Ellicott City Times
AND
HOWARD COUNTY ADVERTISER.
SATURDAY, JUNE 9, 1877.

☞Advertising rates on first page.
☞Death and Marriage Notices inserted free of charge.
Obituaries and Personal Advertisements five cents per line.
Rule and Figure Work will be charged double the regular rates.
☞Correspondence is respectfully solicited from all parts of the County and State—but communications must, in all cases, be accompanied by some responsible name as a voucher for the writer's good faith.

Weather Meteorological Observations,

TAKEN AT WOODSTOCK COLLEGE, from May 31, to June 6, 1877.

Days.	Thermometer. Max.	Min.	Mean.	Inches.	Force.	Wind. Direction.	Weather.
Thursday	81 0	52 0	65 30		1	S. W.	Clear
Friday	80 0	51 0	70 85			S. W.	Clear
Saturday	76 7	54 7	63 37			S. W.	Clear
Sunday	83 0	61 0	72 32			W.	Clear
Monday	73 0	60 5	71 20		1	S. W.	Fair
Tuesday	79 5	62 5	68 60	R.—1 00	1	S.	Fair
Wednesday	79 8	62 0	68 10	R.—2 75	1	S.	Cloudy

*One inch of melted is considered equivalent to ten of unmelted Snow.

[EXPLANATION.—Thermometer, *Max., Min.* showing the extreme heat (in the shade) and cold in the 24 hours; *Mean*, the result of observations made at 7 A. M. and 2 and 9 P. M., obtained by dividing their sum by 3; *R. S. H.* rainfall, snow, or hail (melted) during the 24 hours; *Wind, force*, graduated between 10 (the highest) and 0 (a dead calm), taken at 4 P. M., *Direction*, the prevalent direction *from* which it blows. In the *Weather* column is given the general aspect of the sky during the day.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

MONDAY.

Events of the past week in financial circles were not important. The monetary situation was very easy, and 1½@2½ per cent. were the extreme rates on accepted collaterals. The foreign exchanges were firm and a shade easier. Gold speculation was heavy, and prices declined from 106⅞@105⅞. Government bonds were lower, in sympathy with gold on a moderate amount of business.

Woodward the Tennessee embezzler, arrested in San Francisco, has been released. He was charged with taking $180,000, and his bondsmen have paid $40,000 on account.

The steamship Maine, from New York to Europe, on Saturday carried out $100,000 in gold coin.

Sylvester F. Wilson, formerly an agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and at present the agent of George Francis Train, was arrested in New York Saturday, on the charge of issuing forged passes on the above named road. He was remanded for examination.

There were large shipments of grain Saturday, and the City of Berlin took among her cargo 360 boxes of cheese.

TUESDAY.

In Wall street yesterday money closed easy at 1½ per cent.; exchange steady at 4.88@4.90½; gold at 105⅞; governments closed strong.

The bail of Kramer, charged with attempting to burn the Exchange Hotel, of Bloomsburg, Pa., was yesterday fixed at $85,000, in the absence of which he went to jail.

The number of postage stamps of the various denominations issued to postmasters at Washington yesterday was 6,217,200, the face value of which was $149,759.

Reports from nearly all the States go to show that the prospects of nine thousand crops of wheat are very flattering, notwithstanding the drouth.

The officers of the Pennsylvania Railroad, stationed in Jersey City, had not been notified of the decision of the locomotive engineers regarding a strike up to a late hour, and it now seems to be their opinion that such a serious step will not be taken.

The Commission of ex-Gov. Osborne, of Kansas, as Minister Resident to Chili, was signed at the State Department yesterday, relieving Dr. Logan of the same State, whose resignation was requested some days ago.

WEDNESDAY

From recent advices received by the Department of the Interior, it is probable that "Sitting Bull" is now at Wood Mountain, in Canadian territory.

The United States steamer Hartford, flagship of Rear Admiral Stephen Trenchard, commanding the North Atlantic station, arrived in the Hampton Roads on Monday night from Port Royal; all well.

As a freight train approached the bridge at Albany yesterday morning, the draw was discovered to be open, but too late to prevent the engine and tender from plunging into the river; the engineer and fireman escaped injury.

The grand jury of Green county, N. Y., has indicted Gaff, Fleischman & Co. for selling swill milk.

In Wall street yesterday money closed easy at 1@1½ per cent.; exchange steady at 488@490½; gold at 105⅞; governments closed steady.

A despatch from London reports the loss of the Steam Navigation Company's mail steamer Gambia on the 18th of May, off Cape Palmas. Crew and passengers saved.

A Salt Lake City despatch reports that General Crook expresses the opinion that no more troops are needed in Utah.

Specie engagements for to-day's European steamers amount to half a million dollars, gold coin.

At Chicago, yesterday, the eighth annual Convention of the American Medical Association commenced under auspicious circumstances. Only routine business was transacted.

THURSDAY.

The Sixteenth Regiment of infantry has been ordered from New Orleans to service in the West.

It is denied at the State Department that the subject of a change in the ministers to Portugal or Italy has been under consideration.

It is said that the English mission has been placed at the disposal of Secretary Fish, and that he will relieve Minister Pierrepont at London, early in the fall.

General Miles has officially reported to General Sheridan an account of his fight with Lame Deer's hostiles on the 7th of May, confirming the account heretofore published.

For the first time since his inauguration President Hayes was not bored by a Maryland or District of Columbia delegation yesterday.

Four hundred and fifty thousand dollars in gold coin went from New York yesterday for Europe.

The office of the *North American*, Philadelphia, will employ non-union hands, the society declining to allow its members to take the reduced price offered.

Money closed easy in Wall street yesterday at ⅝ per cent.; exchange steady at 488@490½; gold at 105⅞; governments active.

It's reported that there are twelve cases of small-pox in Germantown, one of the suburbs of Louisville, and about twenty cases are reported in the city. Proper precautions are being taken to stop it.

The Medical Association reconvened yesterday in Chicago, divided into sections for the discussion of medical jurisprudence, &c., and then adjourned.

FRIDAY.

A terrific southwesterly wind and rain storm prevailed at Omaha, Nebraska, swept eastward into Iowa Wednesday night, doing great damage in town and county. At Omaha the Congregational Church steeple was blown down, and the barracks stables demolished, while the havoc with telegraph poles, trees, chimneys and porches was extensive. The storm blew down Floral Hall and many other small buildings at the Omaha fair grounds. At Florence a large hall was unroofed. In the cemeteries many of the finest and largest monuments were thrown down. At Papillion, Nebraska, nine miles southwest of Omaha, many buildings were damaged, among others the Episcopal Church, which was unroofed.

A committee of fruit importers called on the custom-house investigating commission in New York yesterday and urged that special permits should be issued so that vessels could at once be discharged on arriving at the docks, and that duty on green fruits from the tropics should be taken off altogether. Collector Arthur agreed with the committee that the interests of the revenue and the importers demanded that permission to promptly discharge vessels with green fruit should be granted before the vessels are entered.

The trade sale of the associated rubber shoe companies began at Boston yesterday. The prices exceeded expectation. Children's imitation sandals brought 23a29 cents; men's 45a50 cents; ladies' 35 cents; men's long top boots $3 80; short do. 2 60a$265; buckle arctics 1 27½a$1 30; ladies' do. 96a97½ cents; men's wool Alaskas 72½ cents; ladies' do. 56a59 cents; boys' short boots $1 72½; ladies' boots $1.

The final passage of the tax bill by the South Carolina Legislature, including a provision for the payment of interest on the bonded debt of the State, is regarded with much satisfaction in business circles in Charleston, as an assurance that the danger which has threatened the State is passed.

The Pennsylvania Supreme Court yesterday refused the writ of error asked for in the case of Geo. A. Fletcher, sentenced to be hung in Philadelphia on Monday next for the murder of Hanley. The board of pardons have declined to open the case.

The Russo-Turkish campaign is still without important event.

The truth about the fighting in Montenegro is still carefully evaded by contradictory dispatches.

Considerable unpleasantness exists between Russian and Roumanian officials. The Russians want more power in Roumania than the latter is willing to concede.

—It is getting to be pretty well understood that the Turks are by no means on a warlike footing, hot as they were for war. The troops will no doubt fight bravely, but in their rear there is nothing but effeminacy, prodigality and rascality. The government makes a daily revelation of its incapacity, and the people neglect no opportunity to show how much they hold it in contempt. A dispatch from a correspondent of the New York *Times*, paints a black picture, but it is no worse than we are prepared to see after perusal of the reports of English correspondents, with all their efforts to put the Turkish Government before the civilized light. With a back-boneless government, a still-born constitution, an army of officials ruined by prodigality and a people disheartened and well-nigh ruined by misrule, it would be indeed strange if this miserable apology for a nation should make a successful fight. Without that aid from other countries, which must now seem to it a mere ignus fatuus, at present Turkey's defeat appears to depend upon Russia's determination to throw all her might into the scale.

—A Detroit, Mich., dispatch says: The forest fires in the lower peninsula of Michigan extend from Towas to Harrisonville, a distance of forty miles, along the shore of Lake Huron, and for an indefinite distance inland. The destruction of standing timber, saw-logs banked, fences, farmers' barns, dwellings, &c., is very great. No towns are in immediate danger, but unless a heavy fall of rain soon comes none can tell where or when the fires will cease. Persons arriving here report the smoke from these fires as being very dense, and extending over the length of Lake Huron, making all navigation dangerous. The fires are raging in Delta, Marquetta and School-craft counties, in the upper peninsula.

—When the entire fundable debt of South Carolina shall have been converted into consolidation bonds and stocks the State debt will amount to $5,976,917. This result is obtained by the repudiation in 1873 of the $6,000,000 of spurious conversion bonds and by the scaling of the remainder of the debt to fifty cents on the dollar.

—It seems there are a few lawyers out at Deadwood, the shanty capital of the Black Hills but there must be standing room for many more. The first court was opened there a few days ago, which is an evidence of the progress of modern civilization. As soon as it had opened, forty-two lawyers were admitted to practice, and as many more are waiting their turn to be admitted. This is only eighty-four lawyers for a town of over a hundred shanties. We suppose they will all find employment, or at least get an occasioned job, without digging in the ground for gold. There will doubtless be litigation over every claim in the Black Hills upon which even the color of gold is found. There will be a dispute over the ownership of every of every lot in the town of Deadwood. Debtors and creditors will rush to law. Policemen and citizens will assert their rights against each other in court. Fighting men and land pirates will seek redress through the lawyers. In short, there will be no end to legal disputation; and we shall not be surprised to hear, within the next three months, that the lawyers' fees have been heavier than all the gold taken out of the Black Hills.—*Ex.*

—A man named Robert Williams died in Liverpool the other day from having had his blood transfused into another man who was ill. He went on all well for a day or two afterward. He then became ill, got gradually weaker, and died from erysipelas. The deceased was a man of full habit, and was occasionally given to drinking. The surgeon who performed the operation, before doing so, made particular inquiries from the deceased as to his habits and state of health, and his answers were satisfactory. At the inquest medical evidence was to the effect that the operation had been skilfully performed. Dr. Higginson said he had performed the operation successfully in fifteen cases. The jury returned a verdict of "death by misadventure," but they were also of opinion that sufficient inquiry was not made by the medical men who made the operation as to the deceased's habits and physical condition, and that he was not sufficiently cautioned as to the risk he was running.

—Nobody will be greatly suprised at the upshot of the Ellenton trials. It was not in the nature of things that a jury constituted on the color line should ever agree upon a case which had its origin in the presupposed enmity of the races, and common sense will now probably prevail over partisan hatred and lead to the virtual abandonment of the prosecution. Under Hampton's honest and conciliating rule it is safe to predict that outbreaks of the character which formed the basis for the Ellenton conspiracy charges will be as unheard of in South Carolina as in any northern state, and it can serve no good purpose to keep alive any of the resentments which flame under the reign of Chamberlain. The sooner all remembrances of the "policy of hate" are buried in oblivion, the sooner will the peace and prosperity of both races be established on a permanent footing.

—They speed the parting and welcome the coming guest very warmly at Washington. A. M. Clapp, the Public Printer, who was investigated several times by Congress, went into involuntary exile on the first of the month, whereupon the venerable agent of the Associated Press remarks, "he was surrounded by the numerous persons employed in the public printing office to express their *warm* wished for his future happiness."

His successor, John D. Defrees, next appeared on the scene, and "was *warmly* welcomed by the old employees." When the men who have disgraced the craft and been billeted on the Government printing office by members of Congress and managing politicians are driven out, perhaps their enthusiasm will be less tropical. A million of dollars at least could be saved every year if Congress would abolish this whole concern, and put the work up to fair competition.

—The reduction of the amount of paper in circulation has been more marked during May than for several months. Legal tenders have decreased $1,081,839 and national bank circulation $924,993, a total of over two millions. The month of April showed a net increase of national bank circulation. This statement shows a decided move in the other direction. The total contraction in eleven months, since the beginning of the fiscal year, has been almost twenty-five millions. The rate of gold has come down in consequence and money is just as much a drug now as it was at this time a year ago. This being the experience of a twelve-month it would not be at all surprising to see the banks availing themselves of the power in their hands to contract the currency by taking out new circulation, causing a retiring of legal tenders and then withdrawing the notes again.

—In the Charles county court recently John Edelen, road supervisor, was fined $25 and costs, amounting to $53 23, for not keeping the road from Newport to Budd's creek as well as a road leading through John L. Budd's land to the public landing on the Wicomico in good order, notwithstanding Mr. Cavlin, one of the commissioners, had stopped him from further work on those roads in September or October. The court held this order did not excuse the traverser, who had taken the office of road supervisor with all its duties and burdens, and he could not plead in his justification the orders of the commissioners, if those orders caused him to neglect his duties. The court declared its purpose to hold the road officers to the strictest accountability hereafter.

—It seems to have been a pretty clever little ring which has just been brought to grief in the marshal's office at Greensboro', North Carolina, and as its ramifications extended into state politics, it is to be feared its exposure will not tend to help the new-party movement which the republican politicians were so anxious to engineer for Mr. Hayes. Indeed, when all the facts come out, it may be discovered that the republican leader in North Carolina have been playing a very smart game with the President, and that the party itself is scarcely in a more healthful condition than in the other Carolina. Here is a fine opportunity for Mr. Devens to display his powers.

—Newfoundland's sealing voyage this year has been uncommonly prosperous. Vessels of the fleet have already returned with full cargoes, the cargo of one of them being 27,000 furs. Her voyage lasted only fifteen days. All the vessels were propelled by steam, steamers having been found more profitable than sailing vessels. Only half as many men as were fromerly employed are now needed on the fleet.

—The Bank of Commerce of the city of New York has recently reduced its capital from $10,000,000 to $5,000,000. This action leaves the Bank of Nevada, in San Francisco, the wealthiest banking corporation in the United States. The capital of the Bank of Nevada, is now $10,000,000, held by five individuals. Messrs. Flood, O'Brien, Mackey and Fair each own 23,750 of the shares, or $2,375,000 of the stock, and Louis McLane, the President, 5,000 shares, or $500,000 of the stock. The only bank on the continent exceeding it is the Bank of Montreal, whose capital $12,000,000. The Merchants' Bank, of Montreal, ranks next to the Nevada Bank, with a capital of $9,000,000. The Central Railroad and Banking Company of Savannah, Ga., has a capital of $7,500,000.

—During the eight months ending with February 1876, the coffee imported by the United States amounted in weight to 255,784,000 pounds, and in value to $13,140,000; the importations of tea for the same period amounted to 43,331,000 pounds, valued at $13,796,000. During the eight months ending with February, 1877, the importation of coffee had fallen to 190,571,000 pounds, valued at $29,311,060; while the quantity of tea brought into the country was only 38,565,000. In this country coffee is ranked among the necessaries of life, and the decrease of nearly 25 per cent. in the use of it may be taken to mean that the pinch of the hard times is nearly 25 per cent. tighter this year than last.

—The sub-committee of the committee of fifteen, appointed recently by the Delaware peninsula peach growers to arrange rates, routes and new markets for the forthcoming crop, had a conference Tuesday, in Philadelphia, with representatives of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore, Baltimore and Ohio, Philadelphia and Reading, Pennsylvania Central, New York Central, and New York and New England railroads. The meeting was private, but the results arrived at, which are understood to be satisfactory in the main to all parties concerned, will be reported to a convention of growers to be held at Middletown, Del.

—Gov. Hubbard of Texas has offered a reward for the arrest of persons guilty of breaking into jails and of lynching. It is to be hoped that the savage practice of lynching will thus be put an end to in Texas. It is safe to say that one-half of the persons lynched are innocent of the crimes for which they suffer, and not infrequently the ends of private malice are gratified under the pretence of punishing wrong-doers. Texas would be a much more desirable place to live in than it is now if the laws were strictly and uniformly enforced, and mob rule sternly suppressed.

—The hospitality of Mr. Pierrepoint excites the wonder of the London *World*, which surmises that he must have an enormous fortune to enable him to entertain so lavishly, and adds: "Receptions half the day, and dinners and balls at night—when will it all stop? It is enough to ruin an Astor. Mr. Pierrepoint really should moderate his transports of gratitude for hospitality received. He has already caused a serious rise in the prices of poultry and American beef, and his cook must be half dead with work. There is no sleeping within a mile of Cavendish square for the rattle of carriages and the sounds of riotous living."

—The Khedive of Egypt washes his hands of the refusal of Turkey to allow the Russian fleet to pass through the Suez canal. He says that if Turkey wants to prevent that passage of the canal it must send its men-of-war there to do it. But it seems probable that it is England, and not Egypt or Turkey, that will decide about the Suez canal. She owns twenty millions of its stock and owns the Island of Aden that commands the approaches to the Red sea. Besides this, it is the only real point that touches the interests of England, and for these she will fight.

—Public buildings economically, securely and honestly erected are only found as a rule in old-fogy communities, and it ought to be a source of pleasure rather than of pain for such a young giant as Chicago to find out, as it is now doing with the help of a special grand jury, that its new county courthouse is one mammoth job, with fraud for a cornerstone and corruption peeping out at every story. New York and Philadelphia have both had a similar experience, and seem to be rather proud of it, and only Baltimore is unable to boast of such a stately pile of plunder.

—The report of the South Carolina legislative conference committee appointed to adjust the differences between the two houses relative to the appropriation bill was adopted by the House on Wednesday with only a majority of 7. The Senate subsequently adopted the report. A concurrent resolution was passed by both houses on Thursday declaring the seat of Judge R. B. Carpenter vacant, on the ground that the election in December, 1875, was illegal, the office at that time not being vacant, and ordering an election to fill the vacancy on Thursday.

—The more the bureau of engraving and printing is investigated the more scandalous appears to have been its past management. It not only employed half a thousand more people than there was any occasion for, but it laid in enough supplies in some articles to last for ten years to come. As these were purchased at the highest prices the presumption is that there was a job somewhere, and that somebody besides the contractors profited by it. Secretary Sherman is hardly the man to uncover old scandals, but if the government has been cheated the swindler ought certainly to be put in public pillory.

—The western man who fails to discover a new bug is not thought much of. Judge Stewart, of Iowa, is the latest heard from. He contributes a new pest resembling the pinch bug which has destroyed all the chestnut, butternut, elm and cottonwood trees on his place, and has commenced on the apple trees. Mr. Stewart says there are millions of them. In daytime they work into the ground around the trees, and cover themselves up, about sundown come out, ascend the trees, and go to work.

—Honest John Sherman seems to have a neat way of reducing the public debt by omitting from the monthy statement valid claims for which no appropriation has yet been made. Treasury bookkeeping greatly needs to be reformed.

—We are again called upon to chronicle another most destructive fire, the origin of which is etirely unknown. On Friday last the large new store of Mr. Andrew W. Brown, in Surrattsville, was entirely destroyed, with the stock of goods, the books and accounts only being saved. The loss will amount to about $7,000, covered, it is reported, in part by $2,000. There was no insurance of $2,000. There was no one in the store on the night of the fire, and no fire in any part of the building, and it is very generally believed to be the work of an incendiary. Mr. Brown built a large storehouse at Beltsville about a year ago, and on the eve of his occupying the same it was destroyed by fire. Mr. Brown has the sympathy of the entire community in this his second severe loss. *Marlboro (Md.) Gazette.*

—The course of justice in the case of the Chico (Cal.) murderers was laudably rapid. On the 14th of March a party of white men, members of an association formed for the purpose of preventing Chinese immigration, took arms and kerosene to a cabin occupied by Chinamen, in Butte County, robbed the occupants, shot them, set fire to the premises and left. Nine of the jurors were for a verdict of murder in the first degree, but rather than bring about a disagreement yielded and made the finding murder in the second degree; and thus, forty-two days after their crime was committed the murderers entered the State prison to serve ten-year terms.

—Last month, a white member of the South Carolina Legislature introduced a bill to prevent mixed marriages. It provided that contracts of marriage between white persons and persons of African or Indian descent, "to the third generation inclusive," should be void; it further made such contract a misdemeanor, punishable by fine and imprisonment. Naturally, the colored members opposed this bill, those of mixed blood as naturally taking the lead. After a temperate discussion, the enacting clause was stricken out by the votes of white Democrats, and black and white can still intermarry.

-Last January Louisiana consolidated bonds were selling as low as 50. Within the past fortnight they have reached 92. These facts make their own commentary. It is worthy of remembrance that before the fate of the Packard sham Government had been pronounced. Republicans who professed to regard it as legitimate were speculating in these very securities upon the theory of a rise in case Nicholls was recognized, and many of them have since made fortunes by the appreciation of the bonds.

—The *Garrett County Herald* says: "We are informed that the North Branch company has made application to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad company for cars for coal shipment to Cumberland and via canal, and that Mr. Bryden has made such arrangements as to enable him to place his coal in successful competition with Clearfield coal. We hope Mr. Brydon will succeed and that relief will speedily follow to shippers of merchandise and produce generally to and from local points."

—The Albany moulders' union, formerly one of the most powerful labor organizations in the country, has virtually disbanded by voting that the members may work for whatever wages they can get. They have been on a strike all the winter and spring, and their place in the foundries have been filled. The same result has nearly been reached in Troy, a great stove manufacturing place, where a long strike has been attended with much bloodshed.

—Boston is to be the refuge of the sick and the poor. It already has a fine city hospital, with an annual expenditure of $150,000, and the Massachusetts General Hospital, with an endowment of a million. The late Peter B. Brigham, who died last week, left about three fourths of his fortune to endow still another hospital. It is to accumulate until the year 1900, when the fund will amount to about three millions.

—John Southworth and Mrs. Carr eloped from Pownal, Vt., and rode in a carriage across the line into this State. Mr. Carr pursued them on horseback, and overtook them in Rensselaer county. He drew a pistol, seated himself in the carriage by the side of his wife, and returned home with her, compelling Southworth to walk ahead all the way. Once back in Vermont, he had the offenders arrested.—*N. Y. Paper.*

—The exports of dried fruits from the United States to Europe since last June have amounted to $2,500,000 in value, compared with $600,000 in the same period the year before. Dried apples figure largely in this movement. This country has exported over 12,000,000 pounds of them since last June, as compared with 522,000 pounds the previous year.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

B. & O. R. R. LOCAL TIME TABLE. *East.—Fred. Acc.* 7.14 *A. M., (Daily); E. City Acc.* 8.50 *A. M.; Winchester Acc.* 10.12 *A. M.; E. City Acc.* 2.40 *P. M., (Daily); Way Train,* 3,28 *P. M.; Mail Acc.* 5.05 *P. M.; Milk Train Acc.* 6.42 *P. M., (Daily); E. City Acc.* 8.30 *P. M. West.—Way Train arrives* 6.13 *A. M., leaves at* 6.28 *A. M.; E. City Acco. arrives at* 7.10 *A. M.; Mail Acc. arrives at* 8.36 *A. M.; E. City Acc. arrives at* 2.10 *P. M.; Winchester Acc. arrives at* 4.38 *P. M.; Fred. Acc. arrives at* 5.58 *P. M.; E. City* 7.15 *P. M. Theatre train leaves Baltimore at* 11.05 *P. M., arrives here at about* 11.55 *P. M.*

List of Letters remaining in the Ellicott City Post Office the month ending May 31, 1877. If not called for in thirty days they will be forwarded to the Dead Letter Office:

Barnes Thomas	King Mollie
Brooks Samuel	Linn L B
Carver Nancy	Miles Mrs
Clark Thomas	Nuckles Mrs
Drechsler Henry	Scroggins Sarah
Gardner James	Smith Mrs
Halkins Geo	Thompson Samuel
Harden Joseph	Williams Ella
Isaacs Wm S	Wyman Wm L
Jones Dr J	

Persons calling for the above letters will please say they are advertised.
R. N. WHARRY, P. M.

Heavy Rains fell in this latitude early in the week inflicting much damage at some points, though we have heard of none in this county. The rain was very badly needed and came just in time. Old farmers say they never saw the crops looking finer at this season of the year than just now.

The "Golden Jubilee" or 50th anniversary of the elevation of Pope Pius IX. to the dignity of the episcopal office was appropriately celebrated in St. Paul's Catholic Church, this city, on Sunday last. At the 8 o'clock Mass nearly three hundred people approached Holy Communion. Preceding the half-past ten o'clock Mass the band and orchestra of Rock Hill College rendered the "Hundred and One March" in excellent style. The pastor, Fr. Dougherty, officiated, and immediately after the first Gospel delivered a brief but excellent discourse bearing upon the life of the present Pope, and also referred to his predecessors who had formed links in the grand chain of great men who have successively filled the chair of Peter during the past eighteen hundred years, and who, he claimed would continue to do so even unto the consummation of time. Wurth's Mass in D was sung by forty students of Rock Hill College, accompanied by the band and full orchestra. Lambillotte's *Laudate Zion* was sung at the offertory, and at the end of Mass the 90th Psalm was rendered in Gregorian style, after which a procession of the Blessed Sacrament, in which the Brothers of Rock Hill College took part, with acolytes, cross-bearer and censers, moved around the church, the choir singing the *Tantum Ergo* and other hymns. Benediction closed the exercises, followed by the band and orchestra playing the "Sounds of Freedom March." Bro. Luke had the direction of the musical exercises, aided by Bro. Julius, of Calvert Hall, Balto., who presided at the organ. Among those who deserve individual mention among the singers were Masters Frank Jenkins and George Drury of Baltimore, the former especially for his rendition of the solo *Et Incarnatus* in the *Credo.* A large congregation was present, many from other denominations also being in attendance. Vespers were sung at 4 o'clock in the evening by the choir of the church, assisted by some ladies from Baltimore. The evening service concluded by singing the *Te Deum.*

The day also was appropriately celebrated in St. Mary's Church, Doughoregan Manor, St. Augustine's, Elkridge Landing, Woodstock, Ilchester and St. Charles Colleges, in all of which reference was made in the sermons to the great event in the life of the present Pope. In all the music was more than usually good.

Woodstock Items.—Mr. A. A. Fahey opened his store here on Saturday last. He will also be agent for the B. & O. R. R., and Adams' Express Companies.

Nearly three hundred tons of coal were received at this station last week for use in Woodstock college next winter.

Two strawberry festivals will be held at the Granite next week. The ladies of the Methodist denomination will hold one in a large tent commencing on Wednesday evening and concluding Saturday night. The Presbyterians will also hold one in their church on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday evenings. The former is for the purpose of raising funds towards the erection of a new church, and the latter for the benefit of the church.

The fleet of row boats seven in number belonging to the students of the college are again in the river, and with their new coats of paint present a very attractive appearance. A pull of nearly a mile can be had on the dam made by the students themselves some years ago.

A young man named Shipley, a nephew of Mr. Noah Worthington, living in Baltimore county, met with a very severe accident last week by being thrown from a horse.

Fish Hatching in Maryland. Major Ferguson, United States fish commissioner for Maryland, is busily engaged at present attending to the distribution of fishes hatched during the spring months. The shad-hatching at Havre-de-Grace is progressing very satisfactorily. He expects to distribute during the present season over 6,000,000 in Pocomoke, Nanticoke and Choptank rivers. Last week 500,000 were placed in the Sassafras, Bohemia and Elk, the steamer Lookout, engaged by the commission, ascending to the head of the streams and dropping the young fish there. Major Ferguson has made several unavailing efforts to import European fish for the Maryland waters, but it was not until last week that he finally succeeded. He received at Druid Hill on Saturday 431 carp and tench, which had been brought over in tanks in the North German Lloyd steamer Necker to New York. From them he expects to secure, by careful management, a considerable number of young fish for distribution.—*Gazette.*

Memorial Services.—The Confederate Memorial Services came off at Loudon Park on Thursday last, and were attended by a large number of persons. The decorations were very beautiful, and eloquent orations pertinent to the occasion were delivered by Rev. W. W. Walker, Captain Randolph Barton and Captain J. Mortimer Kilgour.

On Tuesday next, June 12th, Memorial Ceremonies and the dedication of a monument will come off at Hagerstown. The B. & O. R. R. Co., will run a special train, which will arrive here at 8.36 A. M. and returning leave Hagerstown at 6.00 P. M. Round trip tickets, $1.50.

Cultivation of Peas.—The Maine State Pomological Society, recommends the following method of raising peas for family use:

"Dig trenches in a warm, sheltered location, soon after the frost leaves the ground, about one and a half feet wide and three feet apart; fill the bottom with old compost and cover the manure with loam, upon which sow the peas very thickly and cover them *six inches deep.* After the first weeding, insert in the ground a row of sticks on each side of the trenches or rows, so that the tops of the sticks shall be at least five feet above the surface of the ground. The advantages of this mode of cultivation are, that this vegetable comes up strong and vigorous, is not preyed upon by fowls and pigeons, is not so easily pulled up, is not so much affected by the drought of summer, is more prolific, and furnishes peas for a longer season, or about three weeks."

St. Clement's Hall.—Commencement week was inaugurated on Thursday last by the beginning of the oral examinations which will last each day till Tuesday afternoon next at 3 P. M. On Tuesday at 3 P. M. the Rev. Dr. Hale, of Baltimore, will deliver a lecture on "Russia," in which country he has spent some time. His lecture will doubtless be very interesting. On Thursday at 10½ A. M. there will be a public contest in games and athletic sports. On Friday at 10½ A. M. the annual commencement will take place. The public are invited to the oral examinations and the games and commencement.

Episcopal Visitation.—The Rt. Rev. Bishop Pinkney will (D. v.) visit St. Peter's Church, in this city, on Friday night, June 15th. Service at 8 o'clock.

An Assessment Decision of some importance was made by the Circuit Court of Talbot county at its recent session. Miller Lodge, I. O. O. F., of Easton, and the building associations of Easton and St. Michael's appealed to the court review assessing their property for taxation. The court decided that so much of the Odd-Fellows' building as is rented out and made a source of revenue is assessable, and must be taxed. Also that the unredeemed shares of the building associations held by individuals must be taxed, but that the property of those associations is exempt.

Pic-Nic.—A pic nic will be held in the grove of Mrs. Cleary, near Woodstock, on Saturday, June 23d, (if fair, if not the next fair Saturday). A day of enjoyment is promised all who attend. A dancing platform will be erected, and a cotillion band from Baltimore will furnish the music. Refreshments of all kinds on the grounds at moderate rates.

Chesapeake and Ohio Canal. The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal at Annapolis on Monday elected the following: President, A. P. German; Directors, Jas. G. Berret, of Washington city; M. Bannon, of Anne Arundel; B. B. Crawford, of Montgomery; H. D. Farnandis, of Harford; P. Hamill, of Garrett; John Humbird, of Allegany. The State was represented by Gov. Carroll, who presided, Comptroller Woolford and Treasurer Compton.

The Maryland Agricultural College.—The trustees of the Maryland agricultural college met on Wednesday at Guy's Hotel, Baltimore. Colonel Earle, Major Lee, Judge Tuck, Messrs. Ezra Whitman, Allen Dodge and W. B. Sands were present. The report of President Parker, showing a balance of $1,000 in favor of the college after paying the old debt, was read and approved. Mr. Columbus J. Shipley, of Catonsville, was elected superintendent of the farm.

Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup.

In a Nursery wherein all is life and laugh instead of crying and fretting, there is sure to be found Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup. Price 25 cents per bottle.

MARRIED.

On June 4th, by Rev. T. A. Morgan, JAMES R. STIER to Miss ELENORA SHIPLEY, both of Howard County.

DIED.

At Catonsville, on Monday, 4th of June, MARION MYERS, in the 41st year of her age, wife of Leonard Myers.

New Advertisements.

LATE COLLECTOR'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of the power vested in me as late Collector of State and County Taxes in the Third Collection District of Howard County, I hereby give notice that I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, interest and estate, both at law and in equity of J. Luber in and to

A TRACT OF WOODLAND,

situated in the Sixth Election District of Howard County, about 1¾ miles from Laurel and adjoining the lands of James Nichols, William Leishear and others, and will sell the same or so much thereof as may be necessary on the premises of the said J. Luber, on

Friday, June 29th, 1877,

AT 12 O'CLOCK M.,

TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER FOR CASH

for the payment of Taxes overdue and owing by the said J. Luber for the years 1874 and 1875.

R. E. SCAGGS,
Late Collector 3d Col. Dist.

June 9 3ts.

PUBLIC SALE

OF THE

OPENING AND MAKING OF A ROAD

BEGINNING AT GERWIG'S STORE ON THE FREDERICK TURNPIKE ROAD AND RUNNING THROUGH THE LANDS OF GOV. LIGON AND THE LATE UPTON DORSEY, INTERSECTING THE OLD FREDERICK ROAD NEAR THE RESIDENCE OF JOHN FRYE.

The sale will take place on **Saturday, June 16th, 1877, at 3 o'clock P. M.** at Charles Gerwig's Store on said Frederick Turnpike Road. The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

JEROME C. BERRY,
SAMUEL BROWN,
WILLIAM ROWLES,
Commissioners of Howard County.

June 9 2ts.

PUBLIC SALE OF A BRIDGE

OVER THE MIDDLE RIVER, ON FOLLY LANE, NEAR THE RESIDENCE OF CHARLES M. DOUGHERTY, (FORMERLY McTAVISHS'), **on Saturday, June 30th, 1877, at 3 o'clock P. M.**

Said Bridge to have log abutments of not less than 40 ft. span, width 14 ft., not more than 4 ft. from the water. Each corner to be braced with a 1½ inch iron rod, the flooring to be of 2 inch White Oak Plank clear of sap. All the timbers to be clear of sap.

JEROME C. BERRY,
SAMUEL BROWN,
WILLIAM ROWLES,
Commissioners Howard County.

June 9 4ts.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the subscriber of Anne Arundel County has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Howard County, in Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of

AMOS W. WELSH,

late of Howard County, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the **16th day of December next**; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 5th day of June, 1877.

LYCURGUS G. WELSH,
Administrator.

June 9 6ts.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

DR. T. P. TEMPLE has removed to the property lately owned by Mrs. Commodore Mayo, one mile west of Ellicott City, Frederick Turnpike, where he still offers his professional services to his friends and the public.

June 9, '77-4f. T. P. TEMPLE, M. D.

ESTRAY.

TWO SHEEP have been taken up by the subscriber which the owner can have by paying expenses.

H. R. HAZLEHURST,
Ellicott City.

June 9 4t.