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CERMS:

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RAILWAY ANTICIPATIONS.

The prospect of the Edmondson Avenue electric railway reaching Ellicott City has awakened the liveliest anticipations not only in and about Ellicott City but throughout Howard county. There seems to be but little doubt that the line once here strong efforts will be made to extend it farther into the county. A line that was capable of bringing St. Charles College within two hours of Baitimore City would without doubt create a demand for building sites and there would be a consequent enhancement in the price of land values. A line extended to Clarksville would produce the same effect. The real benefit of telephone and electric lines are to be seen in the country rather than in the city and any district well supplied with these is bound to have advantages over those districts not having such luxuries. It remains for Howard county to reach out in this direction to invite settlement if for nothing else.

It has been stated upon good authority that subscriptions amounting to over \$50,000 have already been offered to any company that will put the sections named within easy communication of Baltimore by means of an avenue and electric railway. It is possible the county would be more willing to vote the purchase of thirty-thousand dollars worth of stock in a through line to Washington than contribute fifteen thousand for a bridge at Orange Grove, under the circumstances.

Everywhere among disappointed Republicans can be heard the bluffing er to make laws. To it, elected by the remark that the Democrats are sure to blunder themselves out of power. In the light of recent Republican doings nothing could be more ridiculous. The G.O. P. will live long in the memory of the American people as a party that killed the goose that laid the golden egg. Had the party been successful this time the man liveth not who could have devined the future of the country. The Democratic party may blunder but the blunders will have to be of colossal extent to change the verdict of a deceived people.

The continued advance in the price of anthracite coal is confirming the opinion of many that something should be done to stay the rapacious hands which are reaching out to clutch the substance of the people. The government in all justice could condemn these coal fields which nature has so bountifully supplied with a very necessary article, for whom? Certainly not a few capitalists who are piling up untold millions, and when opportunity offers will still further oppress

A meeting of Howard County Democrats will be called in the near future for the purpose of organizing a County Democratic Club, the object of which will be to attend the inaugural ceremonies of of President Cleveland. It has been proposed to raise at least one hundred a suitable badge, and know how to keep step in a parade.

HON, BARNES COMPTON.

What He Has to Say to Those Seeking Appointments-His Views on Extra Session. Representative Barnes Compton has returned home after spending three went for the restoration of his health, | tered in some other way. I am opposed He was accompanied by Mrs. Compton and their daughter, Miss Lillie. Mr. Compton found little benefit from his sojourn at the springs.

A correspondent of the Washington return and found him almost buried under the stacks of applications for appointment, which came by mail during his absence, many of them being from residents of the District of Columbia and of his congressional district, of whom he had never heard before and. of course, of whom he knew nothing. He says he does not intend to recom mend any man who is not qualified for the position he seeks, and who cannot prove by the leading democrats of his precinct that he is not only a democrat, but a working democrat, and as such did his duty on and before the day of election. He says most positively only such will receive his indorsement, and that he expects the representative democrats to recommend only such to him, and that without their indorsement he will recommend no one for appointment to any position, high or low. He takes this course, he says, that the blame for unsatisfactory selections may rest on the democrats of the localities from which the appointments are made.

Mr. Compton was among the many interviewed by the Baltimore Sun's correspondent on the extra session problem. He said: "It would be cowardice not to call an extra session. We have carried the Senate and elected the President and action is expected of us. We have been denouncing the McKinley bill as the mother of all evil, and we owe it to the country to repeal it as soon as possible. I can understand that Mr. Cleveland might not like to have Congress in session at the beginning of his term, but he accepted the office with its responsibilities, and this is one of them head is bad, and you are bad clean Aside from the tariff matter, I believe through, what is needed?" asked a Sunan extra session will be necessary on day-school teacher of her class. "I account of the condition of the treasury. | know-Ayer's Sarsaparilla," spoke up a | dent's term 25 vessels of the new navy There must be some action by Congress little girl, whose mother had recently will have been launched. Since March, to provide for means for carrying on the been restored to health by that mediately as 1889, \$35,000,000 worth of war-ships has

GOV. BROWN'S CONVOCATION. The Baltimore papers have been

giving a vast amount of "opinion" expressed by citizens in all parts of the State as to the wisdom or unwisdom of Governor Frank Brown's new move in the direction of a conference of leading citizens to discuss and if possible decide ipon a text for the proposed new assessment law. These opinions are interesting only so far as they disclose the conflicting notions on the subject, and do not augur well for the "conference." No one doubts the Governor's sincerity in venturing upon an idea of this kind, and many while discrediting its practical value say that if it does no good it can do no harm. The weight of public opinion seems to be that the conference cannot possibly bring forth anything that will be taken hold of by the legislature and passed, for the reason that in the matter of a new assessment there is as much conflict of interest as in the tariff question and that the legislature to do its duty must decide the matter as a court of law would decide a matter of equity; that it is simply the duty to pass an equitable law and no shirking in the business. If the Governor puts his seal of disapproval on such a law let them pass it over his head. This we believe is the popular feeling in the matter. Following are the sentiments of a num-

ber of leading citzens of Howard

School Commissioner Dr. John W Hebb said: "While Governor Brown exhibits a commendable zeal in attemptng to solve the new assessment problem I believe that his proposed scheme is uncalled for, and it is a sad reflection on our legislators, in whom I have full confidence as to their ability to deal with such a question. I believe that if, on reassembling, our legislators will give their attention to a good assessment bill -a matter which interests the whole state—the adjustment of property tax-ation in Maryland will be skilfully accomplished.

Judge John McShane, of the Orphans' Court: Governor Brown should have signed the bill of '92; therefore, there is no necessity for the proposed convention Judges Reuben Dorsey and L. W. lobbs, Judge McShane's colleagues, endorsed the latter's opinion.

School Commissioner John T. Hardey: l am opposed to the proposition of the Governor, and think that to the legisinture should be left the question for adjustment. Mr. Robert A. Dobbin, President of

the School Board: I am in favor of the convention as proposed, and think it would be fruitful of good. Mr. S. Francis Miller, of the Elifcott City bar: I believe that a new assessment law is highly essential, but it

should be gone about in the regular way. No convention is required. imperative need of a new assessment each day in my real estate transactions. To the legislature direct from the people belongs the only constitutional pow-

people, I am willing to trust the interests of the people. Mr. George R. Leach: In a multitude of counsel there is wisdom, but sometimes there is confusion, and the latter is more apt to be the result of the congress on the assessment question.

Dr. Thomas W. Linthicum: I believe the legislature is better qualified to deal with such questions, and I am, therefore, not in favor of the proposed convention. The Governor, I think, should have signed the bill of 1892. Mr. Joseph II. White, a representative farmer of the Sixth district, concurred

in the opinion of Dr. Linthicum. Mr. John T. Slater and Mr. P. C. Gorman, of the Sixth district, said their opinion was that the Assessment bill of 892 should have been signed by the Governor, and if found defective, the remedy could have been sought through the next legislature. B. Howard Earp, collector: "I am not

in favor of the convention. Mr. Edward T. Jones, member of the "While every one will concede the aim to be good, I believe the congress to be entirely impracticable, and that it would result in no material benefit.

The legislature should be the adjusters in the matter.' Mr. S. J. Radcliffe, merchant, Ellicott City: Gov. Brown rather surprises me and I cannot see what he expects to make out of the convocation. Two legis latures and two governors worked on a new assessment law and both attempts came to naught. I heard the Governor make his first speech in the campaign of his election. He impressed me with the

idea that among the things he would accomplish would be a good assessment law. I cannot see what good the convocation can do. Col. George W. King: "I think it cannot do any possible harm. If the people, instead of the political leaders, will elect virtuous and intelligent men to the men who will adopt a uniform dress and legislature, there will be no difficulty

about the matter; it will adjust itself. But if, as has been the case for the past twenty years in Maryland, the leaders are permitted to make the selection of candidates, then the monopolists will get their desired legislation, no matter which party is in control." Sheriff W. G. Owings: "I would like to see Governor Brown recover from the effects of the cyclone he encountered by refusing to sign the assessment bill of weeks at Warm Springs, N. C., where he | 1892, but the remedy should be adminis-

to the convention. Clerk John H. Owings, of the Circuit Court. Cannot see that the congress would be of any good. The legislature is the proper body to settle the problem of assessment. The convention would Star called at his residence after his bring about a clash of interests, and would probably end in a confusion of ideas thus resulting detrimentally to all concerned. Our representatives in the egislature should settle the matter, and I am not in favor of the convention. Judge James D. Cooke: I cannot understand that the convention would result in any good, and I am opposed to it.

THESTATE OF MARYLAND.

Remus G. Dorsey, a leading citizen of Montgomery county, died at Gaithersburg on the 1st inst. Judge Dorsey was about fifty seven years of age, and for a number of years was a member of the board of county commissioners, and also served as judge of the Orphans' Court. Eight public schools in Anne Arundel | their verification by experience is probcounty will be closed for lack of sufficient patronage.

Work on the Belt Railroad in Baltimore is rapidly nearing completion The contractors say that if the disputes over the rights of way on the first and second sections and over the occupancy road will be finished in about three

The Tariff Reform Club of Frederick, Assemblyman J.Roger McSherry, President, are making arrangements to take part in the Cleveland inaugural ceremonies. They expect to have nearly 500 men in line, all wearing light-colored overcoats and derby hats or beavers.

"When your heart is bad, and your

THE MESSAGE IN BRIEF.

The President Still for Protection-II Reviews the past Year's Events. The President's message, delivered to Congress on Monday, is a voluminous locument which not everyone will take the time to peruse carefully, we therefore give below an excellent condensation prepared by the Baltimore Sun The message will be distinguished for its array of statistical information rather han for any recommendation the President is able or willing to make. It is writ ten as if he feels the condemnation the people have laid upon his policy and there are several undignified attempts at sar-The President begins his annual mes

sage to Congress with a comparison of existing conditions with those of 1860, undertaking to slow that in the last thirty years there has been a large in crease in the wealth of this, as of every other enlightened country. Since 1860 there has been a large growth of our inhabited area and population, partly by natural increase and partly by immigration on an unprecedented scale. Wealth has grown from from \$16,159,616,668 in 1860 to \$62,610,600,060; railway mileage from 30,626 to 167,741; depositors in savings banks from 693,870 to 4,258,893, deposits from \$149,277,504 to \$1,524,844. 506; the value of farm products from \$1,363,646,866 to \$4,500,000,000 in 1891 an exceptional year; pension disbursements from \$1,072,461 to 155,500,066 in 1892-'93. The value of manufactures products was \$1,900,000,000 in 1860. when the rate of increase in ten years was 86 per cent.; in 1890 it was \$4,860, 286,837, the rate of increase since 1886 being something less than 60 per cent These facts point to a prosperous condition of our people. There has been \$40,449,050 of new

capital invested in the United States since October 6, 1890, when the McKinley act took effect. Special Agent Ayer stimates the investment in tin plate factories up to June 39, 1893, "if exist ng conditions were to be continued, it \$5,000,000. Labor Commissioner Peck. of New York, is quoted as showing in his report an increase of manufacture products in his State in 1891 of \$31,315. 130. In the last fiscal year exports ex ceeded those of 1891 by \$145,197,338 The value of imports decreased by \$17, 513,754. The total value of our export. was \$1,030,278,148; of imports \$829,402,

Work, it is maintained, has been un precedentedly abundant, wages high he necessaries of life cheap. Cottor and wheat have been low, but this comes of the fact that, unlike the manufacturer the farmer can not produce upor orders," and must sometimes produce in excess of the current demand. Content ought to prevail. Farmers and laborers are more prosperous here than else where. Protection, it is suggested, has brought about this enviable condition o the producing element of our popular

"The result of the recent election," say the President, "must be accepted as having introduced a new policy." present tariff, built on protection lines. is to be repealed and a tariff for revenue only enacted. The whole subject of Ex-Senator W. B. Peter: I see the tariff revision should be left to the incoming Congress. The delay from now to March, 1893, is deploted. Work should be begun soon, since the expectation of lower taxes on necessaries will cause people to put off buying and cause a decrease of needed revenue. Lower prices of goods mean, it is contended. lower wages, though the fact is not denied that wages have been rising everywhere in enlightened countries since 1850, while labor's product has everywhere been constantly falling in

The foreign relations of the government are satisfactory, the Samoan affair, the Behring Sea matter and the trouble with Chile having been adjusted. Com mercial agreements relating to reciprocal trade have been made with the following countries: Brazil, Dominican Republic, Spain for Cuba and Paerto Rico, Guatemala, Salvador, the German Empire, Great Britain for certain West Indian Colonies and British Guiana, Ni caragua, Honduras and Austria-Hungary. There has been an increase of trade with these countries. The exports of iron, steel, lumber and agricultura: products, &c , have increased to the ex tent of \$20,772,621. Our imports from these countries have increased by \$74. 294,525, the increase being in sugar, cof

fee, rubber and crude drugs. Arbitration of a dispute as to our ex clusive control of Bering sea is in progress. Meanwhile by agreement pelagic sealing has been prevented. In othe parts of the North Pacific some 35,000 seals were taken. In case the vessels of other nations can be kept from sealing in the disputed waters, a law should be enacted prohibiting American citizen-

from engaging in this industry. Canada's trade relations with us are pronounced unequal, and there has been conference with her representatives or he subject. The dominion will not agree to give the United States lower tariff rates than it gives England. "This" it is said "necessarily terminated the conference on this question." The Canadians have been shut out from the free use of the St. Mary's Falls canal because they exacted tolls on American vessels designed to influence cargoes to go to Montreal. The Canadian Pacific Rail way is much at our mercy since a arge proportion of its traffic is supplied by our people. It competes with our rail ways. It is suggested that we should with draw the support which is given to the railroads and steamship lines of Canada ov a traffle that properly belongs to us. The abrogation of the treaty of Wash-

ington is suggested. Prompt and adequate support should be given, says the President, to the American company engaged in constructing he Nienragua canal. The early comple tion of the work and a "proper relation" of the United States to it is desired.

The Brussels International Monetar Conference is referred to. The belief is expressed that if the conference does nothing to promote the free coinage of silver at an agreed international ratio. commercial conditions will soon compel the now reluctant governments to unite with us in this movement. Since March 4, 1889, the debt has been reduced by \$259,074,200; the interest

charge by \$11,684,469; \$432,564,178 has been paid out for pensions. Add to this "\$93,009,000 of revenue, which would have been collected upon imported sugars if the duty had been maintain ed, has gone into the pockets of the peo ple." It is thus that the present condition of the treasury is to be explained. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1893, the revenues are estimated at \$463,336,350, the expenditures at \$461, 336,350, making a surplus of \$2,000,000. The cash balance at the end of the year is estimated at \$20,992,377. These are the estimates, but it is confessed that

lematical. The estimated receipts in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1894, for which Congress is about to provide, are \$490,-121,365, the appropriations \$457,261,335, 121,365, the appropriat leaving a surplus of \$32,860,030. No provision is made, however, in working of the Bolton lot are speedily settled the out this surplus, for the sinking fund. The repeal of the sinking fund law is recommended. Debt should be paid, it is held, by using "any casual surplus" that may accure from time to time. Deducting \$44,000,000 for unexpended appropriations, a bypothetical net surplus of about \$10,000,000 is found for

the close of the fiscal year 1894. The army should be put upon a modern basis and concentrated on our frontiers—the seacousts and our northern and southern boundaries. Heavy guns and coast defenses are required. The navy should continue to be fostered. During the four years of the Presibeen contracted for, and \$8,000,000 Brager's "ad."

besides has been spent at the navy yards. A navy militia has been organi zed in eight States, and 1,800 men have been enlisted. The encouragement of

this branch of the service is recom-In 1892 but 12 3 per cent, of our imports were brought in American vessels. The remedy suggested for this state of things is to increase the subsidies to be paid to vessels that carry the foreign mails. Aiready the Postmaster General has made contracts for 11 romes, involving an extra cost of \$954,123. Sixteen vessels, aggregating 57,400 tons and costing \$7,400,600, have been built or contracted for under the subsidy policy. When in full operation it will have brought into use 41 steamers with a tonnage of 165,802 tons Canada's activity in foreign commerce is adverted to as reason why we should give extra compensation to American vessels carrying our mails.

Quarantine legislation is urged upon the attention of Congress in view of the threatened approach of cholera. Im migration should be checked. We should endeavor to "keep out the vicious, the ignorant, the civil disturber, the pauper, the contract laborer." generally "check the too great flow of minigration now coming by further imitations.

Increased appropriations for the civil ervice commission are recommended. Further extension of the application of the civil service rules is under consider

Unfair apportionments and election nethods and practices related to the moice of Congressmen are discussed a some length. The suggestion of a nonpartisan inquiry by means of a commission is renewed. Every man having a legal right to vote ought to be secured in the exercise of this right. Congres needs the more to legislate on the sub ect for the reason, as alleged, that "the endency of legislation in some State in recent years" has been "away from ree and fair elections and equal appor ionments.'

The tynchings of colored people ac used of assaults upon women are pronounced a repreach to the communities in which they occur, and "so far as they can be made the subject of federal jurisdiction the strongest repressive egislation is demanded.

The operation of recent pension legis ation is commended. The disability ict has largely increased the annual dis bursements. The estimate for the pres ent year was \$144,956,000 and the onount was appropriated, but \$10,508 521 more is needed to pay the year's daims. For the year ending June 30 1894, the estimate is \$165,000,000, but it is suggested that, if new pensions, bills are not passed, the expenditure in June. 1894, will be at the rate of \$188,000,000;

Taxable Basis of Maryland.

The following interesting comparative able has been prepared for the Balti more American showing the taxable asis in each county of Maryland and the city of Baltimore, for the years 1891 and 1892. This is the assessed value of eal and personal property. It will be een that the total increase of 1892 over 1891 is \$5,134,451 of which Baltimore county alone contributes \$1,079,179 and Baltimore city \$763,560. In five coun-Calvert, Carroll ies-Caroline and St. Mary's-1892 shows a reduction over last year. Montgomery furnishes an increase of \$473.615, Queen Anne 3313,572, Washington \$296,362 and Prince George's 133,666.

	1891.	1892.
Mlegany co	\$ 6.082,934	\$16,151.558
Anne Arundel	10,725,314	10,874.049
Balto. City	276,408,052	277,171,619
Baltimore co	39,650,654	41,359,72
Calvert	2,037,800	2,033,204
Caroline	4 381,469	4,351,415
Carroll	15,885,665	15,877,537
Cecil	13,389,101	13,271,949
Charles	3,322,016	3,410,140
Dorchester	6.133,618	6.193,888
Frederick	23,139,641	23,613,030
Harrett		4,261,610
Harford	12,137,015	12,444,109
Howard	7,436,319	7.514,06
Kent		7.783.728
Montgomery	9 951,605	10,425,229
Prince George's.		9,138,88
Queen Anne		7,544,419
St. Mary's		2,718,126
Somerset		4,193,568
l'albot		8,698,29
Washington		17,051,77
Wicomico		4,149,119
Worcester	4,477,273	4,605,48
-		

THE ELECTORAL VOTE. The final returns from Oregon make possible at last to print an exact table of the Electoral vote of the States for

President. It stands as follows:

	CLEVELAND.	HARRISON.
	Material	11 Jowa 1
	Arkansas	8 Maine
1	California	9 Massachusetts 1
1	Connecticut	6 Michigan
е	Delaware	5 Minnesota
1	Fiorida	4 Montana
1	Georgia	13 Nebraska
	Illinois	24 New Hampshire
	Indiana	15 Ohio 2
5	Kentuc-y	13 Oregon
	Lousiana	8 Pennsylvania 3
1	Mary land	S Rhode Island
	Michigan	6 Vermont 9 Washington
	Missouri	17 Wyoming
	New Jersey	10
,	New York	26 Total ***
	North Carolina	WEAVER.
1	Ohio	1 Colorado
1	South Carolina	9 Idaho
٠ ا	fennessee	12 Kansas 1
- 1	fexas	I Nevada
٠	Virginia	12 North Dakota
١.	West Virginia	t dregon
,	Wisconsin	12 South Dakota
٠ ۱		

Total 278 Total .. Reason Enough.

For the first time in thirty years the Democracy will have power after the 4th of March to do constructive work in legislation.

The country is waiting to see what that work is to be. It should not be made to wait too long. The people "mean business" when they commissioned the Democracy to reform the revenue laws. They expect the Democracy to attend to the busines

without unnecessary delay. It is a difficult and delicate task. I will require time for its accomplish ment, if it is to be done without hurt to industry and in a fashion to last. But the commission given to Democracy is of brief duration. If the party is to render the service expected, if it is to embody Democratic policies in permanent law, it must so far satisfy the people concerning its intentions during its present lease of power as to secure a renewal of its commission.

But if this is to be done a policy must be formed at once—a policy suited to a majority party undertaking affirmative legislation. If there were no other reason for an

extra session this should be enough An extra session is peremptorily needssary in order that the men who are to be charged with the direction of the delicate task may know in advance the duty they have to do and come to it in Hood's Sarsaparilla. Being a the autumn with minds made up and judgments well informed. There should be an early organization of the Fifty third Congress. The committee which is to direct it in fiscal legislation must have time to mature plans to meet difficulties and to prepare itself for judicious work. If this is not done the risk will be great of hasty action and perhaps of disaster to the party. That would in-

volve the indefinite postponement of a reform which is sorely needed now. An extra session is the key to a situation which involves the public welfare and the future of the Democratic party. Our latest advices from Washington are to the effect that such a session will pretty certainly be called.—New York World. Shoppers should not fall to read

Early in 1864 the steamship John T. Billington was sunk in the Missouri river near Rockport, Mo. It was a large government boat engaged then in carrying suppiles to Union soldiers at the outposts t was sunk by Bill Anderson's guerilla band, and of all the forty or fifty people | BID YOU EVER on board there was not a survivor. While railroad contractors were blasting on shore recently an immense piece of rock made a hold to a sand bar one hundred DID YOU EVER yards out in the stream. A party went into what proved to be an old bulk and found half a dozen skeletons and one mummy. Two small kegs of gold were found and a great many cases of flour, with five barrels of whisky.

An Associated Press despatch o

GENERAL NEWS NOTES.

Monday says that the gold excitement in the Sni Hills, east of Kansas City, Mo. continues at a high pitch. Outboand trains carry hundreds of persons who DID YOU EVER are going to prospect in an endeavor to ocate a claim. Several hundred tons of valuable ore were taken out Sunday, and it all showed the same high grade as in former tests. Several of the Sni farmers DID YOU EVER Band, or Church of Sanctification. Sunlay they gathered on the edge of the property in which the best ore has been found and, calling a meeting to order, held a long religious service imploring divine blessings upon the gold hunters and praying for continued success in the search for mineral wealth. The Harrison International Telephone longany, incorporated at Springfield,

Ill., on the 4th inst., was organized to nanufacture and introduce a patent invention by Mr. Stone, one of the ncorporators, which is designed to do tway with the "hello" girls at centrals. The patent makes it possible for any elephone renter simply by pressing a autton to make connection at will beween his phone and any other instruent on the line. The desperate attempts of the Repub-

licans to steal Wyoming outright and to get control of the Kansas Legislature ov a swindle afford striking illustrations of the ruling passion strong in death .-New York World.

Two men, one in Cleveland and mother in New York, began to fast for 60 days Monday.

Along with the talk of admitting Arizona, Utah and Mexico to Statehood omes the suggestion that now is a good ime for Texas to block herself out into tates. This rests with the people of fexas, and while there has been more or ess local opposition to a division it is possible that the State will be divided in he not distant future. The area of Texas is 265,780 square miles, or five imes as great as the area of lowa. Five States the size of lowa could be formed out of the area of Texas. Texas has a population of close to 3,000,000, and the state could be divided into five parts giving each a population of 600,000. It should be accomplished without further delay .- Council Bluffs (Ia.) Globe.

Remarkable Coincidence. J. D. Watson, J. D. McIntyre and J D. Peyton, who were born and reared near Charlottesville, and being a military age, volunteered in the Confederate Army of Northern Virginia, All of them were born on the same day, 29th ebruary of the same year. They entered different branches of the service. and all were in the battle of Gettysburg. Each of them was wounded on the same day of the battle and the wounds were identical, in the left arm of each between the elbow and the shoulder. After the wounds were received the three retired to the rear, met in company and ponder ed over the coincidence .- Staunton Vin-

FORD'S GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

Week of Dec. 12-The Manthat Broke the Bank at Monte Carlo-Evans and Hoey's "Parlor Match." Evans and Hoev and their clever company of 23 people will begin a season of fun at Ford's Grand Opera House on Monday, December 12, in a new ver sion of "Series 9" of the old time fun maker, "A Parlor Match." The skit has been developed and much new business has been added. The first and third acts are practically new, and the second act gives the company full scope for many new and taking specialties, which are cleverly introduced. "McCorker" Evans has a very taking march, which is the latest Parisian sensation; "Les Gardes Municipaux," a buriesque quadrille, and also introduces a conjurer's cabinet, Total......\$510,003,077 \$515,137,528 from which he takes three beautiful young ladies. "Old Hoss" Hoey gives some clever imitations on various musial instruments and sings a new song entitled "The Man Who Broke the Bank at Monte Carlo." It is said to be equal to his famous song "They're After Me," and his make up is "killing." Minnie French is quite a hit in her "Dancing Up to Date," and Miss Madge Yorke, Lillian Allison, Lillian Matkham, Helen Douglas, Leona Ambrose, Ethel Blande, Effic Chamberlain and Myra Davis are all seen to advantage in clever dancing and all. and excellent singing. A military drill by the Olympia Quartette and the "World's Fair" finale are interesting features of the second act. Matinces Wednesday and Saturday.

Dec. 19, Cleyeiand's Minstrels. There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years it was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore it requires constitutional treatment. Hall's on the first Tu seay in each month for the Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. transaction of busines Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure in the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of tho system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimoniais. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO, Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75 cents.

More serious sickness is produced 1 allowing the bowels to remain in a torpid or partially constipated condition than from any other cause. In many instances diseases are produced, from which people never wholly recover. Dyspepsia, piles and nervous disorders are three of the most common and most serious. They are caused by neglecting the bowels, and can be prevented by an occasional dose of St. Patrick's Pills, which always produce a pleasant cahartic effect, and not only physic, but cleanse the whole system and regulate the liver and, bowles. 25 cents per box, for sale by Walter R. Rudy, Mount Airy, and A. C. Taylor, Ellicott City.

Catarrh

Constitutional Remedy, Readily Reaches and Cuses it.

"A sense of gratitude and a desire to benefit "A sense of grafitude and a desire to benefit those afflicted, prompts me to re ommend Hood's Sarsuparilia to all who have catarrh, and indigestion and general debility. I got so low I could not get around the house. I tried about everything I saw recommended for catarrh, but failing in every instance of being relieved. I became

Stillpers, also in genuine Russia Leather, at prices that are the wonder of the trade. Very Much Discouraged.

At last I decided to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and began to get relief. I have now used within two years, ten or twelve bottles and I teel better than I have for years. I attribute my improvement wholly to the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla

MRS. CHAS. RHINE, Corner York and Pleasant Streets, Hanover, Penn. Hood's Pills—For the liver and bowels, act easily yet promptly and efficiently. Price In Use Forty Years.

Humphrey's Specifics Number Seven, or Coughs and Colds, has stood the lest for more than forty years. Can you ask for greater proof of intrinsic merit? Price 25 cents at all Drug Stores,

Notice that all cheap Liniments are loaded with Ammonia?

DID YOU EVER

Stop and think that Ammonia is only worth about three cents a pint?And yet some peo-ple are dumb enough to pay 25 or 50 cents for 2 ounces as a Lin:ment Know that Ammonia will smart a sore and

cause great pain where applied to a wound of any kind?

Know that's why the manufacturers put rubber stoppers in the bottles?

Saturate a flannel with PAP'S GERMAN LIN IMENT and place it on the part affected? Re lief comes in five min utes, a cure in a few hours unless your case is chronic, then it may require a longer time but it will cure you you are curable. This old and reliable preparation was established in Europe 1712, in America 1889. Your merchant sells it at 25 cents a bottle.

J. J. LAMKIN & CO.,

Sole Proprietors, Baltimore, U.S. A PAP'S GERMAN POWDERS for Horses, Cat the Sheep, Hogs and Poultry are the best in 18c. One pound package 25 cents. PAP'S GERMAN STOCK FOOD, registered in the Old World and in the New as the super or quality of stock foods
5 cents a pound,
50 cents a sack, containing 10 pounds
Your dealer sells these Celebrated German

AUCTION SALES.

A SSIGNEE'S SALE -OF VALUABLE-FEE-SIMPLE PROPERTY.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from Mary F. Miller and Henry Miller, her husband, doth late of Howard County, deceased, to William Foley, bearing date the 24th day of June, 4879, and recorded among the Land Records of Howard County in Liber L. J. W., No. 41, folio 111, &c., the undesigned assignee of mortgages willoffer for sale at public auction on the premises at Poplar Springs, Howard County, on WEIN FERMAN, INFORMMER 2870, 1802. WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 28rn, 1892, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 28TH, 1823, at 3.20 o'clock P. M., all that valuable fee-simple piece or parcel of Land situated in Poplar Springs. Howard County, and lying on the South side of the Baltimore and Frederick Turnpike of which the late Mary F. Smith (formerly Mary F. Milier died, s-led and possessed, containing HALF AN ACRE OF LAND, more or less, together with the improvements thereon, consisting of a STORE AND DWELLING, Wheel-Wright Shop, stable, smoke-house and other necessary outstable, smoke-house and other necessary outstable, smoke-house and other necessary outtable, smoke-house and other necessary out bundings. This piece of property has been used as a store, for which it is advantageously located and otherwise well adapted. TERMS OF SALE AS PRESCRIBED BY THE MORTGAGE:-CASH. EDWIN WARFIELD,

FOR SALE-REAL ESTATE.

Valuable Farm in the Fifth district of Howard county near Dayton P. O., CONTAINING 150 ACRES, Improved by a comfortable frame dwelling. All necessary out-houses, tenan house, &c. For particulars apply on the prem MRS. JAMES HARBAN,

Dayton P. O., Howard County, Md LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS. Notice is hereby given, that the subscribers of Howard County, have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Howard County in Mary land, Letters Testamentary on the personal

WILLIAM LONG. william JONG, late of Howard County, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 12th day of May next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. ment.
Given under our hand this 11th day of No vember, in the year of our Lord, one and eight hundred and ninety-two.

WILLIAM D. LONG, JOHN V. LONG, Executors. True Copy-Test: ISAAC SCAGGS, Register of Wills for Howard County

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS. There will be an Election of Twelve Directors of the Pataps o National Bunk of Ellicott City, on Tuesday, Jonuary 19th, 1846, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock, dlo-5t JOHN F. McMULLEN, Cashier. LECTURE

Monterey, Mexico, Land of the Aztecs and Home of Montezuma, by W. J. Boig, at Harmony Church, Cooksyille, Md., on PICEMBER Inth., 1892, at 7.39 P. M. Tickets, Adults 25 cents, Children 15 cents. Come one

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ON REAL ESTATE. In amounts varying from \$1,000 to \$5,000, at EDWARD RAMMOND, 208 Courtisad St., Battimore.

FOR SALE. FRESH COWS FOR SALE. LOW.

BY GREER OF THE BOARD, J. E. HILL,

HENRY WINTER,

TOR SALE. TWO BEAGLE RABBIT DOGS. (young) JOHN F. PLUNKERT,

OTICE. The COUNTY COMMISSIONERS will mee the First and Third Tuesday of every mont By order of the Commissioners

W. J. ROBINSON, Clerk.

The ORPHANS COURT will meet on the First and Third Tuesday of every month for the transaction of business.
ISAAC SCAAGS, Register of Wills. BANKRUPT SHOE STORE.

OTHER DEALERS COMPLAIN OF DULL TIMES. WE DO NOT. WHY?

We have SHOES marked at such low prices that we surprise our customers. We have no trouble to sell SHOES, as far as price is concerned. Of course there are people we cannot fit. We are free to admit that. In cases like that you are not urged to buy. We do not believe in business that way. Give us a trial. You may be suited and at the same time save money.

LADIES CLOTH OVERGAITERS, in black SLIPPERS FOR BOYS. This weeklwe display in our windows Men's heavy BOOTS and BROGAN SHOES. Our location is not suited to these SHOES, and we will offer big inducements to close out. SEE DISPLAY OF SHOES IN OUR WIN-

DOWS AND NOTICE THE PRICES. M. L. LAMBERT. 227 NORTH EUTAW STREET. Near Lexington Market, Baltimore, Md. THE TIMES is only one dollar a year.

We Deliver all Purchases of \$5.00 Over Free of Charge.



283, 285, 287 NORTH EUTAW STREET COR. OF SARATOGA ST.

Beware, the Crowds of December." BUSY SCENES WERE ENACTED AT OUR STORES ON SATURDAY-"THE OPENING DAY" OF "OUR GREAT HOLIDAY DISPLAY! EVERYBODY WHO ATTENDED WAS PLEASED, AND, JUDGING FROM THE MASS OF PEOPLE, ONE WOULD SUPPOSE "EVERYBODY"

Come again Monday and Tuesday, and again Wednesday and every day in the week. New attractions atmost every hour, Works of art, Briess-Brac, French plate Mirrors, Brass Goods, Roger Ware, Pansh Toilet Cases, Manieure S ts. Papeterfe, Toys of every kind, Automa ie Fire Engines and Steamtoats, all Animals that the Ark contained, almost as life like and quite as noisy, Stuffed Dogs and Horses, Bleating Sheep and Squeaking Pigs, Bel-lowing Cows and Neighing Horses, Bicycle and Tricycle, Wheelbarrow and Cart, Piano and Trumpet, Drum and Fife, Games and Books, Blocks and Gymnasts. Nathing in the Toy kingdom missing. One Nothing in the Toy kingdom missing. One entire store devoted to display. An army of salespeople in attendance

BRAGER OF BALTIMORE.

ON THE CLOAK FLOOR.

ATTENDED.

310 Silk Waists—a manufacturer's samples, perhaps the largest in America—allahigh grade kind, sizes 32, 34, 36 and 38.
Emoracing Embroidered Surahs, Brocades, Phad and Stripe Indias and Shaded Taffeta—340 Silk Waists and 310 kinds—no two in the lot alike—Suffice to state they embody the Choicest Effects of Parisian Silks, season 1882. Range of original cost vary from \$6.50 to \$15 each, Choice...\$4.98.

CLOAKS. THE GREAT COATSALE INAUGURAT-ED ON SATURDAY WILL CONTINUE MONDAY, DECEMBER 5TH. REDUCING CLOAK STOCK IS THE ORDER OF THE

This is the way they shall go: Ladies' Black Cheviot Reefers—fur roll and collar, Light Gray and Tan Reefers— large pearl buttons, satin fined, web scams, perfect fitting—were \$12.50; wil

go at \$7.98. Child's Gretchens—sizes 6 to 14 years; stylish plaids—were \$5.00; will go at \$3.98.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

A handsome Sled, or large Express Wagon, free to each purchaser of Suit or Overcoat.
BOYS' CLOTHING. For quality, fit and finish our stock ranks second to none.

Boys' Two Piece Cassimere Suits, single and double-breasted, in Stripes, Plaids and Neat Checks; worth \$3.50.

FOR \$1.98.

FOR \$4.98.

Boys' Suits, with extra pair Pants and Cap of same goods, double-breasted, positively seven-eighths wool; real value is \$6.00.

FOR 3.23,

Boys' Handsome Double-Breasted Suits, sizes 5 to 14, strictly all-wool, m. Light Homespun, Diagonal Brown Cheviots and count Bir Phonese worth \$6.00. Small Pin Checks; worth \$6.00. FOR \$3.98. Boys' Fine Dress Suits, double-breasted. sizes 4 to 14, in plain Diagonals, Worsteds. Black and Blue Cheviots, worth \$7.50.

FOR \$5.49.

Boys' Handsome Cassimere Plaid Cape Overcoats, double-breasted, sizes 4 to 14, real value \$4.98.

FOR \$3.50.

Sample lot of Bovs' Double-Breasted Reefers, sizes 4 to 14 years, in Blue Chinchitlas, Dark Tan Cheviots and fine Blue Kerseys; real value is \$5.50.

FOR \$5.49.

COLORED DRESS GOODS GOSSIP. From the mill sample lengths from 5 to 12 yards, width from 42 to 51 inches, all pure wool

yards, whath from \$210 57 medes, an pure woor and high grade effects. We mention, in part: 54 inch Heavy Diagonal Serge, worth...\$1.50, 54 inch Jacquard Satin Russe, worth...\$2.00, 54 inch Matelasse Broadcloth, worth....\$2.00. 4-inch Heavy Diagonal Storm Serges, 54-inch Herring-bone Camel's Hair, worth\$2.25 51-inch Ottorean Sultona, worth \$225. Etc. Etc. Etc. Etc. Etc. Etc. CHOICE 59C, PER YARD. All manufactured for season of 1822. 9 Robes of Foreign Dress Goods, Camel's-

9 Robesof Foreign Dress Goods, Camel's-hair and Homespan Effects; original price from \$17 to \$17.75. Choice \$6.98. Double width Wool-warp Cashmeres, in shades of Garnet, Brown, Myrtic, Navy and Cardinal; no remnants, but full picces

BLACK DRESS GOODS.

50 pieces of All-silk 65c. India Silk, full

SPECIAL IN BLACK DRESS SILKS.

 21-inch All-Silk Rhadams
 89c

 24-inch All-Silk Bengaline
 89c

 24-inch All-Silk Gross Grain
 80c

 24-inch All-Silk Faite Français
 89c

TPIMMINGS. 60 pieces handsome All Silk Moss and Braid Trimming, all newest effects, all shades and black; early season prices from 65c. to \$1.00. CHOICE 49c.

UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT. BRASS AND ONYX TABLES & LAMPS. 230 Decorated Porceanin Vase Lamps, with Climax Burner, Tripod and 8½-inch Dome, decorations, "Wild Rose Scene," "Morning Glory Scene," "Autumn Leaf Scene" "Sc. EACH.

230 Decorated Porcelain Vase Lamps, with Climax Burner, Tripod, and 8½-inch Remaissance Dome: Decorations, "Maytime," 'A Winter Scene," "Spring Blossoms," \$1.29 EACH.

150 Decorated Poscelain Vase Lamps, Climax Burner, Tripod, and 19-inch Ring-top Dome: Decorations, "Geranium," "Clamatis," "Prond Lily and Scene." \$1.69 EACH. 100 Solid Brass Banquet Lamps, Central Draft Burner, Tripod, and 10 inch Linen

\$1.38. 150 Solid Twisted Brass Banquet Lumps, Central Draft Burner, Tripod, and 10-inch Linen Shade, in all colors. Gold-plated Only Banquet Lamp, Cen

tral Draft burner, complete,
LINEN SHADE \$5.98.
SILK SHADE \$5.98.
6 foot Extension Solid Brass Piano
Lamp, air cushion valve, central draft
burner, Tripod and 14-iach linen shade, all
malors. colors. \$5.00.
6-foot Extension Gold Plated Brass Piano Lamp, air cushion valve, central draft burner, solid 4 leg table base, with Tripod and 15-inch linen shade, in all Onyx Table, with 4 solid brass legs and brass base. \$4.18.

Real Mexican Transparent Onyx Table, with gold plated legs \$7.50. Solid Brass Table, round top.

\$1.25. White Enameled Easels, ornamented in

White Enameled Easels, ornamented in gold and silver.
60c. each.
3-fold 6-foot Cherry and Oak Screen Frames \$1.79.
Silk Lamp Shades, made of India Silk of all colors, lace-trimmed, and made on the latest style frames, each \$2.50, \$3.00, \$4.70.

USEFULS FOR THE HOLIDAYS. A Rare Opportunity Offered to Buyers of Useful Presents. Silk Skirts at Less Than Cost of Material.

Fancy Silk Skirts, worth \$11, price......\$8.98, Fine Mohair Skirts, worth \$5, price.....\$2.98, SPECIALS.

Linen Table Sets, 2% yards Cloth, 1 dozen Napkins, with Fringe, worth \$4.59 price \$2.98.
Linen Table Sets, 2½, 3, 3½ yards Hemstitched Cloth, and 1 dozen Napkins, worth \$8.59 to \$11.50, choice \$5.98.
Bleach Linen Table Cloth, with and without Fringe, 2½ yards long, worth \$5, price \$2.60. price. 54-inch Damask Towels, worth 50c.,

. \$2.60.

Dressed Patterns of Mulhouse Ching ine Satines, New Fail Effects 98c. A DRESS PATTERN.

Remnants, in lengths from 5 to 12 ys Extra Heavy 15c. Can on Flannel.

9%c.
Remnants of 16c. Silesia, in Black, G Drab, Navy, Brown, Garnet and Crem

"Brager of Baltimor 25, 25, 27 NORTH EUTAW STREE CORNER OF SARATOGA.

100 FREE WATCHES! Given by the Oldest Newspa

in New York City. nal premiums offered to subscribers, we pose to present them with 100 Watches, a which are guaranteed by T. LYNCH, litt and Union Square, New York City, who THE AUVERTISER is the oldest newspaper New York City. Its Weekly edition is a lished in two sections and comes out of Tue-day and Fralay—104 times during year; has six to eight pages every issue well printed, has pienty of pictures all stories, telegraphic news, imancial market reports, a woman's page and ablest editorials published by any New I paper. It is a model home paper, with ele

paper. It is a model home paper, with ele-ing and entertaining reading matter, de-of sensations and objectionable adverof sensations and objectionable adver-ments. All for \$1.00 a year. Specimen copies and Premium Lists full particulars of the Attractive Ind-ments for Agents, sent Free on application THE ADVERTISER.

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EXPORT BEER ABSOLUTELY PURE

Baltimore Brewing C SOLD ONLY BY CHRISTIAN ECKER ELLICOTT CITY, MD.

HEALTHFUL BEVERAG

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McDONALI

Vines, Liquors, Cigars & FINEST BEER ON THE MARKET

E. B. McDONA News, Tohacco & Statione WM. A. MAKINSON, ODD FELLOW'S BUILDIN

Ellicott City, Md STATIONERY of all Descriptions to be in my establishment. Don't forget to send me order for DAILY AND WEEKLY Papers.

Agent for BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS ASHION PLATES. I keep a full line of the best brands of BBACCO and CIGARS. Give mea call and I will insure you satis

HOWARD HOUS Main Street,

ELLICOTT CITY, M Reopened and refitted. commodations for

PERMANENT & TRANSIENT GUES Cuisine unexcelled and

APPOINTMENTS FIRST CLA in every particular. Eve Delicacy in Season. BAR STOCKED WITH FI

LIQUORS, WINES ETC. Christian Ecker Proprietor.

New Store

FINE WINE AND LIQUOR STOP "Tabler's Old Stand" on MAIN ST., IN E COTT CITY, swith a choice stock of WE LIQUORS, BRANDIES, CIGARS and TOBAC His Buffet will be stocked with the bed Wines, I iquors, and Cigars, fine Bottled B Pale and Standard, from the celebrated Sp Garden Brew ng Company, for medical family use. Served to families at shortice. Mixed drinks of all kinds a special will have in stock Old Sherwood, Montio Altamont, Horsey, Log Cab n. Clifton and Rye Whiskies, Gin, Alcohol, Kummel, Fr. Brandy, Ginger Brandy, Blackberry, St. Catawba and Old Port Wines, Pure Cherry Brandy, in bottles for family use; ported Scotch Whiskey, Champagne, She and Closet Wines. Tabler's Old Stand" on MAIN ST., IN E

JOHN U. O'BRIE

Stores, Main Street, near B. & O. depot, Across Patapsco Bridge. ELLICOTT CITY. CHOICE WHISKIES, BRA DIES, GINS & WINES

ICE COLD BEER always on draught. CIGARS AND TOBACC BEER BOTTLED FOR FAMILY US LLA ORDERS PROMPTLYFILL

Posters, bill heads and cards prin neat style and at reasonable rate THE TIMES Office.