The Cecil Whig

ELKTON, JULY 4, 1874.

THE GLORIOUS 4th.

This day ushers in the 98th anniversary of American Independence. The early modes of celebrating the day are rapidly falling into disuse. Whether the people who are reaping the ripe harvest made possible by the earnest, sturdy men, who staked all for American Independence, and gave a death blow to the pretensions of kings, and like all who have been feasted become indifferent to the food, or whether their tastes have becoming more educated and refined, they look upon the ancient mode of giving vent to their patriotic feelings, as not the most rational way of expressing their grateful remembrance of the boon achieved by their fathers, or rather grandfathers, we are not prepared to decide; perhaps both have something to do with the comparatively quiet and languid manner we have fallen into of observing the day.

The mode of manifesting patriotic joy prescribed by that tough old Puritan, John Adams, the firing of cannon, ringing of bells, bon-fires, fire crackers and military parades, was practiced with much vim for the first fifty years after Independence, and has been growing less and less impressive on the public since. In those days, before the innovations of railroads and telegraphs, every ear in the country within thirty or forty miles of the large cities, would be strained to hear the faint boom at that distance, of the morning salute, fired at sunrise, the opening ceremonies of the day. Then every village had its militia parade; a stand was erected for the orator of the day; the Declaration of Independence was read, and the speaker or speakers recited the deeds of the heroes of the great struggle, and held up the character of Washington, as the perfect pattern for every boy to imitate in his life. At these patriotic assemblages an intense hatred of England was inculcated, by a recital of the cruelty practiced by the British and their hired mercenary Hessians. The hot day ended, the people retired to their homes, their souls filled with patriotic ardor and American pride. These periodic reminders of the struggle for Independence, did much to amplify and strengthen a feeling of nationality so necessary in a people composed of so many nations.

But times have changed and men too have changed, and with them their customs. The boom of the 4th of July cannon now shocks our delicate nerves, and does not stir our patriotic blood as it did half a century ago. The orator is voted a bore, and his discourse a spread eagle display of old platitudes. The 4th of July sun is found too hot to parade under; and the bold militia boy in soldier plumes is laughed at and called a fool in a languid way by his comrades lounging in the shade, indifferent to all else save their individual ease. The fire cracker is pronounced a nuisance and every village in the land has placed this invention of the Celestials under the ban of law.

America is a great country in extent, natural resources, in cosmopolitan population, in enterprise and industry; in the rush and roar of trade, and eagerness of the people to grow rich; but Young America has the least reverence for the opinions and cherished customs of his paternal grandsire of any other branch of the human family. He labels them all "old fogy" and dismisses them with the most admirable nonchalance, to the limbo of forgotten things. This speedy forgetfulness of the most cherished customs of the past is the result of several causes, the greatest of which, perhaps, is the tide of immigration which constantly tumbles in with every wave of the Atlantic from many nations, upon our shores. These people come in such multitudes that their numbers but imperfectly blend with our native population, and keep us in a constant transition state. The manners and customs, and modes of thought of the old world countries meet and clash and mingle and fuse here on this universal stage for the discussion of every theory in government, morals, religion and social science. The age at present advances with such tremendous strides that the great things of yesterday are drawfed to pigmies in contrast with the colossal productions of to-day, and the forces, seemingly insignificant, put in motion a century ago, have changed the whole face of the civilized world, and overthrew kingdoms and empires, are now lost sight of or regarded as small events, in these days of magnificent enterprises. And so it comes to pass that our glorious old 4th, the 4th of '76 is coming to excite less interest and less reverence, or observance, at least, than our Puritan thanksgiving. It has accomplished a noble work, and as it floats out of sight down the stream of time, the future historian will recall it, as one of the most wonderful turning points, or epochs, in the history of the nations. On that day Liberty, which had been so long struggling in the hearts of the people, sprang upon the stage, like Minerva from the head of Jove, armed cap-a-pie, to assume an organized part in the government of the nations in the future.

THE WAY SIDE.—This is a small eight page weekly magazine, published at Wilmington, Del., edited by Thos. M. Hicks, M. D. This little messenger of the home circle and Sabbath school is a non-denominational illustrated religious publication, got up with much neatness and taste in its letter press, and printed on fine tinted paper at the *Commercial* office. *The Way Side* is in its second volume, and without any great effort has obtained a circulation of 12,000, which is a better endorsement of its merits than anything we could write. The price is $1.00 a year, a dollar well invested by any family.

☞There are no more faithful workers as legislators than the Democrats, under certain circumstances, and the following scrap of news indicates the work which stimulates their industry to its utmost capacity:

"The session of the New Hampshire Legislature on Friday of last week was an unusually excited one, and lasted until 1:15 o'clock on next morning. The yeas and nays were called forty times. The business was mainly that of removing Republicans from office and substituting Democrats. A number of officers in several counties were removed.

MR. CRESWELL'S FUTURE PLANS.—Ex-Postmaster General Creswell was in Baltimore on Saturday, and it was stated would go to Elkton on Wednesday, and thence to some of the watering places, where he will spend a couple of months, more agreeably than if he were in office. In September he will resume the practice of law at Elkton, and in Washington and Baltimore. He does not desire a foreign mission, but it is said, holds under consideration until January the office of the presidency of a bank in Washington.—*Baltimore Sun, of 29th ult.*

☞The *Chrisfield Leader* says: "—Peninsula Press Association—why not have one?" Why not? sure enough. We hill country editors could go down and flounder through the sand banks, and catch crabs; and the sand crabbers could return the visit and stumble round over the rocks and hills, and catch nothing but a mouth full of sweet air. Wouldn't it be jolly? Let's have an Association.

☞The Burdick National Hay, Straw and Fodder Cutter has proven to be the best in use and MICHENER & Co., have them. [76

GENERAL NEWS.

—Miss Kate West of Paris, Ky., died from an overdose of arsenic, taken to improve her complexion.

—The Hon. Eugene Hale, the new Postmaster-General, entered upon the duties of his office and then resigned.

—Monday was pronounced the hottest day in New York in many years. The thermometer in that city marking 102° in the shade at 3 o'clock P. M.

—A Halifax despatch says it is reported that there will be a larger catch of mackerel this season than at any time during the past twenty years.

—The post office at Rehoboth Beach has been opened for the season. The camp meeting promises to be larger than last year and boarding moderate in price.

—Marshal Concha, Commander-in-Chief of the Republican army of Spain, was killed on Saturday in a battle against the Carlists, who are besieging Estella.

—The Massachusetts Legislature adjourned *sine die* on Wednesday. Among the bills passed was one declaring women eligible for service on School Committees.

—The strawberry shipments for the entire peninsula this season run up to the enormous number of 7,470,400 quarts—an excess of about 5,000,000 quarts over last year.

—The new elevator of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, at Locust Point, Baltimore, was opened Tuesday for the receipt of Western grain. It has a storage capacity of 1,500,000 bushels.

—The Treasury will sell $1,000,000 in gold on each Thursday in July, making $5,000,000 for the month. If it would hoard that gold it might resume specie payment in a few months.

—Governor Tolbot of Massachusettes, vetoed a liquor license bill passed by the Legislature. Massachusetts has a prohibitory liquor law, and the Legislature wanted to introduce grog again.

—Hugh Donahue completed the feat of walking 1000 miles in 1000 hours, at Springfield, Mass., on Saturday morning. He nearly broke down on Friday night, and his strength was almost gone when he finished his task.

—Most of the Cabinet officers left Washington this week, Secretary Fish to West Point, Secretary Robeson to Rye Beach, and Secretary Delano to Mount Vernon, Ohio. Internal Revenue Commissioner Douglass is visiting his home in Pennsylvania, and Colonel Rodgers is acting commissioner during his absence.

—During the month of June five hundred and sixty post offices were established and ninety-eight re-established for the purpose of prompt accommodation to the towns, villages and neighborhoods along the many routes which, under recent lettings, were put in operation. These, with other changes and appointments, show over one thousand appointment cases in two weeks.

—The English Government is now engaged in the stupendous undertaking of furnishing three millions of people with food enough to keep them from starvation until the Fall crop is harvested. The reports in regard to the growing crops are favorable, but in the meantime the pressure for food is fearful, and in some instances has resulted in rioting and bloodshed.

—There was a reduction of the public debt to the extent of $2,180,196 94 during June. Since June 30, 1873, there has been a decrease of $4,730,472 41, notwithstanding that during several months of the year there were considerable additions to the debt. The revenues, both from internal taxes and customs duties, were greater last month than in the corresponding month of 1873.

—Marine telegraphy sustains a serious loss in the sinking of the Faraday, the magnificent steamship, the second or third largest ever built, which occurred a few days ago, in consequence of a collision with an iceberg. The Farady was especially constructed for this service at an immense cost, and was a splendid specimen of naval architecture. She had nearly two hundred souls on board at the time of the disaster, concerning whose fate we are in ignorance.

—Monday last was one of the hottest days of the season. The intense heat was general throughout the country. The Signal Service office reports the thermometer as marking 97 degrees in the shade in Baltimore. At Washington it was 98 degrees, Philadelphia 95, New York 92, and Boston 84, whilst farther to the southward the temperature was more moderate. Charleston reports 85 degrees, New Orleans 89, and Augusta 90.

—Harvesting has commenced in California and the yield of grain is described as "enormous." After a while the speculators will have bought up the greater part of the wheat crop of the country at a low figure, and the report will be started and circulated through all the papers, that the wheat crop was not so large after all, and the price will go up, and the farmers will grumble, and some of the speculators will make fortunes. But some of them will burst up which will be some consolation to the farmers.

—Advices from Dodge City, Kansas, confirm previous reports of Indian hostilities in that neighborhood. The Indians have killed two hunters at Doby Wells, and two other men near Canadian river, and have killed and scalped a man named Warren near Mulberry Creek. A party of citizens, including James Hanrahan, who left Dodge City for the Canadian river, on the 7th, were attacked and lost their stock, and as they have not been heard of since, it is feared they have been massacred. At Camp Supply 4 soldiers have been wounded and a lot of stock has been stolen.

—The French-Canadian Convention was held at Montreal on Friday, at which about five thousand persons, including the delegates and their friends, were present. A report was submitted showing that during the past twenty-five years 500,000 Canadians have emigrated to the United States. It was urged that the return of these emigrants would place Quebec at the head of the Canadian Confederation, and to secure their return, gratuitous grants of land, free passage to Montreal, the improvement of the roads in the Province, and other inducements were recommended. The report was adopted, and the Convention soon after adjourned.

—Tuesday was a dark day at Washington among the clerks. 375 female clerks in the Bureau of Printing and Engraving were discharged. Fourteen of the girls fainted when the news of their discharge reached them. About fifty clerks in the Interior Department were dismissed. The clerical force in all the departments will be greatly reduced, aggregating several hundred more. It is said that the city post offices and other offices under the Federal Government are full of superfluous clerks which if weeded out would effect a great saving and add to the efficiency of the service. At the Baltimore Custom House on Tuesday ten employees were discharged, not on a score of economy, but because other men wanted their places. Ten new appointments were made by the Collector.

—A statement prepared in the office of the Supervising Architect of the Treasury Department shows that from 1800 to 1873 the total expenditures of the United States on buildings and other public improvements in the District of Columbia were $65,746,829. The largest items are the following: For the Capitol, $12,851,860; Treasury building, $6,476,500; Washington aqueduct, $3,612,552; avenues and streets, $3,647,817; navy-yard, $3,203,296; hospitals and charitable institutions, $2,575,342; Patent Office building, $2,565,145; debts of the District, $2,393,733; State, War and Navy Department buildings—new—$2,315,233; Post Office building, $1,745,779; metropolitan police, $1,288,985; lighting of streets and grounds with gas, $1,123,473; the Capitol squares, $1,047,048. The expenditures for the President's house have been—prior to its destruction by the British, $333,207; since 1818, $742,710; for its "accommodation and refurnishing," $547,896. Total, $1,613,813.

WARM.

People frizzling with the heat,
Who pack off helter skelter,
And to the sea-side beat retreat,
In crowded rooms to swelter,
Should first of all our clothes inspect;
They really beat all "*Natur!*"
Whilst cheap and dressy still they are,
Cool as "*Refrigerator!*"

We have Men's Suits for Summer wear from $4.50, whilst all our stock is reduced to very low prices. BENNETT & CO., TOWER HALL, 518 Market St., Philada.

☞If you are in want of Nails by the single pound or by the keg, or Carriage Bolts, Hardware, Tin Ware, &c., call at MICHENER & Co.'s, Colora, Md. They are selling very low. [76

Goods received to-day. Astonishing low prices. Bonnets and Hats far below cost, at MRS. NELSON'S. A few dozen to give away—call and see.

Resignation of Postmaster-General Creswell.

The Cincinnati, O., *Daily Star*, (Democrat) says, in speaking of the resignation of Mr. Creswell:

The resignation of Postmaster-General Creswell will be heard of with suprise and regret. Surprise that a Cabinet officer could really resign without talking the matter over and having it hearalded by the correspondents' months before, and regret that the services of the most efficient officer, at the head of any of the portfolios are to be lost to the country. Mr. Creswell has had charge of the post office department for over five years, and has shown himself the most practical official that has held the place since it was made a cabinet position. His administration of the office was one full of great achievements, and in years to come he will be remembered as having carried out and set on foot the most important matters leading to a really practical postal system. Through him the postage on foreign letters was greatly reduced and facilities for their speedy transmission perfected. The money-order system was inaugurated, postal cards were adopted, the franking privilege abolished, post-offices better regulated and salaries of postmasters made more uniform and equitable, postal cars put in operation, and the whole post office department brought from a kind of chaotic state to the most perfect of any in existence, except, perhaps, that of England. We have attributed these matters to Mr. Creswell, because it was almost entirely through his influence and recommendations that they were brought about. It is unfortunate, however, that he terminated his official career before perfecting the most important undertaking of them all—the postal telegraph system. His resignation will especially be regretted on this account, and whoever his successor may be, it is hoped he will sufficiently understand the sense of the people and the great requirement of the age to push right on with this work. Mr. Creswell leaves the Cabinet with an unsullied reputation. Much as there has been of corruption in official circles for the last five years none of it has been traced to his door, and as he retires from the Cabinet his bitterest enemies have only good words to say of his official life.

Opening of The Zoological Garden at Fairmount Park.

The Zoological Garden, at Fairmount Park, was opened to the public July, the 1st. The grounds comprised in the garden cover an erea of sixteen acres, and are located in the West Park, immediately south of the approach to Girard avenue bridge. The principal entrance to the garden is in close proximity to the bridge.

The buildings which have been erected in the garden are as follows: near the main entrance is a frame building, intended to be used as a refreshment saloon; opposite this building and to the left of the principal walk a monkey house; just beyond this the prairie dog village, and further on to the right of a small rivulet, the aviary. Beyond the aviary, in the neighborhood of Thirty-seventh street, are four enclosures for foxs, racoons and wolves. At the southern end of these enclosures is a large barn, and at the northern end a stall has been erected for the elephant. At the southern extremity of the barn is situated another aviary, which is divided into compartments for eagles, owls and hawks. The space on the other bank of the rivulet is occupied by enclosures, in which are confined a pair of handsome elks, four Virginia red deer, a cotton-tail deer, a Rocky Mountain deer, a black-tailed deer, an eland, a Rocky Mountain antelope and a Peruvian llama. South of these enclosures are the buffalo stalls, in which are now two buffaloes.

Further on and at the head of a slight elevation are the bear pits, while west of these and near the river road is the Penn Mansion, which was built by Mr. John Granville Penn, who imported all the bricks, wood work, etc., necessary for the building from England. It has been restored to its original condition, and the front room contains eight aquaria. It is designed ultimately to convert the mansion into a Museum of Natural History. At present the rooms not used by the Zoological Society are occupied by the Superintendent of the garden. Arranged along the various paths which traverse the garden are cages and enclosures in which animals are confined. Among the animals thus confined are a prairie wolf, two lynxes, two leopards, two ocelots, agoutis, porcupines, sloths, fox-bats, pheasants, currassows, two of which were presented by President Grant, squirrels, doves, California quail and a fine collection of pigeons presented by Mr. Caspar Hett.

The monkey house is a handsomely ornamented building, and cost $6500. It contains about fifty monkeys of various species, among which are a small baboon and a spider-monkey. The rivulet which flows through the garden, widens near the river road into a pond, which is used for swans; at the upper or western end of the stream is an enclosed place for storks, cranes, &c.

The aviary is a handsome building, built of brick of different colors, and cost $6000. The additional aviary, situated at the southern extremity of the lawn, is 40 feet high, 20 feet long and 10 feet deep, and is built in the form of a bee hive.

The bear pits are of stone, 80 feet long, 20 feet deep, and from 12 to 15 feet high, the western end being terraced to a level with the wall. There are three pits, each of which is provided with a pole in the center for the bears to climb upon, and tanks filled with water. Each pit has a grated door of iron, through which the visitors may see the bears. The northern pit is now occupied by a black bear, two brown bears, and a cinnamon bear, the middle pit by a female grizzly bear, and the southern pit by a black bear from Brigham Young's collection, and a black bear from Western Pennsylvania.

The Garden contains 200 quadrupeds, 67 birds and 15 reptiles. Among the animals which have recently arrived at the Garden, or are now on their way to it, are the following: 2 South Australian wombats, 2 dingos (wild dogs), 1 Tasmanian devil, 2 yellow-footed rock wallabys, 1 Phillip Island wallaby, 2 New South Wales wallabys, 4 Yorke's Peninsula kangaroos, 2 red kangaroos, 5 native cats, 5 kangaroo rats, 1 opossum, 1 flying squirrel, 4 native companions, 5 black swans, 4 magpie geese, 2 Cape Barron geese, 2 wedgetailed eagles, 4 magpies, 2 mountain ducks, 2 bald coots, 4 sulphur-crested cockatoos, 11 rose cockatoos, 12 pink or lead-beater cockatoos, 25 parrakeet cockatoos, 63 Victorian rogellas, 13 Northern rogellas, 4 Moreton Bay rogellas, 10 Port Lincoln parrakeets, 12 ringneck parrakeets,, 10 Blue Mountain parrakeets, 11 grass parrakeets, 4 elegant parrakeets, 100 shell parrakeets, 11 scarlet tories, 4 king tories or parrots, 4 Victorian leeks, 6 South Australian leeks, 24 zebra finches, 23 diamond sparrows, 13 Mauritius cardinals, 6 laughing jackasses, 2 minahs, 5 rails, 2 crested pigeons, 5 bronzewing pigeons, 2 moreporks, 1 small kingfisher, 1 shrike, 2 kangaroos, 2 common wallabys, 2 paradise ducks, 7 guinea pigs, five born in garden, 1 peccary, 3 black-tailed deer, 1 blue and yellow macaw, 1 fox squirrel, 2 red squirrels, 8 marmoset monkeys, 4 white rats, 2 magpies, 1 hedgehog, 1 grizzly bear, 2 cinnamon bears, 3 brown bears, 2 black bears, 1 cross fox, 2 silver foxes, 1 prairie wolf, 1 American wild cat, 2 American Elks, 1 white-tailed deer, 1 bald eagle, 1 golden eagle, 1 red and blue macaw.

A TERRIBLE THIRTY MINUTES' HISTORY.—Mr. Kyle was at a near neighbors' house-raising, and Mrs. Kyle, with the smaller of her two children, went to a spring near by to do her washing. After being engaged some time she heard a scream from her little girl, whom she had left at the house, and, hastening to the scene, it was her horror to behold a huge rattlesnake lying there, with its fangs fastened in the child's arm. She succeeded in killing the snake, and then, thinking of the child which she had left at the spring, she hastened there, only to find that this one had climbed up to the tub of water, fallen in, and was drowned. This nearly crazed her, and she ran with all her might to the neighbor's where the house raising was, and, screaming with excitement called to her husband, who at the time was upon the building, and he, through excitement, in trying to get down, pulled a piece of timber off upon him and fell, killing himself instantly. The friends then went back to where the child and snake were, only to find each dead lying on the floor. This all happened within thirty minutes.

East Wayne County (Tenn.) *Citizen.*

THE FARMERS MUTUAL OF YORK, PA., is acknowledged to be one of the safest Mutual Fire Insurance Companies in operation. Its Agents do a large business in this county. Risks on farm property taken at low rates. E. E. EWING, Agent at Elkton.

For The Cecil Whig.

A Suggestion.

MR. EDITOR:—I suppose the statement of the county expense will soon be published. In connection with it, the report of the Trustees of Alms House might be printed, which ought to contain the number of bushels of the several kinds of grain raised; the amount paid for manures; number of horses and cattle kept, and their increase; amount paid for provisions; and clothing for inmates; amount paid for hired help; average number of inmates during the year, &c. By this means I think the tax-payers could judge about the economy of that institution, as any man can tell within a few cents how much it will cost per head to board and clothe the inmates of an alms house. SUGGESTER.

MR. HALE DECLINES.—At a Cabinet meeting on Wednesday, Mr. Hale, the newly appointed successor to Mr. Creswell, notified the President that he could not act as Postmaster General. There was but one motive, that of ill health, that impelled him to the step. Mr. Hale is not a man of rugged health at any time, but the past winter brought unusual work to him as a member of the Appropriation Committee, and he is one who does his duty patiently and well. His first idea was to accept and ask Creswell to stay a month or two, until he (Hale) could obtain some rest, but Creswell declined, and Hale did not feel like turning the work over to an assistant. His next idea was to accept and do the next best he could with his health, and he did accept, but he was subsequently advised by his physician that it would be dangerous to remain in Washington hard at work during the summer. Ex-Postmaster General Creswell stated on leaving the Cabinet meeting that he would act as Postmaster General until his successor should be appointed, but he intended to insist upon leaving the Department as soon as possible.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Examination of Teachers.

There will be an Examination of Teachers for the Public Schools of Cecil county, held at the Public School Room, in ELKTON, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th instant, and at the Public School Room, at PORT DEPOSIT, on THURSDAY, the 16th instant.

JOHN SQUIER, Examiner.

July 4, 1874—2w

Reuben Haines. William T. Warburton, Jr.

HAINES & WARBURTON,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

ELKTON, CECIL CO., MD.

Prompt and careful attention given to all Legal matter entrusted to us. [July 4, 1874—tf

PROPOSALS SOLICITED.

The Board of Managers of the WOOD LAWN CAMP MEETING ASSOCIATION will receive Proposals until July 13th, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the STAND for the sale of Ice Cream, Confectionery, Cakes and Bread; with the understanding that nothing is to be sold on the Sabbath day. And also for the hauling of what lumber may be required from Port Deposit. They reserve the right to reject any or all bids. Proposals to be endorsed as such, and sent to the Secretary.

C. S. ABRAHAMS, Secretary, Wood Lawn.

July 4, 1874—2w

FRIENDS' SCHOOL,

AT RISING SUN, MD.

This school, founded in the hope that it may do its share in the great and good work of education, will open in the Hall Building, under the approbation of the Society of Friends, on the 31st of 8th Mo., Aug., 1874.

Both sexes are admitted.

Teachers ripe in scholarship and experience will have charge of the department of instruction.

Terms for tuition and boarding reasonable.

In order to facilitate the arrangements for the complete accommodation of all who may desire to enter at the commencement of the session, it is very desirable that application be made as early as possible.

The school is located in a pleasant and healthy place, and it will be the constant aim of those in charge to make it a blessing to the community in which it is located, and in all respects deserving of confidence and patronage.

For further information address,

GEO. B. PASSMORE, Supt., Rising Sun, Md.

EDWIN HAINES, Sr., E. P. PASSMORE, and others, } Advisory Committee.

July 4, 1874—tf

WHERE TO BUY IN PHILADELPHIA

A Directory arranged for the Convenience of Our Readers.—Cut this Out.

SLATE MANTELS AND ALL OTHER SLATE WORK, GRATES, REGISTERS, &c. J. B. KIMES & CO., 1215 RACE ST.

UNION SPOKE WORKS. SPOKES, RIMS, PLOW HANDLES. J. G. Davis & Son, S. W. Cor. LEOPARD & OTTER STREET.

PENSIONS—SOLDIERS of the Late WAR—But slightly Wounded or Injured, can obtain Pensions by applying to F. REGISTER, Claim Office 324 South Fifth Street, Philadelphia.

IRON FENCES. THE NEW IRON NAILED TO IRON. The Best Iron Fence in the World, for Lots, Cemeteries, &c. Send for Circular to J. B. Wickersham & Sons, 1003 Ridge Ave.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES AND JEWELRY, SILVER WARE, Etc. A Splendid Assortment at F. W. PARROTT'S, No. 5 S. 8th St., Phila. Established 24 years. Please call.

CIGARS "PECULIAR," and other B. B. Brands. Leaf and Manufactured Tobacco at lowest possible prices, at BACHELOR BROTHERS, Wholesale Depot 808 Market Street.

WATCHES and JEWELRY. At the Old Established stand of MOORE & BRO., 1031 Market Street.

ESTEY' COTTAGE ORGANS. Organs and Arion Pianos. E. M. BRUCE, 1308 Chestnut St., formerly of 18, north 7th St.

MILK CANS } And Dairy Fixtures, Best and Cheapest. WM. M. MORGAN & CO., 711 Spring Garden Street. Successors to John Ambler & Co.

BONER, W. H. & CO., Music Dealers, 1102 Chestnut St., will mail "Home, Sweet Home," arranged for Cabinet Organ or Melodeon, upon receipt of 30 cents.

WEBER PIANOS. Grand, Square and Upright, Jubilee Organs. J. A. GETZE, 1117 Chestnut Street.

Best Phila OAK BELTING. Monitor Stitched. C. W. ARNY, Manufacturer, 301 and 303 Cherry St. Send for Circular.

Fifty Dollars Saved!

THE NEW FLORENCE.

PRICE, $20 below } any other first-class
VALUE, $30 above } Sewing Machine.
SAVED, $50 by buying the Florence.

Every machine warranted.
Special terms to clubs and dealers.
Send for circulars to the
Florence S. M. Co., Florence, Mass., or 49 N Charles St., Baltimore, Md.

LAST CHANCE FOR AN EASY FORTUNE!

FIFTH and LAST GIFT CONCERT IN AID OF

THE PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KY.,

JULY 31st, 1874.

LIST OF GIFTS.

ONE GRAND CASH GIFT	$250,000
ONE GRAND CASH GIFT	100,000
ONE GRAND CASH GIFT	75,000
ONE GRAND CASH GIFT	50,000
ONE GRAND CASH GIFT	25,000
5 CASH GIFTS, $20,000 EACH	100,000
10 CASH GIFTS, 14,000 EACH	140,000
15 CASH GIFTS, 10,000 EACH	150,000
20 CASH GIFTS, 5,000 EACH	100,000
25 CASH GIFTS, 4,000 EACH	100,000
30 CASH GIFTS, 3,000 EACH	90,000
50 CASH GIFTS, 2,000 EACH	100,000
100 CASH GIFTS, 1,000 EACH	100,000
240 CASH GIFTS, 500 EACH	120,000
500 CASH GIFTS, 100 EACH	50,000
19,000 CASH GIFTS, 50 EACH	950,000
Grand Total 20,000 Gifts, all cash	$2,500,000

PRICE OF TICKETS.

WHOLE TICKETS	$50.00
HALVES	25 00
TENTHS, OR EACH COUPON	5.00
11 WHOLE TICKETS FOR	500 00
22 ½ TICKETS FOR	1,000.00

For Tickets or information, Address

THO. E. BRAMLETTE, Agent and Manager, Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky., or THOS. H. HAYS & CO., Eastern Agents, 609 Broadway, New York.

1874 LIGHT RUNNING DOMESTIC

This Sewing Machine gives the best satisfaction to the user, is paid for most readily, and is the best of all to sell. If there is no "Domestic" Agent in your town, apply to DOMESTIC S. M. CO., New York.

LADIES send for elegant Fashion Book

PSYCHOMANCY, or Soul Charming." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose instantly. This simple mental acquirement all can possess, free, by mail, for 25c., together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies. A queer book, 100,000 sold. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., publishers, Philadelphia.

REAL ESTATE.

Farm-Land, or Farm, for Sale.

FORTY ACRES, in four fields, fenced in part by live hedge. Three fields have been tilled for years and with good results. There is Water, Fruit and Timber on it, and an excellent site for Buildings.

—OR—

A FARM OF FIFTY ODD ACRES, with DWELLING, (beautifully shaded, and Well of good water close by,) Frame Barn, and other out-houses. The land, fenced in part by live hedge, is of good quality and well watered. There is fine timber, and a great variety of fruit on it.

—OR—

The above tracts, divided by a lane, to one purchaser. The Farm, suitable for dairy purposes, lies in the Fifth District of Cecil county, Md., on the road from Charlestown to Rising Sun, about four miles from the latter; is conveniently situated, and in a desirable neighborhood.

Price to suit the times, as the owner wants to retire. Immediate possession given, if desired.

For further particulars apply to, on the premises, or address, JAMES SHORE, Upper Principio, Cecil county, Md.

May 16, 1874—tf

FARM FOR SALE.

The subscribers will sell at Private Sale the FARM, known as "BELL HILL," containing

EIGHTY-FOUR ACRES,

all arable and clear land, except two acres of woodland. The land is high and rolling, and in a good state of cultivation; is divided into five fields, enclosed with good fence or hedge.

The improvements consist of one very large double-floored BARN, with Stabling for fifty head of stock, and is in good repair, would cost $4,000 to build it; also good Granary and Wagon Shed, one brick TENANT HOUSE, 30 feet square, two stories high. (The mansion house, which was very large, having been burned some three years ago.)

The situation of this property is very desirable, having a beautiful view of the Elk River, which extends for miles south and in front of it. It is in a good neighborhood, convenient to churches, schools, mills, &c., being 1½ miles from Elkton, the county-seat of Cecil county, Md. The Phila, Wil. & Balt. Railroad runs through the property, which is within one and ahalf hours' ride from Philadelphia and about two hours from Baltimore.

Can be bought low, and on easy terms.

Apply to THE McCULLOUGH IRON CO., 16th and Washington Avenue, Philadelphia.

GEORGE C. SIMPSON, 1009 Washington St., Wilmington, Del.

Or, HENRY WARNER, at Westamwell Mills, near the town.

May 9, 1874—tf

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF House and Lot, in Elkton.

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Cecil county, in chancery, passed in a cause in said Court between William L. Ritter and wife, complainants, and Jacob A. Howard and others, defendants, the undersigned, as Trustee, will offer at Public Sale, at the Court House door, in the town of Elkton, on

TUESDAY, the 7th day of JULY, 1874,

AT 11 O'CLOCK A. M., ALL THAT

LOT OF GROUND,

IN THE TOWN OF ELKTON, which was conveyed to the said Jacob A. Howard by Amos E. Howard, by deed dated May 4th, 1868, and recorded among the Land Records of Cecil county aforesaid, in Liber H. R. T., No. 3, folio 350, &c.

This lot is situated on the south side of Main street in said town, opposite the residence of the late Col. John C. Groome, deceased, and adjoining the building lately occupied by the National Bank of Elkton. It has a front of thirty-eight and ahalf feet on said Main street, and extends in depth, of that width, three hundred and ninety-seven feet. The lot is improved with a comfortable double FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, 32 feet front by 18 feet deep, two-stories high with basement Kitchen. The building is in good order and in a desirable location.

TERMS OF SALE.—The decree requires two hundred dollars to be paid in Cash on the day of sale, and the balance of the purchase money to be paid in two equal instalments in Six and Twelve months from the day of sale; the credit payments to bear interest from the day of sale, and to be secured by the notes of the purchaser with security, to be approved by the Trustee.

☞Cost of conveyancing to be paid by purchaser.

The purchaser will be entitled to receive the rent falling due subsequent to June 25th, 1874, and to full possession March 25th, 1875.

JAMES BLACK GROOME, Trustee.

June 6, 1874—ts.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of power contained in two mortgages from Joseph G. Johnson and wife to The North East Building and Loan Association, the one dated March 13th, 1869, and recorded in Liber D. S., No. 1, folio 547, and the other dated January 9th, 1871, and recorded in Liber D. S., No. 5, folio 411, Land Record Books of Cecil county, Maryland, The North East Building and Loan Association will offer at Public Sale, on

Thursday, July 30th, 1874,

at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Store of Thomas & Anderson, in North East, Cecil county aforesaid, all that

Lot, Piece or Parcel of Land,

mentioned in said mortgage, and containing

3 Acres, 3 Roods & 17 Sq. Perches,

more or less, and which was conveyed unto the said Joseph G. Johnson by Benjamin F. Johnson and wife, by their deed dated May 8th, 1869, and recorded in Liber D. S., No. 2, folio 256, &c., another of said Land Record Books of Cecil county aforesaid.

This property is situate on the road leading from North East to Bay View, about one mile from North East.

The improvements consist of a comfortable FRAME DWELLING, and other buildings.

TERMS CASH on day of sale.

Cost of Deed to be paid by purchaser.

The North East Building and Loan Association, Mortgagee.

REUBEN HAINES, Attorney.

June 27, 1874—ts

MORTGAGEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Under and by virtue of a power contained in a mortgage from Isaac Gray and wife to The North East Building and Loan Association, dated August 29th, 1871, and recorded in Liber D. S., No. 7, folio 327, &c., one of the Mortgage, &c., Record Books of Cecil county, the said The North East Building and Loan Association will offer at Public Sale, on

Thursday, July 30th, 1874,

at three o'clock P. M., at the Store of Thomas & Anderson, in North East, Cecil county,

ALL THAT REAL ESTATE

described in said mortgage deed, containing

114 ACRES OF LAND,

be the same more or less, and which was conveyed unto the said Isaac Gray by Samuel Harkness and wife, by deed dated March 1st, 1869, and recorded in Liber D. S., No. 2, folio 103, &c., one of the Land Record Books of Cecil county aforesaid.

The property is situate in the Third Election District, on the road leading from Bay View to Carter's Paper Mill, about 2 miles north of the Union Meeting House. The land is of excellent quality.

The improvements consist of a large two-storied STONE HOUSE, with Frame Kitchen attached; slate roof on main building; good Granary and Wagon-house and Stable. Apple Orchard in full bearing.

TERMS CASH on day of sale.

Cost of Deed to be paid by purchaser.

The North East Building and Loan Association, Mortgagee.

REUBEN HAINES, Attorney.

June 27, 1874—ts

MORTGAGEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of a power contained in a mortgage from Thomas Logan, (of Thomas,) to The North East Building and Loan Association, dated January 31, 1871, and recorded in Liber D. S., No. 5, folio 449, &c., one of the Mortgage, &c., Record Books of Cecil county aforesaid, the said The North East Building and Loan Association will offer at Public Sale, at the Store of Thomas & Anderson, in North East, Cecil county, Md., on

Thursday, July 30th, 1874,

AT 1 O'CLOCK P. M.,

All that REAL ESTATE

mentioned in said mortgage deed, situate, lying and being near the village of North East, and which was conveyed unto the said Thomas Logan by Francis Atkinson and wife, by deed dated September 13th, 1842, and recorded in Liber G. McC., No. 3, folio 105, &c., and by Abegail Mahoney, by deed dated August 9th, 1848, and recorded in Liber G. McC., No. 15, folio 265, &c., another of said Land Record Books of Cecil county aforesaid; excepting therefrom all that portion thereof conveyed by the said Thomas Logan to Robert G. Logan, by deed dated March 12th, 1857, and recorded in Liber H. H. M., No. 7, folio 548; also, all that other portion thereof conveyed unto the Board of School Commissioners of Cecil county by the said Thomas Logan, by deed dated November 25th, 18[illegible], and recorded in Liber D. S., No. 4, folio 198, &c., other Land Record Books of Cecil county, aforesaid. The residue containing

28 ACRES OF LAND,

be the same more or less.

The improvements consist of a small, but comfortable FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, and other outbuildings.

TERMS CASH on day of sale.

Costs of Deed to be paid by purchaser.

The North East Building and Loan Association, Mortgagee.

REUBEN HAINES, Attorney.

June 27, 1874—ts

Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe RAILROAD.

THREE MILLION ACRES

LANDS.

LIBERAL Terms to IMPROVERS.

11 Years' Credit, 7 per cent. Interest.

No part of the Principal payable for 4 Years

FINE GRAIN-GROWING REGION.

Tracts of one and two thousand acres available for Neighborhood Colonies, or for Stock Farms.

Excellent Climate, with Pure Flowing Water.

"I would say, that in the course of many years and through extensive travel, I have not seen a more inviting country, nor one which offers greater inducements, with fewer objections to settlement, than these lands of the A. T. & S. F. R. R."—*Extract Report of Henry Stewart, Agricultural Editor American Agriculturist.*

For full particulars, inquire of

A. E. TOUZALIN, Land Commissioner, TOPEKA, KAN.

Or, E. E. EWING, ELKTON, MD., Agent for A. T. & S. F. R. R.

mar 28, 1874—tf

P. J. SAUTER,

Bakery, Confectionery and Tea

STORE. ALSO,

Ice Cream Saloon & Soda Water Fountain,

June 13, 1874—6m PORT DEPOSIT, MD.

BALTIMORE.

F. E. MARINE,

General Commission Merchant,

45 WEST PRATT STREET,

FOR THE SALE OF

Flour, Grain,
Clover and Flax Seed,
Potatoes,
Lumber, Staves,
Sheep, Calves,
Eggs, Poultry,
Wool, Rags, Furs,
Dry Fruits, &c.

Persons having any of these articles, can have them well sold at the Highest Price in Baltimore, by forwarding them to the Commission House for Country Produce, of

F. E. MARINE, No. 45 W. PRATT STREET, BALTIMORE, MD.

BY CONSENT I REFER TO THE FOLLOWING CERTIFICATE:

Having known Mr. Fletcher E. Marine for many years past, we take please in stating that we know him to be a gentleman in whom the utmost confidence may be placed, in the transaction of business. He is prompt, attentive, obliging and reliable:—

Thomas Kelso, Esq., Director in 1st National Bank.
R. Cornelius, Cashier Farmers & Planters Nat. Bank.
Robert Turner, Director in Franklin Bank.
Mr. John Partridge, Elkton, Cecil county.
Mr. Wm. D. Alexander, Oxford, Chester county, Pa.
Mr. S. Rowland Carson, Port Deposit.
Ellis P. Passmore, Bay View, Cecil county.
G. Watson Gifford, Brick Meeting House, Cecil co.
Job Haines, Rising Sun, Cecil county.
J. C. Crothers, Zion, Cecil county.
Benjamin Gifford, Principio, Cecil county.
Samuel Foster, Woodlawn, Cecil county.
Mr. Amos Spencer, Havre de Grace, Md.

Jan 24, 1874—tf

The Cecil County COMMISSION HOUSE,

FOR THE SALE OF ALL KINDS OF

FARMERS' PRODUCE,

CORNER OF PRATT & MILL STREETS, AND

No. 25 W. Pratt Street, Baltimore.

The subscribers having established themselves in the Commission business in the city of Baltimore, wish to call the attention of their friends in Cecil county, and Farmers and Grain dealers generally to the fact that they can secure the

HIGHEST MARKET PRICES,

and receive prompt returns by sending to

BONSAL & CALDWELL

T. Vincent Bonsal, } No. 25 W. Pratt Street,
John W. Caldwell. } BALTIMORE, MD.

April 11, 1874—y

BUILDING MATERIAL.

NORTH EAST STEAM SAW MILLS,

Lumber and Coal Yard,

NORTH EAST, MD.

We, the undersigned, would respectfully call attention to our facilities for CUTTING

White Pine, Yellow Pine, Oak and Hemlock

BILL STUFF.

ALSO, OUR ASSORTMENT OF

Boards, Scantling, Joists and Pickets

stock in our yard, which we will sell at Reasonable Rates. We have also for sale several cargoes of

STOVE, EGG & NUT COAL

OF GOOD QUALITY.

☞SASH, DOORS and all kinds of Finishing Work furnished at Port Deposit prices.

DAVIS, PUGH & CO.

We have also on hand and for sale the NATIONAL BONE. [Sept 13, 1873—tf.

J. H. ROWLAND & CO.,

Lumber Dealers,

PORT DEPOSIT, MD.

Have a full and complete assortment OF

LUMBER,

CONSISTING IN PART OF

White Pine & Hemlock Lumber,
White Pine and Hemlock Pickets,
Cypress & White Pine Shingles,
Dressed Lumber, Flooring,
White Pine Siding, &c., &c.

Which they offer for sale at lowest market rates.

As we manufacture our Lumber at Williamsport, Pa., we can offer superior inducements to purchasers.

April 11, 1874—3m

DAVIS & KEYS,

STEAM PLANING MILL,

AND

Lumber Yard,

ELKTON, MD.,

OFFER SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS IN WHITE PINE, YELLOW PINE and HEMLOCK LUMBER, such as

BOARDS AND PLANK,
JOISTS, Scantling and Bill-Stuff,
SIDING, FLOORING,
Lath, Shingles, Pickets, &c.

We also keep on hand a well selected assortment of

DOORS, SASH,
BLINDS and SHUTTERS,

MADE OF THE BEST KILN-DRIED LUMBER, and warranted in point of workmanship equal to any in the market.

Estimates for Contracts made on application, and a comparison of prices invited.

April 25, 1874—tf DAVIS & KEYS.

J. M. ASH,

(SUCCESSOR TO A. S. MASON,)

BOOT and SHOE MAKER,

MAIN STREET,

Opposite National Bank, Elkton.

Repairing neatly & speedily done.

May 2, 1874—6m

DISSOLUTION.

The Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned in the Tining, Stove and Hardware business, in North East, Cecil county, Md., is by mutual consent of parties dissolved; and all persons indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment to I. N. BENJAMIN.

I. N. BENJAMIN.
JOSEPH PERKINS.

The aforesaid business will be continued in all its branches, by I. N. BENJAMIN.

June 20, 1874—4w

Wood Lawn Camp Meeting.

All persons wishing to Tent at the WOOD LAWN CAMP MEETING, which commences on the 18th of August next, and who want the Association to furnish them with Tents, will please make application to the Secretary, during the first ten days of July, to be certain of getting them. Rent of Tents as follows:

12 x 16, with floor, . . . $12 00
14 x 20, with floor, . . . 16 00

C. S. ABRAHAMS, Secretary, Wood Lawn P. O., Md.

June 27, 1874—3w

NOTICE.

The Trustees and Board of Managers of Wood Lawn Camp Meeting will please meet on the Ground, on Wednesday, July 1st, at 3 o'clock P. M.

C. S. ABRAHAMS, Secretary.

June 27, 1874—1w

THE MAMMOTH STORE.

LOCATED AT

RISING SUN, CECIL COUNTY, MD.

T. W. RITTENHOUSE, Proprietor.

(LATE OF AND SUCCESSOR TO RITTENHOUSE & HESTON.)

Largest Store House and Stock of Goods in the State of Maryland, outside of the City of Baltimore.

BARGAINS IN BLACK ALPACAS.
" CASSIMERES.
" LADIES', MISSES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES.
" GENTS' BOOTS AND SHOES.
" READY-MADE CLOTHING.
" CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.
" FURNITURE.
" EVERY DEPARTMENT.

We realize the fact that, in view of the scarcity of money, Goods must be sold low; and possessing special advantages, none are better prepared to do it. Under all circumstances, this, combined with fair dealing, is the only plan by which a successful business can be established and retained.

☞YOUR PATRONAGE SOLICITED.

Rising Sun, Md., April 1, 1874.

N. B.—We are selling the best White Sugar at 10 cents per lb.; the best Prints at 10 cents per yard.

April 11, 1874—tf

506.

The Cheapest House to buy the Largest Assortment of

HOUSEHOLD GOODS

IN WILMINGTON,

ADAMS & BROTHER'S

GREAT Variety STORE,

506 MARKET STREET.

☞CALL AND BE CONVINCED.☜

GOODS NEVER SO CHEAP BEFORE.

REMEMBER THE PLACE.

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS and Window Shades,
CROCKERY, GLASS ann TIN-WARE,
BOOTS and SHOES,
Looking Glasses, Clocks, Cutlery,
Toys, Masks and Fire-Works,

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES in great variety, at remarkably low rates.

ADAMS & BROTHER, 506 MARKET STREET, WILMINGTON, DEL.

April 25, 1874—tf

TO FARMERS.

COPE'S PHOSPHATE

Stands unrivaled in Paying Value to the Farmer as a Fertilizer of the soil and Crop Producer.

Over 2,000 Tons of this Manure were sold last year within a radius of 30 miles of the manufactory.

530 Tons were sold by the undersigned direct to farmers in this vicinity, in 1873, for the effects of which we refer with confidence to those who have the experimental knowledge acquired by its use.

It is sold under a Formula branded on each bag. The standard guaranteed under heavy penalty established by special law in Chester county, Pa., where it is manufactured.

☞Dealers supplied on application to the undersigned.

If your Agent does not keep it on hand, order it of us.

We also offer for sale

200 TONS PURE GROUND BONE, AT REDUCED PRICES.

We deal in no article of doubtful purity or value. When manufacturers of cheap Ground Bone refuse to admit farmers and dealers to their works it is conclusive evidence that something is "*rotten in Denmark.*" "A WORD TO THE WISE," etc.

We have reduced the Price of LIME at Rising Sun from 18 to 17 cents PER BUSHEL. "A PENNY SAVED."

Call on us when you want PLASTER CHEAPER than it has been sold for 10 years.

COAL, kept in the dry, constantly on hand.

A continued share of public patronage respectfully solicited and duly appreciated by

GEO. B. PASSMORE & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Salt, Seeds, Grain, Hay, Lime, Coal and Fertilizers,

RISING SUN, MD.

mar 28, 1874—tf

HARDWARE,

TIN-WARE AND STOVES.

JOEL S. EVANS. E. HAINES, JR.

EVANS & HAINES,

(SUCCESSORS TO J. A. KIRK,)

RISING SUN, MD.

Having recently purchased of J. A. KIRK his entire stock, we are now prepared to offer special inducements in the following articles:

Farmers' and Builders' Hardware,

STOVES,

Iron Springs, Axles, Bolts, Horse Shoes, Plow Castings,
OILS, PAINTS, VARNISHES, GLASS and PUTTY.

ALSO,

Manufacturers of TIN and SHEET-IRONWARE.

ROOFING, SPOUTING and REPAIRING

DONE IN THE BEST MANNER BY A SUPERIOR WORKMAN.

☞Parties contemplating building would do well to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Storekeepers will here find a FULL STOCK OF TIN-WARE at Very Low Rates.

Hoping to receive a liberal share of the public patronage, we are very respectfully,

EVANS & HAINES.

April 25, 1874—3m

P. S.—All persons indebted to J. A. KIRK will please settle immediately, either with him in person, or with Evans & Haines.