

TO MANUFACTURERS.

The subscriber having his ho... in good order, and having had several applications to call on him at his own manufactory, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he will receive... or *Flax Linn* to be *Calendered*, at a very moderate price. Every application will be attended to with punctuality; the Goods must be sent to his Warehouse, No. 157, Market Street, on *Monday* and *Tuesday* every week, to be sent to the factory on *Wednesday*, and will be delivered on the next *Saturday*. Persons wishing to send their goods are requested to mark them on the two ends of each piece. He has on hand from his own manufactory, an extensive assortment of *CALLICOES* of various descriptions, and new and fashionable patterns, *Shawls*, *Hankkerchiefs*, *Window Curtains*, *Bed Spreads*, *Turkey Hosiery*, and a variety of other colours, which he offers for sale on liberal credit for approved paper, or at low prices for cash. He will print on commission at a moderate price. Cash will be given for *Damaged Wheat*. L. I. LANNAN dtf August 25

TO THE CURIOUS.

Lately imported in the *steer Ariadne*, captain *Stanner*, from the *Gold Coast of Africa*.

A beautiful living LEOPARD.

The proprietors do not wish to give a lengthy description of this animal, and shall leave it principally to those who view him. The Leopard is in shape, nature and colour, very much like a Tiger, being spotted like that creature, and is said to be engendered between a Lion and a Tiger. His face and ears are like a Lion's. He is of terrible aspect. His teeth are sharp and strong, that he can bite iron asunder with them. His claws are a good defence, being like his teeth both so sharp and strong, that he fights with them. The colour of the upper part of his body is like whitish oak, the lower part of an ash colour. He is covered with most beautiful spots not two alike. He is very voracious, hates and destroys all creatures he can murder, but is very submissive to his keeper, and cannot injure visitors. To be seen at JOSEPH CLARK'S, Market Place.

To the Curious and Lovers of Natural CURIOSITY.

TO BE SEEN A Live Tartarian Sheep.

Lately imported to this country from the furthest borders of *Tartary*, in *Asia*. The proprietor of this very curious Sheep, would willingly give an exact description of it; but as the public are so often disappointed by a description of curiosities, far exceeding what they really are, the owner of this extraordinary animal, will leave it to a generous public to determine, whether it is not one of the greatest natural curiosities ever imported into this country or not. N.B. The tail of his animal weighs 40 pounds. To be seen at the same place, Several other interesting Curiosities, &c. ALSO, A Piece of Mechanism, Such as was never seen before in this country. An Organ on an entirely new construction—this organ plays several fine tunes—a number of figures, is natural as life, dance to the music, while several attitudinists discharge their pieces, &c. a representation which has ever been highly gratifying to spectators. To be seen at the same place, THE LIVING SLOTH, (THE ONLY ONE IN AMERICA) Bought by Thomas Lancaster in the schooner *Hope*, capt. *Traverser*, from *Oroceka*. Of this singular animal there are two species, the one called the *Unani*, the other the *Ati*; the one having two claws upon each foot, and no tail, the other three claws upon each foot, and a small tail; this one is called the *Unani*. This wonderful animal bears some resemblance to the *Badger*, the fur is extremely coarse and strong, and its appearance resembles dried grass; the tail is scarcely perceptible, and the mouth extends from ear to ear; the feet and claws are longer than the legs, which are placed upon the body in such an extraordinary direction, that a few paces is often the journey of a week; it is often obliged to go several days without any food, and we are informed that one remained suspended to a pole, across two beams, without any sustenance, for forty days. (Goldsmith's Natural History.) This wonderful natural curiosity is well worthy the attention of the curious. Price of admission 25 Cents—Children half price. August 22 cc3t

D. Church's Cough Drops.

A medicine unequalled by any other in the world since first discovered by D. Church; it has been tried to health many thousands of the most afflicted objects, both as humors and consumptive, that were ever known to exist both in Europe, America and the West Indies, and often when every other medicine had been used without effect, and the most violent of the faculty consisted in it. It is a sovereign, speedy, and effectual remedy in catarrhs, crassness of breath, tickling in the throat, tightness in the chest, whooping cough, sore throats, wheezing, congested phlegm, spitting of blood, soreness of the breast and stomach, &c. and various other ailments, and all disorders of the breast and lungs. Sold by appointment at G. & R. WAITE'S, Lottery Office & Patent Medicine Store, corner of *Market* & *St Paul's* Lane. Price 75 cents each. July 28

Teas, Brandy, Wine, &c.

26 chests *partridge* Hyson Tea, just imported, and the quality superior to the *Wm Blagham's Hyson*, when fresh, consequently far superior. 15 whole and 60 half chests fresh *Imperial Tea*. 8 whole and 20 gr. chests fresh *Souchong* do. 23 whole, half and gr. chests excellent *Bohea* do. 20 chests choice *r*, trailing *Young Hyson* do. 11 whole and 5 half chests small size *Imperial Tea*, properly termed *Gunpowder* 1 tea. 11 pipes pure *Cognac Brandy*, and 3 pipes *Holland Gin*; the quality of each is not to be surpassed in this market. They were selected in *New York* by the subscriber himself, from the largest and a rived there, via *London*. 1 pipe old *Cognac*, imported 8 years; it is oil proof, and the flavour remarkably fine, sold by retail only at 4 dollars a gallon. 2 pipes old *Old Blend*, imported by a gentleman in *New York* for his own private use 7 years ago; it is very rich next wine, and not to be surpassed if it is pulled, by any in this city. 1 hhd. very old *melow Spirit*, of remarkable purity. 2 pipes real old *Port*, and 2 pipes *Bussiais Wine*. 4 do. *Lisbon*. 1 pipe and 8 gr. casks old *Sherry Wine*. 100 boxes *Kalbins*. 10 d. *Figs*. 40 small bags fresh *Sago*. 2 boxes real *Castile Soap*, very old. 30 o. *Smoking Pipes*, 6 gross each, and large boxes. 2 cases *Cut Tobacco*, of excellent quality, for smoking and chewing in papers. 6 b. *lea* *Form* size, *lin bark* *Cinnamon*, fresh, and of the best quality. 1 box *M. ch* *Coffee*. 2 cases *London* *own* *Stout*. 1 cask fresh *M. cc*. 15 half fine and coarse *Twine*. 5 boxes fresh *Prunes*. 3 cases *Pins*, *assort* ed. 1 h. *x* *Mocbaugh* and *Raptee* *Snuff*, in bottles. 2 hams *English Cheese*. 20 boxes *American* do. 25 bags old *Shire Coffee*, of the flavour, and suitable for family use. 50 bags *pure* *hot*, from *BBB* to *No. 10*, *English Powder* in kegs and 1 pound papers, suitable for large and small size guns, and quality very good, clean and strong. Just received for sale by WILLIAM NORRIS, Junr. TEA DEALER & GROCER, 65, *Market* street.

N.B. The lovers of fine TEAS are invited to call and try the above mentioned Tea—fresh chests of each kind are now opened, and will be sold by the half dozen pounds or small quantity. The subscriber keeps public houses, and will call and get a supply of *GENUINE LIQUORS*, as they are at this time difficult to be had. August 20 lawdt

BLACKSMITHS.

Two or three BLACKSMITHS wanted. Apply to ENOCH & JESSE LEVERING, eo3w August 18

Baltimore county, to wit:

I do hereby, that *William* *Scoville* of said county, brought before me, the subscriber, a notice of the price for said county, as a straggler passing on in *Byrnes*, a *light grey* *GI* *or* *Horse*—about fifteen hands high, appears to be about eleven or twelve years old; his mane and hind legs dark coloured than the rest of his body; very low in *fl* *ch*; no red p *18* *red* *mark*; shed all round with *12* *old* *shoes*; *trout* and *pr* *cc*. Given under my hand this 25th day of *June*, 1810. JOHN DOUGHERTY.

WILLIAM SCOVILLE.

The owner of the above described HORSE, is hereby desired to take the said horse away on proving his property and paying legal charges. Application to be made to the subscriber at the seat of the *Old Baltimore Furnace*, n. s. Mrs. *Carroll's* Mill.

Boarding House and Tavern.

Impressed with gratitude for the many favours conferred upon him, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has opened and lived up as a GENTLE BOARDING HOUSE, that large commodious house, N. 20, *Fell's* *street*, *Fell's* *Point*, nearly opposite *Dr. Atterley's*; where every attention will be paid to the accommodation of those gentlemen who may please to favour him with their custom. Oysters, during the season, as usual; and Wines of the best quality and flavour; *Spirits*, foreign and of our own, with a general supply of the best Provisions on the market at all times. A DINNER will be provided every day at one o'clock, at 50 cents each. August 25 lawdt

FACE AND SKIN.

JUST RECEIVED AT G. & R. WAITE'S, Truly Fortunate Lottery Office and Patent Medicine Store, corner of *St Paul's* Lane and *Market* streets, A FRESH SUPPLY OF Dr. Church's Genuine Vegetable Lotion, Which effectually and speedily cures all eruptions and humors on the face and skin, especially Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, Itches, Ring-Worms, Tan, Sun Burns, Scalds, Scorrings and Cuts, Pustulous eruptions of every description, Itchy Heat, Redness of the Nose, Neck, Arms, &c. &c.

This Lotion is excelled by no other in the World. It has been administered by the proprietor for several years in Europe and America with the greatest success. By the simple application of this fluid, night and morning, it will remove the most rancorous and alarming scurf in the face. It is perfectly safe, yet powerful, and possesses all the good qualities of the most celebrated cosmetics, without any of their doubtful effects. It is therefore recommended as a certain and effectual remedy, and a valuable and almost indispensable appendage to the toilet, infinitely superior to the common trash—*Cream* *drawn* *from* *Violets* and *Milk* *of* *Hotels*—Suffice it to say, it has been administered to many thousands in the *U. States* and *West* *Indies*, with the greatest and most unparalleled success, and without even a single complaint of its efficacy. A small bottle at 75 cents, will be found sufficient to procure its value.

THE WHIG.

"GIVE US BUT LIGHT." BALTIMORE: THURSDAY, AUGUST 30, 1810.

TOO BAD! The faction attached to Bitum, bawled vehemently against the embargo—they bellowed for a free trade, clogged with licenses and clouded with risk. They however obtained their wishes; the embargo was repealed. They carried their influence farther: Mr Gallatin so far complied with their blind desires, as to authorize clearances for ports not within the purview of the nonintercourse law. They sailed, landed, and were seized. Yet, some of these people complain of our general government—Is not this too bad? The Buonaparte seizure is confessedly too bad. Gallatin's construction was too flagrantly bad. It is too bad all 'round. And there is far worse to come. The sad effects of submission are not yet half developed; they will be seen in the reduction of the national spirit—they will be seen in the increasing contempt of foreign nations for America—they will be felt too; and on this we build our hopes of ultimate resistance and recovery.

It is rumored, that Lucien Bonaparte intends to migrate from Italy to these states. Captain Whiting, of the ship *Erato*, arrived at *New York* from the *Havanna*, informs us that a Spanish vessel had arrived at *Havanna* from *Montevideo*, with intelligence of that province having declared itself independent.

BRITISH OUTRAGE.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at *Burlington*, (Vt.) to the Editor of the *Phibian*, dated 9th inst. "A serious outrage has recently been committed on the *Steam Boat* and other American vessels at *St. John's*, (Canada), by the commanding officer of that post, who it seems went on board with an armed guard, took out their lading and baggage, and cut away their shrouds and rudders, to prevent their leaving the port. This was done in defiance of the authority of the peace, and custom officers. The pretext of the commandant was, to intercept the papers, and prevent the departure of a Spanish gentleman, whom he suspected to be a spy. It is said to be the fact, that the gentleman is a Governor of one of the Spanish provinces, and went in on business of a political nature—probably with the Governor of *Canada*, whose passports he had for safe conduct in and out. Notwithstanding this, and the apparent politeness and respect with which it is said he was treated in *Canada*, suspicious were entertained of his character; and to ascertain his real motives, the commandant had special orders to seize his person and papers at the moment of his leaving the country. But if this was the subject of the gross outrage upon our vessels, it has failed. The commandant at *St. John's* it is said is in confinement; and the excuse now alleged in his behalf is, that he has been subject to fits of insanity! A very character then, truly to be entrusted with the command of a frontier post! The true cause, however, will perhaps remain in that sick of corruption and of inveterate enmity from which so many insults and injuries have proceeded.

BUENOS AYRES.

About three days ago, news of the capture of *Seville* by the French was received in this place, which caused a great fermentation among the *Patricians* or *Creyoles*, who were only waiting for such an event, in order to assume the government themselves, and give it a popular form. In consequence of the measures which they took, the *cabildo*, (tribunes or magistrates of the people, a kind of municipal body) called for a junta, or meeting of the most respectable citizens, in order to decide whether the present vice king should be deposed. To-morrow this meeting will take place: the Spaniards born in Europe are in the utmost consideration; but the *Creyoles* are all gay and content, and the people every where perfectly tranquil.

PRICES AT HAMBURG, 6th July.

Coffee, fine,	25 a 25 1-2, banc.
Pepper,	34
Cochineal,	94 a 98
Rice,	31 a 36
Tea, Bohea,	17 a 21 curr.
Congo,	38 a 44
Hyson Skin,	56 a 58
Tobacco, Maryland,	15 a 20
Virginia,	12 a 15
Sugar, Mart brown,	34 a 36 banc.
White Havana	46 a 49
Brown do	36 a 37

Translated for the Federal Republican.

ESTABLISHED AT AMSTERDAM, July 3. The great changes so long anticipated have been realized. This morning early we learnt, that the French troops would be introduced, as the consequence of the late injuries of certain restless individuals. It was given out, that preparations should be made for quartering them and giving them a good reception. This, if true, appeared, entirely unexpected, a publication, by virtue of which his majesty renounces the government in favour of his son the heir apparent, *Napoleon Lewis*, and his brother prince *Charles Lewis Napoleon*, under the regency of the queen.

Amsterdam, 3d July, 1810.

(Signed) VAN DER HEIM.

BERLIN, July 3.

According to accounts, the Russian army after the siege of *Bazarschik*, marched against the army of the grand vizier, and important events are expected.

Amsterdam, 3d July, 1810.

(Signed) VAN DER HEIM.

BUENOS AYRES.

The leading people of this part of South America, appear to entertain more rational ideas of independence than those of the *Caracas*. The example of the United States appears to be their guide; and their revolution has been so far conducted by the weapons of reason, instead of force. We have been favored with a journal of the transactions at that place, from the 21st of May to the 10th of June, and several papers printed in the Spanish language, from which such extracts shall be given as appear worth translation.

BUENOS AYRES, 21st May, 1810.

About three days ago, news of the capture of *Seville* by the French was received in this place, which caused a great fermentation among the *Patricians* or *Creyoles*, who were only waiting for such an event, in order to assume the government themselves, and give it a popular form. In consequence of the measures which they took, the *cabildo*, (tribunes or magistrates of the people, a kind of municipal body) called for a junta, or meeting of the most respectable citizens, in order to decide whether the present vice king should be deposed. To-morrow this meeting will take place: the Spaniards born in Europe are in the utmost consideration; but the *Creyoles* are all gay and content, and the people every where perfectly tranquil.

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(Signed) VAN DER HEIM.

tain a just hope that you will finally attain the reward of all your sacrifices and of your magnanimous fortitude and devotion.

Given at *Hartem*, 1st July, 1810. (Signed) LEWIS NAPOLEON.

(Counterigned) The minister of justice and police, Alexander Van Hugenpoth Tot Aerdt.

We resolve, that we at this moment resign our rank and royal dignity over this kingdom of *Holland* in favour of our much beloved son *Napoleon Lewis*, and, in default of whom, in favour of his brother *Charles Lewis Napoleon*. Further we require, that in pursuance of the constitution under the guarantee of his majesty, the emperor his brother, the regency shall remain with her majesty the queen, supported by a council of regency, which shall provisionally consist of our ministers, to whom we confide the protection of the infant king, until the arrival of the queen. We further order, that the different corps of our guard under the command of lieutenant general *Brune* and of general *Sels*, shall continue to do duty under the infant king, as well as the great officers of our kingdom and all royal functionaries, &c.

In the name of his majesty, *Napoleon Lewis*, by the grace of God, &c. the provisional council of regency of the kingdom of *Holland*, makes known to all who shall read, &c. these presents. That in consequence of the abdication of his majesty, *Lewis Napoleon*, of the royal rank and dignity, in favour of the heir apparent, his highness his eldest son, *Napoleon Lewis*, and of his brother *Charles Lewis Napoleon*, and in virtue the full powers declared in solemn letters patent of his majesty, on the 1st July, 1810, the provisional regency constituted themselves this day under the presidency of the home minister, in the absence of the eldest minister of his majesty; all in expectation of the arrival of her majesty the queen, as co-regent and regent of the kingdom and guardian of the infant king, and in expectation of the regulations, which by his said majesty may be set forth touching the public affairs.

Amsterdam, 3d July, 1810. (Signed) VAN DER HEIM.

BUENOS AYRES.

The junta, accompanied by all the magistrates and the troops, attended a solemn high mass, in a act of grace, for the happy revolution which has taken place without bloodshed. This day being also the feast of *St. Fernando*, there has been an illumination, guns firing, &c.—The news of the arrival of a Portuguese ambassador has proved false, every thing goes on very quietly, and there is not the least doubt but that every thing will turn out to the wishes of the *republican Creyoles*—that is to say, in the course of two months, this part of America will be declared an independent republic; and that in a very short time hence, all the other vice kingdoms will follow the example. Never was such an extraordinary revolution effected in so mild a manner; and certainly history will record it as a proof of the mildness of the temper of the *Creyoles*. In the course of a few days, the junta will give a specimen of the liberal and patriotic, as well as political spirit by which it is animated, by reducing the enormous duties laid on commerce by the old government.

June 8th.

An order of the popular junta is published, announcing the reduction of the duties of 50 per cent on hides, tallow, &c. There was commenced and published yesterday, a new Gazette, through which the junta intend to inform the people of every thing which concerns their interests, and of the measures of this government.

June 10th.

The Marquis de *Yrujo*, who is at *Brazil*, has informed the government here, that the Spanish minister in the United States had advised him, that there were many emissaries of king *Joseph* in *Baltimore*, endeavouring to come to this country. This malicious information will subject the American vessels coming here to unpleasant search and detention.

June 11th.

News has reached *Monte Video* of the establishment of a council of regency in *Leon*—that that city had acknowledged the regency, and refused to have anything to do with the popular junta established here.

June 12th.

The Junta has been sitting all the day, and has declared that they will not acknowledge the regency, the audientes, (or counsellors of the king and judges), wanted to issue a proclamation, to acknowledge the regency; and the junta, without ceremony, have ordered that the printing should be shut up.

June 13th.

The Junta has published its correspondence with the audientes, by which it appears that they have refused to acknowledge the council of regency until they are officially informed of its legality. Last night a number of the audientes was shot at and wounded.

June 14th.

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lawed by their brethren of *St. Louis*.—The fermentation is general: the chain of monarchy is destroyed and the chiefs vainly oppose themselves to the torrent that is now running. All the troops are composed of *Creyoles*—the troops called the "delivers of God." Even the monks, and all *Creyoles* are wishing for a revolution in favor of popular government assuring equal rights.

24th, 9 o'clock in the morning. A kind of counter revolution is said to be preparing. This morning at two o'clock, the members of the new junta have sent in their resignation, alleging that the people have been deceived by the *Cabildo*, that the people had positively declared that they would not have the vice king any more for their chief—and he populace in immense crowds have come on the square, in front of the house where the *Cabildo* was sitting and began to be clamorous—calling out for the magistrates, and demanding that another junta be elected by public suffrage, to which the *Cabildo* have just submitted—assuring them, that in the evening they would issue another proclamation to that effect.

6 o'clock in the evening. They are now publishing in the streets, the new act of the *cabildo*. Another junta is formed, composed of citizens agreeable to the people; the president of which is a *Creyole*, and commander of a corps of volunteers. The vice king is deposed, his guards disbanded, and he is now a simple citizen. This junta is invested with the supreme authority, and all the other magistrates and subordinate authorities are to be sworn by them—Juntas are to be established in all the cities of the new republic to elect representatives, who are to repair immediately to *Buenos Ayres*, in order to form a congress, and establish the form of government which this country is to have. Every thing is quiet; the people appear to be satisfied; they now illuminate the city; and even the monks are making bonfires.

26th. News has reached town to day, that a vessel has arrived at *Monte Video*, bringing a Spanish envoy, with proposals that the *Infante Charlotte de Brazil*, sister of *Ferdinand VII*, be acknowledged as queen or regent of *South America*—We shall see what effect this news will produce: Should they prove true, this princess undoubtedly has a great party in the country, and it is possible that she may succeed; or if not, that there may be a great deal of blood spilt.

27th. This day all the troops were assembled on the square, and have taken the oath to the popular junta, amidst the acclamations of the people, the ringing of the bells, and the firing of the Spanish artillery, and the guns taken from the English.

28th. The junta, accompanied by all the magistrates and the troops, attended a solemn high mass, in a act of grace, for the happy revolution which has taken place without bloodshed. This day being also the feast of *St. Fernando*, there has been an illumination, guns firing, &c.—The news of the arrival of a Portuguese ambassador has proved false, every thing goes on very quietly, and there is not the least doubt but that every thing will turn out to the wishes of the *republican Creyoles*—that is to say, in the course of two months, this part of America will be declared an independent republic; and that in a very short time hence, all the other vice kingdoms will follow the example. Never was such an extraordinary revolution effected in so mild a manner; and certainly history will record it as a proof of the mildness of the temper of the *Creyoles*. In the course of a few days, the junta will give a specimen of the liberal and patriotic, as well as political spirit by which it is animated, by reducing the enormous duties laid on commerce by the old government.

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