FUR SALE, A CONVENIE: T 2 STORY FRIME House & Lot,

Fronting 17 feet 6 inches on Wilks street, and running back 6.7 feet to a 10 feet sliet—together with a snug brick KII 'H N, near the Causeway, E. P. It is an excel, at annual gor and running of the slight of the slight of the slight of the slight for do 25 inches by 13,1 feet do 25 by 13; it we degrain burnish d gift slooking Glasses, 30 inches by 18; four do 25 inches by 13; it miley hectures; though bid 2 Katthert Furniture, he had be should not be sold at private sale before the 3d day of September next; it will on that day, at 10 o'clock, be sold at public austion, on the premise. For terms and other particulars, please pply to the subscribers on the premise.

erribers on the premi cs.
ROBERT WILLIS-or, to Wm G HANDS & Co. Auct're. August 27

### TO MANUFACTURERS.

The subscriber having his hot criticler in good order, and having had several applications to calendar goods at his own manufactory, respectfully inform his friends and the public in general, that he will receive Cotton or Flax Liten to be full-micred, at a very moderate prace. Every application will be attended to we homestuality; the Goods must be sent to his Warcheuse, No. 157, Market attect, on Mendas and Tucadia every week, to be sent to the factory or Wed \*\* day, and will be delive \*\*el es the first Saturia).

will be delice of less the most Saturday.

Persons withing to send their goals are requested to mark them on the two cads of

He has on hand from their own manu-He has on hand from their own manufactory, on ext naive assortment of CALL-CORS of various descriptions and new and fath nable potents, Slowls, Handershiels, Whidney Corains, hed Specare, Turkey Red, Yarn, and a variety of other colours; which they offer for sale on liberal credit for approved paper, or at low prices for each.

H. will print on commission at a modifact.

C.J. Ca h will be given for Demograf Wheat. L. I. LANNAY dif

Boarding House and Tavern. CHIRLES BURNETT.

Inpresed we have a late for the many fa-tours conferred upon tin, respectively in forms in Friedland one pooled, that it has overed and fitted upons. GUNTEEL BOARDING HOUSE,

that large commodiant in use, No. 20, Ecli-street, Ecli's Pains, nearly opposite 10 to 31 lender's; whoreevery attention will be pa-to the accommodation of those positioner who may please to savour him with their cus-Oveters, during the season, as usual; and

Winea of he hast quality and towin; Spirits, foreign and donestic, with a general supply of the best Provizion; the market affords. A DINNER will be provided every day at one o'clock, at 50 cents each.

August 25

## Washington Monument LÖTTERY. FIRST CLASS.

1 prize of	850,000	is	230,000
1	30,000		30,000
1	20,000		20,000
2	10,000		20,000
3	5,000		15,000
80 10	O tickets e	ach	25,000
3	2,000		6,000
14	1.000		14,000
20	500		10,000
25	200		5,000
50	100		5,000
100	50		5,000
500	20		10,000
1,000	1.5		15 600
10,000	12		120,000
I Tio Deines			350,000

11,740 Prizes 23,260 Blanks - Not two Bunks to a Prize

35,000 Tickets at \$10 each Cash prizes subject to a discount of fifteen per ceat.

Stationary frizes—as follows: Tirst 7,000 drawn blanks entitled to 12 each - drawn ticket 5,000 5 10 15 & 20th days 500

& 38 h days, cach 1 0:0 110 1)0 5 000 1)0

This scheme, to those who purchase with aneys to gain, offers afrontages o polloway ever projected in America; but to omanagers know that the feelings of every hand to his

know that the feelings of every the ed to his country, will prompted in to connectate his at in raising a merument of rote due there it us it is continued to the ritus it us constrained, independent of all remaining considerations. They so the gentlement in every section of the moon generously to add them in the disposal of tekets. All prizes will be paid at the expiration of 60 days after the disking its completed. is completed.

MANAGERS James A. Buchanen Nath 1 F. Williams Robert Gilmor, Jr. David Winchester Robert Miller Isaac M Kim James Barroil L. Holling-worth Fielding Lucas, jr. B. H. Mullikin George Hoffman Edward J. Coale Lemuel Taylor Jimes Cathoun, ir. N. G Bidgely Washington Hall Dr. James Cocke James Williams John Frick James Partidge John Comegys Win. Gwynn,

Wm. H. Winder, Tickets to be had at the different Lottery offices -ci the managers and of Mr. Eli Simkins, secretary

Le ters (postage paid) inclosing the cash for tickets, will be duly attended to. tutf

### BLACKSMITHS. Two or three BLACKSMITHS wanted.

Apply to H & JESSE LEVERING. August 18

BY AUTHORITY OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND. A SCHEME OF A LOTTERY, " For the Preservation & Dis-

tribution of the VACCINE MATTER

For th	ie Use of the Citizens of	this State."
	Prize of	8.30,000
1		25,000
1		20,000
2	of 10,000	214000
3	5,000	15,000
8	250 tickets each	\$0,000
14	1,000	14,000
30	600	15,000
80	100	5.00r
100	\$0	5,000
200	28	8,000
2000	15	20,000
8	12	25 000
	<u> -</u>	
19410	Prices	300,000
10500	III .uke	-

Spoon Tickets, at Ten Dollars each, 3co,oco Discount 15 per cent.

Part of the Prizes to be determined as

follows:
The first three thousand tickets that are drawn to be entitled to 12 dells, each, ret drawn ticket after 7,000 are drawn \$1000 Do.

500 Do.

Do.

Do.

Do.

Joseph Space

Society

ed tickets) No. 1 to 250, inclus.

100, 1,0 to textopaing the reserved to 250 tick.

Do. 1,0 to textopaing the reserved tickets) No. 7 out to 7230, inclus.

Do. 1,0 to textopaing the reserved tickets) No. 8 out to 8250 inclus.

Do. 1,0 to ( x-opting the reserved indices) No. 900 to 8250 inclus.

Do. 1,0 to ( x-opting the reserved indices) No. 1000 to 10250 inclus.

Do. 1,0 to ( x-opting the reserved indices) No. 1000 to 10250 inclus.

Society.

Society.

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Society.

Society. tienets) No. 14001 to 14250, inc. 250 tick. \$5,000 500 Do. 17,000 .,000 Da. 21.600 5. 0 . 23, 11 3 1,00 25,000 25,000 27,000 8,14.1

In admitting the above scheme to the In manifying the above scheme to the public, the Managers will not attempt any entogenm on the importance or necessity of the object in view. They believe that, at this time, not a doubt exists in the mond of any well informed person, of the effects of the Kine Pock as a sate and certain preventative of the Small Pox. The difficulty, and it might be added the impossibility of preserving this remedy without the aid of an institution, (such as is intended to be established and supported by the profits arising from this Lottery) is also well known. But at is proper to observe, that this Institution not only contemplates to preserve the genu-It is proper to observe, that this Institution not only contemplates to preserve the genume Vaccine Matter for the use of the citizens of this state, but also to give it, at all times, free of every expence, (with directions when required) to any of them who may have occasion to use it. To aid them in accomplishing objects such as these, the Managers feel confident of the liberal and prompt support of the public.

The Scheme on an attentive examination will be found to afford inducements to adventurers, at less togual to any heretology pro-

\_

500

with be tound to afford inducements to adven-turers, at least equal to any heretolore pro-tosed in this city. All prizes will be paid within sixty days after the drawing is com-pleted.

### MANAGEES.

William Wilson,	James W. Collins.
Robert Stewart,	John W. Glenn,
Luke Tiernan,	Andraw Agnew,
Henry Shrader,	Alex. M'Dorald,
Varon Levering,	Edw. G. Woodyear,
	Edw. J. Coale,
	Peter Hoffman, jun.
Dr. W. H. Clendinen	Dr. James Swith.

The Managers will contract for the sale of any muster of Tickets which companies or individuals may want; and will receive and attend to orders for Tickets Costpaid ) from any pair of the United States.

## NOTICE!

AS the subscriber wishes to retire from public business—he offers to rent for a term of years, that convenient and well-known STAND, (better distinguished by the name Eagle Towern or White House)

Signate in High street, and fronting the opblic square in Chester-Town, Md. valuable projectly has been occupied as a za-rem for a number of years—and is supposed to be the most eligible situation on the Bus-tern Since of Maryland; it has every neces-sary convenience annexed to it. The H use will be rented with or without, Furnitus, and hervants, as may be nost convenient. ISAAC CANNELL.

Chester town, Aug. 4 (6)

Baltimore county, to wit:

I do certify, that William "covil of said counts, brought before m; the subscriber, a justice of the peace for said county, as a stray Justice of the peace for said country, as a stray free parting on his end to uses a dicht group G. Marg. R. sa.—shout fifteen hands high, appears to be about leven or twelve years old; his barrocks and hind legs danker coloured than the test of his body; very low in the high officer probe entiricial mark; shod all round with age old shows; trots and pieces. Given under my hand this 25th day of Aujust, 1810.

The William Cohom, eage.

Clerk of Bultim recountrocart.

The owner of the avove described HORSE, is hereby desired to take the said horse sway on proving his property and paying legal charges. Application to be made to the subscriber at the seat of the Old Baltimore Furnace, n. ar

WILLIAM SCOVIL. August 27

### NOTICE

Is hereby given to all my creditors, that I Is hereby given to all my creditors, that I intend to apily to the county court of Anne-Arundel courty, or to some judge thereof in the recess of said sourt (after this notice shall have been published two months.) for the benefit of the act of assembly passed at November sesion 1805, untitled "an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors," and of the several supplements thereto.

THOMAS KARNEY.

August 27, 1730

Lught

August 27, 123 1\_wBt

# THE WHIG.

" GIVE US BUT LIGHT."

BALTIMO! E: TUESDAY, AUGUST 28, 1810.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

MILTIADES IS received, and shall have an early insertion.

BRRATUM.

In the translation from the Official Gazette of Hayti, published yesterday, "Messis Lewis & Kam" were inserted -instead of Messrs. Lewis & KEEN.

It is appropriately and adroitly observed in a Charleston paper, that we have heard and read enough in all conscience about our national disease; we all know that the nation is sick : but, we want a remedy, not another description of our complaint. We know, that England has insulted and still insults us: we know, that France follows suit. The great desideratum then is, a maily re sistance by our government to foreign aggression; we want an actual repeal of -submission.

Anninersary of the Battle of Bermington.
The 16th inst says the Albany Register, the anniversay of the battle of Bennington, was celebrated by the republicans of that vicinity, and a number of their republican brethies from Reasse-laer and Washington and from this Cry. The celebration took place on the encampment of the veleran STARK. Col. David Robison of Bennington, was marshal, and Jesse L. Billings, eaq. of Salem orator of the day. The proceedings were in u ison with that spirit of liberty and that display of valour which they were intended to inspire and to comme morate. The orator of the day acquitted himself very handsomely, and receivedthe unequivocal applause of the thou sands who were assembled on the occa-SIOD.

### PROSCRIPTION.

### IN FURM OF FATRONAGE!

Mr. Wagner had absurd y asserted, that the federalists were possecuted here, as the Catholics are proscribed under the British government; a writer in the "American" has made some handsome comments on the assertion, and published a list of appointmen's in the different departments at Washington; from which we take the lib erly of extracting the following list of the proscribed!

"Defar ment of State. Tederalists-William Thornton, Daniel Brent, Richard Forrest, Stephen Pleasanton, clerks. In this department there are only two republicans. Treasury Department.

Federalists-Joseph Nourse, register; Richard Harrison, auditor; M. Jone, chief clerk to Mr. Gallatin; D. Shelder, second clerk to same; N. Luffton upb, chief clerk to Mr Davall, the comptroller; and a great impority of clerks in the Treasury Department, are federalists, who can be named if necessary. War Department.
Federalis's - Wm. Symonds, secoun-

tant, and his clerks generally; Heackish Rogers, with a variety of others, con struting a majority in the Department; which will be demonstrated if you re quire it. Acry D. partment

Federalisis. Thomas Turner, ac countant, and his clerks generally. Ch: W Goldsborough chief clerk, &c &c. constituting a majority.

General Post ' flice

Federalists -- Mr Bradley, first pasts tent; David Shoemaker; Dr. Bradley; Mr. Coyle; and holf a core, who for

the present shall be nameles.

Now, gentlemen, while a you have imagined that, with a thorough knowledge of these facts Jacob Wegner would have asserted in the face of the public. that the federalists were proscribed by the republican edministration? Why, eits. I declare to you upon my honour, and in the face of heaven, that if I wanted a minor office under the government at this moment, I would prefer going to Washington to solicit one as a federarist, rather than as a republican. In sev ril visits which I have more to the seat of the general government. I have seen enough to consince me that the fideralists stand the best chance for success."

### NEW-ORLEANS

The terrorists had fold us, that New Orleans was pervaled by a starit of "French influence," and that its inha-bitants were devoted to the syant Na poleon. The following specimen of their opinions and principles, famishes ore among mary proofs of their fidelity to the rights of man, and to the ently country where they ere recognized or enjoyed.

The following toasts were drank on the anniversary of our national independ ence, at a select company of friends, composed of men tried and firm in their country's cause. They were composed by a committee consisting of a republicas, a federalist, and an old creole of the

1. The anniversary of American independence—glorious in its cising, may it soon illuminate the whole American world.

2. George Washington, the hero of the United States-may America give birth to many such sons.

3. The Western hemisphere-may the ambition of Europe never disturb its tranquility, nor impede its prope-

of the United States—he retired with

dignity.
5 James Madison, President of the United States—may the mantle of Wash-

ington light upon him

6 W. C. C. Claiberne, Governor of the Territory of Orleans—his conduct in 1806-7, ought never to be forgetten by the true friends of the government, and never will be forgiven by the conspirators: a speedy return to his government, to cheer the drooping spirits of Clark &

7. James Wilkinson -he nipped a conspiracy in its bud, and deserves for that single act, all the support and counter nance necessary to a fair and impartial

8. Burr and Clark, twin brothers in villainy—their own confessions cover them with ignominy 9. James Brown, like his friend Don

Daniel, was the bosom friend of Wilkin son, stood forth as his champion up to the very moment Bure and his associates were denounced, previous to a that dam ned disclosure"—it required only a mind like the counsellor's, " sufferior to vulgar firefudices," to pronounce that the general's whole life had been devoted to honorable and patriotic pursuits - may be be content with the fruits of his iniquity, retire to be forgotten, and save some other committee the painful task of presenting him completely unmasked to the world.

10. The Courts of Justice-may they conserve their independence.

11. Benjamin Morgan, the firm patriot, the honest merchant, and the ureful citizen-let the direction of the Branch Bank blush

12 The Territory of Otleans-may it never sink uncer the influence of Clatk.

13. Conspirators, spies and intriguers -may they all meet the fate of Bure, and that which awaits his adherents 14 The agriculture of the U States

may it be commensurate with the riches of our soil.
15. The manufactures of the United

States--every encouragement attend their progress 16 Our neighbors in Florida -may they soon participate in all the blessings

of independence, 17. The American Fair, though last not least-may they never want a grace which can adorn beauty.

Extract of a letter from on American at Constantinople, to a gentleman in Beston, dated April 21, 1810.

"Yesterday a fire broke out in Pera one of the div sions of the saburbs, and to the N. & E of Constantinople. It rayed with the greatest degree of rapidity, and presented a truly terrific sight to the speciators. At 11 o'clock it extended nearly a mile, and formed one conti nual firme; ner was any stop put to it until sun set, when some stone buildings stopped in some measure its rapid pro gress, and about midnight its raveges were nearly at an end. The distress of of the inhabitants is very great. It is supposed that 50,000 are now in the fields, and burial grounds with the little hey were able to snatch from the destructive element. It is supposed that about 8000 buildings were entirely con-

### WOOLLEN MANUFACTURE.

To the Editor of the Aurora.

I have read with much satisfaction. the first number of the "Archives of Useful Enowledge," published by Dr. The work cannot but prove very useful at the present time, when publigattention is so land by directed to the improvement of our domestic resources, the raising of good sheep, and the establishment of manu actories. Dr. Mease oes given in the 5th chapter of his work. some remarks upon the mode of preparing wool for the manufactory, and upon the loss arising from scouring. As the process of wootien manufacture has now become a very interesting subject among us, I beg you to publish the following description of it, as carried on in the west of England, where the firest cloth is made. My observations are given from practical knowledge.

Process 1st .- Securing & Dying. Spenish wool is bought by the manufacturer ready sorred. To make the first cloth, he principles two qualities, the list and 2d. When the begs are brought to the mill for use, they are cut open, and the bagging excelully taken off. A wa-man is employed to pick off the straws, lint, &c. The wool is then taken to the couring house, where a ley had been prepared, composed of one part stale urine, and two parts water; or, three parts water, one part urine, and a small quantity of American pot ash: the last is more generally used, from an idea. that the pot ash neutralizes the urinary acids. When the ley is heared to such a degree, that the hand if Immersed in it, can be retained in it but for a short time, a small quantity of wool is taken from the heap, thrown into the ley, and well worked, until the yolk and grease are removed: it is then thrown on railing placed across the furnace, and rost ing on the curb, so as to be kept warm by the steam. A second portion is then thrown into the furnace, and worked as before. By the time this is done, the first lot will be sufficiently drained for washing It is then taken to the swill ing basket, small quantities washed at a time, and the instant it is immersed, the workman moves it backwards and forwards to open the wool, and that the stream may pass through it to carry off

4. Thomas Jefferson, late President the yelk and grease. When well washed the United States—he retired with ed, the wool is thrown into baskets with handles, and left to drain 'till next day ; it is then carried to the nearest pasture field, and spread on pieces of sail cloth, previously laid down for the purpose, and then lest until sufficiently dry. Should the day be fair, the wool is taken in before it is quite dry; should it be cloudy, it cannot be made too dry,

Remarks on the above process. In the United States, when wool is purchased in the flacee, it is necessary to have it well seried. bigging the wool is attended with considerable loss: the bugs, by being tumbled about on the whatees, streets, ware houses and mill seats, gather a large quantity of dust, which, passing through the bagging, soils the woel, and adds considerably to the weight; the lint from the bugging mixes with the wool; to separate them after finishing, costs two peace sterling per yard; and if not separated, will shew white upon the surface.

In scouring, the greasy matter attached to the wool, chemically combines with the a kali of the ley, forming a saparaceous compound, which mixes with the water in washing, and therety becomes detached. The natural oil exunded from the shrep, would be preferable to artificial oil, could the yolk be separated, leaving the oil in the woolfor the yolk makes the wool work hard, and leaves so much filth in the eards of the machines, as to fill them up, and prevent them from working. The reperimpracticable; therefore, scouling mut be considered absolutely necessary.

Unine when used should be stale, that

it may have decomposed; for when fresh, it abounds with seid. That which is voided by persons living high and drinking much, is not so good as that of those who live low: for this reason, one bucket full collected from a prison or poor house, is considered as worth two from families living well.

A 'cy, when made, may be used for fourteen or fifteen days, by adding a suf-liciency of the mixture to keep up the original quantity. When new, it does not secur so well. It is usual to let the old liquor settle, to skim off the fifth, and throw one third of it into a cask to mix with a fresh making.

Wool of the same quality, loses in scouring, from one to three pounds in twenty. The manufacturer, who by attention to the appearance of raw week can acquire sufficient judgment to know which scours off the least, has an advantage of five per cent.

Wool when scoured, should be used as soon as possible If two lots are made up, one soon after scouting, and the other three months alterwards, the first will be worth from 10 to 15 per cent. more than the other.

Fine wool should never be scoured after coarse, but coarse may follow fine without any inconvenience or injury. A MANUFACTURER.

CHARLES J. FOX AND MR. GIBBON. In the " Life of Fox" is the following anacdote relative to these two celebrated characters ]

In the parliament which was dissolve ed in the year 1780, Gibbon, the cole-brated historian had a seat. What Mr. l'ox thought of the political principles of that gentleman was made public in a singular manner. On the sale of his library the following memorandum and verses were found written in the first volume of Gibbon's kistory, on the author's accepting a seat at the Board of Trade:

"The author of this book, upon the delivery of the Spanish rescript, in 1779, declared publicly at Brook-'s-' That there was no selvation for this country unless six of the heads of the cabinet council were cut off and laid upon the tables of the houses of parliament as examples'-and in less than a fortnight after this declaration, he took an en ploy-ment under that same cabinet council." THE VERSES.

. King George in a fright, Lest Gibbon should write The story of Britain's disgrace, Thought no means more sure His pen to secure,

Than to give the historian a three. But his cention is vain, Tis the curse of his reign,

That his projects should never sugged. Though he write not a line, Let a cause of decline

In the author's example we read,

His book well describes, How corruption and bribes

Overthrew the great empire of Rome; And his writings duclare A degen'racy there Which his conduct exhibits at home."

REMARKS.

An American editor has made the following temarks on Mr. Fox's own in-

consistency:"Mr. Fox himself, as well as Mr. Gibbon, exhibited an example of politi-cal tergiversation. While Pitt stood at the helm, Fox was always found at the head of the opposition. When Fox succeeded to Pit's place, he adopted his sys.cm and pursued his measures. Perhaps he then had a "view of the whole ground" "Those who can trace," says his biographer, " with an impartial eye, the conduct of Mr. Fox, from the commencement of his political career, must be thoroughly convinced, that consistency was not one of his qualities .- We shall not then," adds he "be much sur-prised that the conduct of Mr Fox, the secretary of state, was diametrically opposite to the professions of Mr. Fox, who courted popularity at Westminster, or endeavoured to excite opposition to