.

"The worst symptoms of the Irish famine, as we had to observe yesterday, have begun to show themselves in the way of popular gatherings and processions, which at present are only turbulent, but may soon become outrageous. The twin powers of Fear and Rumour have lent their hands to the coloring of a picture already sufficiently sombre. The people have made up their minds to report the worst and believe the worst. Human agency is now denounced as instrumental in adding to the calamity inflicted by Heaven. It is no longer submission to Providence, but a murmur against the government. The potatoes were blighted by a decree from on high, but labor is defrauded by the machinations of earthly power. Such are the first aspirations of discontent, inflamed by rumor, and diffused by fear.

A London journal of later date, the Sun, of October 1st, gives a more distinct picture of the sufferings experienced in some parts of Ireland:

"Unhappily the patience of the unfortunate Irish is at length exhausted. We have now before us that most appalling spectacle of national agony—a people driven to desperation by the pangs of hunger, and braving a violent death rather than endure the bitter torments of a more lingering dissolution! After sustaining the direct woes of starvation with a most noble fortitude, after pining in their hovels under an accumulation of all human misery, penury, inanition, neglect and despair, and after bearing these extreme sufferings with a meekness and a tranquility beyond all praise the laborers of Ireland have been tasked to the uttermost limits of endurance, and have now risen against their more affluent neighbors.—Towards the conclusion of last week a slight glimmer of the approaching insurrection was observable in the vicinity of Crookhaven, where a vast concourse of the emaciated peasantry assembled together in the village of Golen, to proclaim that their wretchedness was no longer endurable.

"The sullen anguish depicted on every one of these melancholy faces is discribed by an eye-witness to have attested sufficiently the extremity of their distress, "A more appalling spectacle could not be witnessed," writes one correspondent. Want and despair was the pervading characteristics of the multitude.—That dark promise of violence and insubordination has been fulfilled. At the very commencement of this week, namely, on Monday morning, the peasantry at Dungarvin assumed such a threatening aspect, and congregated together in such dangerous numbers, that the military were called out—several shots were fired upon the mob—many of the starving rioters were wounded, and on Tuesday two of them died from mutilation. By the contest of this miserable intelligence from Waterford, we are informed that brickbats and other missiles were hurled at the dragoons; and that notwithstanding the recent discharge of musketry, a dwelling house at Cappa was assailed and that knots of insurgents were scattered over the country intervening between that locality and Cork.

"The severity of the distress in Ireland and other parts of Europe is the more oppressive from the fact that the scarcity is chiefly confined to those articles of produce which from the main subsistence of the poorer classes.—The wheat crop in England has turned out well; we may infer from the favorable accounts before harvest that it is an abundant crop, or at least beyond an average one. "At the present time," says the Manchester Guardian of the 19th ultimo, "purchases of American flour for shipment to France, are making in the English markets, and as the prices of grain are now higher over a large part of the Continent than in this country, it is highly probable that until some change takes place, in this respect the exports from England will exceed the imports." It will be incumbent on the wealthy classes in Great Britain and Ireland to minister out of their abundance to the wants of their poor and destitute neighbours; for it will not be in the power of the working classes to buy flour or meal although there may be in the country good supplies of both.

MARRIED,

Oct. 27th, by the Rev. E. J. Way Rev. M. D. Kurtz of Centreville, to Miss Arietta D. daughter of Thomas C. Jones of Church Creek.

DIED.

In this County on Wednesday the 21st. Inst. William E. Harrison Jr. the only son of William E. & Louisa Harrison, aged 17 months and 18 days.

"Suffer little children, and forbid them not to come unto me, for of such is the kingdom of Heaven" was the solemn declaration of Him who rules the destinies of men and nations, and although fond parents and friends may be grieved to the very heart's-core, when a dear little child who was to them the source of so much happiness, and from whom in time to come they hoped for so much, is suddenly by the hand of Death removed from among them; yet in the midst of all their gloom the text above quoted, is the source of immeasurable joy: when they reflect that the salvation of an immortal soul, is secured, by the fact, that the dear departed one was called hence at too early a period of life, to have exercised that sinful nature which belongs to our race, by the fall of our first parents; still to fond parents, the blow is severe. In the particular case in question, there was, although so young, a lamb-like character which seemed to be gradually developing itself, which had endeared him to his circle of connexions and friends, and it is not his parents alone who feel, sorely feel, his loss.—May Him who tempers the wind to the shorn lamb, support his disconsolate parents in this their hour of deep affliction! and may his departure be a warning not only to them, but others who have been called upon to mourn his loss, to reflect that the hour is approaching when the dread Messenger will also summon them to depart. Heaven grant that we like him, when called upon to walk through the dark valley and shadow of death, may be ready to be wafted to that happy home, where the wicked cease from troubling and the weary are at rest.

At Vienna, the residence of her parents, on Monday last, Anne Elizabeth, infant daughter of William T. and Anne M. Vickers, aged about one year.

A simple flower! brightly glowing,
A gentle riv'let near it flowing—
One day we see as the fields we tread;
Next day the stream is dried, the flower dead.

The bed of the brook soon is missing,
And the morning's dew sweetly kissing
Fresh verdure that springeth in gladness,
Yet yielding to us naught but sadness.

For the lovely flower and rippling brook,
Wore a simple, gay, and happy look,
We're oath to lose the familiar scene,
Though the fields still look as bright and green.

'Twas thus we gazed on our tender child,
While as a blossom of Spring she smiled—
Making glad our hearts with her simple play,
And seeming more lovely every day.

God spake, and called her from earth away,
To bloom in the glow of endless day;
And like the dried brook whose loss we mourn,
Hope's flow too was checked, joy's stream was gone

Yet as the verdure that quickly grew,
Bedecked with the morning's pearly dew,
Joy springs anew in our hearts to know
She lives in heaven, though lost below.

Oct. 30, 1846. H.

New & Cheap STORE,

The subscriber would respectfully announce to the citizens of Cambridge and its vicinity, that he has just opened a new & extensive stock of FANCY & STAPLE DRY GOODS, Hardware, Crockery, Groceries, &c., selected with great care and which he offers on the most favorable terms for Cash or to punctual customers.

As his Goods are furnished by one of the largest wholesale houses in Baltimore at a bare commission on the original cost, he feels fully warranted in saying that he can and always will sell as cheap as any other store in the County.

Persons desirous of getting Great Bargains will do well to give an early call and examine his stock.

Oct. 31, 1846.—tf JAMES BRYAN.

Important Executor's and Trustee's Sale of Real & Personal Estate in Dorchester County, Maryland,

By virtue and in pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of said county, I will sell at the late residence of Stephen Hurst, deceased, within three miles of Cambridge on

Wednesday the 11th of November

(if fair, if not, the next fair day) commencing at 10 o'clock A. M., the entire personal estate of said deceased (except servant's unexpired terms, which will be sold at private sale to good masters at any time deliverable after sale.) The estate consists of effects necessary to farming interests generally such as cattle, horses, hogs, carriages, farming utensils, household and kitchen furniture, together with corn & fodder and crop of small grain seeded on home farm. A credit of six months will be given, the purchasers giving notes with security approved of by Executor with interest from sale.

And in pursuance of authority vested in the undersigned by the last will and testament of said deceased duly executed and enrolled in the Register of Wills Office of said county, I will expose at public sale at the front door of the Court House in the town of Cambridge on

Monday the 7th of December

(if fair, if not, the next fair day) commencing at 12 o'clock A. M., all that valuable and desirable Real Estate of which the deceased died, seized and possessed, consisting of two fine FARMS beautifully located on the Great Choptank River, within three miles of the Metropolis of the county, on the mail-route between said Metropolis and the Eastern Shore of Va., and of Delaware. The home Farm is bounded by the Choptank and a fine Creek issuing out of same, which abounds with excellent fish, oysters, terrapins and wild fowl in their season, with an excellent spring of mineral water on the land. This farm contains

280 1-2 Acres of Land,

a fair proportion of which is in *TIMBER*, and has an excellent two story brick *DWELLING* thereon, with the necessary out-houses attached and beautifully located on said Creek opposite the residence of the Hon. Francis P. Phelps.

The other farm contains

266 3-4 acres of Land,

a fair proportion of which is in TIMBER, and adjoins the Home Farm and the Choptank and has a frame DWELLING thereon with the necessary out houses attached and located near the Choptank. This farm abounds with good springs of water. It is presumed that all persons desirous of purchasing will view for themselves these lands as they will have a fair opportunity of doing so on the 11th of November on the day of the sale of the personal effects or at any other time; Mr. William Billops, who resides on one of the farms or Elijah Hurst Esq., the decd's. brother who adjoins the land will show the same or answer any inquiries touching the same.

These lands are sold for distribution between the deceaseds several children, all of which are minors, therefore a long credit will be given if desired, provided the purchase money is made entirely secure to the entire satisfaction of the Trustee and the Orphan's Court and the interest paid annually and punctually—these are equities that will be tenaciously adhered to.

LEVIN JONES, (T. R.) Executor & Trustee of the last will and testament of Stephen Hurst.

Oct. 31, 1846.

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

WHITE & ANDERSON, have just returned from Philadelphia with a large and splendid assortment of Fall and Winter Dry Goods embracing all the most Fashionable and Beautiful styles of Dress Goods for

LADIES WEAR,

imported into this country. Their stocks of French and English.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS is unusually large, rich and beautiful—unsurpassed in this market in style, quality and price. And so confident are they of pleasing all tastes, that they invite inspection before purchasing elsewhere.

In a word their assortment of Foreign and Domestic Goods, embraces every variety; and dealers will find it to their interest to examine it before making their purchases.

CARPETING! CARPETING!!

800 yards Venition and Ingrain Carpeting bought at the largest Auction sale in Philadelphia this season, will be sold (*for the Cash*) as low as can be bought in the cities.

October 28th 1846.—3w

SIX CENTS REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber about two weeks ago, Sylvester Dail, an indented apprentice to the Tailoring business. He has about six months to serve. The above reward will be given to any person that will secure the said Dail so that I get him again. I hereby forwarn all persons from harboring or dealing with said apprentice, as I will enforce the law against all such offenders—I will give a reward of five dollars, to any one that will appear against any person or persons that harbors said apprentice.

EDWARD STREET.

Oct 31 1846—3w

Notice.

Whereas some person or persons having taken the liberty to go in to my woods and cut 2 shingle trees and took them away without my liberty I do hereby forwarn all person or persons, from cutting or hauling or trespasing in any kind of manner on any of my land in Blackwater where I now live as I am determined to inforce the law against all such offenders.

JOSEPH R. STWART,
near Cambridge Blackwater.

Oct 31st, '46.—3w

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

We take this method to inform our friends and the public generally that we have taken the stoteh now formerly occupied by our father Henry Burn, for the purpose of continuing the Mercantile business. We have just returned from the City of Baltimore with a good assortment of DRY GOODS GROCERIES & CONFECTIONARIES, which we offer for sale on as moderate terms as they can be purchased in the place. We particularly invite all that need such articles to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, as we feel assured that it will be to their advantage so to do. We also keep Ploughs already stocked at city prices.

At the end of this present year we purpose moving our store, to the house now in the occupancy of Mr. William Luttman, as a shoe and boot store.

S. & H. BURN.

Oct 24th 1846. Cambridge.

N. B. As I have ceased business all persons indebted to me, will please call and settle their accounts. HENRY BURN.

NOTICE.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Wright & Jones, has been dissolved, this day by mutual consent.—A. W. Jones, who continues the business on his own account, at the old stand is authorised to settle up the business of the late firm. Persons indebted are invited to call early, and make payment, as the business must be closed speedily.

Martin L. Wright,
Alexander W. Jones.

Church Creek, Oct. 16th—24, 1846.

Chancery Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the High Court of Chancery the subscriber will offer at public sale on

Saturday the 14th of November

next, at the store of Mrs. Elizabeth Wallace in Lake's district, between the hours of 11 and 4 o'clock, P. M. all the real estate of which Matthew Wallace late of Dorchester County died seized and possessed, as follows:—The Dwelling House and Store House and other buildings where Mrs. Elizabeth Wallace now lives, together with the land adjoining the same called "All three of us" and "Joseph's Regulation" containing 24 acres, more or less. The dwelling is large and commodious, and nearly new. It has all the necessary out buildings attached and in good order.

Also the Farm lying on the county road leading from Big Black water bridge to Strait's hundred, and adjoining the lands of Richard H. Fabian Esq. This farm is without improvements, but contains a large quantity of valuable timber. The quality of the soil is naturally good, and with a small outlay might be made very productive. It contains about 168 acres. This farm together with the Dwelling house &c., and lands attached will be sold subject to the dower right of Mrs Elizabeth Wallace.

The terms of sale as prescribed by the decree are one third cash on the day of sale, and the residue on a credit of 12 and 18 months to be secured by bonds approved by the trustee with interest from the day of sale.

E. R. HOOPER, Trustee

Oct. 24 1846. — ts. (D 3t)

☞ ORDERS for every description of Job Printing received at the Chronicle Office, and executed with neatness and despatch.

CHANCERY SALE

Pursuant to authority derived from the Hon. Theodorick Bland Chancellor of Maryland, the undersigned will expose to public sale to the highest and best bidder at the store of Major Goodman Gootee in Lake's District, on

Saturday the 14th of November

next, between the hours of 11 and 4 o'clock, all that HOUSE and LOT and premises which was formerly owned and occupied by John B. Robinson in his lifetime, and which was more recently occupied by Phillip H. Graham deceased. The improvements consist of a dwelling house, kitchen, smoke house, stable and carriage house, corn house, and a good Store House. This property is very desirable to any person wishing to engage in the mercantile business. It is situated at a place generally known as McKnight's Roads, and is an eligibly location for trade and business. The lot contains about 2 acres and is enclosed.

The terms as prescribed by the decree are one third cash on the day of sale, and the residue in three equal annual instalments of one, two, and three years, with interest from the day of sale. The property will be sold free of all incumbrances.

E. R. HOOPER,
Oct. 21, 1846.—tds. (D 3t) Trustee.

DEDICATION.

The new Methodist P. Church, (Church Creek) will be dedicated to the worship of Almighty God on Sabbath Nov'br. 1st. Several distinguished ministers are expected to be in attendance.

D. W. BATES.

Cambridge, Oct. 24, '46. D

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.

The Protracted Meeting published to take place next Saturday and Sabbath in Cambridge, (owing to some unavoidable circumstances) is postponed until next Saturday and Sabbath 4 weeks, or Nov. 21 and 22. Several ministers from a distance are expected to attend during the meeting.

D. W. Bates.

Cambridge, Oct. 24th, 1846.

Notice.

THE public are notified that the undersigned hath presented to the Board of Commissioners for Dorchester County a list of lands, whereon no personal property can be found liable for the payment of the County charges due thereon, and whereas by an Act of the last Legislature of Maryland Chapter 133, the laws in regard to the sales of such lands by Collectors have been materially altered & amended and whereas many of those lands have changed owners since those charges have become due. In consequence of which it is desirable that land holders generally would examine carefully the advertisement; as some of their lands may be exposed to sale for charges due under former owners; and tax payers generally are interested in making the lands sell, as all deficiences will have to come against the County as insolvent and will if large swell the county levy beyond the usual amount.

The public's obt. servt

WM B DAIL
Late Col. D. C.

Oct. 1846.—4w

Lamps, Girandoles, Candelabras, and all House-Keeping articles in general.

Persons purchasing articles in the above line can call on the subscriber with every assurance of getting the worth of their money, and no misrepresentation. His stock of goods are fresh, and constantly replenishing from the latest importations—consisting in part of Plated, Block-tin, Britania, and Japanned wares; Table Cutlery, Tea Trays, and Waiters; Woolen and Iron Ware; Baskets; Brass and Wooden Clocks; Looking and Toilet Glasses; Oil Cloths, Door Mats, &c., &c. Having had eight years experience in the *Lamp business*, his assortment cannot be surpassed, being selected from the best manufactories in the country, or parlours, churches, stores, offices, and kitchens, and for burning Lard, Camphine, Pine, and common oil also. Fluid or Glass Lamps, Wholesale and retail, at reduced prices.

Wholesale orders for Camphine, Pine oil, and Fluid, promptly attended to at the lowest market prices, and of the first quality.

Also, a splendid assortment of painted window shades.

He has received the general agency for SHIMS' CELEBRATED MATCHES, *entirely free from Sulphur, or any other unpleasant smell.* This is worthy the attention of every man, woman, and child averse to being choked with Sulphur every time they light a match. Wholesale orders promptly met at the lowest factory prices.

J. S. TOUGH.

Baltimore street Bridge, Baltimore, Md.

Sep. 12, 1846.—2m

P. S. Look for the sign of the Large Lamp, North East Corner.

JOHN M. ORAM & Co.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

No. 230 Baltimore Street, North West Corner of Charles, Baltimore.

HAVE received their Fall and Winter supply of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, &c. &c., which they will make to order in the best and most fashionable style.

GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING.

On the second floor of their building, which has been fitted up for the purpose, will be found a large assortment of the finest and medium qualities of Clothing *ready made* of superior style and workmanship

NO VARIATION IN PRICES, the lowest price is distinctly marked in figures on every garment.

The basement has been handsomely fitted up for the sale of goods by the piece—a very large assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, and Tailor's Trimmings, being always on hand, at the lowest market prices, to which the attention of purchasers is invited.

Oct. 10. 1846. tf

CASH FOR NEGROES.

I Wish to purchase any number of Negroes of both sexes that are slaves for life, and good prices—can at all times be found at Mr. John Bradshaw's hotel, in Cambridge, and will pay the highest Cash prices for them.

☞ All communications will be attended to with strict.

CHARLES WILLIGMAN.

Oct. 10th 1846.—3w