

Advertising rates on first page. Death and Marriage Notices inserted free of charge. Obituaries five cents per line. Rule and Figure Work will be charged double the regular rates. Correspondence is respectfully solicited from all parts of the County and State...

Weather Meteorological Observations.

TAKEN AT WOODSTOCK COLLEGE, from November 5 to November 14, 1877.

Table with columns for Day, Max., Min., Mean, and Wind. Rows for Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday.

*One inch of melted is considered equivalent to ten of unmelted snow. [EXPLANATION.—Thermometer, Max., Min., showing the extreme heat (in the shade) and cold in the 24 hours. Mean, the result of observations made at A. M. and P. M. obtained by dividing their sum by 2. R. S. H. rainfall, snow, or hail (melted) during the 24 hours. Wind, force, graduated by the 10 (the highest) and 0 (a dead calm), taken at 4 P. M. Direction, the prevalent direction from which it blows. In the Weather column is given the general aspect of the sky during the day.

The Mark Lane Express, in its usual weekly review, says: "The grain trade continues to be marked by much uncertainty, depression and general want of confidence, caused by heavy imports of foreign wheat, not only into London, but into most of our other principal ports, and as buyers are influenced more by the present plenty than by future moderation, a desire to avoid absolute inaction has brought about a pressure to sell on the part of holders, which has exercised a weakening effect on prices. Three weeks of unexpectantly heavy shipments from America are now on the point of arriving, and the possibility of higher prices for the present is exceedingly remote, but at the same time it is to America we must look for our supply of red wheat during the winter months, and a further decline of a few shillings here may very possibly induce shippers to turn their attention to maize, which is relatively dearer than wheat after having fed our market with as much of the latter as it will take without repletion. America is doubtless cognizant of the fact that she holds the reigns of prices here, and will certainly exercise her knowledge to the best advantage. The demand for white wheat has been rather better, owing to some Continental inquiry, and exports have been slowly and steadily increasing during the past three weeks, as the results of the French harvest upon threshing seem to indicate that it has been rather over estimated. Arrivals from America continue moderate, while the blockade of the Black Sea ports having closed the gate on our supplies of sound corn, this variety has been sold for 85s. per quarter. In oats there is very little quotable change, although dealers have operated with considerable reserve. At the moment barley appears to hold the strongest position, and malting sorts have advanced a shilling per quarter, while grinding qualities are held with much firmness, and fully maintain late rates. With moderate arrivals at ports of call, the floating cargo trade has been quiet for wheat, and prices have declined about a shilling per quarter. Maize has improved about 6d. per quarter. Barley is steady."

The Comptroller of the State of Tennessee has issued a statement showing the amount of the State debt, with an accrued interest, to be \$24,711,660. From this is to be deducted \$1,199,180 due from the Mississippi Central Railroad and Tennessee Railroad, leaving \$23,512,480. Sixty per cent. of this (at which rate it is proposed to adjust the debt) is \$14,107,488, which, at 6 per cent. interest, would call for an annual interest payment of \$855,000. The assessed value of the property in the State is \$235,000,000. Governor Porter is credited with saying that he will recommend to the Legislature the adoption of the 60 per cent. proposition, as it will save the State \$9,000,000, put the debt within the reach of the people to pay it, restore the State credit, and be the best way out of its financial difficulties.

Keep a reliable friend always at hand," such Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup has emphatically proven itself to be. Thousands of testimonials. Try it. Price, 25 cents.

Three discharged soldiers from Crook's command, whose term of service expired last winter, stopped in the Black Hills and worked together at mining until, having become satisfied with their acquisition, they started for home on Tuesday last from Deadwood. When within twenty miles of Cheyenne they were attacked by a band of ten masked men, before they had left their camp, which was between a small clump of bushes. It seems that the ex-soldiers were late about starting out into the open country, and the road agents getting out of patience and relying upon their superior force concluded to attack the three men in their stronghold, or rather surprise them. In this they counted badly, as the soldiers fought determinedly, and being well armed with Henry rifles, seven of the would-be robbers were killed and the remaining three were pursued and captured. Shortly after this conflict the stage from Custer City arrived, loaded with passengers, among whom was the sum of \$90,000 in gold dust, besides the personal effects in greenbacks, jewelry, &c., of which no estimate could be made for obvious reasons. Had it not been for the interposition of the three ex-soldiers, doubtless the stage would have been captured, with all its valuables. It seems that the road agents were especially on the lookout for the stage, and this is probably the strongest reason they had for forcing the fight with the three men who wrought them such disaster.

A very costly oil painting, one of Fortuny's best specimens, was stolen from the Academy of Arts at Philadelphia some time ago, under circumstances as singular as the manner in which it has just been recovered. The painting, which is called the "Council House in Grenada," is the property of H. C. Gibson, a well-known Philadelphian. Although a small picture, it is valued at \$15,000, being one of only twenty-seven Fortuny's in existence. The canvas was, with many others, allowed to remain on the walls of the academy during the spring exhibition, and it was during this time that the theft was perpetrated, although it was months afterward before its absence was discovered, owing to a clever ruse of the thief, who took a most ingenious method to conceal his crime. An imitation of the original picture was made, and when the original was secretly removed the copy was hung in its place. So exact was the copy, even to the cradling of old mahogany, necessary on the back of a panel picture, that when Mr. Gibson examined his pictures, upon their return to his house, it was a week before he could make up his mind that an imitation had been substituted for his genuine Fortuny, so carefully and minutely had the copying been done. A few days ago, the curator of the Academy, who had been traveling over the country as a detective, in search of the picture, found it in the possession of an artist near Niagara Falls. After a tragedy—the artist drawing a knife upon him—the detective forcibly carried away the stolen picture at the point of the pistol.

The New York Herald prints a long letter from Henry M. Stanley, the African explorer, the main points of which have been anticipated by telegraph. In this letter Mr. Stanley prefaces his introduction to the story of the great march and canoe voyage from Nyangwe to the Atlantic ocean, via the Congo or Luabala river, by correcting an erroneous impression as to the propriety of calling it the Congo. He says the territory of Congo is of a very limited area, and lies southward of the lower section of the river and between the ocean and a range of mountains which border on the great inland African basin. As many names are given to the river from its source downward as there are distinct tribes inhabiting its banks, and he declares that for geographical purposes the proper name is that given it by Livingstone, who first discovered it—that is, the Luabala. The Luabala is a much larger and more important river than the Nile; it rises near Lake Bangweolo, in latitude 12 degrees south, flows north to the equator, and then southeast to the Atlantic. At Nyangwe its flow is 120,000 cubic feet per second; from source to mouth it is 2,900 miles long, and it drains 890,000 square miles of country.

The New York papers credit the railroad freight agents and general managers in that city with expressing themselves as feeling confident that there will be no freight war this winter. It is believed that the arrangement for pooling freight effected in July last had the effect to constitute a more friendly relationship between the trunk lines. Thus far no advance in freight rates has been made. It is expected, however, that an advance will be made as usual when the canals close, but it is supposed that it will be uniform with all the roads. The agents say that it will be of no use for one or another of the lines to undertake to cut under, since each is bound to accept only a certain per centage of freight. They say this new arrangement will result in great benefit to all the producers and forwarders as well as the carriers, since it will make business more stable and less risky. Nothing but an extraordinary foreign demand, such as might be created by increased hostilities in Europe, would have the effect to send prices and freight rates up to unusual figures.

Governor Irwin, of California, has been non-plused by an application from a woman for an appointment as a notary public. He appealed to the attorney general of the State, and that official relieved his mind by saying the code only an elector having the right to vote is qualified to hold office.

A French Senator was travelling by the customary midday train from St. Lazare to Versailles in company with several other Senators and with a young married lady, who, with her son, aged 6 years, was sitting immediately opposite to him. The child had from the time the train started, regarded his venerable vis-a-vis with evident mistrust, and as the journey proceeded his suspicions seemed to ripen into a feeling of terror. As the train emerged from the Batignolles tunnel his alarm had increased to such an extent that, after another timid glance at the object of his aversion, the child burst into a flood of tears. At last the infant himself let out the secret by sobbing forth a request that the stranger would "take off his nose." Upon this the lady explained that she had lately taken her offspring to one of the mask balls of the season, where he had been mortally terrified by the false noses worn by some of the revellers. It was quite impossible to persuade him that the nasal organ of the worthy Senator was a gift which he owed to nature. There was nothing for it but to hide the suspected feature behind a hat.

The girls who have been employed to take the place of the strikers in seven cigar manufactories have done so well at their new trade that the striking workmen are beginning to dread the consequences. Finding that they cannot regain their lost position they have become desperate and have tried to intimidate the girls, but forces of men have been organized for the defense of the latter, and the female apprentices will find themselves hereafter well protected in case they should be assaulted. When the girls leave their work at night there is no opportunity for the strikers to commit any assault upon them without the risk of the assaults coming under the operation of the law as well as suffering a severe castigation at the hands of the girls' defenders. A few attempts have been made, but generally ending in the defeat of the strikers, some of whom have been arrested while others bear marks of a very honorable warfare.

On Friday night three disguised men entered the residence of four old bachelor brothers, named Roth, residing in York county, Pa., near Wrightsville, and immediately commenced a murderous onslaught on the inmates with iron knuckles and billies, no pistols or knives being used. Peter Roth, who was sitting in the corner behind the door, at the wood-box, was unobserved by the robbers, of which fact he took advantage and struck one of them over the head with a stick of wood. He reports, however, that the assailants were experts in the art of self-defense, and every blow aimed at them was dexterously warded off. A female inmate of the house escaped and gave the alarm, but before assistance could arrive the intruders made their escape. The four brothers were all more or less injured about the head and face. It is supposed the object of the visit was robbery.

The Colorado stone man is now on his way eastward, and is being exhibited in the various cities through which he passes. One is not inspired with the most profound belief in the claim that he is a prehistoric petrification, since he is in the hands of showmen, and Mr. Barnum has been willing to pay only \$12,000 for a half share in him. Were there convincing evidence that he was really dug up, as is asserted, and that a man once existed seven feet five inches in height, with a tail three inches long, the finders could have realized a fortune. Whether he is an ancient idol or a near relative of the "Cardiff Giant," remains to be seen.

The Russian Government have seized at Kiev a secret printing establishment where an enormous quantity of proclamations had been issued declaring the Romanoff dynasty at an end. Sundry documents designated Ashkoff, one of the chiefs of the Russian socialist party, as the leader in this enterprise, and his arrest with that of several hundred of his followers, was effected. It was found that they were but a few of an immense body of individuals who were conspiring to overturn the imperial rule, now that the country was comparatively bereft of troops.

The growing of flax and the manufacture of linen are restricted to the province of Ulster. Some idea of the magnitude of the Irish linen trade may be gathered from the fact that the quantity exported to foreign countries last month amounted to 13,937,200 yards, being an increase over the corresponding month of 1876 of 1,899,000 yards. Spin and Italy used to be the best customers of the Irish linen manufacturers, but the United States now consume nearly as much as all other foreign countries put together. Thus during the last month we took 6,643,000 yards out of a total export of 13,937,200.

John Koch, a German, has been arrested at Cleveland, Ohio, for marrying a negro under a statute imposing a penalty of \$100 for such an act. The bride had already been married three times, the first time to one Possey, an Englishman, the second time to a colored man named Stuart, whom she killed in a fight by throwing a brick at his head, and the third time to an Irishman named McPhillips. Koch says that he was sick and took care of him better than any one ever did before. He loves her and is going to stick by her whatever may come.

The Associated Rubber Shoe companies have nearly completed definite arrangements for holding a mammoth trade sale of their goods in Boston, at which goods to the value of \$3,000,000 will be disposed of.

It is said the glass factories of New Jersey will be operated to their fullest capacity during the winter, as the manufacturers have received heavy orders for wares that will require a long time of their production. An unusually busy season among the fruit-preserving and packing firms of the state has depleted stock of glassware used for such purposes, and some of the glassworks will have to be run day and night to replace the stock of fruit jars and similar vessels that are used in many farming sections during the winter months. The demand for window glass has also increased this season; the supply on hand is almost entirely reduced, and the production of this article will make the factors interested in its manufacture busy for an indefinite period.

Work in the Pennsylvania coal mines is slightly improving. The coal works at Leechburg are running full time at 50 cents per ton, and the men have all they can do. The employees at the several collieries at Pittston, which resumed at an advance of ten per cent., have been notified of a reduction of wages of this amount. The miners continued work under protest. The strike at Mahanoy City has ended, and work resumed on the companies' conditions. All the works at St. Clair are on now, except Eagle Hill shaft, which was stopped on account of bad ventilation. The Philadelphia and Reading coal and iron company will commence work on a new colliery near Ashland in a few weeks.

In the town of Auburn, Oregon, gold diggings have been found under peculiar circumstances. A boy had been fitted out by his father with the implements of mining, and set to work near the roadside, merely for amusement and to give the youngster something to keep him out of mischief. The ground was staked out formally in mining style, and some waste water was turned into sluices, so as to wash the dirt. The boy worked for a few days faithfully, and to everybody's surprise, he at last panned out a small quantity of gold dust. Laborers were then employed, and the work was deepened and extended, gold continuing to be found, at last accounts, in profitable quantities.

It is understood that during the Paris International Exhibition there will be tests made of the various methods of lighting streets and buildings with electricity, and the relative value of the different systems will be determined. One division of the Exhibition is devoted exclusively to electricity. Although it is conceded that the light afforded by electricity is far superior to any otherwise available, some difference of opinion exists regarding the superiority of the several apparatus now introduced and the comparative expense. Measures are to be taken to insure the utmost impartiality in the experiments, and the result will be anticipated with great interest.

A band of robbers, lying in wait in Nevada for a stage in which a large amount of treasure was to be shipped, were informed of the departure of the vehicle from Eureka by a confederate's signal fire on the top of a mountain nearly thirty miles distant. This fire also excited suspicion, and a guard was sent to protect the stage. A desperate encounter was the result, and the robbers were killed or captured.

The shipments of coal from Cumberland for the year ended November 10, amounted to 39,143 tons, of which 18,013 tons were by Chesapeake and Ohio canal, 15,358 tons by Baltimore and Ohio railroad, and 5,770 tons by the Pennsylvania road. The shipments for the year by the Baltimore and Ohio railroad indicate a decrease for the year of 120,255 tons as compared with 1876; by the canal a decrease of 40,747 tons, and an increase of 35,170 tons by the Pennsylvania road.

There will be no "walk-over" for any candidate in 1880, and the result of the late election indicates that the issue of the next presidential contest will greatly depend upon the record to be made by the democratic members of the present House of Representatives. They were elected to investigate corruption, to promote the abatement of abuses, and to curtail the national expenditures, and the people will hold them responsible for their faithful performance of those duties.

The German navy was increased during 1877 by eight vessels. The Molte, launched on the 13th of October at Dantzig, will be the last completed this year, but others are in progress for completion in 1878. Four of this year's construction are ironclads, and the rest are of iron. Of the former, the Otter is the best bottomed and is intended to chase pirates in shallow waters.

Carl Strahl was arrested at St. Louis, and confessed to having murdered Henry Goetz at a distance from his home, near Columbia, Ill. He then went to the house, hot Mrs. Goetz, and taking the mule of the murdered man from the stable, robbed the house of everything of value and started for St. Louis. After his arrest he was taken to Columbia, and his confession becoming known, a crowd of one hundred citizens took Strahl, and after forcing him to disclose where he had hidden the body of Goetz, hung the murderer to a tree.

It has been frequently observed that in libraries lighted with gas the covers of books bound in Russia, and especially those bound in calf, are soon destroyed. Professor A. H. Church has discovered that the injury thus caused to books is due to the sulphur contained in the gas. In the cover of a book he found 6.21 per cent. of free sulphuric acid and 2.21 per cent. of combined acid. When the products of coal gas combustion are so destructive, the substitution of some other light for libraries is deserving of attention.

A gratifying rumor has recently gained circulation that the inventor of the telephone is at work upon a new instrument. It is a contrivance which can be applied to street organs, hurdygurdies, German bands and pianos out of tune. It will collect the sounds and convey them noiselessly away to common and other waste places, or out to sea; and there the objectionable music will disperse harmlessly. This is a better idea than the telephone, and soon as the inventor can get it to work he ought to secure a large sale.

There are certain families in England which have been notorious for their hold on the national money bags. In later days, the Greys and the Scotch Elphinstons, whom a wag dubbed "the Scotch Greys"—the title of a famous corps—have been conspicuous in this respect. Early in the century the Granvilles were the receivers-general, and it was estimated, drew \$275,000 a year from the Treasury. Since 1831 abuses of this sort have been steadily on the wane.

A serious accident.—On Saturday last, Bernie Lilly, son of Mr. Joe Lilly of this city, aged about nine years, while playing with some boys on the Patapsco Bridge, fell from the bridge on a ledge of rocks and sustained such injury on the head as to cause his death on Thursday evening.—Progress.

Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Directors' Meeting.—The last monthly meeting of the Board of Directors of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad for the fiscal year was held on Wednesday at Camden Station. The principal business before the meeting was the reading of President Garrett's annual report of the road. The report gives in detail the state of the entire Baltimore and Ohio system, the statistics of traffic, and the receipts and expenditures, and a complete statement of its present financial condition. President Garrett also considers at some length the recent strikes throughout the country, with special reference to that on the Baltimore and Ohio, and the effects on the railroad systems of special occurrences. The report will be presented to the stockholders at their meeting on Monday, when the annual election for president will be held. It is understood that the present board of directors and presiding officers will be re-elected.

The Borer.—Now is the time to watch for this year's crop of borers. If you will look at the base of the tree you will see a little deposit of chips, which will indicate their location. They can be removed with a knife without injury to the tree. They will appear like a worm, one-third of an inch in length. Most persons neglect this operation till Spring, by which time they will have made a large cavity in the tree, and done years they become a large worm, and do great injury to the tree. We have heard many complaints from those who have suffered within the past few years from their ravages, and admonish our readers who young orchards to watch their trees. If grass grows around the tree, draw it away, and the borers may be found even below the surface of the ground.

LOCAL AFFAIRS. B. & O. R. R. LOCAL TIME TABLE. East.—Fred. Acc. 7:11 A. M. (Daily); E. City Acc. 8:45 A. M. (Daily); Winchester Acc. 10:12 A. M.; E. City Acc. 2:30 P. M.; Wat. Train, 3:28 P. M.; Mail Acc. 4:54 P. M.; Mt. Union Acc. 6:28 P. M. (Daily); Wat.—Way Train arrives 6:13 A. M., leaves at 6:28 A. M.; E. City Acc. arrives at 7:05 A. M.; Mail Acc. arrives at 8:37 A. M.; E. City Acc. arrives at 2:10 P. M.; Winchester Acc. arrives at 4:57 P. M.; Fred. Acc. arrives at 5:58 P. M.; Mt. Airy Acc. arrives at 7:25 P. M. (Daily); Theatre train leaves Baltimore at 11:00 P. M., arrives here at about 11:55 P. M.

Bold Robberies.—Last Monday night the store of Mr. A. J. Tabler, of this city, was entered by burglars, who carried off one hundred dollars worth of goods and about \$57 which had been left in the money drawer. They effected an entrance through the cellar and thence to the store room. On the same night the burglars entered the blacksmith shop of Mr. Benjamin Melber and carried away a lot of tools, which were found the next morning at Mr. Tabler's store. No clue to the burglars.

Appointment.—Governor Carroll has appointed Wm. Davis, of Gaithersburg, Justice of the Peace for the second district of Howard County, vice George R. Shane, deceased.

Religious.—Revival services have been held in the Methodist Protestant Church of this city during the past week. The meetings have been well attended and a meeting with much success.

Tribute of Respect.—At a meeting of the Land and Loan Association of Ellicott City, held in its office on November 15, 1877, the following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, It has pleased Almighty God to call from among us our fellow member, George H. Shane; Be it Resolved, That, while we bow in humble submission to that Divine will we fully recognize and feel the loss which this association sustains in the death of him who as one of its Directors performed his duties with wisdom and fidelity; whose whole life was characterized by true manliness and liberality; whose active and useful life without an enemy. For those emulating qualities of mind and heart which he so largely possessed we cherish his memory; Therefore be it Resolved, That these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of proceedings of this association and an authenticated copy of the same be transmitted to the family of the deceased.

By order of the Board of Directors, WILLIAM GIBSON, Secretary.

Advertisement.—By looking over the columns of the papers of this city, it will be noticed that comparatively few business men advertise. In other sections of this State there is scarcely a man in business who does not let the public know, through the columns of the press, or circulars, what kind of a profession or trade he is engaged in. Many of our business men who feel the pressure of the times, and the tendency of all classes to retrench and economize, fall into the common error of supposing that the discontinuing and refusing to advertise their business, is one of the best and easiest methods of reducing expenses to meet the decrease of business. The best time to push business is when it is dull, and the quickest way to bring the extra inducements offered by merchants to public view is by advertising in the local papers. When you see a man who advertises liberally, you may be sure of finding a good and saleable stock in his store; that he keeps up with the markets, and can always sell a little cheaper than those who are so unwise and so penurious as not to advertise. There are innumerable instances in this country, of men starting with but a small capital, who by continually and liberally advertising, have reaped independent fortunes. We need refer to the sagacious millionaire, A. T. Stewart, at one time a poor and dependent youth, whose advertising amounted to thousands yearly, and who had the honesty to acknowledge that he was largely indebted for his great success as a merchant to advertising.—Ex.

Job Printing of every kind done neatly, cheaply and after the latest styles at the TIMES OFFICE. EXECUTORS' SALE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY. On the Farm of the late Daniel Snyder, situated on the public road leading from Sykesville to the Frederick Turnpike Road. BY VIRTUE of an order of the Orphans' Court of Baltimore City, the Undersigned will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, at 10 o'clock A. M., on Monday, November 26, 1877. THE FOLLOWING PROPERTY: ONE OLD BAY MARE, 1 BLACK MARE, 1 DUN MARE, 1 BLACK COLT, TWO DUN MULES, ONE BROWN COW (dry), 130 barrels of Corn, 70 Bushels of Potatoes, one Wheelbarrow, 2 Double Sled Ploughs, 1 Diamond Harrow, 2 Double Shovel Ploughs, 1 Dump Cart, 1 set of Cart Harness, 1 Double set of Plough Harness, 13 Hogs 100 lbs. each. 3 Three Horse Wagon. TERMS CASH. J. HENRY WEBER, FREDERICK GLUFF, Executors of Daniel Snyder. J. W. BERRETT, Auct'r. Nov. 17-21s.

Teachers' Association NOTICE. The following is the Teachers' Programme for their Association which will meet at Ellicott City, on November 23d: 1. World it be wise policy for Government to pension veteran teachers? (Discussion.) Affirmative—Mr. Bennett, Mr. Gehlin. Negative—Dr. Woodward, Mr. Carroll. 2. "How to teach History."—Mr. Musser. 3. Does the diffusion of Education lessen Crime? Messrs. Baker and Wyatt. 4. Essay—Miss Talbot. 5. How the "Graded System" works in Howard County.—Experience of Teacher. 6. Review of the method of computing average salaries, as prescribed by the County School Board, to be adopted by every Teacher in the County. 7. History of the Educational fund retained in the Treasury of Maryland.—Dr. Wm. H. Harkey. Nov. 17-18. EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

CLERK'S OFFICE. CIRCUIT COURT FOR HOWARD COUNTY, November 14, 1877. Notice is hereby given that commissions have been received at this office for the following named officers, who are required by law to appear before the Clerk and qualify within thirty days from the receipt of their commissions: Sheriff—Joseph Hunt. Commissions received November 15th. County Commissioners—Jerome C. Berry, Samuel Brown, William Rowles. Commissions received November 15th. Justice of Peace 2d district—William Davis of G. Commissions received November 15th. Nov. 17-21s. L. J. WATKINS, Clerk.

MAGISTRATE'S AND CONSTABLE'S BLANKS OF ALL KINDS FOR SALE AT THE TIMES OFFICE. NOTICE OF ESTRAY. Howard County, Md. I hereby certify that John W. Renehan, of Howard County, brought before me, the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace of the State of Maryland, for and for said county, this 13th day of November, 1877, as estrays trespassing upon his enclosures, FOUR SPOTTED HOGS, three of them being one and one another ear marked with a hole and a slit, the other two sows marked with a hole and three bits on the left ear, the narrow a hole and three bits out of the right ear. Given under my hand. JAMES D. COOK, J. P.

NOTICE OF ESTRAY. Strayed away or was stolen on November 4, 1877, A MARE GOLD S MOON and, near the left hind leg above the hoof, the same hoof is white. A liberal reward will be paid for any information leading to its recovery by JAMES E. VANSANT, Chief of Police, Ellicott City, Md. Nov. 17-21s. JOHN W. RENEHAN.

Job Printing of every kind done neatly, cheaply and after the latest styles at the TIMES OFFICE.

DIED. On Thursday morning, November 15th 1877, E. S. DUVALL, aged 30 years.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF A VALUABLE FARM IN HOWARD COUNTY, NEAR LAUREL AND SAVAGE STATIONS, WASHINGTON BRANCH OF THE B. & O. R. R.—BY PUBLIC AUCTION. BY VIRTUE of a decree of the Circuit Court for Howard County, sitting in equity, the Undersigned Trustee will offer for sale by Public Auction at Harrison's Hotel, in Laurel, Howard County, on

Monday, December 10, 1877, at 1:30 o'clock P. M., that very desirable Farm now occupied by Mrs. Sarah Peltz, situated on the middle branch of the Patuxent about 2 1/2 miles from Laurel and about 2 miles from Savage Station B. & O. R. R., and comprising about TWO HUNDRED AND A HALF ACRES, MORE OR LESS. The above tract of land is a part of the estate of the late Jonathan Marriott and is near the property of the Savage Manufacturing Company. It is watered well throughout and is one of the best roads in Howard County. The improvements consist of a large and commodious FRAME DWELLING, a well furnished HOUSE, Barn, Stables, Cow Stables, and Tenement Houses. The Dairy is an unusually fine one supplied by a spring, and the Stables are supplied with water. There is a fine Orchard of choice fruit on the place. There is a fine tract of ornamental trees surrounding the dwelling which is located on very high ground. The sale is made merely for the purpose of closing an estate. TERMS—One-third CASH, balance in six and twelve months with interest from day of sale, or all CASH as the purchaser may select. CHARLES POPPER, J. T. MASOUD, R. R. Trustees. F. W. BENNETT & CO., Auctioneers. Nov. 17-21s.

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Teachers' Association NOTICE. The following is the Teachers' Programme for their Association which will meet at Ellicott City, on November 23d: 1. World it be wise policy for Government to pension veteran teachers? (Discussion.) Affirmative—Mr. Bennett, Mr. Gehlin. Negative—Dr. Woodward, Mr. Carroll. 2. "How to teach History."—Mr. Musser. 3. Does the diffusion of Education lessen Crime? Messrs. Baker and Wyatt. 4. Essay—Miss Talbot. 5. How the "Graded System" works in Howard County.—Experience of Teacher. 6. Review of the method of computing average salaries, as prescribed by the County School Board, to be adopted by every Teacher in the County. 7. History of the Educational fund retained in the Treasury of Maryland.—Dr. Wm. H. Harkey. Nov. 17-18. EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

CLERK'S OFFICE. CIRCUIT COURT FOR HOWARD COUNTY, November 14, 1877. Notice is hereby given that commissions have been received at this office for the following named officers, who are required by law to appear before the Clerk and qualify within thirty days from the receipt of their commissions: Sheriff—Joseph Hunt. Commissions received November 15th. County Commissioners—Jerome C. Berry, Samuel Brown, William Rowles. Commissions received November 15th. Justice of Peace 2d district—William Davis of G. Commissions received November 15th. Nov. 17-21s. L. J. WATKINS, Clerk.

MAGISTRATE'S AND CONSTABLE'S BLANKS OF ALL KINDS FOR SALE AT THE TIMES OFFICE. NOTICE OF ESTRAY. Howard County, Md. I hereby certify that John W. Renehan, of Howard County, brought before me, the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace of the State of Maryland, for and for said county, this 13th day of November, 1877, as estrays trespassing upon his enclosures, FOUR SPOTTED HOGS, three of them being one and one another ear marked with a hole and a slit, the other two sows marked with a hole and three bits on the left ear, the narrow a hole and three bits out of the right ear. Given under my hand. JAMES D. COOK, J. P.

NOTICE OF ESTRAY. Strayed away or was stolen on November 4, 1877, A MARE GOLD S MOON and, near the left hind leg above the hoof, the same hoof is white. A liberal reward will be paid for any information leading to its recovery by JAMES E. VANSANT, Chief of Police, Ellicott City, Md. Nov. 17-21s. JOHN W. RENEHAN.

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