THE LOCAL NEWS FIELD.

Progress of the Electric Railway.

With continued good weather it is thought the grading of the electric railway to Ellicott City can be completed by the end of November. To avoid the construction of expensive culverts for Cooper's branch, along the valley of which the road reaches this town, it has been found necessary to change the route of that stream in three places within a distance of half a mile, and instead of putting in five culverts there will be only two. These changes also straighten the road instead of following the heretofore tortuous branch. Howard county people are anxious to know the route the road will take after crossing the Patapsco river. It is said to be the purpose of the company to touch Savage and Laurel on the route, but whether Ellicott City will be on the main line or at the terminus of a branch from Catonsville is not yet determined.

Hon. John Hubner, vice-president of the road, stated a few days ago that the road would be in full operation by March 1.

The Cooper Branch gorge near Ellicott City, through which the line passes, is bound to prove a fascinating section of the route, there being thick woods on either side and perennial running water In about the centre of this it is proposed to purchase sufficient ground for a park.

Tradition states that there was located here the last camping grounds of the Indians who inhabited this locality. While excavating for the roadbed the workmen have unearthed tomahawks and other utensils of the aborigines.

There is an effort to be made to have a public road opened through this valley to run parallel with the railway. A petition to the commissioners of Baltimore county to effect this purpose will probably be presented at an early date.

Republican Trumpeting.

The Republicans took advantage of the gatherings that usually assemble in Ellicott City Saturday nights and on Saturday night last held a meeting here, building their "scaffold" as the Frenchman said when learning English, against the B. and O. Station wall. The open space in front of the stage thronged with a strange mixture of whites, blacks, boys and "straight" Democrats, the latter being there in large numbers out of curiosity to hear "what McGuire had to say" to use a prevalent expression. The band played, the blacks drew closer to the stage and the Syren voice of ex-Indian Agent George D. Day rang out upon the crispy air announcing that the farce would begin and introduced Mr. Lowndes. The speaker seemed to be in bad shape for speaking and he was not heard by more than half of the crowd. It is needless to say that it cost Mr. Lowndes a good deal of labor to convince the few independent Democrats present that he was going to be *their* governor. as well as a Republican Governor. He endeavored to assume the role of a delicately adjusted balance, now swinging to the Republican side and then to the independent Democratic way of thinking, all in the interest of "good government." Mr. Lowndes was followed by William S. Potter, State's Attorney McGuire and Senator Parran. Mr. Marine in his speech got off any number of party "gags," but failed to convince anybody that a Republican "ringster" was any better than a Democratic ringster.

Wedding Anniversary.

Mr. and Mrs. William Julian de Bullet celebrated the first anniversary of their wedding day Wednesday evening, at their home, 107 East Chase street. Mrs. John P. Bayley, aunt of the bride, assisted at the entertainment. The rooms were prettily decorated with yellow chrysanthemums, and masses of roses. Mrs. de Bullet was dressed in blue silk, and carried a bouquet of white roses. All her bridesmaids were present, including Miss Lollie Wilson, Miss Annie George, Miss Mary Boone, Miss Rebecca Gaither, Miss Charlotte Latrobe. Miss Mary Jenkins, and Mr. Spaulding Jenkins, who was her best man. Supper was served at ten o'clock, and among the guests were: Mr. and Mrs. Eugene de Bullet, of Catonsville; Mr. John C. de Bullet, Mr. Edmund de Bullet, Mr. Eugene G. de Bullet, Mr. Leon de Bullet, Dr. and Mrs. George Reuling, Dr. Robert C. Reuling, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Dalcour, Mrs. A. Dalcour, and Mr. Eugene Dalcour, of Ellicott City.

Death of Dr. Anderson.

Dr. C. D. Anderson was struck and instantly killed by a train on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad at Montevideo, or Harman's Station, one mile east of Jessup's, Tuesday night. The home of Dr. Anderson is about a buarter of a mile from the station. He expected to come to Baltimore to visit his daughters on the train which caused his death. The Doctor waited for the arrival of the train at the house of Mr. Denton Hands and started to run for the station when he heard the whistle of the locomotive. To reach the south side of the train he had to cross both tracks and it is supposed that he attempted to cross in front of the train. His body was mangled, his head was crushed and the remains were almost unrecognizable. Dr. Anderson was born in the neighborhood of Harman's Station fifty-one years ago. His wife, who was Miss Catherine Harman, died about a month ago. He leaves four children.

Patents Granted to Marylanders.

List of patents granted to citizens of Maryland for the week ending Oct. 29th, 1895, reported expressly for THE TIMES through the Patent and Law Offices of O. E. Duffy, 707 G. St. N. W., Washington, D. C.:

Henry Campbell, Baltimore, method of and machine for making barrels; R. S. Crawford, Hagerstown, pneumatic tire; W. S. Dorman, Baltimore, machine for printing labels; C. T Fisher, Baltimore, track cleaner; H. Kerngood, Baltimore, stud for clasps; W. F. Morrow, Baltimore, mucilage bottle; T. H. Paul, frostburg, apparatus for manufacturing gas; W. H. Peirce, Baltimore, ladle; H. K. Smith, Baltimore, machine for cutting blanks from sheet metal.

Ribs Broken at Football.

A match game of football was played at Warfield College School Sykesville, on Saturday last between the Warfield team and a piked eleven from Pikesville. During the game Minnick, of the Warfields, had two ribs broken, one in two places, and a simple fracture of the other. The college physician, Dr. Clarence Warwick Heffenger, who was present, rendered the necessary surgical aid and had the injured student removed from the field. The game was stopped by the accident, the score standing, Pikesville, 12; Warfield 0.

The wife of Mr. Leonard Wells, of East Brimfield, Mass., had been suffering from neuralgia for two days, not being able to sleep or hardly keep still, when Mr. Holden, the merchant there, sent her a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and asked that she give it a thorough trial. On meeting Mr. Wells the next day he was told that she was all right, the pain had left her within two hours, and that the bottle of Pain Balm was worth $5.00 if it could not be had for less. For sale at 50 cents per bottle by

A. C. TAYLOR, Ellicott City, and
W. R. RUDY, Mt. Airy.

For $2.20 we will send THE TIMES and Cosmopolitan one year. Address THE TIMES.

GRAND RALLY IN ELLICOTT CITY.

The Democrats of the Second district of Howard county and all who can make it convenient to attend, will assemble en masse in Ellicott City this (Saturday) evening to hear the issues discussed by Hon. Bernard Carter, and Mr. I. L. Strauss, of Baltimore City, and the candidates on the county ticket. The Alberton Cornet Band will furnish music.

Let there be a full turnout.

MONDAY NIGHT NEXT AT OELLA.

The Democratic meeting advertised to be held on Thursday night at Oella, was postponed until Monday night next on account of the rain. Messrs. Wm. J. Dickey, Thomas C. Weeks, Albert S. J. Owings, Robert Magruder and other candidates on the Baltimore county ticket, will address the meeting.

Local and Miscellaneous.

Quite an important addition to our mail service has been made recently. Mail now arrives by the Ellicott City special from Baltimore at 7 40 A. M. the train having a postal car and mail agent. The train which arrives here at 1.54 P. M. from Baltimore now takes mail as far west as Frederick, returning leaves off a pouch here at 6 50 P. M., which was not the case before.

Ex-Senator W. B. Peter, who returned from Southern Maryland Thursday night says, whatever the result may be the meetings he and others addressed at Prince Frederick, Solomon's Island, Benedict, Leonardtown and Mechanicsville were all very large and enthusiastic, and on the surface indicated unity and determination to win.

Dr. Buford M. Tittsworth, son of Mr. E. M. Tittsworth, of Tennessee, and nephew of Dr. M. Tittsworth, of Tennessee, and M. E. C. Tittsworth, of Maryland, lately a student of the Tennessee Medical College, entered and took up his course of studies in the Baltimore Medical College Monday last.

Mr. William Sliver, a contractor, while at work Monday on one of the new buildings now in course of erection at the Oella Cotton Mills, of Messrs. W. J. Dickey & Son, fell from a scaffold to the ground, about twenty feet, breaking several ribs and otherwise seriously injuring himself.

The barn on the farm of Francis M. Shipley, near Glenelg, in the Fifth district, was burned on Wednesday evening about 7 o'clock. Beside a lot of farming implements, about twenty-five barrels of corn and seven hogs were consumed. There was a partial insurance of $550 on the building.

Mr. William O'Niel while burning out a bees' nest on his farm, in the Sixth district, Monday, the fire communicated to the leaves in the woods nearby, reaching a fence, 40 panels of which were burned before the flames could be extinguished.

An oyster dinner and supper will be served by the ladies of Linthicum Chapel M. P. Church, on election day at the old hotel at Clarksville. Oysters, roast beef, roast pig, old ham and coffee will be served at moderate prices.

Rev. H. A. Depfer, of the First Congregational Church, of Grand Island, N. Y., preached for Rev. J. F. Bryan of the Methodist Protestant Church here Sunday last. Mr. Depfer was a college classmate of the latter.

Miss Helen Carroll daughter of ex-Governor John Lee Carroll, is included among the few expert lady bicyclists of this section. Tuesday she took a spin from Doughoregan Manor to Ellicott City and return.

The Forty Hours Devotion will begin in St. Louis' Church, Clarksville, on Sunday, November, 10, and will last until the following Tuesday morning. Masses on that Sunday will be said at 8 and 10.30 A. M.

The Junior Branch of the Woman's Auxiliary of St. John's Church will hold an afternoon tea, together with a sale of fancy articles, at Dundee, Friday of next week, from four to seven o'clock.

Messrs. James F. McKinney and George C. Thomas, of Baltimore, were the guests of Mr. J. B. Morrow, Thursday. Both of these gentlemen are Democrats and have done good work in the campaign.

Cards have been issued for the marriage of Mr. T. Denton Miller, of Howard county, and Miss Anna Abell Rogers, of Buckeystown, Frederick county, on December 4.

A handsome marble altar will soon be erected in St. Louis' Church, Clarksville, to take the place of the wood one now used which was built for the old church.

Hon. John Lee Carroll, who is at Hot Springs, Va., will return to Ellicott City Tuesday next expressly to cast his vote for the Democratic ticket.

The Hurst Club of the Fifth district has now a membership of over one hundred. Mr. Thos. L. Maclin is president.

Mr. John F. Reus and wife, of Baltimore, spent Sunday with his mother, Mrs. D. L. Reus, of this place.

There is at the home of Mr. Henry T. Weber, on Mt. Misery in Ellicott City, a cherry tree in full bloom.

Dr. T. B. Owings has been suffering the past week from a severe attack of rheumatic gout.

Mr. Daniel McCauley has purchased the cooper shop of Mr. Frederick King, here.

THE CHURCHES.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Henry Branch Pastor.—Preaching Sunday at 11.00 A. M., Oakland Mills, at 3.00 P. M. Wednesday 7.30 P. M., monthly concert of prayer for missions. Friday 7.30 P. M., The Manse Society will meet at the Misses Thompson's.

Preaching at the School House at Oakland Mills every night next week, beginning on Monday, by Rev. H. Branch.

EMORY M. E. CHURCH, D. M. Browning, Pastor.—Preaching Sunday at 11 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Sacrament of the Lord's Supper in the morning. Evening Subject—"Escaped by the skin of my teeth." Missionary Concert at Bethany Thursday evening at 7.30 o'clock to be given by the Ellicott City Choir.

BUSINESS COMMENT.

TIME TO BLESS ONE.

Said a grateful mother lately,—"If I had time to bless anyone in this world, it should be Dr. Hand, the maker of the famous Remedies for Children." She had tried them and knew whereof she spoke; and the large number of families to whom THE TIMES has introduced these famous remedies join word and act with the mother whose words we have quoted.

OIL HEATERS.

Most everybody nowadays is looking around for the best oil-heating room stove. To put warmth in a sleeping apartment the one sold by W. & H. Spilcker, 211 E. Baltimore street, Baltimore, acts superbly and does the work at a trifling cost—one cent per hour. The price of this stove has been reduced from $5.75 to $5.25. If you are looking for an oil heater read the Spilcker "ad" elsewhere to be found in THE TIMES.

Weak and Nervous.

Agnes Johnson, of Simpsonville, Md. writes the following: "I have found great strength from the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla. I have suffered with weakness and nervousness, but after using one bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla I am a great deal better."

Hood's Pills cure sick headache, biliousness.

Persons knowing themselves indebted to THE TIMES for subscription should remit as promptly as possible. tf

HYMENEAL.

ZEPP—SMALLWOOD.

St. Mark's P. E. Church, near Highland, in the Fifth district of Howard county, was the scene at six o'clock on Wednesday evening last of a very pretty and interesting marriage. The bride was Miss Helen Jenet Smallwood, youngest daughter of Mr. Joseph Smallwood, of Dayton, Howard county, and the groom was Mr. James Bradley Zepp, son of Mr. Covington B. Zepp, also of this county. Every available space in the edifice was filled with the friends of the contracting parties. The body of the church was elaborately decorated with autumn flowers and evergreen and about the altar were arranged wreaths and pots of blooming roses. Rev. E. C. Bennett, pastor of St. Mark's Church, was the officiating minister The ushers were Mr. Joseph Smallwood, Jr., brother of the bride, and Mr. Charles Zepp, a brother of the groom. Miss Lula Layman, of Baltimore, presided at the organ and played the wedding marches as the party entered and left the church The bride was becomingly attired in a suit of tan-colored silk, trimmed in pasamentire and pearls, with gloves, hat and slippers to match, and carried a bouquet of Marechal Neil roses. Following the wedding an elegant reception was tendered the couple and their friends by the parents of the groom.

Among those present at the church were: Mr. and Mrs. Covington B. Zepp, parents of the groom; Mr. Joseph Smallwood, father of the bride; Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hoyle, Mr. and Mrs. Richard P. Hayes, Mr. and Mrs. James Neal, of Montgomery county; Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Smallwood, of Laurel; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Dorsey, Mr. Charles T. Zepp and family, Misses Ida, Laura and Minnie Carr, Dr. James C. Zepp, of Baltimore; Mr. and Mrs. William Smallwood, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Smallwood and family, Miss Maggie Smallwood, of Laurel; Mr. and Mrs. James Travers, of Laurel; Mr. and Mrs. Emory Zepp, of Carroll county; Mrs. Lizzie Haines and family, Mr. and Mrs. Philip S. Smallwood and family, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Hunt, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Brown and family, Dr. Leonard Zepp and family, of Westminster; Mr. Howard Zepp and family, of Carroll county; Mr. and Mrs. Grumbine. of Westminster; Mr. and Mrs. George Warfield, of Jessup's; Mr. and Mrs. Harry Kelbaugh, Mrs. Laura F. Downs and son, of Baltimore; Mr. and Mrs. Layman, of Baltimore; Mr. and Mrs. Perry Ensley, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur F. Nicholson, Mrs. Martha Downs, Mr. William W. Harvey, Mr. and Mrs. Hiram T. Hobbs, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Dorsey, Mr. and Mrs. Harry O. Dorsey, Mr. Clinton Townsend, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Dorsey, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Nichols, Mr. and Mrs. George Talbott, Mrs. Philip Cissel, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Nichols, Miss Jennie Hardey, Mr. and Mrs. George Scaggs, Mr. and Mrs. John Simon, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Maynard, of Clarksville; Mrs. Willard, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Adams, Miss Adams, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Iglehart, Mr. and Mrs. George Caples. Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Iglehart and others.

YATES—THORPE.

The marriage of Miss Nannie E. Thorpe, a popular young lady of Oella, Baltimore county, and Mr. Charles Yates, of Ellicott City, was solemnized at St. Peter's, P. E. Church, Ellicott City, at seven o'clock Wednesday evening, Rev. Robert A. Poole, of St. Peter's being the officiating clergyman. The church was prettily decorated with palms and flowers. The ushers were Messrs. William R. Dorsey, Jefferson Dunkel, Hugh Paddy and Dr. I. J. Martin. The bride was given away Mr. by John Holden. The groom's best man was Mr. Samuel J. Yates, brother of the groom. An elegant reception followed at the residence in Ellicott City of the groom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Yates. The church was filled with the friends of the contracting parties. The couple will make their future home at Jonestown, Howard county.

BELL—KING.

Mr. Clarence Bell and Miss Rosie Lea King, both of Laurel, were married at the Lutheran parsonage, Fulton, by Rev. E. C. Ide, on Tuesday afternoon, 29th inst. The attendants were Mr. John Saker, Jr., of Laurel, and Miss M. King, sister of the bride. The happy couple will make their residence at Laurel for the present.

JONES—KUHN.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Jones, who were married in Washington, D. C. on the 14th instant by the Rev. E. B. Bagby of the Disciples Church, of that city, returned home Friday of last week, after a ten days' trip sight seeing in northern cities. Mr. Jones is a popular young man of Church Hill and his bride, nee Miss Minnie Kuhn, is also of Richmond, Va.

OBITUARY.

SHELOR.

Mr. Charles Abree Shelor, formerly a resident of Granite, Baltimore county, Md., died Saturday, October 26, at his residence, in New York, from pneumonia, aged 23 years. He was ill for only three days. It is only about 18 months ago that Mr. Shelor was married to Miss Nelson, daughter of Mr. T. T. Nelson, also of Granite. The deceased after leaving Granite went to New York where he engaged in the insurance business. He was very popular with all who knew him and his early death will be regretted by a large circle of friends and most poignantly by a sorrowing young wife.

BOYER.

Died, near Hanover, Howard county, on Saturday, October 26, Mrs. Ann Boyer, aged seventy-one years. Her funeral took place from Ridge M. E. Church South Tuesday last at 11 A. M.

THE DEMOCRATIC MEETING AT HIGHLAND.

FULTON, Oct. 30.—The Democratic mass meeting which was held at Highland last Thursday, 24th inst., was a very enthusiastic one. Hon Jno. T. Hardey called the meeting to order and Col. F. C. Pue was chosen permanent chairman. The following speakers addressed the meeting: Hon. Jno. G. Rogers, Martin F. Burke, Thomas C. Weeks, Lewis N. Hopkins and others. About three hundred voters were present and not less than two hundred and fifty of these are staunch democrats who will stand by the party and rejoice in its victory on the 5th of November. Detachments of the fifth and sixth district Democratic clubs met at the farm of Mr. H. P. Wilson and after partaking of refreshments moved in body to the meeting. The speaking was in Highland Lyceum which was crowded with enthusiastic Democrats. The report of the meeting in the Baltimore Sun which placed the attendance at fifty was either a typographical error or one of those second hand, barefaced lies which said paper is particularly unfortunate lately in disseminating.

Among those making calls in this vicinity lately were: Misses Bettie and Sarah Moore, Mr. W. C. Moore, Mrs. E. Cockey.

F. L. O.

The Mount Lebanon Shakers have recently perfected an ingenious cure fo dyspepsia. Their Digestive Cordia consists of a food already digested and a digester of foods happily combined.

The importance of this invention will be appreciated when we realize what a proportion of the community are victims of some form of stomach trouble. Thousands of pale, thin people have little inclination to eat, and what they do eat causes them pain and distress.

This Digestive Cordial of the Shakers corrects any stomach derangement at once. It makes thin people plump. Every one will be greatly interested to read the little book which has been placed in the hands of druggists for free distribution.

What is Laxol? Nothing but Castor Oil made as palatable as honey. Children like it.

THAT BLACK AND TAN DEMONSTRATION.

MR. EDITOR:

Prompted by curiosity to see the man who aspires to sway the scepter of Republican rule over the Democratic State of Maryland for the next four years, your correspondent faced the chilly air of Saturday eve last, and visited the menagerie on exhibition at the B. & O. Station of your city.

The first object to attract general attention, and call forth exclamations of wonder was the sombrero of Geo. D. Day, which spread itself conspicuously upon the fore front of the speakers' stand, while its owner practiced his peculiar facial contortions upon the motley crowd standing with upturned faces.

With a stentorian voice, not unlike that of the painted Comanche on the war path, this would-be Senator called the meeting to order, and introduced the speakers in language which would make old Lindley Murray turn over in his grave, could he have heard the manner in which his rules of English grammar were knocked into "pi" by the broad hatted aspirant to senatorial honors; and whom some *white people* of fair repute, calling themselves *Democrats*, propose to send to the legislative halls, which Washington rendered immortal, the place where he surrendered his commission, and received the plaudits of the world.

His introduction of Mr. Lowndes as the next governor, carried with it conviction to all unprejudiced minds that the Land of Mary can never select such men as Lloyd and George as her executive or law-maker.

Apart from the moral, religious and Sunday school teachings of the speakers, interspersed ad captandum jests of the lower order, the apparent object of the meeting was to coach the crowd to the belief that the negro in Maryland is in no way to be made a conspicuous element under Republican rule. Oh, no. Sambo is to have his schools taught by Sambos; and the whites are to have their schools taught by white teachers.

No attention was paid to the truth that forty-eight thousand negroes in Maryland will have *their* say when Lloyd and George "get there," and prove the impossibility that the tail *can* wag the dog.

There was much said about reassessment, and all the sincere asservations of Mr. Hurst favoring that measure were scouted to the winds.

A considerable number of true Democrats were among the crowd of varied hue, and in spite of the forced demonstration favoring the Republican nominees, the names of Hurst and Rogers would frequently ring out upon the evening air.

The Democratic State's Attorney, Joseph D. McGuire, was received with a burst of applause, and in his false accusations of Mr. Gorman he essayed to pour forth his bitterest invective. But he failed to show *why* he deserted the banner of Democracy, and had allied himself with those for whom he formerly had naught but contempt.

Oh! Joseph, for how many years have we faced the chilly blasts of November, to deposit our sacred votes for thee? But thou hast prostituted thy faith of a lifetime to thy *greed* of office, and to the negro thou art a brother;—But enough.

VERITUS

THE BLACK AND TANS IN RIGG'S WOODS.

EDITOR TIMES:

Last Saturday the black and tans, little and big, assembled in Dr. Riggs' woods for a big pow-wow. An intelligent gentleman after making a thorough review of this "millennium" crowd put it down as three hundred Black White Republicans, two hundred Democratic Black Republicans, six hundred buck Negroes and five hundred colored and white ladies. The estimate put upon it by an old negro was one hundred thousand.

The speakers' stand was covered with bunting and fairly glowed with flags. Over the front of the stand hung the portraits of Lowndes and Fred Douglas.

At 12 o'clock the meeting was called to order by Mr. Frank Oldfield, of the county executive committee, who introduced Mr. Clabaugh, candidate for Attorney General. He spoke for half an hour, during which he promised the people, white and black, that he would see to it that many abuses should be looked into—Democratic abuses. Mr. Lowndes was then introduced. His speech was short and in line with his usual speeches. He dwelt particularly upon the importance of Republican victory in the interest of "good government." Turning to Mr. McGuire said the example of this life-long Democrat was worthy of all praise.

Dinner was announced, and then came the scramble of white and black for beef.

The jay bird and black bird
Setten' on de ground
Preachin' 'malgamation
To the bobolinks around.

Such a scene had rarely been witnessed. The blacks being more numerous soon got the lead and held it to the finish.

After lunch Mr. Parran, in his usual jocular style, spoke for a short time. The next speaker was Mr. George D. Day. It would be impossible to follow him in his incoherent talk. All that can be said of this man is that he is an American citizen and weighs three hundred pounds. Mr. McGuire was the last speaker. His speech was made up of his usual rehash concerning the wicked school board; how earnestly he had labored to bring them to justice; how he had been promised any position in the gift of the people if he would stay his hand; but that his stern sense of duty was above bribery, and much more that the people knew all about. He asserted that he was still a Democrat—a Cleveland Democrat—and if the good Republicans would place him in office he would see to it that no criminal should escape hereafter, &c. Before getting through he was interrupted by a colored brother who wanted to know if he hadn't said "he would rather go to Gehenna a Democrat than to Heaven a Republican?" Mr. McGuire was equal to the occasion. He owned up like a man. He said he was sorry he had said it; was glad his brother had called his attention to it; that wise men change but fools never.

Mr. Day then congratulated Mr. McGuire on his splendid speech, took him by the arm and introduced him to a number of the colored brethren. They then took a lunch with Mr. John Dorsey (colored), president of the Mount Gregory Republican Club. Counting all colors and ages the meeting was a "buster."

HOW TO PREVENT CROUP.

Some Reading That Will Prove Interesting to Young Mothers. How to Guard Against the Disease.

Croup is a terror to young mothers and to post them concerning the cause, first symptoms and treatment is the object of this item The origin of croup is a common cold. Children who are subject to it take cold very easily and croup is almost sure to follow. The first symptom is hoarseness; this is soon followed by a peculiar rough cough, which is easily recognized and will never be forgotten by one who has heard it. The time to act is when the child first becomes hoarse If Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is freely given all tendency to croup will soon disappear. Even after the croupy cough has developed it will prevent the attack. There is no danger in giving this remedy for it contains nothing injurious. For sale by

A. C. TAYLOR, Ellicott City, and
W. R. RUDY, Mt. Airy.

REPUBLICAN ATTITUDE IN THE "O. L. D." MOVEMENT.

EDITOR TIMES:

As one of the Independent Democrats who actively, earnestly and honestly participated in the "O. L. D." movement in Howard county, in the year 1881, I wish to say that I cannot understand how any Democrats, who then co-operated with us, can have the slightest respect for the Republican party in this county. Their whole course was one of deception and treachery and was so denounced as such by the late Henry E. Wootton, Richard T. Merrick, Judge Wm. M. Merrick and by the now aggressive Col. Chas. Marshall.

The Republicans said we were sincere and honest in our efforts to correct certain abuses in our own party. They believed we would do what we professed was our intention to do. They knew they had no rightful claim to control in the county, being in a hopeless minority at that time. The best men of that party advised that we should have a fair, square knock down fight in our own camp, that for them to nominate would simply result in the election of the "ring party" they so much condemned. Still, after giving us every assurance they would not nominate, they went to work after our ticket was in the field, and nominated a ticket that they knew could not be elected and that they knew would only result in our defeat. The fact that the "O. L. D." ticket took over five hundred votes of the staunchest Democrats from the regular ticket, and still the Republicans were defeated by a larger vote than usual shows them up in such a contemptible light in Howard county, that as an organization no Independent Democrat or honest man can have for it the slightest respect.

There was no cry of fraud, either Mr. Wootton's scorn and contempt for that party in Howard county was so great that he wanted to withdraw the "O. L. D." ticket, but he was overruled. and lost all heart in the movement after that. All he wanted, he has often told the writer of this was to make one or two speeches denouncing certain practices in his own party and then withdraw the ticket. That campaign opened the eyes of the writer to the sincerity of the Republican party for reform in Howard county.

There never was a more honest and sincere movement made for reform in the county than that movement, and the Republicans knew and believed it and instead of aiding us as they now ask Democrats to aid them, they did the very thing they knew would defeat us. The present candidate for State's Attorney was among the most active and vigorous denouncers of the O. L. D. movement, and also of the Republican party.

The "O. L. Ds" invited the Republican party to come to them if they wanted reform but scorned the idea of ever going to that organization in Howard county for reform, even if every thing charged by them against the "regular party" were true.

The Republican party in Howard county, composed of negroes and a few hundred white people, should never be permitted to control the affairs of this county and I feel perfectly sure that there is too much manhood in the people of this county to give them that opportunity.

"O. L. D."

THE NET RESULT.

EDITOR TIMES:

Some well-meaning democrats, misled by the representation of Mr. E. F. Abell, have determined in order "to down Gorman," to vote the republican ticket next Tuesday, hoping thereby to give the State of Maryland with all the executive and ministerial authority incident to a complete control of the State patronage and election machinery into the hands of Mr. Wellington, Mr. Sloan, Mr. Geo. D. Day, Mr. Hiram Watty, Mr. Asa Hepner, et al., and that by some kind of unheard-of luck, everything will be handed back in 1896 to the Democracy intact, and with an implied vote of thanks from the above named gentlemen for the use of the valuable articles so gratuitously tendered. Without stopping to consider the probabilities of the case—if any, it may be more practical to apply the rule announced by Patrick Henry in his famous speech in the Virginia House of Burgesses, when he said that he had but one lamp by which to guide his feet in the path of action and that was the lamp of *experience*. Guided by this lamp, as it shines from our sister State of Pennsylvania, what do we see? We see the *identical course* contemplated by Mr. Abell, pursued by the people of Pennsylvania,—larger, richer, more populous by far than Maryland—we see that course tried, not once, but TWICE, with the object of downing Boss Quay, and with the net result that *Quay is stronger*, more absolutely the political dictator to-day than he *ever was*. So, looked at by Patrick Henry's lamp, the net result of following Mr. Edwin F. Abell's advice will be that the republican party will have four years of clover in old Maryland, with the democracy out in the cold, and at the end of that time, so far as the Democratic party organization is concerned, Mr. Gorman is a stronger boss than ever. Is this a consummation devoutly to be wished by them?

CLEVELAND DEMOCRAT.

Sykesville, Howard Co.

The Working Man's Friend.

At a meeting of the Democratic Club of Wetherdville, held at that place recently, Mr. Wm. J. Dickey, President of the Ashland Manufacturing Company, paid the following glowing tribute to the Democratic nominee for Governor, John E. Hurst:

"I have my faults like other men, but I have never been accused of lying, and I want to tell you to-night, that I have known John E. Hurst for over 40 years, and I do not know a man in Maryland to-day who is more honorable or more entitled to our support.

"All this talk about somebody controling him if elected is nonsense. Why if John E. Hurst would take a position that he believed to be right President Cleveland and Senator Gorman together could not budge him one inch

"You, gentlemen, are nearly all employed in the mill, and you know that we haven't lost a day in 20 years, and some years we ran at a great loss; and you know that John E. Hurst is one of our stockholders and a member of the Board of Directors, and in our worst years John E. Hurst has never voted to close the mill.

"He knew that you depended upon us, and he was always ready to pocket his share of the loss to keep you employed and contented. It will give me more pleasure to vote for him than any candidate I ever voted for, and I believe that if the balance of the State does as well for him as Wetherdville he will be elected by an immense majority."

Mr. Dickey's speech was enthusiastically received

GLENWOOD GLEANINGS.

GLENWOOD, Oct. 30.—Dr. Nicholas, of Texas, who has been among us has returned.

Miss Julia Matthews is home again after a pleasant visit in York, Pa.

The Farmer's Club will meet Saturday Nov. 2, at Prof. Warfield's.

ENTHUSIASTIC DEMOCRATIC MEETING AT WOODSTOCK.

WOODSTOCK, October 31.—Woodstock Democrats turned out in force Tuesday night, October 29th, and held a large and enthusiastic meeting in Woodstock Hall. The meeting was called to order by Hon. Frank Parlett, who named Mr. David Donovan chairman. Mr. Thos. C. Maxwell was chosen secretary. After thanking their fellow citizens for the honor tendered, these gentlemen took their seats upon the stage and the meeting was called to order. Messrs. Beal Cavey, Sr., Howard Brown, Patrick Feeney, Jr, Richard Davis, Sr. and Harry Fairbank were chosen vice presidents.

The first speaker was Mr. Martin F. Burke, who in the course of his remarks vindicated Mr. Gorman as far as "bossism" was concerned. He demonstrated clearly that the charge of "bossism" was unfounded and that it was a fake and a ruse to lead Democrats astray. He spoke most eloquently of Senator Rogers' political record and said if ever there was a man entitled to the distinction of "honorable," Mr. Rogers was that man. He paid his respects to each of the other candidates eulogizing their character and ability to discharge the duties of the offices for which they were aspirants. It was generally conceded that Mr. Burke's speech was the best in his political history and made a very decided impression.

The next speaker was Hon. Edwin Warfield, who spoke of his five years' residence among the people of Woodstock. He remarked that he was out of politics but was anxious that his county and state should not be turned over to the Black Republican party. He spoke of the present school system in this State and the forbidding features of the idea of mixed schools Mr. Warfield assured his audience that the legislative ticket was one very worthy of their endorsement, being gentlemen of whom any county or State might well be proud. He spoke feelingly of the Republican aspirant for the office of State's Attorney —Mr. McGuire. He further stated that whilst the indictment of the school board covered the amount of $3,000 Mr. McGuire got about $1,500 of that sum. Mr. Warfield concluded amid much enthusiasm and appealed to all good Democrats to stand by their colors.

Mr. Bell was next introduced and sang the song entitled "Counting your chickens before they are hatched," after which he made some timely and appropriate hits. The next speaker introduced was Senator John G. Rogers. Mr. Rogers has a large personal following in Woodstock and was given a grand ovation. He proved conlusively that the venomous and highly scurrilous editorials which have appeared in the Sun were written by an employee who was paid by an employer for the articles he writes, notwithstanding that, he himself would vote for Hurst.

Mr. Rogers paid his respects to Mr. McGuire, who is according to himself much honor for doing his sworn duty (mind you, his sworn duty) in prosecuting the school board. In the course of this case our brilliant J. D. applied to the attorney General of the State and to the State's attorney of Baltimore City for advice concerning the case. Coached by the Attorney General, fortified with the advice of the State's Attorney of Baltimore, our distinguished disciple of Solon goes into Court with eleven indictments and nine are thrown out.

Mr. Rogers closed his address by paying the highest compliment to the character and integrity of all the gentlemen on the ticket and more especially to Martin F. Burke. Messrs. Smallwood and Silbereisen were next introduced and made a few well chosen and happy remarks. Mr. H. D. Wolfe, who was the last speaker, made a very forcible address. The Woodstock Band was in attendance and discoursed some lively airs. The stage was beautifully decorated by the ladies of the neighborhood and many houses were brilliantly illuminated and the occasion was a grand harmonious Democratic jollification.

THE NEGROES DEMAND IT.

The New York Law to Be Passed for Maryland If the Republicans Win—A Sample of What to Expect.

A strong effort is being made by the Republican managers to get and keep the negro contingent into line. The colored voter sees his opportunity, and is exacting terms, And he is obtaining them. The latest is a cry raised for the New York law, in case the Republicans are successful and get control of the General Assembly. The Democratic disaffection in New York State last year gave the Republicans the assembly of that State and, in obedience to the demand of their colored voters, that legislature passed a sort of civil rights bill, which was signed by Governor Morton, and became a law June 15, 1895. A copy of this law is now in the hands of a Republican nominee for the Legislature in the Third Legislative district, and the promise is that it will be offered and passed at Annapolis next winter, if the Republicans succeed.

The law referred to from which the proposed legislation is to be taken is as follows:

"Section 1—That all persons within the jurisdiction of this state shall be entitled to the full and equal accommodations, advantages, facilities and privileges of inns, restaurants, hotels, eating-houses, bath-houses, barber shops, theatres, music halls, public conveyances on land and water, and all other places of public accommodation of amusement, subject only to the conditions and limitations established by law and applicable alike to all citizens.

Section 2—That any person who shall violate any of the provisions of the foregoing section by denying to any citizens, except for reasons applicable alike to all citizens of every race, creed or color, and regardless of race, creed or color, the full enjoyment of any of the accommodations, advantages, facilities or privileges in said section enumerated, or by aiding or inciting such denial shall for every such offense forfeit and pay a sum not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars to the person aggrieved thereby, to be recovered in any court of competent jurisdiction in the county or city where said offense was committed; and shall also, for every such offense be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, or shall be imprisoned not less than thirty days nor more than ninety days, or both such fine and imprisonment."

It will be observed that not only does the law impose a fine, with possible imprisonment, upon any man who does not welcome the negro to his restaurant, his table, bed, theatre, &c., but it offers a premium to worthless negroes to make themselves troublesome. The white hotel or theatre man, who is convicted, must pay the offended darkey from $100 to $500, as well as be subjected to a fine by the city or county to the same extent. Hence, at least $100 reward is offered to negroes to intrude themselves.

This is the law that the "reform" legislature of New York has passed; and this is the law which is to be offered in the next General Assembly if the Republicans carry the election next Tuesday. And yet the "good government" hypocrites try to make out that negro equality is not an issue in this campaign—despite Mr. Lowndes to the contrary.—Baltimore Herald.

Read the advertisements.

FOURTH DISTRICT DEMOCRATIC MEETING.

The Democratic Mass Meeting at Poplar Springs, Saturday afternoon, was the largest ever known in the history of that thriving village. It was brim full of enthusiasm. The speaking was from the porch of the hotel. Hon. John S. Tracey called the meeting to order. Edwin Warfield, Esq., president of the Fidelity & Deposit Co., of Baltimore, was named as chairman and J. Dorsey Alcock secretary. The Montgomery county brass band was in attendance. The chairman made a few but very pointed remarks and was very loudly cheered. The first speaker was Joseph Smallwood, candidate for sheriff. He was followed by Mr. Le Page Cronmiller, nominee for for commissioner. Next in line was Judge Lawrence Hobbs, candidate for re-election to the Orphans' Court.

The fourth speaker was Judge Chew, of Prince George's county. He had prepared a very lengthy and able speech but owing to the numerous orators present he had to condense it and much valuable information was therefrom lost.

The orator of the day was next introduced, Hon. Henry E Davis, of Washington, D. C. He said he was a Cleveland Democrat and there was no excuse for any Democrat not voting the Democratic ticket on account of any irregularity. The majority of the Democrats are behind this ticket and it must win. The defeat of Hurst would turn the State over to the Republicans. Stand by your colors and Maryland will not slip away from her old moorings. She wants no Lowndes, no Force Bill. The Baltimore Sun says throw the State over to the Republicans and down Senator Gorman and regain her in 1896 If once the State goes into Lowndes' hands we may never get her back. I was once a Free Trader. I now say honestly A. P. Gorman did the best he could do on the tariff bill. I earnestly appeal to you again, don't let our State be stolen. On the morning of November 6th let us still be singing, "Maryland, My Maryland."

Mr. Davis was followed by Senator John G. Rogers, Mr. Martin F. Burke and Hon. Humphrey D. Wolfe, all of whom made stirring speeches, calling forth frequent applause.

THE CLERGYMAN'S REPLY.

Mr. Lloyd Lowndes Tries to Enlist the Ministers In His Behalf.

To the Editor of The Morning Hearld:

Mr Lloyd Lowndes evidently thinks that clergymen haved no memories or convictions. He has addressed a personal appeal to a number of them, and has struck more than one snag. He wrote thus to an eminent minister of the Gospel a few days ago:

"Cumberland, Md., Oct. 12, 1895.

"Rev.——. Dear Sir.—You have doubtless considered the clear and emphatic declaration of the Republican party in the platform adopted at Cambridge in favor of such a revision of our election laws as will insure fair elections, and an ample opportunity for the true expression of the popular will, as also its broad and liberal principles on the subject of education and civil service reform.

"The present necessity for better methods and the administration of state affairs in accordance with these principles impels me to ask for your influence and support, and I will esteem it a great favor if you will do what you can for our state and county tickets, for I know your aid will be a great advantage in forwarding the objects we have in view. Yours very truly,

LLOYD LOWNDES."

To this effusive appeal in behalf of Republican opportunity to overhaul our election laws, one fearless Episcopal divine makes the following reply:

21st October, 1895,

To the Hon. Lloyd Lowndes, Cumberland, Md.:

Dear Sir—In reply to your letter of the 12th inst., wherein you do me the honor to ask for my "influence and support for our state and county tickets," permit me to say that I am in politics a Democrat. It would, therefore, be unkind to the purity of your character and extremely unjust to myself were I to wear the mask of Democracy while I played for a season the part of a Republican. I have always held broad and liberal views on the subjects you mention. They are principles alike dear to the Democratic party, like all others which bear on the peace and good order of society. It must be weakness or the fury of passion and prejudice of the hour which can so blind a Democrat to behold any other teaching within his party. Nor can I believe that any Democrat exists of so unforgiving a nature as to be ready to stab Democracy in the state or county because men and measures are not exactly up to his conception. Why should I vote the Republican state and county tickets? Point out in what has Democracy failed in the administration of state or county affairs according to the principles of honest, just, impartial government. Is there a state in the Union, especially is there one in the hands of Republicans, more truly and patriotically governed for the good of the whole people than is Maryland? You intimate that our election laws need revision, implying that as they are they do not "insure fair elections." In whose favor would you have them revised? To suit, forsooth, "the platform adopted at Cambridge!" I have heard cries of this sort before made by Republicans, and I have seen them give to the wind every opinion and principle for good government when necessary to keep them in power. Duly-elected citizens have been rudely cast out at the point of the bayonet. I can never forget what I witnessed in North Carolina during the dark days of carpetbagism. Those very principles you refer me to were trampled upon, and for what? To keep black Republicanism in power. The people of the South were uniformly plundered and oppressed by such a platform as that of Cambridge, Republicans in principle are Republicans still. I shall not mention the disgraceful scenes of Republican rule in Maryland. You, sir, may be simply used by the prejudices and passions of others to make appear that this state is in a deplorable condition, and that an honorable leader was necessary in the present discontent to overthrow Democracy. I trust you will be defeated in your efforts of mistaken zeal for good government, for I can only see in it a snare and a delusion. What has Republicanism ever done for civil service reform? A Democratic president has made some little effort. Mr. Cleveland has kept men in office whom Republicans would have invited to resign. Why anyone, much less yourself, sir, should think there was a "pressing necessity for better methods," I am surprised. Anyhow, I am fully persuaded that the Republican party can never give better methods. The pressing necessity is equal taxation for all and of all legitimate property, and a reassessment made in such wise that there can be no escape. This, I know, the party you lead will never give. The combination you hold will allow no assessment unless it meets the full appropriation of the "ring"—your master. This I have on the authority of a true and sincere Republican. The only safety for Maryland, in my humble opinion, is to elect Mr. John E. Hurst and the state and county tickets which he represents. Then I am convinced the wishes of the people will be fulfilled.

I am sir, sincerely yours,

Posters, bill heads and cards printed in neat style and at reasonable rates at THE TIMES office. tf

OUT OF THEIR OWN MOUTHS.

And With Their Own Figures Are They Convicted.

The activity of the so-called "reform" journals and "anti-ring" Democrats in their crusade against the Democratic ticket has been particularly evident in their effort to blot out the very natural fear of the people that the establishment of the Republican party in power in Maryland would produce a condition of affairs not unlike that existing in States further South during the period of negro domination and carpet bag supremacy.

We are gravely assured that such fears are absurd and preposterous, that the association of Republican success with the ultimate ascendency of the most ignorant, degraded (and at the same time most numerous, element of that party is attributed only to blind partisanship, and that the negro question should find no place in the issues of the campaign.

So headstrong are these papers in their efforts to destroy this "foolish agitation of the negro question that the probability of being confronted with glaring proofs of their inconsistencies never seems to have occurred to them, as a comparison of their editorial comments at the present time and during previous campaigns clearly proves. No more able exposition of the disasters which have inevitably followed the success of the Republican party can be presented than by an article which appeared in the Baltimore Evening News, of September 18, 1892, and the readers of that industrious Lowndes organ will find some difficulty in reconciling the following with the expressions now emanating from that paper.

From the Baltimore News, September 18, 1892:

"Have the people such short memories that they forget that, in the strongly Republican and peculiarly corrupt States of Maine and Pennsylvania, every effort to secure honest elections through ballot reform has been defeated by Republican majorities in order that the Republican machine might continue to manipulate elections corruptly in the Republican interest? Did the Republican party want 'free and fair elections' when it was stealing the States of New Hampshire and Connecticut two years ago against the will of the people fairly expressed? Did it want 'free and fair elections' when 'Blocks-of-five' Dudley was purchasing Indiana with the connivance of Harrison and Quay? Did the Republican party want the same when it stole Montana and held Nebraska by force and fraud and plotted to make Ingalls Senator from Kansas and elect a Republican Senator in Illinois in direct contravention of the undisputed will of the people?

"The return of the Republican party to power in the South would be a return to the blight of military and carpet-bag rule such as prevailed in that section of the country from 1865 to 1876. At the end of this period Republican domination had left in the South one vast scene of debt and desolation.

The people of Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and other Southern States, can never forget the pecuniary distress into which they were plunged by the plundering and squandering of the Republican rulers foisted into office by the bayonets of the military and the votes of ignorant negroes. The enormous sums of which the South has been robbed were given by a Northern newspaper a few years ago, and deserve to be kept before the people. It will be seen that the debt of the 10 Southern States accumulated since the war, exceeds the total indebtedness of the 27 other States by over $87,000,000. The statistics are as follows:

Total debt of the 10 Southern States	$291,626,015
Total debt of the 27 other States	203,872,522
Greater indebtedness of the South than all the rest of the Union	$87,753,462

These figures of the Southern debt are distributed as follows, officially,

	Before the War	In July 1872.
Alabama	$7,915,000	$527,619,17
Arkansas	2,181,179	19,398,000
Florida	370,617	15,797,587
Georgia	2,670,750	42,500,500
Louisiana	11,000 000	49,021,734
Mississippi	None.	1,697,431
North Carolina	12,689,245	34,887,464
South Carolina	4,407,958	22,480,916
Texas	2,000,000	14,930,900
Virginia	33,248,141	47,090,866
Totals	$76,415,899	$291,626,015
Total increase		$215,210,125

The following table, carefully compiled from the official records of North Carolina, shows why the people of that State have had enough of Republican government:

The rate of taxation:

In 1869, Republican	80	cents on $100
In 1874, Democratic	31½	cents on 100
In 1875, Democratic	29½	cents on 100
In 1881, Democratic	25	cents on 100
In 1883, Democratic	7	cents on 100
In 1884, Democratic	Nothing.	

Cost of legislature.

Of 1868, Republican	$430,958
Of 1870, Democratic	212,823
Of 1872, Democratic	169,336
Of 1874, Democratic	109,234
Of 1876, Democratic	81,823
Of 1881, Democratic	56,259
Of 1883, Democratic	57,478

Expended for common schools:

Year ending in 1869, Rep	Nothing
Year ending in 1870, Rep	$42,862
Year ending in 1877, Dem	289,213
Year ending in 1878, Dem	324,257
Year ending in 1880, Dem	352,882
Year ending in 1881, Dem	499,656
Year ending in 1882, Dem	509,736
Year ending in 1883, Dem	725,000

This is the picture the News presented a few years ago, and the argument is as true and strong now as it was then.—Baltimore Herald.

PUBLIC SALES.

On Thursday, November 7, by Wm. T. Ridgely, near Roxbury Mills, stock, farming implements, &c. Joseph W. Berret, auctioneer.

On Friday, Nov. 8, by William T. Kelley and Charles L. Wilson, administrators, real estate of the late Robert L. Ewing, at Savage.

On Saturday, November 9, by John E. Dempster, trustee, a store and dwelling in Savage.

On Saturday, November 9, by attorney or agent, mortgage sale of interest in 168½ acres of land in the Third election district. Thos. C. Maxwell, auctioneer.

On Tuesday, November 12, by W. George Weld, assignee of mortgage, property in the First district of Howard county. W. B. Peter, auctioneer.

On Thursday, November 14, by Edward Ridgely, one-half mile from Hood's mill, live stock, farming implements, &c. Jos. W. Berret, auctioneer.

On Thursday, November 14, by A. W Baker, on the road between Lisbon and Daisy, live stock, farming implements, &c. Harry Miles, auctioneer.

On Tuesday, November 19, by Edward T. Jones, trustee, a tract of 39 acres in the Fourth district. Michael Cooney, auctioneer.

GUATEMAULA COFFEE.

In all respects superior—price 32 cents. At

H. D. DUNKEL'S,
tf Ellicott City, Md.

Liquid Enamel Paint.

EDGEWOOD,
Howard Co.,
MAY 19th, 1894.

MR. C. P. KNIGHT,
Agent Liquid Enamel Paint Co.,
102 South Street,
Baltimore, Md.

It gives me pleasure to bear testimony to the excellence of your New Jersey Enamel Paint. My house has been twice painted with it within the last 20 years, and for durability, finish, and appearance, it far surpasses any other that I have seen used in my neighborhood. It dries with a polish, and becomes very hard, thereby resisting the influences of all weather.

Respectfully,
MRS. THOMAS DONALDSON.