William Matthews, Has just Received and for Sale, 230 harreis Soft I'il entine.

IN STORE. 37 bales Upland Coton, suitable for re-

With a General Assertment of Bar, 2 dt, Nail and Sp ke Iron Patent and other Cambooses to 10 inches long Wought and Cut Nails. ALSO,

Herrings, Shad, Pork & Lard.

HORSE & GIG..

A new GIG made in Philadelphia, in the first style, and on a new plan, with x set of best full plated Harness—And, a hand-om-Grey HORS's, fit for saddle or harmess. For sale at Mr. Worley's Taverns

Stray MARE.

re I from the Sub cr ber, on Wene d Strave' from the Sub or ber, on Wene'd y the 28 h ul., a Dark Bay Mare, about 14 ha ds 2 inchet high—b and, d 5 %, on the left shoulder, nine years old. I will give a "eward of Four Dollars to any person for finding and bring the said sfare o me,

WILLIAM MILLS,

As South afrees.

64, South street. ditt

FOR SALE,

A valuable Negro WOMAN Slave. 17 years of age-she is a good Cook, &c.

Apply to W. G. HANDS & CO Anci's She is not to be sold out of the city. August 30

BLACKS MITTIS. Two or three BLACKSMITIIS wanted.

Apply to LNOCH & JESSE LEVERING. August 18

TO MANUFACTURERS.

The subscriber having has been called in good order, and having had several applications to calendar goods at his own manufactory, respectfully inform his friends and the public in general, that he will receive Cation or Fire Lines to be Gulenlered, at a very moderate public from the Every application with he of or Fire Lines to be Galenlered, at a very moderate pince. Every application with be attended to with punctuality; the Goods mis, be went to his Warehouse, No. 157, Marke, street, on Menday and Tuesday every week to be sent to the factory on Wedninday, and will be delivered as the next Saturday.

Persons withing to soud there goods arrequested to mark them on the two ends a court incree.

each piece.

He has on hand from his own ma He has on hand from his own many factory, an extensive assortment of CALL COES of various descriptions and new confusionable patterns, Shawn, Handkeronic Window Curtains, Hell Spinals, Tunkey Red Yarr, and a variety of other colours; which he offers for sale on liberal credit for spinal support and payments, but cash,

ved paper, or at low prices for cash.

He will print do commission at a moderate

price. 0 T Gud will be given for Damaged When L. I LANNAY August 25 dif

Sale by Auction. ON THURSDAY,

The 13th Schtember, at 12 decock, at the frenders, will be sold on a liberal credit, freenism, will be sold on a liberal credit, F.
THC very valuable and highly monover dwalling PLANTATION of the Are William M. Dubit, eq. 3 no 4 miles from the very of Bultimore, containing about 9.0 acres of land—in which is erected, a comfor title blick dwelling and kitchen, milch and cow house, bain and stables, brick negro quaiter and work shop. The crehald is planted with 5.0 fruit trees, now in, perfection, and are of a very choice selection; the farm is divided in o eleven field in under glad feiter, and three luts set ven field; under g and fence, and three lots set in clover; one half of said tract of land is heawily timbered, and will cut from 20 to 40 c and of wood per a result in latwo miles on Back River, which abounds with fine fish and with

fowl. in their season.

In mediately after the above, will be well.

25 NEGROES—men, women and childien.

C O. MULLER, Auet'r. August 8

The Columbia Academy Again GPENS for the reception of YOUNG LADIES,

AS BIAKDERS OR DAY SCHOLARS, On the first Monday in September

MAS GROOMBRIDGE,

Grate in the the extensive parents are not been it more with during six years residence in Bultimore, as area in a trien is and the public, that the report of her intention to give up her Sanoth, is entirely without four during their factions having attentionally. alt'in ign sue has twelve Teachers in whose ability sie can confide, yet she dedicates in principal part of her time to the superior al-vantage of her pupils. Their progress she vantage of her pupors. Their progress are does not enlarge u on, as the parents and guidding of core could dito her care, have had bequent opportunities of hidging to themselves, both in her puboe and possaic

examinations.

Is addition to the other branches of educa-

tion, the Italian and Size ish Languages are tarrich with elegance will correctness.

Park to be guardians who desire to have their young ladies instructed in those branching many arms to the free purpose. their young indies instructed in times originally class, may have an opportunity of learning the quanta go through their exercises, by applying to Mrs. Groom ridge for the purpose.

August 23 diwellow

To Journeymen Shoemakers. WANTED by the sub-or b r, in t'e city of Washington, a rOHEM N to the Shee n a-Washington, a rOilEM. N to the Shoe in acking business—to whom constant amployment and good wages will be given. A man with a family, a pablic of confluence as milliminatactory, might be sure of a permanent situ it in, at east so long as the business is carried on by JOHN MINCHIN,

New-Josephane.

August 31

This is to give Notice,

THAT the Subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Baltimore County, in Maryland—Letters Testamentary on the the Orphans' Court of Baltimore County, in Maryland—Letters Testamentary on the Estate of Thomas Jones, late of Baltimore county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to whill; the same, with the vouchers there it, at or before the first day of December next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from the majorite of said Estate.

all benefit of said Estate.
NATHAN KONG, Adm'r.

Baltimore Price-Current.

(CORRECTED WEEKLY.) Prices.
D. C. D. C.
8 12 Per 12 Lacon Cotten, Georgia, militar Cotten, Georgia, militar Cotten, Georgia, militar Cottange, Baltimere
Cheese, American
**rlow, superpose bbf. 15 18 17 soarce 10 9 40 B 50 Hanseed, (rough) bush. (clea.sed) cust Gunpowder, Balt man. 20.4. Grain. Incidental 85 90 1 50

Grain, Indian corn tush.

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Meal, corn, kiln dried bil.
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37 30 lork, Balt. pime bbi. Rice, (fresh) fer 1000 17 rors, patt. prime bili. Rice, (fresh) per 1992b. Spirits, 6-in, diner. gal. b'nistey, 1.t pr. — Sugars, Havana, wate cut 3 25 13 25 10 50 1, 5)

do brown Louisia a loaf 16. lumb Salt, Liverpool ground bash. shot, ilmer all riz. ext. Tobacco, Maryland 12 50 Up. Patusent 1st —
Lr. Patusent 1st —
Potowmac 1st —
Eastern State 3 25 3 50

Eastern Shote 1st -Virginia fut do middling 4 50 Ropf anamous Kentucky Fallow, American 11

Wool El ere, Merico } nune arss.el common country -Store prices.

35

| Largo prices. PRICE OF STOCKS.

1011 a 102 Six per cent. 61<u>1</u> 162 -2 uisiana, 6: Ini ed States' Bank Stock 470 Maryland Galtimore do. Union B. of Marylan I do. whole shares 61, 15 3.8 hali do M. chanies' Bank Mexindria Bank Farmera' Bank Columbia Bank Potowniac Bank

po sales Saltimore Insurance Shares Maryland Marine Chrisapeake do. Water Stock Sire In uratice Raister's Fown Road Stock redericktown 18 disc.

Merchasts & Farmers Bank fairtemmo: do. do. Fracklin Union Manufa tu ing

THE WHIS.

" CO'VE US BUT LIGHT." BALTIMORE:

TUESDAY SEPTEMBER 4, 1810.

Schoeners Gorham Lovell, Lewis, & Six Brothers, Lone, from Baltimore, are raved at Boston.

The tcheoner Transit, 37 days from Guidiana, in Spain, has arrived at the Lezzretto in the Delaware she beings 150 Merico sheep. The armies on the frontiers of Portugal appeared to be inactive on both sides.

SHORTER READINGS Than they write at Boston, on the same subject.

Vert v are we the most degraded na-

tion under the sun? Because we posted under the yoke of our enemy,-without a battle,-without a struggle, - without one solitary etfor, worthy of the name, in favour of honour

and independence.
Wherein did Nicho'as R. Moore and other on thies of the 10th congress, act the Roman heroes, on the embargo

question? In killing it, out of pure leve (as Virginius stabled his daughter), lest its

enem es should maltreat it. Particides then, and fratticides are justifinble, since they are to nearly related to the deceased?

The tenth congress probably thought so-and the eleventh have carried submission still farther than their prede-

But, was the removal of the embargo a disgraceful evil, when so many murmured at its continuance?

Its removal would have been no evil, but honourable policy, if they had adopted a stronger measure in its stead. Can you prescribe a remedy for the

disease? We might adopt the advice, which the great Coke gave to the Butish parliament, when exhorting them to resist the encreachments of Charles upon the liberties of England: "Let us palliate no longer; if we do, God will not prosper us

But, some of our submission members say, that they could do nothing !

Let no such man be trusted!" Was any man compelled to desert to the ene-

my?

The federalists are said to have gained some advantages at the late election in New Hampshire; but, sufficient returns have not been received to enable us to judge of the general result.

FOR THE WHIG.

An account of the late appearance of the natural Small Pox in this city, and the successful attempt which was made to check its progress.

The great anxiety as well as alarm which was lately occasioned in this city, by the appearance of the Natural Small Pox among us, will it is presumed, be considered a sufficient apology, for lay ing the following account of it before the

public. It was on Friday morning the 13th July last, that Mr. Daniel Cromer cal'ed on me to visit his daughter Elizabeth in Eulaw street, near the Methodist bu rial ground. This young woman, it was discovered had taken the natural small pox, but without any knowledge or even suspicion on her part, that she had been exposed to the contegion of this loathsome and dangerous disease -Her brother and sister, a numerous family, who never had the small pox, were living in the same apartments; and there were many children and grown people, in almost every house in the neighbourhord, liable to take it. Cromer's children indeed had been from the commencement of their sisters illness, seven days, in the same room with ter; so that it was feared the kine pock could not be communicated in time to save them. There was, however, no other alternative left - Years of past ne gleet could not be recalled; neither would the imprudence of the family, in suffering their children to be so long in the same room with their diseased sis er, admit of any safer remedy, than to veccinate them immediately. Before I veccinate there immediately. Before I tell the room, therefore, in which this young woman lay, covered from head to foot with innumerable eruptions of the small pox. The genuine vaccine matter was carefully inser ed, for seven fine healthy child, en, who had been thus unhappily expessed to the greatest dange: The more certainly to avoid any failures on an emergency so critical as the present, I inserted the matter into both arms, using different parcels, in every case, of the freshest matter which the vaccine institution could afford. Mr. C's circumstances did not admit of the expence of ternoving his children to other lodgings; they were therefore obliged to remain in the same exposed

situation where they were—a fait of them slefit every night and they all eat their meals daily from that time in the same com where their meter lay -curen deavours to communicate the kine peck, notwithstanding, most happily succeed. ed at the fast attempt-In every case it progressed regularly and perfectly, un der my own, as well as the daily inspec ion of the family, and many visitors. who called from motives of curiouty to see a disease that had been so long ab sent from among us. It is with the greatest satisfaction, I can add, that not one of these children took the small for. -But that with the exception of a few hours slight indisposition from the epe ation of the kine peck, they have enj y ed the most perfect health to this day -The young woman herself, though she suffered more than can be described, has also recovered ; and her parents i main thankful for the metciful escape which so many promising children have make from the most dangerous disease the hu

men race is subject to. After inserting the matter for Mr. Cron.e.'s family, the next step taken was to vaccinate as many of their neighbours as possible; calling upon these first who were nearest, and in most den ger. During the same day, therefore, that Mr C's fanily were vaccinated. I visited almost every house in their visit nity,-informed every one of the dang they were exposed to; and v-coinsfed every person I could find who had not previously been secured. All these op crations were peculiarly successful; and not a single case of the small pox has

since happened amorg them On the evening of the same day, however. (13 h Ju y) another case of the natur. I smali pex was found, existing in the precincis, on the Reister's lower Singleton James, a young man road. residing there, had taken it about the same time Elizabeth Cremar caught it : and war equally ignorant as to the manner in which he took it. This patient fell under the care of Dr Maxwell M.Dowel, who found three children in the kouse with him also, who were lia ble to take it. On the next morning, therefore, the Dr went cut early, tak ing with him some tresh vaccine matter which he inser ed catefully for them .iliv. operations succeeded at the first trial; but they were not in sufficien time to pierent two of these children from suffering considerably from the va moleus fever, and numerous cruptions which come out upon them. The other child for unately took the kine pock in good time, and sustained no injury what EVEL

As in Mr. Cromer's, so also in this neighbourhood, there were many persons liable to take a most dangerous disease, at the worst so son of the year possible; and at a time when they were, apparently, less prepared to receive it, than ever they were. Before this indeed, these people had been very careless about the kine pock; and either disbelieved the reports they had heard respecting it, or affected to be altogether incredulous as to its efficacy. The alarm, however,

Trust no such men any | which was now excited among them, and Sharpsburg, which I lately visited, there the usar approach of danger, which they knew not otherwise how to escape, created all at on e an uncommon degree of confidence in vaccination; and every one was eager to try it, as soon as possible. Drs. M'Dowel, Cromwell, Handy, and myself, were busily employed among them; and during the day (14th July) we veccinated nearly one hundred persous. Among those who fell under my care, there was one patient upwards of eighty years old, one of fifty years, and others of almos every intermediate age from that to the most feeble state of infancy. The salutary powers of this in valuable remedy, were on this, as conspicuous as on any former occasion; and although the neighbourhood was so po-pulous, all further progress of the small pex among them was effectually preven-

For several days we were as ignorant of the source from whence the contagion was derived, which had infected them, as the two patients above named them-But I was afterwards enabled to trace the infection to its true origin. It was brought into the city by a Mr. Daw son, who came from Frederick county, Virginia, where the small pox was prevailing when he left it, but he did not sicken with it until the next day af er his arrival here, viz. June 10th He bad the small pox very favourably; but a black man sho attended on him ccccasionally, (and who having a good mark still remaining on his arm, the't he had had the small pox by inoculation when a boy.) took it from him, and very narrowly escaped with his life. Both of these cases of the natural small pox were in Baltimore street, and very near to Mr Cromer's; Singleton James had been in the city and no doubt contracted the disease from the same source.

At a moment when it was so essential to the public safe: y, it was a fortunate circums ance that the only remedy to be depended on was ready, and in sufficient abundance for the occasion. The following physicians, besides many private gentlemen, all applied immediately and were furnished with genuine vaccine matter from the institution under my care, viz. - Dis. Brown and M Kenzie, Dis Litlejohn and Donaldson, Dis. Cromwell and Handy. Drs. Crawford, Joelle, Brevitt, Birkhead, Bird, Smyth. White, Chatard, Duvale, Clendinen, Roberts, Howard, Duncan, Hamilton. Alexander, Baker, Potter, and some others, who all contributed, by their personal exertions, to check the progress of a contagion that would have occasioned much distress in this city had its progression not have been so speedily ar rested.

Ore other case of the natural small pox, only remains to be stated. Solo man, a young East In ian who resided in Lexington street, unfortunately con-tracted this disease by passing occasionally brough the part of the city where the small pox originated Soloman had been previously, as he supposed, vicel nated. The operation had been perform ed for him by a benevolent lady at Au-napolis; but no farther attention, is seems, was alterwards pool to it. Noth ing like a good vaccine mark, however could be seen on his aim; and the whole amount of his vaccination was, ! believe, only a sore arm, ecca ioned by the scratch of the needle, which was used in performing the operation; an operation indeed, which, though extremely trifling, had nearly cost this poor fellow his life. The evils arising from mistakes of this kind, however, are not likely to be confined to Soloman. -Since the last ularm commenced, I have repeated the operation for many per sons, who would not undoubtedly taken the small pox, had they have been as he was exposed to it. I am sorry to add that several of these cases were de clared to be secure, by the practi ioners, who cught to have been better acquainted with this business. To have a ove arm or festering, from the scratch of a needle, or an incision made with a dull lance t, is a very different thing ming the genuine rick Tuis (cl hough it inflances the erm consideraby at a certrin stage) unless it is i jured, never produces an open sore of any kind; but it passes on regularly through its different successive stoges, until it terminates in a clear, smeoth, well defined, dark coloured hard crus', The deceptive affection, or spurious kine puck, as it is sometimes called, is a sore arm of many varieties, but no fixed cha racter; the most common affection of this kind, that I have noticed, is an irregular open sore, or featering, that gives a great deal of uneasiness to the patient, and occasions an almost incessan' incli nation to rub or scratch i. The patten's sleeve is often found adhering to the arm; or it is daily soiled with the yellowish purulent discharge which is consantly junning from it. The termination of this sore, which is sometimes ve ly difficult to heal, is always in rough, irregular, foul, opaque scabs of a brittle texture. A mark on the aim is of entimes occasioned by it, which very near ly resembles, and cannot, with any certainty, be distinguished from the mark of a genuine kine pock. Veccination, indeed, is so easy, that

patients are too careless about attending to it; and physicians cannot convenient ly, devote as much of their time to each case as would be necessary to detect all the accidents this singular remedy is liable to. But, the public ought to take warning by the fatal accidents, which have already happened from ignorance and inattention to vaccination, simple and easy as it 15-I will relate only one out of many, that have come to my knowledge. In a small town, in this state,

were no less than 'seventeen deaths last summer from the natural small flox, occasioned by the mistakes of an old and respectable physician, who had vaccina. ted them, as he supposed, and thought them secure, as soon as he had succeeded by his operations to make their arms sore-though, as it was afterwards proven, the matter he used in all these unfortunate cases was not vaccine. but only common purulent matter, and the small pas was only prevented from committing the whole distressing haves, by the general introduction of the genuine king pock into the neighbourhood by another physician, who repeated the operation successfully for many of those who had been the subject of the oid gentleman's

· JAMES SMITH, Superintendant of the Vaccine finitu.ion.

Raltimore, 1st Sept. 1810. P.S. To encourage vaccination on the late preent occasion for it, I engaged while the danger of taking the small pox continued, to strend in any part of the city or precincts, on all persons irdiscriminately, who left their names and places of residence at my inoculating room. As this danger is now happily over, the public are informed, that from this time application must be made to me as usual, and that I will again expect the same remuneration as has been customary for this service. These, however, who cannot conveniently pay the small expense attached to this operation, will be conducted safely through it, free of all charges, if they will take the trou

COMSUNICATION.

street for that purpose.

bie to attend at my room in Chatham

TO THE PEOPLE Of Baltimore City and County. FELLOW CITIZENS,

Before you give your votes to any candidate, I beg permission to submit a brief sketch of the services and suffirings of Commodore BARNEY-in that glorious centest which resulted in the freedom and independence which we now enjoy. What I submit to the pub-lic is rather an index or table of con-tents, then a history of numerous setvices and battles, which would be too lengthy for a newspaper. Commodore Barney might in truth say-with O.hel-

" I have Come the state some service ;" · 1 have encountered hardships and d ngers on your account; -and all I ask in return is a place in your confidence, which I will esteem the highest honor" -This language, commodore Barney might use without offending truth, or subjecting himself to the imputation of vanity or boas ful egotism; but, as yaterans leave no others to recount their actions-so has he observed prelaund silonce about his past services. attempted to do it for him I have con-fined myself to stulboru facts, which trecommend to the consideration of ever ry independent voter in the district.

Justina Barney was born in Baltimere, in the year 1759. In October 1775, baing in the 16th year of his age, he cutered into the service of the United States 4 and served as lieutenant in the it tie but rallant nesy, equipt under the directions of the Revolutionary congress. He remired the commission of lieutenent uniil March 1782; having fought thirteen engagemen s. and always came off victorious. In the same month Le was apprinted a captain, and served in that ca-pacity till May 1734; near a year after the definitive treaty of peace between America and Britzin, signed at Paris in Sept. 1783 .- While ceptain, he was in four engagements and came out with his usua! success.

Joshua Barney was the first min. who distayed the Flag of the United States in the State of Maryland. He was the first man who brought the news of an is lirect acknowledgement of our indep ndence (by England) to America, in De-1782 Doctor Franklin, then our minister at Paris, baving dispatched Captein Barney for that purpose, from France, with a passport, sign d by G.o. the third, wherein it was admitted that the ship he commanded, belonged to the United States of America-A proud and glorious day for the An ericans, after their seven years struggle for inde-

As J shua Barney was among the first in commission; so he was the lest efficer dischaiged from the service of the United States; having been almost nine years in actual service- or in the prisons, dungeers and prison ships of the Bri ish—the marks of the galling irons he then were, sill remain on his limbe, es honorable testimonials of the sufferings and cruel treatment he underwent for America.

Parce and liberty now blessed the U. States, and capiain Bainey, being engaged in commerce, undertook voyages occasionally. England had signed peace with us; but hatred still rankled is her heart; under colour of her arbitrary orders in council, she has always when it suited her views, infringed the laws of nations — In 1793, Captain Barney was captured by the English (under the infamous orders in council issued in June of the same year) - when sailing peaceably under the flag of America, and the faith of solemn treaties. By an aston-ishing exertion of skill and daring cou-rage, he retock his ship (the Sampson) and brought the crew to Baltimore. sailed again-and was again captured by the British, carried into Jamaica, and tried for his life as a PIRATE, for having retaken his own ship! What will Bri-