The Cecil Whig

ELKTON, AUGUST 1, 1874.

Local Affairs.

—Red Lion Camp Meeting commenced on Wednesday last.

—Mr. John K. Drennen, proprietor of the "Grand Central Store," of this town, died on Sunday morning last.

—Watermelons made their appearance in town this week for the first time, and sold for from ten to fifty cents.

—A Camp meeting of the colored M. P. Church commenced on Friday last at Wesley Henry Chapel, near Morris Station, Kent county.

—The umbrella menders were in town this week. One of our citizens gave them a job of thirteen dilapidated articles in that line to put in rain-turning condition.

—Elkton has suffered the infliction of a large run of tramps this week. They are seen straggling in all quarters. Several petty thefts are reported.

—The Sabbath School and congregation of the Zion Presbyterian Church will hold their annual Picnic on Thursday afternoon, August 6th at 1 o'clock, in Mr. J. Carhart's Grove.

—The blackberry crop this season is very large and the berries of excellent quality. The price of cultivated berries has reached the comparatively low point of 3 quarts for 25 cents.

—The Orphans' Court held a special session on Tuesday last The estate of Jas. Wilson, deceased, druggist, late of Port Deposit, was the matter under consideration.

—The Sabbath School at Cherry Hill will hold a pic-nic in Mr. William C. Rambo's woods, on Thursday, the 13th of August. Refreshments in abundance. The Public are respectfully invited to attend.

—It is reported that the Philadelphia, Wilmington & Baltimore Railroad Company have contracted with the Phœnixville Iron Works for replacing three of the wooden spans of the bridge over the Susquehanna with iron.

—Mr. Delaplaine McDaniel, of Wilmington, late President of the McCullough Iron Company is now in Europe, where he went for the benefit of his health, which it is reported he is regaining. We hope he will return entirely restored.

—Out Again.—Mr. P. C. Strickland, who had one of his legs badly fractured on the 4th of May last, by the fall of a scaffold in the Presbyterian Church, is again able to be out on crutches. He visited the church on Thursday to inspect the progress of the work.

—Mr. Joshua Ash, successor to Andrew Mason, and who has since been carrying on the shoe business at Mason's old stand, has removed to the basement of Mr. J. T. McCullough's law office, where he says he is prepared to do all kinds of work appertaining to making and repairing shoes.

—There will be Quarterly Meeting held in Providence Church, Elkton, on Saturday, August 1st, commencing at 8 o'clock P. M. Love Feast Sunday morning at 6 o'clock; preaching at 10 A. M. and 3 and 7½ P. M. The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered after the preaching at night by Rev. E. W. Scott, Pastor.

—The Good Templars were to have held a Convention at Elkton on Wednesday last, and also a meeting of the Temperance Alliance was to have taken place at the same time and place. Only a few members, however, were present to attend to business. What was proposed and resolved by the company will be furnished for next week's *Whig*.

—Postmaster Casper E. Yost, of Omaha, Neb., has had charges preferred against him by F. Randolph Bye, formerly of Elkton, who has been a postal clerk on the Union Pacific Railroad for a number of years. The postmaster is charged with speculating in mail contracts and defrauding the Government out of a large sum of money.

—Peter K. Wright, on the farm of W. W. Henderson, (White Hall) threshed the wheat of twenty acres, clover sod and no manure, which measured 450 bushels. He has a field of thirty acres which was oats stubble, manured with stable manure, which is a better quality of grain, that he expects to yield over twenty five bushels to the acre.

—Change of Place.—Messrs. Bonsal & Caldwell, commission merchants, have changed their place of business to the corner of Pratt street & McElderry's wharf. The above firm are well known to the farmers and others, resident in the upper districts of the county, as reliable men of much experience in the grain business and other products of the farm.

—The *Oxford Press* says: Joseph T. Reynolds, of East Nottingham township, had one of his feet severely cut with a scythe a few days since. The blade of the implement had carelessly been left by one of his employees projecting partly across the entrance to a barn door, a few inches above the ground, and in entering the door Mr. Reynolds struck his foot against it, receiving a severe cut on his instep. Mr. Reynolds was formerly of Rising Sun, this county.

—Why don't the town authorities see to replacing those bricks which have become loose on Main street, ascending Partridge's hill? We notice that there are no less than five places where the bricks are out of place and thrown about the pavement, and if there is not something done very soon with said places it will require the services of a bricklayer several days to replace them. There are two or three places on Bow street, between High street and the railroad, which also need repairing; and a man with a scythe would not be a bad institution on Bow street.

Proceedings of the State Council of the Order United American Mechanics.

The State Council of the Order of United American Mechanics of Maryland met in semi-annual session in the Hall of Riverside Council, Port Deposit, on July 21st, and was opened in due form at 10 o'clock, with the following State Officers present:—John G. Mitchell, State Counsellor; John W. Malone, State Vice Counsellor; John W. Holden, State Council Secretary; John Q. A. House, State Treasurer; W. E. Lafferty, State Council Inductor; J. T. Kelley, State Council Examiner; W. H. Harris, State Council Protector and Wm. F. Hause, State Council Chaplain, with a large representation from all parts of the State. Among the amount of other business of the session, State Counsellor, J. G. Mitchell, was elected a delegate to the National Council of the United States, which assembles in September, at Cleveland, Ohio; and a vote of thanks for the hospitality and courtesy extended us by the inhabitants of Port Deposit. The business of the session was completed on Wednesday in great harmony and peace. The Order is largely on the increase in the State, and with its grand principles in view will, e'er long, take its position as one of the first Orders of our country.

I sell nothing but a first-class article. Persons who never saw a Sewing Machine can learn to use one in ten minutes. The simplest and best machine is the cheapest.
J. WILKINSON, *Whig* Building.

☞No risk in buying of MICHENER & Co., at Colora, Md., for they always warrant their goods. [76

Mutual Fire Insurance of Cecil County.—The Stockholders of the Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Cecil county, hold their annual Election of officers today.

The business of the Company for the last year has been very satisfactory, the losses amounting to but $3,465.and expenses to $738.99. Total for loses and expenses $4,204.81.

Receipts from premiums $13814.12.—Interest on investments $878. Premiums on special policies $36. Total receipts $12,989.24. Amount of receipts over and above expenditures during the year $8,084.42. The Company proposes issuing dividend certificates to stockholders in future with interest coupons attached, and if the same measure of prosperity attends the company in the future, that has in the past few years, the interest on their dividend certificates will go to a considerable extent toward paying the annual premiums of the stockholders.

Mutual Building Association of Cecil Co.—At the Annual Meeting of the stockholders of the Mutual Building Association of Elkton on Saturday night last, Dr. C. M. Ellis was elected President; S. B. Grant, Vice President; R. G. Rea, Secretary; R. Haines, Treasurer; and the Directors the following members were chosen: David Scott, Jacob Rambo, Wm. McCrery, Roger Witworth, J. T. McCullough, George W. Cosden and Robert Marsh. Attorney, Clinton McCullough. On motion of Dr. Ellis a committee was pointed to report on the propriety of making alterations in the by-laws of the Society to meet the requirements of the Association as it develops its growth and importance. The committee is composed of the following gentlemen: Dr. R. C. Hall, J. T. McCullough, D. Scott and C. M. Ellis.

The stockholders' meeting adjourned to meet at the regular monthly meeting of the Association in September, at which meeting the committee will report.

Eighty-four shares were subscribed to the new Series, $100 and $400 of the funds of the Society. The first share, $200, brought $1.90 premium, and the other $1.55.

Tournament View.—The Groome Guards, we learn, propose holding a tournament in September, and thereby gain knightly honors in the best rider. The plot of the knightly play we have not yet learned, but that will be highly interesting we do not doubt. The two modes most in vogue in the Southern States where chivalry is cultivated, are the suspending of a ring by a cord about breast high to the rider who, full speed, must dart a pole several feet long, representing a lance, through the ring. This feat requires a good deal of skill in the rider, and is the plan adopted by all the tournaments that have been held in this section of country. The "crackers" of Georgia and other cotton states of corn and cotton, practice a game after the following fashion: A full grown rooster is tied by the feet to a stake in the ground in place of the ring. The hot and anticipating rider is thoroughly greased, and, mounted at a light from the ground, as I require the *Knight* who rides, to use his stirrups in order to reach the head of the cock. The feat consists in pulling the chicken's head off while passing at full speed; the head being well greased makes it exceedingly difficult to accomplish the object. Commend this species of Knight errantry to our cavaliers who have the arrangements for the proposed tournament in hand, a change in the entertainment would be sure to draw.

This blistering, a rooster's head would be with more graceful tribute to lay at the feet of the queen of love and beauty, the ordinary ring on the point of a wooden javelin, and would correspond, in some measure, to the head of the victim which the Spanish cavalier of the lists was wont to present to his lady love, to prove the hand maintained at the point of the lance, she was the fairest and most beloved of the women in the world. By all means let our Sir Knights of the Golden Guard substitute the greased headed rooster for the ring and pine javelin which have grown cheap, and don't draw worth a cent.

A Saline Elk.—For persons fond of the enjoyment derived from excursions in a pleasure boat, the Elk offers many inducements. After getting out of the narrow passage river, which terminates at French town, a fine wide sheet of water spreads with shores gradually rising on either side, handsome, well cultivated farms, their farm houses, looking out from that of imbowering trees, which give the landscape a quiet charm, more captivating perhaps to the denizens of the bustling town or city, who steal away from bricks and mortar for a few hours, to enjoy the fresh breeze which comes from the Chesapeake, tempered by the waves of old ocean, than to the bucolionts of those charming rural homes, cast a careless glance at the white sails that aimlessly drift about from shore to shore.

We are indebted to the kindness of Dr. H. Custer, of Philadelphia, for just such a jaunt said as we have above hinted, rather than described, on Tuesday last to the Dr., who is a man of exquisite taste in all matters which lend zest to life, and has, moreover, mastered the art of casting all the more refined pleasures of life as it flies, in order to realize whatever enjoyment may be secured from land and wave, has provided himself with a jaty cedar skiff, light as a feather and rigged with both sail and oars. On Tuesday last the Dr. decided to try his skiff, *Ida*, named by one of the fair daughters of the city of Brotherly Love, after an sweet self.

This was all that an amateur could have wished, with a breeze created, it would seem, expressly to accommodate *Ida* in her trial trip. The little cedar skimmed the waves like a sea gull, and without disparaging the taste of the lady, would have been a most appropriate name for the skiff. After enjoying fine sailing for several hours, and having we could realize something of that way "indolence" that Read describes

("The day so mild
Is Heaven's own child,
Earth and ocean reconciled;
The airs I feel as
Around me steal,
Are luring to the murmuring keel,")

we lay at Plum Point, Major Morris' place, to this amateur of the water has his cottage, so near the shore that the waves on the shingled beach break at his feet. The Major received our party with open hospitality, which is everywhere proverbial on the Elk river. He is a true child of the wind and waves and their passion crops out every where. On a cottage porch sits a miniature vessel rigged, ready to set down on the river make mimic voyages. In the hall rooms hang prints about the watery sea scenes, and yacht races.—And this work shop, which is provided with carpenters' and joiners' tools in profusion, every box and shelf takes the form of one of a ship's or boat's side.

Leaving the Major has a crack boat, and at lunch he invited us to take a sail with him in the *Cecile*, the terminating point being to Lord Baltimore's cognomen. Let it to the feminine gender. Enjoying the sailing qualities of the craft for an hour or so, a landing was made, and the lunch baskets opened under the patriarchal white oak which stands like a sentinel on the river bank, where its gnarled boughs have defied the storms of a century. After inspecting the Major's grounds, guns and ducking fixtures, the "crew and passengers" of the *Ida* took leave of the gentlemanly host of Plum Point, and stepping a board the little vessel, laid her head, to use a nautical phrase, towards Elkton, and before the failing evening breeze, quietly drifted homeward with the tide.

B. M. House Items.

Mr. Philip Wilson, of this village, while on his way to Oxford, on Monday morning, narrowly escaped being killed. At the Bee Town crossing the cars struck his carriage, entirely demolishing it. He was thrown out, cut and bruised badly, but is recovering slowly.

Base ball—this manly and interesting game, which has not been played here for a considerable time is livening up again. A new club was organized on Wednesday last; it is called the "Comet;" very appropriate we think.

The colored people intend holding a four days' woods meeting, near here, commencing next Sunday.

Prayer meeting next Sunday night at Mr. Sutton Scarborough's, in this place.

Not gone yet—the potato beetle—they seem to be on the increase; many places they have stripped the vines, leaving nothing but the bare stalks standing.

North East Items.

The Building and Loan Association sold on Wednesday night last $1,200 at ⅞ to 1⅞ cents premium.

On Thursday last, Reuben Haines, Attorney for Building Association, sold Jos. G. Johnson's property; price $1,150.00. On same day offered the Gray farm, but was withdrawn on account of no bidders.

A basket of very fine Halo's early peaches presented to itemizer by Johnny Roach, who knows how to get the best and earliest vegetables and fruit in the market.

Rev. Mr. Cook, of Charlestown, will remove to Iowa. The Circuit will be supplied by a Rev. Mr. Kreamer, of Baltimore Conference.

REHOBOTH BEACH.

REHOBOTH CAMP, July 29, 1874.

MR. EDITOR:—The religious services on the camp ground were concluded on Monday night. The Rev. T. S. Williams, of Greensborough Circuit, preached the last sermon from the text as recorded in the 3rd chap. and 26th verse of the Lamentations of Jeremiah. He was followed by the Rev. E. Stubbs, Superintendent of religious services, in one of the most eloquent and interesting appeals to the audience that we have ever listened to.

There was also a meeting held on the beach at 6 o'clock the same evening, being the third meeting of the kind that has been held during the encampment. These meetings have been the most impressive of any that have been held. All who desired to do so were invited to take part in them by relating their own religious experience or delivering a short address. Some very appropriate and touching remarks were made by the venerable Bishop Scott, Rev. J. B. Quigg, Rev. Mr. Mallory, Professor Robinson, of Baltimore, Rev. E. Stubbs, Messrs. F. A. Ellis and Wm. J. Jones, and others.

Some eight or ten families remain in the grove. Some of them will stay until the season closes. All the boarding houses have closed except Mr. E. Willey's, who intends to remain during the bathing season if he receives sufficient patronage to warrant him in so doing. The Surf House on the beach is still full; all the rooms are engaged for the entire season; sixty applications were received to-day.

The only drawback this season has been the want of hotel accommodation on the beach. To supply this want the Improvement Committee held a meeting on last Thursday evening, when the project of erecting another hotel was taken up and discussed. It was finally agreed to adopt the stock plan, and to erect a substantial building one hundred and ninety feet, at a cost of $20,000, the Association to issue stock to pay for the same. It is said that large portion of the stock will be taken by gentlemen, and that work will commence in a few weeks. It is to be built in front of the lake on Surf avenue, adjoining the grounds of this Association. On the lake is a large tract of land purchased several years ago by some gentlemen, as a select resort. They named it Rehoboth. Being bounded on the south by Rehoboth bay, a beautiful sheet of water some six miles broad and twelve or fifteen miles long. This also on this tract a very handsome fresh water lake of about fifty acres, near the northern boundary and within one hundred yards of the ocean. As yet there has been only two buildings erected on this property. One a long wooden building for the accommodation of boarders; the other a story, double cottage, built by McCommeys & Hays, of Dover, for their own accommodation. It is said that some prominent members of the Catholic Church are in treaty for it to make it a present sea-side resort. For building at Rehoboth beach is far superior to it in every respect. The bathing along its shoals to be excellent.

Those who have visited Rehoboth camp meeting speak in the highest terms of its services; the eloquent sermons that have been heard; the interesting meetings that have been held; the good order that has prevailed; the sociability among strangers; convenience of transit from the grove to the beach; the excellent sea bathing; the superior accommodations afforded the grove by the Rev. J. B. Quigg, Superintendent of the Association; all have tended to make it a delightful and I have no doubt but that those who have visited Rehoboth will look back these scenes in after years as among the most pleasant reminiscences of their lives.

W. H. E.

Bad Shoes for men, women and child the greatest variety at bottom prices, at McCRERY & BOULDEN'S.

☞You want any kind of Implements of the approved kinds at *Grange* prices fail to see MICHENER & Co., at Cold ask to see the Malta Plow and Eckle Grain Fan. [76

Looking for bargains will do well to look at brown and bleached Muslins priced and for sale at 12½c. per yard by McCRERY & BOULDEN.

Newest Muslins at the GLASS FRONT.

☞Hardick National Hay, Straw and Fodder has proven to be the best land MICHENER & Co., have them. [76

Gents' Shoes and Gaiters of the best quality, misses and children, warranted, and wear well, for sale by McCRERY & BOULDEN.

Summer Cassimeres closing out at heavy Cottonnades and Jeans coming at prices, at McCRERY & BOULDEN'S.

☞County families know what good Shoes they use the "Wilmington City." 4

New Stone China ware at the GLASS FRONT.

Stitch plain Sewing done at the sewing rooms, *Whig* Building, by Miss A. NONES.

A SUCCESSFUL BALLOON VOYAGE.

TWENTY SIX HOURS IN THE AIR—EVENTS OF A TRIP FROM NEW YORK TO SARATOGA.

It is safe to say that the balloon-trip in W. H. Donaldson's new air-ship The Barnum, which terminated near Saratoga, on Saturday evening last, was the finest that ever began in New York, and one of the most prosperous and enjoyable ever made in the country. A little after 4 P. M. on Friday the five journalists who were to accompany Mr. Donaldson, stepped into the willow basket, and with the latter's signal, "Let go all," were shot rapidly upward. Almost in an instant they were 700 feet high. Union and Madison-squares, and the streets around the Hippodrome, were thronged with people, balconies and housetops, nearly as far as could be distinguished, were crowded, and sending up shouts of applause or farewell. At 4:20 the balloon was 1,800 feet high, over Seventh avenue near Forty-second street, and drifting to the northwest. Blocks of houses looked no larger than single buildings ordinarily appear, and the street cars, which could be dimly seen, appeared about the size of bricks. At 4:30 the balloon was hovering over the Hudson at an altitude of 2,500 feet. Long Island looked like a large straggling village, a little thickest along the East river, and the Sound was filled with fair looking craft. Staten Island seemed a part of New Jersey. Northward was the Hudson. The Palisades were plainly visible, and so were the towns along the river. Where the Hackensack and Passaic rivers empty into Newark Bay a pair of dentist's nippers was plainly marked out by the curving courses of the streams, and a few miles to the east, was a gigantic foot, formed by cuttings on a forest, with every curve as true as if it had been fashioned by one of the "anatomical" foot makers.

Mr. Donaldson, about 4:30, suggested that as it would be necessary to leave one of the party now and then, in order to make the trip as long as possible, the journalists should draw lots to see who should get out first. Numbers were written on separate slips of paper, tossed into a hat, shaken, and following is the order in which they were drawn: *Herald*, 1; *World*, 2; *Sun*, 3; *Graphic*, 4; *Tribune*, 5. At 5:11 the balloon had sunk to an altitude of 250 feet. Prof. Donaldson explained that the sinking was caused by the setting of the sun. The drag-rope, 350 feet long, the letting out and pulling in of which was like throwing out and pulling in ballast, trailed along the ground. It cracked branches of trees like pipe stems, tore boards from fences, left a narrow path through fields of grain which it crossed, and seemed to be resistless.—When it drags over a house, a fence, or an enormous buzz-saw is produced.

At 6:20 the rope caught and the balloon was made to descend, and the party landed near a farm house and got some milk. The balloon ascended again at 6:52, crossed the Piermont branch of the Erie railroad, in the township of Ramapo, and landed on a farm in the township near the Summer residence of Charlotte Thompson, the actress, who was visited. She accepted readily an invitation to ascend, and in half an hour the party were off again with Miss Thompson in company. After going about two or three miles she was landed, and returned home in her carriage which had followed.

At 10 P. M. the air-ship was over the Hudson, opposite West Point, and only 40 feet above the ground. During the night only eight pounds of ballast were thrown out.

At 5:24 A. M. on Saturday the grappling hook was thrown out and in a few seconds the party were landed on the farm of Wm. Cooms, in Greenport, Columbia county, four miles from Hudson. *The Graphic, Herald*, and *World* representatives then got out and left for Hudson. The anchor was then loosened, and in three minutes the balloon was 2,200 feet in the air. At 9 o'clock it was 8,300 feet, nearly a mile and three-quarters. The sun was very hot, the thermometer registering 70°. The balloon drifted slowly southward towards New York. The city of Hudson was almost directly below, and a little off to the east, across the river, was Catskill, and beyond the Catskill Mountains. Four stratas of clouds were distinctly to be seen. The first or lower strata was of a dirty gray color; the second, a pure, gleaming, silvery white; the third, a beautiful deep azure, darker than the clear blue vault overhead; and the fourth or upper, a dark brown, almost the color of amber. Albany and Greenbush came in sight, with Troy beyond. Ballast was thrown out and the balloon rose rapidly to 9,000 feet—so fast that the party had to shout to make one another hear. Then they descended.

For three hours and ahalf the baloon was nearly a mile and three-quarters high. All this time it was in sight of Hudson City. At 11 it arose over the first span of the Catskills. After several hours of travel the balloon sailed over a deep valley which Donaldson said would be good for a landing, and the anchor was dropped. It grappled readily, gas was let out, and the party descended among some small trees at 6:07 P. M. The place of landing was E. R. Young's farm, in Greenfield, Saratoga county, nine miles north of the place. The journey of 400 miles had been accomplished in 26 hours.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

The Golden Rule is the standard by which merchandise is bought and sold by McCRERY & BOULDEN, North side of Main street, in the "Hollow."

☞If you are in want of Nails by the single pound or by the keg, or Carriage Bolts, Hardware, Tin Ware, &c., call at MICHENER & Co.'s, Colora, Md. They are selling very low. [76

New Belts, Gauntlets, Lace Neckties, Sashes, Ruches, Collarette of finest quality and lowest figures at the GLASS FRONT.

DIED.

JEFFERSON.—At the residence of her husband, Captain F. W. Jefferson, in Chesapeake City, on Saturday, July 18th, MARY EMMA JEFFERSON, in the 26th year of her age.
Wilmington papers please copy.

FORD.—On the 21st ult., of Brain Fever, ELZIE LAYMAN, infant son of James T. and Annie E. Ford, aged 7 months and 18 days.

God quickly called the little lamb and safely took him home.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Children often Look Pale and Sick,
from no other cause than having worms in the stomach. BROWN'S VERMIFUGE COMFITS will destroy Worms without injury to the child, being perfectly WHITE, and free from all coloring or other injurious ingredients usually used in worm Preparations.
CURTIS & BROWN, Proprietors, No. 15 Fulton St., New York.
Sold by Druggists and Chemists, and Dealers in Medicines at TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOX. [July 4—y

HOUSEHOLD PANACEA —AND— FAMILY LINIMENT.

Why Will You Suffer?
To all persons suffering from Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Cramps in the limbs or stomach, Bilious Colic, Pain in the back, bowels or side, we would say the HOUSEHOLD PANACEA and FAMILY LINIMENT is of all others the remedy you want for internal and external use. It has cured the above complaints in thousands of cases. There is no mistake about it. Try it.—Sold by all druggists.
Feb 14, 1874—3m

Thirty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse.
Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health and comfort to mother and child. We believe it to be the Best and Surest Remedy in the World in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from Teething or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the facsimile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all medicine dealers. [July 4—1y

ONLY ONE
Sewing Machine Office
in Cecil county, where is kept on hand all first class Sewing Machines. Come direct from the factory. Sold at city prices on monthly instalments. Keeps all kinds of improvements, oil, silks, thread, &c., in connection with the business. All orders and inquiries receive personal attention. I employ no peddlers. Write for price lists or any information desired. Machines delivered and instructions given free of charge. JOHN WILKINSON, Agent, *Whig* Building, Elkton, Md.

THE MARKETS.

Elkton Markets.

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY.

Wheat—new,	$1.25@$1.25
Corn—white,	85
" yellow,	73
Oats,	60@60
Rye,	80@85

Baltimore Markets.

FLOUR.—Western super $4.30; extra $5.-37½@5.50; family at $7. Patapsco family $9.50; extra $9.

WHEAT.—The market is firm, with a brisk demand, and prices are in sellers' favor. Southern prime white 132@140c.; prime to choice amber 142@145c.; good to prime red 133@140 cents, and fair do. 130 cents.

CORN.—The market for Corn is quiet, with a small business reported. Southern white 92@93 cents. Western 78 cents, but there were neither buyers nor sellers at that figure.

OATS.—The receipts of Oats are liberal, but the demand is active, and the market is firm and advancing. Southern 60@65 cents; new Western 60@62 cents, and old do. 62@65 cents.

RYE.—The offerings are light, but the market is dull, prices ranging from 75 to 85 cents for common to prime.

BALTIMORE HAY AND STRAW MARKET.—The supply of Hay is ample, and the market is quiet and heavy in feeling. We quote prime old Timothy at $25 per ton, with some holders asking higher figures, and new at $23. Inferior is very dull and nominal. Straw is steady, and we quote straight Rye at $14@15; Oat at $13, and Wheat at $10@11—all per ton of 2,000 pounds.

Philadelphia Markets.

Flour steady, supor $3.50@4.50; extra $4.50@5.25; Pennsylvania, Indiana and Ohio family extra $6.75@7.50. Wheat quiet and steady, now red 125@131 cents; white 140@150 cents. Rye—old $1; new 93@95 cents. Corn dull, yellow 82½@83 cents; Western mixed 81@82 cents. Rye unsettled, white 75@76c.; mixed 72@73c.

THE PHILADELPHIA CATTLE MARKET.—The market for Beef Cattle was quite dull this week and with liberal receipts, prices generally favored buyers. Sales of fair and good at 6½@7½c., and common at 4@6 cents. Receipts, 3,500 head. Sheep of prime quality were rather slow, but stockers met a lively demand; sales of the former at 4½@5½c., and the latter at 2@4c. Receipts, 10,000 head. Hogs were scarce, active and higher. Sales of corn-fed at $10@10.25. Receipts, 4,500 head.

BALTIMORE HORSE AND MULE MARKET.—Persons competent to give an opinion in such matters state that they have never known the horse and mule market of this city to be so quiet as it is at present. The quietness has prevailed for several weeks, and there is nothing to indicate a change for the better. Last week the market brightened up for a few days, but as soon as it became generally known that there was a demand for horses, several shipments arrived from the West, and the market resumed its old form. The arrivals during the past week, although not large, have been greatly in excess of the demand, and consequently the market continues to decline. The horses that have arrived are as a general thing good, and are held at moderate prices. The sales have been few, and the prices low. Indeed, the market is so dull that no good average scale of prices can be given. The following is as near an average as it is possible to give, and even then the prices quoted would very likely fall lower if the dealers could find good cash buyers. Carriage horses are held at prices ranging from $1,000 to $2,000 per span, according to style, color and speed; first-class riding and driving horses can be bought at from $175 to $250. No average can be given of speedy horses, as they bring fancy prices. Horses for general purposes, such as usually class as general utility horses, can be bought at prices ranging from $125 to $150. Work horses, better than common, are valued at $125 to $175, some very excellent ones, however, could be bought for much less. Common work horses are worth from $60 to $100 per head. There are very few heavy draft horses in the market, and brood mares are still scarce.

The mule market is excessively dull. There are a number of lower grade mules on the market, and they bring from $75 to $100 per head. There can be quotations given for good animals. The stock on hand is more than enough to supply the demand. *American.*

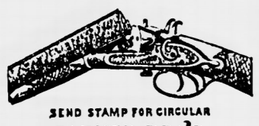
EDUCATIONAL.

Swithin C. Shortlidge's Boarding School for Young Men and Boys, Kennett Square, Pa. J. M. Habel, Ph. D., Professor of History, Modern Languages, Physiology, &c. Dr. C. S. Faust, Professor of Chemistry, Natural Philosophy, &c. Chas. F. Coates, Penmanship and English Branches. S. C. Shortlidge, (Harvard University, A. M.) Principal Teacher. Two lectures a week, with instructive experiments. Fine apparatus and one thousand Stereoptican Views, bought in Paris for the School by Prof. Habel, to illustrate Science, History, Geography and Travel. [July 11—3m

FRIENDS' SCHOOL, AT RISING SUN, MD.
This school, founded in the hope that it may do its share in the great and good work of education, will open in the Hall Building, under the approbation of the Society of Friends, on the 3d st of 8th Mo., Aug., 1874.
Both sexes are admitted.
Teachers rife in scholarship and experience will have charge of the department of instruction.
Terms for tuition and boarding reasonable.
In order to facilitate the arrangements for the complete accommodation of all who may desire to enter at the commencement of the session, it is very desirable that application be made as early as possible.
The school is located in a pleasant and healthy place, and it will be the constant aim of those in charge to make it a blessing to the community in which it is located, and in all respects deserving of confidence and patronage.
For further information address,
GEO. B. PASSMORE, Supt., Rising Sun, Md.
EDWIN HAINES, Sr., E. P. PASSMORE, and others, } Advisory Committee
July 4, 1874—tf

APOTHECARY.
GREETING AND COMPLIMENTS OF E. B. FRAZER TO THE CITIZENS OF
Port Deposit and Vicinity,
Respectfully announcing the Opening of his
NEW DRUG STORE,
(Opposite H. C. Nesbitt & Co.'s)
Where may be found a complete assortment of
DRUGS, MEDICINES, Chemicals, AND Toilet Merchandise.
Physicians' Prescriptions accurately compounded from new and carefully selected materials. *A Specialty.*
☞The patronage of his friends and the public generally most cordially solicited.
April 18, 1874—tf

D. SCOTT & BRO.,
ELKTON, MD.,
DEALERS IN
Grain, Coal, Lime, Salt, Feed, Fish, Plaster and Fertilizers
OF THE FOLLOWING STANDARD BRANDS:
Phosphates.
MORO PHILLIPS, WATSON & CLARK, COE'S & COPE'S.
Bone.
BAUGH'S, (guaranteed pure,)
TIER'S " "
LISTER'S AND OTHER BRANDS.
GUANOS.
PACIFIC GUANO,
A. A. MEXICAN "
ORCHILLA "
BAHAMA "
SUN "
☞PERUVIAN and all other Brands furnished when ordered, at lowest rates.
April 18, 1874—tf.

THE PARKER GUN.

SEND STAMP FOR CIRCULAR
PARKER BRO'S
WEST MERIDEN, CT.

NOTICES, &C.

Proposals for Stamped Envelopes and Newspaper Wrappers.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, July 13, 1874.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received until 12 o'clock M. on FRIDAY, the 14th day of August, 1874, for furnishing all the "Stamped Envelopes" and "Newspaper Wrappers" which this Department may require for public and official use during a period of four (4) years, commencing on the 1st day of October, 1874, viz:

STAMPED ENVELOPES.

No. 1. Note size, 2¾ by 5½ inches—two qualities.
No. 2. Ordinary letter size, 3 1-16 by 5½ inches—three qualities.
No. 3. Full letter size, 3½ by 5½ inches—three qualities.
No. 4. Full letter size, (for circulars,) ungummed on flap, 3½ by 5½ inches—one quality.
No. 5. Extra letter size, 3½ by 6¾ inches—three qualities.
No. 6. Extra letter size, 3½ by 6½ inches, (for circulars) ungummed on flap—one quality.
No. 7. Official size, 3 15-16 by 8¾ inches—two qualities.
No. 8. Extra official size, 4¼ by 10¼ inches—one quality.

STAMPED NEWSPAPER WRAPPERS.

6½ by 9½ inches, (round cut,) one quality.

OFFICIAL STAMPED ENVELOPES.

Also, the following official stamped envelopes for use of the Post Office Department, viz:

No. 1—size, 3½ by 5½ inches.
No. 2—size, 3½ by 6¾ inches.
No. 3—size, 4 by 9 inches.
No. 4—size, 4½ by 10½ inches.

EMBOSSING, WATER-MARKS, PRINTING, PAPER, STYLE OF MANUFACTURE.

All of the above Envelopes and Wrappers must be embossed with postage stamps of such denominations, styles, and colors, must have such water-marks or other devices to prevent imitation, and must bear such printing as the Postmaster General may direct. The envelopes must be made in the most thorough manner, equal in every respect to the samples furnished to bidders by the Department. The paper must be of approved quality, specially manufactured for the purpose.

DIES.

The dies for embossing the postage stamps on the envelopes and wrappers are to be executed to the satisfaction of the Postmaster General, in the best style, and they are to be provided, renewed, and kept in order at the expense of the contractor. The Department reserves the right of requiring new dies for any stamps or denominations of stamps not now used, and any changes of dies or colors shall be made without extra charge.

Before entering into a contract, the successful bidder may be required to prepare and submit new dies for the approval of the Department. The use of the present dies may or may not be continued.

The dies, as soon as made, shall become the property of the United States, and shall be safely and securely kept by the contractor, and should the use of any of them be temporarily or permanently discontinued they shall be promptly turned over to the Post Office Department, or its agent, as the Postmaster General may direct.

GUM.

The envelopes must be thoroughly and perfectly gummed, the gumming on the flap of each (except for circulars) to be put on by hand not less than half an inch the entire length; the wrappers to be also hand gummed not less than three-fourths of an inch in width across the end.

SECURITY FROM FIRE AND THEFT.

Bidders are notified that the Department will require, as a condition of the contract, that the envelopes and wrappers shall be manufactured and stored in apartments separate and distinct from those in which any other work is done, and in such manner as to insure security against loss by fire or theft.

The manufactory must at all times be subject to the inspection of an agent of the Department, who will require the stipulations of the contract to be faithfully observed.

The contractor, his employees, and agents shall conform to such regulations as the Department may from time to time adopt for the security of the Government.

PACKING.

All envelopes and wrappers must be handed in parcels of twenty-five, and packed in strong pasteboard or straw boxes, securely bound on all the edges and corners with cotton or linen cloth glued on, each box to contain not less than two hundred and fifty of the note and letter sizes, and one hundred each of the official and extra official size, separately. The newspaper wrappers to be packed in boxes, to contain not less than two hundred and fifty each. The boxes are to be wrapped and securely fastened in strong manilla paper, and sealed so as to safely bear transportation by mail for delivery to postmasters. When two thousand or more envelopes or wrappers are required to fill the order of a postmaster, the straw or pasteboard boxes containing the same must be packed in strong wooden cases, well strapped with hoop-iron, and addressed; but when less than two thousand are required, proper labels of direction, to be furnished by an agent of the Department, must be placed upon each package by the contractor. Wooden cases, containing envelopes or wrappers, to be transported by water routes, must be provided with suitable water-proofing. The whole to be done under the inspection and direction of an agent of the Department.

DELIVERY.

The envelopes and wrappers must be ready for delivery on the 1st day of October, 1874, and thereafter must be promptly furnished and delivered, complete in all respects, in such quantities as may be required to fill the daily orders of postmasters; he deliveries to be made either at the Post Office Department, Washington, D. C., or at the office of an agent duly authorized to inspect and receive the same; the place of delivery to be at the option of the Postmaster General, and the cost of delivering, as well as all expense of storing, packing, addressing, labeling, and water-proofing to be paid by the contractor.

OFFICE ROOMS AND FURNITURE.

An agent of the Department will have supervision of the manufacture, storage, and issue of the stamped envelopes and wrappers, and he shall at all times have full and free access to the apartments, safes, and vaults where the same are manufactured and stored, for the purpose of inspecting the same; and the contractor shall furnish him and his clerks suitable office and desk room, for the transaction of the business of his agency, without cost to the Government.

The contractor may also be required to furnish, without charge, suitable and properly-furnished rooms for use of the post office in registering packages of envelopes and wrappers to be forwarded through the mails.

STOCK ON HAND.

The contractor shall at all times keep on hand a stock of the several kinds and denominations of envelopes and wrappers, subject to the control of the Agent of the Department, in all stages of manufacture, sufficient to meet all orders of the Department, and to provide against any and all contingencies that may be likely to occur during the existence of the contract, so that each and every order of the Department may be promptly filled.

PAYMENTS.

Payments for stamped envelopes and wrappers actually issued and delivered will be made quarterly, after proper examination and adjustment of accounts.

AWARD.

The contract will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder for all the envelopes and wrappers, the prices to be calculated on the basis of the number used in the several grades during the last fiscal year, which was as follows:

No. 1, note size, first quality	2,785,000
No. 1, note size, second quality	139,200
No. 2, ordinary letter size, first quality	16,119,100
No. 2, ordinary letter size, second quality	3,806,700
No. 2, ordinary letter size, third quality	919,000
No. 3, full letter size, first quality	52,986,000
No. 3, full letter size, second quality	4,716,500
No. 3, full letter size, third quality	1,566,500
No. 4, full letter size, ungummed	7,033,750
No. 5, extra letter size, first quality	23,079,250
No. 5, extra letter size, second quality	1,096,250
No. 5, extra letter size, third quality	311,500
No. 6, extra letter size, ungummed	2,832,750
No. 7, official size, first quality	220,700
No. 7, official size, second quality	716,950
No. 8, extra official size, first quality	34,250
No. 9, newspaper wrappers	21,421,750
Total	138,815,500

OFFICIAL STAMPED ENVELOPES.

No. 1, letter size	3,897,750
No. 2, extra letter