Ellicott City Times
AND
HOWARD COUNTY ADVERTISER.
SATURDAY, MARCH 17, '77.

☞ Advertising rates on first page.

☞ Death and Marriage Notices inserted free of charge.

Obituaries and Personal Advertisements five cents per line.

Rule and Figure Work will be charged double the regular rates.

☞ Correspondence is respectfully solicited from all parts of the County and State—but communications must, in all cases, be accompanied by some responsible name as a voucher for the writer's good faith.

Weather Meteorological Observations,

TAKEN AT

WOODSTOCK COLLEGE, from March 8, to March 14, 1877.

Days.	Max.	Min.	Mean.	Inches.	Force.	Direction	Wind.	Weather.
Thursday,	64 5	35 0	52 62	R.—0 05*	3	E.	S. E.	Cloudy
Friday,	60 5	27 0	36 25	R.—1 10	3	W.	W.	Fair
Saturday,	35 5	15 8	22 75		2	S. W.	S.	Clear
Sunday,	41 5	14 0	30 75		3	W.	W.	Clear
Monday,	51 5	31 0	40 25	R.—0 20	2	S. W.	S.	Cloudy
Tuesday,	48 0	36 0	39 62		1	W.	W.	Fair
Wednesday,	41 3	25 0	29 87	R.—0 20	2	S. E.	S. E.	Cloudy

*One inch of melted is considered equivalent to ten of unmelted Snow.

[EXPLANATION.—Thermometer, *Max.*, *Min.* showing the extreme heat (in the shade) and cold in the 24 hours; *Mean*, the result of observations made at 7 A. M. and 2 and 9 P. M., obtained by dividing their sum by 3; *R. S. H.* rainfall, snow, or hail (melted) during the 24 hours; *Wind*, force, graduated between 0 (the highest) and 0 (a dead calm), taken at 4 P. M., *Direction*, the prevalent direction *from* which it blows. In the *Weather* column is given the general aspect of the sky during the day.

THE near approach of Court makes it both opportune and necessary, that we should direct the notice of those attending it who are indebted to us, to the facts that we are very much in need of money, that promises to pay at the adjournment of Court followed by a sudden mysterious disappearance on the day named, will not replenish our exchequer, and that we must have the money due us, if not voluntarily then by process of law. We give people who shun us and people who lie to us and people who are born with or who have acquired the depth and sublimity of "cheek" that allows them to receive other people's goods without paying for them, fair notice that we intend to deal with them summarily. Patience in this instance has long since ceased to be a virtue and we shall attempt its cultivation no longer.

OUR latest news is that things in Washington are still "mixed" and that Hayes cannot see himself out of the muddle. He has appointed Fred. Douglass U. S. Marshal of the District of Columbia, which gives universal dissatisfaction. Already he is transfixed by his enemies and cursed by his friends. The quarrel is a many-sided one and it would be vain to attempt to predict the result. In the meantime business everywhere still languishes.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

MONDAY.

Turkey is already slackening in her reforms.

The members of the Cabinet will be sworn in to-day.

It is said an extra session of Congress will be convened about June 1.

An Egyptian man-of-war has been destroyed by fire. Sixty of the crew were lost.

The German Government has compelled France to cease the construction of a second line of fortifications along its frontier.

It is doubtful if Kellogg's claims to a seat in the Senate will be pushed at this session, although a majority of the committee on privileges and elections will report in his favor.

The Senate in executive session on Saturday confirmed the nomination of D. M. Key to be Postmaster General, William M. Evarts to be Secretary of State and Carl Schurz to be Secretary of the Interior, a vote being taken in each case. G. M. McCrary was confirmed as Secretary of War and R. W. Thompson as Secretary of the Navy without a division.

TUESDAY.

Packard remains on duty at the State House in New Orleans. He still expresses confidence in the final success of his government, and says, as to the President's Southern policy, that he does not understand that the President sacrifices any principle or abandons "the friends of the Union and the republican party in the South." He claims to have already laid the foundation to the abolition of military interference in the South, and to have met with "gratifying success" in facilitating the entrance into the republican party of old line whigs and conservatives. In fact, he has been fixing these things a long time. He considers the loss to the republicans of Pinchback and his following as a small matter.

Gen. O. O. Howard left Portland, Oregon, a few days ago for the headquarters of Chief Joseph, of the Nez Perces Indians, to try and negotiate with him to abandon peacefully the country he holds. Joseph's position is in a narrow gorge and capable of being defended by a hundred men against a thousand. Some of the tribes who have been acting with him favor peace and others war. Their council has been in session eight or ten days. One chief proposes to join the hostile Sioux against the whites.

The resignation of Mr. Sherman as United States Senator was received at Columbus by Gov. Young, of Ohio, yesterday, and sent to the General Assembly. The first caucus to nominate his successor will be held to-night. Stanley Matthews, ex-Attorney General Taft, ex-Gov. Dennison, Samuel Shellabarger and Wm. Lawrence are candidates.

A Scranton, Pa., dispatch states that the principal coal companies in that valley will resume work on full time Thursday at all their mines. They have been more than half idle for many months. Much destitution has prevailed among the miners, who are now gladdened by this news.

About one-third of the names in the published list of illegal voters in San Francisco will be stricken out in a recanvass. The list was carelessly made up and published without revision.

WEDNESDAY.

The question of the conflicting claims of Hampton and Chamberlain to the governorship of South Carolina came up in the Circuit Court at Charleston yesterday as involved in the validity of a commitment by a trial justice appointed by Gov. Hampton. Judge Reed decided that the authority of the trial justice must be respected as that of a de facto and de jure officer of the State. The decision establishes the legality of the Hampton government as to the Charleston circuit. The other circuit judges throughout the State has already made similar decisions.

A joint convention of the Ohio Legislature will be held next Tuesday to elect a United States Senator. A letter was received from Ben Wade yesterday saying he neither sought nor would decline a nomination. Messrs. Matthews and Taft are still considered leading candidates, with Howland, of Ashtabula, as a good third. The republican member of the Legislature will hold a caucus next Thursday night to nominate a candidate.

The contest of the will of the late Commodore Vanderbilt came to an unexpected end in the Surrogate's Court at New York yesterday by the withdrawal of all objections on the part of the contestants. The whole matter was fixed between Wm. H. Vanderbilt and contestants before coming into court. The will was duly admitted to probate, and letters testamentary ordered.

The Delaware and Hudson Canal Company, the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company, the Pennsylvania Coal Company, the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Company, and individual operators in the Wyoming, Pa., region have decided to reduce the miners' wages on the 15th instant 15 per cent., and to reduce rents, cost of powder, &c., to the miners.

The proceedings of the United States Senate, yesterday, were of an uninteresting character, and after a brief executive session that body adjourned until to-day.

A tornado swept over Alabama from southwest to northeast Monday, demolishing a number of houses. Two persons are known to have been killed.

THURSDAY.

In the United States Senate, yesterday, the only business of interest transacted was the adoption of a resolution for the appointment of a committe to wait upon the President and inform him of the readiness of the Senate to adjourn without delay unless he had further communication to make. The committee having waited on the President reported that it had performed the duty assigned them, and that the President replied that he would probably not require the presence of the Senate longer than Saturday, or possibly Tuesday next.

Alluding to the action of the republican caucus of the Pennsylvania Legislature in nominating Mr. Don Cameron for the senatorship, the Philadelphia *Press* declares that "long and patient submission has been followed by intense popular resentment and resistance, and even if the republican party goes to pieces under this new effort to prolong a most offensive domination, the people will assuredly bring to account the men who are deliberately assisting it in the face of the loud echo of the will of their constituents."

In relation to the purchase of supplies for the army Judge Advocate General Dunn writes to Gen. Sherman that in the absence of an appropriation or other specific statutory authority for the purpose the military department of the government would not *at this time* be authorized by section 3679, revised statutes, to purchase or contract for any of the supplies, &c., for a longer period than during the remaining part of the fiscal year.

The municipal commission appointed some months ago by Gov. Hartranft to suggest a reform in the government of cities of Pennsylvania has made a partial report to the Legislature. Among other things the commission report that they discovered a leak in the enforcement of existing liquor laws in the city of Philadelphia that will inure to the benefit of the State if followed up to the extent of from five to seven hundred thousand dollars.

The shipments of coal from Cumberland for the week ended March 10 amounted to 1,630 tons 11 cwt., of which 1,553 tons 10 cwt. were by the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, and 67 tons 1 cwt. by the Pennsylvania road. The total shipments since January 1 are 108,316 tons 4 cwt., a decrease of 55,848 tons 13 cwt., as compared with the corresponding period of 1876.

The new hotel at the Greenbrier (W. Va.), White Sulphur Springs, known as the Peyton House, was burned Tuesday night. The fire was caused by a defective flue in the kitchen. Loss on building $30,000; insured in Baltimore companies for $25,000. Part of the furniture was saved. The house was finished last June.

Francisco Peralti finished riding in New York last night at 10 o'clock, having accomplished 457 miles, being 143 miles behind. His actual riding time was 23 hours, 8 minutes and 58 seconds.

Packard, in his reply to Hon. Stanley Matthews, yesterday, declines to entertain any proposition to relinquish or to abandon the position.

FRIDAY.

The suit for the recovery of one million dollars, twice the amount of which Jacob Rehm defrauded the government at Chicago in connection with the whisky ring, will be pushed vigorously by the government. The special counsel, Hon. Emory Storrs, says the long delay has led to the belief that the suit would be dropped, but the government has now thoroughly prepared itself and will present a very strong case. Notice was served on Rehm yesterday, and the case will be called up on Monday. A motion is pending to dismiss the suit, and the first argument will be on this point.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the London *Times* is persuaded that peace between Turkey and Montenegro will soon be followed by Russian disarmament. But the leading trouble seems now to be that this is just what there is apparently no possibility of effecting. The Montenegrins, it is said, consider their demands not only as justified by their military success, but as moderate, and show no disposition whatever to abate their pretensions. Of the Porte it can only be seen that it is exhibiting its customary stubbornness and disinclination to yield in any way. A Berlin correspondent makes the important announcement that Prince Bismarck, to put an end to the present uncertainty, has so far deviated from his usual course as to declare in favor of the Russian propositions, even before the reception of Austria's final reply. This is regarded as an assurance that the vindication of Christian rights is considered a necessity in Germany, as well as in Russia. It is further remarked that any opposition which may now come from England will not matter much, and that her proposition for a year's respite may be considered as having fallen to the ground. The *Standard*, of this morning, makes the official announcement that Mr. Elliott will shortly resume his duties as Ambassador at Constantinople, and that his return will probably be followed by that of the Ministers of the other Great Powers.

A considerable part of the financial article in the London *Times* of yesterday is devoted to the consideration of the present posture of United States railway securities in that and other markets. It is declared that suspicion extends more or less to every railway in the country, whether sound or unsound; their finances are found to be a sealed book, and that to allay the anxiety caused by recent events some better guarantees of correctness than mere arrays of figures are required. Special attention is also called to statements of the most sinister character which have been circulated by a clique of wreckers who are constantly watching for opportunities to break down particular stocks. Railway companies are appealed to, to put their affairs before their creditors in the clearest light or "there will be an end to American railway for many days."

The Washington *Star* polishes off the Maryland officeseekers after this fashion: The usual Maryland delegation put in at the White House to-day. It was General Tyler's day, and he was pressed for the Postoffice. President Hayes need not think that he is acquainted with the Baltimore politicians yet. The commissions of the Surveyor and Marshal expire within thirty days. Then he will wake up in the morning and find a Maryland man hanging on every door-knob to get at him for the vacancies. They have hides like the rhinoceros, and will stand even more rebuffs than a book agent or lightning-rod man.

Advices from San Francisco up to March 8 state that from all parts of California there come discouraging accounts of the crops. From one district in Fresno county comes the reluctant confession, "we have not seen a single drop of rain this season." The terrible north winds dry up in a day the trifling showers. The scanty herbage of the hills has put on its yellow summer garb and cattle are famishing. The monopolists, who hold half the dry land at high prices, are begging the newspapers not to speak of it, for it would lower land sales, hurt the neighborhood and stop immigration.

A new cotton manufacuturing company has been organized at Augusta, Ga., with a capital of $150,000. The mill begins with 10,000 spindles, which will be increased to 60,000 as the times require. The stock was promptly subscribed, machinery secured and measures taked to have the mill completed within four months. Most of the capital was subscribed by Massachusetts manufacturers, one of whom is president of the new company.

It is proposed that the $500,000 city of Montgomery bonds in aid of the South and North Alabama railroad be converted into new bonds, redeemable in thirty years, past due coupons included, at 3 per cent. interest the first five years, four the second five years, and five for the remaining twenty. Most of the bonds are held in New York, where the agent has already obtained the signature of half the bondholders accepting the scheme.

Two hundred quarts of magnificent strawberries were received by a New York firm on Wednesday. They were shipped from Jacksonville, Florida, in zero refrigerators, and arrived in excellent condition.

The widow of President James K. Polk has just been formally called upon in Nashville by the Tennessee Legislature, which adjourned for that purpose. This is a ceremony which each Legislature goes through.

The passenger agents in the convention at St. Louis recently decided on an advance of $2 from Chicago and Western points to New York and Eastern points. This makes the fare from Chicago to New York $20. The new rates were to go into effect yesterday.

Accounts have been received at military headquarters in Chicago that two hundred and twenty nine lately hostile Sioux have arrived at the Cheyenne Agency and surrendered, giving up their arms and some 300 horses.

—The *Railway Age* makes a careful estimate of the liabilities of two hundred railroad companies in the United States that have failed to pay interest on their bonds. The conclusion is that $1,800,000,000, or 88 per cent. of the money nominally invested in our railways, is wholly unproductive to its owners, and is in great part lost. Reasons are given for raising this estimate to 50 per cent. of the face value of all our railway investments. The moral which the *Railway Age* draws is as follows: "Let this fact and the evidences, like the foregoing, of the terrible losses which railway owners have suffered within the last few years help to make our Granger legislators and State railroad commissioners just, if not merciful, in the exercise of their authority over what is left of the railway interest."

—Things are brightening a little for the holders of State of Tennessee bonds. That State promptly recognizes the importance of the recently proposed plan for the adjustment of the debts of the defaulting Southern States, and the Legislature has appointed a committee of five to confer with the five bank Presidents who have been requested to act as arbiters in the matter. This committee had a long private conference with the arbitrators at the Merchants' National Bank, New York, on Friday, on the debt of Tennessee, which amounts to about $21,000,000, and on which no interest has been paid for a long time past. There was a free interchange of views.

—The report that a plan had been devised to meet the exigencies caused by the failure of the army appropriation bill in the last Congress, and that an extra session of Congress would therefore be unnecessary, has been exploded by the reception of a written opinion from Wm. Dunn, judge advocate general, directed to General Sherman, to the effect that there is nothing in any existing statute which warrants the purchase of supplies, etc., for a longer period than the present fiscal year, which terminates June 30, in the absence of the regular congressional appropriation. The opinion goes over the ground fully, and must be regarded as final, notwithstanding the reported discovery by Vice President Wheeler that the dilemma could be surmounted by borrowing money for disbursement by the pay department. An extra session of Congress is therefore now simply necessary.

—There was a manifest feeling of depression in the Mincing Lane markets last week, and dealers bought sparingly. The lack of animation in the export trade is particularly noticed, the official returns showing a serious falling off, embracing various kinds of Colonial and foreign produce. Coffee, after several fluctuations, closed with a demand at the previous week's price; stocks are known to be light. Contrary to expectation sugars are again lower, inferior grades having given way a shilling per cwt, and nothing doing at the decline. Refined has also fallen off in price, and other kinds are also unsettled. A depression is also noticed in teas, and the great public sales of China during the week showed prices lower than ever reached before.

—Later accounts from the City of Mexico tell of frauds and coercion in the late elections, the Conservatives having been beaten in nearly every district. The Diaz Government entirely ignores the Senate, which they say was created under a law forced by Lerdo. The proceeding is admitted to be an outrageous violation of the Constitution, but Diaz promises that he will observe it "when not too inconvenient." He has been recognized by United States Minister Foster as President de facto and de jure. An agent from the United States is in the city endeavoring to obtain concessions for a line of steamers between Vera Cruz and Galveston.

—Wright, the colored Justice of the South Carolina Supreme Court who signed an order adjudging Hampton Governor of the State, and was then taken in hand by Chamberlain's bull-dozers, has at last found a resting place in Washington. He denies in Murtagh's paper that he intended finally to concur in the judgment favoring Hampton, but he does not say what his attention was when he drew two months' salary, dating from the day of Hampton's inauguration, from the Hampton treasury on a check signed by "Wade Hampton, Governor of South Corolina." He drew this money on the 27th of February.

—The Postmaster General has awarded the contract for supplying postage stamps for the ensuing term of fours years to the Continental bank-note company of New York city, the present contractors. The contract embraces all the various kinds of postage stamps that are used either by the public or the government, and will require about 7,20,000,000 stamps to be furnished each year. The prices to be paid are 9 and 9 8-100 cents per 1,000 for ordinary stamps, 11 cents for official stamps and about 15 cents per 1,000 for newspaper and periodical stamps.

—The Port Tobacco *Times* does not appear to have implicit faith in the ultimate construction of the Southern Maryland railroad. That paper says there is no limit to assurances of such construction, but it thinks those assurances are vernacularly "thin." Its faith, it says, would be more cumulative if the company would pay some of the debts it has contracted at at Port Tobacco and thereabouts. And, generally, the *Times* thinks the railroad is all on paper.

—David M. Key, the Postmaster-General of the Fraudulent President, is said to be a distant relative of Mrs. Hayes. He is the father of thirteen children, is poor in the world's goods, and has had a struggle to make the two ends meet at the close of the year, in that part of Tennessee where money is scarce and lawyers' fees are often paid in kind. The salary of $8,000 a year had an attraction for his slender purse which proved to be irresistible.

—A Commission of the French Academy of Sciences has reported from twenty-five departments ravaged by the phylloxera that in many of them affluence has been replaced by poverty, privation and misery; that the public taxes do not yield enough to pay for their collection. For many years, it is feared, one of her principal sources of wealth will be lost to France. They recommend various measures for the isolation of infected districts and the destruction of the infected vines.

—Carl Schurz is not by any means the first American of foreign birth that has been in the cabinet. Alexander Hamilton, who organized the United States treasury, was born in the West Indies of a Scotch father and a French mother, and was educated in England. Albert Gallatin, Secretary of the Treasury under Jefferson and Madison, and perhaps our ablest financier, was a Switzer. William J. Duane, Secretary of the Treasury under Jackson, was an Irishman.

—Don Cameron is to succeed his father in the Senate, and the spirit of self-sacrifice which the old man exhibits in behalf of his son, is something beautiful, and cannot be too much commended in these degenerate days. The report that Donald will fail to take up the quarrels of Simon, and fight them out, is too good to be true. That is not the Cameronian way.

—The British Customs Commissioners announce that the Colorado potato beetle has been discovered alive at Bremen on goods brought from New York. The Commissioners have issued a circular to the Collector of Customs in the United Kingdom directing that the instructions already giving for detecting the beetle be applied to potatoes imported from Bremen or any German port.

—The Government property of the Fifth Lighthouse District (Baltimore) has been transferred to the notorious Babcock, who has taken charge of the district and the property, both of which will need to be looked after as long as Babcock has anything to do with them.

—Policeman Conlin of San Francisco was very drunk on patrol. A clergyman, on the way to church, reproached him for his disgraceful condition. Thereupon Conlin, uncertain as to which of them was the inebriate, arrested the clergyman and dragged him to the station. There a police captain had no difficulty in deciding that question, and the officer was locked up.

—The rinderpest, says a London telegraph, has broken out near Grimsby, Lincolnshire, and the foot and mouth disease in Cheshire and Somersetshire, England, and Flintshire, Wales. The past winter at St. Petersburg was the severest for many years. The thermometer on Sunday night last in that city was twenty degrees Fahrenheit below zero.

—It seems that Gen. Devens was to have been Secretary of War, but Gen. Sherman would not have it, and so he was changed to the Department of Justice and McCrary brought over and established in the War Office. Gen Sherman seems to have a great deal to say just at present. Perhaps it will be a military administration after all.

—It is said that Dick Thompson, the new Secretary of the Navy, does not know the difference between a companion way and a lee scupper. He cannot very well be a more ignorant official than Secor Robeson, who in eight years never learned the difference between Government property and his own.

—Proteats from the governors and trustees of Jerome Park, from the Saratoga Racing Association, and from a number of horse owners and breeders in New York against a bill now before the State Senate making a penal offense to provide facilities for betting and wagering on races have been forwarded to Albany.

—Despatches from Panama say in regard to the Darien Canal Exhibition that in spite of some difficulties it is certain that they will return with a favorable solution, and that the work will be executed at the Darien. The exploration will be concluded about the end of the present month.

—A despatch from Atlanta reports that a violent tornado has passed over Alabama. It developed in the southwest and swept toward the northeast. Houses on several plantations were demolished, and two persons are known to have been killed.

—Governor Rice of Massachusetts has two plums in his hand for which there are many gaping mouths—a $6,000 seat on the Supreme bench, vacated by Attorney General Devens, and a Probate Judgeship worth $4,000, both life offices.

—The Russian Synod has published a Russian version of the Bible, the result of twenty years' labor. The version is sold at three roubles per copy; but copies are being distributed by the British and Foreign Bible Society gratuitously.

—The German authorities have ordered that the men who formerly served in the French army shall accept German nationality or quit Alsace and Lorraine immediately. Some five thousand families, it is stated, will be affected by the order.

—J. Madison Wells presents his bill for $500,000. He earned the money, but ingratitude is the political virtue just now very much in vogue at Washington.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

B. & O. R. R. LOCAL TIME TABLE. *East.—Fred. Acc.* 7.14 *A. M.*, (*Daily*); *Winchester Acc.* 10.12 *A. M.*; *E. City Acc.* 2.40 *P. M.*; *Way Train*, 3,18 *P. M.*; *Mail Acc.* 4.38 *P. M. West.—Way Train arrives* 6.03 *A. M.*, *leaves at* 6.18 *A. M.*; *Mail Acc.* 8.36 *A. M.*; *E. City Acc. arrives at* 2.00 *P. M.*; *Winchester Acc. arrives at* 5.06 *P. M.*; *Fred. Acc. arrives at* 5,55 *P. M. Theatre train leaves Baltimore at* 11.00 *P. M.*, *arrives here at about* 12.00 *P. M.*

Court commences on Monday next with present indications of an unusually long term. The dockets are as follows: Appearances, 38; Trials, 53; Foreign Trials, 108; Appeals, 14; Criminals, 12, including two murder cases removed from Baltimore city.

Oakland Items.—Matters and things here still partake of quiet, and nothing unusual has occurred lately to mar the even tenor of our way.

The hawthorn hedge which has enclosed Oakland Manor for the last quarter of a century, or that part of it bordering on the Montgomery road, has been cut down, and will be replaced by a plank fence, for which the mill is in constant operation sawing out material. Several miles of such fencing will be used in putting the estate in proper condition. Oakland Mansion, since its occupancy by Mr. Frank Morris, has undergone substantial improvements. The grounds are being placed in excellent condition, a new corduroy road is in course of construction, and the barren, forsaken aspect the whole place has presented so long is gradually disappearing and all that art and ornament can suggest are fast eradicating the traces of premature decay heretofore so evident.

Ploughing for spring seeding has been pushed by the farmers. The weather of the past week, however, has been unfavorable.

Two mica mines are now in operation on the land of Mr. John R. Clark.

State Bonds.—The Comptroller and Treasurer of the State have given notice that on the 15th of July next they will redeem, at the banking house of Messrs. Baring Bros. & Co., the State's agent in London, the bonds of the State issued to the Susquehanna Canal Company, from No. 1 to No. 350, inclusive. These bonds are for £225 each, and have been due since 1865. They are payable in gold in London.

Conference Appointments.—Among the appointments made by the Baltimore M. E. Conference, are the following: Catonsville and Mount Olivet, P. B. Reese; Ellicott City, T. A. Morgan; Patapsco, C. W. Baldwin and W. Rogers; Laurel, T. P. Morgan; Savage, Thomas Wood; Elk Ridge, G. W. Hobbs.

Lenten Sermon.—On Monday evening next Rev. Fr. Corrigan, of St. Peter's Church, Baltimore, will deliver the weekly Lenten instruction in St. Paul's Catholic Church. Subject: Penance. The public are cordially invited.

Jurors.—The following petit jurors have been excused: Chas. A. Robbs, W. C. Dorsey. The following have been drawn in their stead: Geo. M. Buckingham, Geo. Gattrell.

Woodstock Items.—On Thursday last a little daughter of Mr. T. Hanley, who lives in Baltimore county, three miles from here, met with an accident, which caused her death a few hours after its occurrence. Mr. Hanley had been engaged in burning brush during the day and while at dinner his little girl set fire to a pile he had not lighted. After it began to blazed the fire communicated to her clothing and hurrying to the house shrieking at the top of her voice, the blaze increasing the meanwhile, she was noticed by her father, who made every effort to extinguish the flames but not until it was too late, burning himself so badly that it is feared several fingers will have to be amputated in order to save his hands. Dr. Harker attended Mr. Hanley, who is suffering great pain, which, no doubt is augmented by the loss of his child.

The County Commissioners of Baltimore county are having a bridge erected across Price's Run, near Marcella Chapel, on the road leading to Randallstown, which will be eight feet above water and seventy feet in length. Mr. Wm. Renny is doing the work for the Commissioners who declined giving it out by contract. The same Commissioners would receive the thanks of the public if they would make a passable road between Woodstock and Granite. At present it is in very bad condition and needs repairing sadly.

Two lamp explosions occurred at Granite during the past week, both however, without doing any damage. In one case the lamp was broken so badly that a piece the size of a nickel could not be found. Nearly every one in that section now use "dips." Send Tabler up here with his Perkins & House Lamp.

Mr. John Evans has a new house in course of construction on his lot near the Presbyterian Church, which when completed will be rented. There is considerable demand in this section for houses. Mr. Wm. Weller will soon begin the erection of several.

A cow belonging to Mr. John Isaac gave birth to two calves last week. Both are living and promise well. In this case, contrary to the observation of those who have noted such matters, both belong to the feminine gender.

The B. & O. R. R. Co. furnished a coffin and bore the funeral expenses of the unfortunate man killed in the tunnel last Wednesday night.

Murder Case Removed. The case of James Maloney, indicted for the murder of William Cooney, on the 31st of December last, near Mount Clare station, has been removed on affidavit from the Criminal Court of Baltimore city to Howard County for trial, at the approaching March term of court.

Ilchester Items.—There will be an ordination of ten young priests in the private Chapel of the Seminary at Mt. St. Clement's College, at this place on Saturday. They will receive the order of sub-deacon on Sunday and on Monday the order of deacon.

On Palm Sunday a sermon will be delivered in the German language by one of the Redemptorist Fathers.

Real Estate Sale.—Mrs. M. R. Rawlings, has sold her farm containing 148 acres of land, more or less, situated near Snell's Bridge in the fifth district, improved by a fine dwelling, barn and the usual outhouses, to Geo. W. Cole, for $3000, cash.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

I have used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and found it the best cough remedy I ever tried.—*W. P. Clarke, 920 Walnut Street, Phila., Nov. 27, 1875.*

MARRIED.

At Jersey City, on the 19th of December, 1876, by Rev. George L. Dickinson, GEORGE A. WATTS, of Newark, N. J., to Miss SUSIE A. KOEHL, of Ellicott City, Md.

DIED.

Near San Antonio, Texas, Feb. 23d, HENRY H. PUE, formerly of this county, in his 69th year.

On 12th March, 1877, at Owings' Mills, Baltimore county, GEORGE ROBERTS, aged 47 years.

March 13th, at his residence in Jonestown, REZIN JONES, SR., in the 84th year of his age. "And that man was perfect and upright, and one that feared God, and eschewed evil."

New Advertisements.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of an Order from the Orphans' Court of Howard County, the Undersigned, Administrator of Wm. Brayshaw, late of Howard County, deceased, will sell at Public Sale at Simpsonville, Howard County, Md., the late residence of said deceased, at 10 o'clock A. M., on

Thursday, April 5th, 1877,

the following Personal Property, to wit:

ONE LIGHT FOUR HORSE WAGON,

one Two Horse Spring Wagon, one Family Carriage and Harness, one Top Buggy and Harness, one Horse Cart and Harness, two full Setts of Blacksmith Tools. Also,

HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE,

consisting in part of Bedsteads and Bedding, Chairs, Tables, Wardrobes, Parlor, Dining Room and Chamber Stoves, one large Cook Stove, Noble Cook, No. 10, with all fixtures and other articles too numerous to mention.

All stock on hand, consisting of Cloth, Cotton, Shoddy, &c., together with the contents of Grist and Saw Mill, consisting in part of one Mill Saw and necessary Tools for use of Mill and 50 odd feet of Gum Belting, 10 inches wide, in fair order, and about 30 feet 4 inches do., nearly new.

Also lot of Store Fixtures and other articles too tedious to mention.

TERMS—All sums of $20 and under CASH; on all sums above that amount a credit of six months, purchasers giving notes with securities to be approved by the undersigned.

JOHN BRAYSHAW, Administrator.
E. A. TALBOTT, Auct'r.
March 17-3ts.

LOST.

ON SUNDAY, MARCH 11, between the intersection of the Old Frederick Road and the road leading to Woodstock College, a Lady's **FUR BOA**. The finder will receive a liberal reward by leaving it at WOODSTOCK, P. O., WOODSTOCK COLLEGE or THIS OFFICE.
March 17-1t.

Job Printing of every kind done neatly, cheaply and after the latest styles at the TIMES office.

New Advertisements.

D. SPRECHER.

Farmers can find a good Market for what they have to sell or wish to buy at D. Sprecher's, dealer in General Merchandise, Dry Goods, Notions, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Ready-Made Clothing, Cloths, Hardware, Queensware, Wood and Willow Ware.

Groceries of all descriptions, Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Spices, &c., and also Green Groceries and Fruits, Oranges, Lemons, Apples, &c. Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods. Heavy Goods delivered.

Also Agent for Howard County for Horner's celebrated Fertilizers, viz: Horner's Maryland Super-phosphate; Horner's Pure Dissolved Bone; Horner's Pure Bone Meal; Horner's Pure Bone Dust.

Farmers! Remember you run no risks in loading at D. Sprecher's as his Fertilizers are kept at a distance from the cars.

Furnished at the lowest possible rates. Store in former Union Hotel and Warehouse in yard of same.

Also Plaster and always keep on hand the best quality of *Lump White Wash Lime. Garden and Field Seeds* always on hand in season. Also Agent for the *Sweepstakes Thrasher, Eclipse Engine*, Horse Powers, the *Hagerstown Wheat Guano and Seed Drill, Horse Rakes, Plows, Masticators* and *Straw and Fodder Cutters*, &c.

Also Agent for Howard County for the celebrated BUCKEYE REAPER AND MOWER, which I offer to the farmers of Howard County and *guarantee* in every instance to give *perfect satisfaction* or no *sale*, and challenge any and every other to a *trial* of Reapers on their *merits*. In testimony of merit I herewith submit the certificates of *farmers known to you all*. In this there is no humbug, as you can *meet them* and *learn* for yourselves the *truth*.

Respectfully,
DAVID SPRECHER

POPLAR SPRINGS, HOWARD CO., MD.,
March 6, 1877.

Mr. David Sprecher—Dear Sir: In a full and fair trial with Buckeye, Champion, No. 6, Wheeler and World Reapers on our farm last harvest, it was the unanimous opinion of all present that the Buckeye was the best machine. Table Rake far excelled all others in delivering the grain. It delivers on the side out of the way a straight and compact sheaf as good as any hand rake; no waste in handling the sheaf after it is bound, which no other Self-Rake that we have ever seen would do. After twenty years' experience with machines and through trial last harvest with the Buckeye in wheat, rye, oats and grass, from the manner in which it did its work, lightness of draft and managed so easily when in motion, we do not hesitate in recommending it to farmers as the best machine now in use.

Yours Respectfully,
TRACEY & WHALEN.

WEST FRIENDSHIP, HOWARD CO.,
January 25, 1877.

Mr. D. Sprecher—Dear Sir: In answer to your inquiry as to the comparative merits of the Buckeye and Champion Reapers, I hesitate not to say that after a full and satisfactory trial of both, I pronounce the Buckeye the best machine I have ever handled; and that both as a Reaper and Mower, the Buckeye has, perhaps, no equal, and surely no superior. The Table Rake delivers the bundles perfectly straight or as near so as can be done, and it saves at least one binder and enables them to do far better work.

Respectfully Yours,
G. W. LEISHEAR.

GLENELG, HOWARD CO., MD.,
July 10, 1876.

Mr. D. Sprecher: It gives me the greatest pleasure to state that the Buckeye Reaper, with Table Rake Attachment, bought from you, far surpasses all that I had hoped for, both in reaping the grain and delivering the sheaf. Such is the excellence of the Rake that three binders can do as much as five after any other machine and do far better work. For simplicity of construction, lightness of draft, and evident durability, it cannot be excelled. In my opinion it is all that a machine can be in excellence. I advise my brother farmers to buy a Buckeye.

Yours Truly,
ENOCH SELBY.

Mr. D. Sprecher—Dear Sir: I bought a combined Champion Reaper for the harvest of 1875 and was pretty well pleased with it until I saw the Buckeye perform in its contest with the Champion on the farm of Mr. David W. Burdette, in the harvest of 1876, and was so satisfied of its superiority over the Champion that I traded with you for a combined Buckeye Table Rake Machine. I am still of the same opinion and pronounce the Buckeye the best machine in use as far as I know. It cuts clean and delivers in nice condition on the side, with no tangle, and any binder can make a nice sheaf with no preparatory labor, which will not scatter the grain in gathering. Fewer binders can do as much and better work. I also like it as a front cut. It is a light draft, durable, easily managed machine. Both as a Reaper and Mower it pleases me. As a saver of grain and labor it must win the favor of the farmer.

Yours Truly,
RICHARD VANSANT,
Mt. Airy, Carroll County, Md.

Mr. D. Sprecher—Dear Sir: I am much pleased with the combined Table Rake Buckeye Reaper and Mower bought from you. In my opinion it is the only machine that gives the farmer full value for his money. It saves money, because it causes no loss of time in the harvest field, and it cuts and gathers the grain clean, and the sheaves made from it do not scatter the grain in gathering and they are in nice condition for shocking and stacking. It saves labor, as three binders can do as much and better work after it than five can after any other machine. It is the strongest light draft machine made and is more at command of the driver by use of levers, both to suit all kinds of grain and to regulate the size of the sheaf than any other. It cuts six feet and yet is easily worked by two horses. As a Mower it is all that a farmer needs. I like it also as a front cut, I would have no other. For safety, service, saving of grain and labor, easy management of the machine, and comfort, both to man and beast, I heartily commend the Buckeye.

JOHN W RHINE.

MOUNTAIN VIEW, HOWARD CO.,
Feb. 6, 1877.

Mr. D. Sprecher—Dear Sir: The combined Buckeye Reaper and Mower with Table Rake Attachment, bought from you, gives entire satisfaction. I believe it to be the best in use, both as a Reaper and Mower, and the Table Rake side delivery is surely far the best for making good bundles that I have seen or heard of, and I think it cannot be improved. It delivers the bundles on the side out of the way without a particle of tangle underneath and saves at least two binders as well as enables them to make nice sheaves and clean work. In some of the worst down and tangled wheat I have ever seen it went right through cutting smoothly and delivering in good shape. It delivers in good order the tallest wheat, rye and oats, as well as the shortest, and also grain leaning from the machine. In every respect, as a harvester of grain or as a mower, I deem it perfection and would have no machine but a Buckeye. This I say after testing it fully. I believe it to be durable, and I know it to be of light draft, easy on the horses and so easily managed by use of levers (with nothing slashing around the head of the driver like the Champion Rake) that a boy can drive and at the same time lower or elevate the bar and guards to suit light or heavy or down wheat and stop the rake at pleasure, making the sheaves of any size.

Respectfully Yours,
JAMES S. RIDGELY

FEB. 12, 1877.

Mr. D. Sprecher—Dear Sir: The combined Reaper and Mower bought from you is all right, and I have never made a purchase that pleased me better. It gives me pleasure to commend it as superior to all other machines for many reasons; among which are—lightness of draft, durability, easily managed by the driver to suit short or tall, down or upright grain and I also like it as a front cut machine. But its crowning perfection is the Table Rake, which delivers the bundles on the side in the very best condition free from tangle, and is thus a labor and grain saver. After a full trial I think, both as a Reaper and Mower it cannot be beaten. I heartily indorse the Buckeye.

Yours, &c.,
JOSEPH SMALLWOOD,
"Locust Grove," Howard Co., Md

ELLICOTT CITY, Aug. 24, 1876.

Mr. D. Sprecher: It gives me pleasure to say that the combined Table Rake Reaper and Mower bought from you gives me very great satisfaction. The Table Rake delivers the grain in better condition than I thought any rake could be made to do it. It also cuts the grain clean and as a Mower in my opinion it cannot be beaten. I hesitate not to say that both as a Reaper and Mower I think the Buckeye has no equal.

Yours &c.,
MARGARET E. POLAND.

March 14, '74-tf.