THE TIMES

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J. B. MORROW,

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At THE TIMES Job Office is executed Job Work of all descriptions. TERMS CASH. J. B. Morrow, - - Business Manager

CLEVELAND ENDORSES GORMAN. President Cleveland has written a let ter to Hon. William L. Wilson which was read in the course of the debate on the tariff conference report Thursday.

the desirability of redeeming the Democratic party's pledge to free raw materials. Continuing he refers in a deprecating way to the prejudices that have been engendered on the subject of sugar, but urges that the subject nevertheless be treated coolly and justly and contends that sugar is a legitimate article of taxa-

As it is upon the question of sugar that the many recent attacks upon Senator Gorman's position have been made, the President's letter is a most hearty endorsement of the Maryland Senator and a stinging rebuke to his detractors.

On the subject of sugar Mr. Cleveland says: "Under our party platform and in accordance with our declared party purposes sugar is a legitimate and logical article of revenue taxation. Unfortunately, however, incidents have accompanied certain stages of the legislation which will be submitted to the conference, that have aroused in connection with this subject a natural Democratic animosity to the methods and manipulations of trusts and combinations. I confess to sharing in this feeling; and yet it seems to me we ought, if possible, to sufficiently free ourselves from prejudices to enable us coolly to weigh the considerations which, in formulating tariff legislation, ought to guide our treatment of sugar as a a taxable article

"While no tenderness should be enter tained for trusts, and while I am decid edly opposed to granting them, under the guise of tariff taxation, any opportunity to further their peculiar methods, I suggest that we ought not to be driven policy which lead to the taxation of sugar by the fear, quite likely exaggerated, that in carrying out this principle and policy we may indirectly and inordinately encourage a combination of sugar-

refining interests. "I know that in present conditions this a delicate subject, and I appreciate the depth and strength of the feeling which its treatment has aroused. I do not believe we should do evil that good may come, but it seems to me that we should not forget that our aim is the completion of a tariff bill, and that in taxing sugar for proper purposes and within reasonable bounds, whatever else may be said of our action, we are in no danger of running counter to Democratic principle. With all there is at stake there must be in the treatment of this article some ground upon which we are all willing to stand, where toleration and conciliation may be allowed to solve the problem, without demanding the en-

tire surrender of fixed and conscientious convictions. very few of us can say, when our measure is perfected, that all its features are entirely as we would prefer. You know tion in the proposed bill of the income tax feature. In matters of this kind, however, which do not violate a fixed and recognized Democratic doctrine we are willing to refer to the judgment of a majority of our Democratic brethren. I

this is a party duty." measure which will pass, all Democrats tive" and as having sold out to that wealth of the country. wicked man, Arthur P. Gorman.

THE FIFTH DISTRICT.

The general impression is that State district for the full term and that Dr. George Wells, of Anne Arundel, will be content with the unexpired term of Mr. Compton, says the Baltimore News.

It is generally admitted that we will need a strong candidate this fall on account of local differences here and there throughout the district. Mr. Rogers if nominated would go into the campaign free from complications of any kind. His ability as a legislator gave satisisfaction and his well-known integrity and independence of character would inspire just the kind of confidence

needed. Let Mr. Rogers be nominated and the Fifth district will be won. likely to be for several years to come and the Democratic party can ill afford lo lose a single representative in

Congress.

Utah is a state, making the forty-fifth.

WAIT.

More than once down through the ages have men been severely criticised tabooed and even discarded for occupying what their countrymen supposed to be an unpatriotic position in periods of emergency. George Washington came within "one" of being set aside in the midst of the most trying times of the Revolution

More than once have men been recallonce being discarded. Mr. Cleveland was defeated, though not fairly, for the presidency to be sent back to the White House in a wave of popular ap-

In the case of Hon. A. P. Gorman we believe his critics in the end will be sorely distressed for not having reposed in him that confidence we believe he is entitled to It is not to be doubted that there is

more than a shade of disappointment in the Democratic ranks that a Democratic tariff bill has not been passed ere this. The Democratic party as a party is not responsible for this. Mr. Gorman as a leader in the Senate has been doing the best he could with the material he found around him. From the first he has seen that to accomplish anything in the way The President dwells strongly upon of tariff reform it must, or should, be done in the spirit of compromise for two reasons: 1st, the country could not bear too much reform in the beginning; 2nd, who are opposed to reform on Democratic lines, hence his "conservatism" which has been such a bogy in the eyes of the Baltimore Sun, and out of which The Sun has endeavored to extract so many wicked things. Mr. Gorman has been silent on many points. It would be unwise for him to be anything else. His great speech is yet to come. He will show that it was impossible for him or any other tariff reformer to accomplish anything else. The bill passed by the Senate was not what was wanted by the Democrats at large but after all we believe Mr. Gorman will be able to demonstrate that it is a wise measure-a compromise between the theory of extreme tariff reform and what is in actual operationbuilt up we might say-under an extreme tariff measure. We believe if the Senate bill was once in operation it would save the country and save the Democratic party. You can no more suddenly deprive the industries of the tariff stimulus they have received than you can suddenly deprive an inebriated man of stimulants. It cannot be done

What then is best to be done. Let the Democratic party teach and put into operation tariff reform-free trade if you until economic reform can with safety be put on a normal basis, then we will flourish. If the country has grown rich under high tariffs we will grow both away from the Democratic principle and rich and happy under freer trade because wealth will be more evenly divided, and for the many other reasons already discussed.

Should the Democratic party fall in its efforts at tariff reform at this time the soil will grow rank with Populism. It will be the common ground upon which dissatisfied Republicans and Democrats will meet and the country will

It is to be hoped for the good of the whole people that a suitable bill will be passed and we believe Mr. Gorman will not let up until such a bill is passed. Mr. Gorman is as anxious as any of his compeers that the Democratic party shall go before the country on a position that cannot be successfully assailed.

PULLMAN AND THE DUTY OF WORKING

Elsewhere we publish the statement of Mr. Pullman giving the reasons why he said there was nothing to arbitrate. If his statements are correct then the strikers are wrong and it was exceedingly unwise for them to go out and ask The President has something to say of for a sympathetic strike, involving as it the income tax as follows: "I expect did, so great a cost to both partiesworkingmen and capitalists. It doesn't pay for the workingman to strike unless he can see his way clear to win; then he how much I deprecated the incorpora- is entitled to all he can get. There is no doubt there are myraids of workingmen in this country receiving wages too small for the comfortable support of their families, but there is no wisdom in making bad worse. Workmen should study the questions of the hour, vote for think there is a general agreement that Democratic congressmen and expect Democratic laws. It should be clear by The letter is strong, and if all of its re- this time that to vote for a Republican commendations can be embodied in a congressman means a vote for the monied power-a power if allowed to go will be pleased. But the President's ut- unchallenged will before many years terances will bring ill-concealed chagrin have three-fourths of the people as to the Mugwumps, and to be consistent tenants. Fully one-third of the people they should denounce the object of their are tenants now. Eighty thousand former fulsome praises as a "Conserva- persons at present own one-half of the

Governor Hogg Is Very Gloomy. Governor Hogg at Austin, Texas, was presented with a gold watch Wednesday morning by officers of the State militia, Senator John G. Rogers, of Howard and in a speech in response he took a gloomy view of the future. He predicted that within six weeks martial law will possibility of the creation and duration pe declared in California, Kansas, Colorado, Illinois, and said that the Anarchists of Chicago would use dynamite and "bespatter the lofty buildings of the city with the hearts, lungs, livers of citi-

He alluded to President Cleveland and his having ordered the troops there, and interest of every law-abiding citizen of Judge Cooley's letter commendatory of the United States, was not to be considerthe act, and said that he felt humiliated ed for a moment. over it, as it was a dangerous invasion done before since 1860.

divert attention from internal dissatis-

For poverty of the blood and all other conditions result-The tariff issue is still a live one and ing from constipation, go by the book on Beecham's pills.

Book free, pills 25c. At drugstores; or write to B F Allen Co, 365 Canal st, New York.

MR. PULLMAN'S STATEMENT.

Trouble a Subject for Arbitration. "There is hardly anything new to be said as to the position of the Pullman Company," said George M. Pullman Friday evening of last week, "but I have so many indications of the facility with which my expressions, and those authorized by me, have become distorted, and thus misleading to the public, and of an entire forgetting of my earnest efforts to prevent the strike, that, perhaps, it is well that I should again make public assurance that the deplorable been caused by the Pullman Company taking an obstinate stand in a debatable matter and refusing to listen to reason. The leaders of disorder have not hesitated to harass the public by all means in their power, because, as they say, the Pullman Company would not submit to arbitration, and, now that disorder seems to be quelled, they are reinforced in their clamor for arbitration by some prominent newspapers, but, so far as I know, by very few, if any, business men

"What is the demand concealed under he innocently sounding word 'arbitration'? A little more than a year ago the shops at Pullman were in a prosperous condition; work was plenty, wages were high and the condition of the employes was indicated by the fact of the local savings bank had of savings deposits nearly \$709,000, of which nearly all was the property of the employes. Our payolls for that year show an average earnng of over \$600 per annum for every person, man, woman or youth, on the roll. Then came the great panic and depression of last summer. Many customers stopped negotiations and canhe had so-called Democrats to deal with | celled orders, and our working force had to be diminished from nearly six thousand to two thousand in November, 1893. The great business depression existing throughout the country had naturally resulted in a wage depression, and the only hope of getting orders was by bidding for work at prices as low or lower than could be made by other shops, and this, of course, necessitated a reduction in the wages of the employes at Pullman. supposed, and, in close competitions, disregarding all account of capital and machinery, I secured enough of work to gradually increase our force to fortytwo hundred, the number on the roll last April. shops at Pallman were working with pany has received \$100 in cash. There car building contracts on hand enough are over 4,000 stockholders of the comto keep them going for about sixty days, pany, of whom more than one-half are and with all business forceasts leading to the belief that no considerable new order could soon be had. The most important of the work in hand had been taken by me in competitions at prices which were less than the actual cost to the company of delivering, without any reckoning for the use of capital and plant. This work was taken to keep the large force of men employed, and to post pone and with the hope of avoiding the numberless embarrassments to all classes of people et Pullman and its viciaity of a closing down of the works, to pre vent which the company considered i a wise policy to operate the shope temporarily at an actual loss.

HISTORY OF THE TROUBLE "In this condition of things came the agitation seeking to create a labor organization embracing all railway employes and apparently other industries. It is at the controversy existing at Pullman was merely a move in the greater scheme, these shops being selected, not on account of the discontent in them, but because of their prominence in various ways, and because of the chance of a show of justification for a simultaneous and causeless attack upon the railways of the company, for the use under long-time contracts, by three fourths of them, of the Puliman sleeping-car system, a branch of the company's business totally distinct from its manufacturing of cars for sale. In the early part of May a committee of the employes demanded a restoration of the wages of a year ago. I explained to the committee minutely and laboriously the facts, showing that the company was already pay ng them more than it was receiving for their contract work, and I offered them, for complete assurance, and to end all questions, an inspection of our books nd contracts in hand. This, and the beginning at once at l'ullman of a promised careful investigation of a number f shop complaints, seemed to end all trouble, but a day later, under the excitement of their recruiting into the new organization, the workmen closed the shops by abandoning their work, thus themselves doing what I was strenuously trying to prevent being done by the depression of the car-building business, and the employes who quit their work have deprived themselves and their comrades of earnings of more than \$300,000 up to this time. The demand made before quitting work was that the wages should be restored to the scale of last year, or, in effect, that the outgoing money losses then being daily incurred by the company in car building should be deliberately increased to an amount equal about one-fourth of the wages of

NOT A MATTER FOR ARBITRATION. It must be clear to every business man, and to every thinking workman, that no prudent employer could submit should commit such a piece of business folly. Arbitration always implies ac quiescence in the decision of the arbitrator, whether favorable or adverse. How could I, as president of the Pullman Company, consent to agree that if any body of men not concerned with the interests of the company's shareholders should, as arbitrators, for any reasons seeming good to them so agree, I would open the shops, employ workmen at wages greater than their work could be sold for, and continue this ruinous policy indefinitely, or be accused of a breach of faith? Who will deny that such a question is plainly not a subject of arbitration? It is not then unreasonable that the company should be asked to arbitrate whether or not it should submit such a question to arbitration? Removing the original and fundamental question one stage does not belp the matter; the queswould still remain: Can I as a business man, knowing the truth of the facts which I have stated, bind myself that I will, in any contingency, open and operate the Pullman car shops at whatever loss, if it should happen to be the opinion of some third party that I should do so? The answer seems to be plain.

The public should not permit the real of a dictatorship which could make all the industries of the United States, and ent upon them, hostages for the granting Any submission to him would have been a long step in that direction, and, in the

AS TO THE CHARGES MADE. A few words are pertinent as to some industriously spread charges against the The Governor predicted a great revo- company. One of these charges is that lution and possible dismemberment of the rents are exorbitant, and it is implied that the Pullman employes have no choice but to submit. The answer is simple: The average rental of tenements at Pullman is at the rate of \$3 per room per month, and the renting of houses at

> When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

Pullman has no relation to the work in he shops. Employes may, and very Why He Does Not Think the Recent many do, own or rent their houses outside of the town, and the buildings and business places in the town are rented to

employes or to others in competition with neighboring properties. In short the renting business of the Pullman Company is governed by the same conditions which govern any other large owner of real estate, except that the company itself does directly some things which in Chicago are assumed by the city. If, therefore, it is not admit ted that the rents of any landlord are to be fixed by arbitration, and that those of the adjoining towns of Kensington and Roseland should also be so fixed, it can hardly be asked that the Pullman Comany alone should abandon the ordinary rules which govern persons in that rela

As to charges for water, the company until lately had a contract with the village of Hyde Park, under which it paid four cents per thousand galions, and sumped the water itself. The gross amount paid the village per month for the water consumed by the tenants was almost exactly the gross sum paid by the tenants therefor. Since the inclusion of Hyde Park and Pullman within the city of Chicago, the company pays the city about seven cents per thousand gallons, and not having increased the charges to the tenants, is paying for the water consumed by them about \$500 per month more than is charged to them. The company has made repeated efforts to disassociate itself from the supplying of water to tenants, lu: the city of Chicago has, as yet, failed to apply the ordinary frontage rates to the houses and shops in Pullman, although it is done in the adjacent towns. Strenuous efforts have also been made to create a prejudice against the Pull-

man Company by charges that its stock is heavily watered. The Pullman Company was organized wenty-seven years ago, with a capital of \$1,000,000, of which two-thirds represented the appraised value of its cars then held by three owners, and one third represented the appraised value of its franchises and existing contracts. The company has grown until its sleeping car service covers 125,000 miles of railway, or about three-fourths of the railway system of the country, and that increase of service has necessitated in-This was arranged satisfactorily, as I crease of its capital from time to time, until it is now \$36,000,000. Every share of the increase has been offered to stock. holders, and sold to them or to others in the ordinary course of business, at not less than par in eash, so that for every Nine weeks ago the car share of increase outstanding the com-

GENERAL NEWS.

holding less than six shares each.

women and trustees of estates, and the

average holding of each stockholder is

now eighty-six shares, one-fifth of them

THE CATHOLICS AND THE LIQUOR PRAFFIC .--- "Monsignor Satolli, apostolic delegate, has just rendered a He approves of the expulsion of liquor dealers from Catholic societies. This remarkable decision was called forth by an appeal from the ruling of Bishop Watterson, of Columbus, Q.

"One of the societies laid the matter formally before Monsignor Satolli. To this appear the apostolic delegate has feated as a Democrat. Such men can be just responded. It sustains the position of Bishop Watterson, and says:

"The liquor traffic, and especially as conducted here is the source of much his rights in seeking to restrict it. Therefore, the delegate apostolic sustains Bishop Watterson's action, and approves of his circular and regulation concerning saloons and the expulsion of saloonkeepers from membership in Catholic

"Rev. Alexander P. Doyle, of the Paulist Fathers, the general secretary of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of America, said that the declaration of the apostolic delegate is the most important ever pronounced by the church in this country, and he thought its effect would be tar-reaching."

CAMP BROKEN IN CHICAGO.—At eight o'clock Wednesday night, General Miles appended his signature to the general order, removing federal troops in Chicago. The infantry took trains for their respective posts, while the cavalry and artiflery marched to Fort Sheridan. and will remain there until such time as General Mijes thinks best that they be sent to their posts. The order for breaking camp came from the War Department Wednesday evening after General Miles informed the department that he thought the situation had so far improved that it was perfectly sate to withdraw them from the city.

Wednesday night Adjutant General Orendorff issued an order directing the entire Second Brigade, Illinois state troops and the First Battalion of naval militia, on duty at Chicago, to proceed to their homes at once, using special trains. Colonel Smith in command of the troops at Mounds, Pulaski county has also wired to send his three com panies to their homes. This removes all the state troops from duty, excepting 8,000 in Chicago.

THE PLAGUE IN CHINA.—Reports have been, received at the Marine Hospital Bureau, Washington, from the consuls at Hong Kong and Canton regarding the prevalence of the plague in those ities. Consul Seymour writes from anton that the deaths from May 1st to ane 9th in Hong Kong were more than one thousand, including two or three foreigners, while Consul Hunt, of Hong Kong, gives them at 951 for three weeks ending June 9th. The deaths in Canton during the prevalence of the plague since the last of February are reported at 10. 600, and all victims were natives. Hong Kong and Canton are both treated as

MADE MONEY BY THE STRIKE .- An employe of one of the big abattoirs, at Pitisburg, in discussing the strike a few day ago said it was a bonanza to his employer, who had cleared \$75,009 on shipment of cattle sent just before the strike was declared on. The value of beef had increased nearly double in tran-

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doubt exclaim, "That Just Hits Iti"

"That soothing effect is a magic touch!" Hood's Sarsaparilla gently tones and strengthens the stomach and digestive organs, invigorates the liver, creates a natural, healthy desire for food, gives refreshing sleep, and in short, raises the health tone of the entire system. Remember

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'rako Hood's Pills for Sick Headache. Do not full to forward us what is due In your subscription account.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

leneral View of the Tariff Situation-Formation of New States-Denson of Alabama Becomes a Populist-The Bankrupter Inw-The Labor Question.

From our Regular Correspondent. WASHINGTON, July 20 -- He must be a queer sort of a Democrat who can get any satisfaction out of the present tariff | tee. situation. The report of a general disagreement as the result of nearly two weeks work on the part of the House and Senate conferrees certainly does not look encouraging, although some of the gloom is lifted by the knowledge that while the disagreement is for reasons satisfactory to the conferrees reported to e general it is in fact only over some half a dozen of the Senate amendments. including sugar, coal and iron ore, the House conferrees insisting that they should go on the free list, as in the Wil son bill, and the Senate conferrees that they shall remain as passed by the

Senate. It is not clear just at this time what the outcome is to be, but I cannot believe that the Democrats in Congress will be willing to carry the disagreement | A. C. TAYLOR, Ellicott City, Md., and to the extent of allowing the McKinley law to remain in force, as is now being jubilantly predicted by the Republicans. It would be better if the conferrees after another attempt fail to reach an agreement to call in some prominent Democrats from the outside and let them arbi-The Democratic party has promised the country a tariff law and it will be suicidal for the Democrats in Congress to fail to keep that promise.

The Senate committee on Territories decided at its meeting this week that although the Utah bill first became a law Arizona and New Mexico should be admitted to the Union at the same time, and directed that bills therefor should

be ready by its next meeting. Political ingratitude is so common in Washington that it seldom attracts more than a passing notice, but the apostacy of Representative Denson, of Alabama, who has written a letter announcing his withdrawal from the Democratic party and his intention to act with the Popuists hereafter, is such a glaring case and his object so plain to all that it is receiving more attention than it really deserves. Said an Alabama Democrat: The reason given by Denson for leaving the Democratic party-his inability to support President Cleveland and his financial policy—is absolutely ridiculous when the fact is remembered that he owes his seat in the House to President Cleveland, who, during his first administration, appointed him U. S. District Attorney for the Northern and Middle Districts of Alabama, thus giving him the prominence which enabled him to get nominated and elected to Congress two years ago. Now President Cleveland, as all the world knows, has not changed the financial ideas held during his first term. It is Denson who has changed, and the reason, while obvious, is not decision condemning the liquor traffic. flattering to him. The third party has been strong in his district for several years—he only beat his Populist opponent by 1800 votes in a total of more than 20,000—and Denson believes it will carry the district this year and is willing to be elected to Congress as a Populist rather than to chance being de-

spared by the Democratic party. Representative Bailey, of Texas, was made happy this week when the House, by a vote of 127 to 81, passed his voluntary bankruptey bill. He has maintained ever since the Torrey bankruptey bill was defeated that a majority of the House favored a national bankruptey law, and that it was only because th Torry bill put it in the power of creditors to force a man into bankruptcy when he considered himself solvent that it was defeated. The vote on Mr Bailey's bill, which makes a man judge of his own solvency, indicates his judg ment was correct.

Representative Springer, of Illinois, was this week given a hearing, by a sub committee of the House committee on Labor, on his bill providing for com-pulsory arbitration of all disputes be-



YOUNG CIRL'S FORTUNE.

AN INTERESTING SKETCH.

Nothing appeals so strongly to a mother's iffection as her daughter just budding into romanhood. Following is an instance: "Our burghter, Blanche, now 15 years of age, had materibly afflicted with nervousness, and cell ost the entire use of her right arm. She age is the condition that we had to keep ser from school and abandon her music lessais. In fact, we feared St. Vitus dance, and is positive but for an invaluable remedy at would have had that terrible affliction. A hademployed physicians, but she received at would have had that terrible affliction. A hademployed physicians, but she received at weighted but 75 pounds, and although she may weighed but 75 pounds, and although she as weighed but 75 pounds, and although she as weighed bot pounds; her nervousness and another and ease. She has recovered complete a factor of the arm, her appetite is splendid, and or naney could procure for our daughter the seath of the factor of the arm, her appetite is splendid, and would not listen to him, but as a last resort se sent us a bottle, we legan giving it to Earthe, and the effect was almost immediate."—Mrs. R. R. Bullock, Brighton, N. Y. Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine Issold by all iruggists on a positive guarantee, or sent ifreet by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., E. khart, but, on receipt of price, \$1 per bottle, six soutles for \$5, express prepaid. It is positively free from oplates or dangerous drugs. AN INTERESTING SKETCH.

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tween employer and employes, by a MURDER national board of arbitrators. Mr. Springer claims, that his bill covers every possible contingency that may arise, and that if it be enacted into a law

Last June, Dick Crawford brought his

twelve months old child, suffering from

infantile diarrhoen, to me. It had been

weaned at four months old and being

ickly everything ran through it like

water through a sieve. I gave it the

thinner until it weighed but little more

Chamberlain's Colie, Cholera

then started the father to giving

Diarrhoea Remedy. Before one bottle

of the 25 cent size had been used, a

marked improvement was seen and its

continued use cured the child. Its

weakness and puny constitution disap-

peared and its father and myself believe

the child's life was saved by this Remedy.

J. T. Marlow, M. D., Tamaroa, Ill. For

W. R. RUDY, Mt. Airy, Md.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

ELLICOTT CITY, MD.

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DANIEL M. MURRAY,

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Ellicott City, Md

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already mammoth es-

tablishment; our rapid-

ly growing business

demands more room.

An army of workmen

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ner which is soon to

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Ochm's Acme Hall,

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more. But these op

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That is what Kaufman, of Baltimore, is doing with the a long step will be taken towards the solving of the problem which has been so troublesome of late. A number of prices of Clothing and Hats. Do not fail to read every item of bills dealing with the same subject of this ad, it means dollars in WILL OPEN SEPT. 27, 1894. are being considered by the subcommit-

READ THIS!

Knee Pants 15 cents. usual treatment in such cases but with-95 cents buys Boy's Suits worth \$1.50. out benefit. The child kept growing \$2.50 buys Boy's Long Pants Suits worth than when born, or perhaps ten pounds \$3.35 buys Men's Cassimere Suits worth

\$5 00 buys Men's all Wool Suits worth 65 cents buys Men's Strong Pants. \$8 50 buys Men's Fine Dress Suits worth

\$18.09 21 cents buys Boy's Straw Hats. 50 cents buys Men's Straw Hats worth

Men's Derby and Alpine Hats \$1.00 worth \$2 50. These are only a few of the many Bargains to be had, so call and see fo yourself.

FREE

with every Boy's Suit. Ball or Mouthorgan free with every Boy's Hat. You can buy one dollar's worth of goods for 50 cents during this great Sale.

CALL AND SEE OUR GREAT BAR-

BALTIMORE.

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Corn Meal, and Buckwheat Meal constantly on hand. Orain taken in exchange for flour and

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PHIRTY-FIVE YEARS ON THE MARKET, AND NEVER EQUALED. Recommended by prominent HORSEMEN DATEYMEN and CATTLE BREEDERS every They tone up the system of HORSES, CAT-TLE, SHEEP and HOGS, and for increasing the flow of milk in Cows are unsurpassed. Manufacture I only by THE STONEBRAKER CHEMICAL CO.

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17.22 A. M.—Vork and B. & H. Div; also main himself of France Green also H. & H. B.

Time ast of Emory Grove, also G. & H. R. R.

18 A. M.—Main Line R. & C. V. R. R., Emantsburg and N. and W. R. R.

19,15 A. M.—Express for Pen-Mar only.

10,20 A. M.—For Union Bridge and Hanover.

10,20 A. M.—For Union Bridge and Hanover.

10,20 A. M.—Accom. for Union Bridge.

12,26—Accom. for Emory Grove.

125 P. M.—Accom. for Emory Grove.

125 P. M.—Accom. for Dainy Bridge.

125 P. M.—Blue Monattain Express. (Parlor Car.) also through car to Frederick.

15,22 P. M.—Exp. for York and B. A. H. Div.

100 P. M.—Exp. for York and B. A. H. Div.

100 P. M.—Express Main Line Points, also Emmittsburg, B. & C. V. R. R. and N. and W. R. R.

15,15 P. M.—Accom. for Union Bridge and Alesia.

16,15, P. M.—Accom. for Union Bridge.

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2 Daily. 1Daily ex. Sanday \$Simdays only. House south of New

*Daily, *Daily ex, Sunday (Sundays only, Ticket and Baggage Office, 255 East Batti more St.

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